



MAYOR CLLR MZIMKHULU THEBOLLA



DEPUTY MAYOR
CLLR MXOLISI
MKHIZE



THE SPEAKER CLLR EUNICE NOMAGUGU MAJOLA

### VISION

"By 2040 Msunduzi will be a safe, vibrant, sustainable and smart metropolis."

### MISSION

"To ensure that the Municipality functions efficiently to deliver basic, social, economic and environmental services to build better Communities."



#### MAYOR CLLR MZIMKHULU THEBOLLA

## FOREWORD BY HIS WORSHIP THE MAYOR, CLLR MZIMKHULU THEBOLLA

The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa (section 152 and 153) outlines the objectives of local government, which are to:

- Provide democratic and accountable government for communities;
- Provide basic services in a sustainable manner;
- Promote socio-economic development;
- To give priority to the basic needs of communities; and
- Encourage the involvement of communities in matters of local government.

To this end, municipalities are required to plan and facilitate development in an integrated manner, ensuring that resources are utilised efficiently and effectively to alleviate poverty and inequality, provide basic services and promote sustainable development.

The Municipal Systems Act (MSA) outlines the objectives and procedures for integrated planning for municipalities. Section 23 (1) of the Act states that every municipality must undertake developmentally-orientated planning so as to ensure that it -

- Strives to achieve the objects of local government set out in Section 152 of the Constitution;
- Gives effect to its developmental duties as required by Section 153 of the Constitution; and
- Together with other organs of state contributes to the progressive realisation of the fundamental rights contained in Sections 24, 25, 26, 27 and 29 of the Constitution.

Inevitably, the new approach to local government has to be developmental and aim to overcome the poor planning of the past, therefore Integrated Development Planning (IDP) has been introduced to ensure sustainable service delivery, to promote social and economic development and a safe and healthy environment, to give priority to the basic needs of communities, and to encourage community participation. The 1998 White Paper on Local Government recognized the IDP as a key tool of developmental local government and associated the IDP to a broader package of instruments, which include performance management tool.

The municipality is unequivocally engaged in developing incentives underpinning local economic growth and development. The municipality recognizes all developments that are being undertaken by national and provincial government within the city and welcomes more as it generates job opportunities for the citizens and yields great results for economic development. These developments underpin our local economic growth through generated job opportunities and N3 development is one of the huge developments taking place within the city.

In line with the municipal vision of creating a Safe, vibrant, sustainable and smart metropolis the Duzi Canoe Marathon, Comrades Marathon, Amashova Cycle Race and many calendar other events will ensure the tourism sector remains vibrant throughout the year. We embarked on intensive marketing of the City to reinstall investor confidence in our City of Choice while supporting our rural and township tourism organisation in addition to working on improving our roads and connectivity.

As stipulated on section 131 of Municipal Finance Management Act 56 of 2003, a corrective audit action plan has been developed to address the matters of concern as raised by the Auditor General which included electricity and water losses, unauthorized, irregular as well as fruitless and wasteful expenditure. The audit action plan includes the root causes, planned corrective measures to address the findings, target dates/timeframes and progress to date. In ensuring compliance with the aforementioned subsection of the MFMA, the Mayor of Msunduzi is fully invested in ensuring constant compliance.



In line with section 131 of MFMA, a corrective audit action plan has been developed to address the matters of concern as raised by the Auditor General which included electricity and water losses, unauthorized, irregular as well as fruitless and wasteful expenditure. The audit action plan includes the root causes, planned corrective measures to address the findings, target dates/timeframes and progress to date.

One way of ensuring that we accomplish our goals and objectives is to ensure that those entrusted to manage and work in the municipality are capacitated with necessary skills and expertise to do work in their respective departments. Through coherent efforts, the municipality is looking forward to transforming the city to get it back to its attractive nature and with assistance from different government departments serving the common goal, our city will prosper.



#### FOREWORD BY THE CITY MANAGER 2024/2025

According to Section 34 (a) of the Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000, An integrated development plan adopted by the council of a municipality is the principal strategic planning instrument which guides and informs all planning and development, and all decisions with regards to planning, management and development, in the municipality. In collaboration with key stakeholders including the community, Amakhosi (Traditional Leaders), Safe City and other spheres of government has led to the consistent development of this Integrated Development Plan.

The Municipality adopted the 2024-2025 IDP/Budget and OPMS process plan on the 30th of August 2023, the key deadlines in the process plan were achieved within the prescribed time lines. As per the process plan, the Draft 2024-2025 IDP review was adopted by council on the 27th of March 2024 and was advertised for public comments for a period of 21 days. The municipality also facilitated the IDP/Budget Mayoral Izimbizo during the month of April and May 2024 in all the municipal zones. The second round will be facilitated in October due to the elections taking place during the course of the FY. Nonetheless, the municipality complies with section 152 of the South African Government, which outlines the objectives of Local government.

The municipality received the MEC assessment outcomes for the 2023-2024 IDP beginning of January 2024, the municipality improved to 82.6% credibility score from 81.4% the in the previous financial year. The municipality established an IDP working group to address all the MEC comments, business units are reviewing sector plans in line with the recommendation of the MEC letter. Moreover, there is also the IDP/budget Steering committee that is functional and meets regularly to ensure IDP compliance. In ensuring the interaction between the municipality and various stakeholders, the IDP Unit convenes a functional forum that has good attendance from sector departments and stakeholders. The 2024-2025 IDP is the second review of the fifth generation streamlined to align to the COGTA assessment template and it is structured as per the COGTA guideline template, which has the following sections:

- Section: A-Chapter 1: Executive Summary
- Section: B-Chapter2: Planning and Development Principals (Government Policies and Imperatives)
- Section: C-Chapter 3: Situational Analysis,
- Section: D-Chapter4: The IDP Strategic Approach,
- Section: E-Chapter 5: Implementation Plan
- Section: F-Chapter 6: Financial Plan
- Section: G-Chapter7: Organizational and Individual Performance Management Systems
- Section: H-Chapter 8: Annexures

The vision of the city is to create a safe, vibrant, sustainable and smart metropolis and the municipality in all does aim to achieve this vision by 2040. The city has a number of plans that will assist in achieving the vision, the planning and implementation is around strengthening the functioning of the urban core to ensure that we service more people in a sustainable



manner. The project pipeline will ensure that the city sustains the impartial spatial planning and ensures inclusive economic growth. The Msunduzi Municipality has been strengthening relations with businesses through 8 A-side and Pietermaritzburg and Midlands Chamber of Business (PMCB) meetings, these have been used to discuss how businesses can assist in expanding industrial development and establish an agroprocessing precinct. We strive to attract a considerable number of lucrative investors to ensure economic growth and development.

In his State of the Nation address, the President highlighted the tremendous effects of climate change, which affected the KwaZulu-Natal province. The Msunduzi Municipality also experienced devastating and destructive floods, which claimed lives of individuals and left people speechless. Nonetheless, he mentioned Youth Employment Programmes, which cascades down to the collaboration between COGTA, EDTEA and Msunduzi Municipal in the provision of opportunities for unemployed youth through internships. The President also mentioned the bulk water projects taking place across the country wherein the municipality is also undertaking a number of projects in installation of boreholes.

In her State Of the Province Address, the Premier quoted the provision of decent housing and housing opportunities which relates to our municipality wherein there are number of housing projects taking place within the municipality like Jika Joe housing development with affordable rental, which she also quoted. In terms of decency, the municipality provides proper service delivery to these developments. Concerning the mass employment creation, honourable Premier highlighted a number of opportunities created and accessed on centralized government e-recruitment programme. The municipality continues to host interns from different government departments and various sector departments to create sustainable and meaningful jobs.

The Municipality has worked and is working tirelessly to overcome the numerous challenges ranging from basic service delivery, consequence management to revenue collection. Nonetheless, the municipality is diligent concerning the deployment of law enforcers concerning revenue collection within and out of the CBD. Operation Qoqama Million is consistently continuing to ensure the collection of revenue. There are a number of interventions that the municipality is continuing to employ in order to address these challenges. The municipality has trained presiding officers and prosecutors in order to deal with outstanding internal disciplinary hearings. Moreover, the municipality is currently implementing an Electricity Maintenance Plan in order to address ageing electricity infrastructure. Severe water and electricity losses across most of the municipal wards has been spotted and the relevant BU is in the process of curbing these losses.

Additionally, the municipality is implementing a Roads Maintenance Programme in order to address potholes and other road related issues. Over and above that, Msunduzi Municipality is currently working with various government departments, both at national and provincial level and with various government agencies in order to restore the city to its former glory. The Municipality has been an active participant in the UMgungundlovu District Development Model (DDM) and the district one plan has been incorporated in the 2024-2025 IDP review. The DDM is used to strengthen the Intergovernmental Relations that are already in place and crystallise our long-term plans.

The municipality was awarded with a blue drop certificate in our water supply system by the Minister of Water and Sanitation, Senzo Mchunu, during the release of the 2023 national blue drop report, the municipality obtained an overall score of 97,94%. The municipality is also working closely with uMngeni-uThukela, as well as the Water and Sanitation Department to ensure our water is consistently tested and evaluated.



As the Municipal Manager, I have been assigned the duty to bring about the much-needed change in the City, which includes service delivery and a clean audit. In the efforts to reduce reliance on consultants, Msunduzi Municipality has prioritized the recruitment of critical posts. In the 2023-2024 financial year, the municipality employed a number of skilled personnel, thus improving human resources and making the institution more effective.

Furthermore, the Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) is a short-term intervention that the city seeks to improve in order to address the socio-economic challenges of the city.

The municipality has approved a new organogram on the 30<sup>th</sup> of June 2023 and the analysis shows that there is a high vacancy rate; however, the correct measures are in place to ensure that recruitment processes are not unnecessarily delayed. Staff discipline and consequence management is now being monitored through the Office of the Municipal Manager. In implementation of the turnaround plans, under section 139 of the South African constitution, the provincial executive deployed the ministerial representatives to fulfil its obligation in terms of legislation.

Performance Management is currently developing a PMS Turnaround Strategy with assistance from the 2023/24 MEC comments outcome. In terms of records management the prototype of the digitization of meeting management functionality has been developed and is being piloted. The organization wide electronic document and record management system is still at a concept phase and the implementation plan will be developed as the initial stage in the project lifecycle. The delegations are currently under review. The municipality is on the second position amongst the top performing WSA in KZN. Provincial COGTA has acknowledged the substantial improvement and the municipality will continue to work tirelessly to keep the city clean, safe and secure towards achieving its vision and objectives. We strive to deliver impartial services to our fellow citizens.

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#### List of Abbreviations:

COGTA - Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs

IDP - Integrated Development Plan

SDBIP - Service delivery and Budget implementation Plan
IPMS - Individual Performance Management System

PMS - Performance Management System

DFA - Development Facilitation Act

NSDP - National Spatial Development Perspective

SPLUMA - Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act (16 of 2013)
KZN PGDS - KwaZulu Natal Provincial Growth and Development Strategy

NDP - National Development Plan

PICC - Presidential Infrastructure Coordinating Committee

SIP - Strategic Integrated Project

MTREF - Medium Term Revenue and Expenditure Framework SWOT - Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats

KZN - KwaZulu-Natal

MIF - Municipal Infrastructure Investment Framework

WSP - Work Place Skills Plan

IWP - Integrated Waste Management PlanCITC - Comprehensive Integrated Transport Plan

RAMP - Road Asset Management Plan

IRPTN - Integrated Rapid Public Transport Network

LTFP - Long Term Financial Plan

SDF - Spacial Development Framework

CBP - Community Based Planning

ELRA - Edendale Private Land Owners and Rate Payers Association

LED - Local Economic Development

MISA - Municipal Infrastructure Support Agency

BTB - Back to Basics

IUDF - Integrated Urban Development Framework

SDG - Sustainable Development Goals

AQA - Air Quality Act

AQMP - Air Quality Management Act

DDM - District Delivery Model



### SECTION A-CHAPTER 1: EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

#### A.1 INTRODUCTION

As the second largest metropolitan complex in the province, it's ever-present possibility of reaching Metropolitan Status and a shift toward City Development. The geographic location of Msunduzi municipality allows it the opportunity of becoming well connected in the global economy due to the access it has to the N3 highway leading to major harbours and airports. The surrounding municipalities and towns access various connectivity and growth opportunities through Msunduzi, across various sectors such as tourism, logistics, retail, manufacturing and agriculture. As such it is essential for physical connectivity to be further improved to stimulate these economic linkages.

Msunduzi is located within the UMgungundlovu district as it is boarded by Mshwathi municipality on the northern boundary, Mkhambathini on the eastern boundary, Richmond municipality on the southern boundary and Impendle and Umgeni on the western boundaries. Msunduzi is the economic power house of the district and has a huge potential for agri-processing since the district is dominated by agriculture. The location along provincial and national routes also supports this proposal. The N3 also forms part of Strategic Integrated Projects (SIPs) namely SIP2 (Durban Free State-Gauteng logistics Industrial Corridor). Positioning Pietermaritzburg as a strategic location in terms of infrastructure nationally amongst other major cities. The City of Pietermaritzburg forms part of Multi-Sectoral Nodes as identified by the PSEDS contributing to the province's economy as a major employer amongst eThekwini and Richards Bay. The area of Msunduzi experiences high rates of in-migration as it comprises of pull factors such as employment opportunities, with many people migrating into the city at high rates on a daily basis searching for better opportunities.

Msunduzi Municipality is part of uMgungundlovu DDM and as the biggest economy within the district, Msunduzi Municipality has a significant role to play in developing uMgungundlovu One Plan. As the KZN Capital City, Msunduzi Municipality's population is 63% of the district and is growing on daily basis due to migration of people from the neighbouring municipalities and from other provinces, and this requires additional resources in order to provide effective and efficient services to the people of Msunduzi

#### A.2 WHO ARE WE

Capturing fundamental statistical data linked to the Msunduzi municipality permits the municipality to monitor various developments in key areas that influence the social and economic life of everyone who lives within the Msunduzi. These key statics drawn from StatsSA Census (2001, 2011 & 2022), and community survey (2016) include demographic profile, education level, age profile, employment profile and household income profile of people residing in the municipality. Knowledge of these key areas in turn enhances the municipality's ability to make service delivery decisions that aid in achieving greater social and economic development of the municipality. This was StatsSA first digital census with a multi-mode options of data collection including Face to face (CAPI), Telephonic (CATI), or Web-based (CAWI).

The overview of the demographic profile of the municipality indicates that the population of Msunduzi has been on an incline, having risen from 552 801 people in 2001 to 618 536 people in 2011 to 682 000 people in 2016. This rise puts greater pressure on the service delivery priorities of the municipality, which includes the provision of adequate housing. In correlation with the increase of population the number of households and household density has also increased. The number of households has increased from 135 311 households in 2001 to 164 625 households in 2011 to 181 584 households in 2016, while household density has risen from 213hh/km2 in 2001 to 260hh/km2 in 2011 to 286hh/km2 in 2016. This is a positive indication that the municipality continues towards the aim of providing adequate households for all its citizens in line with its growing population.

Msunduzi local municipality, annual growth rate was 2, 7% from 2011 to 2022. The overview of the demographic profile of the municipality indicates that the population of Msunduzi has been on an incline, having risen from 552 801 people in 2001, to 618 536 people in 2011 to 682 000 people in 2016 and 817 725 people in 2022. This rise puts greater pressure on the service delivery.

priorities of the municipality, which includes the provision of adequate housing. In correlation with the increase of population the number of households and household density has also increased. The number of households has increased from 135 311 households in 2001 to 164 625 households in 2011 to 181 584 households in 2016 and to 213 727 households in 2022. This is a positive indication that the municipality continues towards the aim of providing adequate households for all its citizens in line with its growing population. According to the municipalities educational level statistics, education attainment levels have risen immensely over the past 16 years, especially in the attainment of grade 12 qualifications which increased from 12.1% of the population in 2001 to 39.0% of the population in 2016, and to 43.2% in 2022, however in the attainment of higher qualifications which increased from 6.4% of the population in 2011 to 14.7% of the population in 2016 but decreased in 2022 to 14.6%. In a municipality with 69.7% of its population being of working age in the year 2022, the increase in these areas of educational attainment improves access to employment opportunities and helps sustain an accelerated overall development for the majority of the population.



The municipality's household income profile statistics present that, the majority of Msunduzi households are low income households accounting for 50% of the total number of households. The household income profile statistics also indicate that the living conditions and economic circumstances of households in the municipality are improving. This is positive indication that poverty levels in the municipality are gradually reducing. The following table summarises key municipal statistics.

TABLE 1: MUNICIPAL KEY STATISTICS

| TABLE 1. MUNICIPAL RET 3 |   | 2001    | 2011    | Avg.   | 2016    | 2022    |
|--------------------------|---|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|
| Category                 |   |         |         | Growth |         |         |
| Demographic Profile      | Population  | 552 801 | 618 536 | 1,1%   | 682 000 | 817 725 |
|                          | Household   | 135 311 | 164 625 | 2,0%   | 181 584 | 213 727 |
|                          | Average Household Size                                | 4,1     | 3,8     | -0,8%  | 4       | 3,8     |
|                          | Household Density (hh/km2)                            | 213     | 260     | 2,0%   | 286     |         |
| Education Level          | No Schooling  | 5,3%    | 2,7%    | -5,1%  | 3,8%    | 4,0%    |
|                          | Primary School  | 10,6%   | 7,2%    | -2,7%  | 11,3%   |         |
|                          | Some Secondary  | 17,5%   | 16,6%   | 1,0%   | 31,2%   |         |
|                          | Grade 12  | 12,1%   | 17,0%   | 5,0%   | 39.0    | 43,2%   |
|                          | Higher  | 4,5%    | 6,4%    | 5,1%   | 14,7%   | 14,6%   |
| Age Profile              | Youth   | 29,2%   | 26,6%   | 0,2%   | 25,4%   |         |
|                          | Working Age   | 66,0%   | 68,4%   | 1,7%   | 69,5%   | 69,7%   |
|                          | Elderly   | 4,8%    | 5,0%    | 2,0%   | 5,1%    | 6,8%    |
| Employment Profile       | Employed  | 51,8%   | 60,6%   | 2,7%   | 65,8%   |         |
|                          | Unemployed  | 48,2%   | 39,4%   | -3,8%  | 34,2%   |         |
| Household Income Profile | No Income   | 21,1%   | 15,8%   | -0,9%  | 12,1%   |         |
|                          | Low Income  | 53,8%   | 44,2%   | -0,8%  | 37,6%   |         |
|                          | Low / Middle Income                                   | 19,2%   | 22,8%   | 3,8%   | 22,1%   |         |
|                          | Middle / High Income                                  | 5,2%    | 14,7%   | 15,5%  | 23,7%   |         |
|                          | High Income   | 0,7%    | 2,5%    | 13,5%  | 4,5%    |         |
|                          |   |         |         |        |         |         |
|                          | Flush Toilet Connected to sewerage                    |         | 51,4%   |        |         | 63,0%   |
|                          | Weekly Refuse Removal                                 |         | 53,1%   |        |         | 57,0%   |
|                          | Piped Water on Site (Inside dwelling and in the yard) |         | 86,3%   |        |         | 91,3%   |
|                          | Electricity for Lighting                              |         | 91,8%   |        |         | 98,0%   |
|                          |   |         |         |        |         |         |
|                          |   |         |         |        |         |         |

Census (2001 & 2011), Community Survey (2016) and Urban-Econ (2017)

### A.2.1 SPATIAL PLANNING A.2.2

In 2021 Msunduzi Trade was as follows: Exports R12,5 billion (88% of total district exports), Imports R9,9 billion (93% of total district imports), Msunduzi net exports of R2,6bn in 2021 - trade surplus. The Top Exported Sectors include: Metal products, machinery and household appliances R8bn, Wood and wood products R1.45bn, Food, beverages and tobacco products R1.07bn, Fuel, petroleum, chemical and rubber products R976m. Top Imported Sectors include: Food, beverages and tobacco products R5bn, Metal products, machinery and household appliances R1.96bn, Fuel, petroleum, chemical and rubber products R1.4bn

As depicted by the table below in 2021, the Msunduzi Local Municipality achieved an annual growth rate of 4.6% which is a slightly y higher GDP growth rate than the District Municipality at 4.1%. This after the Msunduzi contracted sharply in 2020 with a growth rate of -5.4%. The Msunduzi is projected to grow at 2,1% for 2022 and 1.5% for 2024. The Municipal SDF furthermore provides guidance for decision making in terms of the Single Land Use Scheme for Msunduzi Municipality. It is important to note that a SDF does not provide or remove land use rights, but rather guides decisions associated with the management of such rights. When deciding on an application, the Municipal Planning Tribunal, or any other authority required or mandated to make a land development decision, must do so in a way that is consistent with the SDF.



#### A.2.3 THE ENVIRONMENT

An analysis of the biophysical environment emphasises the importance of natural resources to economic and social well-being and to development in the Msunduzi Municipality, as it provides for the basic needs of the Municipality's residents and of those in the broader context. Currently, 46.3% of the land in the Msunduzi Municipality is classified as natural open space, which includes critical biodiversity areas (CBAs), ecological support areas (ESAs), critical linkages, high agricultural potential land, threatened eco-systems, and protected areas. The SDF should aim to support areas classified as irreplaceable and optimal CBAs to ensure that the area is maintained in its natural state, with no or limited biodiversity loss. In addition to this, ESAs are required to support and sustain the ecological functioning of CBAs. For terrestrial and aquatic environments, these areas are functional but not necessarily pristine natural areas. They are required, however, to ensure the persistence and maintenance of biodiversity patterns and ecological processes in the CBAs and contribute significantly to the maintenance of ecological infrastructure. In total, the critical natural open spaces requiring preservation measure 28,881 ha or 38.45% of the total area of the municipality. More specifically:

- Significant stretches along the uMsunduzi and Richmond local municipal boundaries, as well as along the south-western parts of the Msunduzi Municipality, are earmarked as CBAs, as shown in Figure 6.
- The Msunduzi river and its tributaries play a critical role within the region. Whilst the entire river system should be preserved from an ecological standpoint, particular attention will be given to the ESA and CBA in the eastern part of the Municipality that runs along the Msunduzi river and the Mkhondeni Spruit.
- In terms of CBAs, ESAs, and critical linkages for landscape corridors, it is clear that Ward 39 contributes significantly to the functioning of the biophysical environment.

Within the municipal area, the areas that have been identified as requiring protection and continuous intervention have been grouped into three broad areas:

- The first is the nature reserve and protected area located in Ward 39 near Newadi (south-western boundary of the municipality). This area forms part of a larger nature reserve located in the Impendle Municipality.
- Along the southern municipal boundary (Wards 6, 7 and 11) is an area earmarked as bird species (ESA). This also forms part of a larger ESA located in the Richmond Municipality.
- The largest component of protected areas is located in and around Pietermaritzburg (the western parts of the CBD / Ashburton / Eastern Areas ABM), stretching along the N3.

#### A.2.4 POPULATION

In order to develop credible population and household projections it is important to review existing information together with past and current trends at a provincial, district and local level. Furthermore, the ABM areas have different social and economic compositions. These factors play a role in determining the future population growth in the designated ABM areas. A review of the anticipated growth rates for the next 5 years, 2022 - 2027 is provided below.

The basis of these projections is derived from the historical population growth rates experienced in the municipality between the 2001 and 2011 Census, which is estimated to be approximately 1.1%. This was higher than both provincial and district average which have been below 1%. In calculating the growth rate, each wards rate of growth was calculated and applied over the period and the summation of this is reflected in Table 8. An indication of the medium and high growth rate is also reflected below, but these scenarios are unlikely to be reached in the short term, given that the current growth rate continues to hold around 1%.

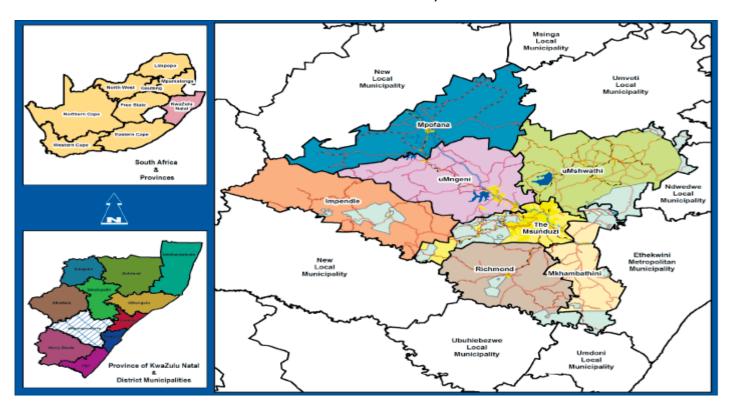
| Year | Low population Growth 1.1 | Medium Growth Rate 2.2% | High Growth Rate 3.3 % |
|------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| 2022 | 710,737                   | 785,822                 | 853,605                |
| 2024 | 718,697                   | 803,111                 | 879,215                |
| 2024 | 726,746                   | 820,779                 | 905,589                |
| 2025 | 734,886                   | 838,836                 | 932,757                |
| 2026 | 742,924                   | 852,526                 | 950,210                |



#### A.2.4.1 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION

This population growth is anticipated to be distributed throughout The Msunduzi, consideration of the rate of change of individual wards has been used to identify the changes across the four ABM areas of the Municipality. Greater Edendale and Imbali, while already very densely settled, will continue to attract new settlement as a result of the low barriers to entry for lower income households. Similarly, Vulindlela, is anticipated to experience higher growth as location preference for inward migration.

MAP 1: LOCALITY MAP: MSUNDUZI IN RELATION TO THE DISTRICT, PROVINCE AND NATIONAL.



#### A.2.5 THE ECONOMY

In 2021 Msunduzi Trade was as follows: Exports R12,5 billion (88% of total district exports), Imports R9,9 billion (93% of total district imports), Msunduzi net exports of R2,6bn in 2021 - trade surplus. The Top Exported Sectors include: Metal products, machinery and household appliances R8bn, Wood and wood products R1.45bn, Food, beverages and tobacco products R1.07bn, Fuel, petroleum, chemical and rubber products R976m. Top Imported Sectors include: Food, beverages and tobacco products R5bn, Metal products, machinery and household appliances R1.96bn, Fuel, petroleum, chemical and rubber products R1.4bn

As depicted by the table below in 2021, the Msunduzi Local Municipality achieved an annual growth rate of 4.6% which is a slightly y higher GDP growth rate than the District Municipality at 4.1%. This after the Msunduzi contracted sharply in 2020 with a growth rate of -5.4%. The Msunduzi is projected to grow at 2,1% for 2022 and 1.5% for 2024.

TABLE 2: GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) - MSUNDUZI, UMGUNGUNDLOVU, KWAZULU-NATAL AND NATIONAL TOTAL, 2024

|               |      | GDP-R Anı | GDP-R Annual Growth<br>Forecast |       |      |      |      |
|---------------|------|-----------|---------------------------------|-------|------|------|------|
|               | 2017 | 2018      | 2019                            | 2020  | 2021 | 2022 | 2024 |
| uMgungundlovu | 2.8% | 2.0%      | 0.7%                            | -5.4% | 4.1% | 1.7% | 1.3% |
| uMshwathi     | 6.1% | 2.4%      | 0.2%                            | -3.4% | 3.8% | 0.1% | 0.7% |
| uMngeni       | 3.3% | 1.9%      | 0.0%                            | -8.2% | 2.3% | 1.1% | 0.6% |
| Mpofana       | 9.5% | 2.5%      | 0.2%                            | -1.1% | 4.0% | 0.1% | 0.6% |
| Impendle      | 8.1% | 2.6%      | 0.7%                            | -2.4% | 4.4% | 0.0% | 0.8% |



|              |      | GDP-R An | GDP-R Annual Growth<br>Forecast |       |      |      |      |
|--------------|------|----------|---------------------------------|-------|------|------|------|
|              | 2017 | 2018     | 2022                            | 2024  |      |      |      |
| Msunduzi     | 1.8% | 1.9%     | 0.9%                            | -5.4% | 4.6% | 2.1% | 1.5% |
| Mkhambathini | 3.1% | 1.9%     | 0.5%                            | -4.9% | 3.8% | 1.8% | 1.4% |
| Richmond     | 5.7% | 2.2%     | 0.3%                            | -3.5% | 4.1% | 0.4% | 0.5% |

Source: KZN Treasury (2022)

The table below illustrates Gross Domestic Product contribution across 9 (nine) economic sectors for the second quarter of 2022. Sectors that contracted the most for Msunduzi are agriculture and manufacturing and Mining at 11.6%. The Transport and fiancé sector demonstrated resilience showing growth rate of 10,6 % and 9,6 % respectively. This is a worry factor since manufacturing and agriculture are the key sectors which are supposed to generate employment. The overall GDP contacted by 2,6% for the second quarter of 2022.

TABLE 3: REGIONAL GDP CONTRIBUTION BY ECONOMIC SECTORS - 2022 Q2

|               | Agriculture | Mining | Manufacturing | Electricity | Construction | Trade | Transport | Finance | Community<br>Service | GDP-R Growth |
|---------------|-------------|--------|---------------|-------------|--------------|-------|-----------|---------|----------------------|--------------|
| uMgungundlovu | -28.3%      | -12.6  | -21.4%        | -4.3%       | -9.0%        | -5.8% | 10.3%     | 9.4%    | -1.3%                | -4.7%        |
| uMshwathi     | -28.6%      | -20.3  | -22.2%        | -4.7%       | -9.7%        | -6.5% | 9.3%      | 8.5%    | -2.1%                | -12.8%       |
| uMngeni       | -28.6%      | -13.7  | -22.1%        | -5.2%       | -9.7%        | -6.5% | 9.3%      | 8.9%    | -2.0%                | -6.5%        |
| Mpofana       | -28.6%      | -13.7  | -22.0%        | -5.0%       | -9.5%        | -6.4% | 9.4%      | 8.7%    | -1.9%                | -13.5%       |
| Impendle      | -28.4%      | -15.6  | -21.9%        | -4.6%       | -9.5%        | -6.3% | 9.6%      | 8.9%    | -2.0%                | -13.3%       |
| Msunduzi      | -27.8%      | -77.6% | -21.1%        | -4.2%       | -8.7%        | -5.5% | 10.6%     | 9.6%    | -1.1%                | -2.6%        |
| Mkhambathini  | -28.0%      | -12.7% | -21.4%        | -4.3%       | -8.9%        | -5.7% | 10.3%     | 9.5%    | -1.3%                | -5.6%        |
| Richmond      | -28.5%      | -13.9% | -21.9%        | -4.5%       | -9.6%        | -6.5% | 9.4%      | 8.8%    | -2.2%                | -10.2%       |

As can be seen in the figure below employment both in the province and umgungundlovu district decreased however the employment levels in the district decreased by 3.5 % between 201 and 2021. The sectors which lost most jobs in the district manufacturing trade, finance, community services and households. Between 2020 and 2021, the biggest increase in unemployment was seen, mostly driven by impacts from the COVID pandemic as well as social unrest experienced in 2021.

TABLE 4: TOTAL EMPLOYMENT BY ECONOMIC SECTORS - 2017 & 2021

|                    |           | KwaZulu-Nata | al                                 | uMgungundlovu |         |                                    |  |  |
|--------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|---------------|---------|------------------------------------|--|--|
|                    | 2017      | 2021         | Average<br>Growth<br>(2017 - 2021) | 2017          | 2021    | Average<br>Growth<br>(2017 - 2021) |  |  |
| Agriculture        | 136 002   | 128 309      | -1.4%                              | 26 016        | 24 119  | -1.9%                              |  |  |
| Mining             | 13 100    | 12 153       | -1.9%                              | 783           | 793     | 0.3%                               |  |  |
| Manufacturing      | 316 571   | 269 204      | -4.0%                              | 34 305        | 26 641  | -6.1%                              |  |  |
| Electricity        | 8 447     | 5 920        | -8.5%                              | 1 218         | 810     | -9.7%                              |  |  |
| Construction       | 201 133   | 195 344      | -0.7%                              | 20 877        | 19 032  | -2.3%                              |  |  |
| Trade              | 570 976   | 568 918      | -0.1%                              | 60 369        | 55 494  | -2.1%                              |  |  |
| Transport          | 157 747   | 151 501      | -1.0%                              | 14 543        | 12 999  | -2.8%                              |  |  |
| Finance            | 377 576   | 363 547      | -0.9%                              | 40 615        | 35 714  | -3.2%                              |  |  |
| Community Services | 627 937   | 562 620      | -2.7%                              | 83 515        | 70 811  | -4.0%                              |  |  |
| Households         | 239 607   | 212 639      | -2.9%                              | 30 935        | 25 377  | -4.8%                              |  |  |
| Total              | 2 649 097 | 2 470 153    | -1.7%                              | 313 175       | 271 790 | -3.5%                              |  |  |

Source: IHS Markit, 2022



When we analysis individual municipality's within the district across the same period we can see that a significant number of the employed people are in Msunduzi 178 996 followed uMgeni which has 30 860 employed. There has been a general decline in terms of the number of people employed across all municipality's. It is work noting that Mkhambathini makes higher percentage of UMDM employment in 2021 than in 2017.

TABLE 5: TOTAL EMPLOYMENT LEVEL 2011 - 2021

|              | 2017    |        | 20      | 18     | 20      | 19     | 202     | 020 202 |         | 21     |
|--------------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
|              | Number  | Share  | Number  | Share  | Number  | Share  | Number  | Share   | Number  | Share  |
| uMgungund-   | 313 175 | 100.0% | 317 686 | 100.0% | 321 410 | 100.0% | 295 569 | 100.0%  | 271 790 | 100.0% |
| lovu         |         |        |         |        |         |        |         |         |         |        |
| uMshwathi    | 26 594  | 8.5%   | 26 947  | 8.5%   | 27 345  | 8.5%   | 24 774  | 8.4%    | 22 776  | 8.4%   |
| uMngeni      | 35 219  | 11.2%  | 35 778  | 11.3%  | 36 227  | 11.3%  | 33 447  | 11.3%   | 30 860  | 11.4%  |
| Mpofana      | 12 225  | 3.9%   | 12 390  | 3.9%   | 12 555  | 3.9%   | 11 373  | 3.8%    | 10 373  | 3.8%   |
| Impendle     | 3 914   | 1.2%   | 3 962   | 1.2%   | 4 032   | 1.3%   | 3 562   | 1.2%    | 3 216   | 1.2%   |
| Msunduzi     | 206 071 | 65.8%  | 209 099 | 65.8%  | 211 335 | 65.8%  | 194 814 | 65.9%   | 178 998 | 65.9%  |
| Mkhambathini | 12 233  | 3.9%   | 12 398  | 3.9%   | 12 551  | 3.9%   | 11 781  | 4.0%    | 11 096  | 4.1%   |
| Richmond     | 16 919  | 5.4%   | 17 113  | 5.4%   | 17 365  | 5.4%   | 15 818  | 5.4%    | 14 471  | 5.3%   |

#### UNEMPLOYMENT

The table below depicts the unemployment figures per municipality within Umgungundlovu district municipality, this for period 2017 to 2021 and looks at both the Official definition and explained definition. As can be seen that unemployment is highest in impendle municipality and Richmond municipality for the 2021 when looking at the expanded definition.

TABLE 6: UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (OFFICIAL AND EXPANDED DEFINITION) 2017 - 2021

|               | Unemployment Rate - Official Definition |       |       |       | Unemployment Rate - Expanded Definition |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|---|-------|-------|-------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|               | 2017                                    | 2018  | 2019  | 2020  | 2021                                    | 2017  | 2018  | 2019  | 2020  | 2021  |
| uMgungundlovu | 23.1%                                   | 23.1% | 24.5% | 27.8% | 33.3%                                   | 34.6% | 35.9% | 36.8% | 40.2% | 46.6% |
| uMshwathi     | 20.3%                                   | 20.4% | 21.5% | 25.0% | 30.4%                                   | 32.4% | 33.7% | 34.4% | 38.0% | 44.6% |
| uMngeni       | 17.6%                                   | 17.6% | 18.8% | 22.3% | 27.4%                                   | 25.4% | 26.4% | 27.4% | 31.1% | 37.4% |
| Mpofana       | 20.6%                                   | 20.4% | 21.5% | 25.5% | 30.9%                                   | 32.8% | 33.8% | 346%  | 38.4% | 45.2% |
| Impendle      | 30.0%                                   | 31.8% | 33.1% | 38.0% | 44.5%                                   | 58.4% | 60.1% | 60.2% | 63.6% | 69.5% |
| Msunduzi      | 25.0%                                   | 24.9% | 26.4% | 29.7% | 35.2%                                   | 36.0% | 37.2% | 38.2% | 41.4% | 47.8% |
| Mkhambathini  | 21.4%                                   | 21.5% | 22.9% | 26.2% | 31.6%                                   | 34.4% | 36.0% | 36.9% | 40.2% | 46.8% |
| Richmond      | 18.5%                                   | 18.5% | 19.5% | 22.7% | 27.5%                                   | 36.0% | 37.8% | 36.3% | 41.6% | 48.2% |

Source: IHS Markit, 2022

#### A.2.6 INFRASTRUCTURE

Census (2022) indicates that about 91% of households had access to piped water through a regional/local water scheme and about 63% of households had access to flush toilets in 2022. The Census data denotes that houses receiving piped water inside their dwelling have increased to 54.5% in 2022. Households with flush toilets connected to sewerage has increased from 56.7% in 2011 to 60.6% in 2016 and was at 63.0% in 2022. According to Census (2011) only 2,4% (or 3409 881) households do not have access to any form of sanitation, and that 22.8% of households had pit latrines (both ventilated and unventilated). Households with electricity for cooking has decreased from 82.7% in 2016 to 77.5% in 2022 while about 21% uses gas for cooking. Refuse removal remains one of the important aspects of municipalities in dealing with illegal dumping across communities. According to Census (2022) information, weekly refuse removal has decreased from 61.1% in 2016 to 56.6% in 2022, however this could be associated with the growth in the number of households.



Msunduzi Municipality achieved BLUE DROP status, finishing 2nd in KZN and 4th nationally. As a Water Services Authority, the Municipality purchases water in bulk from Umgeni Water (UW), the water services provider, and distributes it to its consumers. Raw water is abstracted from the Midmar Dam, from where it is pumped to the Midmar water treatment plant (WTP), after which it gravitates to the DV Harris WTP, both of which are owned and operated by UW, the bulk services provider. Ageing infrastructure and home owners connecting their storm water into sewer mains are key challenge for Msunduzi Water. Real losses in 2020/21 accounted for 35% of bulk water purchases. Such losses were only marginally fewer in 2021/22 at 31%. Approximately 65% of the Municipality's operational expenditure for water is made up of bulk water purchases from Umgeni Water, which leaves little for spending on water asset maintenance after other costs such as depreciation and departmental charges are subtracted from the remaining 35%. A comprehensive water conservation and water demand management plan for the next five years has been completed and is being actively worked upon with the funds allocated, but more funding will need to be allocated to operating expenditure in order to bring down this real loss percentage.

There are three components to solid waste management in the municipality, namely solid waste collection and removal, solid waste disposal and, as of more recently, waste minimization and diversion. The Msunduzi Municipality's Waste Management Business Unit (WMU) is responsible for these functions and provides the following services:

- Solid waste collection and transportation to the landfill site
- Management of garden sites (Prestbury, Link Road, Grange, Richie Road, Sobantu, South Road, Woodlands, and Eastwood)
- Street sweeping maintenance of public conveniences (.g. public toilets in the CBD)
- Collection of illegally dumped waste
- Education and awareness
- Waste minimization and diversion from the New England Road Landfill Site (a new initiative).

The Msunduzi Municipality has one waste disposal facility, namely the New England Landfill Site. The site stretches across an area of 44 ha, 29 of which are currently being landfilled. The Municipality has recently adopted a waste minimization and diversion strategy to extend the lifespan of the landfill site. The New England Road Landfill Site is permitted to continue operating until it reaches a maximum height of 652 meters above sea level. The current height of the landfill site is approximately within 5% of that limit. The life span is estimated to be at 6 to 10 years at the current rate of waste disposal. The volume that we still need to fill is approximately 1.3 million M3.

The Msunduzi Municipality's Electricity Department has its power supplied by Eskom and distributes it across the region via a network of substations, most of which were noted as ageing and in need of upgrading in the 2017 Primary 132 kV Network Development Plan, Revision 4, by Nkanyezi Consulting (Pty) Ltd. In the 2017 Network Development Plan Revision 5, recommendations were made by the consulting company that all three 132 kV networks should be reconfigured to provide alternative 132 kV network feeds, based on a firm (9n- 1) failure criteria. Eskom was engaged in discussions to cover all in-feed options. Substations such as Archbell Street, Pine Street, Crossways, and Masons Mill were required to be prioritised due to the age of the network and its equipment, and due to the strategic importance of these particular substations. Without the necessary upgrades, limitations will be placed on the potential for new development in the municipality.

The Msunduzi Municipality has submitted its updated PTNG Application for plan B in November 2024, which incorporated feedback received from Department of Transport and Treasury for the Integrated Public Transport Network (IPTN). the feedback focused on the limited national budget and infrastructure light approach on utilizing existing infrastructure. The IPTN will be focused on the five modes of transportation, namely rail, bus, minibus taxi, metered taxi, and non-motorised transport. Although there has been a significant focus on motorised transport, such as the establishment of bus rapid transit (BRT) routes, there is still room for improvement with regard to non-motorised transport (NMT), as a large percentage of the population still depends on NMT.

According to the Municipal Systems Act 2000, Section 74(3) and 75(2) stipulates, "A tariff policy may differentiate between different categories of users/debtors." Council receives Equitable Share to subsidize those who cannot afford to pay for the minimum needs in life. The objective in calculating the amount to be subsidized, must be to prevent an increasing balance on the account of an indigent as it will be difficult to recover the debt in a humanly way. To qualify for "Applied Indigent Status", a household must comply with all the following criteria:-



The total household income must not exceed the amount approved by council from time to time.

- The applicant must be a South African citizen.
- The applicant must not be the registered owner of more than one property.
- The applicant must be a resident of Msunduzi Municipality and have a registered account with the Municipality.
- The requirement of being registered as an account holder does not apply to households in informal settlements where no accounts are rendered, nor in rural areas where no accounts are rendered.
- Recognized refugees must provide proof of such status.
- A tenant or occupier as described in Council's Credit Control and Debt Collection Policy can apply for the benefits in respect of the charges as billed for, while the landlord remains liable for all ownership related charges such as rates
- That the gross household income for qualification as a registered Indigent be determined each year by Council in terms of the tariff register.
- That the prescribed application forms be completed annually.
- The Municipality reserves the right to conduct in loco visits to the premises of applicants to verify the actual status of the household.

The Msunduzi Municipality is in the beginning stages of implementing its integrated rapid public transport network (IRPTN). The IRPTN will be focused on the five modes of transportation, namely rail, bus, minibus taxi, metered taxi, and non-motorised transport. Although there has been a significant focus on motorised transport, such as the establishment of bus rapid transit (BRT) routes, there is still room for improvement with regard to non-motorised transport (NMT), as a large percentage of the population still depends on NMT.

TABLE 7: INDIGENT SUPPORT IN THE MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY

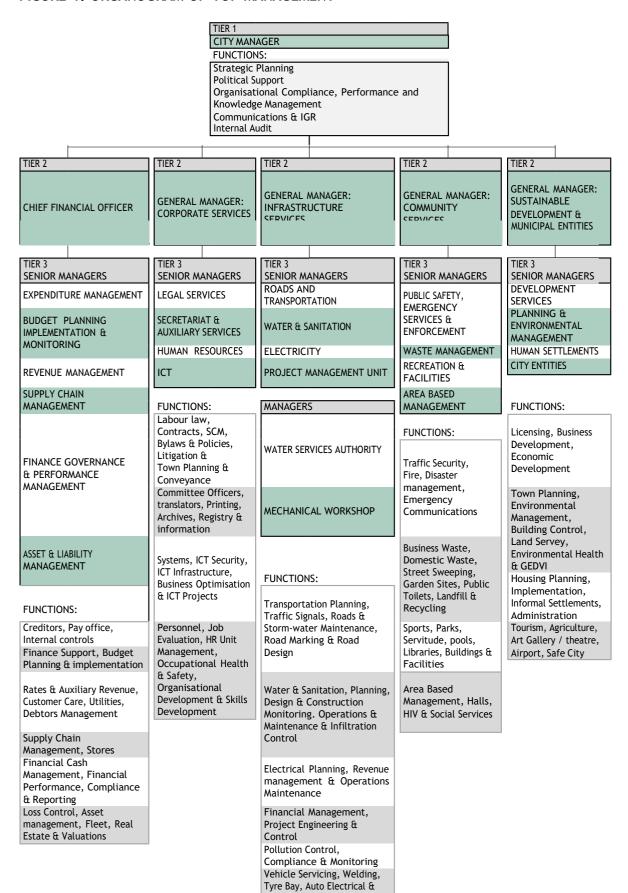
| CATEGORY        | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------------|--|
| Property Rates  | Indigents qualify, like all domestic consumers, for a reduction in the market value of the property as approved from time to time by the Council, and as reflected in the applicable tariff register. A rebate of 100% is granted on all residential property from a value of R15 001.00 to R100 000.00.  If a property is worth more than R100 000.00 and residents approach Council for relief, a means test is applied. |
| Electricity     | Indigents qualify for 70 kWh free electricity, as determined from time to time by Council and as reflected in the applicable Tariff Register.  |
| Electricity MCB | Indigents qualify for free amperage as determined by Council from time to time and as reflected in the applicable Tariff Register, with a 20 Amp circuit breaker.  |
| Water           | Indigents qualify for 7kl of water per month, an amount determined from time to time by Council and as reflected in the applicable Tariff Register.  |
| Refuse          | Indigents qualify for free refuse removal as determined by Council from time to time, and as reflected in the applicable Tariff Register.  |
| Sewerage        | Indigent households qualify for 4.2 kl of free sewerage discharge as determined by Council from time to time and as reflected in the applicable Tariff Register.   |



#### A.3 THE INSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURE

The following diagram summarises the approved functional organogram of the Municipality:

#### FIGURE 1: ORGANOGRAM OF TOP MANAGEMENT



Machining



LED review 2024.

To be included in the in-progress

#### A.4 THE IDP REVIEW PROCESS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE 2024/2024 IDP REVIEW

#### A.4.1 2022/2024 MEC ASSESSMENT OUTCOMES

The Msunduzi 2024/24 IDP was assessed by the MEC's panel in 2024. In line with the IDP Assessment Criteria, the IDP attained an overall credibility rating of 82.06% and the IDP is ranked number 20 in the Province. It should be noted that the Provincial benchmark for IDP credibility is 60% and the DCOG National benchmark for IDP credibility is 50%. The KZN Provincial average credibility rating for the 2024/2024 IDPs is 79.07%.

TABLE 8: MEC ASSESSMENT OF THE 2021/22 MSUNDUZI IDP

| No. | National KPA   | MEC input  | MUNICIPAL INTERVENTION   |
|-----|--|--|--|
| 1   | Municipal Transforma- tion And Insti- tutional Development | <ul> <li>To further enhance this KPA, the Municipality is encouraged to provide additional information on the implementation of the Human Resources Strategy and provide updated Workplace Skills Plan information.</li> <li>The Municipality is commended for employing people living with disabilities (currently have 2) and encouraged to continue with its efforts to attract and recruit people living with disabilities.</li> </ul>   | Workplace Skills Plan has been reviewed  |
| 2   | Local<br>Economic<br>Development                           | <ul> <li>The Municipality is encouraged to clearly indicate in the LED Strategy when the LED Strategy was adopted by Council, include the establishment of the LED and functionality thereof.</li> <li>Indicate the alignment of the LED Forum with sector specific forums in the LED Strategy in the proposed section that deals with the LED Forum as indicated above and further indicate how the LED</li> <li>Forum and District Development Model structures are aligned.</li> <li>Clearly indicate the capacity of the Municipality to manage and implement LED in the LED Strategy as well as the challenges and risks associated with the capacity constraints, if any.</li> <li>The LED Strategy should include a Value Chain Analysis which indicates core economic activities as well potential upstream and downstream opportunities in the economic sectors identified.</li> <li>Clearly indicate the 3 priority poverty stricken wards and relevant interventions in the Action Plan of the LED Strategy.</li> <li>The Informal Economy, SMME and</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>The LED Strategy 2022 did not have the Council resolution date. Which is 7 September 2022. The current LED Strategy review will comprise of the Council resolution date and functionality.</li> <li>The LED Strategy review process has included sector forums. Moreover, in all our LED forums, we invite sector</li> <li>departments and relevant stakeholders in order align with our LED Strategy. The LED review will include the DMM</li> <li>Alignment.</li> <li>The reviewed strategy will include the 2024 organogram with capacity and vacancy rates. The status quo document has the information at present.</li> <li>In all our Msunduzi Municipal LED Strategies (2014, 2017 and 2022), we always include the Economic structure and value chain of the Msunduzi economic activities. In the current LED review, we will include the potential upstream and downstream information.</li> </ul> |

Cooperatives Development Strategies were

therefore are due for the review process.

developed in 2017 and are outdated



| <ul> <li>The specific sector development strategies<br/>developed for vulnerable groups were<br/>developed in 2017 and are outdated. New<br/>strategies should be developed or specific<br/>development initiatives for vulnerable<br/>groups should be included into the LED<br/>Strategy.</li> </ul> |
|--|
| groups should be included into the LED   |

- The Informal Economy and Street Trading strategy has been reviewed and adopted by Council in 2020. The SMME and Cooperatives is currently under review internally. The target is for Council to approve and adopt by June 2024.
- The Youth, Women and Disabled economic empowerment strategies are currently under review internally. The target is for Council to approve and adopt by June 2024.

#### **Basic Service** Delivery

- The narrative on the water and sanitation challenges with the supporting graphs is commended. It is requested that the water and sanitation projects are listed over the five-year planning horizon using the Infrastructure Delivery Management System (IDMS) phases as required by National Treasury to improve alignment and implementation.
- The process of developing a CITP is underway, service provider has been appointed

IWMP was adopted by council in

- The Municipality should have an updated Integrated Waste Management (IWMP), which must be reviewed and adopted council, and endorsed by the MEC for Economic Development Tourism and Environmental Affairs (EDTEA).
- August 2024.

IDMS is being addressed.

- to prioritize reviewing their Comprehensive one is way outdated.
- However, the Municipality is reminded once more Integrated Transport Plan (CITP) since the existing

#### **Financial** Viability Management

- · The Municipality is commended for a good attempt made to structure the Financial Viability and Management KPA in accordance with the IDP framework. The improvements are noted especially in respect of the budgeting and expenditure on repairs and maintenance. It is noted that there are minor gaps in the stipulated criteria where the Municipality has not fully provided the required details or omitted certain reporting requirements to allow an analysis of trends on debtors management and collection rate challenges with indications of how the municipality will address these matters of concern. The SWOT analysis is also an area for improvement and must be considered in the next IDP cycle.
- The Municipality is encouraged to continue with the good results achieved, and the implementation of the financial plan sound financial strategies.



- Good
  Governance
  and Public
  Participation
- The Municipality is again congratulated for the comprehensive coverage and detailed reporting on all aspect of the Good Governance and Public KPA.
- The Municipality is reminded of the Cabinet Resolution dated September 2016 stating that all Municipalities are expected to implement the Batho Pele Principles. As thus the Municipality has not developed the Batho Pele Policy and Procedure Manual as recommended in the IDP Framework Guideline. The Municipality is therefore advised to develop the Policy to ensure compliance with the Batho Pele requirements.
- With respect to the identification discussions of the Good Governance KPA challenges in the Executive Summary (Chapter A) and in the Good Governance and Public Participation Chapter of the IDP, not all challenges listed in the Good Governance chapter A have been listed in Chapter A. Further, a descriptive explanation has only been included for the challenges listed in Chapter A and none were included for the challenges listed in the Good Governance chapter. There should be a link and flow in discussions of challenges mentioned in Chapter A, the good governance status quo in the Good Governance chapter and the concluding good governance SWOT analysis and the good governance challenges identified

- Risk Register has been updated
- Traditional Authority is being consulted in all structures of Msunduzi.





| No. | National KPA  | MEC input   | Progress to date  |
|-----|---------------|---|---|
| 6   | Cross Cutting | <ul> <li>The Municipality has complied with Section 26(e) of the Municipal Systems Act and Sections 12 (1) and Sections 20 of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, Act No 16 of 2013, by developing and submitting the Spatial Development Framework as an annexure to your Integrated Development Plan.</li> <li>The Spatial Development Framework is required to be in compliance with Section 2(4) of the Local Government Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 2001, Regulation 796 of 2001 and the provisions of Section 21 of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>An engagement session with cogta is being arranged to ascertain the specific aspects SPLUMA section 21 which are outstanding on the SDP.</li> <li>A review of the Spatial Development Plain is underway to address further technical analysis required on institutional arrangements and monitoring mechanisms. The SDP final draft will be ready by March 2024</li> </ul> |
|     |               | • The Municipality is commended for the attempt made toward achieving compliance with Act, 2013 (Act 16 of 2013) by submitting an SDP as annexure to the SDF however, the SDP is not fully compliant with Section 21, noting the specific content requirements of the Act.  |   |
|     |               | The SDF review should prioritize the development of an SDP (5-year plan) provide a summary of key strategic priorities and interventions for short-term implementation, envisioned spatial form, demonstrate coordination and alignment of various sectoral plans.  |   |
|     |               | • Specify the necessary institutional arrangements required for the implementation of the SDF, demonstrate alignment with the IDP, budget, DDM and other high order Provincial plans and further develop a mechanism to monitor spending on a yearly basis.   |   |

#### A.4.2 THE PROCESS PLAN

The 2024-2024 IDP/Budget and OPMS process plan was developed and adopted by council in 30 August 2024. The Annual Budget and the IDP are inextricably linked to one another. This has been formalized through the promulgation of the Municipal Finance Management Act (2003). Chapter 4 and Section 21 (1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA). Every attempt will be made in this Municipal Plan to align the IDP and Budget preparation process, and the PMS review. The linkage of the three processes which are IDP, Budget and PMS. The objective of the Process plan is to facilitate deliberations resulting in decisions being made on the strategic development direction of the municipality and includes issues such as municipal budgets, land management, promotion of local economic development and institutional transformation in a consultative, systematic and strategic manner. the Process plan help the project to ensure that the process, plans, goals, and implementation of the planned intervention is inclusive, and importantly address the needs of marginalized groups and minorities to ensure nondiscrimination and equality



Various forms of public engagements have been held in this financial year to ensure public involvement in the

| NO. |             | %ATTENDANC<br>E<br>for 2024-2024 | NO. |                                 | % ATTENDANCE<br>for 2024-2024 |
|-----|-------------|----------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1   | Agriculture | 36%                              | 12  | Social Development              | 63%                           |
| 2   | COGTA       | 60%                              | 13  | Education                       | 54%                           |
| 3   | Health      | 0%                               | 14  | Rural Development & Land Reform | 27%                           |
| 4   | MIDI        | 50%                              | 15  | Minerals & Energy               | 30%                           |

development of the IDP. In April/ May Public Participation was conducted and the purpose of the mayoral izimbizo is to consult the community while getting their inputs on the IDP and Budget. The Izimbizo also provide an opportunity for the Mayor to report on progress made in the previous financial year. The municipality also shares development and project information with the community at the imbizo. The izimbizo provides an opportunity to market and communicate the municipal vision broadly to stakeholder and the general public. The objectives of the Izimbizo are to ensure that service delivery matters and positive ideas for development of the City are captured in the city's strategic plan and are also accommodated in 2024/2025 Municipal Budget as far as possible.

A task team was established to ensure that the events run smoothly, and we comply with all the legislation provisions. The Safety at Sports and Recreational Events Act 2 of 2010 regulates the hosting at events which aims:

- to provide for measures to safeguard the physical well-being and safety of persons and property at sports, recreational, religious, cultural, exhibition, organisational or similar events held at stadiums, venues or along a route;
- to provide for the accountability of event role-players.
- to provide for certain prohibitions.
- to provide for the risk categorisation of events

All five events were a success, and the Municipality was able to engage the Community and discuss future projects that are planned for the area. People were also able to understand the function of the municipality we were able to capture over 3000 community needs.

#### A.4.4 SERVICE PROVIDER CONSULTATION

The Municipality has engagements with Sector Departments during the IDP Review process, these meetings are planned to continue until the completion of the 2024/2025 IDP review in May. Three IDP Representatives Forums have been convened by the Msunduzi Local Municipality. The departments below have been very supportive in the Msunduzi IDP process and have contributed immensely to the development of the 2024/24 IDP review the municipality will continue to lobby/invite other key stakeholders to be active in the IDP Representatives forum.

| 5  | Public Works         | 30% | 16 | Umgungundlovu District | 80% |
|----|----------------------|-----|----|------------------------|-----|
| 6  | Treasury             | 50% | 17 | Transport              | 40% |
| 7  | Human Settlements    | 0%  | 18 | City Insight           | 9%  |
| 8  | SANRAL               | 36% | 19 | IDC                    | 54% |
| 9  | Umgeni Water         | 80% | 20 | MEDA                   | 63% |
| 10 | Economic Development | 80% | 21 | Sports & Recreation    | 0%  |
| 11 | Statistics SA        | 50% |    |                        |     |

This review of the IDP sees a fundamental shift from the previous information- laden and cumbersomely formatted IDPs, to a more user-friendly and strategic document. The approach utilised is similar to that which has been used in developing the KwaZulu-Natal PGDS and PGDP, which is very strategic in nature. Detailed informationis, however, available to users of this IDP, and key documents have been included as a series of accompanying Annexures. The IDP strategies have been aligned to the following National, Provincial, and District Level initiatives:

- (1) Sustainable Development Goals
- (2) National Development Plan (Vision 2030)
- (3) Integrated Urban Development Framework
- (4) Government Outcomes
- (5) National Priorities (State of The Nation Address 2024)
- (6) Back to Basics
- (7) Provincial Priorities (State of The Province Address 2024)
- (8) Provincial Growth and Development Strategy
- (9) Provincial Growth and Development Plan
- (10) District Growth and Development Plan

### A.4.5 KEY CHALLENGES

The following Challenges have been identified which must be mitigated for successful implementation of the Integrated development Plan. These challenges relate primarily to financial administration, governance, institutional development, Local economic development and community services. It is proposed that a risk matrix be developed and that appropriate mitigation measures be instituted.

|     | National KPA: Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development                           |  |  |  |
|-----|---|--|--|--|
| No. | Key Challenge   | Description  | Msunduzi<br>Goal resolving<br>challenge        |  |
| 1.  | Individual performance<br>management not<br>institutionalized and<br>cascaded down to all staff | Individual performance management is only implemented for Senior Managers and managers. There lower level staff are not submitted to performance management and quarterly assessments                        | Goal 1 Governance<br>and Policy                |  |
| 2.  | Skills development not properly institutionalized   | Poor identification of Training and Development<br>Needs in the municipality given the low levels of<br>experience critical service delivery departments e.g.<br>Technical, Finance and Development Planning | Goal 1 Governance and Policy                   |  |
| 3.  | Insufficient capacity to support and maintain ICT environment.                                  | The IT infrastructure needs is outdated and need to be upgraded and increase the storage capacity of the Municipality  | Goal 2 Developed and Maintained Infrastructure |  |

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### National KPA: Good Governance and Public Participation

Poor participation of amakhosi.

The traditional authorities are invited to all council meeting and strategic planning meetings. The challenge is an adopted policy that will guide how they integrate with council across the various council structure.

Goal 1 Governance and Policy



|     | National KPA: Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development   |  |  |  |  |
|-----|---|--|--|--|--|
| No. | Key Challenge   | Description  | Msunduzi<br>Goal resolving<br>challenge              |  |  |
| 5.  | Communication platforms are not sufficient for maximum reach due to budgetary constraints.  | There is a need to foster relationships with National and Provincial media houses on a one on one bases and strength the Public Relations with all media outlets.  | Goal 1 Governance<br>and Policy                      |  |  |
|     |   | elopment and Social Development  |  |  |  |
| 6   | Poor Infrastructure maintenance and provision of new infrastructure for business  | There has been historical under spending on repairs and maintenance. In certain instances funds allocated to R&M reallocated to Capital projects.  | Goal 2 Developed<br>and Maintained<br>Infrastructure |  |  |
| 7   | Unemployment, joblessness, poverty, inequality is on an all-time high as the labour market is struggling;   | There is high youth unemployment, many of whom are graduates due to the number of universities in the city. Gradate unemployment is a challenge. The problem is compounded by in-migration in the city.  | Goal 5<br>Economic Growth<br>and Development         |  |  |
|     |   | ry and Infrastructure Management   | C 12D 1  |  |  |
| 8   | No effluent is recycled within Msunduzi. This is not deemed an appropriate approach, as all water treated and released is then utilised downstream for EThekwini, also by Umgeni Water. In effect there is full reuse, but with the neighbouring WSA. | The Municipality is buy water for umngeni for approximately 120 Million per month all this water is used up in the system and wall the waste water is sent down stream after being treated by Darvel water works. The municipality has no bulk reusing of water for industrial areas at the least. This could save Millions a month of the city. | Goal 2 Developed<br>and Maintained<br>Infrastructure |  |  |
| 9   | The theft and vandalism of infrastructure(water, electricity, Community Halls)  | There is poor maintenance and security of existing infrastructure and assets due to limited budgets and revenue. The security placed a key infrastructure point has been identified as high cost driver for the municipality and the municipality is exploring alternative and more innovative ways to address this.                             | Goal 3 Human<br>and community<br>development         |  |  |
| 10  | Aging infrastructure  | Inadequate repairs and maintenance budget. Backlogs on repairs, maintenance, and refurbishment of infrastructure.  | Goal 2 Developed and Maintained Infrastructure       |  |  |
|     | onal KPA: Cross Cutting   |  |  |  |  |
| 11  | High in-migration to the municipality impacts on the capacity of social facilities, infrastructure, services, and job availability.   | Population growth implies that the area must keep up with the demand for additional basic services, such as water, electricity etc. More people also mean an increased demand for food, water, housing, energy, healthcare and transportation;   | Goal 3 Human<br>and community<br>development         |  |  |
| 12  | Urban Decay: increase in informal operations within the CBD,  | There is an increase of informal business in the CBD and a number of abandoned buildings are contributing to the decay of the city Centre. In-Migration into the CBD and non-adherence of bylaws also contributes to urban Decay   | Goal 3 Human<br>and community<br>development         |  |  |
| 13  | Climate change causes<br>extreme rainfall, which results<br>in floods, increased run-off<br>water, and soil erosion.  | The City has been prone to extreme weather patterns and severe storms and flooding frequency has increased.  | Goal 6 Spatial<br>Equity & Human<br>Settlements      |  |  |



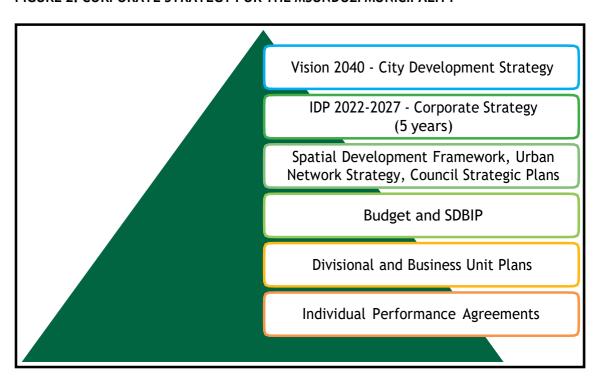
|       | National KPA: Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development  |  |   |  |
|-------|--|--|---|--|
| No.   | Key Challenge  | Description  | Msunduzi<br>Goal resolving<br>challenge |  |
| Natio | onal KPA: Financial Viability a  | nd Management  |   |  |
| 14    | Continued non-collection of revenue and increase in the debtors' book.   | 11 wards under traditional authority are not paying for services and council is losing a lot of revenue.  Over the past few years the households in these have increased in term of density and also the house hold type and size further compounding the problem. | Goal 4 Financial<br>Viability           |  |
| 15    | Failure to materially control<br>and reduce non-revenue<br>electricity and water losses,<br>which losses will negate the<br>impact of other activities | There are a number of water leaks in the system and land invasion which results in people connecting illegally onto the water and electricity network.   | Goal 4 Financial<br>Viability           |  |
| 16    | Not all trading tariffs are cost reflective  | Over the years the cost of providing services has escalated and these cost have not been transferred to consumer's further putting pressure on the City's finances.  | Goal 4 Financial<br>Viability           |  |

### A.5 DEVELOPING A STRATEGY TOWARDS DEVELOPMENT

### A.5.1 INTRODUCTION

The following diagram provides a summary of how the different plans in the Municipality align and inform each other. The over-arching and direction-giving document that informs all operations and expenditure by the Municipality is the City Development Strategy Vision 2040. This is briefly summarised on the following page

FIGURE 2: CORPORATE STRATEGY FOR THE MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY





A.5.2 VISION 2040: CITY DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

### **VISION**

"By 2040 Msunduzi will be a safe, vibrant, sustainable and smart metropolis."

| Safe        | <ul> <li>Safety is of utmost importance in terms of security, disaster mitigation/ management,<br/>environmental health, and proper waste management.</li> </ul> |
|-------------|--|
| Vibrant     | Vibrant refers to high-spirited, energetic, and lively City events.  |
| Sustainable | <ul> <li>Sustainable refers to all functions of the city, basic services, and support services to be done<br/>sustainably.</li> </ul>                            |
| Smart       | Smart refers to the city embracing technology in its everyday operations and also in planning for the future.  |

#### **MISSION**

"To ensure that the Municipality functions efficiently to deliver basic, social, economic and environmental services to build better Communities."

### **VALUES**

**Transparency:** Municipal employees and Councillors should be transparent to the public and we will not promise what we cannot deliver.

**Result-oriented:** Municipal employees and Councillors should be result driven in order to enhance service delivery

**Ubuntu:** Municipal employees and Councillors should be compassionate to the needs of citizens.

Sustainability: Municipal employees and Councillors should strive at deriving sustainable solutions

**Teamwork:** Municipal employees and Councillors should work as team in building better life for the Citizens of Msunduzi.

### T.R.U.S.T



TABLE 9: SUMMARY OF STRATEGIC PRIORITY AREAS

|   | STRATEGIC PRIORITY 1: WELL SERVICED CITY  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| GOAL  | STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES  | 2030 TARGET  |  |  |
| By 2030, Msunduzi is a city serviced with quality water and sanitation reticulation, uninterrupted, adequate energy supply, and regular waste removal - for ALL neighbourhoods, communities, and centres of business. | 1.1 Increased Provision of Municipal services   | 1.1.1 100% of all households have a municipal water connection to the yard level. 1.1.2 70% of all households have water-borne sanitation. 1.1.3 30% of all households have the basic minimum of Ventilated Improved Pit-latrines VIPs. 1.1.4 To Reduce Non-Revenue Water and Real Water Losses to 20% and 15% respectively. 1.1.5 To reduce the amount of water service interruptions from 1684 per annum (2011/2012) by 80% to 336 bursts per annum and respond to 100% of service interruptions within 8 hours. 1.1.6 To reduce sanitation service interruptions from 2499(2011-2012) per annum by 80% to 500 per annum and respond to 100% of sanitation blockages within 8 hours. |  |  |
|   | 1.2 Increased Provision of Municipal services   | 1.2.1 Disruption to energy supply is minimised to 6 hours in 100% of incidents. 1.2.2 Electricity supply keeps pace with expected growth of 4% per annum. 1.2.3 100% of households have basic electricity supply.  |  |  |
|   | 1.3 Increased Provision of Municipal services   | 1.3.1 100% of municipal households are fitted with solar water heating geysers.  |  |  |
|   | 1.4 Increased Provision of Municipal services   | 1.4.1 100% of street lights and 100% of traffic signals in the CBD are powered by renewable energy.  |  |  |
|   | 1.5 Energy production, capacity, storage, management, and distribution rapidly adapt to changing patterns of demand.      | 1.5.1 Demand management provides a 10% reduction in peak demand.   |  |  |
|   | 1.6 City-wide infrastructure and service delivery provides reduced electricity losses.                                    | 1.6.1 Reduces electricity losses to below 5% of bulk supply purchases.   |  |  |
|   | 1.7 Municipal-wide waste collection and disposal services to domestic households are available to all Msunduzi residents. | 1.7.1 100% of households are rendered a waste collection and disposal service once a week.   |  |  |



|                      | STRATEGIC PRIORITY 1: WELL SERVICED CITY              |  |  |  |
|----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| GOAL                 | VALUE STATEMENT                                       | TARGET   |  |  |
| By 2030, Msunduzi    | 1.8 Appropriate waste collection                      | 1.8.1 100% of businesses are rendered a waste          |  |  |
| is a city serviced   | and disposal services are provided                    | collection and disposal service at least twice a       |  |  |
| with quality water   | to support business and industry.                     | week.  |  |  |
| and sanitation       | Commercial activity derives                           |  |  |  |
| reticulation,        | production inputs from recovered                      |  |  |  |
| uninterrupted,       | waste material.                                       |  |  |  |
| adequate energy      | 1.9 Implementation of Advanced                        | 1.9.1 50% recovery rate of recyclable materials        |  |  |
| supply, and regular  | Waste Management Systems that                         | through source separation at households and            |  |  |
| waste removal - for  | reflect community values around                       | public sector offices, and treatment of organic        |  |  |
| ALL neighbourhoods,  | waste minimisation.                                   | waste.   |  |  |
| communities, and     | 1.10 Implementation of annual                         | 1.10.1 Construct waste containment berms, access       |  |  |
| centres of business. | infrastructure upgrade of the waste                   | roads, rehabilitation of perimeter roads, fencing of   |  |  |
|                      | disposal site.  | the perimeter of site, construct wet-weather facility, |  |  |
|                      |   | install stone drainage layers on site, clay-cap side   |  |  |
|                      | 1 11 December we was and requisition                  | slopes of berms.                                       |  |  |
|                      | 1.11 Recovery, re-use and recycling                   | 1.11.1 25% of household and business waste is          |  |  |
|                      | of waste is maximised. The volume                     | sorted on-site.  |  |  |
|                      | of waste disposed to landfills is                     |  |  |  |
|                      | minimised. Life spans of landfill sites are extended. |  |  |  |

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| STRATEGIC PRIORITY 2: AN ACCESSIBLE AND CONNECTED CITY   |           |  |  |
|--|-----------|--|--|
| GOAL VALUE STATEMENT TARGET  |           |  |  |
| By 2030, Msunduzi is 2.1 A diversity of private (cars, 2.1.1 Road and rail infrastructure backlogs a |           |  |  |
| a city with sufficient bikes, walking) and public (trains, reduced such that 90% of communities have | /e        |  |  |
| and well-maintained buses, taxis) transport options, access to road and rail services.               |           |  |  |
| road, rail, and using a range of adequate 2.1.2 100% compliant with Roads infrastruct                | ure       |  |  |
| other physical infrastructure (roads, rail, management plan.   |           |  |  |
| infrastructure and bikeways/walkways) is readily 2.1.3 90% of Msunduzi residents can get to          | vork      |  |  |
| serving all residents, available to all residents. within 45 minutes.                                |           |  |  |
| whether they use 2.1.4 Reliable Public transport services are  |           |  |  |
| public or private 24 hours per day, with accessibility every 15                                      | minutes   |  |  |
| transport modes. It to key activity nodes.   |           |  |  |
| has layers of diverse 2.1.5 90% of travel in morning peak periods                                    |           |  |  |
| transport networks comprise walking, cycling or energy-efficie                                       | nt public |  |  |
| interconnecting transport.   |           |  |  |
| at centres and   |           |  |  |
| internal urban hubs.   |           |  |  |
| Human settlement   |           |  |  |
| initiatives reduce   |           |  |  |
| housing backlogs   |           |  |  |
| and eliminate  |           |  |  |
| spatial separation   |           |  |  |
| by racial categories.  |           |  |  |
| Telecommunications   |           |  |  |
| and information  |           |  |  |
| technology is  |           |  |  |
| universally accessible   |           |  |  |
| and reliable. Social   |           |  |  |
| infrastructure,  |           |  |  |
| focussed on educational, health  |           |  |  |
| and recreational   |           |  |  |
| facilities meets all   |           |  |  |
| communities' needs.  |           |  |  |



| STRATEGIC PRIORITY 2: AN ACCESSIBLE AND CONNECTED CITY   |   |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| GOAL   | VALUE STATEMENT   | TARGET   |  |  |
| By 2030, Msunduzi is a city with sufficient and well-maintained road, rail, and other physical infrastructure serving all residents, whether they use public or private transport modes. It has layers of diverse transport networks interconnecting at centres and internal urban hubs. Human settlement initiatives reduce housing backlogs and eliminate spatial separation by racial categories. | 2.2 Housing backlogs are significantly reduced, with human settlement patterns reflecting inclusive demographics.   | 2.2.1 100% eradication of informal settlements. 2.2.2 Rural Residential housing infrastructure backlogs are reduced such that less than 10% of households remain without access to formal housing. 2.2.3 Zero tolerance for exclusions based on racial, ethnic, religious or other demographic characteristics, is reflected in 100% of new settlement patterns. 2.2.4 20% of each new mixed-use development consists of rental stock. 2.2.5 30% densification of urban space. 2.2.6 Council Rental Stock maintained on a regular and consistent basis to eliminate unsafe structures and to prevent deterioration of Council's assets. 2.2.7 Old Rental Stock to be reduced by transferring certain units to qualifying tenants. 2.2.8 Allocations of new houses in subsidised housing projects to be 100% compliant with DOHS policies by installation of Housing Needs Register and capture of names. |  |  |
| Telecommunications and information technology is universally accessible and reliable. Social infrastructure, focussed on educational, health and recreational facilities meets all communities' needs.   | 2.3 People connect virtually through high-speed information and communication technology. Reliable telecommunications networks provide access to learning and information opportunities in homes, schools, and workplaces. Business and industry embrace high-speed broadband networks to become more productive and innovative. Energy efficiency is promoted by telecommuting.  | 2.3.1 90% of households have access to telecommunications and high-speed broadband more cheaply and cost effectively. 2.3.2 100% of indigent households have free access to telecommunications and high-speed broadband. 2.3.3 100% of businesses, government departments, and schools have easy access to business-grade and bi directional high-speed broadband. 2.3.4 Telecommuting reduces conventional energy usage by 20%.   |  |  |
|  | 2.4 Social infrastructure supports healthy lifestyles, learning opportunities, and community unity and social cohesion. Health infrastructure is readily available and meets community needs. Major recreational infrastructure (e.g. sports stadia, cultural facilities, etc.) contribute to the city's economy by allowing for world-class events and tourism. Social infrastructure is delivered with regard to minimising | 2.4.1 90% of communities have adequate social infrastructure within a 30 minute walk or ride. 2.4.2 100% of business centres are supported with appropriate community recreational and meeting facilities including health and educational facilities. 2.4.3 100% of social infrastructure delivery complies with national standards regarding minimal environmental impact.   |  |  |

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| STRATEGIC PRIORITY 3: A CLEAN, GREEN CITY  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| GOAL   | VALUE STATEMENT  | TARGET   |  |
| By 2030, Msunduzi is a city protecting our natural environment, our native plants and animal habitats, limiting pollution, greening the city, and using our natural resources, such as water, wisely. The clean, green city harnesses our renewable energy supply, public open space | 3.1 Msunduzi has widespread use for renewable energy supplies, including but not limited to: solar, wind, and hydro power. The city continually increases investment in delivering more sustainable energy technologies. Businesses use energy efficiently prioritising low carbon emission sources. Alternative energy sources are mainstreamed in new human settlement development for all communities and energy efficiency required in building plans. | 3.1.1 30% of Msunduzi's electricity demand is met by renewable sources. 3.1.2 20% of liquid energy is derived from bio-fuel. 3.1.3 50% of new commercial or industrial development incorporates some form of renewable energy technology usage in its design and construction. 3.1.4 80% of new human settlement development incorporates some form of renewable energy technology usage in its design and construction. 3.1.5 100% of building plans approved have due consideration for energy efficiency. |  |
| creation project,<br>and urban renewal<br>and greening<br>programme to these<br>ends.  | 3.2 Communities benefit from a linked public open space network, providing for a range of sporting, cultural, and recreational uses.   | 3.2.1 100% of residents are within a 15 minute walking distance to facilities within the city's public, open, and green space network.   |  |
| Msunduzi conserves its natural assets while still meeting the demand for more housing, more roads and more services to accommodate our increasing population.  | 3.3 Urban renewal and greening is recognised by communities and the business fraternity as contributing to environmental and ecological sustainability, as well as supporting future residential, commercial, and industrial development.  | 3.3.1 100% residential, commercial, and industrial precincts incorporate green spaces. 3.3.2 100% of roads in former black townships and major arterial roads in rural areas are tarred. 3.3.3 100% compliance with trading bylaws within the CBD. 3.3.4 100% compliance with environmental bylaws within the city environs.   |  |
| By 2030, Msunduzi is a city with strong, welcoming, caring, and diverse communities, living in a variety of friendly, safe neighbourhoods.   | 4.1 The separate development of the past will be forgotten, as the city proactively promotes and practically engineers social cohesion across all its objectives, geographic spread, racial groupings, class identities, religious formations, and political affiliations.   | 4.1.1 Civic engagement increases so that 100% of residents, regardless of racial, class, religious, or political categories, can enjoy an active role in decisions that affect their city. 4.1.2 To ensure the effective management of land uses within the Msunduzi Municipality.   |  |
|  | 4.2 People will enjoy working together and helping each other in local neighbourhoods and in the broader community. Msunduzi's friendly outdoor life is enlivened by an interesting range of local and regional celebrations.  |  |  |



|     |  | STRATEGIC PRIORITY 4: A  | FRIENDLY, SAFE CITY   |
|-----|--|--|---|
| ĺ   | GOAL   | VALUE STATEMENT  | TARGET  |
|     |  | 4.3 Civil society organisations and community participation are critical elements of Msunduzi's safety and security strategies. Community policing forums are active in community safety centres established across the city.            | 4.3.1 80% of community police forums are accessible and accommodated in safety centres within a 30 minute walk or ride for all residents. 4.3.2 The entire Msunduzi Municipal area is monitored through CCTV camera system. 4.3.3 100% of the city-wide area is monitored by law enforcement officials (traffic wardens, traffic officers, security officers, city police, peace officers, and inspectors). |
|     |  | STRATEGIC PRIORITY 5: AN ECONO   | OMICALLY PROSPEROUS CITY  |
| j   | GOAL   | VALUE STATEMENT  | TARGET  |
|     | By 2030, Msunduzi is a city with a flourishing business environment, with people exercising their  | 5.1 The city absorbs young people into a job creation social compact between the council, private businesses, and the non-profit sector - with the support of institutions of learning.  | 5.1.1 Unemployment in the city is reduced to 15%.   |
|     | entrepreneurship   | 5.2 By 2030, Msunduzi will have a  | 5.2.1 The Municipality has competitive business   |
| - 1 | across the full  | strong, diversified, and resilient   | incentive packages to attract new businesses and  |
| - 1 | spectrum of  | economy, using its competitive   | drive expansion.  |
| - 1 | commercial,  | advantages to deliver prosperity,  | 5.2.2 The Municipality attracts annual investment   |
|     | public, scientific,  | high employment, and quality jobs  | in excess of R 1 billion per annum, reducing  |
| - 1 | educational,<br>and charitable   | for all the city's residents.  | unemployment by 5% per annum.   |
| - 1 | enterprises.   |  | 5.2.3 Municipality has 100% of skills required for the local economy.   |
|     | enterprises.   |  | 5.2.4 Reduce the percentage of economically   |
|     |  |  | inactive youth to 5%.   |
| i   | STR  | ATEGIC PRIORITY 6: A FINANCIALLY   | VIABLE AND WELL-GOVERNED CITY   |
| i   | GOAL   | VALUE STATEMENT  | TARGET  |
|     | By 2030, the Msunduzi Municipality is a financially sound and well-governed institution, delivering on its legislative mandates and offering residents | 6.1 By 2030, Msunduzi will be financially sound through managing its finances efficiently, through effective and realistic budgeting to ensure synergy between the capital and operating budget, as well as through revenue enhancement. | <ul> <li>6.1.1 Efficient Budget and Treasury.</li> <li>6.1.2 Optimal Expenditure Management.</li> <li>6.1.3 Improved Revenue Management.</li> <li>6.1.4 Effective Supply Chain Management.</li> <li>6.1.5 Optimal Financial Service.</li> <li>6.1.6 Efficient collection of revenue through Municipal Property Rates.</li> </ul>  |
|     | of the Municipality value for their rates payments.  | 6.2 By 2030, Msunduzi will have a civil society that actively participates in, and contributes to, sound decision making, ensuring greater accountability of Councillors and Officials.  | 6.2.1 100% effective administration complying with its legal mandates. 6.2.2 Effective fleet management to ensure resource availability for service delivery. 6.2.3 To maximize the disaster resilience of Msunduzi through coordination of all pre-disaster risk reduction - as well as Post-disaster response activities within a framework of sustainable development.                                   |



### TABLE 10: IDP KEY CHALLENGES AND CORRESPONDING STRATEGIC PRIORITIES

| KPA  | KEY CHALLENGES  | STRATEGIES PRIORITIES  |
|--|---|--|
| Financial     Viability And     Management   | <ul> <li>Poor planning in respect of capital expenditure resulting in poor capital spending and loss of revenue from capital grants to the NRF (National Revenue Fund)</li> <li>Critical vacancies in the core functional areas/ over-reliance on consultants.</li> <li>Inadequate implementation of debt and revenue collection policies and procedures resulting in the ballooning of debt to over 4.5 billion as at 31 December 2020</li> <li>Failure of the Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) System commonly known as the Financial System - SAP despite the millions invested in the system by the municipality</li> </ul> | 6. A Financially Viable and Well-Governed City   |
| Basic Service     Delivery   | Failure of key infrastructure, such as electricity and water due to poor/inadequate maintenance, age and vandalism. Failure to attend to the repair of potholes, street lights and storm water drains Failure to adequately plan for and spend conditional grants over the past MTEF. Failure to clean the city and surrounding nodal and residential areas including   | <ol> <li>A Well-Serviced City</li> <li>A Well-Serviced City</li> <li>A Clean, Green City</li> </ol>  |
|  | on irregular collection of solid waste<br>and challenges associated with the<br>processing and disposal of solid waste.   |  |
| Cross Cutting<br>Interventions   | Planning alignment and coordination impact on the ability to deliver effectively.  • Inter-governmental relations and the ability to align priorities (both within the municipality and other spheres of government).  The uncontrolled land invasion and lack of law enforcement. Lack of accessibility to Ward 39 and potential lack of integration due to isolation.  City connectivity.   | <ol> <li>An Accessible and Connected City</li> <li>An Accessible and Connected City</li> </ol>   |
| <ul> <li>Municipal<br/>Transformation<br/>And Institutional<br/>Development</li> </ul> | Institutional and individual performance management framework. Institutional skills development and professionalisation of the organisation. Improved capacity to spend on capital expenditure; Filling of strategic critical vacant posts.   | <ul> <li>6. A Financially Viable and Well-Governed City</li> </ul> |
| <ul><li>Local Economic<br/>Development</li><li>Good</li></ul>                          | Limited Economic growth leads to unemployment.  | 5. An Economically Prosperous City   |
| Governance   |   |  |



#### A.5.3 SPATIAL AND GEOGRAPHIC CONSIDERATIONS

The overall intention of the Msunduzi Spatial Development Framework (SDF) is to guide and manage urban growth, and to balance competing land use demands, by putting in place long term mechanisms that enable a coherent development trajectory which will inherently shape the spatial form and structure of the municipality as a whole. In the context of the municipality's drive towards attaining metropolitan status coupled with climate change and resource depletion issues, the future growth path needs to underline the importance of sustainable future development. Therefore, the proposed development path must be flexible and adaptive, and cognisant of the unpredictable economic, environmental and social forces which in turn make it difficult to accurately determine how fast the municipality will grow.

The Msunduzi Municipality appointed Zutari to review and prepare an updated spatial development framework (SDF) for the Municipality. The purpose of this assignment is to review the SDF that was approved in 2015, to prepare an updated SDF that is aligned with the provisions set out in the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act (Act 16 of 2013) (SPLUMA), and to incorporate into the updated SDF those changes and recommendations that were made when the SDF of 2015 was partially reviewed in 2017. Moreover, the goal is to further develop the SDF to ensure that it:

- depicts a spatial vision that is aligned with the vision for the Msunduzi Municipality
- guides the Msunduzi Municipality in making decisions, and exercising discretion, relating to spatial planning and land use management systems and addressing historical spatial imbalances in development
- provides information to the public and private sectors in relation to areas of investment, identifies long-term risks of spatial patterns of growth and development, and provides suitable mitigation measures
- provides direction for strategic developments and infrastructure investment taking into consideration environmental management measures.

### A.5.4 THE SERVICE DELIVERY AND BUDGET IMPLEMENTATION PLAN (SDBIP)

The development of the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) is a requirement under the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) and gives effect to the municipality's Integrated Development Plan (IDP) and annual budget.

The SDBIP is an expression of the objectives of the Municipality, in quantifiable outcomes that will be implemented by the administration for the financial period from 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2024. The SDBIP includes the service delivery targets and performance indicators for each quarter that should be linked to the performance agreements of senior management.

These are integral to the implementation and entrenchment of our performance management system. The SDBIP facilitates accountability and transparency of the municipal administration and managers to the Council and Councillors to the community. It also fosters the management, implementation and monitoring of the budget, the performance of top management and the achievement of the strategic objectives as laid out in the IDP.

The SDBIP enables the Municipal Manager to monitor the performance of senior managers, the mayor to monitor the performance of the municipal manager and for the community to monitor the performance of the municipality as each activity contains outputs, outcomes and timeframes. The SDBIP is compiled on an annual basis and is linked to the 5 year and 1 year organizational scorecards that are contained in the approved 2024/2024 IDP and beyond. The SDBIP is yet another step forward to increasing the principle of democratic and accountable government at local level.

Development objectives are measured through key performance indicators at every level, and continuously monitored throughout the year. The SDBIP is in essence the management and implementation tool which sets in-year information such as quarterly service delivery and monthly budget targets and links each service delivery output to the budget of the municipality. It further indicates the responsibilities and outputs for each of the senior managers and the top management team, the resources to be used and the deadlines set for the relevant activities.

### MFMA LEGISLATIVE REQUIREMENT

In terms of Section 53 (1) (c) (ii) of the MFMA, the SDBIP is defined as a detailed plan approved by the mayor of a municipality for implementing the municipality's delivery of municipal services and its annual budget, and which must indicate the following:

- (a) Projections for each month of -
  - (i) Revenue to be collected, by source & vote;
  - (ii) Operational and capital expenditure, by vote
- (b) Service delivery targets and performance indicators for each quarter, and
- (c) Other matters prescribed;

Being a management and implementation plan (not a policy proposal) the SDBIP is not required to be approved by the council. According to Section 53 of the MFMA, the Mayor is expected to approve the SDBIP within 28 days after the approval of the budget. This section requires that the Mayor take all reasonable steps to ensure that the SDBIP is approved within 28 days. In addition, the Mayor must ensure that the revenue and expenditure projections for each month and the service delivery targets and performance indicators as set out in the SDBIP are circulated or made public within 14 days after its approval.

### HIGH LEVEL SDBIP TARGETS AND INDICATORS

The SDBIPs are required to include targets for the activities that will be undertaken, for physical and measurable progress as well as financially. The top level of the SDBIP includes measurable performance objectives in the form of service delivery targets and performance indicators that are provided to the community, that is, what impacts it seeks to achieve. These are drawn from the IDP programmes, services and activities that are relevant to each specific directorate as well as the statutory plans that the Directorate are responsible for. The SDBIPs therefore are the key mechanisms for monitoring the different responsibilities and targets that each Directorate must fulfill in meeting service delivery needs provided to the community.

The SDBIP is conceptualized as a layered plan, containing consolidated service targets with quarterly and annual deadlines, and linking those targets to senior management. The Municipal Manager's scorecard represents the consolidation of the entire Municipalities' detailed performance indicators and service delivery targets as contained in each Directorate's SDBIP. The community and stakeholders can review these targets and performance in achieving them during the IDP process. During the Strategic Planning Processes of Msunduzi Municipality a management resolution was taken to differentiate between service delivery indicators that have a direct impact on the community and those that are operational, support and auxiliary services. In this regard the SDBIP is developed to focus on the service delivery indicators and the Operational Plan is developed to focus on operational support and auxiliary services. The SDBIP contains the following units:

- Public Participation Units (Office of the Speaker, Office of the Mayor and Municipal Public Accounts),
- Integrated Rapid Public Transport Network (IRPTN)
- Community Services Units (Public Safety, Emergency Services & Disaster Management, Area Based Management, Recreation & Facilities and Waste Management),
- Infrastructure Services Units (Water and Sanitation, Roads, Electricity, Project Management Office (MIG Projects) and Mechanical Workshops), and;
- Sustainable Development & City Enterprises Units (Town Planning and Environmental Management, Human Settlements and City Entities).
- Also included in the SDBIP are the Legislated Performance Indicators as regulated by the National and Provincial Departments of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (CoGTA). Further to this, the Back to Basic Indicators has also been included on the SDBIP as regulated by the National and Provincial Departments of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (CoGTA).

All other units provide operational support and auxiliary services to the Municipality and have been placed on the Operational Plan. The Operational Plan contains the following:

• Office of the City Manager: (Organizational Compliance, Performance and Knowledge Management & Communications & IGR)



- Internal Audit
- Strategic Planning
- Budget & Treasury Units (Budget Planning, Implementation and Monitoring, Expenditure Management, Revenue Management, Supply Chain Management, Assets & Liabilities, SAP & Financial Governance & Performance Management),
- Infrastructure Services (Project Management Office)
- Corporate Services Units (Legal Services, Sound Governance & Auxiliary Services, Information Communication Technology, and Human Resources), and;
- Sustainable Development & City Enterprises Units (Development Services, Town Planning and Environmental Management and Human Settlements).

The SDBIP is a key management, implementation and monitoring tool, which provides operational Content to the end-of-year service delivery targets, set in the budget and IDP. It determines the Performance agreements for the municipal manager and all top managers, whose performance can then be monitored through Section 71 monthly reports, and quarterly Individual Performance Assessments.

### A.5.5 MONITORING OF THE IDP THROUGH THE PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (PMS)

The Msunduzi Municipality has an approved Organizational Performance Management System (OPMS) Framework and Individual Performance Management System (IPMS) policy, which serve as the guideline documents for the implementation of the Performance Management System (PMS) within the Municipality. The implementation of performance management is guided by various legislative prescripts and requirements. The OPMS Framework is inclusive of the following interrelated processes:

- (i) Planning;
- (ii) Implementation;
- (iii) Monitoring;
- (iv) Evaluation.

The Msunduzi Municipality's PMS is the primary mechanism to monitor, review, and improve the implementation of its IDP and to gauge the progress made in achieving the objectives set out in the IDP. In addition, the Municipality's PMS facilitates increased accountability, learning, improvement, as well as providing early warning signals to facilitate decision-making.

The PMS monitors actual performance against set targets and contractual obligations. Effective service delivery relies upon the IDP, efficient utilization of all resources and the PMS being closely integrated across all functions at an organizational and individual level. The most valuable reason for measuring performance is that what gets measured gets done.

Once performance planning and the IDP have been completed and departmental SDBIP's are in place, they need to be implemented by executing the work in accordance with these plans. As the work is executed, it needs to be continuously monitored and periodically measured and reported on. Reporting requires that the Municipality takes the priorities of the organization, its performance objectives, indicators, targets, measurements, and analysis, and present this information in a simple and accessible format, relevant and useful to the specific target group, whilst meeting the legal prescripts for reporting.

### A.6.1 CATALYTIC PROJECTS

A catalyst is described as something that 'precipitates an event' or something that causes change. The Municipality has identified a number of projects that seek to stimulate change and development in the municipal area. The following catalytic projects are aimed at revitalising the economy and the growth trajectory of the Msunduzi Municipality. It must, however, be noted that some of these projects are being implemented by delivery agents other than the Municipality. In this regards, the Municipality will be playing a facilitation and enabling role.

TABLE 11: MSUNDUZI CATALYTIC PROJECTS

|     |                                  | IMPL  | IMPLEMENTATION SOURCE   |                       |                                 |                    |  |   |
|-----|----------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|
| No  | Project Name                     | Location  | Description   | Project<br>Sector     | PGDP<br>Catalytic<br>Definition | Budget             | Implementer                            | Funding<br>Source                       |
|     |                                  |   | SHORT TERM  |                       |                                 |                    |  |   |
| S1  | Imbali Light In-<br>dustrial Hub | Imbali  | The project is centered on the idea of providing SMME operational facilities, infrastructure and training for small businesses within the jurisdiction of Imbali, Msunduzi and surrounds. The idea herein is to translate higher order strategies emanating from the LED Strategy and the Imbali Mixed Use Investment Precinct into tangible and visible Projects | Economic<br>& Spatial | Game<br>Changer                 | R78 984 994        | Unknown                                | Msunduzi<br>Municipality                |
| S2  | Restoration of<br>Msunduzi River | Camps<br>Drift                                  | The Environmental Management Unit of the Msunduzi Municipality applied for funding from NDPG for the preparation of the Duzi Catchment Conservation Management Plan. This project was approved and will support the conservation management and the value of ecological goods and services within the ETC.  | Enviro.               | Major<br>Need                   | R69.4m             | Unknown                                | National<br>Treasury<br>NDPG            |
| \$3 | CACEN Open<br>Space System       | Central<br>Area &<br>CBD Ex-<br>tension<br>Node | Refine and update the open space footprint for CACEN as part of the ongoing work to develop an Environmental Services Plan/open space system for Msunduzi Municipality.   | Enviro.               | Major<br>Need                   | Internal Resources | Msunduzi Environmental Management Unit | Dept. of Agriculture & Environ. Affairs |

|           |                                  |                 | PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION   |                      |                                 | IMPLE            | EMENTATION SO   | URCE                            |
|-----------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| No        | Project Name                     | Location        | Description  | Project<br>Sector    | PGDP<br>Catalytic<br>Definition | Budget           | Implementer   | Funding<br>Source               |
| S4        | PMB- Gandhi Rail-<br>way Station | CBD             | The station is operated by PRASA (1 of 25 in SA as an economic hub). A local consortium has the contract to develop the site for residential and commercial use and to accommodate a long distance bus terminus and a station for the new Durban-Pietermaritzburg high-speed train. The development will retain its heritage component and the "Gandhi room" and exhibition materials will be refurbished within this development. This budget is to supplement the interpretative aspect of the heritage. | Infrast.             | Major En-<br>abler              | R1 000<br>000.00 | Public Private<br>Partnership   | Further Information is Required |
| <b>S5</b> | Freedom Square<br>Redevelopment  | Civic<br>Centre | Redevelopment of Freedom Square to reintroduce<br>an urban park, new control centre for the BRT,<br>Tourism Hub and conversion of taxi-rank to infor-<br>mal market.   | Spatial              | Major<br>Need                   | R68 872 677      | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality  | Msunduzi<br>Municipality        |
| S6        | Heroes Arce Me-<br>morial Park   | Imbali          | The development/upgrade of the Heroes' Arce<br>Memorial Park   | Spatial &<br>Tourism | Major<br>Need                   | R2 000 000       | Msunduzi Municipality, Department of Arts & Culture, Department of Military Veterans, KZN Office of the Premier | Further Information is Required |
| S7        | Student Accommodation            | Edendale        | The shortfall in housing and accommodation of students is well documented and a subject of annual protests. Developers based on the revenue provided through the National Student Financial Aid Scheme (NSFAS) is gaining momentum, the proximity of the DUT campus in Edendale makes the provision of student accommodation potentially attractive to private sector developers in partnership with DUT, the PIC or the DBSA. The development of student accommodation by the private sector              | Spatial              | Major<br>need                   | R250 000 000     | Unknown   | Private Sector                  |



|           |   | IMPLI                         | IMPLEMENTATION SOURCE  |                    |                                 |             |             |  |
|-----------|---|-------------------------------|--|--------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| No        | Project Name                                  | Location                      | Description  | Project<br>Sector  | PGDP<br>Catalytic<br>Definition | Budget      | Implementer | Funding<br>Source                            |
| \$8       | Hospital & Health<br>Precinct                 |                               | The Edendale Hospital, as a 900 bed facility is a major contributor to Edendale both in terms of healthcare and job creation. As a facility there are opportunities to establish agreements with local service providers resulting in economic empowerment of the Edendale Community through job creation, SMME development, and skills development or internship. Targeted Procurement of Hospital Services and Supplies: facilities management, provision of bed linens, catering provided by local community. | Infrast. & Spatial | Major<br>need                   | R10 500 00  | Unknown     | COGTA, Treasury, International Donor Funders |
| <b>S9</b> | Edendale Town<br>Centre: Prom-<br>enade 1     | Edendale                      | The promenades are intended to work together to encourage human activity and use of the spaces that they adjoin. These spaces connect Civic Building, Piazza, Market Stalls and the BRT Station together and create a pedestrianised precinct that will activate the centre.   | Spatial            | Game<br>Changer                 | R15 000 000 | Unknown     | NDPG   |
| S10       | Edendale Town<br>Centre: Prom-<br>enade 2     | Edendale                      | The promenades are intended to work together to encourage human activity and use of the spaces that they adjoin. These spaces connect Civic Building, Piazza, Market Stalls and the BRT Station together and create a pedestrianised precinct that will activate the centre.   | Spatial            | Game<br>Changer                 | R26 000 000 | Unknown     | NDPG   |
| S12       | Old Edendale<br>Road Upgrade                  | Edendale                      | Upgrading of Old Edendale Road   | Infrast.           | Major En-<br>ablers             | R19345      | Unknown     | NDPG   |
| S13       | NDPG Edendale<br>Walkway                      | Edendale                      | Creation of a pedestrian walkway   | Infrast.           | Major En-<br>ablers             | R47, 726    | Unknown     | NDPG   |
| S14       | NDPG: Civic Zone<br>Phase 1: Market<br>Stalls |                               | SMME Development in the Edendale TC  | Infrast.           | Major<br>Need                   | R19000      | Unknown     | NDPG   |
| M1        | Priority 1-12                                 | Msunduzi<br>Munici-<br>pality | Housing projects enlisted as 1-2 on shape files received   | Housing            | Unknown                         | Unknown     | Unknown     | Unknown                                      |

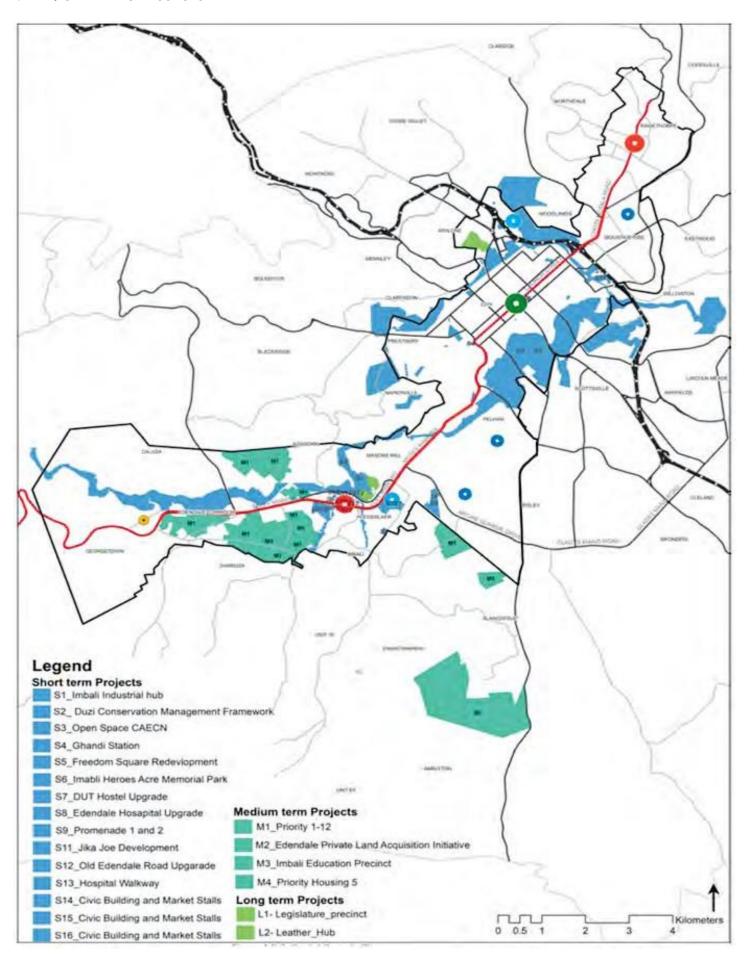


|    |  |                  | PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION  | IMPLEMENTATION SOURCE |                                 |              | URCE                                |                   |
|----|--|------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| No | Project Name                                 | Location         | Description   | Project<br>Sector     | PGDP<br>Catalytic<br>Definition | Budget       | Implementer                         | Funding<br>Source |
| M2 | Edendale Private Land Acquisition Initiative |                  | The land acquisition programme gives effect to the intentions of the Restructuring Zone by acquiring appropriate municipal land for human settlements development for the Greater Edendale Area. Restructuring Zones are used as a mechanism to meaningfully restructure the urban form of previously disadvantaged areas through promoting alternative higher density approaches to housing delivery. Most of the study area falls within the areas designated as "Restructuring Zones". As such, the acquisition of land within the study area is critical in attaining the objectives of the Human Settlement Plan and Programme of Msunduzi Municipality. The transfer of State land within the Greater Edendale Area to the Municipality is necessitated by the provisions of certain clauses in the MoA entered between Municipality and the Department of Housing. | Spatial               | Major<br>need                   | Unknown      | DBSA                                | DBSA              |
| M3 | Imbali Education<br>Precinct                 | Imbali           | The purpose of this project is to develop and implement an Education Precinct in the Imbali Edendale Area. Studies include an assessment of the existing Education facilities within the Project Area, developing a Communication Strategy, Vision Statement and Concept, as well as the Expansion of DUT.  | Infrast. &<br>Spatial | Game<br>Changer                 | R250 000 000 | Unknown                             | Unknown           |
| M4 | Priority Housing 5                           | Unknown          | Unknown   | Spatial               | Major<br>need                   | Unknown      | Unknown                             | Unknown           |
|    |  |                  | LONG TERM   |                       |                                 |              |                                     |                   |
| L1 | Legislature Pre-<br>cinct Develop-<br>ment   | Town Hill        | see the development of a new legislature precinct that will better cater for the needs of the legislature and facilitate good governance.   | Spatial               | Game<br>Changer                 | R2.0b        | KZN Public<br>Works Depart-<br>ment | KZN Treasury      |
| L2 | EDTEA Project                                | Plessis-<br>laer | EDTEA has acquired the old tannery in Plessislaer. They have issued a tender for proposal calls for engineering designs adjudication of tenders and appointment of service provider is underway.  | Unknown               | Unknown                         | R20 000 000  | EDTEA                               | EDTEA             |





### MAP 2: CATALYTIC PROJECTS



### A.6.2

### MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT FRAMEWORK (MIF)

The following table summarises the municipal capital expenditure.

### TABLE 12: 2024-2024 CAPITAL PROJECTS

| Business<br>Unit      | Funded Pro-<br>gram  | Funded Program desc                           | REGIONS           | Fund      | 2024/24    | 2024/25    | 2025/26    | Motivation   |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| City Finance          | 1/202035.001         | LEVS:ZA:FINANCIAL<br>MANAGEMENT SYSTEM<br>SAP | ALL ZONES         | RV01_LEVS | 30,000,000 | 30,000,000 | 30,000,000 |  |
| Corporate<br>Services | A/304526.BAH.<br>A52 | LEVS:AH:NEW:COMPUT-<br>ER EQUIPMENT           | ADM & HO          | RV01_LEVS | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000 |  |
| Corporate<br>Services | 1/304526.003         | LEVS:ZA:LAN/WAN                               | ALL ZONES         | RV01_LEVS | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000 |  |
| City Man-<br>ager     | A/101011.BAH.<br>A52 | LEVS:AH:NEW:COMPUT-<br>ER EQUIPMENT           | ADM & HO          | RV01_LEVS | 1,000,000  |            |            |  |
| City Man-<br>ager     | A53                  | LEVS:AH:FURNITURE                             | ADM & HO          | RV01_LEVS | 4,000,000  |            |            |  |
| Community<br>Services | 1/404185.004         | MSU1/I/404185.004                             | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL | RV01_LEVS | 3,000,000  | 5,000,000  | 5,000,000  | Compliance contract tools of trade for staff to perform duties improve ergonomics to ensure compliance with health and safety and well being of staff when performing duties |
| Electricity           | A/704062.1AH.<br>A52 | MSU1/A/704062.1AH.<br>A52                     | ADM & HO          | BR01_ALNS | 300,000    |            |            |  |
| Electricity           | A/704062.1AH.<br>A53 | MSU1/A/704062.1AH.<br>A53                     | ADM & HO          | BR01_ALNS | 450,000    |            |            |  |
| Electricity           | A/704062.1AH.<br>A60 | MSU1/A/704062.1AH.<br>A60                     | ADM & HO          | BR01_ALNS | 25,000,000 |            |            | Strategic spares to ensure continuity of supply to customers thereby improving revenue by minimising down time of network  |
| Electricity           | A/704062.1AH.<br>A61 | MSU1/A/704062.1AH.<br>A61                     | ADM & HO          | BR01_ALNS | 2,850,000  |            |            | Strategic spares to ensure continuity of supply to customers thereby improving revenue by minimising down time of network  |

| Business<br>Unit | Funded Pro-<br>gram  | Funded Program desc       | REGIONS              | Fund      | 2024/24    | 2024/25    | 2025/26   | Motivation  |
|------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|---|
| Electricity      | A/704062.1ZA.<br>A60 | MSU1/A/704062.1ZA.<br>A60 | ALL ZONES            | BR01_ALNS | 5,900,000  |            |           | Strategic spares to ensure continuity of supply to customers thereby improving revenue by minimising down time of network |
| Electricity      | A/704062.1ZA.<br>A60 | MSU1/A/704062.1ZA.<br>A60 | ALL ZONES            | BR01_ALNS | 17,000,000 |            |           | Strategic spares to ensure continuity of supply to customers thereby improving revenue by minimising down time of network |
| Electricity      | A/704062.1ZA.<br>A60 | MSU1/A/704062.1ZA.<br>A60 | ALL ZONES            | BR01_ALNS | 2,500,000  |            |           | Strategic spares to ensure continuity of supply to customers thereby improving revenue by minimising down time of network |
| Electricity      | 1/704062.007         | MSU1/I/704062.007         | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | BR01_ALNS | 18,000,000 | 20,000,000 |           | Improve electricity network performance and quality of supply   |
| Electricity      | 1/704062.008         | MSU1/I/704062.008         | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | BR01_ALNS | 18,000,000 | 20,000,000 |           | Improve electricity network performance and quality of supply   |
| Electricity      | 1/704062.009         | MSU1/I/704062.009         | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | BR01_ALNS | 5,000,000  | 20,000,000 |           | Improve network operations and accessability and revenue collection   |
| Electricity      | 1/704062.014         | MSU1/I/704062.014         | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL    | BR01_ALNS | 25,000,000 | 20,000,000 |           | Improve electricity network performance and quality of supply   |
| Electricity      | 1/704062.019         | MSU1/I/704062.019         | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL    | BR01_ALNS | 30,000,000 | 20,000,000 |           | Improve electricity network performance and quality of supply   |
| Electricity      | 1/704066.001         | MSU1/I/704066.001         | ALL ZONES            | RV01_LEVS | 8,000,000  | 8,000,000  | 8,000,000 | Compliance and revenue enhancement  |
| Electricity      | 1/704062.020         |                           | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_INEP | 4,200,000  | 3,000,000  |           | Provide access to basic electricity service to new customers  |
| Electricity      | 1/704062.023         |                           | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_INEP | 1,400,000  | 2,000,000  | 2,000,000 | Provide access to basic electricity service to new customers  |

| Buriess                      | FundedPro-   | FundedProgramdesc                            | REGONS                                  | Fund             | 2024/24                                 | 2024/25    | 2025/26    | Malielian                      |
|------------------------------|--|--|---|------------------|---|------------|------------|--------------------------------|
| Urt<br>Electricity           | gam<br>1/704062024   |  | <b>ZO</b> VE1:                          | TS01 NEP         | 1,400,000                               | 2,000,000  | 3814000    | Poithacestoniche               |
| LEGICLY                      | VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI<br>VIOLUZIONI |  | WINDEA                                  | 130 <u>11</u> 42 | i <del>,u,u</del>                       | 411,110    | JOHJUU     | tithevietorevoutom             |
|                              |  |  | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |                  |   |            |            | 65                             |
| Electricity                  | V704062025   |  | ALIZONES                                | TS01_EED3M       | 5,000,000                               | 5,000,000  | -          | Provide access to basic elec-  |
|                              |  |  |   |                  |   |            |            | tricity service to new custom- |
| 1.6                          | 1 /F0 //2F B7.1  | LEVE 74 NEW TRANS                            | ALL 70NES                               | D) /04   E) /6   | F 000 000                               | F 000 000  | F 000 000  | ers                            |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | A/504125.BZA.<br>A61   | LEVS:ZA:NEW:TRANS-<br>PORT ASSETS            | ALL ZONES                               | RV01_LEVS        | 5,000,000                               | 5,000,000  | 5,000,000  | Yellow Plant                   |
| Infrastruc-                  | 1/504125.006   | LEVS:Z4:ROAD REHAB -                         | ZONE4:                                  | RV01_LEVS        | 20,000,000                              | 30,750,000 | 40,750,000 |                                |
| ture services                | 17 50 1125.000   | PMS  | CENTRAL                                 | KV01_LLV3        | 20,000,000                              | 30,730,000 | 10,750,000 |                                |
| Infrastruc-                  | 1/504125.067   | LEVS:AH:NEW:CHANGE                           | ADM & HO                                | RV01_LEVS        | 750,000                                 |            | -          |                                |
| ture services                |  | ROOMS REHAB                                  |   |                  |   |            |            |                                |
| Infrastruc-                  | 1/504126.007   | LEVS:AH:Canalisation                         | ADM & HO                                | RV01_LEVS        | 2,000,000                               | 2,000,000  | 2,000,000  |                                |
| ture services                | 1/504131.006   | of Streams/bank pro<br>LEVS:Z5:TRAFFIC CALM- | ZONE5:                                  | DVO4 LEVC        | 250,000                                 | 250,000    | 350,000    |                                |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/304131.000   | ING MEASURES                                 | NORTHERN                                | RV01_LEVS        | 250,000                                 | 250,000    | 250,000    |                                |
| Infrastruc-                  | 1/504143.001   | LEVS:Z4:PUBLIC TRANS-                        | ZONE4:                                  | RV01_LEVS        | 2,000,000                               | 2,000,000  | 2,000,000  |                                |
| ture services                |  | PORT INFRASTR                                | CENTRAL                                 | _                | , ,                                     | , ,        | , ,        |                                |
| Infrastruc-                  | 1/504787.036   | WSIG:Z1:VULINDLELA                           | ZONE1:                                  | TS01_WSIG        | 28,000,000                              | 35,000,000 | 38,986,000 | Upgrade to Res 15 Inlet Pipe-  |
| ture services                |  | PHASE 3 (Planning & D                        | VULINDLELA                              |                  |   |            |            | line in Ward 4 & 5 and Con-    |
| Infrastruc-                  | 1/504787.037   | ALNS:ZA:REDUCTION OF                         | ALL ZONES                               | DDO1 ALNC        | 50,000,000                              | 50,000,000 |            | struction of Res 14A in Ward 3 |
| ture services                | 1/304/6/.03/   | NON REVENUE WATER                            | ALL ZUNES                               | BR01_ALNS        | 50,000,000                              | 50,000,000 |            |                                |
| Infrastruc-                  | 1/504787.040   | LEVS:METERING                                | ALL ZONES                               | RV01_LEVS        | 7,000,000                               | 7,000,000  | 7,000,000  | Water Metering replacement     |
| ture services                |  |  |   | _                |   | , ,        | , ,        | 3 1                            |
| Infrastruc-                  | 1/403243.007   | MIG:Z5:WARD 38 COM-                          | ZONE5:                                  | TS01_MIG         | 3,125,000                               | -          |            |                                |
| ture services                | 1/402242.000   | MUNITY HALL                                  | NORTHERN                                | T504 MG          | 4 500 000                               |            |            |                                |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/403243.008   | MIG:Z1:WARD 7 COM-<br>MUNITY HALL            | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA                    | TS01_MIG         | 4,500,000                               | •          |            |                                |
| Infrastruc-                  | 1/403243.009   | MIG:Z5:WARD 29 COM-                          | ZONE5:                                  | TS01_MIG         | 4,120,500                               |            |            |                                |
| ture services                | 17 1032 13:007   | MUNITY HALL                                  | NORTHERN                                | 1501_//0         | 1,120,300                               |            |            |                                |
| Infrastruc-                  | 1/403243.010   | MIG:Z4:WARD 24 COM-                          | ZONE4:                                  | TS01_MIG         | 1,550,000                               | 2,455,350  | 6,534,880  |                                |
| ture services                |  | MUNITY HALL                                  | CENTRAL                                 |                  |   |            |            |                                |
| Infrastruc-                  | 1/403243.011   | MIG:Z1:WARD 8 COM-                           | ZONE1:                                  | TS01_MIG         | 4,100,000                               | 5,000,000  | 5,330,000  |                                |
| ture services                | 1/403243.011   | MUNITY HALL MIG:Z1:WARD 8 COM-               | VULINDLELA ZONE1:                       |                  | 1 450 000                               | 3 000 000  | 5 000 000  |                                |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/403243.011   | MUNITY HALL                                  | VULINDLELA                              | TS01_MIG         | 1,450,000                               | 3,000,000  | 5,000,000  |                                |
| Infrastruc-                  | 1/403243.012   | MIG:Z3:WARD 13 COM-                          | ZONE3: IM-                              | TS01 MIG         | 3,731,000                               |            |            |                                |
| ture services                |  | MUNITY HALL                                  | BALI                                    | _                | , |            |            |                                |



| Business<br>Unit             | Funded Pro-<br>gram  | Funded Program desc                               | REGIONS              | Fund      | 2024/24    | 2024/25    | 2025/26    | Motivation                           |
|------------------------------|----------------------|---|----------------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------------------------|
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/403243.013         | MIG:Z3:WARD 34 COM-<br>MUNITY HALL                | ZONE5:<br>NORTHERN   | TS01_MIG  | 550,000    | 2,000,000  | 5,000,000  |                                      |
| Community Services           | A/404327.BAH.<br>A61 |   |                      | RV01_LEVS | 2,000,000  |            |            | Single Law Enforcement Establishment |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/404392.010         | MIG:Z5:WARD 35 DEV<br>OF MOUNTAIN RISE<br>CEMETRY | ZONE5:<br>NORTHERN   | TS01_MIG  | 700,000    |            |            |                                      |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/504125.014         | MIG:Z2:UPG GRV<br>RD-EDN-DAMBUZA MJ<br>SWD UPG    | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE   | TS01_MIG  | 6,000,000  | 12,000,000 | 12,054,979 |                                      |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/504125.029         | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLE-<br>LA-WARD 4   | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_MIG  | 7,000,000  | 3,091,846  | 3,277,357  |                                      |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/504125.031         | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLE-<br>LA-WARD 7   | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_MIG  | 1,500,000  | •          |            |                                      |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/504125.032         | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>RD-VULINDLELA-WARD8            | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_MIG  | 1,700,000  |            |            |                                      |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/504125.033         | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLE-<br>LA-WARD 9   | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_MIG  | 7,700,000  | 8,000,000  | 8,480,000  |                                      |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/504125.037         | MIG:Z2:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-WILLOWF                  | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE   | TS01_MIG  | 1,000,000  |            |            |                                      |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/504125.042         | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VUL-WARD 1               | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_MIG  | 1,500,000  | 5,000,000  | 5,300,000  |                                      |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/504125.043         | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VUL-WARD 5               | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_MIG  | 7,000,000  | 13,000,000 | 13,780,000 |                                      |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/504125.055         | MIG:Z1: REHAB OF<br>BALENI ROAD SWEET-<br>WATER   | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_MIG  | 5,000,000  | 10,000,000 | 10,600,000 |                                      |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/504202.009         | MIG:ZA:ELIM OF CON-<br>SERV TANKS:SEWER           | ALL ZONES            | TS01_MIG  | 22,000,000 | 16,244,601 | 10,000,000 |                                      |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/504202.015         | MIG:Z3:SLANGSPRUIT<br>AMBLETON SANITATION<br>S    | ZONE3: IM-<br>BALI   | TS01_MIG  | 3,000,000  | 33,593,563 | 26,406,437 |                                      |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/504202.016         | MIG:Z2:VULINDLELA H/<br>HOLD SANITATION-W10       | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE   | TS01_MIG  | 15,300,000 | -          | 3,000,000  |                                      |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services | 1/504202.021         | MIG:Z2:EDENDALE -<br>SEWER RETIC - WARD 16        | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE   | TS01_MIG  | -          | 10,000,000 | 25,000,000 |                                      |

| Business                        | Funded Pro-          | Funded Program desc                               | REGIONS              | Fund       | 2024/24    | 2024/25    | 2025/26    | Motivation                   |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|---|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------------------------|
| Unit                            | gram                 |   |                      |            |            |            |            | MOLIVALIOII                  |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services    | 1/504202.025         | MIG:ZA:DARVIL SEWER OUTFALL                       | ALL ZONES            | TS01_MIG   | 65,477,640 | 65,339,400 | 37,182,960 |                              |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services    | 1/504787.008         | MIG:ZA:REDUCTION OF NON REVENUE WATER             | ALL ZONES            | TS01_MIG   | 11,064,500 | 14,000,000 | 15,000,000 |                              |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services    | 1/504787.026         | MIG:Z5:COPESVILLE<br>RESERVOIR                    | ZONE5:<br>NORTHERN   | TS01_MIG   | 15,000,000 | 12,383,235 | 21,753,423 |                              |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services    | 1/504787.030         | MIG:Z1:NCWADI PHASE 2A                            | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_MIG   | 22,860,000 | 12,780,000 | 22,360,000 |                              |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services    | 1/604560.020         | MIG:Z2: EDENDALE<br>WIREWALL PROJECT              | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE   | TS01_MIG   | 10,000,000 | 3,138,748  |            |                              |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services    | 1/704062.006         | MIG:Z1:HIGH MAST<br>LIGHTS-VUL & GREAT<br>EDN     | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_MIG   | 9,000,000  | 8,967,852  | 14,318,524 |                              |
| Infrastruc-<br>ture services    | 1/504787.041         |   | ALL ZONES            | RV01_LEVS  | 15,000,000 |            |            |                              |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | 1/604241.002         | NDPG:Z2:Edendale<br>Town Centre: Prome-<br>nade1  | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE   | TS01_NDPG  | 5,606,000  |            |            | Conditional grant allocation |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | 1/604241.016         | NDPG: Z4: ISF: CAMPS-<br>DRIFT DESILTING          | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL    | TS01_NDPG  | 8,600,000  | 7,500,000  | 8,000,000  | Conditional grant allocation |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | 1/604241.019         | NDPG:Z4:CIVIC ZONE<br>PHASE 1:MARKET STALLS       | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL    | TS01_NDPG  | 7,000,000  | 7,500,000  | 8,000,000  | Conditional grant allocation |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | 1/604241.020         | NDPG:Z2:CIVIC ZONE<br>PHASE 1:SKY BRIDGE          | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE   | TS01_NDPG  | 12,400,000 | 15,000,000 | 14,000,000 | Conditional grant allocation |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | 1/604241.003         | EDTEA:Z4:INFORMAL<br>ECONOMY INFRA-<br>STRUCTURE  | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL    | TS02_EDTEA | 1,000,000  |            |            | Conditional grant allocation |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | A/604270.A9H.<br>A52 | ACRD-<br>C:AH:NEW:NEW:COM-<br>PUTER EQUIPMENT     | ADM & HO             | TS02_ACRDC | 200,000    | 200,000    | 200,000    | As per reserves              |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | A/604270.A9H.<br>A53 | ACRDC:AH:NEW:NEW:-<br>FURNITURE & OFFICE<br>EQUIP | ADM & HO             | TS02_ACRDC | 500,000    | 500,000    | 500,000    | As per reserves              |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | 1/604480.007         | ART:Z4: CLIMATE CONTROL LIGHTING                  | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL    | TS02_ART   | 80,000     | 80,000     | 50,000     | As per grant allocation      |



| Business<br>Unit                | Funded Pro-<br>gram  | Funded Program desc                          | REGIONS            | Fund       | 2024/24     | 2024/25     | 2025/26     | Motivation                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|--|--------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---|
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | A/604480.5Z4.<br>A60 | ART:Z4:NEW:MACHIN-<br>ERY & EQUIP AIR COND   | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL  | TS02_ART   | 200,000     | 251,000     | 300,000     | as per grant allocation                       |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | A/604480.5Z4.<br>A53 | ART:Z4:NEW:FURNITURE<br>& EQUIPMENT          | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL  | TS02_ART   | 60,000      | 40,000      | 40,000      | as per grant allocation                       |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | A/604480.5Z4.<br>A60 | ART:Z4:NEW:MACHIN-<br>ERY & EQUIPMENT        | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL  | TS02_ART   | 20,000      | 20,000      | 20,000      | as per grant allocation                       |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | A/604480.5Z4.<br>A05 | ART:Z4:NEW:HERITAGE<br>ASSETS                | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL  | TS02_ART   | 60,000      | 85,000      | 93,000      | as per grant allocation                       |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | A/604508.A24.<br>A53 | PRVOT:Z4:NEW:FURN-<br>TURE & EQUIPMENT       | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL  | TS01_PRVOT | 100,000     |             |             | Departure and arrival lounge furniturn        |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | 1/604508.011         | PRVOT:Z4:NEW ILLUMI-<br>NATING AIRPORT FENCE | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL  | TS01_PRVOT | 800,000     |             |             | illumination of fence                         |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | A/604508.A24.<br>A60 | PRVOT:Z4:NEW:MA-<br>CHINERY & EQUIP          | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL  | TS01_PRVOT | 2,100,000   |             |             | Explosive detection devices and New Generator |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | 1/604560.020         | MSU1/I/604560.020                            | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE | TS01_MIG   | 3,000,000   | 3,138,748   |             | Project implementation plan 23,24             |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | 1/604560.022         | UISPG:Z2:KWA 30 HOUS-<br>ING PROJECT-BULK    | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE | TS02_UISP  | 13,282,976  |             |             | Per Dora and DOHS business plan               |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | 1/604560.021         | UISPG:Z2:KHALANYONI<br>HSNG PROJECT          | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE | TS02_UISP  | 45,112,439  |             |             | Per Dora and DOHS business plan               |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | 1/604560.024         | UISPG:Z2:HAREWOOD<br>HOUSING PROJECT         | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE | TS02_UISP  | 57,800,000  |             |             | Per Dora and DOHS business plan               |
| Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment | 1/604560.006         | HSE:Z4:DOHS JIKA JOE<br>HOUSING DEVELOPM     | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE | TS02_HSE   | 14,850,000  |             |             | Per Dora and DOHS business plan               |
|                                 |                      |  |                    |            | 768,700,055 | 581,309,343 | 447,881,560 |   |



The table below summarises the Msunduzi Municipal Budget.

TABLE 13: MSUNDUZI BUDGET 2022-23

| KZN225 Msunduzi - Table A4 Consolidated Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure) |     |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |                       |                      |                           |                              |                              |
|--|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Description  | Ref | 2018/19            | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | Current Year 2021/22 2022/23 Medium Term Reven<br>& Expenditure Framework |                    |                       |                      |                           |                              |                              |
| R thousand   | 1   | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget  | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Pre-audit<br>outcome | Budget<br>Year<br>2022/23 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2024/25 |
| D the core of  | 4   |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |                       |                      |                           |                              |                              |
| R thousand   | 1   |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |                       |                      |                           |                              |                              |
| Revenue By Source  | 2   | 930,980            | 1 177 100          | 1 204 676          | 1 221 270   | 1,321,379          | 1 221 270             |                      | 1 427 000                 | 1 512 714                    | 1 402 477                    |
| Property rates   | 2   | ,                  | 1,177,108          |                    |   |                    |                       | _                    |                           | 1,512,714                    | 1,603,477                    |
| Service charges - electricity revenue  | 2   | 2,032,238          | 2,159,912          |                    |   | , ,                | , ,                   | _                    | 3,183,150                 | 3,323,208                    | 3,472,753                    |
| Service charges - water revenue  | 2   | 649,734            | 662,849            | 765,358            | 773,217   | 773,217            | 773,217               | -                    | 819,610                   | 855,673                      | 894,179                      |
| Service charges - sanitation revenue   | 2   | 161,145            | 172,221            | 164,794            | 160,155   | 160,155            | 160,155               | -                    | 174,569                   | 182,250                      | 190,451                      |
| Service charges - refuse revenue   | 2   | 99,492             | 109,639            | 108,298            | 122,557   | 122,557            | 122,557               | -                    | 129,665                   | 135,370                      | 141,462                      |
|  |     |                    |                    | ,                  |   |                    |                       |                      |                           |                              | ,                            |
| Rental of facilities and equipment   |     | 20,618             | 43,597             | 14,559             | 30,635  | 30,635             | 30,635                |                      | 37,424                    | 39,071                       | 40,829                       |
| Interest earned - external   |     | 20,379             | 14,116             | 8,456              | 16,077  | 16,077             | 16,077                |                      | 17,030                    | 18,057                       | 19,141                       |
| investments  |     | ŕ                  | ŕ                  | ·                  | ŕ   | ŕ                  | ŕ                     |                      |                           | ŕ                            | ,                            |
| Interest earned - outstanding debtors  |     | 218,926            | 292,254            | 188,635            | 213,289   | 213,289            | 213,289               |                      | 225,218                   | 238,037                      | 98,801                       |
| Dividends received   |     |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |                       |                      |                           |                              |                              |
| Fines, penalties and forfeits  |     | 12,557             | 13,273             | 16,062             | 1,895   | 1,895              | 1,895                 |                      | 2,005                     | 2,093                        | 2,187                        |
| Licences and permits   |     | 830                | 604                | 603                | 1,179   | 1,179              | 1,179                 |                      | 1,500                     | 1,566                        | 1,636                        |
| Agency services  |     | 1,970              | 1,090              | 1,931              | 634   | 634                | 634                   |                      | 668                       | 697                          | 729                          |
| Transfers and subsidies  |     | 602,211            | 637,128            | 757,156            | 661,216   | 725,957            | 725,957               |                      | 855,842                   | 828,076                      | 888,580                      |
| Other revenue  | 2   | 95,457             | 127,203            | 62,639             | 154,287   | 154,287            | 154,287               | -                    | 177,000                   | 194,855                      | 203,624                      |
| Gains  |     | (0)                | 107,065            | 66,361             |   |                    |                       |                      |                           |                              |                              |
| Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)                                    |     | 4,846,536          | 5,518,060          | 5,509,374          | 6,418,414   | 6,483,155          | 6,483,155             | -                    | 7,050,770                 | 7,331,670                    | 7,557,848                    |
|  |     |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |                       |                      |                           |                              |                              |
| Expenditure By Type  |     |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |                       |                      |                           |                              |                              |
| Employee related costs   | 2   | 952,346            | 1,242,960          | 1,424,849          | 1,538,090   | 1,563,391          | 1,563,391             | -                    | , ,                       | 1,702,304                    | 1,824,493                    |
| Remuneration of councillors  |     | 44,131             | 43,759             | 51,641             | 56,333  | 56,333             | 56,333                |                      | 59,431                    | 62,046                       | 64,838                       |

| KZN225 Msunduzi - Table A4 Consolidated Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure) |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
|--|------|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| 2022/23 Modium Torm Povonus  |      |           |              |           |                                       |           | m Revenue |           |             |           |                          |
| Description  | Kei  | 2010/19   | 2019/20      | 2020/21   | Current Year 2021/22 & Expenditure Fr |           |           |           | nditure Fra | mework    |                          |
|  |      | Audited   | Audited      | Audited   | Original                              | Adjusted  | Full Vear | Pre-audit | Budget      | Budget    | Budget                   |
| R thousand   | 1    | Outcome   | Outcome      | Outcome   | Budget                                | Budget    |           | outcome   | Year        | Year +1   | Year +2                  |
|  |      | Outcome   | Outcome      | Outcome   | Duaget                                | Duuget    | Torccust  | outcome   | 2022/23     | 2024/24   | 2024/25                  |
|  |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           | 227 224     |           |                          |
| Debt impairment  | 3    | 10,346    | 588,849      | , ,       | •                                     |           |           |           | 300,000     | 313,200   | 327,294                  |
| Depreciation & asset impairment  | 2    | 454,389   | 424,312      | 380,262   |                                       |           | •         |           | 441,964     | 465,830   | 491,451                  |
| Finance charges  | 2    | 54,810    | 50,464       | 42,537    |                                       |           |           |           | 94,217      | 81,084    | 70,193                   |
| Bulk purchases - electricity   | 2    | 1,575,445 |              | 2,659,404 |                                       |           |           |           |             | 2,296,800 |                          |
| Inventory consumed   | 8    | 613,165   | 57,162       | 58,157    |                                       | 837,717   |           |           | 871,509     | 901,403   | 947,067                  |
| Contracted services  |      | 574,703   | 475,123      | 550,154   | 655,391                               | 731,230   |           |           | 664,657     | 689,034   | 795,488                  |
| Transfers and subsidies  |      | 26,091    | 25,307       | 16,870    |                                       |           |           |           | 63,469      | 66,128    | 69,104                   |
| Other expenditure  | 4, 5 | 197,670   | 218,610      | 157,535   | •                                     | 199,596   | 199,596   | -         | 180,000     | 174,624   | 226,484                  |
| Losses   |      | 4 502 005 | 109,087      | 17,248    |                                       | -         | -         |           |             |           | <b>7</b> 044 <b>5</b> 40 |
| Total Expenditure  |      | 4,503,095 | 5,726,758    | 6,403,133 | 6,118,414                             | 6,240,523 | 6,240,523 | -         | 6,454,947   | 6,/52,453 | 7,216,568                |
| 6 1 (6 6 1)  |      | 2 12 1 11 | (2.22. (2.2) | (000 7(0) | 200 000                               | 0.40.400  | 0.40.400  |           | 505.000     | 570.044   | 244 224                  |
| Surplus/(Deficit)  |      | 343,441   | (208,699)    | (893,760) | 300,000                               | 242,632   | 242,632   | -         | 595,823     | 579,216   | 341,281                  |
| Transfers and subsidies - capital  |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           | 446,431     | 472,680   | 485,916                  |
| (monetary allocations) (National /   |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
| Provincial and District)   |      |           |              |           |                                       | 100 101   | 100 171   |           |             |           |                          |
| Transfers and subsidies - capital  | 6    | 414,431   | 431,549      | 498,746   | 380,797                               | 429,671   | 429,671   |           |             |           |                          |
| (monetary allocations) (National /   |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
| Provincial Departmental Agencies,  |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
| Households, Non-profit Institutions,   |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
| Private Enterprises, Public  |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
| Corporatons, Higher Educational  |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
| Institutions)  |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
| Transfers and subsidies - capital  |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
| (in-kind - all)  |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
| Surplus/(Deficit) after capital  |      | 757,872   | 222,850      | (395,014) | 680,797                               | 672,303   | 672,303   | -         | 1,042,254   | 1,051,896 | 827,197                  |
| transfers & contributions  |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
| Taxation   |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
| Surplus/(Deficit) after taxation   |      | 757,872   | 222,850      | (395,014) | 680,797                               | 672,303   | 672,303   | _         | 1,042,254   | 1,051,896 | 827,197                  |
| Attributable to minorities   |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
| Surplus/(Deficit) attributable to  |      | 757,872   | 222,850      | (395,014) | 680,797                               | 672,303   | 672,303   | -         | 1,042,254   | 1,051,896 | 827,197                  |
| municipality   |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
| Share of surplus/ (deficit) of   | 7    |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
| associate  |      |           |              |           |                                       |           |           |           |             |           |                          |
|  |      | 757,872   | 222,850      | (395,014) | 680,797                               | 672,303   | 672,303   | -         | 1,042,254   | 1,051,896 | 827,197                  |





### A.7 KEY MUNICIPAL REPORTS

#### A.7.1 LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLAN

The approachadopted in the development of the long-term financing plan for this projectinvolvedrelevantresearch, interviews and an analysis of relevant documentation to ascertain institutional, service delivery, infrastructure and financial challenges impacting the performance and service delivery imperatives of the Municipality.

The long-term financing plan and project identification follows the following process:

#### FIGURE 3

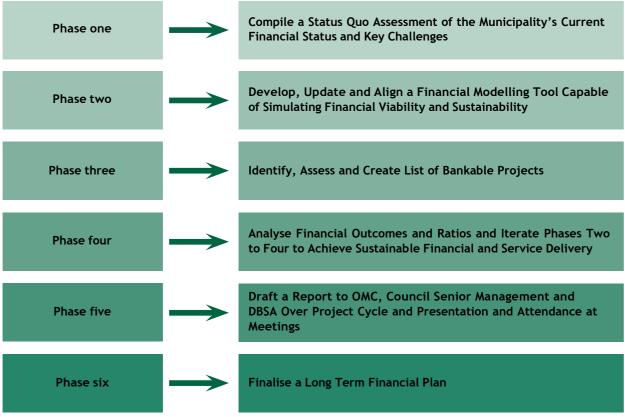


Figure 1: Project Prioritisation Process

### A.7.2 ANNUAL REPORT

Msunduzi Municipality prepares its Annual Report based on the legislative prescripts as per below.

The Municipal Finance Management Act No. 56 of 2003, Chapter 12, prescribes that every municipality must for each financial year prepare an annual report in accordance with this Chapter. The council of a municipality must within nine months after the end of a financial year deal with the annual report of the municipality and of any municipal entity under the municipality's sole or shared control in accordance with section 129.

The purpose of an annual report is -

- to provide a record of the activities of the municipality or municipal entity during the financial year to which the report relates;
- to provide a report on performance against the budget of the municipality or municipal entity for the financial year; and
- to promote accountability to the local community for the decisions made throughout the year by the municipality or municipal entity.

The annual report of municipality must include -

- the annual financial statements of the municipality, and in addition if section 122 (2)applies, consolidated annual financial statements, as submitted to the Auditor-General for audit in terms of section 126 (1);
- the Auditor-General's audit report in terms of section 126 (3) on those financial statements;



• the annual performance report of the municipality prepared by the municipality in terms of section 46 of the Municipal Systems Act.

The accounting officer of a municipality must prepare the annual financial statements of the municipality and, within two months after the end of the financial year to which those statements relate, submit those statements to the Auditor-General for auditing and the accounting officer of a municipal entity must prepare the annual financial statements of the entity and, within two months after the end of the financial year to which those statements relate, submit those statements to the parent municipality of the entity and the Auditor-General for auditing. The Auditor-General must audit those financial statements and submit an audit report to the accounting officer of the municipality or entity within three months of the receipt of the statements.

The mayor of a municipality must, within seven months after the end of a financial year, table in the municipal council the annual report of the municipality and of any municipal entity under the municipality's sole or shared control.

The council of a municipality must consider the annual report of the municipality & municipal entity and by no later than two months from the date on which the annual report was tabled in council, adopt an oversight report containing council's comments on the annual report which must include a statement whether the council -

- has approved the annual report without reservations;
- has rejected the annual report;
- or has referred the annual report back for the revision of those components that can be revised.

In order to comply with the aforementioned legislation, Msunduzi Municipality developed and implements the following process plan annually:

|     | TABLE 13: ANNUAL REPORT PROCESS   |   |
|-----|---|---|
| NO: | DESCRIPTION:  | TIMEFRAME:  |
| 1.  | Data Collection, Preparation and finalization of the annual performance report (SBU's to supply information.  | July 1 - August   |
| 2.  | Preparation and finalization of the annual financial statements / consolidated financial statements   | July - August   |
| 3.  | Submission of the annual financial statements/consolidated financial statements and the Annual Performance Report to the Auditor General for auditing   | On or before the 31 August                                |
| 4.  | Safe City (Municipal Entity) to submit to the Municipality and the Auditor<br>General its annual financial statements for auditing  | On or before the 31 August                                |
| 5.  | Data collection commences for the compilation of a first draft of the annual report - an e-mail with a template attached will be forwarded to respective individuals responsible for required information submissions in order to complete the annual report - Submissions to be received by the end of September. COMMENCEMENT OF THE OVERSIGHT PROCESS. | September   |
| 6.  | Finalize 1st draft of the Annual report and forward to the Municipal Manager for comment  | 1st - 9th of November                                     |
| 7.  | Draft completed and forwarded to Auditor General for comments / changes if required   | 9th - 16th of November                                    |
| 8.  | 2nd draft of Annual report completed and forwarded to Municipal Manager for comment.  | On or before the 30th of November                         |
| 9.  | Engage appointed service provider - produce drafts of the Annual Report   | December  |
| 10. | Finalized, published and printed annual report by service provider  | 1st week of January                                       |
| 11. | Annual report table by the Mayor at Full Council  | On or before the 31st of January                          |
| 12. | Tabled annual report to be made accessible to the public  | Within 14 days from the date of tabling the annual report |
| 13. | A copy of the report to be submitted to the MEC for local government in KZN, the Auditor General, Provincial Legislature and National Treasury.   | Within 14 days from the date of tabling the annual report |



|     | TABLE 13: ANNUAL REPORT PROCESS  |                               |  |  |  |  |
|-----|--|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| NO: | DESCRIPTION:   | TIMEFRAME:                    |  |  |  |  |
| 14. | Oversight report on Annual Report to commence once Annual Report has been tabled at Full Council - Oversight report to be completed within two months of the Tabling of the Annual Report to Full Council. |                               |  |  |  |  |
| 15  | Oversight report made available to the public within seven days of being tabled in Council   | On or before the 6th of April |  |  |  |  |

The above plan serves as a strict guideline in order to ensure the Annual Performance Report, Annual Report and Oversight Report is developed, submitted and approved on time.

## SECTION B-CHAPTER 2: PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT PRINCIPLES & GOVERNMENT POLICIES AND IMPERATIVES

### B.1 INTRODUCTION

This section identifies key Planning and Development Principles that guide the IDP and planning decision-making in the Municipality. Also included in this section is a summary of the applicable government priorities and policies guiding organs of state and the Msunduzi Municipality.

### B.2 PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT PRINCIPLES FOR THE MSUNDUZI IDP

The following principles underpin the Msunduzi IDP:

- Compact urban form is desirable;
- The discouragement of urban sprawl by encouraging settlement at existing and proposed nodes and settlement corridors, whilst also promoting densification. Future settlement and economic development opportunities should be channelled into activity corridors and nodes that are adjacent to or that link the main growth centre;
- The direction of new development towards logical infill areas;
- Development/investment should be focussed on localities of economic growth and/or economic potential;
- Planning and subsequent development must strive to provide the highest level of accessibility to resources, services, and opportunities (KZN PGDS);
- Basic services (water, sanitation, access, and energy) must be provided to all households;
- Balance between urban and rural land development in support of each other;
- Prime and unique agricultural land, the environment, and other protected lands must be protected and land must be safely utilised (SPLUMA);
- If there is a need for low- income housing, it must be provided in close proximity to areas of opportunity (Breaking New Ground- Department of Human Settlement);
- The principle of self-sufficiency must be promoted. Development must be located in a way that reduces the need to travel, especially by car, and enables people, as far as possible, to meet their needs locally. Furthermore, this principle is underpinned by an assessment of each area's unique competencies towards its own self- reliance and need to consider the environment, human skills, infrastructure, and capital available to a specific area, and how it could contribute to the increase of its self-sufficiency (KZN PGDS).

### B.3 POLICY FRAMEWORK

### B.3.1 THE MUNICIPAL SYSTEMS ACT (32 OF 2000)

The Municipal Systems Act (MSA) is the key piece of legislation guiding the preparation of IDPs. Section 26 of the act compels all municipalities to prepare IDPs as their primary and overriding management tool. Section 26 also lists key components that an IDP must reflect, which are summarized as follows:

- The Council's Vision for the long-term development of the Municipality;
- An assessment of the existing level of development within the Municipality, including the identification of communities without access to basic municipal services;
- Council's development priorities and objectives, inclusive of its local economic development aims, as well
  as the internal transformation needs;
- Council's development strategies, which must be aligned with any national or provincial plans and planning requirements binding on the Municipality in terms of legislation;
- A municipal Spatial Development Framework (SDF), which must include the provision of basic guidelines for the Land Use Management System (LUMS) of the Municipality; and
- Key Performance Indicators and targets determined through an organizational performance system, based on the priorities identified in the IDP.



### MUNICIPAL PLANNING AND PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS (2001)

Additionally, Msunduzi Municipality's Integrated Development Planning is also guided by the Local Government: Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 2001. These regulations outline the compulsory municipal performance management system. The regulations also dictate what the IDP should comprise of, including the institutional framework, investment and development initiatives, plans and projects to be implemented as well as Key Performance Indicators as identified by the Municipality. Moreover, the regulations articulate that the IDP may include a Financial Plan for sound financial management, Spatial Development Framework and the Disaster Management Plan. The Municipal Planning and Performance Regulations further guide the review and amendment of the Integrated Development Plan.

### B.3.2 THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDG)

At the United Nations Sustainable Development Summit on 25th September 2015, world leaders adopted the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, which includes a set of 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) to end poverty, fight inequality and injustice, and tackle climate change by 2030. The Sustainable Development Goals, therefore, build on the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs); eight anti-poverty targets that the world committed to achieving by 2015.

The MDGs, adopted in 2000, aimed at an array of issues that included slashing poverty, hunger, disease, gender inequality, and access to water and sanitation. Enormous progress has been made on the MDGs, showing the value of a unifying agenda underpinned by goals and targets. Despite this success, the indignity of poverty has not been ended for all. The new SDGs, and the broader sustainability agenda, go much further than the MDGs, addressing the root causes of poverty and the universal need for development that works for all people. The Sustainable Development Goals are summarised as follows:





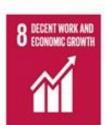
































The Sustainable Development Goals will therefore complete the aims of the Millennium Development Goals, and ensure that no one is left behind.

### TABLE 14: ALIGNMENT TO THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

| Msunduzi Goal 1: Governance and Policy                   |                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Aligned SDG Goals: 11,16                                 | Aligned key projects/Budget Spend |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Msunduzi Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure |                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aligned SDG Goals: 11,7,13,6,5                           | Aligned key projects/budget spend |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Msunduzi Goal 3: Human and community development         |                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aligned SDG Goals: 16,11,17,13                           | Aligned key projects/budget Spend |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Msunduzi Goal 4: Financial Viability                     |                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aligned SDG Goals: 16                                    | Aligned key projects/budget Spend |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Msunduzi Goal 5: Economic Growth and Development         |                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aligned SDG Goals: 8,9,10,11,12,1                        | Aligned key projects/budget Spend |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Msunduzi Goal 6: Spatial Equity & Human Settlements      |                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aligned SDG Goals: 11,7                                  | Aligned key projects/budget Spend |  |  |  |  |  |

### B.3.3 THE NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN (VISION 2030)

The National Development Plan (NDP) is a long-term South African development plan, developed by the National Planning Commission in collaboration and consultation with South Africans from all walks of life. The NDP is regarded as South Africa's blueprint that was released in 2011 and is meant to serve as a guide for addressing the challenges facing South Africa. The NDP aims to eliminate poverty and reduce inequality by 2030 and serves as an action plan for securing the future of South Africans as charted in the constitution. It indicates that South Africa can realize these goals by drawing on the energies of its people, growing an inclusive economy, building capabilities, enhancing the capacity of the state, and promoting leadership and partnerships throughout society. In the NPC's Diagnostic Report (2011), the NPC identified nine primary challenges facing the country (which are also prevalent in the Msunduzi Municipality), namely:

- Too few people work;
- The quality of school education for black people is poor;
- Infrastructure is poorly located, inadequate, and under- maintained;
- Spatial divides hobble inclusive development;
- The economy is unsustainably resource intensive;
- The public health system cannot meet demand or sustain quality;
- Public services are uneven and often of poor quality;
- Corruption levels are high; and
- South Africa remains a divided society.

In addressing these concerns, the NDP sets out six interlinked priorities, namely:

- Uniting South Africans of different races and ethnicities around a common programme to alleviate poverty and reduce inequality
- Encourage citizens to be active in their own development, in strengthening democracy and in holding their government accountable
- Ensuring accelerated economic growth, promoting exports and making the economy more labour absorbing.
- Focusing on key capabilities of both people and the country.
- Capabilities include skills, infrastructure, social security, strong institutions and partnerships both within the country and with key international partners
- Building a capable and developmental state.
- Encouraging leadership throughout society that works in collaboration in solving problems.



The NDP is a plan for all South Africans, which provides a framework to guide key choices and actions of both civil society and the state. Amongst other things, the NDP depends on municipal IDPs to unpack and operationalize these priorities, something which this IDP strives to do through its objectives and strategies. The figure below summarizes the approach to change outlined in the NDP

FIGURE 4: APPROACH TO CHANGE OUTLINED IN THE NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN



National Development Plan: Vision 2030



Within the IDP, cognisance has been taken of the key action areas identified in the plan, with particular focus on the areas on the following page:

TABLE 15: NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN OBJECTIVES AND ACTIONS WITH RELEVANCE TO MSUNDUZI

| OBJECTIVES             | ACTIONS   | MUNICIPAL RESPONSE   |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Economy and Employment | <ul> <li>Reducing the costs of living for poor households and costs of doing business through micro economic reforms;</li> <li>Develop proposals for an acceptable minimum standard of living and proposals on how to achieve this over time.</li> <li>Remove the most pressing constraints on growth, investment, and job creation, including energy generation and distribution, urban planning, etc.</li> <li>Broaden the extended public works programme to create full-time equivalent jobs by 2024/25.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>The municipality invested in the utilization of the indigent register, which rests with the consumers with low income and cannot afford to pay the full municipal tariffs for services received.</li> <li>The Msunduzi Electricity Unit is licenced by the National Electricity Regulator of South Africa (NERSA) to supply electricity to 50% of the total customer in the Municipality's area of jurisdiction and the other 50%, which comprises of the Greater Edendale and Vulindlela areas is supplied by Eskom.</li> <li>Through collaboration with other forms of government, the municipality has a number of projects planned for the 2024/25 financial year.</li> <li>In terms of EPWP, the municipality has achieved employing 253 people out of the target of 954 for Full-Time Equivalents.</li> </ul> |



#### ECONOMIC INFRASTRUCTURE

- Ring- fence the electricity distribution businesses of the 12 largest municipalities (which account for 80% of supply), resolve maintenance and refurbishment backlogs, and develop a financing plan, alongside investment in human capital.
- Revise national electrification plan and ensure 90% grid access by 2030 (with balance met through off-grid technologies).
- A comprehensive management strategy, including an investment programme for water resource development, bulk water supply, and wastewater management for major centers by 2024/25, with reviews every five years.
- Consolidate and selectively expand transport and logistical infrastructure, with one key focus area being improved public transport infrastructure and systems including the renewal of the commuter rail fleet, supported by enhanced links with road-based services.
- Establish a national, regional and municipal fibre optic network to provide the backbone for broadband access; driven by private investment, complemented by public funds required to meet social objectives.
- Environmental Sustainability and Resilience
- Put in place a regulatory framework for land use, to ensure the conservation and restoration of protected areas.
- Carbon price, building standards, vehicle emission standards, and municipal regulations to achieve scale in stimulating renewable energy, waste recycling, and in retrofitting buildings.
- Carbon-pricing mechanisms supported by a wider suite of mitigation policy instruments to drive energy efficiency.
- All new buildings to meet the energy-efficiency criteria set out in South African National Standard 204.
- Chanel public investment into research, new agricultural technologies for commercial farming, as well as for the development of adaption strategies and support services for Small- scale and rural farmers.

- The refurbishment backlogs are being attended to i.e. the Eastwood Primary substation refurbishment has commenced through grant from COGTA.
- Regulation and investment ensured and improved per FY.
- Maintenance, strategic expansion, operational efficiency, capacity and competitiveness of our logistics and transport infrastructure ensured: road, rail and public transport infrastructure and systems evaluated consistently.
- Integrated National Electrification
   Grants allocations received from Eskom
   and the electrification connections
   proceeding.
- Renewal and construction of Economic infrastructure is taking place within the municipality under the Local Economic Development notion.
- Although funding is currently an issue, however the rehabilitation of roads is taking place within the municipal areas.

- The municipal SDF covers the area that falls within municipal jurisdiction as stipulated in the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act 16 of 2013.
- In every spatial planning, the municipality fully complies with all the principles of SPLUMA.
- Msunduzi is a city protecting our natural environment, our native plants and animal habitats, limiting pollution, greening the city, and using our natural resources, such as water, wisely.
- Msunduzi has widespread use for renewable energy supplies, including but not limited to: solar, wind, and hydropower.



| Inclusive Rural<br>Economy                   | <ul> <li>Rural economies will be activated through improved infrastructure and service delivery, a review of land tenure, service to small and micro farmers, a review of the mining industry commitments to social investment, and tourism investments.</li> <li>Create tenure security for communal farmers, especially women, investigate different forms of financing and vesting private property rights in land reform beneficiaries that do not hamper beneficiaries with a high debt burden.</li> </ul>  |   |
|--|--|---|
| Transforming<br>Human<br>Settlements         | <ul> <li>Reform of the current planning system for improved coordination.</li> <li>Develop a strategy for densification of cities and resource allocation to promote better-located housing and settlement.</li> <li>Introduce spatial development framework and norms, including improving balance between location of jobs and people.</li> <li>Provide incentives for citizen activity for local planning and development of spatial compacts.</li> <li>Introduce mechanisms that would make land markets work more effective for the poor and</li> <li>Support rural and urban livelihoods.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>The municipal Human settlements unit is dedicated in providing quality support to the citizens.</li> <li>There are a number of projects under implementation, construction and completion stages.</li> <li>The Human Settlement unit complies with Section 26 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa of 1996 and Section 3 of the Housing Act of 1997 to establish and facilitate sustainable housing development process with the municipality.</li> </ul> |
| Improving Education, Training and Innovation | <ul> <li>Strengthen coordination between departments, as well as the private and non- profit sectors. Focus should be on routine day-to-day coordination between units of departments that do similar work.</li> <li>The interests of all stakeholders should be aligned in support of the common goal of</li> <li>Achieving good educational outcomes that are responsive to community needs and economic development.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>The Msunduzi Municipal Library services provides a study area in all 11 branches and a Travelling Library service to schools that have no access to books.</li> <li>The municipality has implemented the EPWP project, which delivers community services including Early Childhood Development.</li> </ul>   |

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| Social Protection                          | <ul> <li>Together with social partners, determine a social floor that can progressively be realized through rising employment, higher earnings and social grants and other aspects of the social wage.</li> <li>Pilot mechanisms and incentives to assist the unemployed to access the labour market.</li> <li>Expand existing public employment initiatives to create opportunities for the unemployed.</li> <li>Promote healthy diets physical activities for health reasons.</li> </ul>  |
|--|---|
| Building Safer<br>Communities              | <ul> <li>Safety audits in all communities focusing on crime and safety conditions of the most vulnerable in the community.</li> <li>Increase community participation in crime prevention and safety initiatives.</li> <li>Mobilise youth for inner-city safety to secure safe places and spaces for young people.</li> </ul>  |
| Building a Capable and Developmental State | <ul> <li>Use differentiation to ensure a better fit between the capacity and responsibilities of provinces and municipalities. Take a more proactive approach to resolving coordination problems and a more long-term approach to building capacity.</li> <li>Develop regional utilities to deliver some local government services on an agency basis, where municipalities or districts lack capacity.</li> <li>Adopt a less hierarchical approach to coordination so that routine issues can be dealt with on a day- to- day basis between mid-level officials. Use the cluster system to focus on strategic cross- cutting issues and the Presidency to bring different parties together when coordination breaks down.</li> </ul> |



## Fighting Corruption

- The capacity of corruption-fighting agencies should be enhanced and public education should be part of the mandate of the anti-corruption agency.
- An accountability framework should be developed linking the liability of individual public servants to their responsibilities in proportion to their seniority.
- Restraint-of-trade agreements for senior civil servants and politicians at all levels of government.
- All corrupt officials should be made individually liable for all losses incurred as a result of their corrupt actions.
- The Municipality has an anti-Fraud and corruption Framework that is made of Anti-Fraud and Corruption policy, strategy and whistleblowing policy. The framework is reviewed when need arises and is approved by council.
- The whistleblowing policy ensures that whistleblowers are protected from possible reprisals or victimization in case of made disclosure.
- The Municipality does not hesitate in taking correct disciplinary measures against corrupt actions after proper investigation by Forensic investigation Sub-unit.

#### Nation Building and Social Cohesion

- Sustained campaigns against racism, sexism, homophobia and xenophobia.
- Improving public services and spaces as well as building integrated housing and sports facilities in communities to ensure sharing of common spaces across race and class.
- Incentivizing the production and distribution of all art forms that facilitate healing, nation building and dialogue.
- Promote citizen participation in forums such as Integrated Development Plans, Ward Committees, School Governing Boards and Community Policing Forums.
- Work towards a social compact for growth, employment and equity.

- The Msunduzi municipality has a number of facilities for social cohesion such as Sport grounds, Parks, Pools, Libraries and Other municipal buildings where different races meet.
- In terms of citizen participation in forums, the municipality does invite community members and traditional authorities into forums.
- The municipality, together with the Department of Economic Development and Tourism Affairs (EDTEA) has initiated the Informal Economy Infrastructure Project which is geared towards the refurbishment and development of informal market stalls and facilities.

Table 9 indicates the NDP objectives with relevance to the Msunduzi Municipality. The strategic framework of the IDP addresses these objectives.

#### B.3.4 FINAL NATIONAL SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK (NSDF), 2022

This National Spatial Development Framework (NSDF) seeks to make a bold and decisive contribution to bringing about the peaceful, prosperous and truly transformed South Africa, as articulated in the Freedom Charter, the Reconstruction and Development Programme and the National Development Plan. This Framework is mandated by Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act 16 of 2013.

The NSDF identifies the N3 as a national development corridor, which serves to connect urban centres. The Msunduzi Municipality commonly known as Pietermaritzburg or the "City of Choice" is located along the N3 at a junction of an industrial corridor 80km inland from Durban on the major road route between the busiest harbour in Africa, and the national economic power houses of Johannesburg and Pretoria.

The Msunduzi municipality covers an area of 635 km² with an estimated population of 817 725 people according to Census 2022 results. The city of Pietermaritzburg is located within the Msunduzi local municipal area, is the second largest city within KwaZulu-Natal and the Capital City of the Province. The surrounding municipalities and towns access various connectivity and growth opportunities through Msunduzi, across sectors such as Tourism and Agriculture.

#### B.3.5 GOVERNMENT OUTCOMES 1 - 14

The Government's outcome-based approach arose out of a realisation by government that change was not happening as rapidly and effectively as required. It noted that progress was being made in many areas, and that greater access to services was being provided to many communities. However, government was not achieving the outcomes to ensure a "better life for all" and many communities were rightly impatient with the quality, relevance, and adequacy of government service delivery.



Out of this backdrop the outcomes approach was developed ensuring that government is focused on achieving the expected real improvements in the lives of South Africans. The approach clarifies what is expected to be achieved, how it will be done, and where it will take place. It insists that the different spheres of government improve the lives of citizens rather than just carrying out their functions. The twelve outcomes are summarised below:

- 1. Improved quality of basic education;
- 2. A long and healthy life for all South Africans;
- 3. All people in South Africa are and feel safe;
- 4. Decent employment through inclusive economic growth;
- 5. A skilled and capable workforce to support an inclusive growth path;
- 6. An efficient, competitive, and responsive economic infrastructure network;
- 7. Vibrant, equitable, and sustainable rural communities, with food security for all;
- 8. Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life;
- 9. A responsive, accountable, effective, and efficient local government system;
- 10. Environmental assets and natural resources that are well protected and continually enhanced;
- 11. Creation of a better South Africa, and contributing to a better and safer Africa and World; and
- 12. An efficient, effective, and development-oriented public service and an empowered, fair, and inclusive citizenship
- 13. A comprehensive, responsive and sustainable social protection system.
- 14. A diverse, socially cohesive society with a common national identity

These outcomes provide strategic focus and do not cover the whole of government's work and activities. The IDP document addresses each of these outcomes and municipal strategies have been designed accordingly.

#### B.3.6 NATIONAL PRIORITIES STATE OF THE NATION 2024

Delivering his State of the Nation Address, the honourable President Cyril Ramaphosa sets out the government's key policy objectives and deliverables for the year ahead. He flags the challenges and outlines interventions to unlock our nation's potential. The address is an important milestone as it brings certainty to the country's political, social, and economic landscape. It demonstrates that South Africa's democracy remains robust.

Furthermore, he indicated that three years ago, our country was devastated by the worst global pandemic in living memory and thousands of lives were lost, companies closed, and jobs were lost. However, working together we overcame that crisis, and we have started to recover and today our economy is larger than it was before the pandemic. Between the third quarters of 2021 and 2022, around one and a half million new jobs were created in our economy.

Additionally, the president articulated that the focus will remain on the priorities identified as (1) Loadshedding, (2) Unemployment, (3) Poverty and the rising cost of living, (4) crime and corruption. In relation to the aforementioned national priorities, in 2024 Msunduzi Municipality will see to the provision of the Sweetwaters Bulk Electricity Infrastructure Installation and Electricity Network Upgrade as one priority that the Msunduzi council has identified to be addressed in our city. Secondly the Municipality has employed over 200 General assistants and continues recruiting EPWP workers to address the issue of unemployment in the city. Over and above that, internally Msunduzi Municipality has recruited and is still in the process of recruiting employees to decrease the vacancy rate and improve capacity. Furthermore, Msunduzi Municipality as the capital city has registered more than 30 cases of fraud and corruption since 2020. The Municipality also encourages citizens to continue to report any acts of corruption to the authorities as a means to fight against the prevalent fraud and corruption.

Honourable President Ramaphosa further articulated that last year he announced an Energy Action Plan to address the energy crisis that we are experiencing as a country, the plan outlined five key interventions and the 4000-6000MW electricity shortfall. The interventions include (1) the fixing of Eskom's Coal-fired stations and improve the ability of existing supply, (2) enable and accelerate private investment in generation capacity, (3) to accelerate procurement of new capacity from renewables, gas and battery storage, (4) unleash businesses and households to invest in rooftop solar, (5) to fundamentally transform the electricity sector to achieve long-term energy security. Over and above the President expressed that one of the potent reforms we have embarked upon is to allow private developers to generate electricity. There are now more than 100 projects, which are expected to provide over 9 000 MW of new capacity over time. Msunduzi Municipality has embarked in a project that is set to generate 1000MW to contribute to the 9000MW.



Furthermore, Eskom has a project in Vulindlela (Ward 8) where they install a battery to assist with the load reduction and ease the use of electricity in Vulindlela. With that said the municipality has encouraged the use of solar panels which the municipality will be overseeing. Moreover, the Municipality is looking into working with DPSA to self-generating electricity as a solution to load shedding and reduce dependence on Eskom. These projects seek contribute to the electricity crisis that our Nation is confronting. In addition, the President indicated that National Treasury is finalising a solution to Eskom's R400 billion debt burden in a manner that is equitable and fair to all stakeholders, which will enable the utility to make necessary investments in maintenance and transmission.

The President also highlighted that, The National Disaster Management Centre has consequently classified the energy crisis and its impact as a disaster. Consequently, declaring a National State of disaster to respond to the electricity crisis and its effects. In addition, to deal more effectively and urgently with the challenges that confront us, a Minister of Electricity will be appointed in The Presidency to assume full responsibility for overseeing all aspect of the electricity crisis response, including the work of the National Energy Crisis Committee. Similarly, the Msunduzi Municipality is in the process of appointing a General Manager: Electricity Supply Services to focus solemnly on Electrical issues we are subjected to as a city.

The President further articulated that government is mindful of the risks that climate change poses to our society. Extreme weather events in the form of drought, floods and wildfires increasingly pose a risk to the health, wellbeing, and safety of the people. Likewise, Msunduzi is also no stranger to the extreme weather patterns that we have been experiencing in the past few years. As a city we have been affected by heavy flooding. The challenges that we experience with climate change and heavy rains in particular are that our drainage systems were not designed to withstand storms that we are experiencing. The waste management team is on the ground to assist with digging out blocked drains and collecting/ removing waste that may cause blockages as means to minimize the effects of these adverse weather conditions.

Moreover, The President highlighted that we would continue our just transition to a low carbon economy at a pace our country can afford and in a manner that ensures energy security. We will undertake our just transition in a way that opens the possibility of new investments, new industrialisation, and that, above all, creates new jobs. The Presidential Climate Commission is guiding much of this work, and, in doing so, building a new model for inclusive and collective decision making, incorporating the individuals, workers, and communities that are most affected in the transition. In relation to that, Msunduzi municipality has adopted a Climate Change Mitigation Strategy and is in the process of implementing some of the projects highlighted in the strategy.

In the SoNA last year the President spoke of our intention to forge a comprehensive social compact that would join all social partners in a common programme to rebuild our economy and enable higher growth. The social partners have expressed their intention to conclude a social compact and have continued to work on a framework to enable joint action in key areas such as energy, transport and logistics, employment creation and skills development, investment and localisation, social protection, crime and corruption. Msunduzi Municipality like most if not all Municipalities has dedicated social partners, such as MARRC, MEDA, EASTWOOD ASSCOCIATION, just to name a few. Moreover, Msunduzi hosts 8-Aside meetings to engage businesses around the city to discuss how businesses can assist and be assisted in expanding industrial development and establish an Agri-processing precinct.

The Honourable President stated that South Africa has seen the benefits of this approach to promote investment and to develop master plans in sectors of the economy such as automotive, clothing and textiles, poultry, sugar, agriculture, and global business services. The master plans that have been concluded are supporting the revival of the relevant sectors, the injection of investment by the private sector and the creation of new jobs and livelihoods. Pietermaritzburg was dominated by clothing and textile factories and the city aims to resuscitate this industry as part of the Edendale Development Corridor and Edendale Town Centre.

President Ramaphosa indicated that to ensure water security now and into the future, the Department of Water and Sanitation is leading the process of investing in major infrastructure projects across the country. One of the most important projects that is within the Msunduzi Municipality which affects the whole District including eThekwini Municipality Sanitation is the Darvill Bulk Pipeline Replacement. The municipality has budgeted R 150 million to implement the project. Furthermore, the reduction of the water use licenses turnaround times will assist in fast-tracking the number of infrastructure projects within Msunduzi.



Honourable President articulated that Infrastructure South Africa has been allocated R600 million for project preparation, specifically in rural and under-resourced areas. Infrastructure South Africa is an infrastructure centre of excellence and is established as a single point of entry for infrastructure planning, management, and delivery. The President further mentioned that the South African National Roads Agency (SANRAL) has awarded road construction contracts worth R18 billion over the last three months. Msunduzi is benefitting from the funds allocated to SANRAL for the expansion of the N3 highway. This goes simultaneously with the implementation of the Msunduzi Airport Precinct Plan which sees to the refurbishment of our Airport, thus increasing the number of people using the Airport.

The president stated that the Welisizwe Rural Bridges Programme has been empowered to deliver 95 bridges annually instead of the current status quo of 14. Msunduzi is a proud beneficiary of the Welisizwe Rural Bridges Programme. The community of Ward 3 and Ward 4 received bridges that enabled ease of access and safety for the people of Msunduzi.

Last year, the President announced that we would be seeking to reduce red tape so that we can rid our country of the unnecessary bureaucracy that often holds us back. The red tape reduction team in The Presidency under Mr Sipho Nkosi has been working with various departments to make it easier to do business. It has taken a collaborative approach, working with departments and agencies in areas such as the mining rights system, tourism transport operator licenses, visas and work permits, early childhood development and the informal sector. Msunduzi Municipality is partnering with COGTA in the programme for red tape reduction, to help businesses by ridding them of unnecessary bureaucratic delays.

This year, the National Skills Fund will provide R800 million to develop skills in the digital and technology sector through an innovative model that links payment for training to employment outcomes. As a municipality we are looking into tapping into this fund and it will assist in Msunduzi's vision of becoming a smart city. Msunduzi also participates in regular meetings hosted by EDTEA on helping municipalities create Smart cities.

Honourable President recalled that last year he spoke about the value of the Presidential Employment Stimulus in providing work and livelihood opportunities. The initiative has now created over one million opportunities, reaching every province and district in our country. Last week, a new cohort of 150 000 school assistants started work at more than 22 000 schools, offering dignity, hope and vital work experience to young people who were unemployed. Msunduzi being an Educational Hub, host to a number of primary and secondary schools has welcomed the recruitment of an innumerable number of Educators' Assistants. This has not only assisted Educators, but it has afforded these young lives an opportunity to learn and grow in the workplace.

In addition, he added that around two million indigent households receive free basic water, electricity, and solid waste removal. Around 60% of our budget is spent on what is known as the social wage, providing various forms of support, basic services and assistance to households and individuals to combat poverty and hunger. Similarly, Msunduzi has just over 6000 indigents registered in our system that receive free basic services. In the same vein, Msunduzi as a Title Deed Restoration Programme in place, where our Mayor handed over title deeds to families that received RDP Houses.

Msunduzi intends to densify the city centre through the provision of middle-income housing. As such, the municipality has been engaging the National Public Works in an effort to get some of their buildings to be repurposed in that regard. This is in line with President Ramaphosa's announcement that the Department of Public Works and Infrastructure has finalised the transfer of 14 000 hectares of state land for housing.

Furthermore, the President pointed out that Government has introduced a temporary ban on the Export of scrap copper cable and certain metals to disrupt criminal syndicates, this is due to the enormous damage caused by the theft of copper and metal from public infrastructure. Similarly, Msunduzi has experienced such vandalism of streetlights, substations, manholes due to the trade-ins of metal and copper. Thus, Msunduzi plans to engage local scrape yards to monitor and regulate in coming copper, steel and cables to minimize theft and vandalism.



Finally, Honourable President indicated that too many of our municipalities, 163 out of 257, are dysfunctional or in distress due to poor governance, ineffective and sometimes corrupt financial and administrative management, and poor service delivery. Consequently, government is implementation a number of interventions to address this failure to local government level and improve basic service delivery. This includes enhancing capacity of public representatives and officials, maintaining and upgrading local infrastructure, and invoking the powers of national government to intervene where municipalities fail to meet their responsibility. Msunduzi is one of the 163 municipalities which are under administration and a Ministerial Representative has allocated to assist with restoring the municipality to its former glory.

The Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs has just gazetted the declaration of the state of disaster, which will begin with immediate effect. Moreover, the state of disaster will enable us to provide practical measures that we need to take to support businesses in the food production, storage and retail supply chain, including for the roll-out of generators, solar panels and uninterrupted power supply.

#### B.3.7 PROVINCIAL PRIORITIES (STATE OF THE PROVINCE ADDRESS 2024)

On the 24th of February 2024 Ambassador Nomusa Dube-Ncube delivered the state of the province address with the title of "Taking decisive action in the time of renewal and hope as we rebuild a better, prosperous and resilient KwaZulu-Natal". In the address she states that the province will progressively invest in technology and artificial intelligence to deal with it crime. This will include the wide installation of CCTV cameras and microchips to end stock theft and a strategy to deal with illegal liquor trading. Moreover, she mentions that government will mobilize business to sponsor cameras and other technologies as part of their contribution in this fight. The province is deploying drones in policing to increase safety and ease data collection. Similarly, the Msunduzi Municipal Entity, Safe City has installed a number of CCTV cameras around the city. These cameras are monitored around the clock to reduce the occurrence of criminal incidents.

The Premier highlighted that municipalities are directed to urgently demolish buildings with no owners or take them over if no rates are being paid. Msunduzi has proposed inner-city densification to better utilize unoccupied buildings in the city. The municipality has been engaging National Public Works in an effort to repurpose unoccupied buildings that are in the ownership of the department for low-income housing in the city.

Ambassador Dube-Ncube points out the importance of both domestic and foreign investment in driving growth and job creation in the province, she mentions that our entities will this year focus on attracting more strategic investments to the province. Msunduzi has in place the Industrial Strategy which among other things seeks to strengthen foreign direct investment opportunities. Msunduzi has engagements with embassies in an effort to twin with them for investment opportunities. Additionally, to retain domestic investment, the municipality continues to convene the Business Retention and Expansion Programme to create a conducive environment for businesses.

The Premier indicated that for the 2024/24 financial year, we have repurposed the Youth Fund and set aside R100million to benefit more young people in sectors that create jobs as opposed to businesses that employ only a few people. The application window for this year will be announced shortly. This opens an opportunity for Msunduzi as an education hub, housing a large population of young people in business. Additionally, the Development Services business unit is currently facilitating the Msunduzi Municipal Employment Initiative Fund that is targeting both Formal and Informal businesses within the jurisdiction of the municipality. This funding is provided by the Department of Economic Development Tourism and Environmental Affairs (EDTEA).

Furthermore, the Premier highlighted that The Executive Council resolved that each department except for the frontline services departments must reprioritize within their budgets an amount of R10milli to contribute towards job creation through an intensified Expanded Public Works Program to benefit youth, women, and people with disabilities. In the second quarter of the 22/23 FY Msunduzi has seen to the recruitment of 293 EPWP workers. The municipality further convenes regular EPWP meetings to ensure continued employment of EPWP and maximum utilization of their skills. Also, the province has established a Jobs War Room which to date has facilitated over 500 000 job opportunities combined through the EPWP programme across sectors in KwaZulu-Natal. Msunduzi convenes regular EPWP meetings to ensure rigorous EPWP recruitment



Moreover, the ambassador added that in 2024/24, IDFC plans to distribute business funding of approximately R214 million and facilitate the creation of 2000 job opportunities. It further intends to support Rural and Township based SMMEs and Cooperatives in line with the Investment Policy on Informal and Rural Township Economy. Similarly, the Msunduzi Development Services Business Unit has partnered with various stakeholders to provide relief funds to informal street traders and tuck-shops in townships. The stakeholders include Small Enterprise Development Agency (SEDA), Small Enterprise Finance Agency (SEFA), National Empowerment Fund (NEF) and Department of Small Businesses.

Ambassador Nomusa Dube-Ncube announced that in 2022 the province launched the SMART KZN project involving the roll-out of digital empowerment programs, capacity development, entrepreneurship and SMART data skills. We will fast-track the rollout of Broadband and Connectivity in KwaZulu- Natal. This an opportunity for Msunduzi to realize its vision of being a Smart Metropolis. In addition, the province is rolling out Wi-Fi hotspots and Digi-centres in townships and rural centers such as libraries, schools, health youth zones and community service centres. Msunduzi residents are beneficiaries of the Wi-Fi hotspots through the free Wi-Fi at the Bessie Head Library. In addition, EDTEA proposed funding for the establishment of the PMB Technology Hub.

In addition, National Treasury has approved funds fort the roll-out of digital infrastructure in the following districts over the next 2 years, starting from 2024 which are Amajuba, iLembe, uMkhanyakude, Zululand, King Cetshwayo, uMgungundlovu, and uMzinyathi. This is an opportunity for Msunduzi to benefit as it is strategically located within the UMDM. She also mentions that the Department of Transport has set aside R2,5 billion to fix this problem through our pothole patching and road rehabilitation programme.

Premier further articulated that the effort to root out corruption at all levels of government continues. The "I do Right" campaign warns stakeholders not to work with officials involved in corrupt activities like collusion, price-fixing and making the state pay more for services and products. In addition to that a team led by the Office of the Premier which will work on reduction of disciplinary cases, especially prioritizing cases where officials have been suspended for a long period. The team will develop a data base, detect, and prevent people who are found guilty in departments, and resign only to resurface in another department or municipality. Msunduzi will be reviving the Whistle Blower Hotline to enable citizens to report acts of fraud and corruption. This is an opportunity for Msunduzi to uproot corruption.

Furthermore, she mentions that turning Around Local Government, Financial Allocation to Municipalities to support service delivery, MIG: 3.6 Billion, INEP: 480 Million, RBIG: 228 Million, WSIG: 940 Million. Based on the latest available reports, KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities have spent only 53.75% of their MIG allocation, 40.4% of WSIG and 30.6% of RBIG. This expenditure is below projections and implies that infrastructure grant expenditure as a whole need to improve. Msunduzi convenes weekly MIG and CAPEX meetings to report on expenditure to improve overall spending, this is an opportunity for more Funding provided we are able to spend all of our financial allocation more especially MIG.

She mentions that government is dealing with debts owed to municipalities. Provincial Treasury has been advised to review the baseline budget of departments to include upfront rate payment and for services. Msunduzi has implemented the Operation Qoq' imali to ensure that businesses and departments pay their rates and debts owed to the municipality.

Ambassador Dube-Ncube mentions the importance of reclaiming our spaces, building gardens and outside gyms. Lack of cleanliness lead to planting and waste to energy initiatives management, cleaning of our ocean shores, beaches, rivers, and dams will gain momentum in 2024. Msunduzi has commenced with desilting the Camps drift Duzi River. Additionally, to that EDTEA will assist UKZN and the Msunduzi municipality to resuscitate their waste to energy initiatives and to divert waste being landfilled at the New England landfill site. Approximately 11 225 employment opportunities have been created, and we will ramp up to employ more than 20 000 youths this year. In addition, EDTEA supports more than 100 waste entrepreneurs per year with financial and non-financial support.



She also added that A Recycling Economy Support Programme has been established by the National Department of Environmental Affairs and entrepreneurs that will benefit come from eThekwini Metro, King Cetshwayo and Amajuba Districts. More than R5 million has been made accessible to these wastepreneurs which will be paid out in phases up to 2024/24. This is an Opportunity for Msunduzi Municipality as the municipality is home to the New England landfill site and a number of scrapyards.

As part of the Airport Development Master Plan expansion and reconfiguration of several regional airports continues. The Margate Airports Terminal has been completed and the department has initiated processes to upgrade Pietermaritzburg, Newcastle, and Richards Bay airports. This goes simultaneously with the implementation of the Msunduzi Airport Precinct Plan which sees to the refurbishment of our airport, thus increasing the number of people using the Airport, this is an opportunity for Msunduzi to receive funding.

Intriguingly the Premier points out that Indigenous Games and the Active Ageing (Golden Games) are some of the Key lead programmes in promoting social cohesion and healthy lifestyle in communities, especially amongst the youth. Similarly, Msunduzi Municipality participates in the local, district and national Golden Games. In the past year, Msunduzi had 250 participants in the local games and 180 in the district games. Furthermore, the province will revive the Social Cohesion and Moral Regeneration (SCMR) Council which is at the heart of nation building and moral regeneration. The SCMR programme will be driven by Districts with Social Cohesion Advocate structures set up in all communities working with non-profit organisations and other sectors of society. An opportunity for Msunduzi Moral Regeneration sub-unit to participate and bring communities closer.

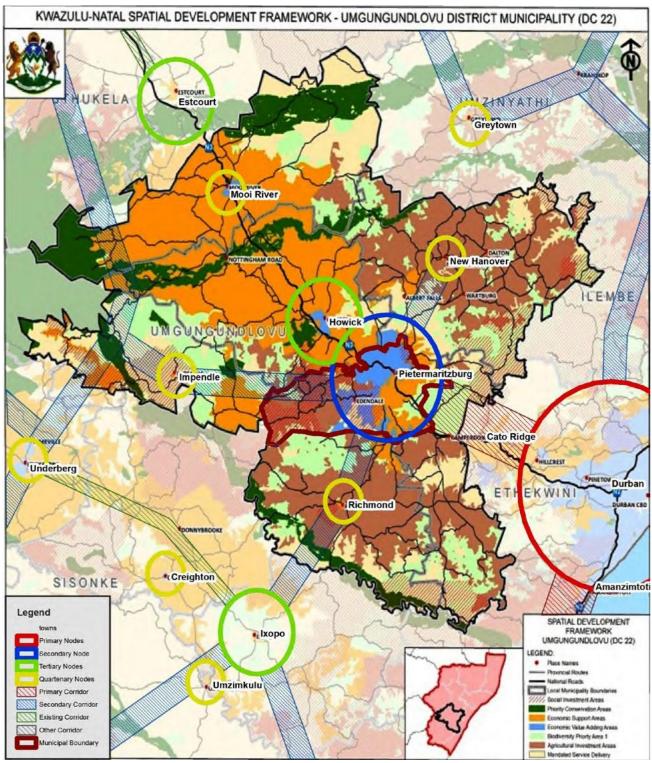
Through collaboration between the Department of Public Works and Infrastructure, the Department of Transport and Defence we are building 24 Welisizwe Bally bridges in addition to the seven vehicular bridges already built. Msunduzi is a proud beneficiary of the Welisizwe Rural Bridges Programme. The community of Ward 3 and Ward 4 received bridges that enabled ease of access and safety for the people of Msunduzi.

The premier indicated that, Ray Nkonyeni (450) and Msunduzi (650) participated in the Solid Innovative Waste Management Program pilot from January to March 2022. To date, 3 555 beneficiaries have been recruited and activated and at least 37 SMMEs are also receiving support through the DCoG-MISA partnership.

Finally, she stated that the success of all these interventions and actions detailed in this State of the Province Address, depends on the discipline and culture of execution that must be a way of life in our public institutions. To re-instill this waning culture, we are tightening the screws on performance monitoring and evaluation.



#### MAP 3: THE PGDS TRANSLATED TO THE MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY



Umgungundlovu Spatial Development Framework

#### B.3.8 THE PROVINCIAL GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT PLAN

The PGDS identifies the Msunduzi Municipality as a major urban centre which makes significant contribution to the overall economy of the KZN Province. It further identifies the Msunduzi Municipality as a "Level 2" priority / intervention area which is characterised by significant urbanisation rates and poverty for its associated inhabitants (PGDP 2013: 21). Furthermore, the PGDP (2013: 100-153) identifies the following noteworthy projects for the Municipality:

- Roll-out of information, communication and technology incubator programme.
- The Vulindlela Housing Project which is intended to be an extensive housing project within the Municipality.



Programme and funding for operations and maintenance which are earmarked to ensure that an appropriate planned maintenance programme is in place and is funded adequately so that the economic life of the electricity infrastructure in KwaZulu-Natal is optimised. The Approach to Distribution Asset Management (ADAM) Turnaround Programme is a comprehensive, multi-year initiative targeted at addressing maintenance, refurbishment and strengthening shortcomings in key electricity distribution infrastructure throughout South Africa. In KZN, Msunduzi is currently ADAM pilot and a review of implementation needs to happen to assess the effectiveness of the programme and the possibility to extend this into other Local Municipalities

| PGDS Goal                                   | Msunduzi CDS strategy to action the Goal  |
|---|---|
| Goal 1 (Inclusive Economic Growth)          | <ul> <li>Growing the regional economy: The provincial legislator and executive and<br/>their needs must be integrated, also partnering with the private sector investing<br/>in economic opportunities that create employment growth.</li> </ul>  |
| Goal 2 (Human Resource development)         | <ul> <li>Building a capable and developmental municipality: Increasing institutional capacity and promoting transformation hence building a capable and developmental municipality (Pg 30, IDP)</li> <li>Creating a learning city and a city of learning: The city must promote education and use its tertiary institutions to help it become a learning institution. There is a need to design strategic plans that inform development around the university precinct of Scottsville. Thus enabling a conducive environment to study and reside, also harmonizing the mixture of existing and future anticipated land uses.</li> </ul> |
| Goal 3 Human and<br>Community Development   | <ul> <li>Back to Basics: This strategy requires a cross-organisational approach such as<br/>reorganising the way service delivery happens and introducing innovations<br/>which are key elements of this priority area. (Pg 107-116, IDP)</li> </ul>  |
| Goal 4 Strategic Infrastructure             | <ul> <li>Improving infrastructure efficiency: There is a need for a realistic review of infrastructure within the city. To address this key issue the Municipality has identified key catalytic projects to improve infrastructure which include the Free Node Development and electrical infrastructure upgrade.</li> </ul>  |
| Goal 5 (Environmental Sustainability)       | <ul> <li>Spatial effectiveness: Msunduzi needs to plan for growth within the city which includes looking at how an increased population will be accommodated and serviced. Densities and public transport corridors must be incrementally increased with continuous improvements in non-motorised and other mobility options as well as equitable access to social facilities.</li> </ul>   |
| Goals 6 (Governance and policy development) | <ul> <li>Building a capable and developmental municipality: Increasing institutional capacity and promote transformation hence building a capable and developmental municipality (Pg 30, IDP)</li> <li>Serving as a provincial capital: The Municipality is ideally located as a capital city of KwaZulu-Natal with access to a variety of government head offices and high level human resources. It is important to expand on these opportunities and also gain access to skills necessary to reinforce its status.</li> </ul>  |
| Goal 7 (Spatial Equity)                     | <ul> <li>Spatial effectiveness: Msunduzi needs to plan for growth within the city which includes looking at how an increased population will be accommodated and serviced. Densities and public transport corridors must be incrementally increased with continuous improvements in non-motorised and other mobility option as well as equitable access to social facilities.</li> </ul>  |

#### B.3.9 MEDIUM-TERM STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK (MTSF) 2019-2024

#### **OBJECTIVE OF THE MTSF**

The Medium-Term Strategic Framework (MTSF) is the government's strategic plan, for the 2019-2024 electoral term, which reflects the commitments made in the election manifesto of the governing party, including the commitment to implement the National Development Plan (NDP). The MTSF aligns the plans of national and provincial departments, municipalities and public entities with the NDP vision and goals and further guides the planning and resource allocation processes across all the spheres of government. The Sixth Administration has prioritised integrated development planning and effective implementation of the interventions laid out in the MTSF.



#### IMPLICATIONS TO MSUNDUZI MUNICIPAL PLANS

The MTSF highlights 7 priorities adopted by the government to achieve the NDP Vision 2030. The IDP aims to align to priority 5 which proposes coordinated spatial planning systems that transform human settlements into equitable and efficient spaces, with citizens living in close proximity to work, social facilities and the necessary infrastructure. To achieve priority 5, the MTSF 2019-2024 focuses on three interrelated outcomes:

- National frameworks and guidance towards coordinated, integrated and cohesive national spatial development.
- Regional-level interventions to unlock opportunity, ensure redress and respond to environmental risks and vulnerabilities.
- Interventions to ensure integrated service delivery and transformation in all places.

#### B.3.10 INTEGRATED URBAN DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK

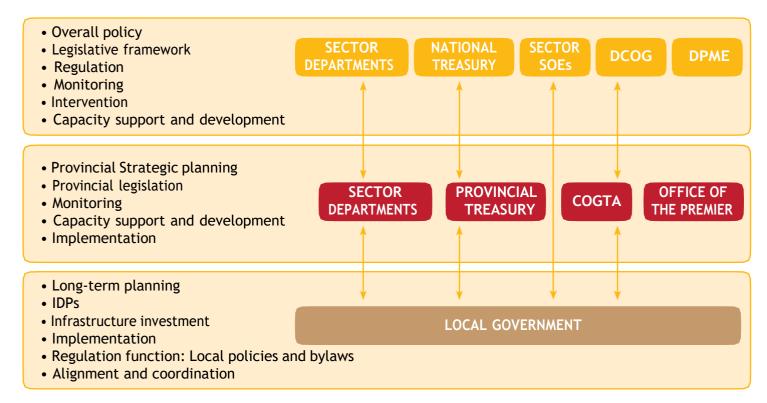
The overall outcome of the IUDF is spatial transformation. This marks a New Deal for South African cities and towns, by steering urban growth towards a sustainable growth model of compact, connected and coordinated cities and towns. Informed by this outcome and the NDP's vision for urban South Africa, the IUDF aims to guide the development of inclusive, resilient and liveable urban settlements, while directly addressing the unique conditions and challenges facing South Africa's cities and towns. To achieve this transformative vision, four overall strategic goals are identified:

- Spatial integration: To forge new spatial forms in settlement, transport, social and economic areas.
- Inclusion and access: To ensure people have access to social and economic services, opportunities and choices.
- Growth: To harness urban dynamism for inclusive, sustainable economic growth and development.
- Governance: To enhance the capacity of the state and its citizens to work together to achieve spatial and social integration.

Although the three spheres of government will need to perform distinct but interrelated functions, the success of each lever depends on the collaboration and alignment of interventions. Figure 2 sumarises the key roles and responsibilities of each sphere of government in implementing the policy levers. It represents the relationships and interdependencies among the various spheres, not a hierarchy. Crucially, it recognises local government's important implementing and integrating role, which other spheres have not always recognised.



#### FIGURE 5: LEVER IMPLEMENTATION: ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES



The short-term priority is to build on and strengthen existing plans and programmes, such as the SIPs, municipal built environment performance plans, urban networks, transformation plans for the fast-growing mining towns and others. However, these programmes need to be further analysed to assess the degree to which they assist in creating compact and connected cities and towns.

| REF | OBJECTIVE  | KEY ACTIONS   | KEY INSTITUTIONS   |    | MEFRA<br>16 - 20 |           |
|-----|--|---|--|----|------------------|-----------|
|     |  |   |  | Y1 | Y2               | <b>Y3</b> |
| 1.  | Catalyse<br>development<br>spinoffs emanating<br>from the strategic<br>capital investments | Develop and implement consolidated local area plans for each of the catalytic projects, including the SIPs  | Affected municipalities (supported by provinces and responsible sector department) Economic Development Department (EDD) | •  | •                | •         |
| 2.  | (projects).  | Strengthen alignment between various SIPs, especially those in urban spaces and their related infrastructure.   | EDD (lead) SIP coordinators COGTA Municipalities   | •  | •                |           |
| 3.  |  | Align capital investments and plans in respect of priority economic zones (identified as per the IDZs, IPAP, etc.) Provinces to work with municipalities to ensure alignment of national, provincial and local investments. | Municipalities (lead) COGTA Provinces Private sector EDD DTI   | •  | •                | •         |
| 4.  | Promoted coherent and sustainable development  | Development institutional model(s)/mechanisms to facilitate regional development.   | COGTA (lead) DPME Offices of the Premier Municipalities  |    | •                | •         |

| N | <u></u> |  |
|---|---------|--|
| 1 |         |  |
|   |         |  |

| REF | OBJECTIVE | KEY ACTIONS   | KEY INSTITUTIONS                            |   | AME<br>019)<br>Y3 |   |
|-----|-----------|---|---|---|-------------------|---|
| 5.  |           | Improve/develop long-term development plans and infrastructure plans for the intermediate cities and fast-growing mining towns and regions. | Municipalities (lead)<br>Procinces<br>COGTA | • | •                 | • |

#### TABLE 16: IUDF PRIORITY: CREATE LIVEABLE AND SAFE HUMAN SETTLEMENTS

Increasingly, people are reacting not only to the lack of decent housing, but also to the lack of improvement in the quality of their lives, despite the massive built environment investments being made.

| REF | OBJECTIVE   | KEY ACTIONS  | KEY INSTITUTIONS   | '  | AME<br>019) |    |
|-----|---|--|--|----|-------------|----|
|     |   |  |  | Y1 | <b>Y2</b>   | Y3 |
| 1.  | Create safe and liveable urban spaces   | Develop and implement norms and standards for municipal (solid waste management, electricity, road maintenance and response to serve delivery interruptions) health and safety services and public spaces in all residential developments. | Municipalities (lead) Department of Human Settlements (DHS) Department of Water Affairs (DWA) Department of Education (DOE) Department of Health (DOH) Department of Transport (DOT) Department of Arts and Culture(DAC) Department of Sports and Recreation (DSR) Civilian Secretariat for Police (CSP) | •  | •           |    |
| 2.  |   | Strengthen capacity to enforce planning, health, safety and other land-use regulations and bylaws.   | Municipalities   | •  | •           | •  |
| 3.  | Improve access of<br>the urban poor to<br>areas of economic<br>and social<br>opportunities. | Develop and implement innercity revitalisation programmes, including a special fund to support inner-city regeneration and urban renewal in the prioritised urban area.  | Municipalities (lead)<br>COGTA<br>National Treasury<br>DHS   | •  | •           | •  |

The vision in the NDP chapter on the capable and development state is, by 2030, to have a development state that is accountable, focused on citizen's priorities, and capable of delivering high-quality services consistently and sustainably through cooperative governance and participatory democracy. In line with this vision, the 2014-2019 MTSF focuses on ensuring sustainable and reliable access to basic services, improving leadership, managing intergovernmental systems and strengthening capacity for deliberative public participation through improved consultation, communication and feedback mechanisms. The IUDF policy lever on empowered, active communities provides several priorities that empower and enable communities to participate in urban life and help transform the quality of urban life. The following key actions are identified for implementation in the short-term.



### TABLE 17: IUDF PRIORITY: STRENGTHEN PLATFORMS FOR PUBLIC PARTICIPATION AND COMMUNICATION WITH ALL STAKEHOLDERS

| REF | OBJECTIVE                      | OBJECTIVE KEY ACTIONS KEY INST  |   |    |    | AME<br>019) |
|-----|--------------------------------|---|---|----|----|-------------|
|     |                                |   |   | Y1 | Y2 | Y3          |
| 23. | Build public trust and improve | Conduct customer satisfaction surveys.  | Municipalities  | •  | •  | •           |
| 24. | accountability.                | Develop and implement public engagement and communication strategies to augment the ward committee system, including improving the use of technology to communicate with communities, residents and other stakeholders. | Municipalities (lead) Government Communication and Information System (GCIS) State Information Technology Agency (SITA) COGTA | •  | •  |             |
| 25. |                                | Develop customer complaint mechanisms.  | Municipalities  | •  |    |             |
| 26. |                                | Involve communities in neighbourhood planning, implementation and monitoring of projects.   | Municipalities  | •  |    |             |
| 27. |                                | Strengthen partnerships with other non-governmental institutions through the National Urban Forum and other mechanisms.   | Municipalities<br>DHS<br>COGTA  | •  | •  | •           |

#### B.3.11 DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT MODEL (DDM)

#### THE UMGUNGUNDLOVU DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT MODEL PROFILE

Umgungundlovu District One Plan process was initiated in 2019 with the development of the District Development Model profile which has been updated on several occasions as and when new and updated data becomes available. The profile is a Status Quo Analysis and a Short-Term Action Plan identifying immediate service delivery actions, and catalytic activities aimed at unlocking developmental projects. Additionally, the DDM is an operational model for improving Cooperative Governance aimed at building a capable, ethical Developmental State. It embodies an approach by which the three spheres of government and state entities work in unison in an impact-oriented way, and where there is higher performance and accountability for coherent service delivery and development outcomes. The DDM One Plan is a 25 to 30-year strategic plan that transcends the planning period of at least five IDP planning cycles and is anchored on the development of a 'One Plan' for the region spatially. The 1st Option of the vision has been approved: - "By 2052 uMDM will be a viable, innovative and resilient region that is built on sustainable economic growth and accountability".

#### OBJECTIVES OF THE DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT MODEL PROFILE

- Coordinate a government response to challenges of poverty, unemployment, and inequality particularly amongst women, youth and people living with disabilities.
- Ensure inclusivity by gender budgeting based on the needs and aspirations of our people and communities at a local level.
- Narrow the distance between people and government by strengthening the coordination role and capacities at the District and City levels.
- Foster a practical intergovernmental relations mechanism to plan, budget and implement jointly to provide a coherent government for the people in the Republic; (solve silo's, duplication and fragmentation) maximize impact and align plans and resources at our disposal through the development of "One District, One Plan and One Budget".
- Build government capacity to support to municipalities.



- Strengthen monitoring and evaluation at district and local levels.
- Implement a balanced approach towards development between urban and rural areas
- Exercise oversight over budgets and projects in an accountable and transparent manner. In addition, the formulation of the DDM One Plan does not only presents an opportunity to align the districts' plans with the PGDS, but also to align the shorter municipal 5year IDPs with a long-term vision for the development of the district as one integrated plan. As adequately depicted in figure below, the reasoning behind the introduction of the DDM One Plan was the evidence of misalignment, poor long-term planning, and poor communication. Misalignment between the different spheres of government and their intentions; planning for the same space but with different mandates in mind and therefore striving for different outcomes. And this has ultimately led to having achieved extremely less than expected, or basically going in circles.

#### ROLE OF MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY IN THE DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT MODEL

The Msunduzi Municipality plays an active role in the implementation of uMgungundlovu District Development Model. We are part of the Economic Sector, Investments & Infrastructure Development Sub Cluster technical committee and Political Stream which is chaired by our Honorable Mayor. Msunduzi is also centrally positioned within the district municipality and remains strategic in terms of international, domestic and markets. Thus, several projects that have been included in the District Development Model are found within the Msunduzi Municipality area. One of the most important projects that is within the Msunduzi Municipality which affects the whole District including eThekwini municipality Sanitation is the Darvill Camps Drift Waterfront.

In addition, the Integrated Rapid Public Transport Network is aimed at the integration of various forms of public transport to realize a more efficient and reliable transport network. This is critical in the urban context of the Msunduzi as the capital of the province and the largest urbanized area in the district. Other projects that have been a priority in Msunduzi are projects such as the New Government precinct, Pietermaritzburg Inner-City High-Density Housing, and the Airport precinct. Msunduzi municipality dominates the spatial structure of the district as the main core/nucleus. The Msunduzi LM is not only the administrative and legislative center of the provincial government, but also performs an important commercial and industrial function in the economy of the district and the province. Msunduzi has many job opportunities that have been created. As a result, this region experiences significant inward migration.

The amount of waste that is generated within UMgungundlovu District is estimated at 235,000 tons per annum, it is estimated that by 2025 this would have grown to almost 250,000 tons. The Msunduzi Municipality has identified potential land that can be used as a District landfill site. Furthermore, the municipality has an Urban Renewal Regeneration and Amenity project. With this project we have employed several General Assistants and EPWP workers to address urban decay in the city by clearing out of blighted areas in the inner city to create opportunities for higher class housing, businesses, and other developments, while addressing unemployment.

# DRAFT INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT TABLE 48: UMGUNGUNDLOV BY CATALYTIC PROJECTS TABLE 48: UMGUNGUNDLOV BY CATALYTIC PROJECTS

| NO. | PROJECT<br>NAME                              | PUBLIC/<br>PRIVATE  | MUNICIPAL-<br>ITY | WARD | STRATEGY  | PROJECT DESCRIPTION  | IMPLEMENT-<br>ER (Include<br>name)                             | STATUS   | BUDGET<br>(FUNDED<br>OR UN-<br>FUNDED)<br>include<br>source | VALUE/BUD-<br>GET | NO OF<br>JOBS CRE-<br>ATED |
|-----|--|---------------------|-------------------|------|---|--|--|--|---|-------------------|----------------------------|
|     | Renew-<br>able<br>Energy<br>Mandate          | Public              | UMDM              |      | Creation of<br>new Business<br>Ventures (Flag-<br>ship Initiatives) | The mandate from UMDM<br>Council to explore the pos-<br>sbility of providing and<br>wheeling bulk energy to all<br>Local Municipalities  |  | Council approved engagements on-going with all LM's and awaiting MOU signing with each   | Funded  | R1 Million        |                            |
|     | Camp-<br>erdown<br>Smart<br>City and<br>WWTW | Public /<br>Private | Mkham-<br>bathini |      | new Business<br>Ventures (Flag-<br>ship Initiatives)                |  | Growth Fund, SAN- RAL, TIKZN, DTI, Umn- geni Water and Private | 550Ha extracted<br>from agriculture<br>for develop-<br>ment, awaiting<br>funding approv-<br>al from UMDM,<br>UMGENI Water<br>and DTI | TBC   | R150 Million      | 4000                       |
|     | Oribi Air-<br>port Pre-<br>cinct             | Public              | Msunduzi          |      | Integrated<br>Rapid Trans-<br>port System                           | Revitalisation of the exist-<br>ing Oribi Airport complex<br>including: detailed design for<br>Market Road extension, land<br>use rights and subdivisions,<br>provision/upgrade of bulk<br>services, | DEDT   | J  | TBC   | R27 Million       | 250                        |
|     | Howick<br>Falls Up-<br>grade                 | Public              | Umngeni           |      | and Advanced  | The upgrading of the Howick Falls Tourism Precinct including area around the Falls   |  | Architectural designs complete   | TBC   | R5 Million        | 75                         |



| NO. | PROJECT<br>NAME                            | PUBLIC/<br>PRIVATE  | MUNICIPAL-<br>ITY | WARD | STRATEGY   | PROJECT DESCRIPTION  | IMPLEMENT-<br>ER (Include<br>name) | STATUS  | BUDGET<br>(FUNDED<br>OR UN-<br>FUNDED)<br>include<br>source | VALUE/BUD-<br>GET | NO OF<br>JOBS CRE-<br>ATED |
|-----|--|---------------------|-------------------|------|--|--|------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------|----------------------------|
| 5   | UMDM<br>HEMP /<br>Cannabis<br>Park         | Private             | All Lms           |      | ties)  | 400 Ha of Dryland hemp with<br>a central processing facility<br>and signed off-take agree-<br>ment and the development<br>of International quality medi-<br>cial cannabis facilities |                                    | The first 10 Black commercial farmers have been identified, off-take clients with seed have engaged with UMEDA, MOU to be signed between offtake clients, UKZN, ADA, DUT and outgrowers |   | R500 Million      | 2200                       |
| 6   |  | Public /<br>Private | Mpofana           |      | Decentralisa-<br>tion of Agro<br>Processing                                | Establishment of a 40 hectare<br>Agri-Park along the N3 Cor-<br>ridor  | Private                            | Donation agree-<br>ments under-<br>way. Landown-<br>er has agreed<br>to donate 20<br>ha, subject to<br>obtaining addi-<br>tional irrigation   | ТВС   | R220 million      | 500                        |
| 7   | Edendale<br>Town Cen-<br>tre Civic<br>Zone | Public              | Msunduzi          |      | Creation of<br>new Tour-<br>ism Venutres<br>(Community<br>wide initiative) | Includes construction of Mar-<br>ket Stalls, Piazza and a Sky<br>Bridge [connecting Edendale<br>Mall and the proposed Eden-<br>dale Town Centre]                                     | NDPG and<br>Msunduzi<br>LM         | TBC   | ТВС   | R200 Million      | 300                        |
| 8   | Camps<br>Drift Wa-<br>terfront             | Private             | Msunduzi          |      | Creation of<br>new Business<br>Ventures (Flag-<br>ship Initiatives)        | Mixed use development along the Duzi River including: residential units, hotel, retail precinct, medical office precinct, and recreational open space.                               | Private                            | ТВС   | ТВС   | R982 Million      | 250                        |



| NO. | PROJECT<br>NAME                                     | PUBLIC/<br>PRIVATE  | MUNICIPAL-<br>ITY | WARD | STRATEGY  | PROJECT DESCRIPTION   | IMPLEMENT-<br>ER (Include<br>name) | STATUS  | BUDGET<br>(FUNDED<br>OR UN-<br>FUNDED)<br>include<br>source | VALUE/BUD-<br>GET | NO OF<br>JOBS CRE-<br>ATED |
|-----|---|---------------------|-------------------|------|---|---|------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------|----------------------------|
| 9   | Medi-<br>cal Hub/<br>Medical<br>Tourism<br>Facility | Private             | UMDM              |      | Creation of<br>new Business<br>Ventures (Flag-<br>ship Initiatives) | The establishment of a world-<br>class Medical Tourism Node<br>and destination within the<br>District   | Private                            | Feasability complete  | TBC   | R15 Million       | 100                        |
| 10  | Manaye<br>Precinct                                  | Public              | Msunduzi          |      |   | Manaye Hall to be converted<br>to a museum, an interpreta-<br>tion centre, an amphitheatre,<br>a coffee shop, a prison mu-<br>seum, landscaped areas,<br>parking etc. | COGTA and<br>Msunduzi              | TBC   | TBC   | R45 Million       | 30                         |
| 11  | Tambo<br>Springs<br>Logistics<br>Port               | Public /<br>Private | Mpofana           |      | Integrated<br>Rapid Trans-<br>port System                           | The development of a 600 hectare Logistics Park in Mooi River along the N3  | DoT, Trans-<br>net, and<br>Private | Land identifica-<br>tion is underway,<br>letter of com-<br>mitment has<br>been signed by<br>investor  | TBC   | R2 Billion        | 400                        |
| 12  | Lion's Park<br>Airport                              | Public              | Mkham-<br>bathini |      |   | Construction of a Regional airport along the N3 Corridor.   | ACSA and<br>Private                | MOU entered<br>between KZN<br>Province / Rus-<br>sian aeroplane<br>Contractors /<br>BEE Company.<br>Site idnetified<br>and fasability<br>and EIA com-<br>plete. | Partly fund-<br>ed - R                                      | R2 billion        | 200                        |





#### B.3.12 THE BACK TO BASICS APPROACH

The Back to Basics approach supports a transformation agenda which is premised on the need to ensure functional municipalities as outlined by the Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs in his 2014 Budget Vote. "The core services that local government provides - clean drinking water, sanitation, electricity, shelter, waste removal and roads - are basic human rights, essential components of the right to dignity enshrined in our Constitution and Bill of Rights. Our vision of developmental local government was that it would be the building block on which the reconstruction and development of our country and society was built, a place in which the citizens of our country could engage in a meaningful and direct way with the institutions of the state".

Table: Back to Alignment

| No. | Back to basics pillar                              | Municipal Response  |
|-----|--|---|
| 1   | Putting people first and engaging with communities | Monthly monitoring and hosting of ward committee meetings and community meetings.   |
| 2   | Delivering Basic Services                          | The implementation of the operational and maintenance plans of the different service department roads, electricity, water and sanitation and community services.                                      |
| 3   | Good Governance                                    | Council structures are in place and monthly meetings to play the oversight role.  |
| 4   | Sound Financial Management                         | Weekly expenditure control meeting held the accounting officer.<br>Long terms financial plan in place and being implemented.  |
| 5.  | Building Capabilities                              | The municipality has a Workplace skills plan in place and it is implemented accordingly. The municipality is also part of S.A. cities network which is a platform for engaging and knowledge sharing. |

The municipality has further integrated these into the municipal strategic frame, municipal Scorecard and into the SDBIP. The work plans of the relevant senior managers will reflect indicators and targets that respond to the Back to basic approach.

#### B.3.13 THE SPATIAL PLANNING AND LAND USE MANAGEMENT ACT

The Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013 was assented to by the President of the Republic of South Africa on 5 August 2013. It came into operation on the 1st of July 2015.

SPLUMA is a framework act for all spatial planning and land use management legislation in South Africa. It seeks to promote consistency and uniformity in procedures and decision-making in this field. The other objects include addressing historical spatial imbalances and the integration of the principles of sustainable development into land use and planning regulatory tools and legislative instruments. SPLUMA has become the official overarching legislation for development planning in the country and has repealed the following legislations previously used for various development planning purposes:

- Removal of Restrictions Act, 1967 (Act No. 84 of 1967)
- Physical Planning Act, 1967 (Act No. 88 of 1967)
- Less Formal Township Establishment Act, 1991 (Act No. 133 of 1991)
- Physical Planning Act, 1991 (Act No. 125 of 1991)
- Development Facilitation Act, 1995 (Act No. 67 of 1995)

Some of the key aspects that SPLUMA deals with are:

- Development Principles and Norms and Standards
- Intergovernmental Support
- Spatial development Frameworks
- Land Use Management
- Enforcement of land use scheme

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Section 35 (2) Of SPLUMA states; "A municipality must, in order to determine land use development applications within its municipal area, establish a Municipal Planning Tribunal. A Municipal Planning Tribunal (MPT) is the decision making body for Land Development. In terms of the Draft Regulations in terms of SPLUMA, All category 1 applications must be referred to the Tribunal:

- (a) The establishment of a township or the extension of the boundaries of a township;
- (b) The amendment of an existing scheme or land use scheme by the rezoning of land;
- (c) The removal, amendment or suspension of a restrictive or obsolete condition, servitude or reservation registered against the title of the land;
- (d) The amendment or cancellation in whole or in part of a general plan of a township;
- (e) The subdivision and consolidation of any land other than a subdivision and consolidation which is provided for as a Category 2 application;
- (f) Permanent closure of any public place;
- (g) Any consent or approval required in terms of a condition of title, a condition of establishment of a township or condition of an existing scheme or land use scheme.

In compliance with the Spatial Land Use Management Act No. 16 of 2013, the Msunduzi Municipality has appointed an Authorized Officer, which assesses and approves category 2 applications that include Special Consents and Home Activity applications. The Msunduzi Municipality has also appointed the Municipal Planning Tribunal on the 1st of November 2021 for a period of 24 months, to determine category 1 land use and development applications within its municipal area.



#### SECTION C-CHAPTER 3: SITUATIONAL ANALYSIS

#### INTRODUCTION

This section of the IDP summarises key development informants that shape the Msunduzi Municipality and its people, and that inform the development of the municipal Vision and Strategies.

#### C1-DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS

#### C.1.1. POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS

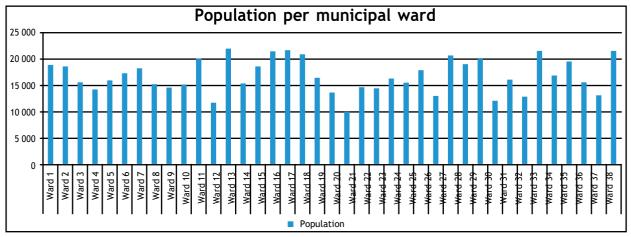
In 2016, Msunduzi Local Municipality had approximately 682 000 people. The Municipality carries approximately 181 594 households with approximately 423households per square kilometre (hh/km2). The year-on-year (y/y) average households' growth within the municipality is currently at1.6%. Msunduzi has a 60,0% labour force participation rate and 41.2% labour absorption rate with 39,9% of the population employed. Each household earns approximately R6773 per month with 37,6% of households earning low income. The majority (49.6%) of Msunduzi residents have either grade 12 (39,0%) and higher education (14,7%). The working age population (69,5%) dominates the municipality and is followed by youth at 25,4%. Table 6 herein below provides a consolidated demographic overview of Msunduzi Local Municipality.

| Cat                      | egory                      | 2001    | 2011    | Avg. Growth | 2016    |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|
| Demographic Profile      | Population                 | 552 801 | 618 536 | 1,1%        | 682 000 |
|                          | Household                  | 135 311 | 164 625 | 2,0%        | 181 584 |
|                          | Average Household Size     | 4,1     | 3,8     | -0,8%       | 4       |
|                          | Household Density (hh/km2) | 213     | 260     | 2,0%        | 286     |
| Education Level          | No Schooling               | 5,3%    | 2,7%    | -5,1%       | 3,8%    |
|                          | Primary School             | 10,6%   | 7,2%    | -2,7%       | 11,3%   |
|                          | Some Secondary             | 17,5%   | 16,6%   | 1,0%        | 31,2%   |
|                          | Grade 12                   | 12,1%   | 17,0%   | 5,0%        | 39.0%   |
|                          | Higher                     | 4,5%    | 6,4%    | 5,1%        | 14,7%   |
| Age Profile              | Youth                      | 29,2%   | 26,6%   | 0,2%        | 25,4%   |
|                          | Working Age                | 66,0%   | 68,4%   | 1,7%        | 69,5%   |
|                          | Elderly                    | 4,8%    | 5,0%    | 2,0%        | 5,1%    |
| Employment Profile       | Employed                   | 51,8%   | 60,6%   | 2,7%        | 65,8%   |
|                          | Unemployed                 | 48,2%   | 39,4%   | -3,8%       | 34,2%   |
| Household Income Profile | No Income                  | 21,1%   | 15,8%   | -0,9%       | 12,1%   |
|                          | Low Income                 | 53,8%   | 44,2%   | -0,8%       | 37,6%   |
|                          | Low / Middle Income        | 19,2%   | 22,8%   | 3,8%        | 22,1%   |
|                          | Middle / High Income       | 5,2%    | 14,7%   | 15,5%       | 23,7%   |
|                          | High Income                | 0,7%    | 2,5%    | 13,5%       | 4,5%    |

The table below indicates the population per ward in the Municipality. The wards with the highest population include wards 13, 16, 17, 18, 28, 30,34 and 39 each with more than 20,000 people per ward.



FIGURE 6: POPULATION PER MUNICIPAL WARD (STATSSA, 2016)



Stats SA Census 2016

#### C.1.1.1. SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION, ESTIMATES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND EMPLOYMENT TRENDS

#### (a) POPULATION

The population of Msunduzi Municipality is anticipated to grow by 1.1% annually between 2021 and 2025, reaching 734 886 in 2025. The premise for these projections is derived from the historical growth rates experienced in the Municipality as per the Census 2001 and 2011. Currently, the municipal SDF indicates that wards with the highest population densities per ABM are wards 1, 2, 3 and 5 in Vulindlela, wards 11, 13, 15 and 17 in Greater Edendale and Imbali. Furthermore, wards 18 in the CBD/Ashburton/Eastern Areas and wards 29 and 30 in the Northern Areas. The Greater Edendale and Imbali area represents 34.3% of the aggregate populace in Msunduzi. Moreover, Msunduzi has an exceptionally youthful populace, the two highest age groups being 0-4 and 25-29. It also has notably more women than men.

#### (b) SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE POPULATION

As a means to identify the change in population across the four ABM areas, the changes in individual wards have been considered. As a result, although Greater Edendale and Imbali are already densely populated, they will continue to attract new settlements owing to the low barriers of entry for lower income households. Below is a tables that depicts the estimated population and household growth for years 2021 to 2050.

TABLE 19: ESTIMATED POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLD GROWTH 2021-2050

| ABM                         | POPULATION | HOUSEHOLDS |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------|
| CBD/ASHBURTON/EASTERN AREAS | 76,745     | 34,665     |
| NORTH AREAS                 | 64,035     | 28,925     |
| GREATER EDENDALE AND IMBALI | 117,019    | 52, 856    |
| VULINDLELA                  | 82,872     | 25,331     |

TABLE 20: HOUSEHOLD GROWTH RATE PER LEVEL OF INCOME

| Households (%)              |               |                  |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ABM                         | LOW<br>INCOME | MEDIUM<br>INCOME | HIGH<br>INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CBD/ASHBURTON/EASTERN AREAS | 47.3%         |                  | 15.6%          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NORTH AREAS                 | 48.1%         | 39.3%            | 12.5%          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GREATER EDENDALE AND IMBALI | 72.6%         | 25.1%            | 2.2%           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| VULINDLELA                  | 74.8%         | 23.5%            | 1.7%           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



#### (c) ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

The Msunduzi, Pietermaritzburg area has a diverse economy with a robust manufacturing sector that is excelling in exports to markets as diverse as aluminum products, cut flowers automotive components and furniture. The main economic activity of Msunduzi can be summarized as per the table below:

TABLE 21: SUMMARY OF MSUNDUZI'S ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

| Industry    | Produce  |
|-------------|--|
| Industrial  | Aluminum   |
|             | Footwear   |
|             | • Textiles   |
|             | • Furniture  |
|             | Wood Products  |
|             | • Electronics  |
|             | Motor Components                                     |
| Agriculture | Timber   |
|             | • Beef   |
|             | • Dairy  |
|             | • Sugarcane  |
|             | • Citrus   |
|             | Exotic Fruit   |
|             | Cut Flowers  |
| Business    | Major service centre for KwaZulu-Natal Midlands area |
|             | Legal Services                                       |
| Tourism     | Parks and Gardens                                    |
|             | Historical Buildings and Architecture                |
|             | • Dams   |

In 2021 Msunduzi Trade was as follows: Exports R12,5 billion (88% of total district exports), Imports R9,9 billion (93% of total district imports), Msunduzi net exports of R2,6bn in 2021 - trade surplus. The Top Exported Sectors include: Metal products, machinery and household appliances R8bn, Wood and wood products R1.45bn, Food, beverages and tobacco products R1.07bn, Fuel, petroleum, chemical and rubber products R976m. Top Imported Sectors include: Food, beverages and tobacco products R5bn, Metal products, machinery and household appliances R1.96bn, Fuel, petroleum, chemical and rubber products R1.4bn

As depicted by the table below in 2021, the Msunduzi Local Municipality achieved an annual growth rate of 4.6% which is a slightly y higher GDP growth rate than the District Municipality at 4.1%. This after the Msunduzi contracted sharply in 2020 with a growth rate of -5.4%. The Msunduzi is projected to grow at 2,1% for 2022 and 1.5% for 2024.

TABLE 22: GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) - MSUNDUZI, UMGUNGUNDLOVU, KWAZULU-NATAL AND NATIONAL TOTAL, 2019

|               | GI   | P-R annu | GDP-R annual growth forecast |         |      |      |      |
|---------------|------|----------|------------------------------|---------|------|------|------|
|               | 2017 | 2018     | 2022                         | 2024    |      |      |      |
| uMgungundlovu | 2.8% | 2.0%     | 0.7%                         | (5.4%)  | 4.1% | 1.7% | 1.3% |
| uMshwathi     | 6.1% | 2.4%     | 0.2%                         | (3.4%)  | 3.8% | 0.1% | 0.7% |
| uMngeni       | 3.3% | 1.9%     | -                            | (8.2%)  | 2.3% | 1.1% | 0.6% |
| Mpofana       | 9.5% | 2.5%     | 0.2%                         | (1.1%)  | 4.0% | 0.1% | 0.6% |
| Impendle      | 8.1% | 2.6%     | 0.7%                         | (-2.4%) | 4.4% | •    | 0.8% |
| Msunduzi      | 1.8% | 1.9%     | 0.9%                         | (5.4%)  | 4.6% | 2.1% | 1.5% |
| Mkhambathini  | 3.1% | 1.9%     | 0.5%                         | (4.9%)  | 3.8% | 1.8% | 1.4% |
| Richmond      | 5.7% | 2.2%     | 0.3%                         | (3.5%)  | 4.1% | 0.4% | 0.5% |

Source: KZN Treasury (2022)



The table below illustrates Gross Domestic Product contribution across 9 (nine) economic sectors for the second quarter of 2022. Sectors that contracted the most for Msunduzi are agriculture and manufacturing and Mining at 11.6%. The Transport and fiancé sector demonstrated resilience showing growth rate of 10,6 % and 9,6 % respectively. This is a worry factor since manufacturing and agriculture are the key sectors which are supposed to generate employment. The overall GDP contacted by 2,6% for the second quarter of 2022.

TABLE 23: REGIONAL GDP CONTRIBUTION BY ECONOMIC SECTORS - 2022 Q2

|               | Agriculture | Mining  | Manufacturing | Electricity | Construction | Trade  | Transport | Finance | Community<br>Services | GDP-R Growth |
|---------------|-------------|---------|---------------|-------------|--------------|--------|-----------|---------|-----------------------|--------------|
| uMgungundlovu | (28.3%)     | (12.6%) | (21.4%)       | (4.3%)      | (9.0%)       | (5.8%) | 10.3%     | 9.4%    | (1.3%)                | (4.7%)       |
| uMshwathi     | (28.6%)     | (20.3%) | (22.2%)       | (4.7%)      | (9.7%)       | (6.5%) | 9.3%      | 8.5%    | (2.1%)                | (12.8%)      |
| uMngeni       | (28.6%)     | (13.7%) | (22.1%)       | (5.2%)      | (9.7%)       | (6.5%) | 9.3%      | 8.9%    | (2.0%)                | (6.5%)       |
| Mpofana       | (28.6%)     | (19.3%) | (22.0%)       | (5.0%)      | (9.5%)       | (6.4%) | 9.4%      | 8.7%    | (1.9%)                | (13.5%)      |
| Impendle      | (28.4%)     | (15.6%) | (21.9%)       | (4.6%)      | (9.5%)       | (9.6%) | 9.6%      | 8.9%    | (2.0%)                | (13.3%)      |
| Msunduzi      | (27.8%)     | (11.6%) | (21.1%)       | (4.2%)      | (8.7%)       | (5.5%) | 10.6%     | 9.6%    | (1.1%)                | (2.6%)       |
| Mkhambathini  | (28.0%)     | (12.7%) | (21.4%)       | (4.3%)      | (8.9%)       | (5.7%) | 10.3%     | 9.5%    | (1.3%)                | (5.6%)       |
| Richmond      | (28.5%)     | (13.9%) | (21.9%)       | (4.5%)      | (-9.6%)      | (6.5%) | 9.4%      | 8.8%    | (2.2%)                | (10.2%)      |

As can be seen in the figure below employment both in the province and umgungundlovu district decreased however the employment levels in the district decreased by 3.5 % between 201 and 2021. The sectors which lost most jobs in the district manufacturing trade, finance, community services and households. Between 2020 and 2021, the biggest increase in unemployment was seen, mostly driven by impacts from the COVID pandemic as well as social unrest experienced in 2021.

TABLE 24: TOTAL EMPLOYMENT BY ECONOMIC SECTORS - 2017 & 2021

|                    |           | KwaZulu-  | Natal          | uMgungundlovu |         |                |  |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|---------------|---------|----------------|--|
|                    | 2017      | 2021      | Average Growth | 2017          | 2021    | Average Growth |  |
|                    |           |           | (2017 - 2021)  |               |         | (2017 - 2021)  |  |
| Agriculture        | 136 002   | 128 309   | (1.4%)         | 26 016        | 24 119  | (1.9%)         |  |
| Mining             | 13 100    | 12 153    | (1.9%)         | 783           | 793     | 0.3%           |  |
| Manufacturing      | 316 571   | 269 204   | (4.0%)         | 34 305        | 26 641  | (6.1%)         |  |
| Electricity        | 8 447     | 5 920     | (8.5%)         | 1 218         | 810     | (9.7%)         |  |
| Construction       | 201 133   | 195 344   | (0.7%)         | 20 877        | 19 032  | (2.3%)         |  |
| Trade              | 570 976   | 568 918   | (0.1%)         | 60 369        | 55 494  | (2.1%)         |  |
| Transport          | 157 747   | 151 501   | (1.0%)         | 14 543        | 12 999  | (2.8%)         |  |
| Finance            | 377 576   | 363 547   | (0.9%)         | 40 615        | 35 714  | (3.2%)         |  |
| Community Services | 627 937   | 562 620   | (2.7%)         | 83 515        | 70 811  | (4.0%)         |  |
| Households         | 239 607   | 212 639   | (2.9%)         | 30 935        | 25 377  | (4.7%)         |  |
| Total              | 2 649 097 | 2 470 153 | (1.7%)         | 313 175       | 271 790 | (3.5%)         |  |

Source: IHS Markit, 2022

When we analysis individual municipality's within the district across the same period we can see that a significant number of the employed people are in Msunduzi 178 996 followed uMgeni which has 30 860 employed. There has been a general decline in terms of the number of people employed across all municipality's. It is work noting that Mkhambathini makes higher percentage of UMDM employment in 2021 than in 2017.



TABLE 25: TOTAL EMPLOYMENT LEVEL 2011 - 2021

|               | 2017    |         | 2018    |         | 2019    |         | 2020    |         | 2021    |         |
|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
|               | Number  | % Share |
| uMgungundlovu | 313 175 | 100.0%  | 317 686 | 100.0%  | 321 410 | 100.0%  | 295 569 | 100.0%  | 271 790 | 100.0%  |
| uMshwathi     | 26 594  | 8.5%    | 26 947  | 8.5%    | 27 345  | 8.5%    | 24 774  | 8.4%    | 22 776  | 8.4%    |
| uMngeni       | 35 219  | 11.2%   | 35 778  | 11.3%   | 36 227  | 11.3%   | 33 447  | 11.3%   | 30 860  | 11.4%   |
| Mpofana       | 12 225  | 3.9%    | 12 390  | 3.9%    | 12 555  | 3.9%    | 11 373  | 3.8%    | 10 373  | 3.8%    |
| Impendle      | 3 914   | 1.2%    | 3 962   | 1.2%    | 4 032   | 1.3%    | 3 562   | 1.2%    | 3 216   | 1.2%    |
| Msunduzi      | 206 071 | 65.8%   | 209 099 | 65.8%   | 211 335 | 65.8%   | 194 814 | 65.9%   | 178 998 | 65.9%   |
| Mkhambathini  | 12 233  | 3.9%    | 12 398  | 3.9%    | 12 551  | 3.9%    | 11 781  | 4.0%    | 11 096  | 4.1     |
| Richmond      | 16 919  | 5.4%    | 17 113  | 5.4%    | 17 365  | 5.4%    | 15 818  | 5.4%    | 14 471  | 5.3%    |

Source: IHS Markit Regional eXplorer version 1070

### TABLE 26: TOTAL EMPLOYMENT - MSUNDUZI, UMGUNGUNDLOVU, KWAZULU-NATAL AND NATIONAL TOTAL, 2006-2016 [NUMBERS]

#### Unemployment

The table below depicts the unemployment figures per municipality within Umgungundlovu district municipality, this for period 2017 to 2021 and looks at both the Official definition and explained definition.

As can be seen that unemployment is highest in impendle municipality and Richmond municipality for the 2021 when looking at the expanded definition.

TABLE 27: UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (OFFICIAL AND EXPANDED DEFINITION) 2017-2021

|               | Unemp | oloyment | Rate - of | ficial def | inition | Unemployment Rate - expanded definition |       |       |       |       |  |
|---------------|-------|----------|-----------|------------|---------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
|               | 2017  | 2018     | 2019      | 2020       | 2021    | 2017                                    | 2018  | 2019  | 2020  | 2021  |  |
| uMgungundlovu | 23.1% | 23.1%    | 24.5%     | 27.8%      | 33.3%   | 34.6%                                   | 35.9% | 36.8% | 40.2% | 46.6% |  |
| uMshwathi     | 20.3% | 20.4%    | 21.5%     | 25.0%      | 30.4%   | 32.4%                                   | 33.7% | 34.4% | 38.0% | 44.6% |  |
| uMngeni       | 17.6% | 17.6%    | 18.8%     | 22.3%      | 27.4%   | 25.4%                                   | 26.4% | 27.4% | 31.1% | 37.4% |  |
| Mpofana       | 20.6% | 20.4%    | 21.5%     | 25.5%      | 30.9%   | 32.8%                                   | 33.8% | 34.6% | 38.6% | 45.2% |  |
| Impendle      | 32.0% | 31.8%    | 33.1%     | 38.0%      | 44.5%   | 58.4%                                   | 60.1% | 60.2% | 63.6% | 69.5% |  |
| Msunduzi      | 25.0% | 24.9%    | 26.4%     | 29.7%      | 35.2%   | 36.0%                                   | 37.2% | 38.2% | 41.4% | 47.8% |  |
| Mkhambathini  | 21.4% | 21.5%    | 22.9%     | 26.2%      | 31.6%   | 34.4%                                   | 36.0% | 36.9% | 40.2% | 46.8% |  |
| Richmond      | 18.5% | 18.5%    | 19.5%     | 22.7%      | 27.5%   | 36.0%                                   | 37.8% | 38.3% | 41.6% | 48.2% |  |

Source: IHS Markit, 2022

#### C.1.1.2. POPULATION GROWTH RATE

A review of the anticipated growth rates for the next 5 years, 2022 - 2027 is provided below. The basis of these projections is derived from the historical population growth rates experienced in the municipality between the 2001 and 2011 Census, which is estimated to be approximately 1.1%. This was higher than both provincial and district average which have been below 1%. In calculating the growth rate, each wards rate of growth was calculated and applied over the period and the summation of this is reflected in Table 8. An indication of the medium and high growth rate is also reflected below, but these scenarios are unlikely to be reached in the short term, given that the current growth rate continues to hold around 1%.

| 3 |  |
|---|--|
|   |  |
|   |  |

| Year | Low population Growth 1.1 | Medium Growth Rate 2.2% | High Growth Rate 3.3 % |
|------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| 2022 | 710,737                   | 785,822                 | 853,605                |
| 2024 | 718,697                   | 803,111                 | 879,215                |
| 2024 | 726,746                   | 820,779                 | 905,589                |
| 2025 | 734,886                   | 838,836                 | 932,757                |
| 2026 | 742,924                   | 852,526                 | 950,210                |
| 2027 | 750,100                   | 871,200                 | 976,352                |

Derived on Statsa census 2001, 2011 and community Survey 2016 baseline data.

#### C.1.1.3. POPULATION SWOT ANALYSIS

#### **STRENGTHS**

- A stabilising population growth rate.
- Decreasing number of child-headed households
- The majority of the population in the economically active age cohorts

#### **OPPORTUNITIES**

- The majority of the population in the economically active age cohorts
- Good levels of education amongst adults
- Improving levels of literacy and tertiary training.

#### WEAKNESSES

- High number of economically vulnerable households
- Places of residence some distance from work opportunities.
- High levels of unemployment.

#### **THREATS**

- High but stabilizing levels of HIV/AIDS
- Increasing in migration

#### C.1.1.3.1. KEY CHALLENGES

- A growing population with a growing number of households, but with a decreasing average household size.
- A population that is predominantly within the economically active age groups, and one where people within the working age groups are less dependent on those who are employed.
- A population that is improving in levels of skills development and literacy shown by the improving levels of schooling and post schooling qualifications.
- A population with the highest level of HIV/Aids infection in the province.
- A population with a relatively high level of child headed households.

#### C.1.2. SPATIAL PLANNING

#### C.1.2.1. INTRODUCTION

The Municipal Systems Act (32 of 2000), Section 26 requires the formulation of a municipal IDP with a Spatial Development Framework (SDF) as core component. Municipalities are therefore obligated to formulate a 5-year Integrated Development Plan reviewed annually and must be integrated with the Spatial Development Framework. At a local level, Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations and Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act requires a long-term spatial development vision statement and plan (SDF) to give effect to development principles, formulate objectives for desired spatial form, contain strategies, policies and basic guidelines for the land use management system, set out capital investment framework for municipality's development program and provide visual representation of the desired spatial form of the city. The IDP must provide alignment with the National plans (National Development Plan and National Spatial Development Framework), while at provincial level it must reflect the priorities outlined in the Provincial Growth and Development Plan, Provincial Spatial Development Framework, and Provincial Spatial Economic Development Strategy. The three main categories are discussed below:



#### **National Planning**

National planning consists of the following elements:

- (a) The compilation, approval and review of spatial development plans and policies or similar instruments, including a national spatial development framework.
- (b) The planning by the national sphere for the efficient and sustainable execution of itslegislative and executive powers insofar as they relate to the development of land and the change of land use; and
- (c) The making and review of policies and laws necessary to implement national planning, including the measures designed to monitor and support other spheres in the performance of their spatial planning, land use management and land development functions.

#### **Provincial Planning**

Provincial planning consists of the following elements:

- (a) The compilation, approval and review of a provincial spatial development framework;
- (b) Monitoring compliance by municipalities with this By-law and provincial legislation in relation to the preparation, approval, review and implementation of land use management systems;
- (c) The planning by a province for the efficient and sustainable execution of its legislative and executive powers insofar as they relate to the development of land and the change of land use; and
- (d) The making and review of policies and laws necessary to implement provincial planning.

#### Municipal Planning

Municipal planning consists of the following elements:

- (a) The compilation, approval, and review of integrated development plans.
- (b) The compilation, approval, and review of the components of an integrated development plan prescribed by legislation and falling within the competence of a municipality, including a spatial development framework and a land use scheme; and
- (c) The control and regulation of the use of land within the municipal area where the nature, scale and intensity of the land use do not affect the provincial planning mandate of provincial government or the national interest.

#### Municipal Spatial Development Framework

Section 26(e) of the Municipal Systems Act (32 of 2000) requires all municipalities to prepare Spatial Development Frameworks (SDF) to guide and inform development planning and public and private sector investment. SDFs enable Council, communities, industries, service providers, and government agencies to plan, budget, and develop with confidence and certainty. Section (20)(1) of the SPLUMA indicates that the municipal council of a municipality must by notice in the provincial gazette adopt a municipal SDF must be prepared as part of the Municipalities IDP in accordance with the provisions of the Municipal System Act. A copy of the full SDF is included as an Annexure to this document.

The SDF is neither a comprehensive plan, nor a development master plan. It is a flexible framework that serves as the basis on which detailed area and even site-specific master plans

may be prepared. It is conceptual in nature and seeks to contextualize the national and provincial development imperatives, while also presenting a spatial overtone of the development strategies outlined in the IDP. Any changes to the framework will need to be reflected in future revisions, which should occur on a regular basis in order to achieve the Municipality's Vision.



The primary aim of the Msunduzi SDF is to:-

- Serve as a strategic, indicative, and flexible forward planning tool, to guide public and private sector decisions
  on land development and investment.
- Present a set of policies and principles, and an approach to the management of spatial development within the municipal area, to guide decision-makers in dealing with land development applications.
- Provide a clear and logical framework for spatial development, by providing an indication of where the Municipality would support certain forms of development.
- Provide a clear spatial logic that facilitates private sector decisions on investment in the built environment.
- Promote social, economic and environmental sustainability of the area; and
- Provide a framework for dealing with key issues, such as natural resource management, land reform, subdivision of rural land, and the conservation of prime and unique agricultural land, etc.

#### C.1.2.2. CURRENT SPATIAL CONTEXT

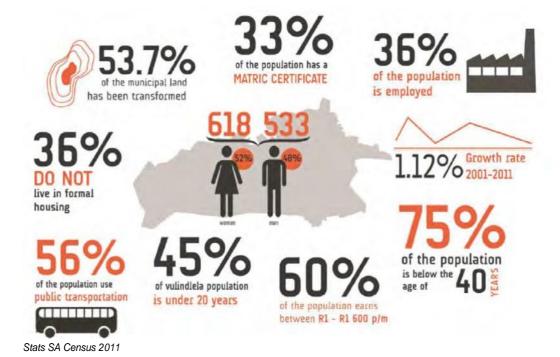
The Msunduzi Municipality commonly known as Pietermaritzburg is located along the N3 at a junction of an industrial corridor, 80km inland from Durban on the major road route between the busiest harbour in Africa, and the national economic powerhouses of Johannesburg and Pretoria. The Msunduzi municipality covers an area of 635 km² and has an estimated population of 817,725 people. Pietermaritzburg is the second largest city within KwaZulu-Natal and is the Capital City of the Province. The confirmation of the capital status has entrenched its role and position as the administrative and political hub of the Province and its associated seat of power has produced a distinctive spatiality.

The City's strategic location within the Province's space economy provides a foundation for sustained economic growth and a conducive environment for investment to thrive. By way of its location, the city serves as a gateway to the inland economic heartland, which offers uncapped economic opportunity and investment return potential. The Msunduzi Municipality is recognized as Primary economic hub within uMgungundlovu District Municipality. Its location has a strong influence on regional channels of investment, movement and structuring of the provincial spatial framework for growth and development. Significant development pressure is being experienced along the N3 corridor with private developers seeking to unlock the development potential of lands at Lynnfield and Umlaas Road, with the N3 forming part of Strategic Integrated Projects (SIPs), namely SIP2 - Durban-Free State- Gauteng logistics industrial corridor.

The Municipality intends to capitalise and promote the city as a destination of choice and a place to do business within a complex and diversified economy and within the context of achieving a metro status. Therefore, strengthening existing centres of economic activity and identifying new economic zones and centres is vital to promote and support growth within the economy. Supporting their development and growth will ensure the sustainable development of the economy of Msunduzi.



#### FIGURE 7



The key demographic findings which have informed the spatial strategies are as seen in Figure 13.

#### C.1.2.3. THE HIERARCHY OF PLANS

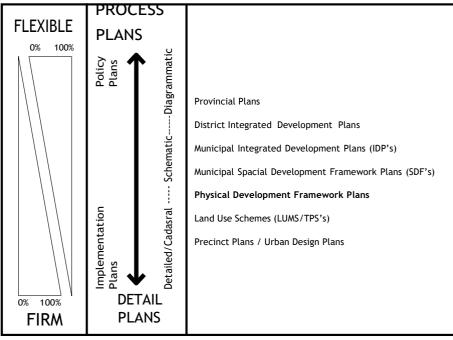
The SDF, in terms of the legislative requirements of SPLUMA, requires a longer-term horizon for planning, at the very minimum ten years and generally 20-25 years, while the IDP has a five-year time horizon. City Development Strategies (CDS) also have a longer time horizon than IDPs, and while a CDS is not a statutory requirement however is accepted as part of the suite/hierarchy of plans due to good practice. The long term plan/framework has an important role of informing and guiding any plan with a shorter time horizon.

There are a number of statutory and non-statutory plans prepared within each municipality. These plans range from a very broad level (guiding the growth and vision of the entire municipal area) to property specific detail (dictating individual property rights). It is therefore important to ensure alignment between the various plans and thereby ensuring coherent planning throughout the municipality. The non-statutory spatial plans which may be prepared by municipalities include Local Area Plan; Nodal Plans, Corridor Plans & Precinct Plans. These plans are prepared for a specific geographic area within the municipal area. These plans do not confer land use right, but they do give detail regarding the intended use of properties to align with strategic municipal goals.

The Msunduzi Municipality has embarked in a process of developing our Spatial Planning Policy illustrated in the Figure below.



#### FIGURE 8: MSUNDUZI HIERARCHY OF PLANS



The Municipality has adopted the Area Based Management [ABM] Approach which is an indication of how the municipality is spatially organized. To also advance initiatives in community development and stakeholder engagement. These include the Vulindlela; Greater Edendale & Imbali; Northern Areas, and the CBD, Ashburton & Eastern Areas as described below:

Spatial Development Framework 2015 [GRAPHICS]



#### C.1.2.4. VULINDLELA

Vulindlela is situated to the west of Pietermaritzburg, northwest of the Greater Edendale area. The majority of the land belongs to the Ingonyama Trust Fund (Traditional Authority areas). The area is predominantly rural and underdeveloped. The Vulindlela area covers a vast area (approximately 28 000 ha in extent) it is the Largest of the four functional areas and houses majority of the city's population, which falls under the GEVDI. The study area is made up of 11 wards, the key nodes of the area being Ncwadi area and Taylors Halt. The leadership in these areas consists of ward Councillors, as well as Amakhosi. We have 6 Amakhosi found in the Vulindlela Area, namely Nkosi K.S. ZONDI of Mpumuza, Nkosi V.I. ZONDI of Inadi, Nkosi M.S.P. NGCOBO of Mafunze, Nkosi S. MLABA of Ximba Sub, Nkosi T. MKHIZE of Embo and Nkosi E.S. ZUMA of Nxamalala.

#### C.1.2.5. GREATER EDENDALE AND IMBALI

The area has major valleys and steep topography, particularly those areas closer to the Vulindlela ABM. These serve as structuring elements and constrain development in certain parts. The majority of the population in the Greater Edendale and Imbali areas are located to the east and southeast of Edendale Road. Older areas on either side of Edendale Road comprise a mix of both formal and informal settlement patterns. Settlements to the south and east are a mixture of traditional and formal settlements. Undeveloped land, with great potential for development, lies to the east of the ABM and adjacent to the Ashburton ABM.

The Municipality has been in a process to establish an Integrated Rapid Public Transport Network (IRPTN) movement system, which is geared towards facilitating easier mobility, and servicing areas that comprise greater thresholds (population density), such as the CBD, Edendale and Imbali areas. With key initiatives to establish the Edendale town center hub, education precinct, and Heroes Acre Development.

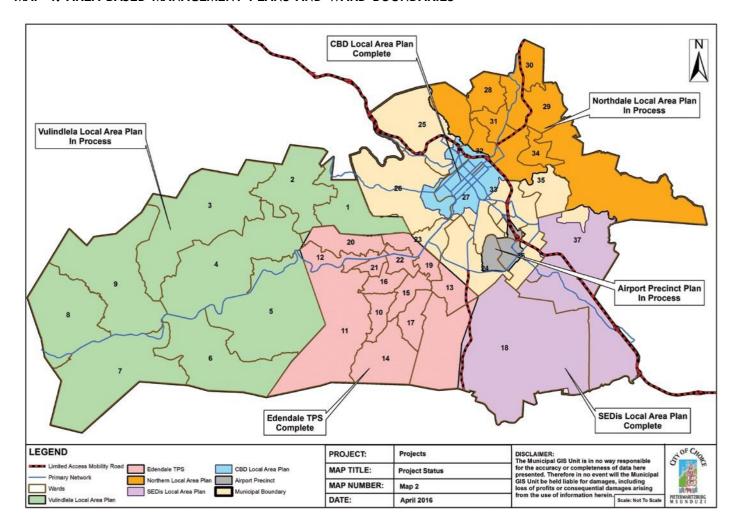
#### C.1.2.6. THE NORTHERN AREAS

The Northern ABM consists of portions of the CBD, Clarendon, Montrose, Chase Valley, Woodlands, Northdale, Raisethorpe, and Bishopstowe. The N3 corridor traverses the ABM, but it is largely a movement corridor between the dominant urban cores of Johannesburg and Durban. Due to the limited access nature of this road, opportunity points exist at key intersections or off-ramps along its route. Greater variety of land uses, consisting predominantly of residential, open space, preservation areas and pockets of business uses. A large industrial area is located towards the east of the Northern Areas, it constitutes a major sector in the economy of the Northern Areas.

#### C.1.2.7. CBD, ASHBURTON, AND THE EASTERN AREAS

The CBD also functions as the primary market place for the Municipality, a place of concentration of power (financial, economic, and political), an investment location, a rates revenue generator, and provides an opportunity for social interaction and integration. It also serves as the gateway city to the surrounding tourist destinations, it in itself being a tourist destination. The confirmation of the Capital City Status, and subsequent relocation of the various Provincial Departments, has contributed to the growth and stability of the area. Its declaration as the Provincial Legislative Capital has had a strong influence on the "City of Choice's" unprecedented economic and development growth. This ABM is the major employer of the city's working population, with the majority of people being employed in government departments, mainly in the central areas, while others are employed in the city's industries in Mkhondeni, Pelham, Willowton, and on the periphery of Northdale, spilling over to Mountain Rise. The city's major education institutions are also within this ABM and include the University of KwaZulu-Natal and Durban University of Technology in Scottsville, and UNISA and FET College/s in the central area. Assists in identifying the Msunduzi Municipality as one that presents further specialised development opportunities along the N3 corridor. In this regard, it is useful to point out that the Msunduzi Municipality has duly aligned itself to such a development opportunity by advocating the case for the upgrade of the Msunduzi Airport, establishing a Msunduzi technology hub and strengthening accessibility to such facilities through proposed interchange points along the N3

#### MAP 4: AREA-BASED MANAGEMENT PLANS AND WARD BOUNDARIES



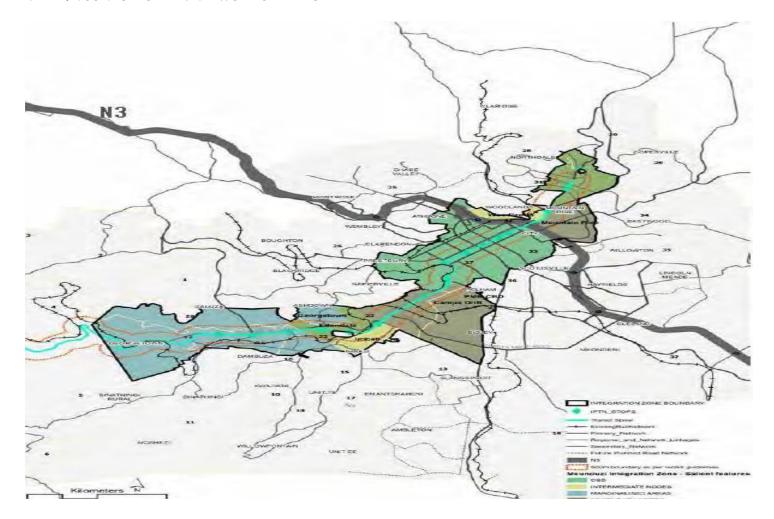
#### C.1.2.8. **URBAN NETWORKS STRATEGY**

The National Treasury under the Neighborhood Development Program Fund has formulated a progressive spatial targeting methodology known as Urban Network Strategy (UNS) and to identify Integrate Zone. An Urban Network Strategy Plan was prepared for the Town Centre which considered land uses within 800m that translate to a 10minute walking distance. The Hub was located within an area of higher-order land uses which contain the two Edendale shopping centres as well as the Edendale Hospital.

The Municipality put forward two potential Urban Centres to support the establishment and formalization of anchor points in the primary urban structure in township areas. The Greater Edendale Area and Raisethorpe in the north were identified as the two supporting anchors and motivations for both areas were put forward to the National Treasury to leverage Technical Assistance (TA) funding for the planning of each hub and ultimately source Capital Grant (CG) funding for the implementation of prioritized projects. The Priority Integration Zone is the focus of as many public sector role players as appropriate, aligning public sector investment to attract and incentivize firms and households to invest their resources in Integration Zones. Within the Msunduzi hierarchy of plans, the Urban Network Strategy and Integration Zone Investment Plan is directly informed by the Municipal SDF and forms an overlay to the Land Use Management Scheme.

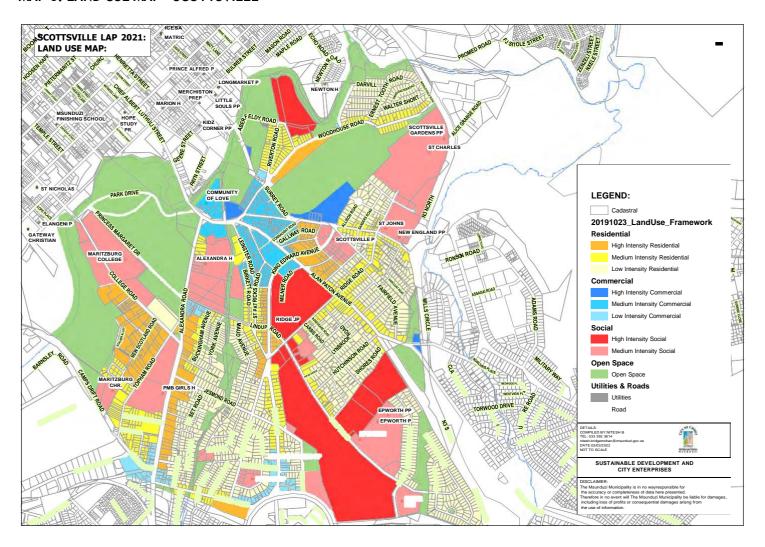


#### MAP 5: MSUNDUZI URBAN NETWORK STRATEGY





#### MAP 6: LAND USE MAP - SCOTTSVILLE



#### C.1.2.9. THE SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK

MELVILLE ROAD

In accordance with the requirements of the Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000) (MSA), Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act (SPLUMA), Act No.16 of 2013 and the Municipal Planning and Land Use By-Law (2021) the Msunduzi Municipality embarked on the process to review its Municipal Spatial Development Framework (SDF) approved in 2015 and adopted a revised SDF in 2022. The SDF was developed utilizing the Guidelines for the Development of Spatial Development Frameworks, introduced by the Department of Rural Development and Land Reform.

The MSDF is an integral component of the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) and a key spatial transformation tool, which guides how the implementation of the IDP should occur in space. Therefore, decisions made by sectors, spheres and entities of the public sector should be consistent with and work towards realizing the vision, spatial strategies and plan set out in the MSDF. It furthermore guides the desirable spatial distribution of land uses within a Municipality to give effect to not only the spatial vision, goals and objectives of the Municipality but by directing where the city should intervene in space to achieve its transformation objectives. The Municipal SDF must provide guidance for decision making in terms of the Single Land Use Scheme for Msunduzi Municipality which is currently being prepared. SDF strategic drivers for the first 10 years of the SDF are directed towards Msunduzi Municipality reclaiming the city and focused on improving the functional governance to manage the transformation, regeneration and the restructuring of the urban and rural areas. The SDF has identified the following development priories:

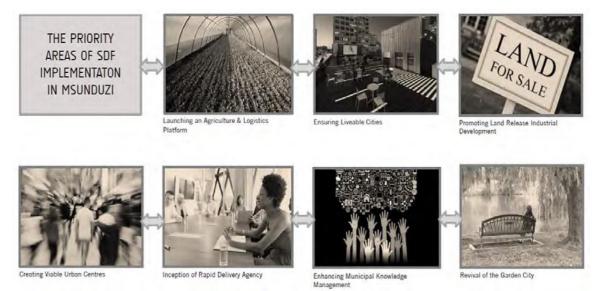
The SDF is based on seven key developmental pillars identified as forming a backbone of sustainability for the future city. The seven pillars upon which the Msunduzi SDF is built are as follows:-

- Effective governance focusing on compliance and inter-departmental coordination Data sharing and management systems Create, maintain and update of GIS database to include spatial location of projects.
- CBD regeneration through key initiatives such as business Improvement District, Street cleaning initiatives, public art, Camps Drift Waterfront development, Active streets and Informal trading infrastructure
- Human Settlement development through Informal settlement upgrading Implementation of housing projects
- Upgrade and maintain infrastructure to service existing development and to carter for future development expansion.
- Development of Intervention area plans for the identified in rural nodes-Taylors Halt Sweet Waters
  KwaMncane precinct intervention plan Ngubeni intervention area Henley Dam intervention area Mafakhatini
  intervention area
- Commercial investment to stimulate municipal economic growth -Edendale private land acquisition initiative The Edendale ICT hub N3 Corridor development Agri-Park Aluminium hub development.



#### C.1.2.10. SDF IMPLEMENTATION

The implementation plan of the SDF has resulted in 50 projects being proposed with the following catalytic programmes being introduced as 'top prize' programmes for change:



These seven programmes are linked directly to the seven developmental pillars forming the basis of the SDF.

Their effects, when implemented are cross-cutting and would result in an integrated and sustainable space economy in the municipality.

#### C.1.2.11. PROJECT IDENTIFICATION AND CAPITAL INVESTMENT

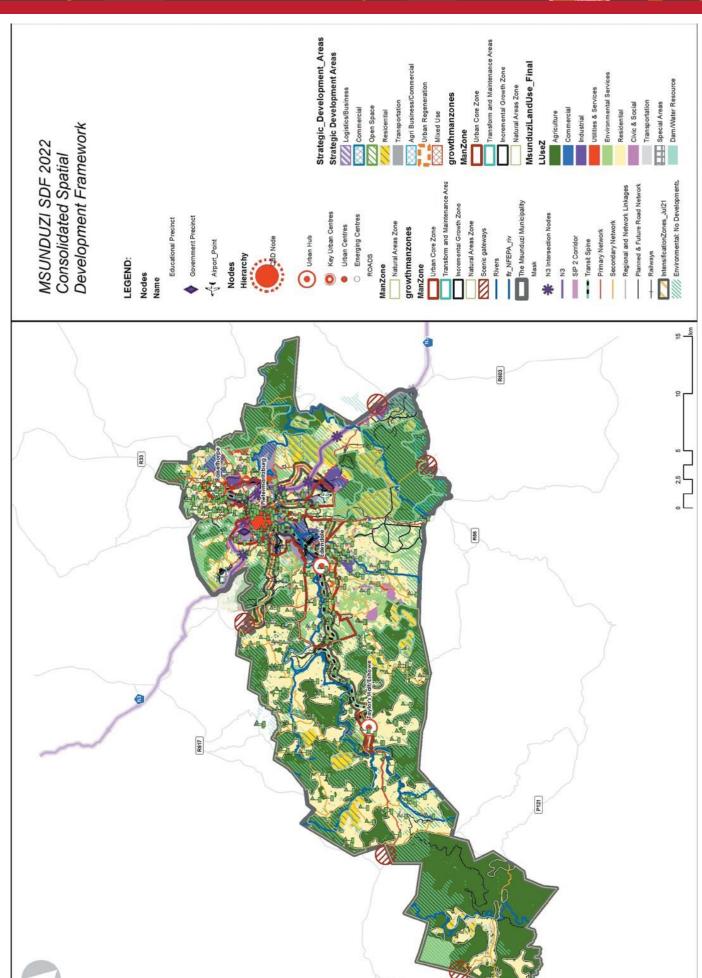
The Capital Investment Framework (CIF) for Msunduzi Municipality outlines the capital projects which will support the implementation of the SDF proposals that will be undertaken within the next five years. Furthermore, the capital budget and spatial proposals were informed by the need within the community and the IDP process. The CIF is comprised of:

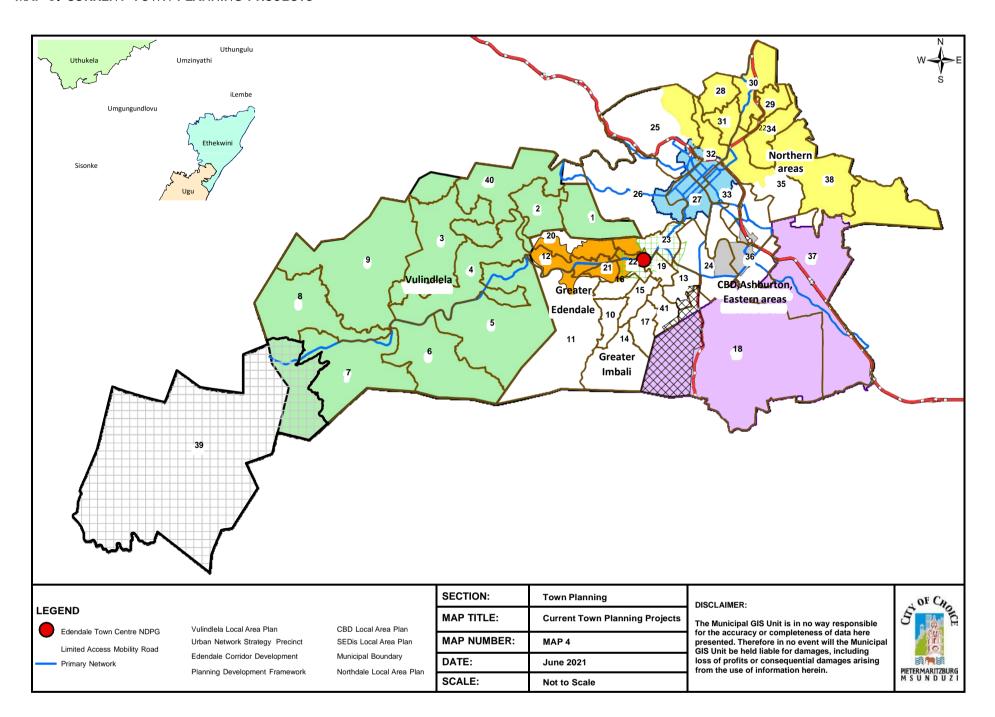
- Budgets linked to the IDP (committed and proposed civil and electrical infrastructure, human settlements, etc.);
- Capital expenditure for committed and proposed social infrastructure;
- Link budget to financing and funder (if available);
- Operating budget

The alignment with the SDF is further aligned to development strategies and proposals contained in the SDF, IDP and other Sector Plans; as well as the projects and actions set out in the Implementation Framework. SDF implementation plan, it has identified key catalytic projects that facilitate social economic development within the Municipality. A phasing plan was built in accordance with the various projects - as they relate to certain land use categories. The implementation process must be accompanied by monitoring and evaluation measures to ensure departmental alignment and long-term financial planning and development forecasting are integrated to achieve desired outcomes in the most efficient manner for the city.

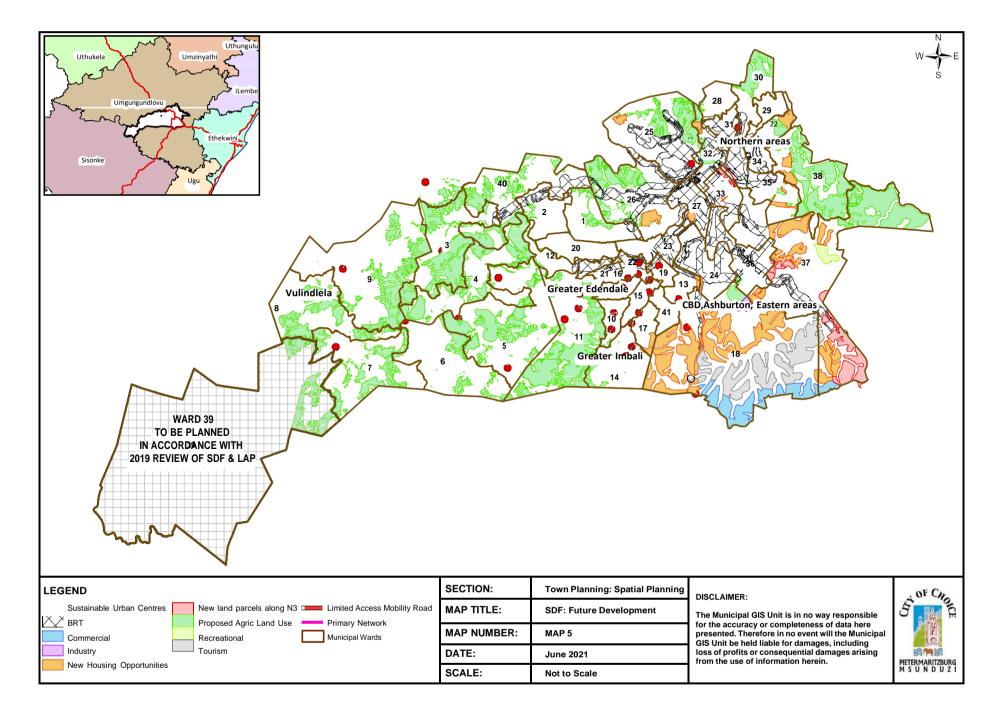
The Msunduzi Municipality has the tools in hand to begin seeing the vision of the SDF through for a sustainable, thriving city. This roadmap which has been created, points to the vision of the "City of Choice and being Second to None".



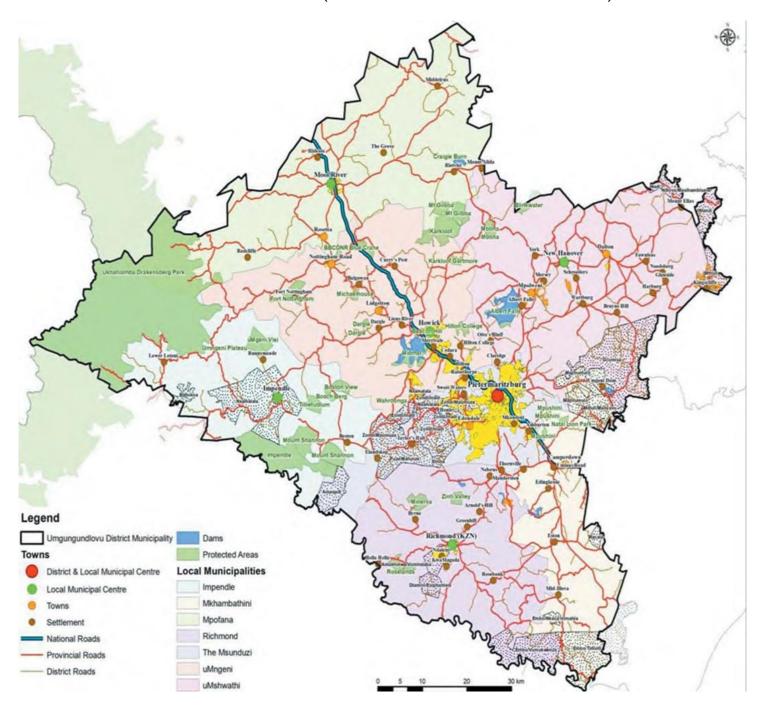






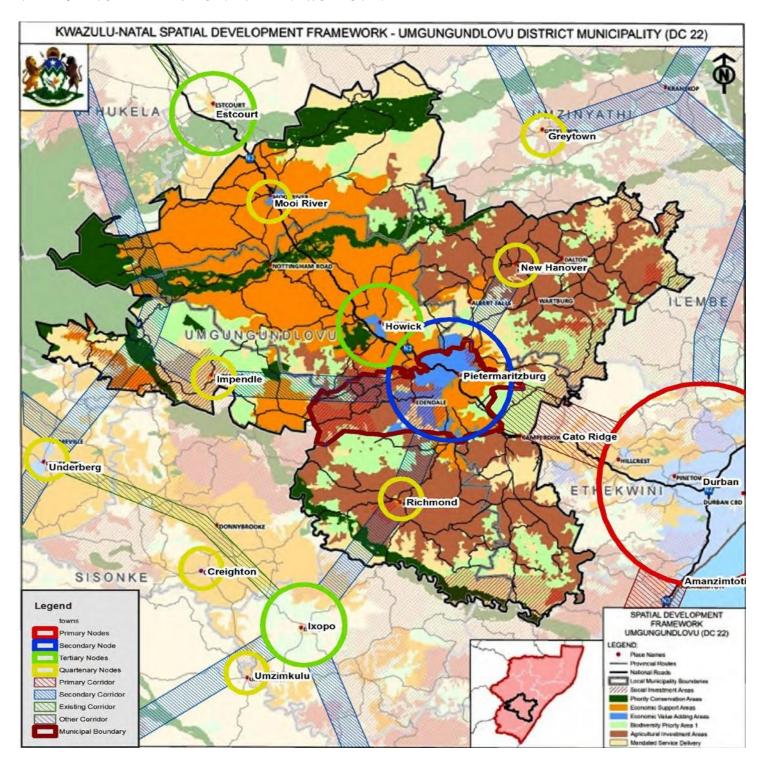


MAP 10: SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK (UMGUNGUNDLOVU DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY)





MAP 11: KZN SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK UMDM



#### C.1.2.12. REGIONAL CONTEXT

Through the SDF and ABM plan preparation process, attention has been paid to the alignment of the Msunduzi SDF to that of the surrounding local municipalities, as well as to the SDF of the uMgungundlovu DM. The two maps above summarise the Msunduzi Municipality's SDF in terms of the surrounding SDFs in the uMgungundlovu District Municipality, as well as the Msunduzi Municipality in terms of the Provincial Growth and Development Strategy. The following is noted:

- The PGDS identifies the Msunduzi Municipality as a secondary node in the province, secondary to the eThekwini node.
- The PGDS identifies the N3 corridor as a Primary Corridor, with the roads linking the Municipality to the New Hanover, Richmond, and Impendle nodes as secondary corridors.
- The uMgungundlovu SDF identifies the Msunduzi Municipality as the Primary Node.

#### C.1.2.13. NODES AND CORRIDORS

Several settlements in Msunduzi Municipality (especially those located in Vulindlela) have limited access to commercial, social and retail facilities. A compact polycentric model aims to increase density, promote diversity, economic opportunities and accessibility to opportunities thereby reducing travel distances, associated costs and more importantly, reduces inequality. The SDF utilises the Compact polycentric city model to identify and classify the nodes. Higher density, high-rise and mixed-use developments are encouraged within these economic hubs. Each of these economic hubs should provide a high degree of commercial, retail and social facilities within walking distance. The following have been identified within the Msunduzi municipal area:

#### (i) NODES

TABLE 28: DEVELOPMENT NODES WITHIN THE MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY

| MSUNDUZI NODES |   |  |  |  |
|----------------|---|--|--|--|
| Description    | <ul> <li>Guiding concepts for the identification and functioning of nodes:</li> <li>Optimise the use of existing bulk infrastructure and social facilities;</li> <li>Discourage Urban Sprawl;</li> <li>Ensure compact and efficient urban areas;</li> <li>Protect agricultural land with high production potential;</li> <li>Provide guidance to both public and private sector investors;</li> <li>Promote economic, social, and environmental sustainability; and</li> <li>Accommodate reasonable future demand for development.</li> <li>The SDF distinguishes various nodes in terms of whether they are:</li> <li>Existing and to be maintained at that level;</li> <li>Existing at a lower level, and to be extended and consolidated into a higher level node;</li> <li>New nodes to be introduced and phased in overtime and as thresholds occur, but shown at the level which is ultimately intended.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| Name           | Description   |  |  |  |
| The CBD Node   | the only CBD node within Msunduzi Municipality. It is envisioned that land use activities within the CBD core should be intensified   |  |  |  |
| Urban hub:     | The three urban hubs (Edendale. Raisethorpe, taylors halt) identified pay a critical support function to the CBD node and serve the larger area they are located in. These are located at the point of maximum connectivity within in previously disadvantaged areas and therefore plays an important role in regenerating the urban environment by.  |  |  |  |

|--|

| Key urban centres        | A strong linkage should exist between the key urban centres and the urban hub and the CBD node. The key urban centres should offer a strong economic base for industry and serve the neighbouring suburbs as well. The centers include Liberty Mall/Chatterton Rd, Athlone Circle, Ibhubesi/Lynnfield Park, Hillcove/Market Rd, Scottsville, Hayfields, Cascades and Umlaas Rd                     |
|--------------------------|--|
| Emerging centres:        | They characterised by emerging development with a peri-urban or rural character and as such provide basic services and community facilities to the local community. Higher density (40-80du/ha) development trends are emerging within these centres. Facilities should be within walking distance. The emerging centres identified are: R56/Thornville, Gezubuso, KwaDlozi, KwaMpande, KaNzakane. |
| Specialised<br>Precincts | The Specialised Precincts are characterised by one or more specialised uses which are considered a significant development important to distinguish the functioning of the Municipality. The specialised precincts identified are: Government precinct, Airport precinct and Educational precinct  |

TABLE 29: DEVELOPMENT CORRIDORS WITHIN THE MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY

| MSUNDUZI CORRIDORS   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Description  | The main objectives of development corridors are to achieve integration, improve access, and provide investment opportunities whilst correcting imbalances created by the Apartheid planning system. It is suggested that through the use of development corridors, previously segregated areas can be connected, and opportunities created for economic development in previously disadvantaged communities, as well as the identification of alternative development axes. |  |
| Name   | Description  |  |
| Provincial Priority<br>Corridor/Limited<br>Access Mobility<br>Road | This is the N3 which has been identified as a priority development corridor by the Provincial Cabinet. Its prime function is to serve as a long-distance movement corridor, and although the agglomeration benefits of the corridor should be optimised, this should not interfere with its primary function. Consequently, development will be located at or near some intersections.   |  |
| Activity Spines  | Generally referred to as development corridors, these occur along major arterials leading into or from the CBD Node. A mix of complementary land uses including retail, office, entertainment, and residential; about half a street block in width fronting onto the arterials are to be encouraged, but only in specific areas.   |  |



| Name               | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| Arterial Roads and | These existing, improved, and proposed roads are aimed at improving accessibility,        |
| Bypasses           | alleviating congestion in and around the core, and opening up areas previously            |
|                    | excluded from the local economy. In the case of future roads, the alignment shown is      |
|                    | merely diagrammatic. The proposed road "matrix" comprises both major and minor            |
|                    | arterial connections. A number of such roads are proposed in the Edendale, Imbali,        |
|                    | Ashburton areas in order to improve connectivity to all parts of the city, especially new |
|                    | employment areas.   |

#### C.1.2.14. **BROAD LAND USES**

A broad land use analysis was prepared as part of the SDF (2009) preparation process. This will be updated as more up to date information comes through from the review process. It must be noted that the percentages used to indicate land use trends, and to inform overall spatial planning at an SDF level, are an approximation. A more detailed land use audit is required at the Scheme level, which will follow the preparation of the SDF.

| TABLE 30: LAND                                | USES PER AREA BASED MANAGEMENT AREA  |  |
|---|--|--|
| GENERAL<br>LAND USE<br>PERCENTAGES            | The Grasslands takes about 31.7 of the land in the Municipality, followed by land used for settlement purposes at 29.1%, which includes formal settlements (14.8%), traditional settlements (14.1%), and informal settlements (0.5%). It is important to distinguish between the different types of settlements, as these would give an idea of the level of services available, and those that are required.  |  |
| ABM   | DESCRIPTION  |  |
| CBD,<br>ASHBURTON<br>AND EASTERN<br>AREAS ABM | Whilst the dominating land use is thornveld and grasslands, this area is predominantly used for residential purposes. The area is also home to some of the major employers in the city, namely the government sector in the central area, and industries in Mkhondeni, Willowton, and Pelham. This area is therefore the largest rates contributor of the city. It is important to mention that this area plays a significant role in terms of transport infrastructure available in the city. This area accommodates the larger part of the N3, a primary movement corridor (also part of the Provincial Development Corridors) dissecting the city and the Edendale - Northdale development corridor; it is also home to the city's only airport and railway station. A concentration of education facilities is found in this area, the largest of them being the University of KwaZulu-Natal. The north-eastern part (Bellvue/New England) and south-eastern part (Ukulinga/Ashburton) has pockets of cultivated land. |  |
| NORTHERN<br>AREAS ABM                         | This area is mostly used for residential purposes, and the natures of the settlements are both formal and informal, especially in the areas of Claridge and Copesville. Forestry/Plantations are the dominant land uses, especially to the west of the area with natural bush in between. The majority of commercial activities in the city are within this area, with pockets of industrial uses in places. There are also pockets of Active/Passive Open Spaces (the largest being Queen Elizabeth Park), and Cultivated Land (Copesville/Claridge). It is important to note that the largest health institutions in the city namely Grey's Hospital and Townhill Mental Institution, are within this area. The area is also part of the Edendale - Northdale development corridor and the N3.   |  |
| GREATER<br>EDENDALE AREA<br>ABM               | A large part of this area is used for residential purposes, even though it is largely underserviced. The natures of the settlements are formal, informal, and traditional, even though there is no tribal authority in this area. Even though there are industrial activities in the area, the majority of people are unemployed and are relatively poor. This area has been identified as one city's areas of priority spending, with initiatives already underway to support this, namely the Greater Edendale Development Initiative (GEDI) and the Edendale - Northdale Development Corridor. This area was also home to the Ndumiso Teacher's College, now home to Durban University of Technology (Imbali Campus) and Umgungundlovu FET, the Edendale Hospital, and the railway depot.   |  |



| ABM        | DESCRIPTION   |
|------------|---|
| VULINDLELA | This area is under traditional authorities, and is predominantly rural with largely traditional   |
| ABM        | settlements. There are, however, pockets of informal settlements. This area is the largest of the |
|            | ABMs, and houses the majority of the city's population, yet it is highly underdeveloped and       |
|            | under-serviced. The majority of people are unemployed and dependant on government                 |
|            | grants, while some live off the land through subsistence farming. There are also pockets of       |
|            | Active/Passive Open Spaces, Forestry/Plantation, Grasslands, and Natural Bush. The education      |
|            | facilities are scattered around area, and the lack of health facilities is clear.                 |

#### C.1.2.15. LAND USE CONTROLS

The Municipality has rolled out a Wall-to-Wall Scheme for the entire municipal area. The Scheme has been prepared in terms of Chapter 5 of the Spatial Planning andLand Use Management Act, 2013 (No. 16 of 2013) as amended, read in conjunction with Chapter 3 of the Msunduzi Municipality Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Bylaw. The Scheme has been adopted by the Municipality in terms of Section 11 of the Msunduzi Municipality Spatial Planning and Land Use Management By-law.

The Scheme must give effect to and be consistent with the municipal Integrated Development Plan and Spatial Development Framework and determine the use and development of land within the municipal area in order to promote: -

- (a) Economic growth.
- (b) Social inclusion.
- (c) Efficient land development; and
- (d) Minimal impact on public health, the environment, and natural resources.

The purpose of this Scheme is to guide and manage development within the Municipality in accordance with the vision, strategies and policies of the Integrated Development Plan and associated Spatial Development Framework in order to promote sustainable development. Furthermore, the scheme is used to determine development rights and parameters in the Municipality in order to:

- (a) Give effect to the policies and plans of national, provincial, and municipal government, including the Municipality's own policies and plans.
- (b) Protect reasonable individual and communal interests in land.
- (c) Promote sustainable and desirable development.
- (d) Develop land in a manner that will promote the convenience, efficiency, economy, health, safety, and general welfare of the public.
- (e) Promote social integration.
- (f) Promote economic growth and job creation.
- (g) Restrict nuisance and undesirable conditions in the development of land.
- (h) Restrict and mitigate the impact of development on the natural environment.
- (i) promote the protection of valuable natural features and the conservation of heritage sites and areas of public value; and
- (j) Promote national food security.

#### C.1.2.16. COMMUNITY BASED PLANS

The project prioritization table is a key component for the Msunduzi Municipality as part of the (IDP) integrated development plan and budgeting process in order to be able to budget for both capital and operational projects. While scoring the community needs in the (CBD) and Eastern zone it was noticed that areas that are located in the (CBD) score higher than sub-wards that are not situated in the (CBD), due to the fact that projects need to occur in areas that are in the (CBD) for example upper town, will result in the implementation of (IDP) identified catalytic projects. Additionally, areas in the (CBD) occur within (SDF) identified node or corridor, consequently they end up being rated high.

It was found that in Vulindlela, many of their needs scored low with water and electricity being an exceptions. This is because according to the Project prioritization model, no wards in Vulindlela are related to any IDP- identified catalytic projects in Msunduzi; because it does not occur within any SDF identified node or corridor. Water and electricity have been identified in sector specific plans and so have scored higher than other needs listed in the IDP. After assessing the capital projects for 2018/2019 it was evident that projects regarding office supplies such as Furniture and Computers score low as it does not result in the implementation of IDP- identified catalytic projects. While the other projects that are in the Vulindlela Zone score low due to it not having any nodes and corridors and other needs that they need are not in the sector plans.

#### **GOVERNMENT INTERVENTION**

The Government interventions are as follow:-

**TABLE 31: GOVERNMENT INTERVENTION** 

| DEPARTMENT  | INTERVENTION  |
|---|---|
| Msunduzi Municipality                                   | Sanitation project (VIP toilets)  |
| Dept. of Transport (DOT)                                | Upgrading of main roads   |
| Msunduzi Municipality                                   | Renovations of Community halls, local constructors employs local people from impoverished households  |
| Dept.of Human Settlement (DHS/VDA)                      | Construction of RDP houses  |
| Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs (COGTA) | COGTA has employed youth from the ward to do Community work projects (CWP)  |
| Msunduzi Municipality                                   | Provides tractors for cultivation of land for garden projects, this programme is currently ongoing  |
| Dept. of Health (DOH)                                   | Has employed a number of youth in the ward from low-income households as Community Care Givers (CCGs).  |
| Msunduzi Municipality                                   | Water cuts are still happening in the ward, the municipality ensures in providing mobile water tankers  |
| Dept. of Social Development (DSD)                       | Continues assisting with Social Grants in the ward  |
| Msunduzi Municipality (HIV/<br>AIDs Unit)               | The Local Municipality has also provides Counseling Course to the youth with matric qualification and have passion to work with HIV/ AIDs infected and affected people, this is an ongoing programme. |

#### **NEEDS**

There is a great need for employment, to have proper houses and upgrade of access roads. Poverty alleviation program, Health care, Dumping facilities, SAPS visibility, Agricultural assistance and disables care.



C.1.2.17. SPACIAL TRANSFORMATION SWOT ANALYSIS

#### **STRENGTHS**

- The existing agri-business should be exploited to create new job opportunities and to create a value add for the municipality (e.g. the creation of a fresh produce market).
- There is a variety of food production opportunities available.
- Pietermaritzburg is strategically located along the N3 and SIP 2 and has good physical and nonphysical connectivity.
- The location of Pietermaritzburg and the Oribi airport along the N3 provides a gateway to global • markets.
- The Msunduzi Municipality has a strong cultural
- There are very high secondary education levels, which will aid in entrepreneurship and job skills
- The existence of the IRPTN is beneficial to the Municipality - Phase 1 is currently in its implementation stage.
- There is a large population within the municipal boundary (third-largest non-metropolitan area).
- There are many open spaces and natural resources.
- The soil is highly fertile.
- The Msunduzi Municipality's location within the Midlands Meander tourism route.

#### **WEAKNESSES**

- Undulating terrain is prevalent throughout the municipality, which limits
- Developable land and increases housing and infrastructure costs.
- Expanding urban areas impacts on sensitive terrestrial biodiversity.
- The educational facilities require maintenance.
- The boundaries of the ABM areas are not conducive to effective implementation as they are not designated according to urban functionality.
- The boundaries of the ABM areas do not adequately fit the requirements of functional areas.
- There is a lack of waste water treatment measures and waste is being dumped in the watercourses and biodiversity areas.
- Very little infrastructure is available within the rural areas (ICT, paved roads, energy, etc.).
- High in-migration to the municipality impacts on the capacity of social facilities, infrastructure, services, and job availability.
- The low skills development of migrants impacts on the local economy.
- Most social facilities are clustered around Greater Edendale / Imbali and Pietermaritzburg.
- Social facilities are not easily accessible by people with disabilities.
- The slow rate of housing provision results in the growth of illegal occupation.
- Financial constraints and declining fiscal budgets.
- There is a lack of land under municipal ownership to facilitate development.
- There is a lack of funding to acquire the land required for urbanisation and transformation.



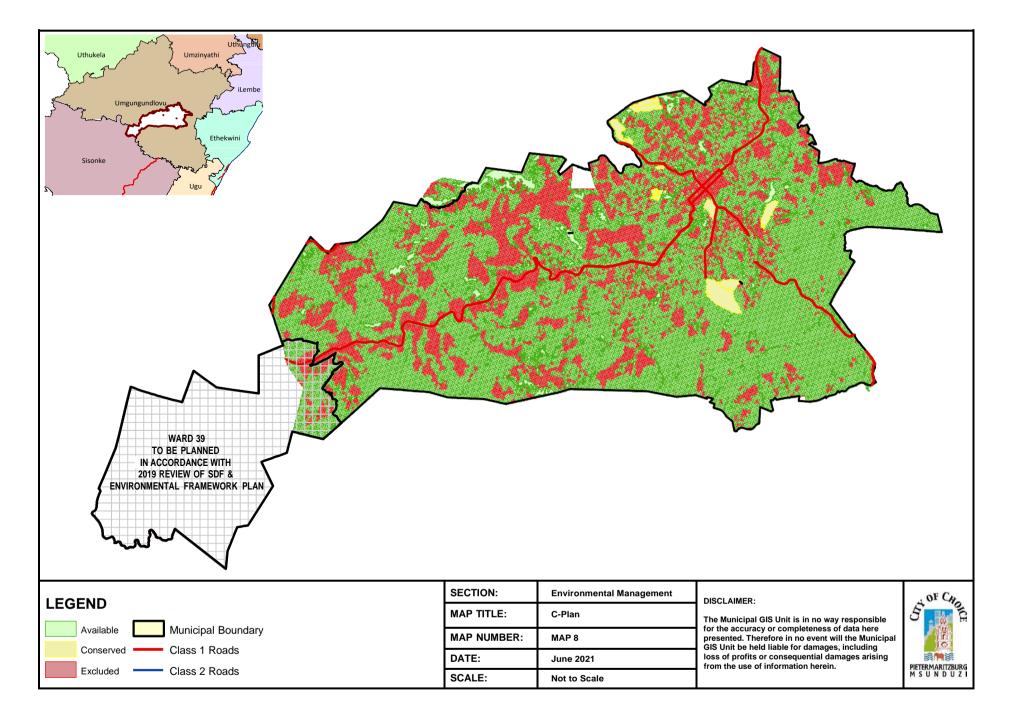
#### **OPPORTUNITIES**

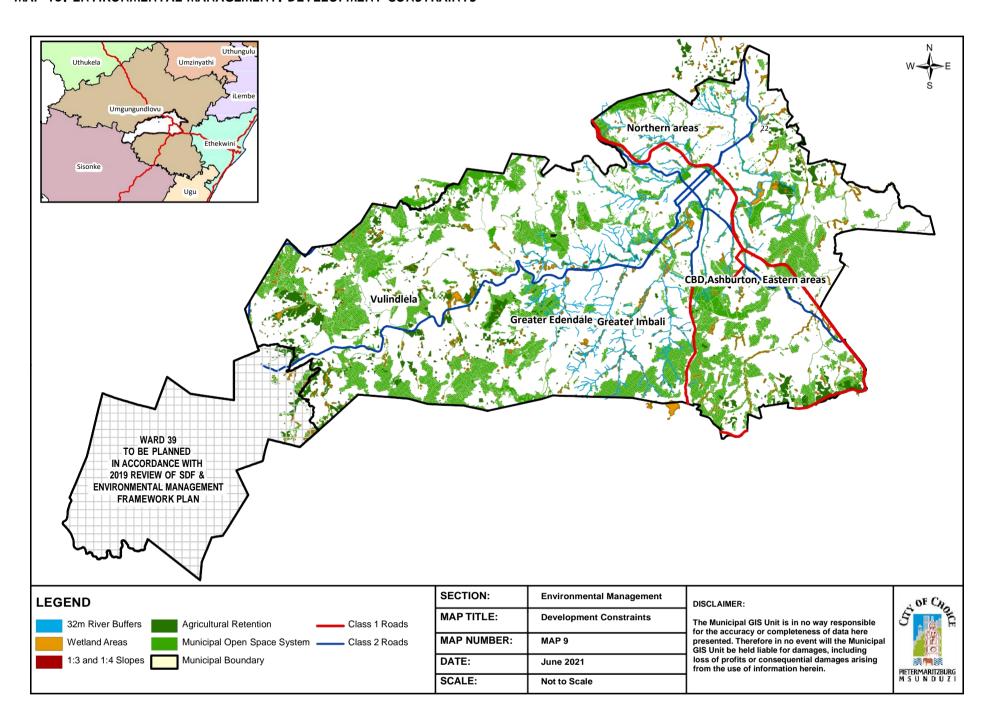
- Stimulate food production and expand value chains, as the soil in the area is ideal for arable agriculture.
- Fully utilise agricultural land to improve local food security.
- Increase tree plantations for agriculture and food production and counter the anticipated increase in annual temperature.
- Encourage more resilient crops and practices to create a competitive advantage and enhance productivity.
- Integrate the strong cultural heritage to create job opportunities and new tourism opportunities focused on business tourists.
- Enhance tourism opportunities by including wetlands and the natural biodiversity and create open space networks and corridors.
- Strengthen the informal economy and provide opportunities for entrepreneurs along the commercial ladder.
- Regenerate the CBD and Slangspruit to retain and attract businesses.
- Identify alternative forms of housing and higherdensity development to quicken housing delivery.
- Expand the BRT route to other ABM areas in order to connect residents to job opportunities.
- The undulating topography and location along the Midlands Meander.
- The government is moving away from housing delivery to integrated delivery.
- Identify agricultural opportunities for local economic development.
- Synchronise the SDF review with the launch of the DDM and the compilation of the KZN SDF to allow for the better alignment of strategies.
- Edendale Urban Hub's contribution to SIP 7.
- Msunduzi being identified as a government precinct.

#### THREATS

- High-potential agricultural land is being developed to accommodate low-density residential developments.
- An increase in veld fires will destroy the soil structure and seed banks.
- Threatened ecosystems should be protected against urbanisation.
- Watercourses should be protected against illegal dumping in order to enhance water quality.
- Climate change causes extreme rainfall, which results in floods, increased run-off water, and soil erosion.
- The lack of energy supply threatens the longevity of businesses contributing to the local economy.
- There are high unemployment, levels especially, in Greater Edendale and Imbali.
- The high crime rate, especially in the CBD, discourages new business ventures and contributes to the deterioration of the CBD.
- There is a lack of funding for housing.
- The Municipality's ability to refurbish the CBD is threatened due to heritage preservation requirements.
- Fiscal constraints and declining fiscal budgets.
- The physical barriers presented by the area's topography impede spatial transformation.
- Planning alignment and coordination impact on the ability to deliver effectively.
- Inter-governmental relations and the ability to align priorities (both within the municipality and other spheres of government).
- Irregular/unauthorised expenditure and maladministration.
- The uncontrolled land invasion and lack of law enforcement.
- Lack of accessibility to Ward 39 and potential lack of integration due to isolation.

C.1.2.17.1. KEY CHALLENGES





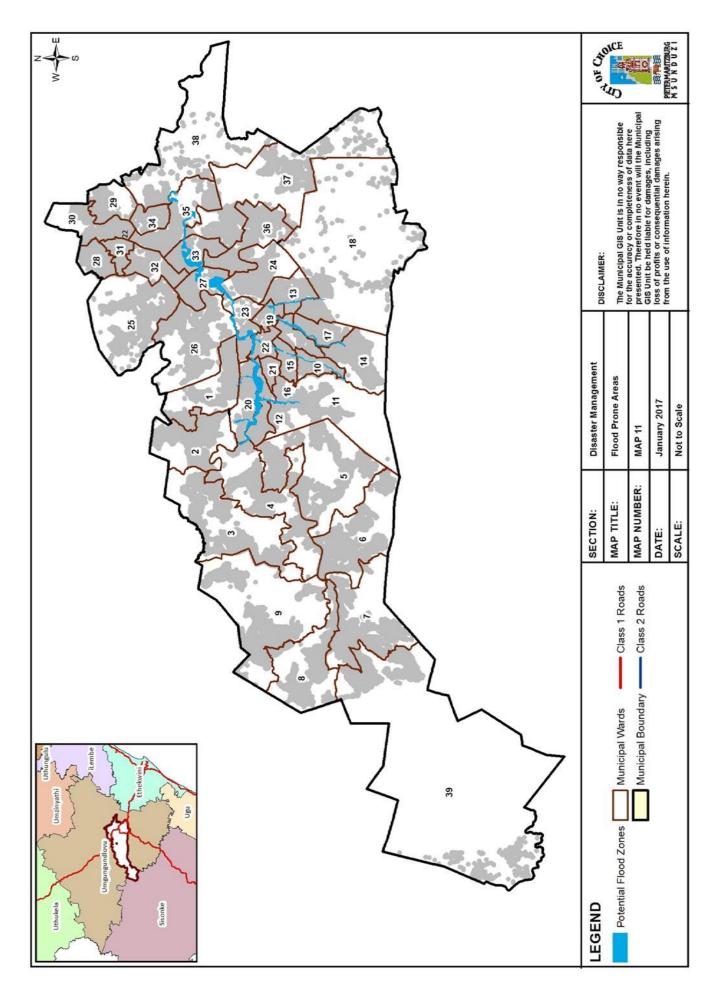




# MAP 15: DISASTER MANAGEMENT: FLOOD PRONE AREAS



# DRAFT INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2024-2025





#### C.1.3. LEVEL OF DEVELOPMENT IN THE MUNICIPALITY

#### (a) WATER: LEVEL OF SERVICE

Census (2011) indicates that houses receiving piped water inside their dwelling have increased from 38.3% of households in 2001, to 47.9% of households in 2011. The Census further indicates that only 3.9% of households have no access to piped (tap) water, and only a further 3.9% of households are between 200 - 1000m from piped (tap) water. The statSA community survey of 2016 indicated that 91% of the households in Msunduzi have access to basic water supply

#### (b) SANITATION: LEVELS OF SERVICE

Households with flush toilets connected to sewerage, however, have declined from 52.3% in 2001 to 51.6% (84 675 households) in 2011. Census (2011) further indicates that only 2% or 3 316 households do not have access to any form of sanitation, and that 34.1% of households have pit latrines, both ventilated and unventilated. Peri-urban and rural communities have the lowest levels of flush toilets, with the highest levels of pit latrines.

The review of the WSDP is essential to address this problem. The Statsa Community Survey of 2016 indicated that 99.1 % of households in Msunduzi have access to basic sanitation supply.

#### (c) ELECTRICITY

Households with electricity for lighting have also improved from 85.8% in 2001 to 91.9% in 2011, which is well above the provincial average of 77.9% of households. According to the Statsa Community survey of 2016 there was an improvement as the percentage of households with access to electricity increased to 96,8 %. Households without electricity services may be due to:

- Households that have not applied for electricity, either because they cannot afford the service or they were missed out when marketing was done in the area.
- Households may be on infill sites, where households have only recently been developed. Eskom and Council will provide services in these areas if it is practical to do so and funding is available.
- The development may not have been planned in accordance with town planning norms and according to current Council policy, no electricity will be provided if it obviates future service delivery.

Due to financial constraints and ageing infrastructure, the Municipality has brought on board the Independent Development Trust (IDT) to do a condition assessment and source funding to rectify problems, which is being undertaken in this financial year. The Municipality is also piloting solar powered street lighting and traffic lights in the CBD.

#### (d) SOLID WASTE

There are two components to solid waste in the Municipality, namely Solid Waste Removal and Solid Waste Disposal.

#### Solid Waste Removal

In terms of the Census (2011) information, weekly refuse removal has declined from 59.5% in 2001 to 53.2% in 2011, but this could be associated with a growth in the number of households. The statssa 2016 Community survey indicated that there 94% of households had some sort of waste removal. The Solid Waste Removal section in the Municipality is responsible for the following areas:

- Waste Collection;
- Management of Garden Sites (Prestbury, Link Road, Grange, Richie Road, Sobantu, South Road, Woodlands, and Eastwood);
- Street Sweeping;
- Maintenance of Public Convenience (toilets); and
- Eradication of Illegal Dumping.



#### Solid Waste Disposal

The New England Road Landfill Site is a licensed facility that is managed by the Municipality, and is the largest disposal facility in the KZN Midlands. The Site spans an area of 44 hectares, of which 29 hectares is currently being filled. The Site is managed in terms of its permit requirements, and in terms of relevant environmental legislation. The Landfill is classified as a general, large, leachate bearing site, and does not accept any hazardous waste. The Site is equipped with two weigh bridges and a billing system, and users of the site are billed for the disposal of waste as per Council's tariff of charges. Waste disposed of is captured on the waste information system per category and type of waste. It is a regional facility that accepts waste from some of the local municipalities under the jurisdiction of the uMgungundlovu District. Quarterly monitoring for gas emissions, groundwater and surface water contamination, and leachate disposal is conducted to ensure that the surrounding environment, watercourses, and groundwater are not being contaminated.

The site currently has a lifespan of five (5) years, and feasibility studies into implementing advanced waste management systems aimed at reducing waste to landfill are being considered to extend the lifespan.

Some of these initiatives involve recycling at source, implementation of a waste recycling collection system, the construction of a Materials Recovery Facility, and the construction an organic waste composting facility to treat organic waste.

#### (e) TRANSPORTATION

Schedules 4 and 5 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa (No. 108 of 1996) outline the various transport and road infrastructure functions of the different spheres of government. In terms of Part A of Schedule 5 of the Constitution, provincial roads and traffic are an exclusive provincial function, while municipal roads, traffic and parking are municipal functions in terms of Part B of Schedule 5. Municipalities are responsible for investments in local infrastructure, including the construction and maintenance of roads and streets that are within their jurisdiction and proclaimed as municipal roads.

The table below summarises the lengths of road within the Municipality according to the functional class of road. The major road system of collector and distributor routes accounts for 593km (approximately 16%) of the estimated total of 3742km of roads in the Municipality. Access roads, which include urban access roads, major rural access roads and minor rural access roads, account for 1898km (approximately 50%) of roads within the Municipality. Private roads and tracks, which are assumed to be outside the jurisdiction of any road authority, account for approximately 20% of all roads within the municipality. The balance of the system comprises 487 kilometres of non-motorised access ways.

|       | Msunduzi road lengths by functional classification (KZN DoT RISFSA Classification, |                |            |                            |  |
|-------|--|----------------|------------|----------------------------|--|
|       | Class Description  | Authority      | Length(KM) | Percentage of<br>Total (%) |  |
| 1     | Primary Distributor  | SANRAL         | 88         | 2.34                       |  |
| 2     | Regional Distributor   | Provincail DOT | 109        | 2.91                       |  |
| 3     | District Distributor   | Provincial DOT | 86         | 2.29                       |  |
| 4     | District Collector   | Provincial DOT | 310        | 8.29                       |  |
| 5     | Access Road  | Msunduzi LM    | 1898       | 50.07                      |  |
| 6     | Non-motorized access ways  | Msunduzi LM    | 487        | 13.02                      |  |
| 7     | Private Roads and Tracks   | Msunduzi LM    | 765        | 20.45                      |  |
| Total | 3 742  |                | 100%       |                            |  |

#### (f) ROADS

The backlog of roads that need upgrading, road safety measures (traffic lights, calming measure, signage enhancement, etc.), road infrastructure rehabilitation, and maintenance continues to be a major challenge for the Municipality in the current financial year. There are still huge backlogs for construction of new roads and upgrading of gravel roads in the Greater Edendale, Vulindlela, and the North Eastern parts of Msunduzi (i.e. Thembalihle, Tamboville, Copesville, etc.). These areas continue to grow, since there are new low-cost housing programme being provided with sub-standard road services (i.e. gravel and hyson cell concrete roads).



#### (g) RAIL

The mainline between eThekwini and Gauteng passes through Msunduzi. This is primarily a goods line, although there is also an intercity passenger service using this line. Apart from the mainline there are several branch lines which radiate from Msunduzi, providing connectivity with many of the towns and centers in the District and beyond. These lines are used almost exclusively for freight services and whilst some of these branch lines could be used for passenger services, the demand would be inadequate to provide a reasonable service frequency for daily work-type trips and any service provided would be uneconomical.

#### (h) AIRPORTS

Msunduzi municipality owns and currently operates Pietermaritzburg Airport as a Category 6 airport in terms of Civil Aviation Regulations. The current airport operation is that of an internal business unit, within the Sustainable Development and City Entities Department of the municipality. Pietermaritzburg Airport is a regional airport with the core function of providing scheduled and non-scheduled flights for passengers and cargo.

Regional airports play vital roles in sustaining regional economies and communities, enabling access to specialist health, education, commercial and recreational facilities, and facilitating social connections.

#### **Current Operations:**

Current Airline: Airlink with 8 scheduled movements a day.

Fuze Aviation School: Flight School

Fuze Coffee Shop: Restaurant

Oribi Flying Services: Aircraft maintenance

Servest: Responsible for parking area and car hire

FCR: Shuttles and Tours Aero club- Refuelling Services

#### C.1.4. DEVELOPMENT PRIORITIES AND INVESTMENT AREAS

The Msunduzi Municipality has formulated an Industrial Strategy aimed at establishing an Industrial Development Strategy grounded on identified development needs, opportunities, competitive and comparative advantages. All to inform and the guide Msunduzi Municipality to facilitate development, unlocking industrial development potential, encourage private sector investment and create economic development and job opportunities for the poor.

Although industrial development is a function of the private sector, the public sector is required to provide input to allow for an enabling environment. As such, the Msunduzi Industrial Strategy (2018), indicates that Msunduzi needs to provide public infrastructure and services as well as industrial infrastructure including industrial development zones, transportation and access, strategic spatial planning, zoning, and land availability. Additionally, partnership formation, policies and programmes, catalytic projects, greening etc.

Therefore, this strategy essentially seeks to identify and quantify the industrial development opportunities in the main economic priority sectors, including the main economic sectors in Msunduzi. These sectors are namely; Aluminium, Forestry, Agriculture, Leather processing, Information Technology and other possible sectors.

Secondly, the project seeks to consider methods to encourage business growth and capitalize on the location of Msunduzi on the N3 Durban - Johannesburg corridor.

Finally, to develop a framework plan to strengthen Foreign Direct Investment opportunities in the Msunduzi municipal area.

Moreover, the Municipality has an Industrial Development vision which states that "Msunduzi aims to see its industrial sector grow so that it remains the engine that powers local economy, and that it does so with particular regard to providing dignified and safe work for its residence, and that the industrial and business sector stakeholders partner with the municipality in striving for a carbon neutral industrial future which takes into account the critical need to prevent further climate change, and to ensure that there is protection of the environment - the people, the flora and fauna that make up the local ecosystems for a truly sustainable future."

As a result, there has been an identification of six strategic programmes set out to ensure that the vision of industrial development comes into fruition. The strategies are as follows:

- 1. Spatial Issues and land Availability: to ensure that there is sufficient land for industrial growth in Msunduzi in the short, medium and long-tem.
- 2. Infrastructural and Service Support: to ensure that there is sufficient capacity in the bulk infrastructure to meet both current and future demands energy, water, road access, waste removal.
- Integrated Catalytic Projects: implement catalytic projects that are planned and where they are already underway, monitor their progress.
- 4. Industrial Sector Support: provide support to industrial sectors.
- 5. Protective Environment and Social Measures: ensure there is sufficient environmental and social protection in place to minimize and preferably prevent negative impacts from industry on surrounding natural environment and on neighboring communities, and to mitigate the negative effects of climate change.
- 6. Institutional Support: provide institutional support and improve communication between public and private sectors with regards to industrial development.

#### **PUBLIC INVESTMENTS**

#### **TABLE 32: PUBLIC INVESTMENTS**

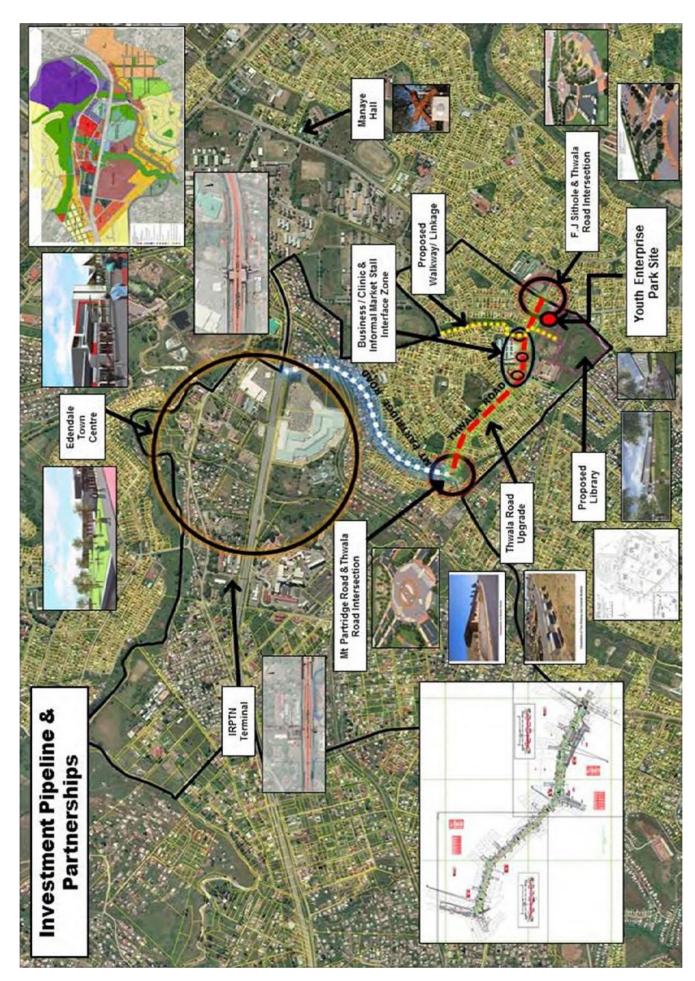
| PROJECT  | DESCRIPTION   | PROJECT<br>VALUE      | TIME FRAME              |
|--|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Imbali Youth<br>Enterprise Park                            | This CoGTA funded project involves the conversion of shipping containers for the availability of affordable and convenient trading spaces for young entrepreneurs. The project entails the planning and construction of the facility. The planning is at its conclusion stage and the construction has since commenced.   | R 18.9m               | 2.5 months              |
| Edendale<br>Town Centre<br>Promenade 1                     | This is a road upgrade project involving the road widening and the construction of 3m wide walkways along both road edges. The gravel road is adjacent to Plessislaer Police station and is proposed to give access to the proposed Edendale Town Centre. It further entails the construction of dry stack retaining walls, provision of taxi lay byes at strategic points, off street parking bays, installation of street lighting, intersection upgrades, the installation of robots and the installation of urban style street furniture and landscaping. | R 28m                 | 5.5 months              |
| Edendale Town<br>Centre - Civic<br>Zone - PHASE 1          | Civic Zone Phase 1 includes construction of The Market<br>Stalls, Piazza & Sky Bridge[ connecting Edendale Mall and<br>the proposed Edendale Town Centre]   | R 200m                | 1 year (2022)           |
| Camps Drift<br>Desilting                                   | The scope of work includes the desilting of the upper siltation basin, pilot study into desilting an upper section of the main canal, emptying of the existing silt ponds reconstructing and enlarging them and desilting of the main canal.  | R 108m                | 3 years (2022-<br>2024) |
| Informal Economy<br>(Informal street<br>trading furniture) | To provide a clean and sustainable trading space and infrastructure to street vendors such as market stalls, storage facilities, ablution facilities, and bins  | R4 m + R1 m =<br>R5 m | March-April<br>2021     |

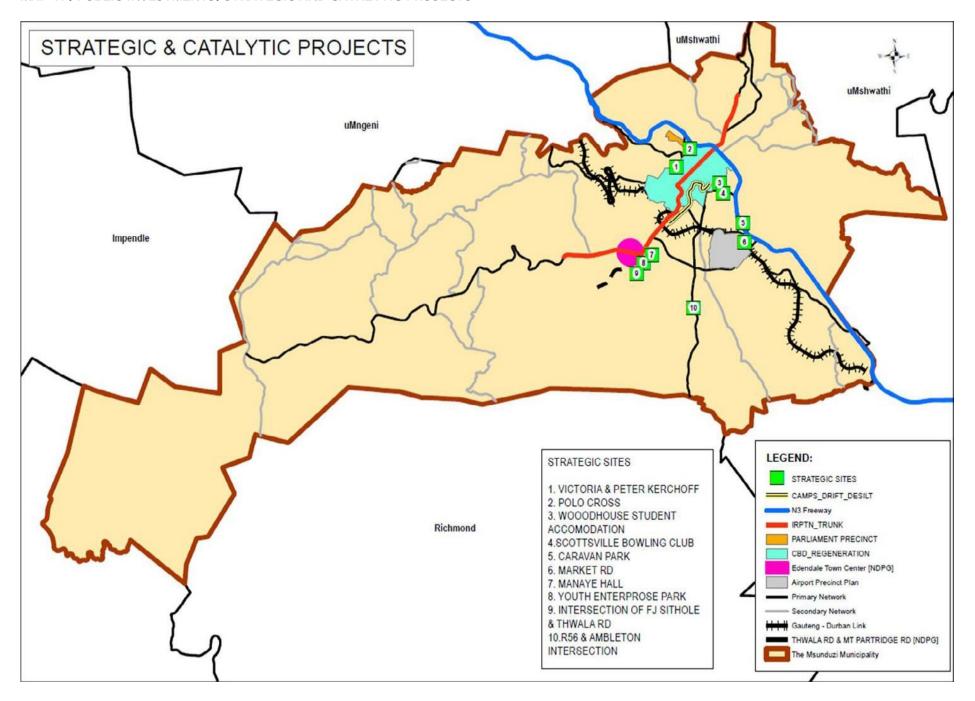
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| PROJECT                      | DESCRIPTION  | PROJECT<br>VALUE                          | TIME FRAME |
|------------------------------|--|---|------------|
| Land Release                 | This entails the strategic and residential land release for<br>the purposes of socio-economic development as well as<br>encouraging investment in the city.  | R 200 m (5<br>parcels of<br>land to date) | May 2021   |
| Edendale Auto<br>Service Hub | This project is set to address the main challenges of job creation, economic growth and radical economic transformation.  The projects goals are to foster local economic development; enterprise development; skills development; support black industrial and consequently create job opportunities. | Est. R 65 m                               | 2021-2022  |





#### STRATETIC SITES



Portion 58 of Erf 1539, Manning Avenue is proposed for the development of a light industrial land use/ mixed development with light industry. The purchase value is at R2 800 000.00. The projected development is valued at R33 000 000.00. The development is to be completed by 2022.



Portion A of Erf 1913, Scottsville Bowling Club has the purported outcome which is the development of medium to high density residential development/ student accommodation/ or hotel or mixed use development. The purchase value is R5 800 000.00. This property is to be sold by May 2021.



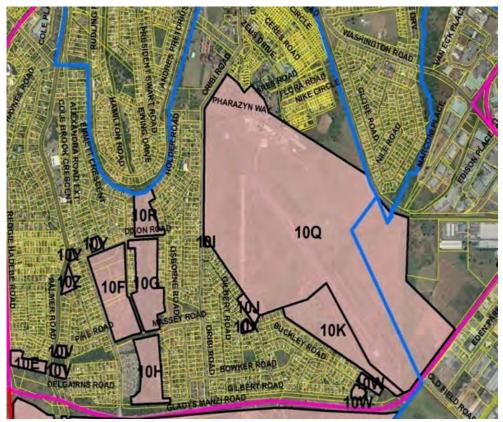


Erf 2218 Edendale, FJ Sithole is proposed to be the development of medium to high density residential/student accomodation or mixed use development. The purchase value is R7 746 750.00 and the property is to be disposed by May 2021.

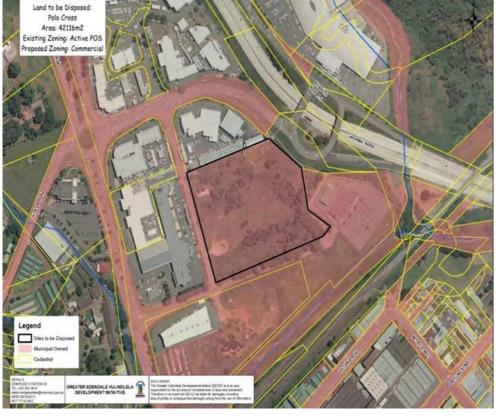


Portion 3 of Erf 2295 Edendale CC is proposed for the development of mix use development such as a fuel station. The purchase value is at R3 290 300.00 and the property is to be disposed by May 2021.



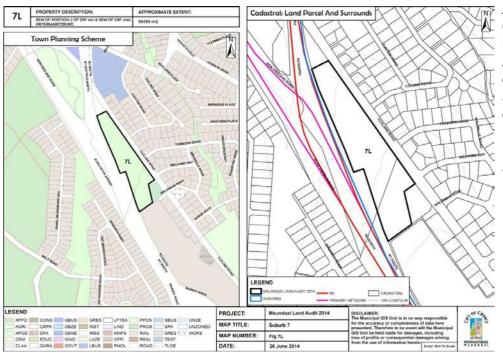


Portion X of Erf 10159 Mkhondeni is proposed for the development of a light industrial land use/mixed use development with light industry. The purchase value for this development is R15 000 000.00. The property is to be disposed by June/July 2021.



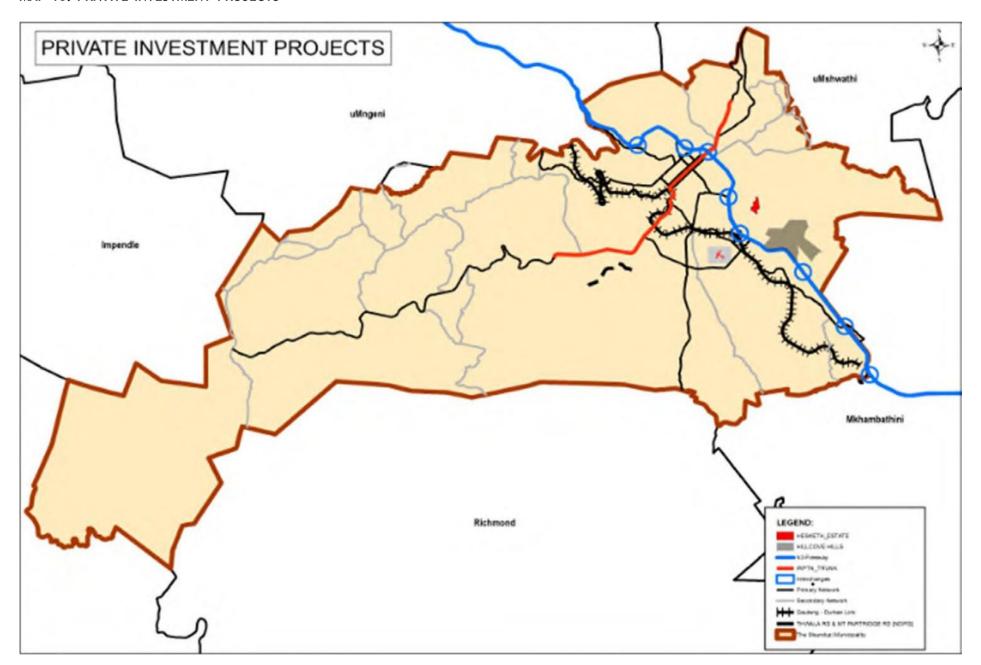
Portions of Erf 1556, Armitage Road (Polocrosse) are proposed for the development of Commercial development or mixed use development with International Conference Centre (ICC). The purchase value was at R31 429 552.00 in 2014, it is to be revalued in 2021. The value of the projected development is R800 000 000.00. The property to be disposed by June/July 202.



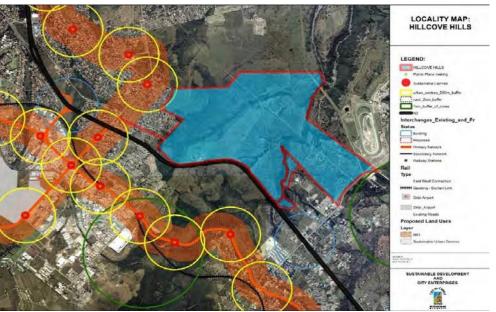


A portion of REM of Erf 10 000, Caravan Park property is requested by the South African National Roads Agency Limited for the development of their Regional Offices within PMB and another for the development of a road. The purchase value is R6 824 000.00 and R8 316.00. The Property is to be disposed by June/ July 2021.

MAP 18: PRIVATE INVESTMENT PROJECTS







- 475 game reserve housing 290 units conventional housing 589 units lifestyle village, 100 units frail care suites and facilities.
- 300 bed private hospital.
  - 1 primary school.
- 4 community facilities.
- General business (floor area ratio 0.5).
- Limited business (floor area ratio 0.5)
- Equestrian center and estate maintenance with a 30 suite lodge, chapel, 200 seat conference centre, restaurant and wellness centre and spa.
- Office park (floor area ration 0.35).
- Public open space (active and passive). This proposed development is valued at R 22 000 000 000.00.

The Camps Drift Waterfront development will consist of:



- A residential component consisting of 1316 apartment units -756 social housing apartments units and 560 open market apartment units.
- A 96 room hotel approximately 3681m2 in extent and 10 stories in height.
- A 4969 m2 retail precinct comprising of shops, restaurants, recreation activities and business services. The projected development value is R 982 000 000.00,



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The Hesketh Estate development will consist of the following:



- Ridgewood Retirement Village (126 units)
- Somerset Valley Retirement Estate (220 units)
- Cotswold Downs Golf Course (713 units)
- Cotswold Fenns (650 units)
- Commercial and Industrial Developments

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### C2-SPATIAL, ENVIRONMENTAL AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT PGDS GOAL: SPATIAL EQUITY

#### C.2.1. THE ENVIRONMENT

#### C.2.1.1. MSUNDUZI ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

The Msunduzi Environmental Management Framework (EMF) stemmed from the Msunduzi Municipality's recognition to support sustainable social, economic and environmental development therein, whilst ensuring the need for adoption and implementation of an appropriate policy to inform development planning and approval.

The purpose of the greater Msunduzi EMF is to provide for an informed decision-making framework against which plans, programs and policies can be assessed in terms of future development proceedings within the Municipality's area of jurisdiction. In this regard, the EMF puts forward the following broad objectives, which are to:

- Identify areas, both suitable and unsuitable, for development;
- Provide information to assist decision-making (such as development applications) and thereby streamline the process;
- Identify environmentally sensitive areas that require protection to ensure ecosystem service delivery; and
- Provide environmental goals and mechanisms to achieve the objectives as stated.

In line with the Msunduzi Municipality's Strategic Environmental Assessment's (SEA) sustainability criteria, the EMF has advanced a set of environmental management priorities, listed below:

- Efficient and sustainable use of natural resources;
- Basic human needs must be met in such a way as to ensure resources necessary for long-term survival are not destroyed for short-term gain;
- Socio-economic systems are embedded within, and dependent upon, ecosystems; and
- The creation of an enabling environment for ongoing dialogue between all role-players.

In order to manifest the SEA objectives, the Msunduzi EMF advances a set of environmental management zones, namely:

- Wetland Conservation and Buffer Zones;
- Biodiversity Conservation Zones;
- Flood Risk Zone;
- Agricultural Zone;
- Slopes;
- Air Quality;
- Water Quality;
- Cultural Heritage Zones; and
- Service Delivery Zones. \

#### TABLE 33: MSUNDUZI ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT UNIT: POLICIES AND PLANS

| Plan / Policy                               | Status                           | Time Frame   | Comments  |
|---|----------------------------------|--|---|
| Environmental Status Quo                    | Approved-updated                 | June 2019  | Contains twelve specialist studies  |
| Strategic Environmental<br>Assessment (SEA) | Complete                         | Reviewed and updated in the 2016/2017 financial year | Long terms  |
| Environmental<br>Management framework       | Approved-updated                 | June 2019  | GIS environmental spatial<br>layers linked to spatial<br>decision support tool (SDST) |
| Sustainability Framework                    | Complete - Approved<br>July 2010 |  | Tool for the sustainability appraisal of all Municipal plans, policies and projects   |

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| Plan / Policy  | Status                          | Time Frame   | Comments  |
|--|---------------------------------|--|---|
| Strategic Environmental<br>Management Plan (SEMP             | Complete                        | Reviewed and updated in the 2016/2017 financial year                                       | Contains 26 priority specific Action Plans  |
| Ecosystem Services Plan<br>(Action plan E4 of SEMP)          | "Nine focus areas prioritised". | Focus area 1 to be completed by 30 June 2019. Entire ESP to be refined and adopted by 2030 |   |
| Conservation Land Use<br>Ownership Models                    | 1st Draft in Preparation        | 18 Months  |   |
| Ecosystems Services information Booklet                      | 2nd Draft in progress           | 18 Months  |   |
| Climate Change Policy  | Complete,                       | 30 May 2019  |   |
| Municipal Climate Change Adaptation Strategies               | Complete                        | Council approved on the 27 of September 2017   | Contains goals and action plans relating to climate change risk in the municipality |
| Environmental<br>Management Bylaws                           | Under review                    | June 2019  |   |
| Generic Environmental<br>Management<br>Programme (EMPr)      | Approved                        | June 2017  |   |
| Edendale Environmental Services Plan and Implementation Plan | Approved                        | June 2017  |   |

#### C.2.1.2. THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

"The Msunduzi Municipality, together with a broad range of stakeholders, recently signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) to implement the restoration and management of natural resources (Ecological Infrastructure) within the Greater uMngeni River Catchment. The overall objective of the project, known as the Umgeni Ecological Infrastructure Partnership (UEIP), is to improve the quality and quantity of water generated by the Msunduzi and Umgeni rivers through rehabilitation of wetlands, floodplains and streams and to improve land-use practices. Each of the three Water Services Authorities, uMgungundlovu District Municipality, eThekwini Metropolitan Municipality and the Msunduzi Local Municipality, in accordance with the MOU has identified pilot projects within their areas of jurisdiction. The Msunduzi Municipality has identified the rehabilitation and restoration of the Baynespruit - which is approximately nine kilometres in length with its headwaters in the residential area of Northdale and joining the Msunduzi River east of the residential suburb of Sobantu. This relatively small tributary does unfortunately contribute significantly to the poor quality of water within the catchment because of very high pollution loads including industrial effluent, solid waste as well as sewerage contamination due to damaged and poorly utilised sewerage and storm water infrastructure - as its key pilot project. This Project builds on the Msunduzi Municipality's existing Environmental Management Framework (EMF), Environmental Management Framework - Status Quo Report, Strategic Environmental Management Plan (SEMP) and Final Draft Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA). The SEMP identifies various Action Plans to address the state of the rivers reporting as well as rehabilitation thereof to which this project will address by developing proposals, plans and mitigation strategies."



#### C.2.1.2.1. TOPOGRAPHY, GEOLOGY AND SOIL CAPABILITIES

Pietermaritzburg is situated within the basin of the uMsunduzi River and its tributaries. Hills around the city bowl create a natural distinction between the urban and rural parts of the municipality. The mountains around the city bowl create a distinction between the urban and rural parts of the Municipality. While this has provided opportunities to manage the urban/ rural interface, it has limited the city's expansion potential resulting in the formation of a number of small urban hubs outside the city. The predominant lithologies present in the Msunduzi municipal area comprise sedimentary rocks of the Ecca Group and Dwyka Formation which form part of the lower Karoo Supergroup. The aforementioned sediments are extensively intruded by Jurassic post-Karoo dolerite sheets, dykes and sills that intermittently outcrop across the entire municipal area.

Each major lithological sequence exhibits a distinct set of geotechnical conditions. When combined with general slope characteristics of the area, these conditions can be expected to vary greatly within a region of similar underlying geology. The diversity of the geotechnical conditions in the Msunduzi Municipality brought about by the geology and geomorphology, combined with the hilly areas surrounding the Pietermaritzburg Central Business District (CBD), result in a very complex interplay between slope gradient and potentially unstable transported sediments and soils. Soils within the Municipality vary greatly with the topography, and rainfall patterns and geology have resulted in the high agricultural potential of the area. Large portions of highly productive agricultural land have, however, been developed for other uses, such as housing. The remaining areas of highly productive agricultural land occurmainly on communally-owned land in the Vulindlela area, and poor agricultural practices in this area are affecting the productivity of the land. Map 27 shows the distribution of the bioresource groups (BRG's), as identified by the Department of Agriculture. The BRG's provide further detail of the spatial distribution of both soil types and land capability.

Moist Highland Sourveld, indicated as a dusty pink in map 27, occurs only in a small portion of the Municipality, along the western border near Elandskop. Soils in this portion of the Municipality are relatively deep, highly leached, and strongly acidic. Fertility is low, but physical properties are favourable, which result in a short growing season. Soils and aspects in this area both have a marked effect on the species composition and the productivity of the grassland. Much of the Vulindlela area of the Municipality is characterised as Moist Midlands Mistbelt. The potential of the soils of this BRG are high, in spite of the facts that they are leached and the inherent nutrient status is very low, with problems of phosphorus fixation and aluminium toxicity. The high potential of the arable areas of this BRG has meant that little value has been placed on the veld, and veld management practices have been poor, including excessive burning, particularly during the season of active grass growth, followed by continuous selective overgrazing. These practices have largely destroyed the palatable grass species, and resulted in grassland of low pastoral value. Moist Coast Hinterland Ngongoni Veld, indicated in dark red, occurs in the northern parts of the Municipality, including Sweetwaters, Raisethorpe, Copesville, and Bishopstowe.

Soils of the area are acidic and leached, and injudicious burning, coupled with selective overgrazing, have resulted in a very poor quality veld cover. The Dry Coast Hinterland Ngongoni Veld bioresource group occurs in over 20 % of the Municipality, and reaches from north to south down the middle of the Municipality. This bioresource group has limited potential due to low rainfall. A past history of early burning, and in fact burning at any time of the year, coupled with selective overgrazing as the grass emerges, has resulted in a particularly poor quality veld cover. The Coast Hinterland Thornveld covers mainly the area in which the city occurs. The bioresource group is known for its floristic richness, but drastic deterioration in the quality of the veld has resulted from the common practice of burning throughout the year to promote a flush of fresh growth followed by selective overgrazing. Where both soil and water are suitable, the potential exists for the production of sugar cane, maize, and vegetables within this area. The Valley Bushveld bioresource group occurs in a small area in the far eastern parts of the Municipality.

The low and erratic rainfall of this BRG generally precludes any type of farming other than livestock production that is based on the veld, except for select areas of arable land adjacent to a reliable source of water from a river. As sweet veld grazing can support beef animals throughout the year. Goats can effectively utilise the available grazing in summer, but need to graze during much of the winter, when trees lose their leaves. Wildlife should play an important role in the economy of the Valley Bushveld.

Soils within the Municipality vary greatly. The topography, rainfall patterns and geology have resulted in the high agricultural potential of the area. However large portions of highly productive agricultural land have been developed for other uses such as housing. The remaining areas of highly productive agricultural land mainly occur on communally owned land in the Vulindlela area. Much of the Vulindlela area of the

### DRAFT INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2024-2025

Municipality is characterised as Moist Midlands Mist belt. The potential of the soils of this BRG are high, in spite of the facts that they are leached, and the inherent nutrient status is very low, with problems of phosphorus fixation and aluminium toxicity.

The high potential of the arable areas of this BRG has meant that little value has been placed on the veld, and veld management practices have been poor, including excessive burning, particularly during the season of active grass growth, followed by continuous selective overgrazing. These practices have largely destroyed the palatable grass species and resulted in grassland of low pastoral value. Moist Coast Hinterland Ngongoni Veld which occurs in the northern parts of the Municipality, including Sweetwaters, Raisethorpe, Copesville, and Bishopstowe.



#### C.2.1.2.2. RIVER AND WETLANDS

Msunduzi Municipality constitutes almost entirely one catchment which assists in catchment management but means that any impact within the Municipality has the potential to affect the main Msunduzi River. Water quality varies between sub-catchments, but the impact of the city is evident

from the decrease in water quality that occurs as it passes through the urbanized portions of the municipality. The decrease in water quality compromises development opportunities in the municipality such as the Duzi Canoe Marathon. Wetlands provide a number of ecosystem goods and services critical for the realization of social and economic development goals, however, the extent of wetlands within Msunduzi has declined significantly, particularly in the developed areas. The wetlands have generally been transformed and most of the remaining wetlands are degraded

#### C.2.1.2.3. CLIMATE AND AIR QUALITY

Climate change is a major global challenge, linked to the pace of urbanisation, industrialisation, and the associated impacts on natural resources (air, water, soil, flora, and fauna). The Global Risks Report 2022 notes that climate change and environmental risks are perceived to be the most critical threats to the world as well as the most potentially damaging to people and planet, with "climate action failure", "extreme weather", and "biodiversity loss" ranking as the top three most severe risks. More often than not these extreme weather events have a disproportionate, and devastating, impact on the poor - reinforcing patterns of inequality and poverty, and deepening city challenges.

The climate and local weather in Msunduzi are strongly influenced by topography; the higher lying areas in the north and west of the municipality are colder and receive more rainfall than the lower lying areas in the south and east. The Pietermaritzburg city is located in a hollow formed by the valleys of the uMsunduzi River and its tributaries. On clear winter nights cold dense air flows down slope into the city bowl, much like water. This fills the valley floor with cold, dense air creating an inversion that prevents pollutants from escaping. This air movement also brings pollutants from the entire municipal area into the valley where it remains trapped by the inversion layer. The majority of industry within Msunduzi has developed within this inversion layer as this land is both flat and in close proximity to both road and rail transport routes. As a result the city suffers short-term peaks in pollution despite relatively few heavy industries.

Climate change is driving widespread temperature increases across the globe, with shifts in the global weather systems creating conditions for high temperature variability and unpredictability. As a direct consequence, extreme weather events have been increasing in scale, frequency and intensity. The opportunity embodied in cities is highlighted by the United Nation's Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities. It aims to make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient, and sustainable. The World Economic Forum's Global Risks Report (2020) delineates environmental risks (such as climate action failure, extreme weather events, water crises and biodiversity loss) as the most prominent and potentially impactful global risks.

The impact of climate change will challenge the adaptive capacity and resilience of cities especially with respect to city infrastructure systems. In April 2022, KZN was faced with heavy floods which were classified as provincial disaster in terms of Section 23(1)(b) of the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act No. 57 of 2002). This was informed by the magnitude and severity of the impact of the severe weather events occurring in KZN that resulted in the loss of life and damage to property, infrastructure and the environment as a result of heavy rain, flooding, strong winds and landslides. Subsequently, this municipality has undertaken to develop Flood Risk and Vulnerability Assessment that will highlight high risk areas; to inform planning, disaster management, resource allocation, increase resilience and preparedness against extreme climate change events. A Flood Risk and Vulnerability Assessment evaluates the likelihood of flooding, identifies flood mitigation strategies, and is able to provide guidance on the appropriate responses that should be undertaken proactively to mitigate and reduce the impact of flood events. The pollutants that are monitored by the Msunduzi Air Quality Monitoring Network include Carbon monoxide (CO), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), ozone (O3), particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns (PM2.5) and 10 microns (PM10), Sulphur dioxide (SO2), and in future, volatile organic compounds (VOCs), in particular, a group of aromatic hydrocarbons, Benzene (C6H6), Toluene (C7H8), Ethyl-Benzene (C6H5CH2CH3) and Xylene (C8H10), referred to as the (BTEX) group. These are classified as criteria pollutants by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and are the most



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commonly found air pollutants that can harm human health or the environment. In addition to the above, a range of meteorological parameters are also monitored i.e. wind speed, wind direction, rainfall, temperature, barometric pressure, relative humidity and solar radiation.

The 1-year average of Ozone (O3) concentrations are presented graphically below for the period July 2016 to June 2017:

#### C.2.1.2.4. BIODIVERSITY

The topography, geology and other land characteristics in the Msunduzi have also given rise to diverse habitats and species richness. High levels of transformation have however resulted in a significant loss of natural habitat. A relatively low proportion of the municipality is regarded as "untransformed", nevertheless it is at a level where most conservation targets can still be met. In order to continue to meet conservation targets, however, approximately 20 186 ha or 31.7% of the municipal area requires conservation.

Significant biodiversity features include a total of 56 animal species, 20 plant species and 8 vegetation types. At least 50 endemic species occur in the area. A high number of rare or threatened species occur within the Msunduzi Municipality and three species are thought to have become extinct. A number of important aquatic biodiversity features have been identified that require conservation including endemic fish species that raise the ecological value of sub-catchments. At least 28 species of frogs have previously been recorded within the municipal region although it is not certain that all of these still do exist here and most are red data species. The municipality employs a number of environmental tools to ensure protection of areas with high biodiversity value and its corridors to ensure survival of critical ecosystems and habitats. The review of the Public Open Space By-law as well as the expansion of the Ecosystem Services Plan aims to promote the protection of biodiversity as well as ecosystem goods and services in order to increase the city's resilience against climate change impacts especially within vulnerable communities.



The Draft Ecosystem Services Plan identified a land footprint of 22 000 hectares, portion of which is currently undergoing refinement and ground truthing. Five key areas are currently being assessed, as below, with the sixth area (Greater Edendale) to come on stream with the appointment of a Consultant. This appointment process is underway.

| Key Area   | Status                        | Time Frame                            |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Key area 1: Bisley Valley Nature Reserve and the Upper<br>and Lower Mpushini Valley - Total extent of the area is 5<br>900ha               | Underway.                     | To be completed by 30<br>October 2016 |
| Key area 2: Ferncliffe Nature Reserve, Clarendon and Worlds' View - Total extent of area is 2 600ha.                                       | Completed                     |                                       |
| Key area 3: Albany Park, Sweetwaters - Total extent of area is 450ha   | Completed                     |                                       |
| Key area 4: Hesketh Conservation Area and Sobantu -<br>Total extent of area is 1 480ha<br>Status: property and biodiversity data collected | Completed by 2030             |                                       |
| Key area 5: Bishopestowe - Total extent of the area is 1 853ha   | Project boundaries determined | To be completed by 2030               |
| Key area 6: Greater Edendale area - 10 000ha   | Underway.                     | To be completed July 2016             |
| Key area 7: Umlaas road/Thornville area - total extent of the area is 4 100ha  | Project boundaries determined | To be completed by 2018               |

This is an on-going, large and detailed process with the six areas identified above being Phase 1. A public consultation process early in 2015 will follow the completion of Phase 1 during which Phase 2 will commence.

#### C.2.1.3. THE URBAN ENVIRONMENT

#### (i) CULTURAL HERITAGE

Msunduzi has an extremely rich cultural, architectural, historical, and archaeological resource base that collectively makes up the heritage resources of the area. A Cultural Heritage Specialist Study identified and mapped a total of 646 heritage resource points, and 32 heritage resource zones, within the Msunduzi Municipal area. These consisted of architectural resources, archaeological resources, as well as historical and cultural resources.

Results of the mapping revealed that the majority of heritage resources located within the Msunduzi Municipal area consist of architectural resources, in the form of built structures (mostly buildings). These are concentrated within the Pietermaritzburg CBD and its surrounding suburbs, as well as in the Georgetown area of Edendale. A significant number of historical and cultural resources are also present within the Msunduzi Municipality. These consist of places of worship such as churches, mosques and temples, cemeteries, as well as open spaces, areas of political significance, and areas of past economic significance, to mention but a few. A general decline in the condition and quality of the area's identified heritage resources is noted.

As part of the Heritage Resource Study, a number of archaeological sites were also identified in the Msunduzi Municipality. However, as no systematic archaeological survey of the municipal area has been undertaken to date, the extent of the Municipality's archaeological resource base is largely unknown.

A significant lack of formally recognised historical and cultural sites of traditional African, Coloured, and Indian cultures within the Msunduzi Municipal area is notable, and is a serious gap in the available data.

#### (ii) URBAN GREENING AND TREES

Maintaining a 'green' built environment is important for both the image of the city, and the social and environmental health of residents. There is a need to focus on planting programmes in the CBD to replace storm-damaged and old/dangerous trees with indigenous alternatives that are hardy and drought tolerant.



#### (iii) SOLID WASTE POLLUTION

Widespread illegal dumping of domestic and industrial waste, as well as indiscriminate littering, is widespread in the city. Not only does this have a negative impact on the natural environment (including streams, open spaces, vacant lots, buildings, roads, and streets), but it also has a negative social impact, as well as direct health implications on residents. The costs of clearing illegally dumped waste is significantly higher than managing this waste at source, and in approved landfill and garden refuse sites.

#### C.2.1.4. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

The Msunduzi Municipality has created opportunities for civil society to participate in its affairs through the IDP process and the LA21 Forum. There are a number of civil society groups and NGO's that are actively involved with issues of water, biodiversity conservation, air quality, and climate change. The DWA Catchment Management Forum also promotes society's participation in environmental decision making. Civil society plays an active role in biodiversity conservation through at least nine conservancies and trusts. There is, however, no mechanism or structure to promote collective participation in biodiversity governance in the Municipality. Business and industry, through the Pietermaritzburg Chamber of Commerce, has created the Air Quality and Environment Forum, to promote participation in air quality and environmental governance. There are various projects and activities that promote sustainable land management and agriculture in Msunduzi.

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Environmental Health (EH) is a fundamental public health approach affecting the whole population and services provided by the Environmental Health Sub-Unit are essential in building a healthy population.

In fulfilling its constitutional and legal mandated obligations, the Sub-Unit provides Environmental Health Services (EHS) in terms of the Scope of Profession for EH. Government recognizes the importance of prevention across all areas of health care. It is therefore essential to strengthen EHS as a critical programme of preventive and developmental primary healthcare services, required to make a significant contribution to the previous Millennium Development Goals (MDGs), particularly MDGs 4, 5, 6 and 7. The current focus is on the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), and in particular SDGs 3,6,11, and 13. EH is a fundamental public health approach affecting the whole population and services provided by EHPs are essential elements in building a healthy population. These includes amongst others, food safety; sanitation; water quality monitoring; health surveillance of premises; waste management, the protection of indoor and

outdoor air quality, communicable diseases control and tobacco control. The continued neglect on basic public health practices in general and of EH, has resulted in the emerging and reemerging environmental diseases seen around the world. EH for us remains the first line of defense against diseases. As a result, the provision of quality EHS is critical.

Critical shortage of staff, especially professional staff has impacted on service delivery, and in this regard, there are currently ten (10) environmental health practitioners (EHPs) out of twenty-six (26) employed on the approved structure. This relates to a staff vacancy rate of sixty one percent (61%) at this level, and way of the national norm of one (1) EHP for every ten thousand (10 000) members of the population. The norm in terms of the National Environmental Health Policy and the National health Act of the country, which means that there should be at least tiple the number of EHPs which would equate to approximately seventy (70) EHPs, an eighty six percent (86%) gap. There is therefore an urgent need to advertise and fill priority posts, to bridge the gap and provide a more equitable and sustainable EHS to the community of Msunduzi.

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There is therefore an urgent need to advertise and fill priority posts, to bridge the gap and provide a more equitable and sustainable EHS to the community of Msunduzi.

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Environmental Health Services include performance of the following functions:



#### C.2.1.4.1. WATER

- a. Monitoring water quality and availability, including mapping of water source. Enforcement of laws and regulations related to water quality management.
- b. Ensuring water safety in respect of safe quality (microbiological and chemical), and accessibility to an adequate quantity for domestic use as well as in respect or the quality of water for recreational, industrial, food production and any other human and animal use.
- c. Ensuring that water supplies that are readily accessible to Communities and to the planning, design, management and health surveillance of community water supplies that are readily accessible to Communities.
- d. Ensuring monitoring and effective waste water treatment and water pollution control, including the collection treatment and disposal of sewage and other water borne waste and control of the quality of surface water (including the sea) and ground water.
- e. Advocacy on proper and safe water and waste water usage.
- f. Water sampling and testing on the field and in a laboratory.

#### C.2.1.4.2. FOOD CONTROL

- g. Food safety in respect of acceptable microbiological and chemical standards and quality of all food for human consumption and optimal hygiene control throughout the food supply chain from point of origin, all primary ground, or raw products production up to the point of consumption.
- h. Food inspection at production, distribution and consumption area.
- i. Informal Street Trading Monitoring.
- j. Food premises inspection and control of stationary nuisances.
- k. Enforcement of food legislation and Codex Alimentarius.
- l. Food quality monitoring programmes and principles through various techniques e.g. HACCP.
- m. Promote the safe transportation, handling, storage and preparation of food stuffs used in the Primary School Nutrition programme (PSNP), Prisons, Health Establishments and Airports
- n. Promote safe handling of meat and meat products including Abattoir inspections.
- o. Promote the safe handling of milk and milk products.

#### C.2.1.4.3. WASTE MANAGEMENT

Waste management and general hygiene monitoring including:

- a. Ensuring proper refuse collection, storage and disposal.
- b. Ensuring proper liquid waste management including sewerage and industrial effluents.
- c. Ensuring the proper storage, treatment, collection, transportation, handling and disposal of health care waste and hazardous waste.
- d. Sampling and analysis of any waste or product (sewage), refuse or 'other wastes.
- e. Investigations and inspections of any activity relating to the waste stream or any product resulting therefrom.
- f. Advocacy on appropriate sanitation.
- g. Control of the handling and disposal of diseased animal tissue.
- h. Ensuring safe usage of treated sewerage sludge and the health safety of reclaimed waste.
- i. Ensuring waste management including auditing of waste management systems and ensuring the "cradle to grave" approach is adhered to.

### C.2.1.4.4. HEALTH SURVEILLANCE OF PREMISES

- a. Environmental Health Impact Assessment including housing projects and indoor air quality monitoring.
- b. Assessment of factors including ventilation, lighting, moisture proofing, thermal quality, structural safety and floor space.
- c. Assessment of an overcrowded, dirty or unsatisfactory condition in any residential, commercial, industrial or other occupied premises.
- d. Monitoring all buildings and all other temporary or permanent physical structures for residential, public or institutional use (including health care and other care, detainment, work and recreation including travel, tourism, holiday resorts and camping sites) as well as the facilities in connection therewith and the immediate precincts thereof.



- e. Ensuring the urban and rural land-use planning and practices that are conducive to sustainable development through sound environmental health impact and other assessments.
- f. Prevention and abatement. Any condition on any premises which is likely to constitute a danger to health
- g. Ensuring the health safety of the public passenger transportation facilities such as buses, trains, taxis, boats and aeroplanes as well as all other facilities in connection therewith.
- h. Ensuring compliance with the principles of Agenda 21, the Healthy Cities approach to integrated service rendering and the practical minimizing of any detrimental environmental health risk.

#### C.2.1.4.5. SURVEILLANCE AND PREVENTION OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES.

- a. Health and hygiene promotion aimed at prevention of environmentally induced diseases and related communicable diseases.
- b. Collection analyses and dissemination of epidemiological data and information
- c. Use of Participatory Hygiene and Sanitation Training (PHAST) approaches for effective control measures at Community Level.
- d. Epidemiological surveillance of diseases.
- e. Establishment of effective Environmental Health Surveillance and Information System.
- f. Develop environmental health measures with protocols reference to epidemics, emergencies, diseases and migrations of population.

#### C.2.1.4.6. VECTOR CONTROL

#### Vector control monitoring including:

- a. Identification of vectors, their habits and breeding places.
- b. Vector control of public health interest including the control of arthropods, molluscs, rodents and other alternative hosts of diseases.
- c. Removal or remedying of conditions resulting or favouring the prevalence or increase of rodents, insects, diseases carriers or pests.
- d. Residual spraying of premises and surrounds.
- e. Investigate zoonotic diseases and other vector borne diseases in the working and living environment.
- f. Surveillance of imported cargo and livestock for the prevalence of disease vectors.
- g. Serological tests of rodents, dogs and other pests.

#### C.2.1.4.7. ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION CONTROL

- a. Ensuring hygienic working, living and recreational environments.
- b. Identification of polluting agents and their sources i.e. air, land and water
- c. Conducting environmental health impacts and assessments including Major Hazardous Installations.
- d. Conducting environmental health hazards and risk mapping.
- e. Accident prevention e.g. paraffin usage.
- f. Approval of environmental health impact reports and commenting on Environmental Impact Assessment applications.
- g. Ensuring clean and safe air externally (ambient and point sources) including emission inventories monitoring, modelling and toxicological reviews and complaint investigations.
- h. Control and prevention of vibration and noise pollution.
- i. Prevention and control of land pollution detrimental to human, animal and plant life.
- j. Ensuring compliance with the provisions of occupational hazards. Occupational Health and Safety Act and its regulations including anticipating, identifying, evaluating and controlling of
- k. Preventative measures are required to ensure that the general environment is free from health risks.
- l. Ensuring the registration, permitting, monitoring and auditing of all industries, activities, trade and etc., which involves the control of internal impacts on the worker and external impacts on the community.
- m. Integrity management including pipelines and tankage.
- n. Emergency preparedness under abnormal operating conditions and disasters jointly with other role players.
- o. Develop sustainable indicators appropriate for monitoring the effectiveness of Environmental Management Systems of Industry.



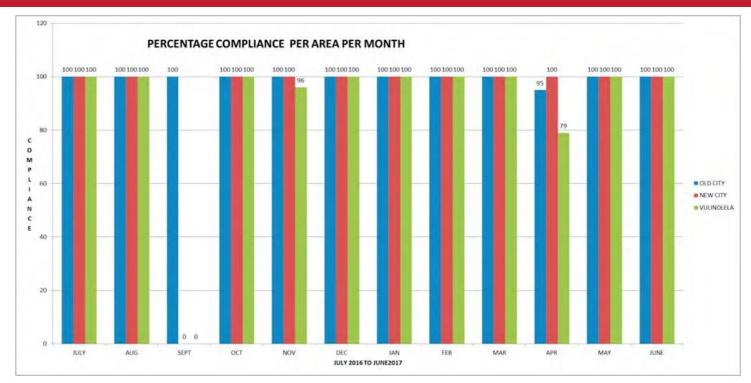
#### C.2.1.4.8. WATER QUALITY MONITORING

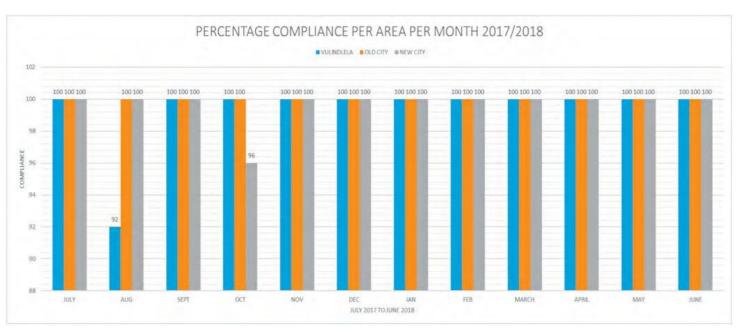
The Environmental Health Sub-Unit is responsible for ensuring water safety and accessibility in respect of a safe quality (microbiological, physical and chemical) and an adequate quantity for domestic use as well as in respect of the quality for recreational, industrial, food production and any other human or animal use. Water samples are taken from seventy-two (72) reservoirs and consumer points forth nightly from three zones viz, old city, new city- Edendale, and Vulindlela and analyzed as per the table below. The samples are taken for Blue Drop certification and Msunduzi Municipal drinking water is tested in terms of SANS 241: 2014 which is the South African National Standard that prescribes the limits for the microbiological, physical, aesthetic, and chemical constituents/ determinants of drinking water.

| DETERMINAND/TEST          | DEFINITION   | LIMITS (SANS 241:2011)                             |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Heterotrophic Plate Count | Refers to the total number of visible colonies produced by micro-<br>organisms in a water sample                                     | ≤ 1000<br>(must be less than or equal to 1000)     |
| Coliform Organisms        | A group of bacteria that are found in the large intestine of man and animals   | ≤ 10<br>(must be less than or equal to 10)         |
| E Coli (Escherichia coli) | Indicates faecal pollution of water  | NIL<br>(must not be present in drinking<br>water)  |
| Free Chlorine             | Used to protect a treated water supply against contamination. Free refers to the chlorine that is available after total disinfection | ≤ 5<br>(must not be more than 5)                   |
| Total Chlorine            | The total amount of chlorine in the water. Chlorine is used for the disinfection of water)   | ≤ 3 (must not be more than 3)                      |
| pH                        | Refers to the acidity or alkalinity of water   | $\geq 5$ to $\leq 9,7$ (must be between 5 and 9,7) |
| Turbidity                 | Refers to the colour of the water i.e. muddy, unclear  | ≤ 5<br>(must not be more than 5)                   |

In 2024 Msunduzi received Blue Drop status for the fourth consecutive assessment. The Blue Drop status audit, launched by the Department of Water and Sanitation 2008, looks not only at the quality of drinking water, but also the entire water provision cycle.







#### ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH STAFF COMPLEMENT

The organisational structure for the Environmental Health Unit has 63 posts. Although the 2013 structure has been implemented, there is a legislative requirement for the Municipality to address and manage environmental health compliance issues and as such the following staff are currently employed:

| TITLE OF POST                            | NUMBER OF POSTS ON STRUCTURE | STAFF EMPLOYED |
|--|------------------------------|----------------|
| Manager: Environmental Health            | 1                            | 1              |
| Environmental Health Area<br>Coordinator | 4                            | 3              |
| Air Quality Officer                      | 1                            | 0              |
| Environmental Health Practitioner        | 26                           | 7              |
| Lab Technician                           | 1                            | 0              |
| Environmental Health Assistant           | 8                            | 3              |



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| TITLE OF POST        | NUMBER OF POSTS ON STRUCTURE | STAFF EMPLOYED |
|----------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| Field Hygiene Worker | 20                           | 17             |
| Principal Clerk      | 1                            | 1              |
| Senior Clerk         | 1                            | 1              |
| TOTAL                | 63                           | 33             |

#### C.2.1.5. CLIMATE CHANGE

Climate change is a major global challenge, linked to the pace of urbanisation, industrialisation, and the associated impacts on natural resources (air, water, soil, flora, and fauna). The Global Risks Report 2022 notes that climate change and environmental risks are perceived to be the most critical threats to the world as well as the most potentially damaging to people and planet, with "climate action failure", "extreme weather", and "biodiversity loss" ranking as the top three most severe risks. More often than not these extreme weather events have a disproportionate, and devastating, impact on the poor - reinforcing patterns of inequality and poverty, and deepening city challenges.

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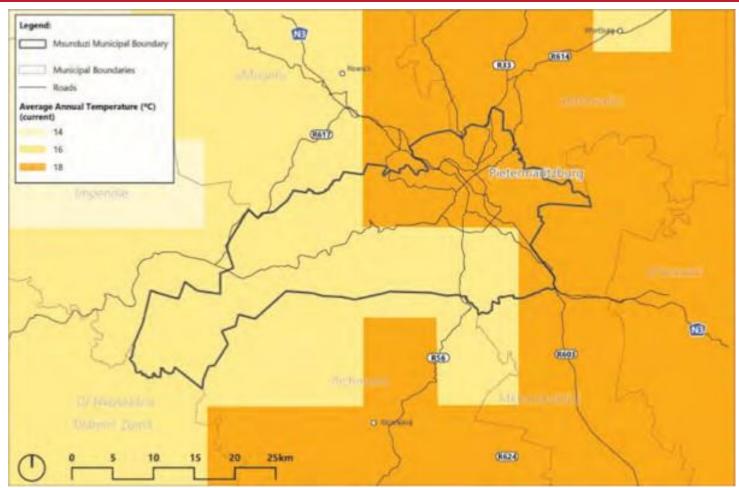


Figure 2: Map 3.6 Current average annual temperature (°C) of the Msunduzi Municipal area (CSIR, 2019)

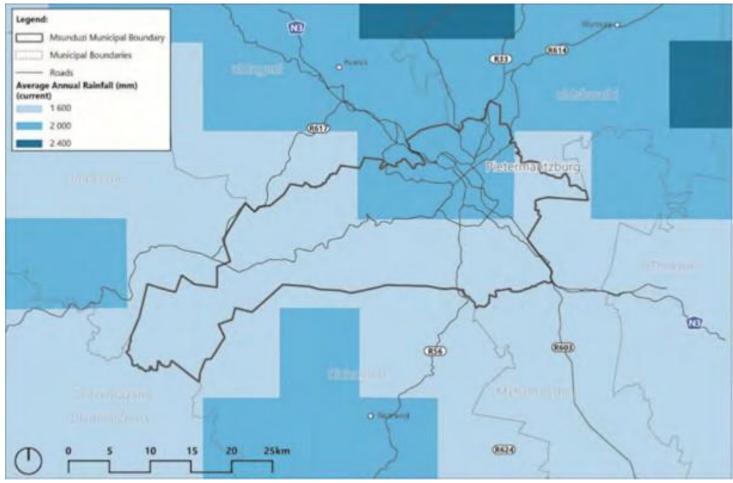
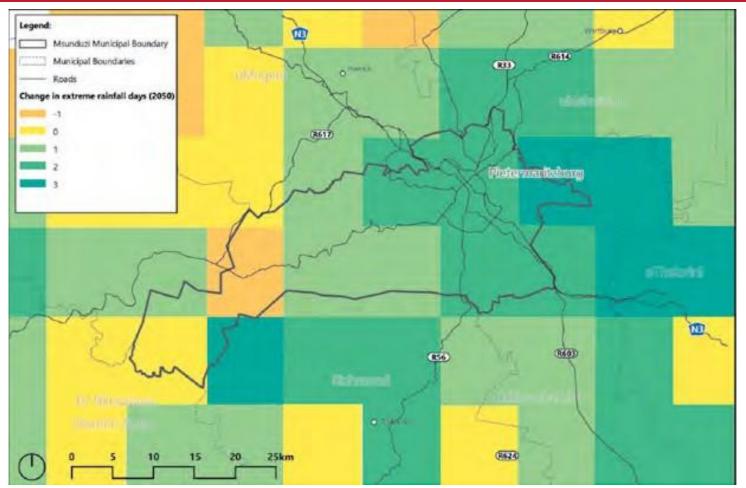


Figure 3: Map 3.7 Current average annual rainfall (mm) of Msunduzi (CSIR, 2019



Map 3.10 Extreme rainfall days anomaly for the period 2021 -2050, relative to the baseline period of 1961 -1990, under RCP 8.5 scenario (CSIR, 2019)

According to the Msunduzi SDF Draft Status Quo Report, The Msunduzi Municipality has a high level of environmental vulnerability (score of 7) due to conflict between preserving the natural environment and land-use change that will allow for the growth of the population, urbanization and economic development. It is also due to poor air quality and poor environmental governance. The Municipality also has a high level of economic vulnerability (score of 6.3), making it susceptible to external shocks, based on the size and diversity of the economy, as well as on the labour force, GDP growth-rate and inequality.

#### FIGURE 9

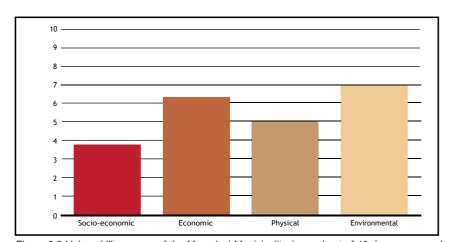


Figure 3.3 Vulnerability scores of the Msunduzi Municipality (scored out of 10, lower score = less vulnerable) (CSIR, 2019)

Msunduzi is also a full member of ICLEI (International Council for Local Environmental Initiatives) from 2018, and has also been supporting the Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP) and Carbonn Climate Registry by reporting on local initiatives and progress relating to climate change planning and response within the City. Msunduzi is also a signed member of the Durban Adaptation Charter and the Central KwaZulu Natal Climate Change Compact (CKZNCCC).

As of August 2017, Msunduzi Municipality received council approval to join the Compact of Mayors and the Honorable Mayor signed the agreement (It must be noted that this process is voluntary and whilst there are timeframes involved, the organizers are cognizant of the challenges faced by municipalities) pledging that:

- 1. The City of Pietermaritzburg will comply with the Compact of Mayors, the world's largest cooperative effort among mayors and city leaders to reduce Greenhouse Gas Emissions, track progress, and prepare for the impacts of climate change.
- The Compact of Mayors has defined a series of requirements—that cities are expected to meet over time, recognizing that each City may be at a different stage of development on the pathway to compliance with the Compact.
- The City of Pietermaritzburg along the stages of the Compact, with the goal of becoming fully compliant with all the requirements within three years. Specifically, pledges to publicly report on the following within the next three years:
  - a) The Greenhouse Gas Emissions Inventory for our City consistent with the Global Protocol for Community-Scale Greenhouse Gas Emission Inventories (GPC), within one year or less
  - b) The climate hazards faced by our city, within one year or less
  - c) Our target to reduce Greenhouse Gas emissions, within two years or less
  - d) The climate vulnerabilities faced by our City, within two years or less
  - e) Our plans to address climate change mitigation and adaptation within three years or less

|  | PLANS AND PROJECTS RELATED TO CLIMATE CHANGE |                  |  |  |  |
|--|--|------------------|--|--|--|
| PLAN   | COMPLETE<br>(Y/N)                            | ADOPTED<br>(Y/N) | SUMMARY  |  |  |
| Climate Change<br>Policy for Msunduzi<br>Municipality                                | Yes  | Yes<br>2013      | The purpose of the Climate Change Policy (2015) is to provide guidance and direction regarding the plans and strategies to be implemented by Municipal Business Units in order to ensure that the Msunduzi Municipality has clear adaptive and mitigative measures in place, which adequately address present and future climate, change related issues. This policy also aims at encouraging stakeholders and key roles-players towards integrating climate change into all levels of their planning and activities, to ensure the protection of municipal infrastructure, natural resources and communities against anticipated future extreme weather events. |  |  |
| Climate Change Policy<br>Review (2018/19)  | Yes  | Yes<br>2020      | In light of the COP 21, Paris Agreement and the NDPG's, the Climate Change Policy (2019) has been reviewing and amended to reflect additional plans / strategies to adapt to and mitigate climate change impacts, whilst also being cognisant of the need for development and immense developmental pressure placed on the City. Line departments and the City as a whole must work towards promoting sustainable developmental practices and encouraging the implementation of climate resilient and alternative technology   |  |  |
| Climate Change<br>Adaptation And<br>Mitigation Strategy For<br>Msunduzi Municipality | Yes<br>2016                                  | Yes              |  |  |  |

| PLANS AND PROJECTS RELATED TO CLIMATE CHANGE  |                   |                  |   |
|---|-------------------|------------------|---|
| PLAN  | COMPLETE<br>(Y/N) | ADOPTED<br>(Y/N) | SUMMARY   |
| Green Event Events Guideline And Checklist Through ICLEI, documents developed by Event Greening Forum           | Yes               | Yes<br>2018      | Environmentally responsible practices improve the experience of attendees at events. In any event, transportation of people and goods to and from the venue is unavoidable. This results in traffic generation and the emission of greenhouse gases. Events can also generate huge amounts of waste via promotional activities and food consumption, all of which go to the landfill. Being conscious about these and finding greener alternatives can enhance participant experience. For example, choosing accessible public transport instead of organising fossil-fuel intensive private transport can usually cut down on travel time, helping to avoid traffic congestions and save on parking hassles.  Msunduzi Municipality hosts a number of events, some of which are internationally recognised. By implementing greener events, this highlights the Municipalities commitment to promoting environmentally sustainable practices.  From a fiscal perspective, the implementation of the greener events results in the long term saving of money by reducing electricity usage, improved transportation efficiency and waste management |
| Green Building Guideline Toolkit For Msunduzi Municipality Undertaken By ICLEI (need to make this into a bylaw) | Yes               | Yes<br>2017      | The aim of this document is to provide an easy to use reference document for the municipality and building professional and users. It is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather address the key issues generating the most widespread benefits in terms of operating costs, user amenity and the environment. Ultimately, this set of Green Building Guidelines is one of the tools needed and available to achieve better buildings and better spaces for people to live, work and play- to restore and enhance our environment, our people and our economy.  |
| Msunduzi Municipality<br>Integrated<br>Environmental<br>Management Policy                                       | Yes               | Yes<br>2017      | The Integrated Environmental Management Policy guides the Msunduzi Municipality's integrated approach in relation to environmental governance and sustainability in the jurisdictional area of the Municipality. The IEMP explores the protection and sustainable use of ecological infrastructure, as well as the ecosystem goods and services within the Msunduzi municipal area, and additionally addresses problems regarding basic service delivery, housing, unemployment etc., to avoid unnecessary and wasteful expenditure, by addressing issues before they escalate into major problems and then require costly remedial measures. The Msunduzi IEMP aligns itself with the IDP municipal vision, which states, "'to be the dynamic, caring capital city of choice in KwaZulu-Natal".  |
| Msunduzi Municipality<br>Storm Water<br>Management Policy /<br>Bylaw  |                   |                  |   |



|   | PLANS AND PROJECTS RELATED TO CLIMATE CHANGE |                  |   |  |  |
|---|--|------------------|---|--|--|
| PLAN  | COMPLETE<br>(Y/N)                            | ADOPTED<br>(Y/N) | SUMMARY   |  |  |
| Generic Environmental<br>Management Program<br>(EMPR)         | Yes  | Yes<br>2017      | The EMPr is developed with the intention of being implemented for projects executed by Municipal Business Units and projects implemented within the municipality by private organizations / developers, which have not triggered the requirements for Environmental Authorization in terms of the National Environmental Management Act (NEMA, 2010). Msunduzi Municipality recognizes that it has a responsibility to ensure that environmental degradation is prevented as far as reasonably possible, while at the same time ensuring that developmental activities promote sustainability and ecological integrity.   |  |  |
| Green House Gas<br>Inventory (Summary)<br>Undertaken by ICLEI | Yes  | Yes<br>2017      | The GHGI intends to support decision making and provide clarification on certain operational activities within the city and how these activities can be improved and steered towards more sustainable operational processes  From a municipal perspective, the development of a GHGI ties into the requirements stipulated in the Msunduzi Municipalities Strategic Environmental Management Plan (SEMP), specifically, B5: Carbon Emissions Inventory and Offset Program: Prepare a Carbon Emissions Inventory for the Municipality and B4: Air Quality Constraints Model Action Plan as part of the Msunduzi Air Quality Management Plan: Prepare and maintain an emissions inventory for the Municipality  *Note: the Environmental Health Unit is undertaking a more in depth, detailed GHGI and Air Quality Management Plan and dispersion modelling |  |  |
| Standard operating procedures for Environmental Management    |  |                  |   |  |  |
| Msunduzi Heat Stress<br>Policy                                | Yes  | Yes<br>2004      | This policy applies to employees who work in the outdoor environment and workshop area, where air conditioning is not available   |  |  |
| Tree Planting Policy  | Yes  | Yes<br>1997      | Guidelines are suggested for planting, replanting and maintaining trees, and minimum standards are set of street and park trees. Suggestions are made for planting seasons and reparation, planting and maintenance procedures are put forward. This document suggests guidelines for when trees can and cannot be removed and suggests the notification procedure to be followed when trees are to be removed.   |  |  |

| PROPOSED PROJECTS |                   |                              |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| COMPLETE<br>(Y/N) | ADOPTED<br>(Y/N)  | SUMMARY                      |  |  |  |  |
| No                | No                | Proposed                     |  |  |  |  |
|                   |                   |                              |  |  |  |  |
|                   |                   |                              |  |  |  |  |
|                   |                   |                              |  |  |  |  |
|                   | COMPLETE<br>(Y/N) | COMPLETE ADOPTED (Y/N) No No |  |  |  |  |



| PROPOSED PROJEC  | TS                 |                  |   |
|--|--------------------|------------------|---|
| PLAN   | COMPLETE<br>(Y/N)  | ADOPTED<br>(Y/N) | SUMMARY   |
| 1. The local government operations approach: aimed at understanding the GHG emissions of government facilities and operations (e.g., government buildings and other facilities, streetlights and traffic signals, vehicle fleet). This is targeted towards promoting green government operations and reducing emissions under local government operational activities. |                    |                  |   |
| 2. The community-wide approach: this aims at understanding the GHG emissions of the community (in this case Msunduzi) as a whole.  |                    |                  |   |
| Baseline assessment of city hall in terms of compiling of electrical, energy, waste and water data and noting areas for increased optimization.  | In process 2020/21 | No               | Pending   |
| Appointment of a service provider to implement strategies identified within the Baseline Assessment (dependent of funding) for City Hall   |                    |                  | Pending   |
| Appointment of a service provider to undertake Monitoring and evaluation of retrofitting and comparing results with baseline assessment data   |                    |                  |   |
|  |                    |                  | Pending   |
| Identification of most suitable Early warning systems and project area (and implementation) PILOT PROJECT  | No                 | In process       | Proposed project undertaken by Umgungundlovu District Municipality as part of the Umgeni Resilience Project  Vulindlela area: Fire Early Warning System |
|  |                    |                  | Edendale Corridor, Masukwanaand Sobantu: Flood Early Warning System (Information from UMDM official-Mon 12/14/2020)                                     |





C.2.1.5.1. STRATEGIC CLIMATE CHANGE PARTNERSHIPS

#### **ICLEI AFRICA**

In December 2017 full council approval was granted for Msunduzi Municipality to become members of ICLEI Africa. The mission of ICLEI is to build and serve a worldwide movement of local governments to achieve tangible improvements in global sustainability through cumulative local actions ICLEI serves this movement through¬:

- (i) The establishment of an active and committed municipal membership;
- (ii) The mobilization and support of national associations of local authorities to promote environmentally sustainable development;
- (iii) Exchange of best practice through an active international network of cities, towns and countries tackling similar environmental management and sustainability challenges;
- (iv) The initiation of projects and campaigns among groups of local authorities in order to research develop and implement new solutions to environmental problems and development needs;
- (v) The provision of information and training on sustainable development and environmental protection policies, programmes and approaches being implemented at the local level;
- (vi) Steadfast advocacy for local authorities before national governments, international forums, agencies and organizations to increase their understanding and support of local environmental protection and sustainable development activities

Whilst a 3 year membership was initially paid to ICLEI in 2017, this has since fallen away and due to funding constraints and cost containments, Msunduzi is no longer a paying member of ICLEI. However Msunduzi Municipality still benefits from being a part of the ICLEI community in terms of support, information sharing and guidance in reporting on the CDP platform. ICLEI have assisted Msunduzi Municipality previously with the development of the following documents:

- Green Building Guideline Toolkit
- Green House Gas Inventory (2015)

#### CDP-ICLEI TRACK - CARBON DISCLOSURE PROJECT

Msunduzi Municipality has been responding on the CDP questionnaires since 2012. This involves providing information of essential work that the City is doing / implementing aimed at reducing the City's carbon footprint and opting for improving sustainability in operational activities. It also involves providing information on specific threats and challenges that the City faces in terms of climate change impacts and steps to be taken in terms of ensuring climate resilience. By reporting on the CDP, officials are able to better understand the principles for climate action planning in cities, report information pertaining to data collection and reporting strategies at a local level. The Environmental Management Unit is able to provide information into the CDP reporting process and ensure that additional Climate Change strategies are included in future planning for the City.

Currently, Msunduzi Municipalities Environmental Management Unit has registered on the CDP site, and reports Msunduzi's City data relating to climate change impacts annually. There is a need to ensure that Msunduzi responds to CDP and that data is updated, as this is an action, which has been identified in the Msunduzi Municipality's Approved Climate Change Policy (2015). Information is gathered from various business units during the reporting period, on projects / programs / plans that have been implemented / in planning stages.



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### COVENANT OF MAYORS IN SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA (COM-SSA)

Started in 2015, the Covenant of Mayors in Sub-Saharan Africa (CoM SSA) is a major catalyst for local climate action in the region, with political commitment from over 300 local governments. The purpose of CoM SSA is to support local governments in moving from planning to implementation, with a focus on unlocking climate finance at the local level. Local governments are supported in the designing and implementation of climate and energy plans. Msunduzi Municipalities previous Mayor, Councilor Themba Njilo, served as a signatory to the COMSSA and this was established at an event hosted by the Central KwaZulu Natal Climate Change Compact (CKZNCCC) and the Durban Adaption Charter (DAC) in July 2017 where relevant documentation and agreements were signed



#### CITIES RACE TO ZERO INITIATIVE

The Race to Zero is a global campaign to rally leadership and support from businesses, cities, regions, and investors for a healthy, resilient, zero carbon recovery that prevents future threats, creates decent jobs, and unlocks inclusive, sustainable growth. The objective is to build momentum around the shift to a decarbonized economy ahead of COP26 and send a resounding signal to governments who are expected to strengthen their contributions to the Paris Agreement. It will show that cities, regions, businesses and investors are united in meeting the Paris goals and creating a more inclusive and resilient world.

To join Cities Race to Zero, Mayors are required to sign the Cities Race to Zero pledge on the online platform: www.citiesracetozero.org. In line with the 1.5°C goal of the Paris Agreement and the Race's minimum criteria for participation, the pledge asks that you:

- 1. Publicly endorse the following principles:
  - a) We recognise the global climate emergency;
  - b) We are committed to keeping global heating below the 1.5°C goal of the Paris Agreement.
  - c) We are committed to putting inclusive climate action at the centre of all urban decision-making, to create thriving and equitable communities for everyone;
  - d) We invite our partners political leaders, CEOs, trade unions, investors, and civil society to join us in recognising the global climate emergency and help us deliver on science-based action to overcome it.
- 2. Pledge to reach (net)-zero in the 2040's or sooner, or by mid-century at the latest, in line with global efforts to limit warming to 1.5° Celsius.
- 3. In advance of COP26, explain what steps will be taken toward achieving net zero, especially in the short- to medium-term. Set an interim target to achieve in the next decade, which reflects a fair share of the 50% global reduction in CO2 by 2030 identified in the IPCC Special Report on Global Warming of 1.5°Celsius.
- 4. Immediately proceed to planning at least one inclusive and equitable climate action as listed on www.citiesracetozero.org that will help to place your city on a resilient pathway consistent with the 1.5°C objective of the Paris Agreement and begin implementation no later than 2022.
- 5. Report progress annually beginning no later than 2022 to your usual or the recommended reporting platforms.

Full council approval was granted in March 2022 for Msunduzi Municipality to participate in the cities race to zero initiative.

#### CITIES RACE TO RESILIENCE INITIATIVE

Race to Resilience is the sibling campaign to Race to Zero. The Race to Resilience is a global campaign run by the COP26 Presidency and High-Level Climate Champions to rally leadership and support from cities, regions, businesses and investors to help frontline communities build resilience and adapt to the impacts of climate change. The Race to Resilience aims to catalyze action by non-state actors to build the resilience of 4 billion people from vulnerable groups and communities to climate risks. A resilient world, where both people and nature do not just survive climate shocks and stresses, but thrive in spite of them, is at the heart of the Race to Resilience. The Cities Race to Resilience is one of the initiatives under the Race to Resilience campaign, focused on driving cities to join and pledge their commitment to the global fight against climate change.

The Cities Race2Resilience is the primary initiative for cities to join the global Race2Resilience campaign. The Cities Race to Resilience offers cities themselves the unique opportunity to showcase action and drive ambition, according to their own contextually relevant local landscape. Cities Race to Resilience is the international effort in support of the COP26 Roadmap of Local Governments and Municipal Authorities (LGMA) Constituency to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC).

Full council approval was granted in March 2022 for Msunduzi Municipality to participate in the Cities Race To Resilience Initiative, with support and signatures obtained from the Mayor, Councilor Mzimkhulu Thebolla in October 2022.

Joining the Cities Race to Resilience will bring the following direct benefits to your city or subnational government:

- a) Access to the Race to Resilience: Joining automatically qualifies your city to be a part of the Race to Resilience led by the COP26 Presidency and High-Level Climate Champions, ensuring formal recognition for your efforts by the UNFCCC.
- b) Leadership and visibility: This is a unique opportunity to join and shape a global movement capable of changing the world. The stories of cities that have committed to the Race to Resilience will be showcased leading up to, during and post COP26.
- c) Endorsements by partners and access to resources: The Cities Race to Resilience is the sum of its partners. Joining is compatible with the partner initiatives, tools and resources.

#### Plans and Projects related to climate change

- Climate Change Policy
- Climate Change Adaptation Strategy and Adaptation
- Green House Gas Inventory
- Green Event Events Guideline And Checklist Through ICLEI,
- Green Building
- Climate Change Risk and Vulnerability Assessment with anticipated Predicted Climate Hazards
- Flood Risk Assessment
- Baseline assessment of city hall in terms of compiling of electrical, energy, waste and
- water data and noting areas for increased optimization.

#### C.2.1.6. COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT EFFORTS

#### C.2.1.6.1. ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT INSPECTORS

It is a network of environmental enforcement officials from various national, provincial and municipal government departments created by National Environmental Management Act (NEMA) of 2008. The EMIs have the powers to (1) investigate, question witnesses, inspect and remove articles, take photographs and audio-visual recordings, take samples and remove waste and to (2) inspect, enter premises to ascertain whether legislation is being followed and seize evidence of criminal activity. EMIs work closely with prosecutors' country wide to ensure the successful prosecution of offenders.

The municipality currently has three trained and designated EMI officials who have been empowered to undertake EMI work and report into the National Environmental Compliance and Enforcement Report (NECER). While the municipality has some personnel with EMI training having an increased number of personnel trained and designated would greatly assist with strengthe

#### C.2.1.6. Compliance and Enforcement Efforts

#### C.2.1.7. Environmental Governance

#### Msunduzi Environmental Management Framework (EMF)

The purpose of the greater Msunduzi EMF is to provide for an informed decision-making framework against which plans, programs and policies can be assessed in terms of future development proceedings within the Municipality's area of jurisdiction. In this regard, the EMF puts forward the following broad objectives, which are to:



- Identify areas, both suitable and unsuitable, for development.
- Provide information to assist decision-making (such as development applications) and thereby streamline the process.
- Identify environmentally sensitive areas that require protection to ensure ecosystem service delivery

#### Msunduzi Open Space By-law

Its purpose is to ensure that the way in which the Municipality controls, manages and develops public open spaces is environmentally sustainable, and is in the long-term interests of the whole community of Pietermaritzburg Msunduzi, including future generations.

Msunduzi Open Space System focuses on identifying areas to be set aside to maintain ecosystem goods and services. The protection of areas of biodiversity importance achieves both biophysical and social objectives. The Open Spaces System provides a range of ecosystem services to all residents of Msunduzi, including the formation of soil, erosion control, water supply and regulation, climate regulation, cultural and recreational opportunities, raw materials for craft and building, food production, pollination, nutrient cycling and waste treatment.

From a climate adaptation perspective, the biodiversity that is protected within Open Space System plays an important role. Increased flood events can be moderated by ensuring that wetlands and floodplains are protected and where necessary rehabilitated. Predicted increased temperatures can also be alleviated by Open Space System as vegetated areas help to reduce temperatures. Open Space Systems also play a substantial role in climate change mitigation. Open Space System thus provides a unique opportunity to conserve many of South Africa's threatened ecosystems and species if protected and managed, it will assist the province and the country in meeting biodiversity conservation targets.

### Msunduzi Ecosystem Services Plan (ESP)

The purpose of the Ecosystem Services Plan is to identify untransformed areas of biodiversity significance. The intention of the plan is to build awareness of ecosystem goods and services and highlight areas that require protection and management to ensure that the ecosystem goods and services they supply are not compromised.

#### **Integrated Environmental Management Plan (IEMP)**

The Integrated Environmental Management Policy guides the Msunduzi Municipality's integrated approach in relation to environmental governance and sustainability in the jurisdictional area of the Municipality. The IEMP explores the protection and sustainable use of ecological infrastructure, as well as the ecosystem goods and services within the Msunduzi municipal area, and additionally addresses problems regarding basic service delivery, housing, unemployment etc., to avoid unnecessary and wasteful expenditure, by addressing issues before they escalate into major problems and then require costly remedial measures. The Msunduzi IEMP aligns itself with the IDP municipal vision, which states, "to be the dynamic, caring capital city of choice in KwaZulu-Natal".

#### Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA)

The Msunduzi SEA is essentially a sustainability framework as it aims to provide a vision and sustainability objectives against which the municipality can assess any future plans, programs and policies. It goes beyond this by also highlighting the proposed actions, to be expanded upon in the SEMP, which the municipality must undertake to achieve the vision and sustainability objectives.

#### **Climate Change Policy**

The goal of this policy is to provide a distinct direction for responding to climate change risks and challenges. This policy aims at ensuring that risks associated with climate change impacts are identified, and that mitigation and adaption options are put in place to ensure that negative impacts are reduced. This policy also looks at ensuring that Msunduzi Municipal Business Units are able to incorporate climate change adaptation and mitigation strategies into their day to day operations in order to ultimately ensure that the city is able to adapt to climate change related impacts in the long term.

### Msunduzi Climate Change Adaptation Strategy

It focuses on ensuring that the City of Msunduzi and its communities are able to identify and implement strategies and plans which are implementable and realistic when faced with threats associated with direct and indirect impacts of a changing climate. The adaptation focuses on these key areas to increase adaptation measures: Biodiversity, Water, Health, Waste, Agriculture & Food Security, Energy Usage, Infrastructure and Climate Change Awareness & Research.

#### C.2.2. AGRICULTURE AND ENVIRONMENT SWOT ANALYSIS

#### **STRENGTHS**

- Functional GIS spatial analysis system (Spatial Development Support Tool).
- Qualified staff registered with professional bodies.
- Numerous environmental plans / polices / strategies that relate to.
- Good co-operative governance with other spheres of government.
- There are many open spaces and natural resources.

#### WEAKNESSES

- Lack of adequate vehicles for inspections.
- Lack of sufficient human resources.
- Lack of sufficient office space to be occupied by staff.
- Budgetary constraints.
- Lack of technical and office equipment.
- There is a lack of wastewater treatment measures and waste is being dumped in the watercourses and biodiversity areas.
- There is a lack of wastewater treatment measures and waste is being dumped in the watercourses and biodiversity areas.



#### **OPPORTUNITIES**

- Fully utilize agricultural land to improve local food security and increase local economic development opportunities. Stimulate food production and expand value chains, as the soil in the area is ideal for arable agriculture.
- Encourage more resilient crops and practices to create a competitive advantage and enhance productivity.
- Increase tree plantations for agriculture and food production and counter the anticipated increase in annual temperature.
   Increase tree plantations for agriculture and food production and counter the anticipated increase in annual temperature.
   The Strategic Environmental Management Plan (SEMP) has a number of action plan items which outline projects that could be implemented.
- Environmental Education and awareness Training.
- Conduct environment campaigns and ecological infrastructure awareness within the City (includes municipal officials and communities).
- · Rehabilitation of ecological infrastructure

#### THREATS

- High-potential agricultural land is being developed to accommodate low-density residential developments.
- Development in sensitive areas such as riparian / wetland areas and areas of high biodiversity which should be ear marked for conservation.
- An increase in veldfires will destroy the soil structure and seed banks.
- Watercourses should be protected against illegal dumping in order to enhance water quality.
- Climate change causes extreme rainfall, which results in floods, increased run-off water, and soil erosion.
- Lack of sufficient / adequate budget.
- Land invasion which undermines the preservation of the natural environment.
- Non-compliance with environmental bylaws / policies / legislation.
- Internal miscommunication between business units (i.e. silo approach to decision making regarding projects / development).
- Lack of interest in environmental / climate change interventions for implementation in the municipality.
- High-potential agricultural land is being developed to accommodate low-density residential developments.
- Development in sensitive areas such as riparian / wetland areas and areas of high biodiversity which should be ear marked for conservation.
- An increase in veldfires will destroy the soil structure and seed banks.
- Watercourses should be protected against illegal dumping in order to enhance water quality.
- Climate change causes extreme rainfall, which results in floods, increased run-off water, and soil erosion
- Lack of sufficient / adequate budget.
- Land invasion which undermines the preservation of the natural environment.
- Non-compliance with environmental bylaws / policies / legislation.
- Internal miscommunication between business units (i.e. silo approach to decision making regarding projects / development).
- Lack of interest in environmental / climate change interventions for implementation in the municipality.

#### C.2.2.1. KEY CHALLENGES

- Clearing of alien invasive plants as they impact on biodiversity, agricultural land productivity, and water quality and supply. It is also a legal requirement, as the Municipality is a land owner, and is thus required to eradicate all Category 1 invasive species.
- Land invasion on arable agricultural land.
- Loss and degradation of key wetlands due to urban sprawl, overgrazing, poor sewerage and waste water management.



- Litter and illegal dumping in and around urban areas.
- Pollution of natural water courses.
- Flood risk heightened due to climate change impacts and degradation of natural environment.
- Seasonally high air pollution levels caused by inversion layer, as well as through industry and agriculture emissions.
- Pollution caused by vehicular emissions at peak periods resulting in high levels of carcinogens.
- Compliance with international and national carbon reduction targets.
- The need to mainstream climate change into municipal functions, and for the Municipality to proactively adapt to the changes brought about by climate change.
- A need for urban greening and indigenous planting programmes in the CBD, and in new commercial, industrial, and residential developments.
- The need to rehabilitate degraded land caused by inappropriate land uses.
- Loss of strategically located agricultural land to urban sprawl.
- The need to identify communities that are at risk of environmental impacts.
- High levels of noise, impacting on the social environment.
- Limited institutional capacity within the Municipality to deliver on the legal mandate and priority action plans emanating from the Strategic Environmental Management Plan.
- A need for greater public participation in environmental matters through the reinstatement of the LA21 Forum.
- A need for greater public access to environmental policies and plans through media like the internet.
- A need for training of Councillors, officials, and the public on principles of sustainable development

#### C.2.3. DISASTER MANAGEMENT

#### C.2.3.1. DISASTER MANAGEMENT PLAN & DISASTER SECTOR PLAN

In line with Section 53 of Disaster Management Act, 57 of 2002, the National guideline on the structure and the Disaster Management Plan published on in April 2017, the municipality prepares a disaster management plan for its area according to the circumstances prevailing in the area. Nonetheless, the plan is then submitted to COGTA and reviewed annually.

In terms of the Disaster Management Act, 57 of 2002, each organ of state must have a Disaster Management Plan which is reviewed and updated regularly. Planning for disasters leads to organisational preparedness and readiness in anticipation of an emergency or disasters. The city has shown in numerous occasions that it is prone to different types of disasters, both natural and human made. Natural disasters range from wind, fires to floods and tornados due to climate change. It is therefore important to understand that natural disasters cannot be prevented, but that the least the Municipality can do is to develop strategies to mitigate the effectiveness of such natural disasters. In addition, it is important to note that human disasters can be prevented by making sure that continuous sharing of information takes place with the community at all times.

The Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (SFDRR: 2015-2030) outlines seven main targets and four priorities for action to prevent new and lessen existing disaster risks. The framework categorizes the importance in reduction of disaster risk and losses in lives, livelihoods, health, economic, physical, social, cultural and environmental assets of persons, businesses, communities and countries. In order to realize the expected outcome of the framework, the following goal must be pursued namely: - Prevent new and lessen existing disaster risk through the implementation of integrated and inclusive economic, structural, legal, social, health, cultural, educational, environmental, technological, political and institutional measures that prevent and reduce hazard exposure and vulnerability to disaster, increase preparedness for response and recovery, and hence strengthen resilience.

### C.2.3.2. LEGISLATIVE MANDATE FOR DISASTER MANAGEMENT AND FIRE SERVICES

The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa (Act 108 of 1996) places a legal responsibility on the Government of South Africa to ensure the health (personal and environment) and safety of its citizens. In terms of section 41(1) (b) of the Constitution, all spheres of government are required to "secure the well-being of the people of the Republic". Section 152(1) (d) also requires that local government "ensure a safe and healthy environment". In the light of the above, and the established understanding of disaster management, the primary responsibility for disaster risk management in South Africa rests with Government.

Section 26 (g) of the Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000 as well as sections 52 and 53 of the Disaster Management

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Act 57 of 2002 compels each other by saying that each municipal entity to develop a disaster Management plan as part of and an integrated part of their Integrated Development Plans. This plan establishes the arrangements for disaster risk management within the requirements of the Disaster Management Act, 57 of 2002 (the Act) and section 26(g) of the municipal Systems Act, 2000.



A level 1 Disaster Risk Management Plan applies to national or provincial organs of state or municipal entities that have not previously developed a coherent Disaster Risk Management Plan. It focuses primarily on establishing foundation institutional arrangements for DRM, putting in place contingency plans for responding to known priority risks as identified in the initial stage of the Disaster Risk Assessment (DRA), identifying key governmental and other stakeholders.

#### Disaster Management Amendment Act 16 of 2015

The Act streamlines and unifies disaster management and promotes a risk reduction approach particularly at municipal and provincial levels. It eliminates the confusion around disaster declaration and addresses current legislative gaps.

#### National Disaster Management Framework of 2015

The framework provides guidelines for the development of the provincial and municipal disaster management frameworks. This also provides the key performance areas and enablers required for the implementation of the Disaster Management Act.

#### Municipal Structures Act No. 117 of 1998 (As amended in 1999 and 2000)

The Act defined new institutional arrangements and systems for local government. Importantly, the Act set a foundation for local government performance management and ward committee systems.

#### Fire Brigade Services Act No 99 of 1987

This Act forms an essential element of disaster management in terms of norms and standards in the prevention of fires or any hazards leading to risks and or disasters.

#### National Veld and Forest Fires Act No. 101 of 1998

This Act emphasizes the formation of Fire Protection Associations for the purpose of predicting, preventing, managing and extinguishing veld fires.

#### The National Environmental Management Act of 1999

This Act provides for environmental management strategies and climate change adaptation so as to prevent and mitigate environmental disasters.

Policy Framework for Disaster Risk Management in the Province of Kwa-Zulu Natal (Provincial Gazette 545 of 4 February 2011 as amended by Provincial Gazette 372 of 22 January 2010).

The framework provides guidelines for the development of the municipal disaster management frameworks. This also provides the key performance areas and enablers required for the implementation of the Disaster Management Act

#### C.2.3.3. RISK PROFILE

The preliminary risk and vulnerability assessment performed with the aid of a questionnaire to all community members within the wards in a form of conducting the workshops. The research found the following risks to be of greatest priority in the Msunduzi. This priority was determined by taking into consideration the severity, frequency and magnitude of the event as well as the associated vulnerabilities and the mandate of the MDMC to manage such risks (as an example, the risk of terrorist attack was taken into consideration but due to the sensitive nature of this hazard and the mandate of other government departments - e.g. SAPS, NIA, and SANDF - this was not placed on the prioritised list but the MDMC are compelled to coordinate with these relevant departments in order to ensure appropriate disaster risk management plans and contingency measures are in place). The assessment of these disaster risks are driven by the formulae as part of the Msunduzi Disaster Management Information System.

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#### Disaster Risk formula:

Disaster Risk= Hazards x Vulnerability

Capacity/Manageability

#### TABLE 34: PRIORITY DISASTER RISKS OF THE MSUNDUZI

The assessment indicated the areas most at risk to a variety of hazardous impacts in the Msunduzi are those located to the northwest, east and central particularly the following areas were identified as the most at-risk areas.

| Disaster risk priority | Risk type  |
|------------------------|--|
| 1                      | Structural Fires (shack/house)                                   |
| 2                      | Flooding/Heavy rainfall  |
| 3                      | Veld fires   |
| 4                      | Drought  |
| 5                      | Thunderstorm(Lightning) and Strong Winds                         |
| 6                      | Severe weather conditions (Lightning, Heatwave, Hailstorm, Snow) |
| 7                      | Water borne diseases   |
| 8                      | Building collapse  |
| 9                      | Hazardous materials (storage, transportation and usage)          |
| 10                     | Special events   |
| 11                     | Mission Critical Systems Failure (MCFS)                          |
| 12                     | Social Unrest (Xenophobia Attacks)                               |
| 13                     | Drowning   |

#### Priority Risks are:

- Structural fire / Veld fire
- Flooding
- Drought
- Thunderstorm and Strong Winds

#### Hazard Identification and Analysis

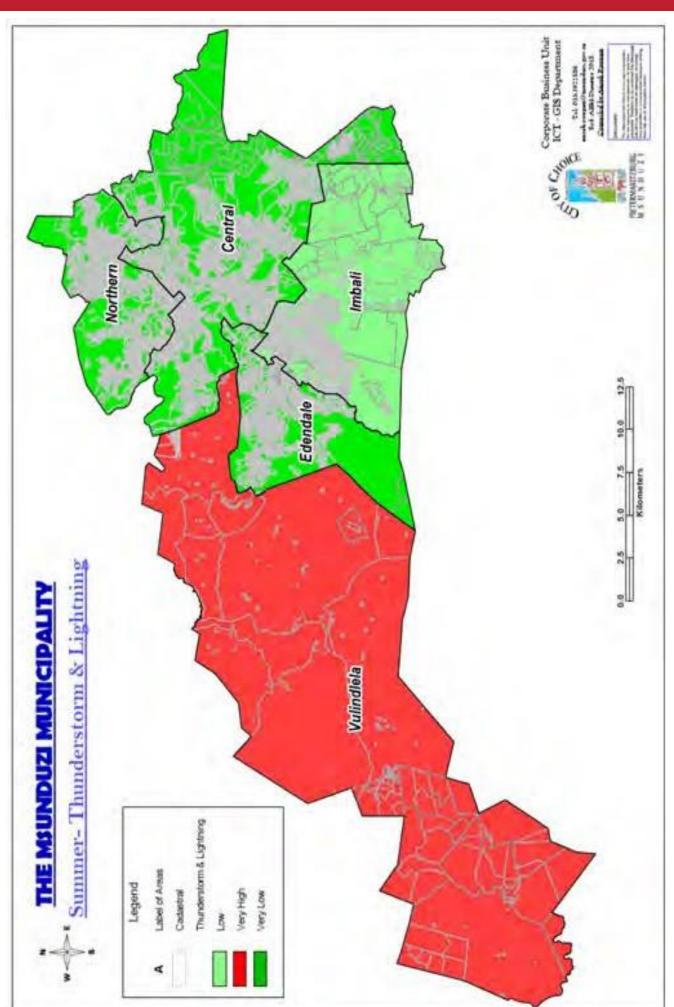
All the hazards identified at Msunduzi Municipality are taken from the historic incidents data. Msunduzi Municipality has 39 wards. Area Based Management combined wards into five zones, namely: -

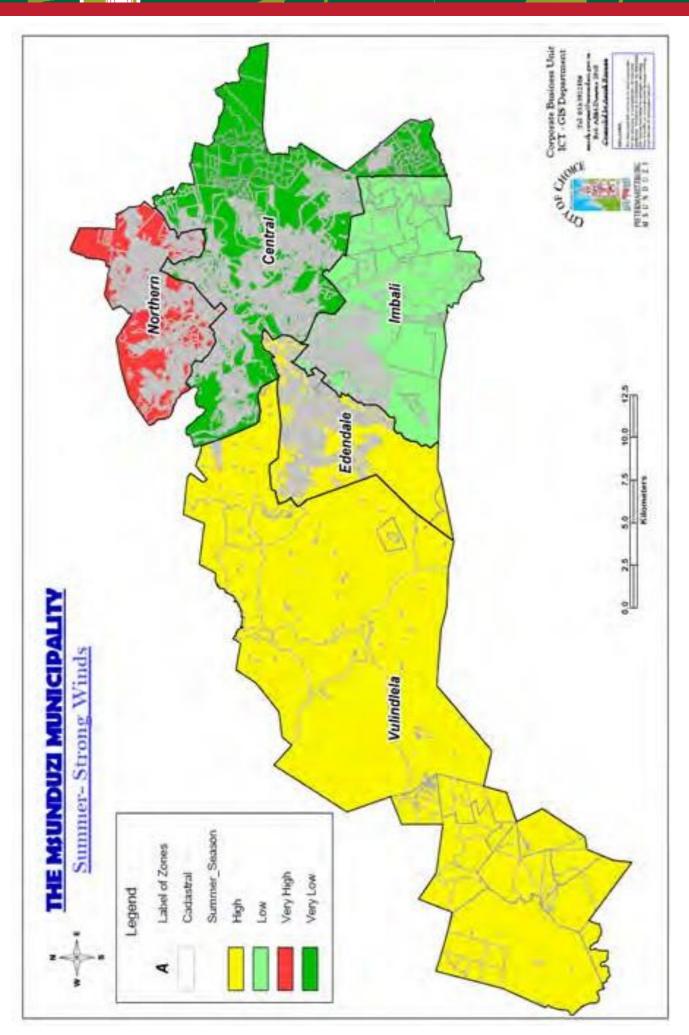
- Zone 1 (Vulindlela) wards 1-9 & 39
- Zone 2(Edendale) wards 10,11,12,16, 20, 21, 22 & 23
- Zone 3(Imbali), wards 13,14,15,17,18 &19
- Zone 4(Central Area) wards 24,26,27,33,35,36,37 & 38
- Zone 5(Northern Area) wards 25,28,29,30,31,32 & 34

# MAP 20: SUMMER SEASON MAP: THUNDERSTORM & LIGHTNING

# DRAFT INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2024-2025

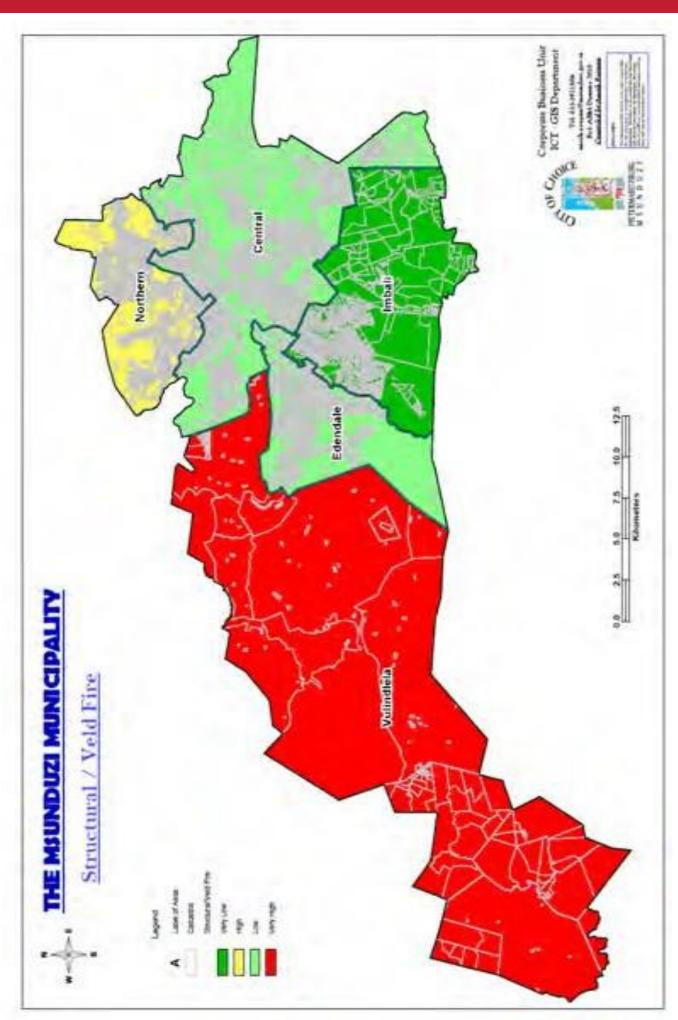


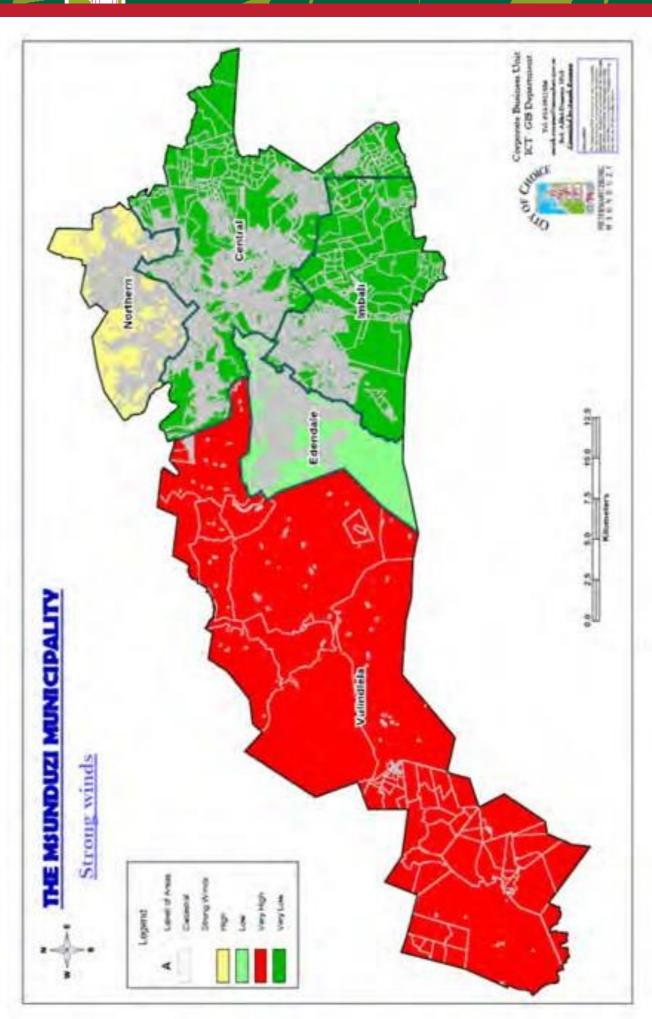


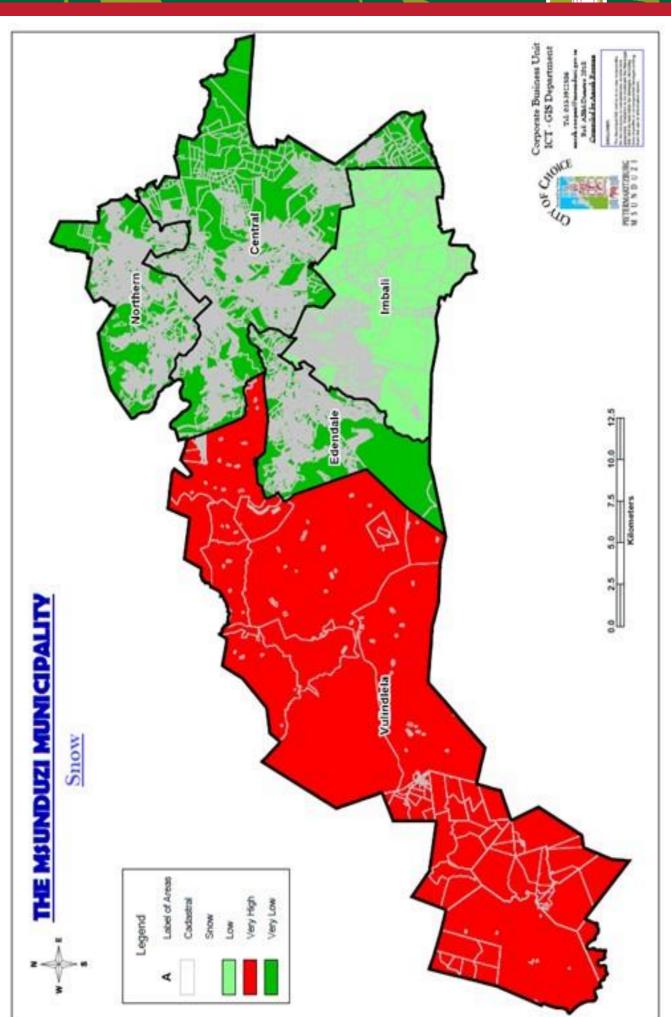


MAP 21: SUMMER SEASON MAP (STRONG WINDS)









MAP 24: WINTER SEASON MAP (SNOW)

# C.2.3.4. CLIMATE CHANGE RISKS AND ADAPTATION PROGRAMMES

Climate change refers to long-term shifts in temperatures and weather patterns. These shifts may be natural, human activities have been the main driver of climate change, primarily due to the burning of fossil fuels (like coal, oil and gas), which produces heat-trapping gases. Climate change is already impacting health in a numerous of ways, including by leading to death and illness from increasingly frequent extreme weather events, such as heatwaves, storms and floods, the disruption of food systems, increases in food-, water- and vector-borne diseases, and mental health issues. Furthermore, climate change is undermining many of the social determinants for good health, such as livelihoods, equality and access to health care and social support structures. These climate-sensitive health risks are disproportionately felt by the most vulnerable and disadvantaged, including women, children, ethnic minorities, poor communities, migrants or displaced persons, older populations, and those with underlying health conditions. Msunduzi is no exception to these effects of climate change. The following maps illustrate areas that are affected during seasonal change.

### C.2.3.5. RISK REDUCTION

Disaster risk reduction is the key strategy for disaster management. The implementation of disaster risk reduction strategies by all departments of the Msunduzi Local Municipality will result in the integration of these strategies into sustainable development.

# i) RISK REDUCTION PLANNING

In terms of disaster risk reduction planning, each municipal departments/divisions/entities as well as the Msunduzi MDMC/u must compile a disaster risk management plan.

Risk reduction planning consists of two components. Firstly, the disaster risk management plans of the MDMC as well as the different municipal departments/divisions/entities must engage in vulnerability reduction planning. Such planning involves addressing the root causes on social, economic, physical, ecological and political vulnerabilities. Each of these can already be addressed by the existing development projects in the Msunduzi. Secondly, municipal departments/divisions/entities must make provision for disaster risk management planning in their respective developmental projects. Special emphasis should be placed on high risk developments as well as in communities in which multiple vulnerabilities has been identified.

# ii) RISK REDUCTION ACTIONS

- Through training, shift the approach from disaster response to risk reduction.
- Integrate risk reduction into sustainable development planning.
- Provide for sufficient budget for staffing and administration.
- Maintain the legislative requirement for a Municipal Disaster Management Advisory Forum.
- Keep accurate information on hazards, vulnerability and capacity assessments.
- Develop and implement risk assessment and environmental impact assessments.
- Use effective indicators for forecasting and prediction of disasters.
- Implement early warming and dissemination strategies.
- Institute disaster reduction training, education and awareness in schools, the community and other institutions.
- Increase media involvement in disaster risk reduction (e.g. disaster risk reduction day).
- Ensure risk monitoring capabilities.
- Interface between Environmental Management, City Development and Disaster Risk Reduction.
- Develop and implement sustainable livelihood strategies.
- Support urban renewal and local economic sustainable development strategies, i.e. land use planning.
- Ensure effective preparedness, logistic and response planning.
- Develop focal points for Disaster Management within each Customer Care Centre which would bring disaster management to the residents.
- May establish and maintain volunteer units.
- Continue research into disaster risk reduction.



# iii) RISK REDUCTION CAPACITY TO COPE FOR MSUNDUZI

The organization structure for risk reduction within the municipality includes Msunduzi Disaster Management Unit, the Disaster Management Advisory Forum, the Interdepartmental Disaster Management Committee and Crisis Response Protocol.

The manageability (Capacity to cope) was determined by taking into consideration the following aspects:

- Awareness
- Legislative framework
- Early warning
- Government response
- Municipal government response
- Existing risk reduction measures
- Public participation
- Municipal management capabilities

# iv) MSUNDUZI FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICES

The Msunduzi municipality has three existing fire stations namely: Oribi fire station, PMB Central station, and Edendale fire station. The additional fire station is the Airport fire station which deals with the incidents that may occur in the Airport. These three fire and rescue services deal with the incidents occurring at community level. The department of Public Safety intends to have a public safety hub at Vulindlela Area. The Public safety hub will have three sub unit which is Disaster Management, Fire and Rescue Services and Traffic. This Public safety hub will respond to the incidents that are occurring within the area of Vulindlela, as it has proven difficult for the Municipality to respond quickly to the incidents occurring at Vulindlela areas. Based on the maps identifying incidents occurring at Msunduzi Municipality it was found that the high number of incidents recorded are from Vulindlela. The map below show the location of the proposed Public Safety Hub.

TABLE 35: DISASTER REDUCTION PROJECTS

| Function           | Project Description   | Ward Location   | Budget<br>Year<br>2022/23 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2024/25 |
|--------------------|---|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | FIRE EQUIPMENT  | Administrative or Head<br>Office (Including<br>Satellite Offices) | 500                       | 1,000                        | 1,000                        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | 24/7 ECC REFURBISH<br>EQUIPMENT                                   | Administrative or Head<br>Office (Including<br>Satellite Offices) | 250                       | 750                          | 850                          |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | PPE-TRANSPORT ASSETS-ALL OR EXCL NERSA-ACQUISITI FIRE ENGINE X2?? | ZONE 5  | 750                       | -                            | -                            |
| INFRASTRUCTURE     | INEP:Z4:JIKA JOE CRU'S PHASE 2 ELECTRIFICATION                    | Zone 4 - Ward 33  |                           |                              | 5,457                        |
| INFRASTRUCTURE     | ALNS: MASONS 132/11kv<br>PRIMARY SUBSTATION UPGRADE               | Zone 2 , Zone 4 ( Wards 23, 24, 26)                               |                           |                              | 46,001                       |
| INFRASTRUCTURE     | ALNS:Z4: UPGRADE OF PINE STREET PRIMARY SUBSTATION                | Zone 4 (Wards 25, 26, 27)   | 46,001                    | 13,269                       |                              |
| INFRASTRUCTURE     | MIG:ZA:MIDBLOCK WATER & SEWER ERADICATION                         | All Zones - ZA  | 14,250                    | 16,500                       | 21,395                       |
| INFRASTRUCTURE     | NDPG: ISF: CAMPSDRIFT<br>DESILTING                                | Zone 4: Central (Ward 24, 25, 26, 27, 33, 36, 37)                 | 17,064                    | 25,000                       | 16,000                       |

# C.2.3.6. IDP AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT ALIGNMENT

The vision of the city outlined below demonstrates how much the issue of safety and creating a safe city is prioritised. Safety is of utmost importance in terms of security, disaster mitigation/management, environmental health and proposer waste management.

# **VISION**

"By 2040 Msunduzi will be a safe, vibrant, sustainable and smart metropolis."

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• Safety is of utmost importance in terms of security, disaster mitigation/ management, environmental health, and proper waste management.

# **Vibrant**

• Vibrant refers to high-spirited, energetic, and lively City events.

# Sustainable

• Sustainable refers to all functions of the city, basic services, and support services to be done sustainably.

# <u>S</u>mart

• Smart refers to the city embracing technology in its everyday operations and also in planning for the future.

The table below indicates the project that are budgeted for in the following three financial year which could be regarded as disaster mitigation projects. These are capital projects that aim to prevent river contamination by sewer, decrease risk of flooding in the Msunduzi river (desilting), protect household along river banks (canalisation project) and the removing people from squatter camps on the river banks (Jika -Joe Housing project.

| Business Unit           | Funded Pro-<br>gram | Funded Program<br>desc                             | REGIONS                | Fund          | 2024/24    | 2024/25    | 2025/26    |
|-------------------------|---------------------|--|------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Infrastructure services | 1/504126.007        | LEVS:AH: Canalisation of Streams/<br>bank pro      | ADM & HO               | RV01_<br>LEVS | 2 000 000  | 2 000 000  | 2 000 000  |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504787.036        | WSIG:Z1: VU-<br>LINDLELA PHASE 3<br>(Planning & D  | ZONE1: VU-<br>LINDLELA | TS01_<br>WSIG | 28 000 000 | 35 000 000 | 38 986 000 |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504202.009        | MIG:ZA:ELIM<br>OF CONSERV<br>TANKS:SEWER           | ALL ZONES              | TS01_<br>MIG  | 22 000 000 | 16 244 601 | 10 000 000 |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504202.015        | MIG:Z3: SLANG-<br>SPRUIT AMBLETON<br>SANITATION S  | ZONE3: IM-<br>BALI     | TS01_<br>MIG  | 3 000 000  | 33 593 563 | 26 406 437 |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504202.016        | MIG:Z2: VULINDLE-<br>LA H/HOLD SANITA-<br>TION-W10 | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE     | TS01_<br>MIG  | 15 300 000 | -          | 3 000 000  |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504202.021        | MIG:Z2:EDENDALE - SEWER RETIC - WARD 16            | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE     | TS01_<br>MIG  | -          | 10 000 000 | 25 000 000 |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504202.025        | MIG:ZA:DARVIL<br>SEWER OUTFALL                     | ALL ZONES              | TS01_<br>MIG  | 65 477 640 | 65 339 400 | 37 182 960 |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504787.026        | MIG:Z5: COPES-<br>VILLE RESERVOIR                  | ZONE5:<br>NORTHERN     | TS01_<br>MIG  | 15 000 000 | 12 383 235 | 21 753 423 |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504787.030        | MIG:Z1:NCWADI<br>PHASE 2A                          | ZONE1: VU-<br>LINDLELA | TS01_<br>MIG  | 22 860 000 | 12 780 000 | 22 360 000 |



| Business Unit              | Funded Pro-<br>gram  | Funded Program desc                               | REGIONS            | Fund                | 2024/24     | 2024/25     | 2025/26     |
|----------------------------|----------------------|---|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604241.016         | NDPG: Z4: ISF:<br>CAMPSDRIFT<br>DESILTING         | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL  | TS01_<br>NDPG       | 8 600 000   | 7 500 000   | 8 000 000   |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604241.020         | NDPG:Z2:CIVIC<br>ZONE PHASE 1:SKY<br>BRIDGE       | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE | TS01_<br>NDPG       | 12 400 000  | 15 000 000  | 14 000 000  |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604480.007         | ART:Z4: CLIMATE<br>CONTROL LIGHT-<br>ING          | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL  | TS02_<br>ART        | 80 000      | 80 000      | 50 000      |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604508.011         | PRVOT:Z4:NEW IL-<br>LUMINATING AIR-<br>PORT FENCE | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL  | TS01_<br>PRV-<br>OT | 800 000     |             |             |
| Sustainable<br>Development | A/604508.A24.<br>A60 | PRVOT:Z4:NEW:<br>MACHINERY &<br>EQUIP             | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL  | TS01_<br>PRV-<br>OT | 2 100 000   |             |             |
| Sustainable Development    | 1/604560.020         | MSU1/I/604560.020                                 | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE | TS01_<br>MIG        | 3 000 000   | 3 138 748   |             |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604560.022         | UISPG:Z2:KWA 30<br>HOUSING PROJ-<br>ECT-BULK      | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE | TS02_<br>UISP       | 13 282 976  |             |             |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604560.021         | UISPG:Z2: KHALAN-<br>YONI HSNG PROJ-<br>ECT       | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE | TS02_<br>UISP       | 45 112 439  |             |             |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604560.024         | UISPG:Z2: HARE-<br>WOOD HOUSING<br>PROJECT        | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE | TS02_<br>UISP       | 57 800 000  |             |             |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604560.006         | HSE:Z4:DOHS JIKA<br>JOE HOUSING DE-<br>VELOPM     | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE | TS02_<br>HSE        | 14 850 000  |             |             |
|                            |                      |   |                    |                     | 331 663 055 | 213 059 547 | 208 738 820 |

# C.2.3.7. DISASTER RESPONSE PLAN

Disaster response consists of relief actions after and continues with rehabilitation and reconstruction processes and actions in order to return the affected communities to normal while, ensuring that they are not again exposed to the threat in the same manner.

# i) OVERVIEW OF DISASTER RESPONSE ACTIONS

- If possible, early warning of a disaster will be provided either through a loud hailer system or through other means including the use of local radio stations.
- Emergency Services and other response agencies are dispatched to the location of a disaster.
- All responding agencies implement their standard operating procedures for the disaster type.
- Should extraordinary response be required, the Disaster Management Centre is activated and additional human and material resources dispatched in accordance with agreed procedures and Memoranda of Understanding.
- The District, Provincial and National Disaster Management Centres are simultaneously notified of the disaster.
- Additional national agencies like South African Police Services and African National Defence Force are activated as required.
- Disaster assessments are completed and executive decisions on further response is made by the Disaster Management Centre in conjunction with political stakeholders and the community.
- Adjustments to operational plans are made by Divisional Heads of Department as the situation warrants.

- The Disaster Management Team, community leaders and other stakeholders in the affected area(s) lodge fully fledged assessment e.g. nature/location of incidents, number of people affected, magnitude of damage/losses, risks/potential risks the incidents hosts, for surrounding(s) and or neighbours/adjacent areas, estimated population density and record all findings.
- Detailed reports and progress of the disaster response are provided to City Manager and Media through the relevant approved structures.
- Rehabilitation and when necessary reconstruction actions are developed once the disaster nears completion and communicated stakeholders.

# ii) GREEN ECONOMY

South Africa has a resource intensive economy, which is faced with declining natural resources and deepening inequalities between the rich and poor. In the words of the South African President: "Ecosystem failure will seriously compromise our ability to address our social and economic priorities... there is significant opportunity for the development of a green economy in Southern Africa, which extends to other parts of the continent" (President Jacob Zuma, Green economy Summit, 2010). The green economy concept is poorly understood and will depend on the context in question. It offers a point of departure for reinterpreting current development pathways which do not account for the complex relationship between natural and social capital, and economic development. The green economy is not an 'add-on' or an emerging sector, but an imperative and framework for all economic activity. It brings effect to the concept of sustainable development, and requires co-ordinated action of government, the private sector, and civil society.

The green economy therefore presents an opportunity to reorient the economy along a development path which is resource efficient and generates low levels of carbon emissions. Broad-based, free and open participation in decision-making is needed to define development options and priorities that will transition South Africa to a green economy. This will help to ensure that the green economy is socially inclusive, with the more equitable sharing of wealth and benefits that improve human well-being. These benefits may include economic goods and services, such as money, material goods and services, ecosystem goods and services such as clean air and water, and public infrastructure goods and services such as roads and rail, sanitation, schools, education, policing and fire protection). Also central to the green economy transition and a more inclusive and equitable society is a focus on poverty alleviation, and the generation of green jobs and decent work that contribute significantly to maintaining and enhancing the environment.

# C.2.4. DISASTER MANAGEMENTS & FIRE SERVICES SWOT ANALYSIS

# **STRENGTHS**

- Good Intuitional Capacity.
- Established Disaster Management Centre.
- Good monitoring and evaluation system.
- Existence of required or relevant expertise.
- Availability of budget (though limited).
- Developed comprehensive programmes.
- Politically buy-in.
- Availability of personnel (though limited).
- Disaster Management Plan is in place with all identified risks.
- Disaster Management Advisory Forum is in place
- · Appointed Head of Centre.
- Some of staff in possession of disaster. competencies...
   NQF level 5 Disaster certificate.
- · Working relationship inter departments

# WEAKNESSES

- Insufficient qualified Disaster Management Personnel.
- Lack of Training and workshops.
- Insufficient funding.
- Insufficient human resource (Staff).
- Vehicle shortage.
- Insufficient budget.
- Internal Supply Chain processes too slow.
- Inability to incorporate technology into day to day operations especially field work

# **OPPORTUNITIES**

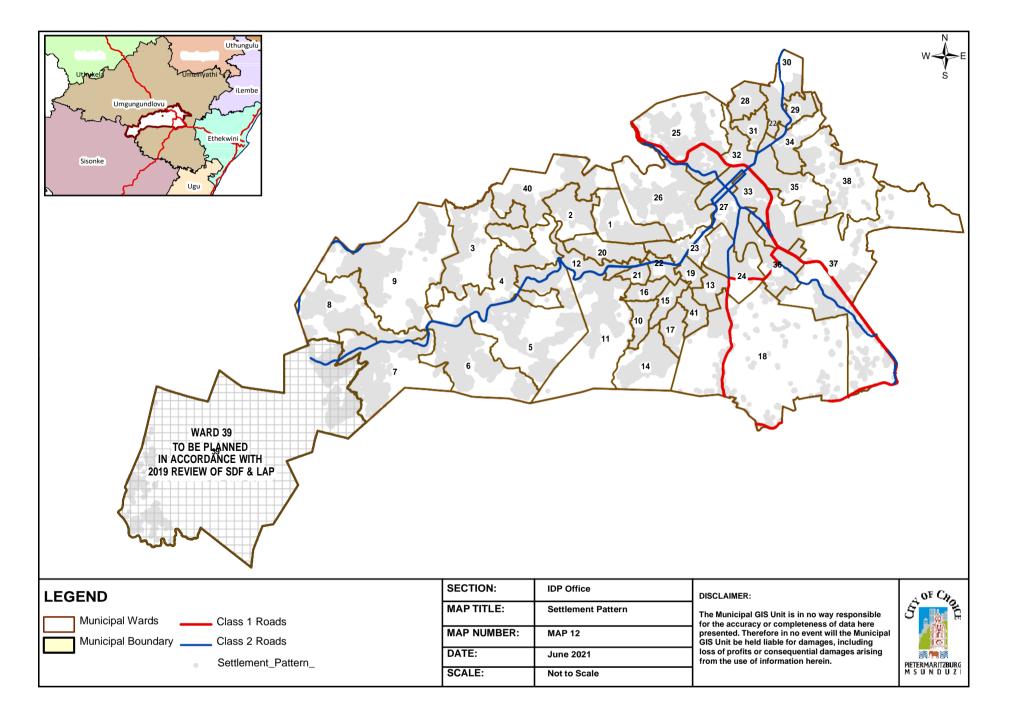
- Employment of more staff.
- Sharing of best practices and capacity building obtained from other municipalities, PDMC, NDMC and other institutions like SASSA and NGO's.
- External sources of funding.
- Upskilling of more staff if vacancies are filled.
- During a disaster all council departments are involved.
- Cogta grant funding for Covid 19

# THREATS

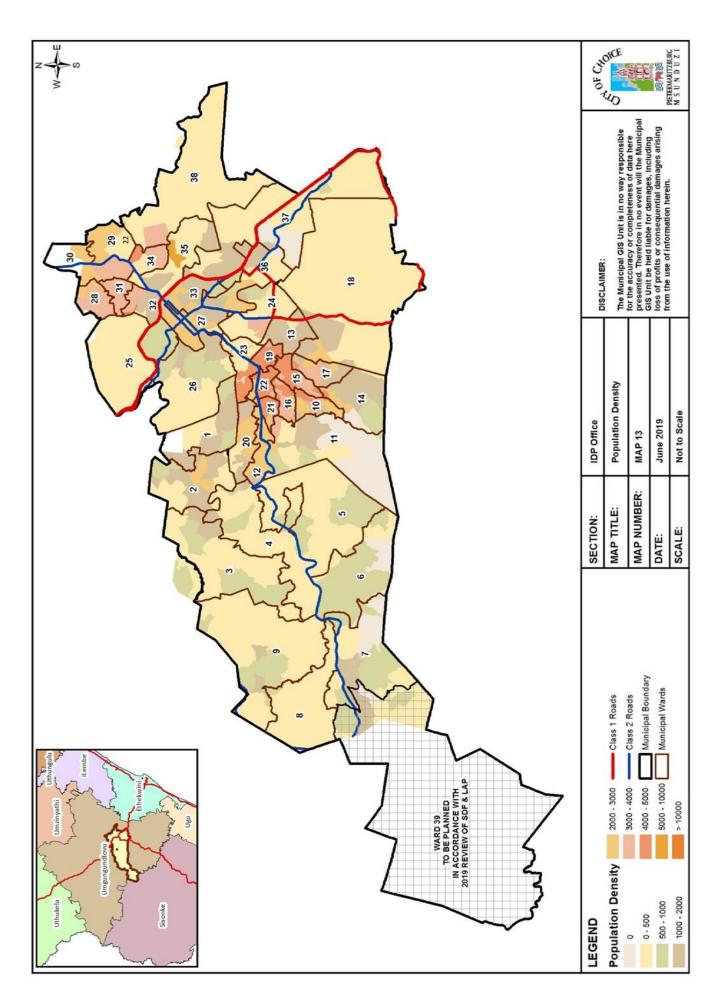
- Reduction of disaster management funding.
- Lack of cooperation.
- Climate change impact (Severe Weather events).
- No succession planning in place.
- Too many vacant posts unable to upskill staff.
- Shortage of relief supplies.
- No proper analysis carried out post incident.
- Delay in risk assessment

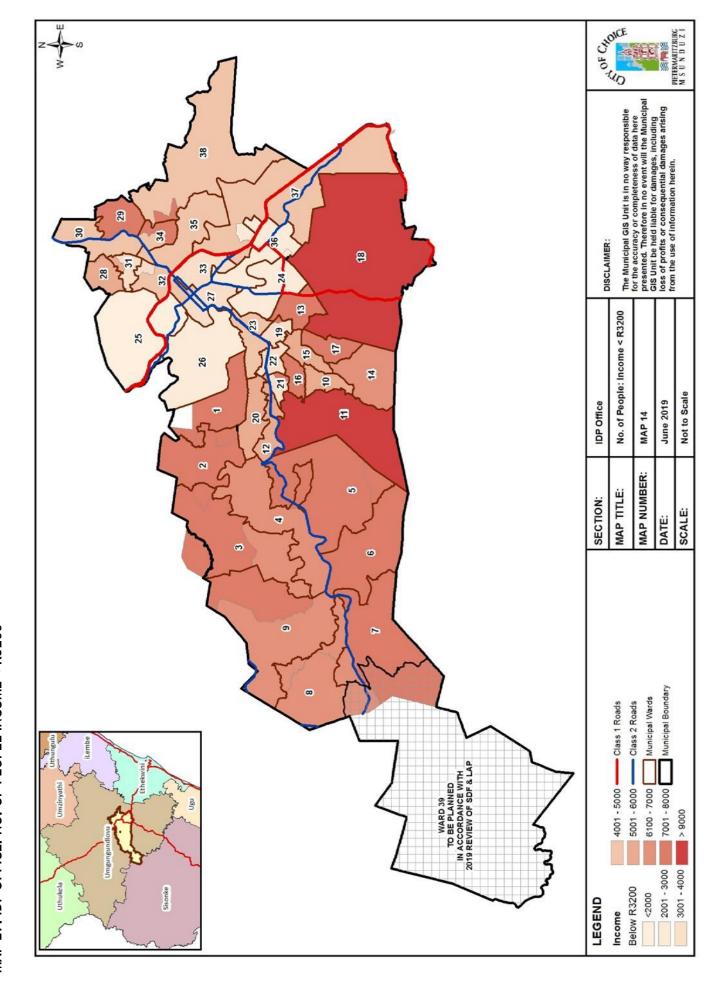
### C.2.4.1. KEY CHALLENGES

- The need for the development of an emergency services communications centre.
- The need for one emergency number for reporting on all emergencies (ie. fire, traffic, security, disaster).
- Despatch of emergency resources to emergency incidents must be in compliance with national standards relating to emergency response.
- There is a need for disaster response plans for prioritised high risks;

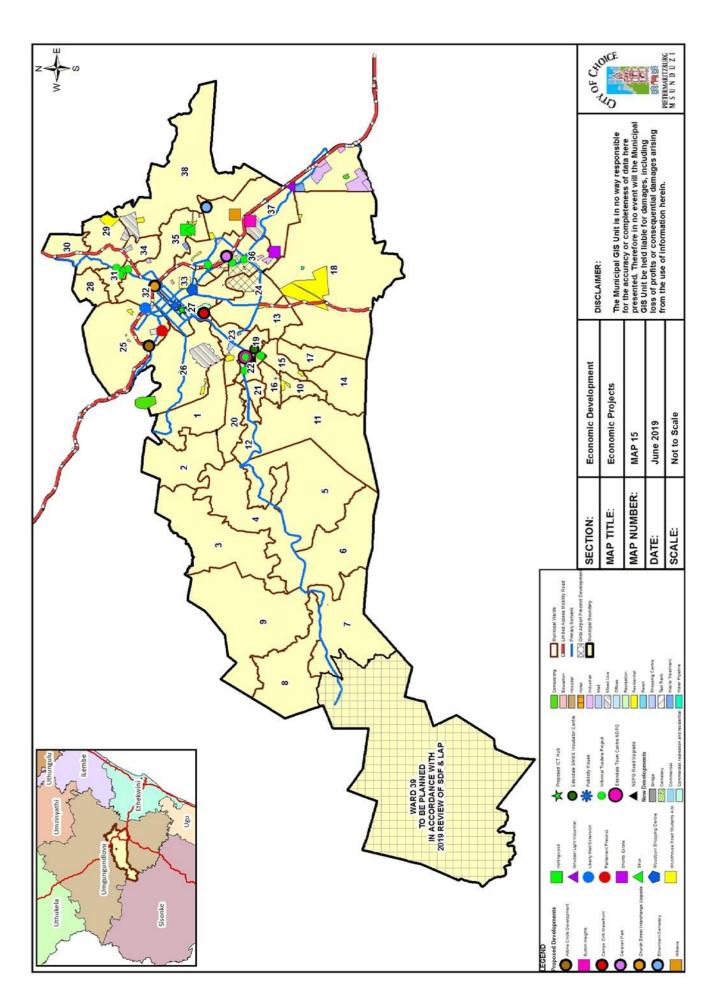














# C3-KPA: MUNICIPAL TRANSFORMATION & INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

# C.3.1. HUMAN RESOURCE STRATEGY/PLAN

The reviewed HR Strategy was adopted by council in June 2022 and is a response to various assessments and audits, such as the SALGA HR Developmental Profiling Maturity Report, Internal Audit HR Risk profile, and National Treasury Financial Recovery Plan, which identified a number of key findings (and in some cases of a repeat nature) regarding the state of Human Resources Function in municipalities throughout South Africa. Some of these finding were:

- High incidence of irregular or inappropriate appointments.
- Poor skills development programmes.
- High turnover and vacancy rates.
- In-effective and bloated Organisational structure not aligned to the provisions of the organisational Strategy and IDP
- Lack of effective performance management.
- Poor Management of Change
- Lack of a coherent policy framework for skills development.

In order to guarantee a balanced representation of inputs, this compilation also included contributions from previous HR Strategy documents, SDBIP, HR Survey Report, and SMC resolutions.

# PURPOSE OF A STRATEGIC HUMAN RESOURCE PLAN

The Msunduzi Municipality highlights this HR Strategy through a statement of shared intent that clearly and decisively sets forth its views on administrative and operational topics. This Human Resources Strategy is intended to serve as a framework for a set of principles and norms that will guide the Municipality in improving its efficiency and competency.

It serves as a guide for managers and staff to demonstrate the Council's expectations for certain basic employment, operations, and employee issues.

The parameters outlined in this Human Resources Strategy are not set in stone, but are subject to statutory provisions and revisions pertaining to the Municipality and local government in general.

The provisions of this strategy document should be handled with discretion and flexibility, and should be viewed as a cornerstone for the conduct, processes, and practices of all Municipality employees.

The Human Resources Strategy was created with an open mind and lays out the processes and procedures for employment within the Municipality.

This HR strategy document serves as a road map for addressing our organization's most pressing issues with people-cantered solutions.

The Human Resource Department subscribes to and supports the mandate of Msunduzi Municipality. As the staff component of any municipality is the vehicle of service delivery, and ultimately responsible for compliance with the listed constitutional mandates, it is incumbent on each municipality to ensure that its human resources capacity is developed to a level where it can perform its responsibilities in an efficient and accountable way.

Obligations placed on each municipality in terms of Section 51 of the Municipal Systems Act are to organise its administration to:

- be responsive to the needs of the local community,
- facilitate a culture of public service and accountability amongst staff,
- be performance orientated and focused on the objectives of local government,
- align roles and responsibilities with priorities and objectives reflected in the Integrated Development Plan (IDP),

- organise structures and administration in a flexible way to respond to changing priorities and circumstances.
- perform functions through operationally effective and appropriate administrative units.
- assign clear responsibilities,
- maximize efficiency of communication & decision-making.
- delegate responsibility to the most effective level within the administration.
- involve staff in management decisions as far as is practicable,
- Provide an equitable, fair, open and non-discriminatory working environment.

# There are 6 strategic priority areas:

- 1. An effective and compliant human resources administrative service
- 2. Strengthened workforce capacity and performance.
- 3. Improved Employee Health and Wellness
- 4. Augmented Employee / Employer Relationships
- 5. Enabled Organisational performance and effectiveness
- 6. Compliant Employment Equity & Diversity Management

# **Strategy Enablers**

# People:

Critical to implementation success of the HR Strategy is HR Team's capacity to deliver on its commitments. For the purposes of this section, capacity is viewed in light of the HR Structure; skills, attitudes and behaviours:

### Structure:

The HR departmental structure has recently been reviewed, limitations of the previously approvedorganisational Structure to meet the Human Resources needs and expectations are corrected as follows;

- The centralisation of employee Relations Function defragmenting the span of control and coordination of intention.
- New structural provision for Individual Performance Management
- New structural provision for work-study, the foundation for informed structural review

# Skills, Knowledge and Attitudes:

- **Skills:** The team enumerated the following competencies, critical for HR strategic execution, as presentamongst the senior HR team; viz, project management skills, consulting skills, advocacy skills, facilitationskills, HR subject matter expertise.
- Knowledge: The HR Team consists of members who have been with the organisation, or worked in the local government sector for many years. They are therefore familiar with applicable legislation, general management and HR environment. Based on their age and career history, most are likely toremain in the organisation, or at least in the local government sector and still contribute meaningfully.
- Attitudes: A self-reflective view given by the team was that they possess the following attitudes on thematters of leadership, work and life in general:
  - Positive outlook, resilience, radicalism, commitment, dedication, loyalty, accountability, and goal-oriented outlook.

# C.3.2. MUNICIPAL ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE/ORGANOGRAM

The Council adopted the current municipal organogram in June 2023. There are Six Business Units in the Municipality, which mirror the committee portfolios and report to the Municipal Manager. These Business Units, each headed by the Deputy Municipal Manager, ensure that services are delivered

- Infrastructure Services
- Community Services:
- Sustainable Development and City entities;

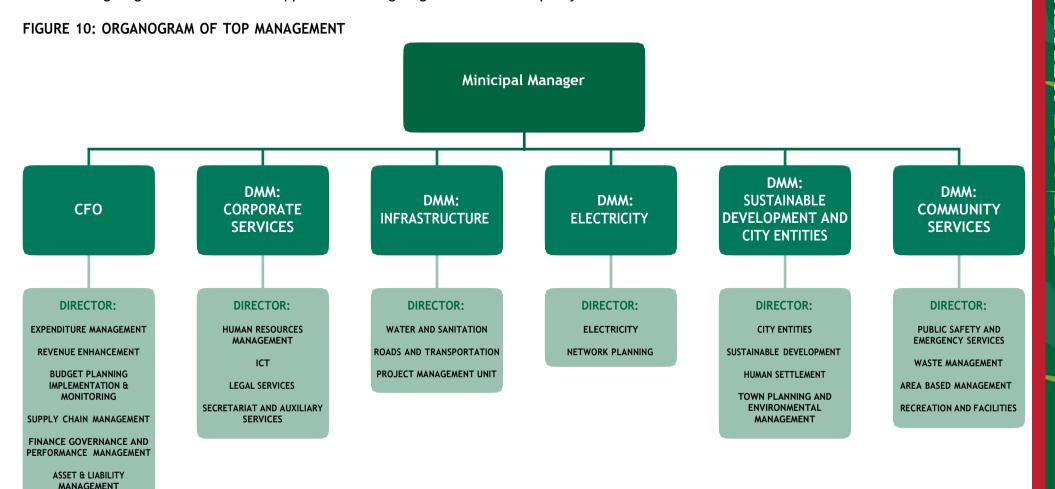
to the people of the Msunduzi Municipality, and are structured as follows:

- Financial Services:
- Corporate Services; and
- Electricity

The Municipal Manager and his team of executive managers hold weekly meetings to discuss key strategic service deliverables, and to offer guidance on achieving IDP goals. The administrative component is aligned with the five National Key Performance Areas: Financial Viability and Management, Local Economic Development, Basic Service Delivery and Infrastructure Development, Good Governance and Public Participation, Institutional Development and Transformation, and Environmental Planning and Social Services.

# APPROVED FUNCTIONAL ORGANOGRAM

The following diagram summarizes the approved 2021 organogram of the Municipality:





### C.3.2.1. POWERS AND FUNCTIONS

In terms of section 156 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa;. (1) A municipality has executive authority in respect of, and has the right to administer— (a) the local government matters listed in Part B of Schedule 4 and Part B of Schedule 5; and (b) any other matter assigned to it by national or provincial legislation. (2) A municipality may make and administer by-laws for the effective administration of the matters which it has the right to administer. (3) Subject to section 151(4), a by-law that conflicts with national or provincial legislation is invalid. If there is a conflict between a bylaw and national or provincial legislation that is inoperative because of a conflict referred to in section 149, the by-law must be regarded as valid for as long as that legislation is inoperative. (4) The national government and provincial governments must assign to a municipality, by agreement and subject to any conditions, the administration of a matter listed in Part A of Schedule 4 or Part A of Schedule 5 which necessarily relates to local government, if— (a) that matter would most effectively be administered locally; and (b) the municipality has the capacity to administer it. (5) A municipality has the right to exercise any power concerning a matter reasonably necessary for, or incidental to, the effective performance of its functions. Below are Powers and function related to Msunduzi Local Municipality;

| No. | Powers and Functions   | Msunduzi<br>Municipality | Other<br>Service<br>Provider | UMDM<br>District<br>Municipality | КРА                           |
|-----|--|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1   | Air pollution  | X                        |                              |                                  | Cross-Cutting                 |
| 2   | Building regulations   | X                        |                              |                                  | Basic Service Delivery        |
| 3   | Electricity and gas reticulation   | Χ                        |                              |                                  | Basic Service Delivery        |
| 4   | Firefighting services  | X                        |                              |                                  | Basic Service Delivery        |
| 5   | Local tourism  |                          | X                            |                                  | Local Economic<br>Development |
| 6   | Municipal airports   | X                        |                              |                                  | Cross cutting                 |
| 7   | Municipal planning   | Χ                        |                              |                                  | Cross cutting                 |
| 8   | Municipal health services  | Χ                        |                              |                                  | Basic Service Delivery        |
| 9   | Municipal public transport   | Χ                        |                              |                                  | Basic Service Delivery        |
| 10  | Municipal public works only in respect of<br>the needs of municipalities in the discharge<br>of their responsibilities to administer<br>functions specifically assigned to the m<br>under this Constitution or any other law | X                        |                              |                                  | Basic Service Delivery        |
| 11  | Control of undertakings that sell liquor To the public   |                          | Х                            |                                  | Basic Service Delivery        |
| 12  | Facilities for the accommodation-area And burial of animals  | X                        |                              |                                  | Basic Service Delivery        |
| 13  | Fencing and fences   | Χ                        |                              |                                  | Basic Service Delivery        |
| 14  | Licensing of dogs  | Χ                        |                              |                                  | Basic Service Delivery        |
| 15  | Licensing and control of undertakings that sell food to the public   | X                        |                              |                                  | Basic Service Delivery        |

# C.3.3. STATUS OF SECTION 56 CRITICAL POSTS

- Municipal Manager Filled
- Chief Financial Officer Filled
- Deputy Municipal Manager Infrastructure Filled
- Deputy Municipal Manager: Corporate Services Filled
- Deputy Municipal Manager: Electricity Supply Services- VACANT



- Deputy Municipal Manager: Community Services VACANT
- Deputy Municipal Manager: Sustainable Development- VACANT

**Municipal Manager** was appointed on 01 October 2022.

**Deputy Municipal Manager: Electricity Supply Services** post was advertised on 12 February 2023 and closed 27 February 2023. The shortlisting was done on the 17 March 2023, the Interviews was conducted on 01 June 2023. Concurrence was requested from the MEC KZN COGTA and a response directed the Municipality to Readvertise the post. Council resolved to re-advertise the post on the meeting dated 31 January 2024.

**Deputy Municipal Manager: Community Services** post was advertised on 23 April 2023 and the post was closed 09 May 2023, the shortlisting was conducted. The Selection Panel was reconstituted following one member's recusal before the interview session that was scheduled on 14 November 2023. Selection Panel reconvened on 16 January 2024 and recommended that the post be re-advertised and the council approved the recommendations on 24 January 2024

**Deputy Municipal Manager: Sustainable Development and City Enterprises** post was vacant with effect from 01 September 2023, the post was advertised on 22 October 2023, shortlisted on 09 January 2024 and the interviews will be conducted after a verification report has been concluded.

# C.3.4. VACANCY RATE

The current overall vacancy rate as of 30 January 2024 is 46 %. The unacceptably high vacancy rate in the organisation is a matter of grave concern. For instance, 2 866 vacant posts were reported in January 2024. Delays with the filling of the vacancies have impacted negatively on service delivery, and the filling of critical posts is now a priority within the organisation. The selection and recruitment of staff is guided by an existing employment process and will be further directedwith the approval of a drafted Selection and Recruitment Policy. The current operational municipal organogram was approved by Council in June 2023. The table below indicates vacancy per business units as at 30 January 2024.

|  | Filled | Vacant | Total | Vacancy Rate % |
|--|--------|--------|-------|----------------|
| Budget and Treasury Office                 | 430    | 248    | 678   | 37             |
| Municipal Manager's Office                 | 171    | 66     | 237   | 28             |
| Community Services                         | 1 471  | 1 059  | 2 530 | 42             |
| Corporate Services                         | 157    | 91     | 248   | 37             |
| Electricity                                | 227    | 505    | 732   | 69             |
| Infrastructure Services                    | 639    | 701    | 1 340 | 52             |
| Sustainable Development & City Enterprises | 272    | 152    | 424   | 36             |
| Total                                      | 3 325  | 2 866  | 6 189 | 46             |

# C.3.4.1. FILLING OF VACANT POSTS

The unacceptably high vacancy rate in the organisation is a matter of grave concern. For instance, 2851 vacant posts were reported in January 2024. Delays with the filling of the vacancies have impacted negatively on service delivery, and the filling of critical posts is now a priority within the organisation. The selection and recruitment of staff is guided by an existing employment process and will be further directed with the approval of a drafted Selection and Recruitment Policy.

The Current operational municipal organogram was approved in June 2023. Organogram was reviewed successfully, approved by the Municipal Council and is due for implementation in July 2024 after Job Description review/ write-up.

The Municipality currently employs 3393 employees across six departments on its Organogram, of which 3236 are permanent and 216 are on fixed term contracts



TABLE 36: FILLED POSTS AGAINST TOTAL NUMBER OF POSTS PER UNIT

| STRUCTURE                          | FILLED | VACANT | TOTAL       | %VACANCY    |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|
| MANAGEMENT                         |        |        |             |             |
| Top Management                     | 0      | 0      | 1           | 0           |
| Senior Management                  | 5      | 0      | 5           | 0           |
| SM: Electricity Supply Services    | 0      | 1      | In progress | Recruitment |
| BUDGET AND TREASURY OFFICE         |        |        |             |             |
| Asset and Liability Management     | 50     | 81     | 131         | 61.8        |
| Budget Planning and Implementation | 16     | 11     | 27          | 40.7        |
| Expenditure Management             | 32     | 9      | 41          | 22.0        |
| Finance Governance and Performance | 15     | 8      | 23          | 34.8        |
| Revenue Management                 | 261    | 84     | 345         | 24.3        |
| Supply Chain Management            | 98     | 25     | 123         | 20.3        |
| CITY MANAGERS OFFICE               |        |        |             |             |
| Internal Audit                     | 13     | 9      | 22          | 40.9        |
| Office of the City Manager         | 42     | 21     | 63          | 33.3        |
| Political Support                  | 17     | 86     | 103         | 83.5        |
| Strategic Planning                 | 12     | 30     | 42          | 71.4        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES                 |        |        |             |             |
| Area Based Management              | 61     | 110    | 171         | 64.3        |
| Public Safety                      | 449    | 370    | 819         | 45.2        |



| STRUCTURE                                  | FILLED | VACANT | TOTAL | %VACANCY |
|--|--------|--------|-------|----------|
| Recreation and Facilities                  | 581    | 477    | 1058  | 45.1     |
| Waste Management                           | 289    | 190    | 479   | 39.7     |
| CORPORATE SERVICES                         |        |        |       |          |
| Human Resources                            | 79     | 57     | 136   | 41.9     |
| ICT  | 23     | 7      | 30    | 23.3     |
| Legal Services                             | 10     | 10     | 20    | 50.0     |
| Secretariat and Auxiliary Services         | 41     | 18     | 59    | 30.5     |
| ELECTRICITY                                |        |        |       |          |
| Electricity                                | 219    | 513    | 732   | 70.1     |
| INFRASTRUCTURE SERVICES                    |        |        |       |          |
| Mechanical Workshops                       | 36     | 58     | 94    | 61.7     |
| Project Management Office                  | 12     | 13     | 25    | 52.0     |
| Roads and Transportation                   | 269    | 316    | 585   | 54.0     |
| Water and Sanitation                       | 287    | 336    | 623   | 53.9     |
| Water Services Authority                   | 3      | 8      | 11    | 72.7     |
| SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT & CITY ENTERPRISES |        |        |       |          |
| City Entities                              | 59     | 29     | 88    | 33.0     |
| Development Services                       | 23     | 11     | 34    | 32.4     |
| Human Settlements                          | 50     | 20     | 70    | 28.6     |
| Planning and Envir Management              | 114    | 117    | 231   | 50.6     |
| TOTAL VACANCY                              | 3173   | 3030   | 6203  | 48.8     |

### REMEDIAL MEASURER

- Due to the financial position of Msunduzi Municipality during the 2020 /2021 Financial Year, focus was on legislative & compliance training.
- Few Management training programmes and Councillor Development programmes were funded by external stakeholders such as COGTA and SALGA.
- A total of 508 people were trained in the 2020 / 2021 Financial Year in various Skills Development Interventions.
- (2434) Msunduzi employees participated in the COGTA sponsored Skills Audit Project in 2019/2020.
- (628) employees were audited internally after the COGTA Project in 2020/2021
- Msunduzi Municipality submitted a Workplace Skills Plan (WSP) to LGSETA on 30 April 2021.
- The approved budget for the 2021/2022 at the Msunduzi Municipality is R 13 954 491 for Internships, Skills Programmes & Learnership, Study Assistance and External Bursaries.
- This is a limited budget and will not allow full implementation of training planned, inclusive of outcomes identified in the COGTA Skills Audit and internal individualized skills assessments of L2-L3 Managers.
- The funding shortfall is around R 13m to R15m.
- The Municipality submitted a Discretionary Grant funding application for various Apprenticeships, Bursaries, Learnership and Skills Programmes to the LGSETA.
- To augment existing capacity the municipality retained the services of a landfill/waste management expert, this is an external service provider whose primary focus is to assist the municipality comply with the requirements of the Landfill Licence including the preparation of a decommissioning plan.
- MISA provides support in respect of Electricity. The services of an Electricity Technician/Engineer were made available to the municipality free of charge as part of the intervention recovery plan.
- Cogta also deployed short term support in respect of Electricity when the municipality experienced a crisis
  at the Northdale Primary Substation in December 2021. A Project Manager was contracted by Cogta to look
  into the causes of fire at the Northdale Substation and recommend remedial steps that could be replicated
  across the municipality. The report therefrom, is still being processed within Cogta and will be shared with the
  municipality in due course.

### C.3.4.2. MUNICIPAL MANAGER AND SECTION 56 POSTS

Municipal Manager was appointed on 01 October 2022. The General Manager of Electricity Supply Services was advertised on 12 Feb 2024 and closed 27 Feb 2024. The shortlisting was done on the 17 March 2024, the Interviews will Conducted on 01 June 2024. The General Manager of Community Services was advertised on 23 April 2024 and the post was closed 09 May 2024, the Shortlisting date will be confirmed with the Selection Panel.



# C.3.5. HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT POLICIES

# C.3.5.1. EMPLOYMENT EQUITY

The Municipality has a total staff complement of 6189 employees, however only 3349 positions are filled. The management (section 57 employees) comprises of 4 (four Males) males and 2 (two) females only one (1) incumbent is there in acting capacity.

The EE plan was adopted at the end of June 2022 after submission to LLF on the 18 May 2022. The Progress Report of the Employment Equity Plan is submitted to Council at the end of the financial year highlighting progress made. The Employment Equity Plan was aimed at addressing the injustice of the past through the promotion of affirmative action and gender equity for the previously disadvantaged groups. According to this plan, substantial progress has been made with regards to affirmative action.

The EEP also assist the municipality and sets out the measures to be taken to ensure legal compliance with the Employment Equity Act, 55 of 1998. It also includes the objectives, activities, numerical goals and targets to progressively move towards achieving the number of the designated groups across the organizational structure. This EEP is the result of an ongoing and structured process of analysis and review of the Human Resources policies and practices of the municipality in consultation with the Local Labour Forum (LLF).

TABLE 37: NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES PER GROUP

|                                  | A      | frican |       | Со     | loured |       | Indian |      |       | White  |      |       | Grand |
|----------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|-------|--------|------|-------|--------|------|-------|-------|
|                                  | Female | Male   | Total | Female | Male   | Total | Female | Male | Total | Female | Male | Total | Total |
| Budget and<br>Treasury<br>Office | 211    | 155    | 366   | 10     | 2      | 12    | 28     | 19   | 47    | 1      | 4    | 5     | 430   |
| City<br>Managers<br>Office       | 73     | 63     | 135   | 3      | 1      | 4     | 10     | 3    | 13    | 1      |      | 1     | 154   |
| Community<br>Services            | 563    | 725    | 1286  | 11     | 29     | 40    | 47     | 84   | 131   | 3      | 9    | 12    | 1471  |
| Corporate<br>Services            | 81     | 41     | 122   | 2      | 2      | 4     | 11     | 15   | 26    | 3      | 1    | 4     | 156   |
| Infrastructure<br>Services       | 316    | 493    | 809   | 1      | 11     | 12    | 4      | 34   | 38    |        | 7    | 7     | 866   |
| Sustainable Development          | 107    | 125    | 231   | 5      |        | 5     | 15     | 19   | 34    | 1      |      | 1     | 272   |
| <b>Grand Total</b>               | 1351   | 1602   | 2949  | 32     | 45     | 77    | 115    | 174  | 289   | 9      | 21   | 30    | 3349  |

Targets have not been met as the municipality currently have two. Going forward there are targeted groups which the municipality needs to meet by 2024. Through the years, we have been complying with submission of EEA2 and EEA 4 to the Department of Labour annually. The Implementation of the EEP is dependent on the diversity of people responding to advertised positions. The Municipality is striving to ensure that EEP targets are considered when appointing new employees. This will be visible when several vacant positions are filled within the municipality.

# C.3.5.2. IMPLEMENTATION OF WORKPLACE SKILLS PLAN

Workplace Skills Plan was approved by council and endorsed by LGSETA in April 2024. It is aligned with the municipal strategic objectives. It aims at enabling the employees to deliver services effectively and efficiently. The WSP for 2024/2024. This is different type of trainings per department that the employees and their managers identified as training needs. The Local Government Sector Education and Training Authority (LGSETA) acknowledged receipt of the municipality's Workplace Skills Plan and Annual Training Report that was submitted on the 26th of April 2024.

### C.3.5.2.1. SKILLS AUDIT

The Msunduzi Municipality undergoes skills audit both for councilors and for municipal employees. The Department of Corporate Governance and Traditional Affairs (COGTA) prepared a list of training with subsidiary categories under broad skills and training courses for councilors to choose from. The full skills audit was conducted on all officials to inform the nature of future training programmes. This sought to ensure that relevant training programmes are rolled out to the

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# DRAFT INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2024-2025

relevant personnel. Staff development is of critical importance to the Municipality as it assists in the achievement of its goal.



# C.3.5.2.2. WORKPLACE SKILLS PLAN

At the beginning of each calendar year. The Human Resource Unit requests employees to submit lists of the training programmes that they would like to attend to capacitated themselves. The training programmes provided in the list are used to implement the WSP Training Report for 2022/2024 and Planned Training for 2024/24 as per skills audit and personal development plans.

### C.3.5.2.3. TRAINING REPORT 2022/23

The purpose of training and development policy is to ensure that the municipality's human resources are developed to the fullest. Training and development opportunities must be provided for all; Skills development must

- Support the achievement of the municipality's goal set out in the integrated development plan by providing critical skills that ensure the delivery of quality services.
- Promote the development and retention of competent municipal staff, including the development of technical, professional and specialist staff who have the required qualifications and Skills.
- Support the employment equity objectives of the municipality
- Be based on high quality provision and effective workplace learning and development practices, including coaching, mentoring on the job learning and opportunities for the practical application of skills in the workplace
- Seek to continuously improve its results and the returns on learning investments by defining measures of success, conducting regular evaluations and improving the impact of learning, training and development
- Be designed to support and reinforce other capacity building programs in municipalities.

TABLE 38: TOTAL NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES WHO RECEIVED TRAINING - 2021/2022 WSP - 276 TRAINED

| OCCUPATIONAL                                     |    |   |   |   |     | MAI | LE |   |     | TOT | AL |   | TOTAL | % OF TOTAL       |
|--|----|---|---|---|-----|-----|----|---|-----|-----|----|---|-------|------------------|
| CATEGORY   | Α  | С |   | W | Α   | С   | I  | W | Α   | С   | I  | W | IUIAL | <b>EMPLOYEES</b> |
| 11 - LEGISLATORS                                 | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0 | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0 | 0     | 0%               |
| 12 - MANAGERS                                    | 1  | 3 | 4 |   | 7   |     | 2  | 1 | 8   | 3   | 6  | 1 | 18    | 13%              |
| 2 - PROFESSIONALS                                | 3  |   |   |   |     |     | 1  |   | 3   |     | 1  |   | 4     | 1%               |
| 3 - TECHNICIANS AND TRADE WORKERS                | 3  |   |   |   | 9   |     | 4  |   | 12  | 0   | 4  | 0 | 16    | 6%               |
| 4 - COMMUNITY AND<br>PERSONAL SERVICE<br>WORKERS | 33 | 1 | 3 |   | 114 | 1   | 9  |   | 147 | 2   | 12 | 0 | 161   | 31%              |
| 5 - CLERICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE WORKERS          | 3  |   |   |   |     | 1   |    |   | 3   | 1   |    |   | 4     | 1%               |
| 6 - SALES WORKERS                                | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0 | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0 | 0     | 0%               |
| 7 - MACHINE OPERATORS<br>AND DRIVERS             | 3  |   |   |   | 2   |     |    |   | 5   | 0   | 0  | 0 | 5     | 5%               |
| 8 - ELEMENTARY WORKERS                           | 45 |   |   |   | 23  |     |    |   | 68  |     |    |   | 68    | 5%               |
| TOTALS   | 91 | 4 | 7 |   | 155 | 2   | 16 | 1 | 246 | 6   | 23 | 1 | 276   | <b>7</b> %       |

# C.3.5.3. RECRUITMENT AND SELECTION POLICY

The municipality has a reviewed and adopted Recruitment and Selection policy, it was adopted by council during the month of November 2022. The policy is to ensure that the municipality is committee towards attracting and appointing the most suitable candidates. The objectives of the policy are to provide comprehensive guidelines for the staff provisioning in the most efficient, professional and cost-effective way. Ensure uniform application of norms, values, standards and compliance with the prescribed legislation. Support the human resource planning and management to attract the relevant competencies in the labour market. The policy will also provide end-to-end processes and procedures to ensure uniform implementation and constancy, including on-boarding processes and induction.



# TABLE 39: RECRUITMENT TIME-FRAMES

The following times frames should serve as a guidelines for turnaround on recruitments

| Stage  | Responsibility  | Activity   | Time   |
|--|---|--|--|
| Vacancy Through resignation Dismal Retirement Incapacity Other | HR manager on<br>behalf of the<br>business unit<br>Post becomes<br>vacant | Motivates-fir filing of the post to<br>the City Manager via General<br>Manager: CS   | 21 days of occurrence of vacancy or as soon as reasonably possible                 |
| Advertisement  | The HR Manager  | Must Submit a complete Staff<br>Vacancy Advise form (SVA) to the<br>SM: HRM or referral by the GM: CS  | Five (5) working Days  |
|  | Respective<br>GM, Finance<br>Manager and<br>Human Resources<br>Manager    | SV'A Accompanied by the Job description, copy of the structure and the employment equity stats, confirming the post number is vacant and budgeted for, are signed and must be submitted to the GM CS or SM;HRM who will the signed off SVA | Five (5) working days  |
|  | 4.The recruitment controller  | The draft SVR must be sent to the respective Manager who must circulate the advert to the relevant Senior Manager to Approve and Sign-off  | Three(3) days  |
|  | 5. Recruitment Practitioners  | If the post is published internally it is placed on Corporate communication and Notice Boars If advertised external it is placed on newspapers and websites  | Adverts are for two(2) weeks and additional seven (7) days for posted applications |
|  | 6. Recruitment controller   | Ensure the box is closed   | As per date and time stipulated on the advert                                      |
| Processing received application forms                          |   | Application forms must be captured and sorted according to the relevant VACREF number and number accordingly   | Within five(5) working days  |
| Prepare Matrix   | Recruitment Practitioners or service provider                             | Load all the received applications into a matric   | Fifteen (15) working days  |
| Delegation of Selection Panel                                  | City Manager  | Prepare and supply letters of delegation   | Within Five (5) working days of advert being posted                                |
| Shortlisting   | Relevant delegated panellist and union                                    | the matrix and applications and recommend complaint applicants for shortlist   | Five (5) working days  |
| Vetting of Shortlisted candidates                              | Recruitment<br>Practitioners  | Verification of qualifications, criminal record check, s   | Within Five (5) working days of completion of shortlist                            |
| Interview  | Relevant delegated<br>Selection panel<br>and unions                       | Selection Panel remains the same from Shortlisting to interviewing.  | Within Seven Days (7) days of receipt of verification results                      |



### C.3.5.4. RETENTION POLICY

The Municipality acknowledges the value of retaining employees within the municipality, especially employees with valued or needed skills or experience in critical fields. The objective of this policy is to establish an environment which will best ensure the retention of employees within the municipality to enable the Municipality to fulfill its functions. The municipality also negotiates employee remuneration based on how qualified the candidate is to fulfil and satisfy them.

# C.3.5.5. OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY

The Municipality has a full time Occupational Health and Safety committee which works reports to the General Manager: Corporate Services. A Committee comprising of representatives from each Department meets quarterly to give reports on concerns and recommendations from their relevant department. The committee is also responsible to increases safety in the workplace and ensures that the Municipality complies with all relevant legislation imposed by the Constitution through the Department Labour and Employment.

The municipality also develop the OHS policy of which its purpose is to:

- Provide and maintain a working environment that is safe for employees and other persons affected by the Municipality's business.
- Ensure that the rights of the employee are respected about his/her health, safety, security and injury on duty.
- Provide the facilities in a management system where consultation, inspection of workplaces, investigation of incidents, meetings, etc. can take place in view to provide a healthy and safe working environment which is reasonable, workable, and functioning rationally. Our overall objective is to create a positive safety culture that enables our employees to strive for safety and realize their full potential to form part of a team in establishing a healthy and safety environment in the workplace, including the visitors and contractors.

# C.3.5.6. INDIVIDUAL PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT POLICY

The municipality has implemented the performance management system to all staff levels. The aim of performance management is to optimise every employee's output in terms of quality and quantity, thereby improving the Municipal overall performance and service delivery.

# C.3.6. IMPLEMENTING THESE PLANS TO ASSIST IN TRAINING, RECRUITMENT AND STAFF RETENTION.

In order for the municipality ensures that the implementing of training, recruitment and staff retention is efficient, these will be followed:

- Role Profiles / Job Descriptions reviewed for improved alignment to Municipal processes / procedure manuals / standard operating procedures.
- Hiring to be done according an approved Recruitment Plan aligned to the Priority listing and Budget provision
- Establish a new staff orientation plan. Plan to include issues of mentoring and coaching
- Employment Processes to be reviewed for enhanced inclusion of immediate Supervisor for improved "buy-in
- Competencies related to orientation of new staff included in Job Descriptions.
- The Learning and Development strategy and Implementation plan to be developed with due consideration of the following good
- Review of policy, Development of IPMS Processes and resources
- Corrective actions such as disciplinary and training interventions to be consistently implemented for employees with poor performance reviews, so as to demonstrate cross functional integration between various Human Capital Management value chain elements
- Establish register of dismissals to avoid the re-hiring of people that have been dismissed for misconduct in the municipality
- Data to be collected from the recorded exit interviews for analysis and interpretation to improve other HR functions, such as Performance Management, Training & Development, Remuneration & reward, succession and career planning
- Establish a well-defined employee value proposition that can actively be used to position the Municipality as an employer of choice for attracting and retaining talent.
- Workshopping proposed structures with staff and labour.



- Develop Guideline document. Sections to motivate for changes/additional positions on organisational Structure. Work-study to supplement
- Effective management of staff welfare.

# C.3.7. ICT POLICY FRAMEWORK AND STATUS OF THE IMPLEMENTATION

The Information Technology Strategy Plan (2020-2023) & Information Technology Governance Frameworks were reviewed and approved by Council 30 October 202. These ICT plans are reviewed in a short to long-term period of 3-5 years. Several catalytic projects were identified for implementation during the 2021/2022 midterm and 2022/2023. The risk to successful implementation of the catalytic projects is inadequate capital funding and adverse AG Findings. Hence, R20m has been allocated for 2023/24 for replacement of obsolete ICT infrastructure

TABLE 40: ICT CATALYTIC PROJECTS: ESTIMATED COSTS MIDTERM & 2022/23

| ICT Infrastructure Project Name                                       | Immediate Replacement<br>Budget (Midterm 2021/22) |             | Total Cost<br>Estimate |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|-------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Servers   | R1 000 000  | R2 000 000  | R3 000 000             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Network Devices & Switches  | R5 000 000  | R11 000 000 | R16 000 000            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage   | N/A   | R5 000 000  | -                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Budget Required   | 6 000 000   |             | R19 000 000            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current Allocation 2021/2022 = R1.9M VS Budget Required = R19 000 000 |   |             |                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### PROGRESS TRACKER, 2023/24

| TO OTHER OTHER TO THE TENTE OF THE TENTE OTHER TO THE TENTE OTHER TO THE TENTE OTHER TENTE OTHER TO THE TENTE OTHER TENTE OTHE |   |                   |
|--|---|-------------------|
| ICT PROJECT 2023/2024  | PROGRESS  | BUDGET ALLOCATION |
| Server and Data storage  | COMPLETED                                       | R15 000 000       |
| Replacement of network switches  | IN PROGESS<br>AWAITING<br>DELIVERY              | R2 000 000        |
| Replacement of data centre cooling system  | IN<br>PROGRESS<br>AWAITING<br>PURCHASE<br>ORDER | R3 000 000        |

In order to promote ICT governance within municipality, the following reviewed ICT Policies and Procedures were approved by Council 30 October 2021.

The ICT Policies and Procedures will mitigate future adverse AG Findings.

- Information Communication and Technology Asset Management Policy
- Change Management Policy
- Application and Hardware Acquisition Policy
- Incident and Problem Management Policy
- Physical and Environmental Security Policy
- User Access Management Policy
- Electronic Backup Policy
- SAP Security and Operating Policy
- SAP Change Management Policy



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# C.3.8. MUNICIPAL TRANSFORMATION & ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT SWOT ANALYSIS.

### **STRENGTHS**

- The Portfolio Committee is in place.
- Council decisions are compliant with the legislation.
- Communication Strategies and culture of public participation is being practice through Imbizo, IDP Representative Forums, and suggestion boxes.
- Human Resource Policies have been developed and adopted.
- Good political and administrative interface

### WEAKNESSES

- Silo mentality amongst HR units.
- Negative customer perceptions in respect of HR Services, low value add realized.
- Lack of training ad refresher courses.
- Procedures that are part of policies are not followed through and implemented.
- Lack of funding for implementation of training and development.
- Record keeping and information not always available

# **OPPORTUNITIES**

- Workable relationships with organized labour.
   Msunduzi environment is open and expectant to HR and expects it to fulfill its role.
- Existing body of policies is sufficient to facilitate advancement of management.
- Mandatory and Discretionary funding from the LGSETA.
- Partnerships with other Social Partners for funding and placing of Interns

# THREATS

- Slow system response, e.g. organograms going obsolete before they get fully implemented.
- Staff turnover rate that outpaces employee entry.
- Lack of resources (tools of the trade).
- Budgetary Constraints.
- Poor commitment to training and development.

### C.3.9.2. KEY CHALLENGES

- Loss of institutional knowledge as older employees retire.
- Staff turnover rate that outpaces employee entry.
- Delays in the filling of critical vacancies impact negatively on service delivery.
- The high vacancy rate in the Municipality is a matter of grave concern.
- Poor management of overtime claims resulting in high employee costs which results in a culture of poor work ethics and poor management practices.
- The loss of competent talent.
- Lack of skills in critical service delivery functions.
- Limited budget for Skills development.
- Limited personnel capacity to preside and prosecute matters because of withdrawals of presiding officers and prosecutors.
- Individual performance management system policy (IPMS) was not adequately implemented during the year.
- ICT environment vulnerable to abuse and or misuse.
- Issues with SAP system re-implementation project.
- Inadequate ICT governance processes.
- Delayed ICT projects.
- Increases in risk of vulnerabilities being exploited.
- Risk assessment on ICT not performed in financial year 2020/21



# C4-GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

C.4.1. POLICIES

C.4.1.1. BATHO PELE PROCEDURE MANUAL AND POLICY

### **Procedure Manual**

The municipality has designed a procedure manual to regulate all major decisions, actions and principles to be undertaken. It must be noted that the document has since been presented internally for comments and additions which thereafter will be then presented to Executive committee and finally to Council for adoption. This document sits in the stakeholder Relations and will be reviewed if need arises. The manual provides authority and necessary guidance to the entire municipality and has been made available to all employees of the municipality as well as communities at large. The following have been incorporated in the manual:

- Employment Procedures
- Work from home policies
- Organization culture
- Communication policies
- Payment Procedures
- Workplace guidelines
- Employee code of conduct
- Technology usage procedure.

# (i) BATHO PELE POLICY

The term Batho Pele means 'People First', and in this context, it means putting other people first before considering your own needs. The Batho Pele principles are summarised as follows:

**TABLE 41: BATHO PELE PRINCIPLES** 

| DESCRIPTION   |
|---|
| Citizens should be consulted about the level and quality of the public services they receive  |
| and, wherever possible, should be given a choice about the services that are offered  |
| Citizens should be told what level and quality of public services they will receive, so that they   |
| are aware of what to expect.  |
| All citizens should have equal access to the services to which they are entitled.   |
| Citizens should be treated with courtesy and consideration.   |
| Citizens should be given full, accurate information about the public services they are entitled to receive.   |
| Citizens should be told how national and provincial departments are run, how much they  |
| cost, and who is in charge.   |
| If the promised standard of service is not delivered, citizens should be offered an apology, a full explanation, and a speedy and effective remedy; and when the complaints are made, citizens should receive a sympathetic, positive response. |
| Public services should be provided economically and efficiently, in order to give citizens the  |
| best possible value for money.  |
| Innovation can be new ways of providing better service, cutting costs, improving conditions,  |
| streamlining, and generally making changes which tie in with the spirit of Batho Pele. It is  |
| also about rewarding the staff who "go the extra mile" in making it all happen.   |
| 3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |
| Impact means looking at the benefits we have provided for our customers, both internal  |
| and external - it is how the nine principles link together to show how we have improved our   |
| overall service delivery and customer satisfaction. It is also about making sure that all our   |
| customers are aware of and exercising their rights in terms of the Batho Pele principles.   |
|   |



| PRINCIPLE     | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------------|---|
| LEADERSHIP    | Good leadership is one of the most critical ingredients for successful organisations.       |
| AND STRATEGIC | Organisations who do well in serving their customers can demonstrate that they have         |
| DIRECTION     | leaders who lead by example, who set the vision, and ensure that the strategy for achieving |
|               | the vision is owned by all and properly deployed throughout the organisation. They take an  |
|               | active role in the organisation's success   |

The Batho Pele vision for the Msunduzi Municipality can be summarised as follows:

"To continually improve the lives of the people of Msunduzi within an evolving developmental context, by a transformed culture and ethos of public service, which is representative, coherent, efficient, effective, accountable, consultative, and responsive to the needs of all."

There are three broad phases to the roll-out of a Batho Pele system in an organisation, and the Msunduzi Municipality finds itself in the first phase of this process. These phases are summarised below.

TABLE 42: BATHO PELE IN THE MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY

| PHASES | DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITIES PER PHASE   |
|--------|---|
| 1      | The development of an awareness campaign around the key elements of Batho Pele, name tags for all staff members so that the public can identify the officials serving them, names and designation on office doors so that the public can easily find the relevant officials. The establishment of a Batho Pele forum, which was launched in February 2013 and in February 2015. |
| 2      | The workshopping of municipal employees to educate them on Batho Pele principles, as well as to educate them on the functioning of the Municipality so that they can answer queries from the community. Image and conduct of employees is also important. A municipal Service Charter is also developed in this phase, which ties to the IDP, SDBIP, and PMS system.            |
| 3      | The evaluation of municipal entities in terms of the Batho Pele principles on a regular basis. Participating in the Premier's Department initiatives and evaluations.   |

# **Rapid Response Team**

The Msunduzi Municipality has established a Rapid Response Team to help facilitate and fast track the resolution of widespread service delivery complaints and further to liaise with the different and relevant stakeholders in the process of crafting collective solutions to the matters raised.

Chairperson: Sibusisiwe Mngadi 033 392 3622.

# Speaker of the Council

This office will receive and co-ordinate complaints with respect to the functioning of the ward committees and the councillors. The officials of the Office of the Speaker will direct issues raised at ward committee meetings to the relevant departments.

Postal Address: Private Bag X321, Pietermaritzburg

Contact Number: 033 392 2541

### **Ultimate Redress**

The Msunduzi Municipality has made it clear that it wishes to be held accountable. To help citizens to do just that, it has made many avenues available through which redress can be sought.

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# DRAFT INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2024-2025



# Office of the City Manager

The City Manager is the Accounting Officer of the Organisation and the Head of Administration.

Postal Address: Private Bag X321, Pietermaritzburg

Contact Number: 033 3922002

Email Address: municipal.manager@msunduzi.gov.za

# Office of the Mayor

Postal Address: Private Bag X321, Pietermaritzburg

Contact Number: 033 3922036/7

Email Address: Nontokozo.Mazibuko@msunduzi.gov.za

### C.4.1.2. SERVICE DELIVERY CHARTER AND STANDARDS

The Charter sets out service standards that members of the community can expect to receive when they access our services or contact the municipality and outlines how they can help the organization to meet their expectations in the delivery of first class service standards. Our relationship with our people is governed by our constitutional and legislative as well as policy obligations.

The Municipality is committed to acting fairly in its decision making processes thereby fulfilling its obligation to the Promotion of Administrative Justice Act (PAJA).

# The PAJA,

- 1. Sets out the rules and guidelines that our administrators must follow when making decisions;
- 2. Requires that our administrators to inform people about their rights to review or appeal and their right to request reasons:
- 3. Requires our administrators to give reasons for their decisions; and
- 4. Gives community members the right to challenge the decisions of our administrators in court.

# Service Standards

The Msunduzi Municipality commits itself to serve its customers as envisioned by the Batho Pele Principles in the White Paper on the Transformation of the Public Service (1997) as follows:

# 1. Consultation:

We undertake to consult our customers on the level and quality of services as well as development required to continue to improve living conditions of our communities;

# In this regard we

- (a) Commit to consult organised formations of labour unions, ratepayers associations, business chamber and other such interest groups and the public in general.
- (b) Hold Mayoral Izimbiso IDP & Budget Roadshows twice a year.
- (c) Publish for public comments, the Draft IDP, Draft Budget and Draft Annual Report or any other document that legislation may prescribe for publication or Council deems it necessary for good governance.
- (d) Members of the public are encouraged to attend the Council and the Executive Committee meetings, Izimbizo, Budget and IDP Processes
- (e) Establish and ensure functionality of Ward Committees.

### 2. Service Standards

# (A) Telephone Calls

When phoning the offices of the Msunduzi Municipality or our Customer Services offices, we shall ensure;

- all calls are answered within 5 rings.
- calls are answered identifying ourselves and the office
- that the person answering the call is courteous and helpful at all times.
- that the person answering the call extends themselves to assist, or makes a valuable referral.
- that you be issued with a reference number when logging a request or complaint.
- That you are not subjected to unnecessary telephone referrals. There shall be a maximum of two referrals, thereafter the person will take down your details and get back to you and,
- That we contact you within 24 hours, if a message is left on voicemail.

# (B) Written Enquiries / Correspondence

- We shall acknowledge both internal and external written correspondence within the stated deadline or 5 working days whichever comes first.
- Where detailed response is required, we will endeavour to respond to enquiries within 10 working days, stating the name of the employee dealing with the enquiry.
- We aim to provide clear and accurate information in response to enquiries.
- In cases of delay, an interim reply acknowledging receipt of the correspondence and explaining the reasons for the delay will be issued within 10 working days.

# (C) Reports To Committees

• Issues that need the approval of any Committee delegated with authority by Council or Executive Committee shall be placed on the agenda of a Committee within 10 working days of notification by the Committee Officer or within 15 working days of the last meeting of that Committee, whichever is shorter. Any obligations or action items assigned to us by any Committee shall be dealt with within ten working days of such assignment.

### 3. Access

All citizens will have equal access to services rendered;

In this regard;

- (a) All offices will be accessible to the physically challenged.
- (b) Discrimination on the grounds of culture, race, gender and sexual orientation will not be tolerated.
- (c) We will strive to make our services equitably available to all citizens including those from disadvantaged communities.
- (d) Treat everyone with consideration and respect by showing friendliness and care when serving a customer.

# 4. Courtesy

We will endeavour to treat all our customers with courtesy and consideration.

- (a) Customers will be greeted and addressed in a friendly manner.
- (b) Rude, impolite and discourteous attitudes and behaviour will not be tolerated.



### 5. Information

The Msunduzi Municipality recognizes and is committed to fulfilling its constitutional obligation to;

- (a) Foster a culture of transparency and accountability in its affairs by giving effect to the right of access to information.
- (b) Actively promote an enabling environment in which requesters have effective access to information.
- (c) Put such necessary measures in place to render as reasonably possible for requesters of its records.
- (d) We will publish our approved IDP, Budget, Annual report, SDBIP and customer Service Charter for public information.

# Bearing in mind-

That the access to any information held by the City may be limited to the extent that the limitations are reasonable and justifiable in an open and democratic environment based on human dignity, equality and freedom as contemplated in Section 36 of the Constitution and also as specified in Part 2, Chapter 4 of the promotion of access to Information Act.

# 6. Openness and Transparency

We do recognise that openness and transparency are the cornerstones of our democracy.

- (a) In this regard we will engage our stakeholders / Customers in preparation particularly of our Budget and IDP every year
- (b) Run the Municipality within the spirit of openness and transparency.
- (c) Hold adhoc meetings with local stakeholders as per need

# 7. Value for Money

We shall endeavor to use public resources efficiently, effectively and economically. In this regard we will;

- (a) Simplify systems, processes and procedures to eliminate wastage and inefficiency.
- (b) Rigorously apply performance management systems to enhance productivity.
- (c) Identify risk areas and manage them carefully
- (d) Endeavour for optimal utilization of resources at our disposal
- (e) Procure goods and services to the best advantage of the Municipality within the applicable statutes.
- (f) Strengthen management and control to prevent fraud, corruption and mal-administration.
- (g) Treat any information on fraud and corruption seriously

# 8. Service Delivery Impact

We shall endeavor to assess the impact of our services to the customer on regular intervals and ascertain whether we are achieving our specified objectives. In this regard we will;

- (a) Evaluate the organizational performance based on an annual performance plan on a quarterly basis
- (b) Review the performance of the Municipal Manager and Managers reporting directly to the Municipal manager on an annual basis
- (c) Review the Strategic Plan implementation yearly (IDP Review)
- (d) Prepare the Annual Report as prescribed.

# 9. Redress

We respect the right of citizens to complain if our services are interrupted or unsatisfactory; in this regard we will,

- (a) Make available to our customers, a Call Centre to receive and refer complaints to the relevant departments for action.
- (b) Establish a Rapid Response Team to track redress on service delivery issues and complaints.



(c) We undertake to investigate and respond to written complaints submitted via the City Manager's office within 10 days of receipt either confirming action has been take, or committing to attend to the complaint within a particular period or explaining why the municipality is not in a position to attend to the complaint

# 11.1 Complaints

- A complaint, in this regard, shall mean an expression of dissatisfaction with a service provided. It shall not be taken to mean fault breakdown of service or other information reports.
- It is the policy of the Msunduzi Municipality that all complaints are dealt with promptly, decisively, in an objective and sympathetic manner following the complaints handling procedure. Any person with a complaint about any of the services is guaranteed that his/her complaint will be taken seriously and promptly investigated.
- The municipality respects the rights of a person to complain if they think they have not received an appropriate level of service.
- The Msunduzi Municipality undertakes that following a complaint, it will acknowledge receipt of the complaint within five (5) days and inform the complainant of the action taken within 30 days.
- If the complexity of the matter requires a longer investigation period, the complainant will be given a revised response time and informed of progress on the matter on an ongoing basis.
- If the complainant is dissatisfied with the response and thinks the complaint needs the attention of higher office, the complainant is urged to make a written or verbal complaint to the relevant General Manager.
- If there is no response within five (5) working days, the complainant is free to address the complaint to the relevant General Manager.
- Complaints handling procedure shall be followed in all cases. Complaints shall be recorded and monitored to assist in improving the quality of service to customers and identify areas needing improvement.
- General Managers shall be responsible for quarterly management reviews of all complaints and feedbacks to identify system discrepancies or bottlenecks and to take appropriate action.

# 11.2 Call Centre

The Call Centre receives all calls related to service interruptions in Water and Sanitation, Roads and Transportation, and Electricity, 24/7. When customers phone the call centre they are provided with a reference number for the reported fault that can be used for any future queries relating to that fault. The call centre refers all reported faults to the relevant departments for action.

In case of major disruptions, voice recordings will serve to inform the public of the fault and the expected restoration time. The call centre also has a voicemail facility, whereby customers can leave clear messages, relating to a fault, the physical address of the fault and their name and contact details so that the message can be acted upon.

Telephone number: 0800 001 868.

Email Address: call.centre@msunduzi.gov.za

# 11.3 Rapid Response Team

The Msunduzi Municipality has established a Rapid Response Team to help facilitate and fast track the resolution of widespread service delivery complaints and further to liaise with the different and relevant stakeholders in the process of crafting collective solutions to the matters raised.

Chairperson: Lungisani Kunene 033 392 2714. Speaker of the Council

This office will receive and co-ordinate complaints with respect to the functioning of the ward committees and the councilors. The officials of the Office of the Speaker will direct issues raised at ward committee meetings to the relevant departments.

Postal Address: Private Bag X321, Pietermaritzburg

Contact Number: 033 392 2541

#### 11.4 Ultimate Redress

The Msunduzi Municipality has made it clear that it wishes to be held accountable. To help citizens to do just that, it has made many avenues available through which redress can be sought;

Office of the City Manager

The City Manager is the Accounting Officer of the Organisation and the Head of Administration.

Postal Address: Private Bag X321. Pietermaritzburg

Contact Number: 033 3922002

Email Address: municipal.manager@msunduzi.gov.za

Office of the Mayor

Postal Address: Private Bag X321, Pietermaritzburg

Contact Number: 033 3922036/7

Email Address: Phumlile.Nsele@msunduzi.gov.za

#### C.4.1.3. SERVICE DELIVERY IMPROVEMENT (SDBIP)

Service Delivery Improvement Plan (SDIP) must ensure that services are better, faster and more responsive to citizens' needs by considering the following:

- What are our KEY services?
- What are our current standards for those key services? (Quantity, Quality, Time and Cost.)
- Where do our service beneficiaries want us to be (in terms of key services and standards)?
- What is the service 'gap'?
- How do we address the 'gap'?
- When do we address the 'gap'?

|     |                             | Activities           |  |                |          |     |        |
|-----|-----------------------------|----------------------|--|----------------|----------|-----|--------|
| No. | Key Services                | Current<br>Standards |  | Responsibility | Due Date | POE | Status |
|     |                             |                      |  |                |          |     |        |
| 1.  | GENERAL STANDA              | RDS                  |  |                |          |     |        |
| 1.1 | Consultation                |                      |  |                |          |     |        |
|     | IDP and Budget<br>Community |                      | (a) Izimbizo and IDP/Budget and Roadshows will be held twice annually during the months ofand                            | IDP Office     |          |     |        |
|     | Consultations               |                      | (b) Draft IDP, Budget and Annual Report will be published in the local newspapers and Council website for public comment | IDP Office     |          |     |        |

|       |  |  | Activities  |                |          |     |        |
|-------|--|--|---|----------------|----------|-----|--------|
| No.   | No. Key Services Current Desired Standard  |  | Desired Standard  | Responsibility | Due Date | POE | Status |
| 1.1.1 | IDP and Budget<br>Community<br>Consultations                                       |  | (c) Summaries of Draft IDP, Budget and Annual Report will be provided in IsiZulu, posted on the Council's website and copies thereof distributed through Area Based Management Offices  | Secretariat    |          |     |        |
|       |  |  | (d) Ward Projects in the IDP and progress in the implementation thereof<br>will be standing items in the ward community and committees<br>meetings  | ABM            |          |     |        |
| 1.1.2 | Consulting Trade<br>Unions   |  | (e) In addition to other statutory consultative processes recognized<br>Trade Unions representation will be part of Council's organizational<br>development initiatives and processes   | HR             |          |     |        |
| 1.2   | Service Standards  |  |   |                |          |     |        |
| 1.2.1 | Service Standards  |  |   |                |          |     |        |
|       |  |  |   |                |          |     |        |
| 1.3   | Access   |  |   |                |          |     |        |
| 1.3.1 | Accessibility of<br>Municipal Offices<br>to the Physically<br>Challenged           |  | (a) All municipal buildings, offices and facilities will provide easy and friendly access to the those with disability, elderly and visibly expecting mothers   |                |          |     |        |
| 1.3.2 | Bringing Services<br>Close to the People<br>through Municipal<br>Satellite Offices |  | <ul> <li>(a) Area Based Management Offices will serve as the municipal satellite offices to receive and refer communities' complaints, concerns and requests to relevant departments and communicate council information and documentation both in writing and orally to the members of the public.</li> <li>(b) ABM will provide feedback to community members and Ward Committee meetings on progress with regard to the processing and implementation of the issues and requests made by the members of the public</li> <li>(c) All documentation to notify, to be filled and to ask inputs / comments from the community members will be provided through the ABM Offices.</li> </ul> | ABM            |          |     |        |

### 1.4 Courtesy



|       |   |                      | Activities   |                |          |     |        |
|-------|---|----------------------|--|----------------|----------|-----|--------|
| No.   | Key Services                                      | Current<br>Standards | Desired Standard   | Responsibility | Due Date | POE | Status |
| 1.4.1 | Identification of<br>Councillors and<br>Staff     |                      | <ul> <li>(a) Policy will be developed on the identification of Councillors and employees</li> <li>(b) All Councillors and staff members will put on name badges daily when they come to work</li> <li>(c) Workshop on customer care will be conducted to all staff members once a year</li> </ul>  | HR             |          |     |        |
| 1.4.2 | Attending Public<br>Members with<br>Special Needs |                      | <ul> <li>(a) An official and service point dedicated to those living with disabilities, elderly and visibly expectant mothers will be provided in all municipal service centers</li> <li>(b) A clear notice will be conspicuously placed in all municipal service centers showing the availability and position of the dedicated official and service point.</li> </ul>  |                |          |     |        |
| 1.4.3 | Queuing<br>Arrangement and<br>Management          |                      | <ul> <li>(a) The time spent by public members at the payment counter is</li> <li>(b) Notices and screens displaying vital information will be provided in payment halls and community facilities</li> <li>(c) A staff member will visit the queues every 5 minutes to ensure that people are in the correct queues</li> <li>(d) Seats will be provided to accommodate people while in the queues waiting to be served</li> </ul>   |                |          |     |        |
| 1.4.4 | Answering<br>Incoming<br>Telephone Calls          |                      | <ul> <li>(a) All calls will be answered within 5 rings</li> <li>(b) The employee answering the phone will give the name of his/her Unit and name and offer to give help to the caller.</li> <li>(c) All telephonic referrals/transfers made will be followed up within 10 rings, in which case the caller's number will be taken and given to the relevant official who will then revert to the caller within 20 minutes of being given the caller's details.</li> </ul> |                |          |     |        |



|       |  |                      | Activities  |                                  |          |     |        |
|-------|--|----------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------|-----|--------|
| No.   | Key Services   | Current<br>Standards | Desired Standard  | Responsibility                   | Due Date | POE | Status |
| 1.4.5 | Dealing with Written<br>Correspondence                       |                      | <ul> <li>(a) Received internal and external written enquiries and correspondence will be acknowledged or responded to within 5 days of receipt.</li> <li>(b) Both internal and external written inquiries and correspondence requiring complex and not readily available information will be acknowledged within 5 days and the required information provided within 10 days of receipt of correspondence.</li> <li>(c) Where the matter cannot be finalized in 10 days after the receipt of</li> </ul> |                                  |          |     |        |
|       |  |                      | correspondence, the correspondent will be advised accordingly within the said period of 10 days and be given the reasons why his/her matter cannot be concluded in 10 days as well as an indication as to when it can be finalized.   |                                  |          |     |        |
| 1.4.6 | Reports for<br>Consideration by<br>Council Structures        |                      | (a) Reports for consideration by SMC , OMC and Council Committees will be compiled and included in the SMC or OMC agenda within 10 days of receipt of correspondence, instruction or of the decision by the Committee involved directing that such reports be submitted   |                                  |          |     |        |
| 1.4.7 | Implementation of Decisions Taken by Council Structures      |                      | (a) A Resolution Tracking Procedure will be developed, resolutions captured and posted on Corporate Communication 10 days after the meeting   | Info - Center                    |          |     |        |
|       |  |                      | (b) GM's will submit to the Info- Centre progress on the implementation of resolutions on the 25 <sup>th</sup> of each month  | GM's                             |          |     |        |
| 1.5   | Information  |                      |   |                                  |          |     |        |
| 1.5.1 | Sharing Information  |                      | (a) All GM's will hold monthly meetings with their management   | GM's                             |          |     |        |
| 1.5.1 | Julius IIIoimacion   |                      | <ul> <li>(b) All Process Managers will hold monthly meetings with their Process         Management Unit Management</li> <li>(c) All Process Managers will hold bi - monthly staff meetings</li> </ul>   | PM's                             |          |     |        |
| 1.5.2 | Logging Essential<br>Information on<br>holding-on calls      |                      | (a) Concise and precise recorded information will be communicated to the caller instead of playing music while waiting for the call to be answered where referral has been made.  | Communica-<br>tions Man-<br>ager |          |     |        |
| 1.5.3 | Communicating Council Policies and By-Laws to Members of the |                      | <ul> <li>(a) Council will post council Policies and By-Laws on the Council</li> <li>Website, Msunduzi Newsletter and Corporate Communication within</li> <li>1 month of adoption.</li> </ul>  | GM's                             |          |     |        |
|       | Public   |                      | (b) A summary of all Policies and By-Laws will be made in IsiZulu and posted on the Council website, Msunduzi Newsletter and Corporate Communication within 2 months of Council resolution.   | Secretariat                      |          |     |        |



|       |   |                      | Activities  |  |          |     |        |
|-------|---|----------------------|---|--|----------|-----|--------|
| No.   | Key Services  | Current<br>Standards | Desired Standard  | Responsibility   | Due Date | POE | Status |
| 1.3.4 | Informing Members<br>of Community of<br>Critical Documents                  | (1                   | a) Council's Integrated Development Plan, Budget, Performance Management System, Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan, Municipal Manager's and Heads of Departments' Performance Plans and Annual Report will be posted on the Council website within 1 month after adoption by Council  | CM'S Office  |          |     |        |
|       |   | ((                   | <ul> <li>Customer Service Charter in isiZulu and English languages will be published in the municipal website within 1 month after its launch by Council</li> <li>The rates and tariffs in both isiZulu and English will be published in the municipal website within 1 month after adoption by Council</li> <li>The By-Laws in isiZulu and English will be published in the municipal website within 1 month after adoption by Council and notification of their coming into effect within 10 days after publication in the Gazette</li> <li>The Manual produced in terms of the Promotion of Access to Information Act will be published in the municipal website within 1 month after adoption by Council</li> </ul>   | Secretariat  |          |     |        |
| 1.3.5 | Informing Community Members of Council and Committee Meetings and Decisions | (                    | <ul> <li>Annual schedules of Council and EXCO meetings will be published in local newspapers and Council website in January of each year</li> <li>Monthly and weekly schedules of Council and Council Committee meetings will be posted on Corporate Communication</li> <li>All resolutions of Council and EXCO, with the exception of confidential resolutions will be placed on the Council website within 1 month after confirmation by Council</li> <li>Resolutions having a direct bearing on public members will be translated into isiZulu and posted on the Council website within 1 month after adoption by Council</li> <li>Attendance register will be kept of public members, including the media attending Council and Council Committee meetings</li> </ul> | Secretariat  |          |     |        |
| 1.3.6 | Articulating<br>Council Vision and<br>Mission                               |                      | a) Council vision, mission and value system will be posted in all reception areas and boardrooms  | Batho Pele<br>Office / Com-<br>munications<br>and IGR Man-<br>ager |          |     |        |

|       |   |                      | Activities  |                                    |          |     |        |
|-------|---|----------------------|---|------------------------------------|----------|-----|--------|
| No.   | Key Services  | Current<br>Standards | Desired Standard  | Responsibility                     | Due Date | POE | Status |
| 1.6   | Openness and Tra  | ansparency           |   |                                    |          |     |        |
| 1.6.1 | Opening Meetings<br>of Council<br>Structures to the<br>Public |                      | <ul> <li>(a) Members of the public will be allowed access to all the meetings of Council and those of its Committees, except only when confidential items are discussed.</li> <li>(b) All scheduled meetings of Council and those of its Committees will be published in the local Newspaper at the beginning of the year and be posted on the municipal website.</li> <li>(c) Monthly and weekly scheduled of meetings of Council and its Committees will be placed on Corporate Communication</li> <li>(d) Members of the public who wish to address Council or any of its Committees on any of the matters listed below will be allowed to do so with prior arrangement with the Speaker of Council or Chairperson of Committee involved: <ol> <li>(i) By-Laws</li> <li>(ii) Budget</li> <li>(iii) Integrated Development Plan</li> <li>(iv) Performance Management</li> <li>(v) Service Delivery Agreement i.t.o section 76 of the Systems Act</li> </ol> </li> </ul> | Secretariat                        |          |     |        |
| 1.6.2 | Publishing Bids   |                      | (a) All bids advertised and awarded will be posted on the Council website   | Supply Chain<br>Management<br>Unit |          |     |        |



|       |   |                      | Activities   |                |          |     |        |
|-------|---|----------------------|--|----------------|----------|-----|--------|
| No.   | Key Services                            | Current<br>Standards | Desired Standard   | Responsibility | Due Date | POE | Status |
| 1.7   | Redress                                 |                      |  |                |          |     |        |
| 1.7.1 | Dealing with complaints and suggestions |                      | <ul> <li>(a) Complaints/suggestion boxes will be provided in a conspicuous space at the entrance to all municipal buildings to allow the members of the public opportunity to put forward their complaints and suggestions</li> <li>(b) Complaints/suggestion making forms will be conveniently put in all public facilities for public members to use</li> <li>(c) Batho Pele Champions will open complaints/suggestion boxes every Friday, enter the complaints/suggestions received in the appropriate register and refer them to relevant Deputy Municipal Managers.</li> <li>(d) All complaints/suggestions received will be dealt with within 5 days of receipt and reported in the Business Unit's monthly report to the OMC</li> <li>(e) Notice of the complaints procedure will be provided in all municipal facilities directly providing services to the public</li> <li>(f) Names, photos and positions, in the hierarchical order of relevant management of the Business Unit who may be involved in complaint handling will be provided</li> </ul> | GM's           |          |     |        |
|       |   |                      | nandting witt be provided  |                |          |     |        |
| 1.8   | Value for Money                         |                      |  |                |          |     |        |
| 1.8.1 | Procurement<br>of Goods and<br>Services |                      | <ul> <li>(a) The Supply Chain Management Policy and procurement plan will be adhered to in the procurement of goods and services</li> <li>(b) Supply Chain Management Policy will be published and amendments thereon published within 1 month after adoption by Council</li> <li>(c) No deviations from the Supply Chain Management Policy will be allowed</li> <li>(d) All service providers will be paid within 30 days of receiving invoice</li> <li>(e) Interest levied due to the delay to pay service providers will be recovered from the official responsible for the incurrence of such interest.</li> </ul>   | GM's           |          |     |        |
| 1.8.2 | Performance<br>Management               |                      | <ul> <li>(a) Performance management will be applied and reported on to the OMC and all Council Structures on a monthly basis</li> <li>(b) Monthly performance reports will be posted on municipal website and Corporate Communication within 5 days of adoption by Council</li> </ul>  |                |          |     |        |
| 1.8.3 | Risk Management                         |                      | (a) Risk Management Plan will be developed, implemented and reported on to OMC and Council Structures quarterly  |                |          |     |        |



|        |   |                      | Activities  |                |          |     |        |
|--------|---|----------------------|---|----------------|----------|-----|--------|
| No.    | Key Services  | Current<br>Standards | Desired Standard  | Responsibility | Due Date | POE | Status |
| 1.8.4  | Audits  |                      | (a) The matters raised by both Internal Audit and Auditor-General will be reported on monthly during Business Units and OMC meetings  |                |          |     |        |
| 1.8.5  | Dealing with Fraud,<br>Corruption and<br>Maladministration            |                      | <ul> <li>(a) Investigations of reported cases of fraud, corruption and maladministration will be commenced with within 10 days of reporting</li> <li>(b) Results of such cases will be published in the municipal website and Corporate Communication in isiZulu and English</li> <li>(c) Disciplinary Register will be maintained and kept updated</li> </ul>  |                |          |     |        |
| 1.8.6  | Reporting for Duty  |                      | <ul> <li>(a) Electronic Access System will be implemented to curb time taken off work</li> <li>(b) Electronic leave management system will be implemented</li> </ul>  |                |          |     |        |
| 1.8.7  | Dealing with<br>Misuse of Council<br>Property                         |                      | <ul> <li>(a) Investigations of reported cases of misuse of municipal property will be commenced within 10 days of reporting</li> <li>(b) Outcome of investigations of such cases will be published in the municipal website and Corporate Communication in isiZulu and English once finalized</li> <li>(c) Official will be designated to analyse and compile weekly exception reports categorizing traveling incidents into 3, that is, A= critical and investigation needs to commence within 10 days; B = serious and needs to be investigated within a month and C = potentially serious and needs to be monitored and addressed</li> <li>(d) Reports on addressing category A and B will be submitted the</li> </ul> |                |          |     |        |
|        |   |                      | monthly OMC meetings  |                |          |     |        |
| 1.9    | <b>Encouraging Inno</b>   | vation and I         | Rewarding Excellence  |                |          |     |        |
| 1.9.1  | Rewarding<br>Innovation<br>and Excellent<br>performance               |                      | (a) All innovation having an impact of cost saving, revenue generation or impact on service delivery will be rewarded in non-financial terms or during the Service Excellence Award Ceremony  |                |          |     |        |
| 1.10   | Service Delivery I  | mpact                |   |                |          |     |        |
|        | Customer Perceptions of Service Delivery will be Gauged Periodically  |                      | (a) Customer satisfaction surveys will be conducted every 3 years and a strategy will be developed to address gaps found during the survey.   |                |          |     |        |
| 1.10.2 | Employee<br>Satisfaction Surveys<br>will be conducted<br>Periodically |                      | (a) Employee satisfaction surveys will be conducted every 3 years and a strategy will be developed to address gaps identified during the survey.  |                |          |     |        |





#### C.4.1.4. THREE SERVICES THAT NEED TO BE IMPROVED BY THE MUNICIPALITY

According to data from our monthly Service Quality Assessments and common complaints from our Complaint Register, the following services need urgent improvement:

- (i) Unanswered telephone calls at the Call Centre. Waiting times on the line customer's calls could not get through into the Call Centre telephone line.
- (ii) Turnaround times especially for the fixing of potholes, storm-water drains and missing water-drain covers, is still a frequent concern from the customers' responses.
- (iii) Employees must be encouraged to improve their current service standards and turn-around times, as it is required in the Msunduzi Municipality Customer Service Charter and Service Delivery Improvement Plan (SDIP).

#### C.4.2. STATUS AND PROGRESS WITH THE ROLL-OUT OF OPERATION SUKUMA SAKHE

The District Development Model launched in 2019 by the President is synonymous with Operation Sukuma Sakhe approach and the meticulousness in which KwaZulu-Natal was managing OSS enticed the President of the Republic of South Africa to pronounce of DDM approach to be piloted and rolled out in all 54 districts of South Africa. In fact under normal circumstances immediately after DDM was pronounced by President of the country, then the nerve centres of good governance at all spheres working with COGTA departments also at all levels were to lead the piloting of a concept taking into account in the main all applicable prescripts within local government, provincial and national which may be affected by the implementation of DDM.

The KZN EXCO resolution also directed the Office of the Premier as the department to also ensure the integration of OSS into DDM through the aligned management or institutional framework which would ensure that OSS/DDM approach is the overarching strategic planning, coordination and mobilization of the required resources towards the fulfilment of socio-economic development needs of local citizens, households and communities mainly found in various wards.

The following thrusts shall have to be recognised in ensuring seamless OSS/DDM integration:

- The use of existing IGR structures: there are existing IGR structures established across spheres of government and in the main at a District level which are political/leadership and technical. Unfortunately, membership to these structures is only restricted to local government role players (senior managers and Mayors as they even exclude local government EXCO members and the chairpersons of the respective portfolio committees) It is then critical that any alignment of OSS to DDM needs to then move from this premise of these IGR structures.
- The use of existing government protocols: there are sets of protocols politically and technically or administratively which have been put in place in order to process certain matters and programmes hence a need to also consider them in the alignment of OSS to DDM.
- Delineation of roles and responsibilities: local government and public service have different role players
  in a form of appointed and elected public officials with separate roles to play including even among the
  elected public officials there are different roles and responsibilities which must also be recognised when
  aligning OSS to DDM.
- Enhancement of authority and accountability: local government structures as prescribed by legislations have defined authority and accountability powers and functions to exercise as the failure amounts to non-compliance. It is therefore key that any alignment of OSS to DDM must also take that into account.
- Non-separation of legislative and executive powers within local government.

The province-wide structure called OSS/DDM Provincial Technical Team shall be established made up of the Provincial OSS/DDM Coordinator (per department) designated SMS coordinators supporting the deployed national DGs and DDGs deployed in KZN province on OSS/DDM ticket, Office of the KZN Premier, COGTA, Provincial Treasury, Representative of District/Metropolitan Municipal Manager, Head of LG Specialists (within COGTA) Convenor of the deployed SMS members per district as well as the OSS DTT Chair and Secretary (per district). The OSS/DDM Provincial Technical Team shall perform the following functions and responsibilities:



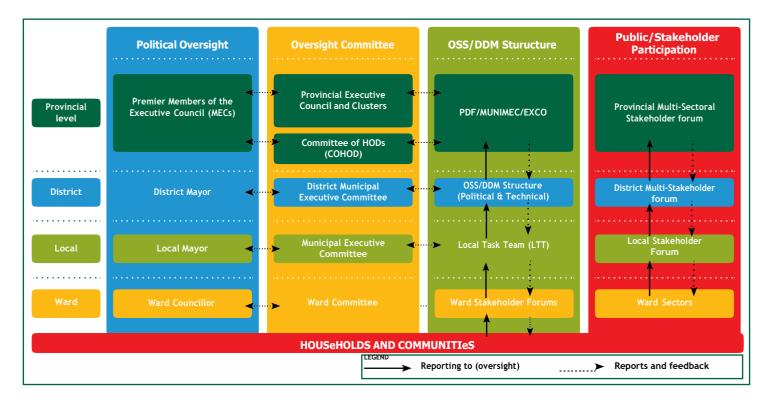
- (a) Technically infuse and promote new systems, processes and trajectory of OSS/DDM integration.
- (b) Technically ensure that there is prevailing alignment among the national, provincial and district development strategies/plans to inform programmes and projects to be undertaken.
- (c) Receive, analyse, consolidate and serve before the Premier's Coordinating Forum (PCF) and the Executive Council quarterly performance reports of the OSS/DDM structures from all 11 districts through the extended COHOD structure.
- (d) Serve as the sub-structure of the KZN extended COHOD structure (made up of HODs of the provincial departments, CEOs of entities, District Municipal Managers and Municipal Managers of the secondary/intermediary towns in KZN).
  - The Provincial OSS/DDM Coordinators and designated SMS OSS/DDM Coordinators supporting the deployed national DGs and DDGs in KZN province shall perform the following responsibilities:
  - Strategic issues of OSS/DDM requiring each department are placed before the management meetings of a department.
  - The departmental HOD is supported with the required facilitation, information and responses to OSS/DDM matters requiring a department.
  - Regular reports are compiled on the extent to which the department is fulfilling OSS/DDM imperatives and priorities.

The existing district Technical IGR structure made up of municipal senior officials shall be used as OSS/DDM Technical IGR Team which will also draw in CEOs of entities, District Directors and Deputy Directors of the national and provincial departments located in a given district, OSS DTT Chair and Secretary, HODs who are OSS/DDM Champions and the deployed SMS officials in a district. The OSS/DDM Technical IGR Team shall discharge the following functions:

- (a) Provide the broad technical support to the OSS/DDM Clusters and Political Oversight/Hub.
- (b) Interrogate and provide technical inputs in submissions going to Clusters.

The OSS War Rooms, ward committees and District Multi-Sectorial Stakeholder Forums shall serve as critical platforms to build and promote public and stakeholder participation. The OSS War Room Stakeholder Forums and the District Multi-Sectorial Stakeholder Forums shall be convened within 30 days post the OSS/DDM meetings to appraise stakeholders of OSS/DDM discussions and decisions (with OSS LTTs, DTTs and the deployed SMS and municipal officials giving such a feedback). The municipal ward councillors shall also on quarterly basis as part of their report back meetings including Mayoral izimbizo also report back to communities about the OSS/DDM decisions. The Office of the Premier shall then visit wards with catalytic and iNkululeko Development Projects or any strategic project coordinated by this office together with lead project stream department to appraise the OSS War Room Stakeholders of the OSS/DDM decisions about the catalytic and IDP or any strategic project/programme coordinated by the Office of the Premier.

FIGURE 11: OSS/DDM OVERSIGHT STRUCTURES



Serious attempts were made to ensure that all developmental needs, as expressed by members of the public, including ward committees, CBOs and NGOs, as well as business and other stakeholders, were captured and analysed accordingly. Currently, the Sukuma Sakhe campaign is intended to create a platform for members of communities to convey their needs in the presence of almost all line function departments. The idea here is to list all individual needs, where possible with reference to specific departments, in order to address their needs as a collective. It was also expected that some of the community needs would have been collected through the CBP process, and that once all those wards that were piloted were completed, that they would feed in their needs through the IDP review process, and that all the needs expressed by various stakeholders would be captured and made available.

In the Msunduzi Municipality, War Rooms have been established in each of the 41 wards and are aligned to the ward councillor's office. The Chairperson of each of these War Rooms is an ordinary member of the ward. For the initiative to succeed, there is a need for good public participation. The project has been very successful, with only one ward being problematic. All government departments are represented in the monthly meetings. If it is found that a War Room cannot cope with the demands from the community, "MBO" is invoked and government descends on the area to address needs - this has already taken place in a number of wards in the municipality.

Monthly Sukuma Sakhe task team meetings take place in the Municipality, and all relevant staff at level 4 participate to address key issues identified by ward level War Rooms. A further structure that exists is the uMgungundlovu District Task Team, which consists of Government Departments and the local municipal task team chairpersons.

Sukuma Sakhe is an important initiative, and offers an ideal opportunity for ward-level communities to identify projects that can be fed into the IDP. The synergies that have been created in the Msunduzi Municipality in terms of linkages to the Area Based Management structures are also important, and have led to the success of the initiative.

### C.4.3.1. IGR STRUCTURES

The District Mayors Forum and the Municipal Managers Forums were reconfigured to become the District Development Model Political & Technical Hubs. The Sub Technical structures (except the legislated structures) evolved to become:



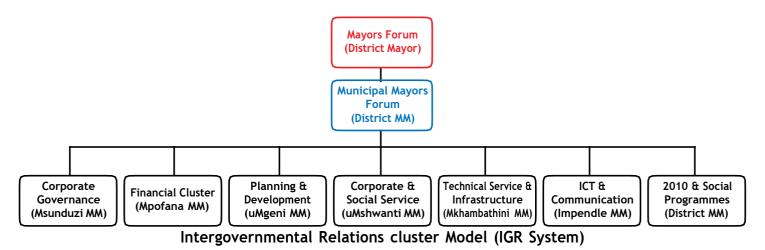
#### DDM account for progress DDM Political co-chairs Facilitate alignment of strategy & DDM technical co-chairs **KZN PCF TeCH & POLITICAL** resources DDM PTT exec Facilitate alignment with provincial & DDM sec support national government Oversee the development & approval of ONE PLAN & ONE BUDGET Co-Chairs: MEC Champion, District Mayors & Ministerial Champions Promote greater accountability of **DISTRICT POLITICAL HUB** Speakers Chair of Local House of Traditional Leaders government Ensure inclusion of community needs account to province for DDM functionality and impact Support team: MM's, Hod Champion & DDM IGR Secretariat Oversee the development & Co-Chairs: HOD Champion, District MMs recommendation of the ONE PLAN Local MMs and Senior Municipal Officials Sector Reps (National & Provincial), SOE's/Municipal Entities and ONE BUDGET Ensure all 3 spheres of government **DISTRICT TeCHNICAL HUB** LHTL District Deputy Directors are accountable & participating Ensure streamlined IGR structures DDM Cluster Chair Support: DDM IGR Secretariat Co-ordinated shared service Report to Political GSCID CLUSTeR Cluster Chairs: Municipal HODs/Mayors SOCIAL CLUSTeR **CLUSTeR CLUSTeR** Platform for sector specific co-LHTL Portfolio conveners eSID **JCPS** ordinated joint planning & oversight Sector reps OSS LTT chairs of approved DDM plans Sector advisory role to DDM SOEs/Municipal Entities IGR forum chairs Other relevant civil society groups technical hub government and citizens Responsible service delivery, and **OSS DDM LTT AND WARD** Civil society organisation forums OSS LTT and war rooms socio economic development ordinated citizen input into plans **WAR ROOMS** and decisions about resources

TABLE 43: INTERGOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURES

| STRUCTURE             | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------------------|---|
| National              | The Municipality remains a member of the South African Cities Network (SACN) and has recently participated in the "Rural Interdependencies Study" project with SACN.  |
| Provincial            | The Municipality has received support for the implementation of Organizational Performance Management from the Provincial Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs. The Municipal Manager participates in the MUNIMEC and Technical MUNIMEC forums.   |
| Municipal<br>Entities | The Municipality has one municipal entity called Safe City, which is dedicated to making the City of Pietermaritzburg a better place in which to live, work, and play. The project has a number of elements, including:  • The monitoring of crime through 70 CCTV cameras in the City;  • An SMS programme which encourages citizens to report suspicious behaviour and activities;  • c-SAFE, a panic alert system accessible from your cell phone. |
| District IGR          | At a District level, the Municipality has participated in the District Municipal and Technical Forum which is chaired by the District Mayor, Councillor Yusuf Bhamjee. In addition, the Municipality has partnered with the District on issues related to waste management.   |

Many endeavours are made to make the Intergovernmental Relations a reality, and the following clusters are in existence at the district level:

FIGURE 12: DISTRICT LEVEL INTERGOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURES



The finalisation of this model seeks to streamline these structures in order to improve communication internally and externally, whilst bringing on board sector departments in a more practical and realistic manner. This is to ensure that departments and other key stakeholders do not merely pay lip service to the IDP process.

The Cluster Model has led to the establishment of shared services in the District, which also leads to better utilisation of resources. Shared services are now used in the fields of Internal Audit, Performance Management, Integrated Development Planning, and Information and Communications Technology. This approach means that the uMgungundlovu family of Municipalities in the District are all benefitting from the availability of scarce resources and expertise within the District.

#### C.4.3.2. MONITORING OF NATIONAL AND PROVINCIAL STRUCTURES AT IGR STRUCTURES

### **DISTRICT POLITICAL HUB**

The functions of the District Political hub are to ensure that all three spheres of government are operating in planning, budgeting & implementation unison thus enabling coherent, seamless and sustainable service delivery and development with integrated impact on the quality of life and quality of living spaces at municipal level.

Oversee the development & approval of ONE PLAN & ONE BUDGET. Promote greater accountability and ensure inclusion of community needs and closer monitoring of government by community through active engagement with OSS structures - facilitated by Mayor and DTT chair. The District Political Hub also accounts to province for DDM functionality and impact.

| DISTRICT /METRO | NATIONAL<br>CHAMPIONS          | KZN DDM/<br>OSS POLITICAL<br>CHAMPION | DISTRICT MAYORS | KZN HOD<br>CHAMPION |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| UMGUNGUNDLOVU   | Minister Sindisiwe<br>Chikunga | MEC SA Duma                           | Cllr Mr M Zuma  | Ms C Coetzee        |

#### DISTRICT TECHNICAL HUB

The functions of the District Technical hub are to Oversee the development and recommendation of the ONE PLAN and ONE BUDGET of the agreed plan, according to district and local strategic objectives, national and provincial priorities and towards district developmental impact; Ensure all 3 spheres of government are accountable & participating in the district sphere. Identify and approve required clusters, sub committees and other IGR forums needed to enable DDM to achieve objectives. Identify areas requiring shared services and oversee the establishment of such Monitor and prepare reports for DDM Political hub

| MEMBERSHIP                 |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Chairpersons and Co-Chairs | HOD Champion  |
|                            | District Municipal Manager                            |
| Members                    | ALL Local Municipal Managers                          |
|                            | Chair of Local House: Traditional                     |
|                            | ALL Cluster Chairpersons                              |
| Support                    | Local Government Specialists                          |
|                            | COGTA Senior Manager Representative                   |
|                            | Operation Sukuma Sakhe (OSS) District Task Team Chair |
|                            | MISA  |
|                            | • DCOG  |
|                            | Sector Departments                                    |
|                            | • DBSA  |

#### DISTRICT CLUSTERS

The functions of the District clusters are to coordinate the programs and projects within their particular sector towards integration in the DDM ONE PLAN. Support the development of a joined up plan by reviewing sector plans and recommending areas of priority and budget alignment. Co-ordinate the streamlining and functionality of sector relevant IGR forums operating in the district. Establish working sub committees/ teams/ work streams on identified projects requiring IGR co-ordination. Investigate, report on and respond to issues identified by the relevant sector specific National and Provincial IGR cluster/ forum; District forums and OSS war rooms. Facilitate the implementation of both Technical and Political DCC/DDM decisions related to the sector ONE PLAN. Monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the decisions made. Clusters also provide an advisory role to DDM on sector related issues through research work, papers, reports and submissions.

| MEMBERSHIP                 |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Chairpersons and Co-Chairs | Elected Councillor from Host Municipality        |
|                            | Municipal Manager/Nominee from Host Municipality |
| Members                    | ALL Local Nominated Councillors                  |
|                            | All Local Nominated Municipal Representatives    |
| Support                    | COGTA Senior Manager Representative              |
|                            | Representation from OSS/LTT                      |
|                            | Sector Departments                               |

- There should be political and technical representation from each municipality at each Cluster Meeting
- The host municipality provides the secretariat function
- The host municipality must combine the reports and provide a Cluster report to the Technical Hub who then reports to the Political Hub

#### TABLE 44: DISTRICT SECRETARIAT MODEL

| POLITICAL HUB                           | TECHNICAL HUB                      |
|---|------------------------------------|
| SECRETARIAT: UMGUNGUNDLOVU              | SECRETARIAT: UMGUNGUNDLOVU         |
| SOCIAL SUB-CLUSTER SCHEDULE OF MEETINGS | JUSTICE CLUSTER:                   |
| SECRETARIAT: UMSHWATHI                  | SECRETARIAT: MPOFANA               |
| GOVERNANCE & FINANCE CLUSTER:           | ECONOMIC & INFRASTRUCTURE CLUSTER: |
| SECRETARIAT: MSUNDUZI                   | SECRETARIAT: UMGUNGUNDLOVU         |
| PLANNING SUPPORT TEAM:                  |                                    |
| SECRETARIAT: UMGUNGUNDLOVU              |                                    |



#### IDP REPRESENTATIVE FORUM

The IDP Representative Forum consists of the following role-players with the listed functions:

#### TABLE 45: IDP REPRESENTATIVE FORUM ROLE-PLAYERS AND FUNCTIONS

- ROLE PLAYERS EXCO members;
  - Councillors:
  - Traditional leaders:
  - Ward Committee Chairpersons;
  - Senior Municipal Officials;
  - Stakeholder representatives of organised groups;
  - Advocates of unorganised groups;
  - Resource persons;
  - Other community representatives;
  - National and Provincial Departments regional representatives;
  - NGO's; and
  - Parastatal organisations.

#### **FUNCTIONS**

- Represent the interest of the Municipality's constituency in the IDP process;
- Provide an organisational mechanism for discussion, negotiation, and decision making between the stakeholders inclusive of municipal government;
- Ensure communication between all the stakeholder representatives, inclusive of municipal government; and
- Monitor the performance of the planning and implementation process.
- To institutionalise participation in integrated development planning
- Membership to ensure geographical and social representation
- Members to have mandate to represent the interests of their constituents in the integrated development planning process
- Provide an organisational mechanism for discussion, negotiation, and decision-making between the stakeholders and municipal government
- Ensure communication between all stakeholders representatives and the Msunduzi Municipality
- Monitor performance of the planning process
- Represent interests and contribute knowledge and ideas in the planning process Participating in the IDP Rep Forum
- Inform interest groups, communities, and organisations on relevant planning activities and
- Analyse issues, determine priorities, negotiate, and reach consensus
- Participate in designing project proposals and/or assess them
- Discuss and comment on the draft Integrated Development Plan
- Comment on and discuss alignment of annual business plans and budget with Integrated Development Plan
- Conducting meetings/workshops with groups, communities, or organisations

#### C.4.3.4. STRATEGIC PRONOUNCEMENTS FROM NATIONAL & PROVINCIAL STRUCTURES

The municipality's IGR sits and deliberates on both National and Provincial pronouncements. Issues pertaining development planning to facilitate to facilitate coherent planning, strategic and Performance plans, matters to avoid legal proceedings, provision of effective transparent, accountable coherent government are some of the deliberations undertaken in the sittings.

#### C.4.3.5. IGR REPORTS TO COUNCIL

IGR report are tabled to council as an when they are prepare the back to basics report are tabled to council on a month basis. The Report on the DDM have been tabled to Council a number of times. The report on Operation Sukama-Sake are also tabled to council for noting as and when they become available.

### C.4.4. STATUS OF THE FUNCTIONALITY OF WARD COMMITTEES

#### WARD COMMITTEES

Section 74 of the Municipal Structures Act, and regulation 5 of the Government Gazette No. 27699 Ward Committee, state that Ward Committees may have powers and functions delegated to them (which are essentially advisory in nature) in terms of S59 of the Municipal Systems Act. Among these powers and functions are:

- To serve as an official specialized participatory structure in the Msunduzi Municipality.
- To create formal, unbiased communication channels, as well as a co-operative partnership between the community and the Council.
- Advise and make recommendations to the Ward Councillor on matters of policy affecting the Ward.
- Assisting the Ward Councillors in identifying the challenges and needs of residents.
- Dissemination of information in the Ward concerning municipal affairs, such as the budget, integrated development planning, performance management systems, service delivery options, and municipal properties.
- Receive queries and complaints from residents concerning municipal service delivery, communication with Council, and provide feedback to the community on Council's response.
- Ensure constructive and harmonious interaction between the Municipality and community through the use and co-ordination of ward residents meetings and other community development forums, and
- Interact with other organizations and forums on matters affecting the ward.

A ward committee may also make recommendations on any matter affecting its ward to the ward councillor, or through the ward councillor to the local council. The Msunduzi Municipality has 41 functional wardcommittees, which meet on a frequent basis. One meeting per month, per ward committee, is scheduled.

The functionality of ward committees within Msunduzi was not satisfactory towards the end of the 2020-2021 financial year and also the beginning of 2021 and 2022 Financial year. The municipality will increase its effort in ensuring that the ward committees are functional during this term of council. The necessary tools will be provided and also monitoring will be increased. As can be seen below, the functionality of Ward Committees deteriorated even further in the build up to the 2021 Local Government Elections (53% January-March; 51% April-June and 15% July-September 2021).

| Functional wards | Functional wards  | Poorly functional wards | Reasons for Poorly functionality   |
|------------------|---|-------------------------|--|
|                  |   | January - Ma            | rch 2021   |
| 21 (53%)         | 2, 3, 4, 5, 13, 15, 17, 19, 20, 24, 25, 28, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 38 and 39 | 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16,  | Wards 1, 6, 7, 10, 14, 22, 23, 26, 27 and 29 Non submission Wards 7, 8, 21 and 37 No community feedback and ward report Wards 18 and 12 No quorum and community feedback Ward 9 No sectoral reports and ward report Wards 16 Dates are not corresponding               |
|                  |   | April - June            | e 2021   |
| 20 (51%)         | 2, 4, 5, 8, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 21, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37 & 39       | 19 (49%)                | Ward 1, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 16, 20, 22, 23, 26, 27, 29 & 30 Ward 3 & 25 - No community meetings Ward 24 & 40 - No WC meeting due to quorum Ward 28 - No WC meetings due to quorum & no community meetings Ward 38 - No WC meetings & ward report not signed by councillor |
|                  |   | July - Sept             | : 2021   |

| Functional wards | Functional wards      | Poorly functional wards | Reasons for Poorly functionality   |
|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|
| 6 (15%)          | 4, 17, 19, 34, 35, 38 | 33 (85%)                | Ward 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15, 16, 20, 22, 23, 26, 27, 29, 30: Non-submission of evidence for all indicators Ward 2: Dates of ward committee meetings do not correspond with minutes of meetings, no sectoral reports and no ward report.  Ward 8: No quorum for a ward committee meeting and no ward report  Ward 12, 21, 25, 31, 33, 37: No community meeting and no ward report  Ward 13, 32, 36: No community meeting  Ward 18, 28: No quorum for ward committee meetings, no community meetings and no ward report  Ward 24: No quorum for ward committee meetings  Ward 39: No ward report |

### C.4.5. WARD BASED PLANS

#### C.4.5.1. MSUNDUZI WARD BASED PLANNING

The National Development Plan (NDP) highlights the need to strengthen the ability of Local Government to fulfil its developmental role enacted in the White Paper of Local government of 1998. Section B, Clause 3 of the White Paper of Local Government of 1998 enforces the Municipal Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) need to be used more strategically to focus attention on critical priorities in the NDP that relate to the mandate of local government such as spatial planning, infrastructure and basic services. This would allow the IDP process to become more manageable and the participation process more meaningful, thus helping to narrow the gap between the aspirations contained in these documents and what can actually be achieved.

Cooperative Governance & Traditional Affairs (COGTA) resolved that all Municipalities must submit Ward Plans that would contribute to the Integrated Development Plan (IDP). Therefore the Community Based Planning (CBP) is the tool that was developed, which enables communities to interact, discuss and take decision on their developmental issues to effect inputs from the Communities. The Community Based Planning (CBP) is ordinarily a week long process of workshop engagement with communities whereby the communities plan, develop and decide on their needs that would input into Integrated Development Plan (IDP). The Community Based Planning (CBP) tool aids in redressing the engagement process that was used to gather information and community needs that input into IDP.

The process empowers communities to be able to distinguish between the wants and the real needs of the ward, to understand the processes of the municipality functions and the role, to allow the community to take decisions and learn the consequences of their decisions and to enable the community to take ownership of their development. The Public Participation Unit, Area Based Management (ABM) therefore takes on the task of conducting the above mentioned Community Based Plans. Due to budget constrains these workshops are conducted in 3 days rather than a week as mentioned in 2.4 through war rooms. The Msunduzi Municipality uses the database to identifying the legislated structures and organized ward stakeholders that would participate in these three (3) days' workshop. In the current financial year, the CBP workshops were conducted by Msunduzi Area Based Management staff. Due to Covid 19 regulations the number of attendees was minimal, among those were the ward Councilor, ward committees due to Covid-19 regulations, Ward Task Team and some active community members. The Community Based Plans are thereafter reviewed periodically during the financial years to ensure efficient budgeting and planning between the five (5) year IDP.

### C.4.5.2. NUMBER OF WARDS WITH WARD BASED PLANS

Msunduzi Municipality has 41 Wards in total, hence all 41 Wards have Community Based Plans



C.4.5.3.

|        | MUNICIPAL W  | VARD NEEDS FO                                     | OR 2024-2024   |                                    |                  |
|--------|--|---|--|------------------------------------|------------------|
| WARD   | COMMUNITY NEEDS  | PROJECT<br>PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2                                       | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| WARD 1 |  |   |  |                                    |                  |
| 1      | D352 Road  |   |  | 4 385 050.88                       |                  |
|        | L762 Road  |   |  | 1 340 406.76                       |                  |
|        | Nonkanya Road  |   |  | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|        | Shange Road  |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Khumalo Road   |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Masimini/Mpulo Road  |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Ndumo Road   |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Ntombela Road (1) and (2)  |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Mandlovu Road  |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Mvelase Road   |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Ntabeni Road   |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 2. Water pipes   | 24  |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Laduma Area  |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | <ul> <li>Nzimande area</li> </ul>                                    |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | <ul> <li>Near Vezokuhle primary</li> </ul>                           |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Overheadline maintenance (MV and LV)                                 |   |  |                                    | Council          |
|        | Pine substation maintenanace   |   |  |                                    | Council          |
|        | Servitude Clearance  |   |  |                                    | Council          |
|        | 3. Revamping of Community Halls                                      | 14  |  |                                    |                  |
|        | Sixties Hall near Phayipini  |   |  | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | Masimini Hall  |   |  |                                    |                  |
|        | Ntabeni Hall   |   |  |                                    |                  |
|        | 4. Sporting Facilities   | 18  |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Phayiphini Sports near CLLR offices                                  |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | <ul> <li>Laduma Sports fields near Laduma<br/>High School</li> </ul> |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 60s Sports near Phayiphini High<br>School                            |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Ntabeni Sports ground near Mbambo taxi rank                          |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 5. 4 High mast lights  | 14  |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Mbambo Taxi Rank   |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Shayamoya Area   |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Shange Area  |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Matshotshombeni area   |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
| WARD 2 | Public lighting maintenanace   |   |  | 500 000                            | Council          |
| 2      | Upgrade of gravel roads to tar roads:                                |   |  |                                    | Nil              |
| _      | Overheadline maintenance (MV and LV)                                 |   |  |                                    | Council          |
|        | Crossways substation maintenance                                     |   |  |                                    | Council          |
|        | Servitude clearance  |   |  |                                    | Council          |
|        | 1. Mabane road   | 12  | I/504125.047<br>MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>RD-VULINDLELA<br>WARD 2 |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|        | 2. Ngcoya road   | 12  |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 3. Nsika road and other roads  | 12  |  |                                    | Nil              |
|        |  |   |  |                                    |                  |



|        | MUNICIPAL V   | VARD NEEDS FO                                     | OR 2024-2024  |                                    |                  |
|--------|---|---|---|------------------------------------|------------------|
| WARD   | COMMUNITY NEEDS   | PROJECT<br>PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2  | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| 2      | L2070 Road  |   |   | 1 931 767.67                       | DOT              |
|        | 4. Extension of Soul city   | 12  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 5. Zayeka sport Field   | 18  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 6. Rehabilitation of Hall   |   |   | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | 7. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |   | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 3 |   |   |   |                                    |                  |
| 3      | 1. Tarring of Mbongwa Road at Msunduzi area (Public Road with High Traffic Volume). | 12  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 2. Upgrading of roads in all VDs of the Ward  | 12  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Nduna Dlamini Road  |   |   | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|        | Dlungwane Road  |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Khalweni Road   |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Skhakhane Road  |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Khokho Road   |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 3. Upgrading of access roads in all Areas that constitute a Ward                    | 12  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Polokwane Road  |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Siwelile Road   |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 4. Construction of RDP houses   | 14  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 5. Construction of a clinic at Mpande area  | 16  |   | 4 071 000                          |                  |
|        | 6. Rehabilitation of Hall   |   |   |                                    | Council          |
|        | 7. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |   | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 4 |   |   |   |                                    |                  |
| 4      | 1. D 1138 Road at KwaShange   | 18  | I/504125.029<br>MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLE-<br>LA-WARD 4 |                                    |                  |
|        | L1436 Road  |   |   | 1 100 556.64                       | DOT              |
|        | L1456 Road  |   |   | 1 430 394.39                       | DOT              |
|        | L1474 Road  |   |   | 1 097 826.98                       | DOT              |
|        | L1494 (L1894) Road  |   |   | 517 753.68                         | DOT              |
|        | L2401 Road  |   |   | 781 660.47                         | DOT              |
|        | L2997 Road  |   |   | 641 386.81                         | DOT              |
|        | L2998 Road  |   |   | 2 105 531.61                       | DOT              |
|        | D2215 Road  |   |   | 1 449 205.19                       |                  |
|        | D2339 Road  |   |   | 883 661.70                         |                  |
|        | D2340 Road  |   |   | 883 661.70                         |                  |
|        | P120 Road   |   |   |                                    | DOT              |
|        | 2. Water extension pipe at Ndeleshane, Eshowe and Shange                            | 18  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 3. Rehabilitation of D2341 Mvundlweni   | 12  |   | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|        | 4. Henley Dam bridge  | 16  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 5. Community hall rehabilitation  | 10  |   | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | 6. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |   |                                    | Council          |
| WARD 5 |   |   |   |                                    |                  |
| 5      | 1. Upgrade Mbuzemhlope Road<br>(D2344)  | 12  | I/504125.043<br>MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VUL-WARD<br>5          |                                    |                  |



|           | AUDICIDAL VI  | // DD \  \= = 0.5                                 | 22 222 4 222 4  |                                    |                  |
|-----------|---|---|---|------------------------------------|------------------|
|           | MUNICIPAL V   | VARD NEEDS FO                                     | JR 2024-2024  |                                    |                  |
| WARD      | COMMUNITY NEEDS   | PROJECT<br>PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2  | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| 5         | L1455 Road  |   |   |                                    | DOT              |
|           | L2622 Road  |   |   | 890 815.01                         |                  |
|           | L2672 Road  |   |   | 320 693.40                         | _                |
|           | D2341 Road  |   |   | 1 418 696.77                       |                  |
|           | 2. Upgrade D1134  | 12  |   | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|           | 3. Phase 2 Concrete Jakalase Road   | 12  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|           | 4. Phase 2 Concrete Ngqemane Road   | 12  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|           | 5. Upgrade Makhaye Road   | 12  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|           | 6. Rehabilitation of Hall   |   |   |                                    | Council          |
|           | 7. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |   | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 6    |   | 40  |   | 4 000 000                          | D.C. 14 D        |
| 6         | 1. Reconstruction of Mbhekeni Road  | 12  |   |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|           | L1465 Road  |   |   | 575 281.86                         |                  |
|           | L800 Road   |   |   | 492 119.51                         |                  |
|           | 2. Construction of KwaDeda Community hall   | 14  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|           | 3. Ntembeni and Qanda Network Ariel   | 18  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|           | 4. High Mastlight   | 14  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|           | Rehabilitation of hall  |   |   |                                    | Council          |
| \\\\ DD = | 5. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |   | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 7    |   | 42  | 1/50//05 02/  |                                    |                  |
| 7         | 1. Nomo Nkabini road tarring.   | 12  | I/504125.031<br>MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLE-<br>LA-WARD 7 |                                    |                  |
|           | Rehabilitation of roads   |   |   | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|           | 2. Zinqamu paving and Market stalls.  | 18  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|           | 3. VA Ngcobo multi- purpose centre.   | 10  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|           | 4. Mbabane hall.  | 12  | I/403243.008<br>MIG:Z1:WARD 7<br>COMMUNITY HALL                 | 500 000                            | Council          |
|           | 5. Mncane road tarring.   | 12  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|           | Public lighting maintenanace  |   |   | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 8    |   |   |   |                                    |                  |
| 8         | D1122 Road  |   |   | 3 007 745.16                       |                  |
|           | D1139 Road  |   |   | 1 879 840.73                       |                  |
|           | L1467 Road  |   |   | 463 223.81                         |                  |
|           | L809 Road   |   |   | 1 503 872.58                       |                  |
|           | D2206 Road  | 10  |   | 285 735.79                         |                  |
|           | 2. Upgrade access at road: Ndlovu,  | 10  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|           | Ngalo Road, Bhengu Road, Zwane<br>Road, Emaswazini Primary Bus road,  |   |   |                                    |                  |
|           | Emaswazini Ntuli road up tp mafakati-<br>ni road, Maswazini Mlotshwa road,<br>Mangethe Road and Khalambhaza<br>Road |   |   |                                    |                  |
|           | 3. Upgrade access road : Gogo Zondi road up to Ngubane road : Mncwabe and Mbense road                               | 10  |   | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|           | 4. Upgrade access road : Zimu road and Ntuli road   | 10  |   | F02 022                            | Nil              |
|           | Rehabilitation of hall  |   |   | 500 000                            | Council          |



|               | MUNICIPAL V   | VARD NEEDS F                                      | OR 2024-2024  |                                    |                  |
|---------------|---|---|---|------------------------------------|------------------|
| WARD          | COMMUNITY NEEDS   | PROJECT<br>PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2  | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| 8             | 5. Public lighting maintenanace                                     |   |   | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 9        |   |   |   |                                    |                  |
| 9             | 1. Hlela road needs to be upgraded                                  | 10  | I/504125.033<br>MIG:Z1:<br>UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLE-<br>LA-WARD 9 | 1,347, 001                         |                  |
|               | Rehabilitation of roads   |   |   | 1 000 000                          | Council          |
|               | 2. Ngcendomhlophe Community Hall                                    | 14  |   | 500 000                            | Council          |
|               | 3. Mangeleni road needs to be upgraded                              | 10  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | 4. Councillors Office.  | 14  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | 5. Buthelezi hall for upgrade concrete                              | 10  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | 6. Public lighting maintenanace                                     |   |   | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 1        |   |   |   |                                    |                  |
| 10            | 1. Sewer Pipe   | 18  | I/504202.016<br>MIG:Z2: VULINDLE-<br>LA H/HOLD SANI-<br>TATION-W10  |                                    |                  |
|               | <ul> <li>Completion of khethindlela project</li> </ul>              |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | 2. Road Construction and Upgrade of Access Roads                    | 12  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | Azalea Section 4  |   |   | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|               | Main Road   |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | 3. Establishment of High School                                     | 16  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | 4. High Master Light  | 16  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | <ul> <li>Vubamasi</li> </ul>  |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | Mtaliyani   |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | Azalea Taxi Rank  |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | Azalea sSection 16  |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | Azalea Section 4  |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | 5. School Children Foot Bridge                                      | 18  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | 6. Rehabilitation of Hall   |   |   |                                    | Council          |
|               | 7. Public lighting maintenanace                                     |   |   | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 1        |   |   |   |                                    | NI               |
| 11            | 1. Installation of high mast light. Unit H, tafuleni and Mahlathini | 10  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | 2. Construction of Multipurpose centre-<br>unit H                   | 10  |   | 500.000                            | Nil              |
|               | Rehabilitation of Hall  | 10  |   | 500 000                            | Council          |
|               | 3. Construction of Access roads Mahlathini                          | 10  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | Rehabilitation of roads   |   |   | 1 000 000                          |                  |
|               | 4. Water -upper snathing Tafuleni                                   | 12  |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | 5. 4 room RDP houses  | 12  |   | F00 000                            | Nil              |
| \\\ A B B B B | 6. Public lighting maintenanace                                     |   |   | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 1        |   |   |   | 1 000 000                          | DG M Das da      |
| 12            | 1. Road maintenance   |   |   | 1 000 000                          | R& M Roads       |
|               | Mavimbela Road  |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | Station Road  |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | Masoeu Road   |   |   |                                    | Nil              |
|               | Mtolo Area  |   |   |                                    | Nil              |



|        | MUNICIPAL V   | VARD NEEDS FO                                     | OR 2024-2024         |                                    |                  |
|--------|---|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| WARD   | COMMUNITY NEEDS   | PROJECT<br>PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2 | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| 12     | Shembe Area   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 2. Street lights maintenance  | 14  |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | Scott's Street  |   |                      |                                    | nil              |
|        | Waterfall Road  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Esigodini VD  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Nkosi Road  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Mavimbela Road  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | YMCA VD   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Shembe Area   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Mashumi Road  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Edendale Main Road / Selby  |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | Msimang   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | Emgodini VD   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Emgodini Main Road  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Georgetown VD   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | <ul> <li>Snathing Road</li> </ul>   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | St Martin's VD  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Caluza Road   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Mavimbela Area  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 3. Rehabilitation of YMCA Hall  |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | 4. Rehabilitation of Sports facilities                                      | 16  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Wadley Stadium  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Esigodini Sports Field  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 5. Youth Development Centre to be built at Esigodini VD                     | 12  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 6. Construction of 2 bridges  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Emgodini VD Will connect to Smero   | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Edendale Tech VD (Tebetebe)   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 7. Construction of Concrete Roads   | 12  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Emgodini VD   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Mtolo Road Edendale Tech VD   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Khambule Road Esigodini VD  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Shembe Area Road's Georgetown VD  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 8. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 1 |   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
| 13     | 1. Maintenance of gravel roads in Kwa<br>Nyamazane                          | 12  |                      | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|        | 2. Resurfacing of Main Road in France area                                  | 14  |                      |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|        | 3. Fixing of Street Lights in Slangspruit, France, Westgate and Buffer area | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Overheadline maintenance (MV and LV)  |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | Mkondeni Substation maintenance and Mudock White secondary sub              |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | Servitude clearance   |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | 4. Rehabilitation of Hall   |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | 5. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 1 |   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
| 14     | 1. Roads to be resurfaced   | 12  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Ezakhiweni Road   |   |                      | 1 000 000                          | Council          |
|        | Creshi Road   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |



|        | MUNICIPAL WARD NEEDS FOR 2024-2024  |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|--------|---|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| WARD   | COMMUNITY NEEDS   | PROJECT<br>PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2 | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| 14     | Phetha Road   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Mkhizobomvu Road  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Tomu Road   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Emathuneni Road   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Nxumalo Road  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Sfutha Road   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Shiya Road  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Madiba Road   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Soweto Road   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Nxele Road  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 2. 10 Master lights   | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 3. Steady supply of water and Sanita-   | 20  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | tion  |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | Ezakhiweni and Tomu   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 4. RDP housing  | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Phupha and Khuzwayo Housing   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 5. Upgrading of Sporting facilities   | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Bhakabhu Sportsfield  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Rehabilitation of Hall  |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | 6. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 1 |   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
| 15     | 1. Intage Project at Mageleni   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 2. Housing Slabs and Roofing in Unit 18,  | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | T1, T2 and T3   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | 3. Construction of outside gym at Chakide Road open space   | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 4. Speed Humps (Unit 18, Mlahlankosi Road) and construction of walk-way in                                      | 10  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Unit 18.  | 10  |                      |                                    | N. P. C.         |
|        | Streetlights Installation and Repairs   | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Rehabilitation of roads   |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|        | Rehabilitation of Hall  |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | 5. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 1 |   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
| 16     | 1. Roads maintenance  | 12  |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | <ul> <li>Kwa-Pata Main Road needs to be</li> </ul>  |   |                      | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|        | reconstructed.  |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | Pata Road (Marabi Junction)   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | VJ Road (Unit J)  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | VJ Road Ext (Unit J)  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Maxhaye Road (Unit J)   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Khanyile Road (Unit J)  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Nsele Road  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 2. Construction of speed humps  | 10  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | <ul> <li>Bongudunga Road for Tollgate to<br/>Sportsfield Road Dambuza needs to<br/>be reconstructed.</li> </ul> | 12  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 3. High Mast Lights in Unit J Area  | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Kwa-Pata Area   | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        |   | 14  |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | 4. Kwa-Pata Multi-purpose Centre, Toll-<br>gate Area Ward 16  | 16  |                      | F00.000                            | Nil              |
|        | 5. Unit J Hall maintenance  |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |



|        | ALIMICIDAL  | (ABB NEEDS E                                      | 3B 303 / 303 /       |                                    |                  |
|--------|---|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
|        | MUNICIPAL W   | VARD NEEDS FO                                     | OR 2024-2024         |                                    |                  |
| WARD   | COMMUNITY NEEDS   | PROJECT<br>PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2 | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| 16     | 5. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | Politique Road  |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | Njabulo Road Unit J   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | Entire Ward 16 street lights  |   |                      |                                    |                  |
| WARD 1 |   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
| 17     | 1. Construction of sanitation facilities/<br>sewer lines                    | 20  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | • BB4, BB5 ,EE  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 2. Construction of roads - access roads                                     | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | BB5, BB6, Shawela   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 3. Construction Park with Swimming pool                                     | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Along Willowfountain Road   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 4. Fixing of roads which are severe damaged                                 | 12  |                      | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|        | • AA, BB1, BB3, BB5 & EE  |   |                      |                                    | CC               |
|        | 5. Construction of sport facility   | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | BB for soccer and netball   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Rehabilitation of Hall  |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | 6. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 1 |   | 10  |                      |                                    |                  |
| 18     | 1. Construction of France Main Community hall                               | 10  |                      | 500.000                            | Nil              |
|        | Rehabilitation of Hall  | 20  |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | 2. Sanitation (Sewage pipe)   | 20  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 3. Tarred/Concrete road (Thornvile area main roads)                         | 12  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Rehabilitation of Roads   |   |                      | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|        | 4. Mpumelelo Multi-purpose and Skills Development centre (in Umvuzo omdala) | 16  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 5. Refuse Collection  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Mkondeni Substation maintenance and Mudock White secondary sub              |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | 6. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 1 | 19  |   |                      |                                    |                  |
| 19     | 1. Clinic (Funulwazi)   | 16  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 2. Installation of Street lights and mas-                                   | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | ter lights (on all roads that has broken street lights)                     |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | 3. Construction of Roads (Sangspruit access road)                           | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Rehabilitation of Roads   |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|        | Rehabilitation of Hall  |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | 4. Agricultural Assistance (Slangspruit)                                    | 16  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 5. Construction of Library (Imbali 1 next to Rise and Shine private crèche) | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 6. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 2 |   |   |                      |                                    | D.C. III D.      |
| 20     | 1. Roads to be fixed  | 14  |                      | 4 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|        | Mgaga Road     Msamani Baad   |   |                      | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|        | Msomeni Road  |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads      |



|        | MUNICIPAL W  | ARD NEEDS FO                                      | OR 2024-2024         |                                    |                  |
|--------|--|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| WARD   | COMMUNITY NEEDS  | PROJECT<br>PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2 | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| 20     | Onyukayo Caluza Road   |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|        | Esgxotsheni Road   |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|        | KaSibisi Road  |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|        | Ndwedwe Road   |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|        | Ngcobo Estobili Road   |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|        | 2. Construction of Bridge  | 16  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | From Harewood to Macibisa  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Semro to Sgodini   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Smero to Edendale  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 3. Installation of High master lights                                | 12  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 4. Housing of 1000 Units in Harewood,<br>Semero and Caluza           | 20  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Caluza Clinic (Additional parking)                                   |   |                      | 1 700 000                          |                  |
|        | 5. Lot 118 Road in Caluza to be built.                               | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 6. Rehabilitation of Hall  |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | 7. Public lighting maintenanace                                      |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 2 |  |   |                      |                                    |                  |
| 21     | 1. Clinic  | 16  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | At Thuthuka Store in Sakhamuzi VD                                    |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 2. Library   | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | <ul> <li>Vacant land Next to Sakhamuzi Hall</li> </ul>               |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 3. Access Roads  | 12  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Rehabilitation of Roads  |   |                      | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|        | <ul> <li>Mbhaniza, area C in Sakhamuzi VD</li> </ul>                 |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Philani, area D in Sanizwili VD                                      |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | <ul> <li>Nqayi residence, area B Gugulethu<br/>VD</li> </ul>         |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | <ul> <li>Sfiso Zondi, area C in Sakhamuzi VD</li> </ul>              |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 4. Renovation of Sports Ground                                       | 20  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | <ul> <li>Dambuza entabeni area C</li> <li>Damcom VD</li> </ul>       |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 5. Sewage (or Sewage system)   | 20  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Ntaba Road in Gugulethu VD   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 6. Rehabilitation of Hall  |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | 7. Public lighting maintenanace                                      | 16  |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 2 |  |   |                      |                                    |                  |
| 22     | 1. Construction of library in Imbali Unit 3                          | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 2. Road maintenance  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Old Pata/ Dambuza Road   |   |                      | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|        | Dlaba Road- The Gravel road  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Fetsem/ Ntayi Road- Unit 3   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | John Mabulala Road- Unit CC  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Natshi Road- Machibisa   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Madamini Road- Machibisa   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Hadebe Road- Machibisa   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Slovo Area- Gravel Road  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Unit 4- gravel road  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 3. Repair Hall- John Mabulala at<br>Machibisa                        |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | 4. Installation of high master lights in strategic areas of the Ward | 12  |                      |                                    | Nil              |



|                  | MUNICIPAL W  | ARD NEEDS FO                                      | OR 2024-2024                     |                                    |                      |
|------------------|--|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|
| WARD             | COMMUNITY NEEDS  | PROJECT<br>PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2             | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source     |
| 22               | 5. Tar road in Ndawonde Road in  | 14  |                                  |                                    | Nil                  |
|                  | Machibisa, John Mabulala near the hall, Tehuis area, Mfokeng road, Madamini Area   |   |                                  |                                    |                      |
|                  | 6. Construction of Community hall in Imbali unit 3 and CC  | 13  |                                  |                                    | Nil                  |
|                  | 7. RDP houses and sewerage system in Machibisa, Laycentre area and Slovo   | 22  |                                  |                                    | Nil                  |
|                  | 8. Edendale Hospital (maintenance and refurbishment)   |   |                                  | 20 700 000                         |                      |
| WARD 2           | 9. Public lighting maintenanace  |   |                                  | 500 000                            | Council              |
| 23               | 1. Ashdown Sports Arena (Ashdown Hall  | 18  |                                  |                                    | Nil                  |
|                  | and Ashdown Stadium Upgrade )  |   |                                  |                                    |                      |
|                  | 2. Peace Valley 2 Community Hall   | 12  |                                  | 500 000                            | Council              |
|                  | 3. Transit Area Sewer and Storm-water Upgrade  | 20  |                                  |                                    | Nil                  |
|                  | 4. Ashdown Storm-water Upgrade   | 16  |                                  |                                    | Nil                  |
|                  | 5. Ashdown Roads Upgrade   | 12  |                                  |                                    | Nil                  |
|                  | Overheadline maintenanace  |   |                                  |                                    | Council              |
|                  | Masons Substation maintenance, Sutherland sub normalisation and  |   |                                  |                                    | Council              |
|                  | Servitude clearance  |   |                                  |                                    | Council              |
|                  | 6. Rehabilitation of Roads   | 10  |                                  |                                    | R&M roads            |
| WARD 2           | 7. Public lighting maintenanace  | 12  |                                  | 500 000                            | Council              |
| 24               | Speed Humps at the Following areas:  | 12  |                                  |                                    | Nil                  |
|                  | 1. Oribi Road, South Gate Spa Ro-  |   |                                  |                                    | Nil                  |
|                  | bots, Reggie Radebe R56 and R56  |   |                                  |                                    |                      |
|                  | Cross-Junction on Blydon and Karel   |   |                                  |                                    |                      |
|                  | Landman, Grange Cross-Junction of  |   |                                  |                                    |                      |
|                  | Turnbull and White Road, Holder Road, Bisley and Dixon Road.   |   |                                  |                                    |                      |
|                  | 2. Railway line to be fenced by Transnet at Southlands, Bisley and Fairmead.   | 18  |                                  |                                    | Nil                  |
|                  | 3. Sports Facilities at Southlands,<br>Grange, Ridge Park, Westgate, Orib vil-<br>lage and Bisley: Richmond Crest, Alex- | 16  |                                  |                                    | Nil                  |
|                  | andra Extension and Bisley Heights. Rehabilitation of Roads  |   |                                  | 1 000 000                          | DGM roads            |
|                  | 4. Upgrading, Rennovation and Furnish-   | 12  | 1/403243.010                     |                                    | R&M roads<br>Council |
|                  | ing of Orib and Grange Hall.   | 12  | MIG:Z4:WARD 24<br>COMMUNITY HALL | 300 000                            | Council              |
|                  | 5. Multi-purpose Centre.   | 14  |                                  |                                    | Nil                  |
|                  | Overheadline maintenanace  |   |                                  |                                    | Council              |
|                  | Masons Substation maintenance, Alex/Calton and Alex/French   |   |                                  |                                    | Council              |
|                  | Servitude clearance  |   |                                  |                                    | Council              |
| WARD O           | Public lighting maintenanace   |   |                                  | 500 000                            | Council              |
| <b>WARD 2</b> 25 |  | 20  |                                  |                                    |                      |
| 23               | 1. Electricity System Replacement And Upgrade  | 20  |                                  |                                    |                      |

| MUNICIPAL WARD NEEDS FOR 2024-2024 |   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|------------------------------------|---|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| WARD                               | COMMUNITY NEEDS   | PROJECT<br>PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2 | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| 25                                 | 2. Water And Sanitation Upgrade   | 20  |                      |                                    |                  |
|                                    | Overheadline maintenanace   |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|                                    | Retief Substation, Pine Substation, Town-                                       |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|                                    | bush/McCarthy and Chaterton/Heslop  |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|                                    | maintenance   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|                                    | 3. Roads Resurfacing  | 12  |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|                                    | Priority 1: Alan Hirst Drive  |   |                      | 1 000 000                          | R&M roads        |
|                                    | Priority 2: Connor Road   |   |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|                                    | Priority 3: Montgomery Drive  |   |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|                                    | Priority 4: Linscott Road   |   |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|                                    | Priority 5: Old Howick Road   |   |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|                                    | Priority 6: Loveday Road  |   |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|                                    | Priority (Secondary): Hyslop Road   |   |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|                                    | Priority (Secondary): Howick Road  Priority (Secondary): Polyanta Road          |   |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|                                    | Priority (Secondary): Roberts Road  Priority (Secondary): Tourston Road         |   |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|                                    | Priority (Secondary): Taunton Road  |   |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|                                    | <ul> <li>Priority (Secondary): Chase Valley<br/>Road</li> </ul>                 |   |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|                                    | • Priority (Secondary): Townbush Road   |   |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|                                    | 4. Upgrading Of Streetlights To Rechargeable Solar LED                          | 12  |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|                                    | 5. Upgrading Of Storm Water Drainage  | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | 6. Townhill Office Park ( accommoda-  |   |                      | 125 000 000                        | DPW              |
|                                    | tion lease agreements)  |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|                                    | Townhill Office Park ( maintenance of gardens & grounds)                        |   |                      | 42 000 000                         | DPW              |
|                                    | Servitude clearance   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|                                    | Rehabilitation of Hall  |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|                                    | 7. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
| WARD 2                             |   |   |                      | 300 000                            | Councit          |
| 26                                 | 1. RDP Houses in Peacevalley 3 for the  | 20  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | existing approved housing list.   | 40  |                      | 4 000 000                          | DC W             |
|                                    | 2. Upgrade and widening of Mayors Walk/Zwartkop Rds.                            | 18  |                      | 1 000 000                          | R&M roads        |
|                                    | 3. Upgrade, replacement and maintenance of current water and electricity        | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | infrastructure and inclusion of a reserve reservoir next to DV Harris Balancing |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|                                    | (Napierville reservoir)   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|                                    | Overheadline maintenanace   |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|                                    | 4. Community Hall   | 12  |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|                                    | 5. A Crèche in Peacevalley 3.   | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | Pine, Mayors Walk, Zwarkop Bridge and   |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|                                    | Alwyn/Arum substation maintenanace  |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|                                    | Servitude clearance   |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|                                    | 6. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 2                             |   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
| 27                                 | 1. Community centre at 128/130 Pine   | 16  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | Street including old taxi rank on the   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|                                    | corner of Havelock road.  |   |                      |                                    | N                |
|                                    | 2. Multi-purpose disaster and communi-  | 16  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | ty Centre.  |   |                      |                                    |                  |



|        | MINICIPAL W  | VARD NEEDS FO                          | OP 2024-2024         |                                    |                  |
|--------|--|--|----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
|        | MUNICIPAL V  | PROJECT                                | JR 2024-2024         |                                    |                  |
| WARD   | COMMUNITY NEEDS  | PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2 | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| 27     | Rehabilitation of Hall   |  |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | Prince Alfred, Pine, Pieter Maritz/West,<br>Victoria/West and Winstone/Nestle and              |  |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | Church/Lambert maintenance   |  |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | 4. Extension of tarred surfaces to the gutters   | 18                                     |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|        | • West,  |  |                      | 1 000 000                          | R&M roads        |
|        | Pietermaritz   |  |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|        | Boom Street.   |  |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|        | Dales park fencing and security up-<br>grade of sports facilities especially net<br>ball field | 16                                     |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 5. Public lighting maintenanace  |  |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 2 | 28   |  |                      |                                    |                  |
| 28     | 1. SUBSTATIONS   | 24                                     |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | All Substations to be maintained. Writ-  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | ten feedback to be given to Councillor   |  |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | on a regular basis.  |  |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | 2. SPEED HUMPS   | 12                                     |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 30 Speed bumps to be erected over a  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 5-year period.   |  |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | Each school within ward 28, requires 3   |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | speedbumps each i.e.   |  |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | Heather Secondary  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Silver Heights   |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Kharina Secondary  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Ridgeview Primary  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Suncrest Primary   |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Regina Primary   |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | The following Roads within ward 28, re-  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | quires 3 speedbumps each ie:  Regina Road  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Khan Road  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Ganges Road  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Firwood Road   |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | TOTAL = 30   |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 3. RESURFACING OF THE FOLLOWING  | 16                                     |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|        | ROADS  | 10                                     |                      | 4 000 000                          |                  |
|        | • Crocus   |  |                      | 1 000 000                          | R&M roads        |
|        | Belfort  |  |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|        | Regina   |  |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|        | • Lucia  |  |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|        | • Ganges   |  |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|        | • Khan   |  |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|        | • Erna   |  |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|        | Himalaya   |  |                      |                                    | R&M roads        |
|        | 4. SEWERS /STORM WATER DRAINS  | 20                                     |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | The current systems cannot contain   |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | the current capacity. This needs to be   |  |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | managed and measures need to be  |  |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | put in place to accommodate the high capacity.   |  |                      |                                    |                  |

|        | MUNICIPAL V  | VARD NEEDS FO                                     | OR 2024-2024         |                                    |                  |
|--------|--|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| WARD   | COMMUNITY NEEDS  | PROJECT<br>PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2 | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| 28     | 5. RENEW WATER PIPES   | 20  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Replace the asbestos pipes with PVC  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Overheadline maintenanace  |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | Northdale substation, Regina/Bombay,   |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | Khan/Bombay maintenance  |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | Servitude clearance  |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | Rehabilitation of Hall   |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | 6. Public lighting maintenanace  |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 2 | 29   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
| 29     | 1. Housing Project of 3000 units for Pakisi Area   | 20  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 2. The underground electricity cable from Northdale Substation to Amethyst Alabaster Substation in Copesville.                             | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 3. Upgrading of Copesville Sports Ground   | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 4. Copesville Old Age Home /Rehab<br>Center  | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Rehabilitation of Hall   |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | 5. Housing Project of 3000 units for Masons Area   | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Overheadline maintenanace  |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | Northdale substation, Alabster/Amethyst Executive/Bayat maintenance  |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | Servitude Clearance  |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | Rehabilitation of Roads  |   |                      | 1 000 000                          | R&M roads        |
|        | 6. Public lighting maintenanace  |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 3 |  |   |                      |                                    |                  |
| 30     | 1. Canalization - Linum road to Baijoo<br>Road   | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Rehabilitation of Roads  |   |                      | 1 000 000                          | R&M roads        |
|        | 2. Refurbishment and Maintenance of Sports Facilities - Protea Grounds   | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Rehabilitation of Hall   | 20  |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | 3. Relocation of Informal Settlement at Khan Road  | 20  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 4. New Fencing with a gate at Sohan Crescent Reservoir and Maintenance at Sohan Crescent Reservoir   | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 5. Reservoir to be built at Ezinketheni  | 20  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Overheadline maintenanace  |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | Northdale substation, Khan/Zubeida, Executive/Bayat, Mayso/Lahor maintenance   |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | Servitude clearance  |   |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | 6. Public lighting maintenanace  |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 3 |  |   |                      |                                    |                  |
| 31     | 1. Electricity Upgrade- There is an urgent need for electricity Infrastructure upgrade residents are without electricity for days and days | 22  |                      |                                    | Nil              |



|        | MUNICIPAL WARD NEEDS FOR 2024-2024  |  |                   |                                    |                  |
|--------|---|--|-------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| WARD   | COMMUNITY NEEDS   | PROJECT PRIORITISA- TION SCORE OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT Q2 | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| 31     | 2. Water Upgrade- Common areas af-  | 22                                       |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | fected are: Cora Rd, Nerina, Olympia,   |  |                   |                                    |                  |
|        | Kingston, Balhambra, Innes  | 4.4                                      |                   |                                    | Mil              |
|        | 3. Widening of Bangalore Road and Mysore Road   | 14                                       |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 4. Resurfacing of roads- Dahlia Road,<br>Munireddy Road, Mysore Road, Tajood-<br>een Rd, Aintree Avenue | 14                                       |                   | 1 000 000                          | R&M roads        |
|        | 5. Replacement of Street Lights   | 18                                       |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | • 10 Kanai Rd   |  |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | • 25 - 40 Ruby Cr   |  |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | <ul> <li>Gandhi Rd From Mysore Rd to<br/>Balhambra Way</li> </ul>                                       |  |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 8 Olive Cr  |  |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | • 5 - 15 Stella Rd  |  |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | • 10 - 12 Mecca Rd  |  |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | • 8, 38,50 & 58 Doris Cr  |  |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | • 38, 42, 48 Cora Rd  |  |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 85 Jinnah Rd Overheadline maintenanace  |  |                   |                                    | Nil<br>Council   |
|        |   |  |                   |                                    |                  |
|        | Northdale substation, Mayso/Lahor and Bombay/Ester Payne, mainte-                                       |  |                   |                                    | Council          |
|        | nance   |  |                   |                                    |                  |
|        | Servitude clearance   |  |                   |                                    | Council          |
|        | Rehabilitation of Hall  |  |                   | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | 6. Public lighting maintenanace   |  |                   |                                    | Council          |
| WARD 3 | 32  |  |                   |                                    |                  |
| 32     | 1. Housing  | 24                                       |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | <ul> <li>Woodlands</li> </ul>   |  |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Yellow-wood   |  |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | • Site 11   |  |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | eMalahleni/Coal yard  |  |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Woodlands Ext   |  |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Northdale-Lotus park     Second read with from weedlands.   | 20                                       |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | <ul><li>2. Second road exit from woodlands</li><li>3. Roads Resurfacing</li></ul>                       | 20<br>14                                 |                   |                                    | Nil<br>R&M roads |
|        | Woodlands   | 14                                       |                   | 1 000 000                          | R&M roads        |
|        | Northdale   |  |                   | 1 000 000                          | R&M roads        |
|        | Lower town  |  |                   |                                    | R&M roads        |
|        | 4. Upgrade Northdale sewer & water  | 18                                       |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | systems   | 42                                       |                   |                                    | Net              |
|        | 5. Gender based violence shelter  | 12                                       |                   |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Overheadline maintenanace   |  |                   |                                    | Council          |
|        | Riverside, Retief, Northdale substation,<br>Mayso/Lahor and Brookside Mall and                          |  |                   |                                    | Council          |
|        | Echo Bulwer substaions maintenance  |  |                   |                                    |                  |
|        | Servitude Clearance   |  |                   |                                    | Council          |
|        | Rehabilitation of Hall  |  |                   | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | 6. Public lighting maintenanace   |  |                   |                                    | Council          |
| WARD 3 |   |  |                   |                                    |                  |
| 33     | 1. Manor Flats - Transfer of ownership  | 10                                       |                   |                                    | Nil              |



|            | MUNICIPAL V  | VARD NEEDS FO                                     | OR 2024-2024 |                                    |                  |
|------------|--|---|--------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| WARD       | COMMUNITY NEEDS  | PROJECT<br>PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 |              | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| 33         | 2. Extension of the Ward Office to in-                             | 12  |              |                                    | Nil              |
|            | clude a community hall. Rehabilitation of Hall                     |   |              | 500 000                            | Council          |
|            | 3. Installation of Solar Street Lights                             | 20  |              | 300 000                            | Nil              |
|            | 4. Central - Scottsville bowling club                              | 10  |              |                                    | Nil              |
|            | to be allocated to Scottsville Primary<br>School                   |   |              |                                    |                  |
|            | 5. Sportsfield were Shacks were demolished                         | 20  |              |                                    | Nil              |
|            | Overheadline maintenanace  |   |              |                                    | Council          |
|            | Woodburn substation maintenance                                    |   |              |                                    | Council          |
|            | Servitude clearance  |   |              | 4 000 000                          | Council          |
|            | Rehabilitation of Roads  |   |              |                                    | R&M roads        |
| WARD 3     | 6. Public lighting maintenanace                                    |   |              | 500 000                            | Council          |
| 34         | 1. 4 high mast lights  | 14  |              |                                    | Nil              |
| <b>J</b> . | 2. Making an area called Slaphin in                                | 14  |              |                                    | Nil              |
|            | Cinderella A as a Sport Centre for Kids with fencing around.       |   |              |                                    |                  |
|            | 3. Panorama Entrance Park for Kids                                 | 18  |              |                                    | Nil              |
|            | 4. Turning the Eastwood Tennis Court into an Indoor Soccer Ground. | 10  |              |                                    | Nil              |
|            | 5. Finishing of Speed Humps for the whole of Ward 34.              | 10  |              |                                    | Nil              |
|            | Overheadline maintenanace  |   |              |                                    | Council          |
|            | Riverside substation maintenance                                   |   |              |                                    | Council          |
|            | Servitude clearance  |   |              | 4 000 000                          | Council          |
|            | Rehabilitation of Roads  |   |              |                                    | R&M roads        |
|            | Rehabilitation of Hall  6. Public lighting maintenanace            |   |              |                                    | Council Council  |
| WARD 3     |  |   |              | 300 000                            | Councit          |
| 35         | Sobantu Hall- Mfenendala Community Hall                            | 14  |              | 500 000                            |                  |
|            | 2. Administration Office   | 14  |              |                                    | Council          |
|            | 3. Construction of computer hub at Sobantu Council Chamber         | 14  |              |                                    | Council          |
|            | 4. Sewer Pipes expansion   | 20  |              |                                    | Nil              |
|            | 5. Nie Radebe Sport Field precinct/in-                             | 22  |              |                                    | Nil              |
|            | cluding tennis /basketball court  Overheadline maintenanace        |   |              |                                    | Council          |
|            | Riverside and Hesketh substation main-                             |   |              |                                    | Council          |
|            | tenance Servitude Clearance  |   |              |                                    | Council          |
|            | Rehabilitation of Roads  |   |              | 1 000 000                          | R&M roads        |
|            | 6. Public lighting maintenanace                                    |   |              |                                    | Council          |
| WARD 3     |  |   |              |                                    |                  |
| 36         | 1. Road Resurfacing:   | 18  |              |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|            | Crestview Road   |   |              | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|            | Oak Lane   |   |              |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|            | Iris Road  |   |              |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|            | Oleander Road  |   |              |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|            | Lynn Roy Road  |   |              |                                    | R & M Roads      |



| MUNICIPAL WARD NEEDS FOR 2024-2024 |  |   |                      |                                    |                            |
|------------------------------------|--|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| WARD                               | COMMUNITY NEEDS  | PROJECT<br>PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2 | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source           |
| 36                                 | Petrea Road  |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads                |
|                                    | Thomas Watkins Road  |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads                |
|                                    | Ayrshire Road  |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads                |
|                                    | Hereford Circle  |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads                |
|                                    | Halstead Road     Fidens Black   |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads                |
|                                    | <ul><li>Edison Place</li><li>CB Downs Road</li></ul>   |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads<br>R & M Roads |
|                                    | Leinster Road  |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads                |
|                                    | Walter Hall Road   |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads                |
|                                    | Richie Road  |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads                |
|                                    | Washington Road  |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads                |
|                                    | Fairtree Road  |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads                |
|                                    | Watsonia Road  |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads                |
|                                    | Mord Avenue  |   |                      |                                    | R & M Roads                |
|                                    | 2. Road Widening:  | 18  |                      |                                    | Nil                        |
|                                    | Alexandria Road  |   |                      |                                    | Nil                        |
|                                    | 3. Upgrade and increase capacity all electrical sub-stations to prevent frequent outpages                                      | 26  |                      |                                    | Nil                        |
|                                    | quent outages. 4. Renew all ageing pipelines to pre-   | 26  |                      |                                    | Nil                        |
|                                    | vent constant leaks and outages.   | 20  |                      |                                    | INIC                       |
|                                    | 5. Proper and controlled student ac-   | 26  |                      |                                    | Nil                        |
|                                    | commodation to be provided by the  | 20  |                      |                                    |                            |
|                                    | University/Government  |   |                      |                                    |                            |
|                                    | Overheadline maintenanace  Mkondeni substation maintenanace  |   |                      |                                    | Council                    |
|                                    |  |   |                      |                                    | Council                    |
|                                    | Rehabilitation of Hall   |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council                    |
|                                    | 6. Public lighting maintenanace  |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council                    |
| WARD 3                             |  |   |                      |                                    |                            |
| 37                                 | 1. SACCA INFORMAL SETTLEMENT   | 20  |                      |                                    | Nil                        |
|                                    | (Mkondeni/Shortts Retreat Road)  |   |                      |                                    |                            |
|                                    | Housing development  |   |                      |                                    | Nil                        |
|                                    | This is a desperate need for   |   |                      |                                    | Nil                        |
|                                    | approximately 3-4,000 informal   |   |                      |                                    |                            |
|                                    | people living in squalid conditions.  2. ASHBURTON and LYNNFIELD PARK  | 20  |                      |                                    | NI:1                       |
|                                    |  | 20  |                      |                                    | Nil                        |
|                                    | <ul> <li>Upgrading of water pipes and<br/>valves and provision of a separate<br/>water reservoir for Lynnfield Park</li> </ul> |   |                      |                                    | Nil                        |
|                                    | The current system is constantly   |   |                      |                                    | Nil                        |
|                                    | leaking - hazardous aging asbestos   |   |                      |                                    |                            |
|                                    | and cement-fibre and ferrous water   |   |                      |                                    |                            |
|                                    | pipes and valves now cause regular,  |   |                      |                                    |                            |
|                                    | up to 2 week, water outages.   |   |                      |                                    |                            |
|                                    | The reservoir at Ashburton is failing  |   |                      |                                    | Nil                        |
|                                    | to cater for the added load of the   |   |                      |                                    |                            |
|                                    | existing Lynnfield Park population.  |   |                      |                                    |                            |
|                                    | As both areas have been identified   |   |                      |                                    |                            |
|                                    | as development nodes, this   |   |                      |                                    |                            |
|                                    | infrastructure needs to cater for  |   |                      |                                    |                            |
|                                    | future population growth and   |   |                      |                                    |                            |
|                                    | residential current and future needs.  |   |                      |                                    |                            |



| MUNICIPAL WARD NEEDS FOR 2024-2024 |  |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|------------------------------------|--|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| WARD                               | COMMUNITY NEEDS  | PROJECT<br>PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2             | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| 37                                 | 3. EPWORTH   | 18  |                                  |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | Upgrading and maintenance of the main sewer system in Epworth                                |   |                                  |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | • This sewer system is badly in need of  |   |                                  |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | an upgrade (increasing capacity).  |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | Regular blockages and overflowing  |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | sewer vents are becoming a serious   |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | health hazard. 4. ASHBURTON/LYNNFIELD PARK   | 20  |                                  | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|                                    | Rehabilitation of roads and storm water  | 20  |                                  | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|                                    | drains.  |   |                                  |                                    | K & M Rodds      |
|                                    | • In Ashburton, especially Greenpoint  |   |                                  |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|                                    | Road, and in Lynnfield Park,   |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | especially Kingfisher, Newa,   |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | Margaret and Lynn Drives are beyond repair and need to be                                    |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | totally redone. A lack of storm water  |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | drains has caused major damage   |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | to properties during recent rains and  |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | needs urgent attention.  |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | 5. HAYFIELDS   | 14  |                                  |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | Speed calming interventions in Hesketh   |   |                                  |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | Drive, Rushmore, Dennis and Laurence   |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | Crescent   |   |                                  |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | <ul> <li>(or slurring of all damaged roads if calming interventions are not</li> </ul>       |   |                                  |                                    | INIL             |
|                                    | possible)  |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | Serious accidents, injuries and  |   |                                  |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | even deaths have occurred due to   |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | speed (especially in conjunction   |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | with alcohol abuse) and calming  |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | measures would significantly   |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | <ul><li>contribute to public safety.</li><li>If this is not possible, then the re-</li></ul> |   |                                  |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | slurring of damaged road surfaces  |   |                                  |                                    | INIL             |
|                                    | should be considered.  |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | Overheadline maintenanace  |   |                                  |                                    | Council          |
|                                    | Mkondeni and Hesketh substation  |   |                                  |                                    | Council          |
|                                    | maintenanace   |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | Servitude Clearance  |   |                                  | 500.000                            | Council          |
|                                    | Rehabilitation of Hall   |   |                                  |                                    | Council          |
| WARD 3                             | 6. Public lighting maintenanace  |   |                                  | 300 000                            | Council          |
| 38                                 | 1. North East Sector Tar Road  | 18  |                                  |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | 2. Sports ground grass planting and  | 18  |                                  |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | fencing.   |   |                                  |                                    |                  |
|                                    | 3. High Master Light in Glenwood   | 12  |                                  |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | 4. Thembalihle Community Hall  | 14  | 1/403243.007                     | 1, 036, 406                        | Nil              |
|                                    |  |   | MIG:Z5:WARD 38<br>COMMUNITY HALL |                                    |                  |
|                                    | Overheadline maintenanace  |   |                                  |                                    | Council          |



|        | MUNICIPAL WARD NEEDS FOR 2024-2024                                      |  |                      |                                    |                  |
|--------|---|--|----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
|        | MONICIFAL V   | PROJECT                                | JK 2024-2024         |                                    |                  |
| WARD   | COMMUNITY NEEDS   | PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2 | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| 38     | Riverside, Adela/Kinfisher and LesVan Wyk/Mastang substation maintenan- |  |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | ace   |  |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | 5. Roads and halls maintenance and street lights repair                 | 16                                     |                      | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|        | Hall maintenance  |  |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | 6. Public lighting maintenanace   |  |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 3 |   |  |                      |                                    |                  |
| 39     | 1. Upgrade of Access Roads into concrete/tar surface                    | 16                                     |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Umdlebe Road  |  |                      |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|        | D2541 Road  |  |                      | 883 661.70                         |                  |
|        | D2161 Road  |  |                      | -                                  | DOT              |
|        | • D1141 Road  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Mkheshekeni Roads   |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 2. OSS Housing Project  | 20                                     |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Ncwadi  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Vulingqondo   | 20                                     |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 3. Upgrade of Ncwadi Water Scheme<br>Booster Pumps                      | 20                                     |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 4. Renovations of Halls   | 14                                     |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | 5. Construction of Sportsgrounds/Kickabouts                             | 12                                     |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | 6. Public lighting maintenanace   |  |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 4 |   |  |                      |                                    |                  |
| 40     | 1. Renovation of Halls  | 12                                     |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | *MASHAKA HALL   |  |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|        | *EZIBOVINI HALL   |  |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | *OBHAQENI HALL     ********************************                     |  |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | *HALL ELINCANE  |  |                      |                                    |                  |
|        | Overheadline maintenanace   |  |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | Crossways substation maintenanace                                       |  |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | Servitude clearance   | 4.4                                    |                      |                                    | Council          |
|        | 2. High mast lights and Streetlight                                     | 14                                     |                      |                                    | Nil<br>Nil       |
|        | ENADI     STADILIM CROUNDINI  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | STADIUM GROUNDINI     CROMPTON  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | Upgrade of gravel Roads   | 14                                     |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | L2076 Road  | 14                                     |                      | 782 430.58                         |                  |
|        | L779 Road   |  |                      | 496 335.14                         |                  |
|        | D1135 Road  |  |                      |                                    | DOT              |
|        | • *D2069  |  |                      |                                    | R & M Roads      |
|        | *BALENI ROAD  |  |                      | 1 000 000                          | Nil              |
|        | *MBANJWA-MAPHANGA ROAD  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | * MPOHLWENI ROAD  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | * KHOZA ROAD  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | *CROMPTON ROAD  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | *BAPTIST CHURCH ROAD  |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | *EZIBOVINI ROAD   |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | MVELWENI ROAD   |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | MANANA ROAD   |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|        | VUMBULUKWANE ROAD   |  |                      |                                    | Nil              |

| MUNICIPAL WARD NEEDS FOR 2024-2024 |   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
|------------------------------------|---|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| WARD                               | COMMUNITY NEEDS   | PROJECT<br>PRIORITISA-<br>TION SCORE<br>OUT OF 30 | PROGRESS AS AT<br>Q2 | PROJECT-<br>ED BUDGET<br>2024-2024 | Budget<br>Source |
| 40                                 | KAPILE ROAD   |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | 4. RDP Houses   | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | • In all VDs  |   |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | 5. 2. SWEETWATERS MULTIPURPOSE CENTRE                                   | 16  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | 6. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
| WARD 4                             | 1   |   |                      |                                    |                  |
| 41                                 | 1. Suwer Unit 14  | 20  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | <ul><li>2. High Mastlights - Unit 14/ Unit 2/ Unit</li><li>13</li></ul> | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | 3. Rehabilitation of Roads Unit 14/ Unit 13/ Unit 2                     | 14  |                      | 1 000 000                          | R & M Roads      |
|                                    | 4. Unit 2 Hall  | 12  |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |
|                                    | 5. RDP Houses Unit 13/ Unit 14  | 14  |                      |                                    | Nil              |
|                                    | 6. Public lighting maintenanace   |   |                      | 500 000                            | Council          |

### C.4.6. PARTICIPATION OF AMAKHOSI IN COUNCIL MEETINGS

#### TRADITIONAL LEADERSHIP

Section 81 of the Municipal Structures Act as amended by the Traditional and Khoi-San Leadership Act, 2019 makes provision for the presentation of traditional leaderships in the municipal council and provides a mechanism for such representation including spelling out the duties of participating traditional leaders .Well before the promulgation of the KwaZulu-Natal Traditional Leadership and Governance Act (5 of 2005), the Municipality spearheaded participation and the role of Amakhosi within the Msunduzi Municipality. The Municipal Structures Act states that "Traditional Authorities that traditionally observe a system of Customary Law in the area of the Municipality may participate in the proceedings of Council of that Municipality, and those Traditional Leaders must be allowed to attend and participate in any meeting of Council".

In order to comply with legislation, the Speaker has had meetings with the Amakhosi falling under the jurisdiction of the Msunduzi Municipality. The initiative was well received by Council, and the following issues were highlighted in order to build on this relationship:

- Amakhosi be invited to all meetings of the Municipality and participate in discussions. Amakhosi have been allocated to Council's standing committees in order to be actively involved in the discussions happening in those meetings. They will also be attending EXCO and Full Council meetings.
- The provision of an office for Amakhosi at the City Hall, with support staff.
- Providing financial support for programmes and projects.

The following are traditional leadership under Msunduzi

| NO. | NAME OF INKOSI | TRADITIONAL COUNCIL | POSITION   |
|-----|----------------|---------------------|--|
| 1.  | K.S. ZONDI     | Mpumuza             | Deputy Chairperson of Local House Traditional Leader(LHTL)   |
| 2.  | V.I. ZONDI     |                     | Member of Local House Traditional Leader(LHTL) and Member of Provincial House Traditional Leader(PHTL) |
| 3.  | M.S.P. NGCOBO  | Mafunze             | Member of Local House Traditional Leader(LHTL)   |
| 4.  | S.MLABA        | Ximba Sub           | Member of Local House Traditional Leader(LHTL)   |
| 5.  | T.MKHIZE       | Embo                | Member of Local House Traditional Leader(LHTL)   |
| 6.  | E.S.ZUMA       |                     | Member of Local House Traditional Leader(LHTL) and Member of Provincial House Traditional Leader(PHLT) |



There was a proposed allocation on the Strategic Management Committee (SMC) for the following Traditional Leaders:

| NAME AND SURNAME OF TRADITIONAL<br>LEADER | PROPOSED COMMITTEE ALLOCATION    | NUMBER OF MEETING<br>PER QUARTER |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Inkosi K.S Zondi                          | Infrastructure Services          | Three(3) Times                   |
| Inkosi T. Mkhize                          | Community Services               | Three(3) Times                   |
| Inkosi K.S. Zondi and Inkosi T. Mkhize    | Council Meetings                 | Three(3) Times                   |
| Inkosi K.S. Zondi                         | Corporate Service Meetings       | Three(3) Times                   |
| Inkosi T. Mkhize                          | Sustainable Development Meetings | Three(3) Times                   |

## C.4.7. IDP STEERING COMMITTEE

## **IDP STEERING COMMITTEE**

The IDP Steering Committee consists of the following role-players, with the listed functions:

## TABLE 46: IDP STEERING COMMITTEE ROLE-PLAYERS AND FUNCTIONS

| <b>ROLE PLAYERS</b> | The Mayor   |
|---------------------|---|
|                     | The Deputy Mayor  |
|                     | The Executive Committee Members   |
|                     | The IDP Champions (elected from the different party caucuses)   |
|                     | City Manager (or alternate) (chair)   |
|                     | Strategic Executive Managers (SEMs)   |
|                     | Two representatives from IMATU and SAMWU  |
|                     | <ul> <li>Municipal Manager's Coordinating Committee (IDP Broad Planning Technical Committee)</li> </ul> |
| FUNCTIONS           | Provide terms of reference for all reviewing and planning activities                                    |
|                     | Commission IDP planning studies, programs, and projects   |
|                     | <ul> <li>Process, summarize, and document outputs from subcommittees, teams etc.</li> </ul>             |
|                     | Recommend amendments to the contents of the IDP   |
|                     | Prepare, facilitate, and document meetings and workshops  |
|                     | Ensure alignment and participation in the determination and prioritization of plans and                 |
|                     | programs in the spirit of cooperative governance  |

## MUNICIPAL MANAGER'S COORDINATING COMMITTEE

The Municipal Manager's Coordinating Committee consists of the following members, with the following functions:

## TABLE 47: MUNICIPAL MANAGER'S COORDINATING COMMITTEE ROLE-PLAYERS AND FUNCTIONS

| ROLE PLAYERS | <ul> <li>Managers: Municipal Managers Office, Speaker, Mayor, Budget Office, SCM, PMS, Planning, PMU, and IDP.</li> <li>Admin Support</li> </ul>   |
|--------------|--|
| FUNCTIONS    | <ul> <li>Prepare the IDP review process plan</li> <li>Identify resources and people</li> <li>Coordinate and manage the components of the planning process, including: <ul> <li>Stakeholders meetings</li> <li>Meeting deadlines</li> <li>Horizontal and vertical aligns</li> <li>Compliance with national and provincial requirements</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

## C.4.8. MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES

Msunduzi Municipality has strong Senior Management structures in place aimed at ensuring that the municipality functions in an effective and efficient manner.

| Committees                                | Members  | Convening dates                 |
|---|--|---------------------------------|
| Strategic Management Committee (SMC)      | City Mangers and All General Managers                                  | Every Monday 09h00              |
| Operational Management<br>Committee (OMC) | City Managers, All General Managers and Mangers                        | Every Tuesday at 09h00          |
| Business Unit Manco (MANCO)               | General Managers with their respective<br>Senior Managers and Managers | Every first Monday of the Month |

## C.4.9. COMMUNICATION STRATEGY/PLAN

Msunduzi Communication Strategy seeks provide a framework to market Msunduzi Municipality as an ideal location to visit, do business with and be associated to; as well as address the communication needs of the Municipality by strategically managing information flow with relevant target groups, and also to ensure that communication within and outside Council is effective. It will further seek communication in all three spheres of government, with the various communities and various stakeholders should be driven by coherent messages. As the Legislative and Administrative Capital of the province, the Msunduzi Local Municipality has a responsibility of leading this drive through an effective Communications Strategy, which talks to that of the Province, and eventually, National Government. This strategy was adopted on the 30 October 2022.

An Integrated Communication Strategy will provide comprehensive external and internal environmental scanning in order to derive a comprehensive approach to ensure that Msunduzi Local Municipality achieves its long-term vision, while ensuring that various stakeholders are kept informed on the broader plans of Msunduzi Local Municipality. The communication strategy is intended to serve as the springboard for the Msunduzi Municipality to improve effective communication with the citizens and all relevant stakeholders on municipal services and on local issues. Furthermore, it is in the interest of the strategy to open more avenues for engagement aimed at the enhancement of service delivery and understanding the critical needs of all stakeholders. In light of the above the need is greater to inform the communities about all the initiatives to be implemented and to report progress from time to time using the language(s) that people understand. The strategy, therefore, presents various forms of communication that will be utilized in order to strengthen community participation in the affairs of Msunduzi Municipality.

This Communication Strategy is guided and inspired by the Legal Framework that includes the following:

- The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa Act 108 of 1996, Section 195.
- The Local Government Municipal Structures Act 117 of 1998, Section 19(2).
- The National Government Communication and Information System (GCIS) Framework 9. 4, 6.
- The Provincial Communications Strategy Government Communicators' Book.
- COMTASK 2000 Report "A vision for government communications.
- The Batho Pele Principal.
- The Local Government Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000 Section 6 and Section 55(1).
- Promotion of Access to Information Act 2 of 2000.
- Government Communication Policy (2022)

C.4.10. INTERNAL AUDIT

C.4.10.1. FUNCTIONAL INTERNAL AUDIT

## **Assurance**

The primary objective of Internal Audit Unit is an independent, objective, assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve the municipality's operations. The unit assists the municipality in accomplishing its objectives through a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, a system of internal control and governance processes.

The definition of internal auditing has many facets that, if unpacked, gives a very good understanding of what an internal auditor is expected to do.

Internal audit as a philosophy is a sounding board to Management and Council and designed to apprise and advise the Council, Accounting Officer and management on governance, risk management and internal control processes.

This affirms the attitude of the internal auditor's role in the internal audit activity that by its nature, Internal Audit Unit is a governance structure which facilitates improvement on service delivery by reviewing the design and effectiveness of the system of internal controls around the core mandate and support functions of the municipality. Its role is critical in promoting and enhancing the control environment through auditing and recommending solutions to management.

By its nature, the Internal Audit Unit is a governance structure and not a service delivery vehicle. Its role is critical in promoting and enhancing a controlled environment through auditing and special reviews and recommending solutions to management.

The King IV Report on Governance underpins the need for an Audit Committee in the pursuit of good governance. It aligns the function of internal and external audit directly with oversight by the Audit Committee. In a municipal environment, there are oversight committees of Council who are role-players to advocate for the combined assurance model. The Audit Committee's primary focus is on financial reporting, risk management, governance, performance information, value for money, information and communication technology, safeguarding of assets and system of internal control in the universal organisation space.

## **Consulting Activity**

A balance between the assurance function and consulting activity is required based on risk assessment exercise and report of the Auditor General. The areas with high risks and strong controls in terms of their design against the risks exposures as per the assessment by management are considered when developing the internal audit plan to provide an independent assurance on the adequacy and effectiveness of the system of internal control implemented by management. In instances where controls are found to be effective and / or inadequate, recommendations are provided to management to mitigate against the identified risk exposures.

Consulting Activities are undertaken in instances where significant risk exposures have no mitigating controls and management has requested assistance in the development of the control activities, Internal Audit treads carefully in its involvement with this process as to not create a conflict in independence and objectivity at a later stage. There are also instances where during the risk assessment it is established that there are no controls against significant high risks which means there is nothing to test as internal auditors primary's objective is to express an opinion on the adequacy of the design and effectiveness of the operation of the system of internal control. The Internal Audit is then required in its plan to incorporate consulting activity but does not take responsibility of management as management remains accountable.

## **Combined Assurance**

The Combined Assurance Plan of Msunduzi Municipality should be prepared taking into account the following:

- The Risk Profile of the Municipality that was developed, which comprehensively identifies all risk exposures of the municipality.
- The identified assurance providers that are available to provide assurance to the Audit Committee and Council of the Municipality.
- The available financial resources for assurance in the Municipality.

The aim of the Combined Assurance Plan is to assign resources for assurance of identified risks in order to mitigate the risks to a level that is within the appetite of the Council.

The objectives of the Combined Assurance Plan are to:

- ensure that there is an assurance strategy against all critical risks facing the municipality,
- identify and assign assurance activity to various assurance providers and eliminate duplication of assurance activities,
- ensure that there is an effective reporting framework for monitoring risks, and
- identify and eliminate areas of assurance gaps.

The plan should be developed considering all pivotal factors for consideration before an assurance responsibility can be assigned to the providers. Of critical importance are the issues of independence and objectivity as well as expertise and competence to add value to the Audit committee and ultimately to Council. Internal Audit must be comfortable that such responsibilities have been adequately assigned on this plan.

## Accountability

The effectiveness of Internal Audit Activity is dependent on the attitude of Council and Management. If Council and Management fully understand and appreciates the value that can be derived from Internal Audit Activity, they take upon themselves to ensure that Internal Audit Unit is capacitated both in human capital and financial resources and its work is valued.

Internal Audit Unit does not operate in a vacuum but it has a charter that guides its powers, activities, role, accountability, objectives and scope and fundamental principles governing internal audit outlet. Internal Audit Unit reports to the Audit Committee which has its own charter that is approved by Council which gives it authority, duties & responsibilities, reporting and accountability. There are adequate safeguards to protect Internal Audit Unit against management and to also hold it accountable and ensure it is effective.

## C.4.10.2. FUNCTIONALITY OF AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Municipality has established the Audit Committee which is combined with the performance audit committee. Its responsibilities arise from section 166 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, Act 56 of 2003 (MFMA). The audit committee acts as an advisory body independent of management and internal and external audit, reporting to the Council through Executive Committee on accountability, internal audit function, external audit, risk management, governance, performance management, financial management and reporting on municipal entities related matters. It provides assistance to the Council by:

- Providing an independent review of the Msunduzi Municipal's reporting functions to ensure the integrity of the financial reports.
- Ensuring all systems of internal control, governance and risk management functions are operating effectively and reliably.
- Providing strong and effective oversight of the Msunduzi Municipal's internal and external audit functions.

The Audit Committee Charter was reviewed and adopted on 30 June 2021.

## MEMBERS OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

- Mrs B MacCallum
- Mr M Shongwe
- Mr V Dlamini
- Mr LJ Quayle
- Mr T Maphumulo

## **MEETINGS IN 2021/2022 FY**

- 24 August 2021
- 26 October 2021
- 9 November 2021 (continuation meeting)
- December 2021 Management unavailability
- 22 February 2022

## MEMBERS OF THE DISCIPLINARY BOARD IF FINANCIAL MISCONDUCT

- Mrs Bronwyn MacCallum CA (SA) is the chairperson of the board
- The committee submitted its first report of four which internal audit had dealt with in the previous financial year and submitted to council in June 2021.
- The committee had two meetings during the current financial year and four cases were processed and finalised.



## C.4.11.1. FUNCTIONALITY OF ENTERPRISE RISK MANAGEMENT

Section 62(1)(c)(i) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, Act 53 of 2003 requires the Accounting Officer to establish and maintain effective, efficient & transparent systems of risk management. The Msunduzi Municipality risk management philosophy is informed by the constitutional imperatives. The preamble of our constitution and Chapter 2 of the Constitution deals extensively with the Bill of Rights. The Constitution describes one of the values of founding provisions as; Human dignity, the <u>achievement of quality and the advancement of human rights</u> and freedoms. Section 3 of the Constitution further states that all citizens are equally <u>entitled to the rights</u>, <u>privileges</u> and benefits of citizenship.

- The values that are enshrined in the Constitution and the Bill of Rights are relevant to risk management.
- The Msunduzi Municipality is aware that no organization is functioning in a risk-free environment and as a public institution it is susceptible to risks associated with the fulfilling of our constitutional mandate.

The Msunduzi Municipality is committed to achieve its vision as set out above as well as its vision 2030 City Development Strategy and to contribute towards building a "better life for all" through the blueprint National Development Plan. Msunduzi therefore consider risk management as an integral part of its strategy and operations and as a management tool to assist in achieving our service delivery objectives.

To effectively manage risks to the achievement of the municipality's objectives provides managers with a systematic way to make responsible, coherent and informed decisions and enables them to achieve improved outputs and outcomes. A structured approach to the management of risks also enhances and encourages the identification of greater opportunities for continuous improvement through innovation.

In most of the public sector organisations "risk management" is viewed as a stand-alone activity that requires special skills and resources and adds to an already cumbersome workload. Msunduzi prefer to talk about managing risks, rather than "risk management" and incorporates risk management principles into its everyday management processes.

Risk Management Practices requires the Accounting Officer to manage the strategic and operational risks of the municipality. The Msunduzi risk management system provides for mitigating strategies and control activities against the risks within the municipality from unacceptable likelihood and impact.

The municipality's risk management system identifies strategic and operational risks and assigns responsibility to appropriate officials within the municipality. The Audit Committee's role in relation to risk is to provide an oversight role and advise Council.

The municipality has a Risk Management Committee in place that meets on a quarterly basis and is made of the Deputy Municipal Managers. The Risk Management Committee has its terms of reference.

Risk register is updated on regular basis and as the municipality embarks on new initiatives and programmes any emerging risks that could have a negative impact on the municipality's ability to achieve its strategic objectives.

The Council is ultimately responsible for risk management supremacy with Exco and Audit Committee playing a very crucial oversight role as a function that is delegated to them and legislated. The status of strategic and operational risks are reported and monitored on regular basis by Internal Audit Unit and Risk Management Committee who give feedback to the Accounting Officer and Audit Committee.

The following are the top five significant risks that are facing the municipality. The municipality is fully aware of the possible root causes and has been able to put in place mitigating strategies within the SDBIP for 2015/16.



| RISK  | ROOT CAUSE   | CONSEQUENCE  | ACTION CONTROL   | RISK<br>RATE | CONTROL<br>RATE | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
|---|--|--|--|--------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Misrepresentation on the cv and fake qualifications | *Lack of pre-<br>employment<br>screening.  *None or lack of<br>full disclosure by<br>Respondents<br>assisting with<br>vetting/<br>screening or<br>deliberate<br>omission | * Compromised service delivery  *Irregular Expenditure  *Litigations | *Verification of employees *Recruitment and Employment Policy  | 5.0          | 2.0             | 3.0              |
| Employment of relatives                             | Failure to disclose conflict of interest, vested interest and recusal from the employment process the unethical behavior High unemployment rate                          | *Risk of losing reputation  *Nepotism  *Negative public image        | *Employment Policy  *SOP's  *Declaration of Interest   | 3.0          | 1.0             | 2.0              |
| Leaking of questions to the applicant(s)            | Lack of integrity<br>by the panel<br>members or<br>Human<br>Resource<br>Officials  | * Compromised service delivery  *Irregular Expenditure  *Litigations | *Employment Policy has been revised and is pending adoption by Council.  *SOP's augmenting process of preparing & conducting interviews will form part of the revised Employment Policy to mitigate fraud and abuse of process.  *Interview questions will be prepared collectively by the | 3.0          | 1.0             | 2.0              |

|  | Panel on the morning of an interview and kept on record for audit purposes. |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
|--|---|--|--|--|



| Leaking of questions            | Lack of integrity    | * Compromised        | *Employment Policy has been                      | 3.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|
| to the applicant(s)             | by the panel         | service delivery     | revised and is pending                           | 3.0 |     |     |
|                                 | members or<br>Human  | *Irregular           | adoption by Council.                             |     |     |     |
|                                 | Resource             | Expenditure          | *SOP's augmenting process of                     |     |     |     |
|                                 | Officials            | Exportantaro         | preparing & conducting                           |     |     |     |
|                                 |                      | *Litigations         | interviews will form part of the                 |     |     |     |
|                                 |                      |                      | revised Employment Policy to                     |     |     |     |
|                                 |                      |                      | mitigate fraud and abuse of                      |     |     |     |
|                                 |                      |                      | process.   |     |     |     |
|                                 |                      |                      | *Interview questions will be                     |     |     |     |
|                                 |                      |                      | prepared collectively by the                     |     |     |     |
|                                 |                      |                      | Panel on the morning of an                       |     |     |     |
|                                 |                      |                      | interview and kept on record for audit purposes. |     |     |     |
| Inflation of job                | * Unethical          | *Negative Audit      | SALGA Guidelines & Standard                      |     | 3.0 | _   |
| description                     | behavior             | Finding              | Operating Procedures                             | 3.0 | 0.0 |     |
|                                 |                      | 3                    | 3  |     |     |     |
|                                 | *Lack of             | *Financial Loss      |  |     |     |     |
|                                 | management           |                      |  |     |     |     |
|                                 | oversight            | *Labour unrest       |  |     |     |     |
|                                 |                      | *Low staff morale    |  |     |     |     |
| Acceptance / Offering of Bribes | *Unethical           | *Negative reputation | *Fraud Prevention Policy                         | 4.0 | 3.0 | 1.0 |
| Officining of Bribes            | *Opportunity         | Topulation           | *Fraud Prevention Strategy                       |     |     |     |
|                                 | -111-11-15           | *Compromised         |  |     |     |     |
|                                 | *Financial           | Service delivery     | *Disciplinary Board                              |     |     |     |
|                                 | Pressure             |                      |  |     |     |     |
|                                 | *Look of             | *Financial Loss      | *Fraud Risk Register                             |     |     |     |
|                                 | *Lack of consequence |                      | *Whistle Blowing Policy and                      |     |     |     |
|                                 | management           |                      | Hotline  |     |     |     |
|                                 | anagomon             |                      |  |     |     |     |
|                                 | *Organizational      |                      |  |     |     |     |
|                                 | Culture              |                      |  |     |     |     |

| Abuse of Leave    | *Dishonesty and    | *Financial Loss  | *Leave Policy                  |     | 1.0 | 3.0 |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
|                   | weak controls.     |                  | *Automated leave system        | 4.0 |     |     |
|                   |                    | *Compromised     | *Manual leave application form |     |     |     |
|                   | *Lack of           | Service Delivery |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | supervisory &      |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | management         | *Employee morale |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | diligence/ care to |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | address            |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | misconduct         |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | *Poor leave        |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | management         |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | *Lack of           |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | monitoring of      |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | attendance         |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | registers          |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | *Untimely          |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | capturing of       |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | leave              |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | 41 1 6             |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | *Lack of           |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | biometric time     |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | management system  |                  |                                |     |     |     |
| Abuse of overtime | *Dishonesty and    | *Financial Loss  |                                |     | 1.0 | 4.0 |
|                   | weak controls.     |                  |                                | 5.0 |     |     |
|                   |                    | *Compromised     |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | *Lack of           | Service Delivery |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | supervisory &      |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | management         |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | diligence/ care to |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | address            |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | misconduct         |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | *Poor              |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | management of      |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | overtime           |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | *Lack of           |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | monitoring of      |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | attendance         |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   | registers          |                  |                                |     |     |     |
|                   |                    |                  |                                |     |     |     |

| -  |   |  |  |     |     |     |
|--|---|--|--|-----|-----|-----|
|  | *Untimely capturing of overtime  *Lack of biometric time management system  |  |  |     |     |     |
| Fictitious or Ghost<br>Employees   | *Unethical Opportunity  *Financial Pressure - greed  *Lack of consequence management  *Organizational Culture  *Lack of segregation of duties | *Negative reputation  *Compromised Service delivery  *Financial Loss | *HR SOP  *SOP on Exit Management of Employee resignations/ retirement/ death has been developed  *Head count conducted annually  *SOP to institutionalize monthly payroll authentication | 3.5 | 1.0 | 2.5 |
| Corrupt activities for training and placement of work opportunities                      | *Unethical Opportunity  *Financial Pressure - greed  *Lack of consequence management *Organizational Culture  *Lack of segregation of duties  |  |  | 3.5 | 2.0 | 1.5 |
| Inadequate access controls to IT systems resulting in abuse of the systems and increased | Dishonesty and weak controls.   |  | *Training & Development<br>Policies and Standard<br>Operating Procedures are in<br>place & under review and/ or<br>approved by Council.  | 4.5 | 2.0 | 2.5 |

| opportunity for fraud and corruption or compromised data activity (inadequate controls in user setup as per job requirements, unauthorised access or change of access levels on the programmes due to lack of restriction which could result in confidential information / sensitive data processed on the system compromised. (Security breaches and Non compliance to IT policies and procedures) |   |   | *Structures to facilitate training and development institutionalization should be established per Business Unit as check and balance mechanisms [Skills Development Committees comprising Management & Labour Representatives. Public and internal awareness campaigns to alleviate severity of risk. Claims are reviewed and approved by Managers - Positons advertised through HR, Salaries classified according to specific job grading. Subsistence and other allowance are done as per policy. Disciplinary action undertaken to those who are in violation of the policy. |     |     |     |
|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|-----|
| Abuse of Subsistence & Travelling allowance / Locomotive Allowance  | Dishonesty and weak controls  |   | Source funding to Replace or Upgrade legacy systems. Review & monitor system logs regularly, Implement segregation of duties.   | 4.0 | 1.0 | 3.0 |
| Municipal employees asking for a corrupt payment to FastTrack processing of invoices of service providers. Alternatively suppliers entice municipal employees with corrupt payment for a favour   | *Dishonesty and weak controls.  *Lack of supervisory & management diligence/ care to address misconduct  *Poor management of Subsistence & Travelling allowance | *Financial Loss *Compromised Service Delivery | *The policies Training & Development Policies and Standard Operating Procedures are in place & under review and/ or approved by Council.  *Structures to facilitate training and development institutionalization should be established per Business Unit as check and balance mechanisms [Skills Development Committees comprising Management & Labour Representatives. Public and internal awareness  | 4   | 2   | 2.0 |

|  | monitoring of attendance registers  *None adherance policies  *Outdated forms | campaigns to alleviate severity of risk. Claims are reviewed and approved by Managers - Positions advertised through HR, Salaries classified according to specific job grading. Subsistence and other allowance are done as per policy. Disciplinary action undertaken to those who are in |     |     |     |
|--|---|--|-----|-----|-----|
| Officials may ask for bribes from the members of the public when submitting their plans for approval | Dishonesty and weak controls  | viloation of the policy.  Public awareness not to get involved in corrupt payment - consequence management for both municipal official and service Anti-Fraud and Corruption policy implemented.   | 4.5 | 1.0 | 3.5 |
| Fraud and Corruption on land disposal through private treaty application                             | Dishonesty and weak controls  | The stringent qualification criteria for plans to be approved serves as a deterrent or control reducing chances of a risk occurring.   | 3.5 | 1.0 | 2.5 |
| Fraud on receipting of cash  | Dishonesty and weak controls  | Process stopped (Card system used) Cash only used when the system is down. Reconciliation is performed by senior cashier and subsequently by senior accountant.  | 3.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 |
| Fraud and corruption in low-cost housing (national Housing programmes)                               | Dishonesty and weak controls  | No longer deliver low costs housing -Various housing programmes (Supply chain management being followed-   | 3.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 |

| RISK                   | ROOT CAUSE          | MITIGATION STRATEGIES                    | Progress to Date      | RESPONSIBILITY  |
|------------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Brain drain & lack     | Lack of HR Planning | <ul> <li>To revise the</li> </ul>        | Allocation &          | DMM: Corporate  |
| of knowledge           | for a number        | organogram to                            | placement of staff in | Services & DMM: |
| management             | of years in the     | provide for additional                   | progress              | Infrastructure  |
| in IS (Electricity     | municipality        | skilled engineers and                    |                       |                 |
| alone has 77.5%        |                     | other electricity, Roads                 |                       |                 |
| vacancy rate &         |                     | & Transportation, Water                  |                       |                 |
| of the 22.5% is in     |                     | & Sanitation personnel.                  |                       |                 |
| acting capacity)       |                     | <ul> <li>To consider revising</li> </ul> |                       |                 |
| is currently           |                     | salary scales for                        |                       |                 |
| understaffed           |                     | scarce skills so that                    |                       |                 |
| leaving no room        |                     | the Municipality                         |                       |                 |
| for transfer of skills |                     | can attract talent. To                   |                       |                 |
| & knowledge of         |                     | Consider appointing                      |                       |                 |
| the network due to     |                     | retired engineers on                     |                       |                 |
| exit (retirements,     |                     | contract as mentor                       |                       |                 |
| resignation,           |                     | for at least three years                 |                       |                 |
| deaths) resulting      |                     | for newly employed                       |                       |                 |
| to multiple            |                     | personnel Ensure that                    |                       |                 |
| challenges             |                     | the pool is serviced                     |                       |                 |
| including injuries     |                     | regularly                                |                       |                 |
| because of             |                     |  |                       |                 |
| working long           |                     |  |                       |                 |
| hours, death at        |                     |  |                       |                 |
| work, etc.             |                     |  |                       |                 |

C.4.11.3. ANTI-FRAUD / ANTI-CORRUPTION STRATEGY

## **ANTI-FRAUD & CORRUPTION**

The municipality has an Anti-Fraud and Corruption Framework which is made of Anti-Fraud and Corruption Policy, Anti-fraud and Corruption Strategy and Whistleblowing Policy. The framework is reviewed when need arises and is approved by Council. The intention of the framework is to develop a philosophy, that the entire municipality will fight fraud and corruption as a team and the framework is set at a high level to cover the worst-case scenario. The framework seeks to exemplify the following:

- Provision of a focal point and allocation of responsibility, accountability and authority.
- Serve as a conceptual, analytical, planning and review tool.
- Provide a common understanding of what constitutes fraud and corruption that needs to be communicated throughout the Municipal Council.
- Raise vigilance, which means that staff, management and councillors need to be actively involved on an ongoing basis in preventing, detecting and investigating fraud and corruption.
- Uncover the facts which refer to the processes and skills required to manage allegations of fraud and corruption.
- Deterring fraud and corruption, which refers to the processes required in ensuring disciplinary, criminal
  action and civil recovery are instigated as appropriate, pursuing heavy penalties and advising staff of the
  outcome
- Present the key elements required for effective prevention of fraud and corruption and represent the approach of Msunduzi Municipality to managing risk of fraud and corruption.

The policy draws its legal mandate from Chapter 2 of the Constitution which deals extensively with the Bill of Rights. The following sections under the Bill of Right are relevant to the obligations of the Constitution versus management of risks including the risk of fraud and corruption. The Constitution describes one of the values of the founding provisions as; Human dignity, the improvement of the quality of life of all citizens and to free the potential of each person. Section 195 of the Constitution provides normative basic values and principles for public administration, including the following:



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- a high standard of professional ethics must be promoted and maintained.
- efficient, economic and effective use of resources must be promoted.
- people's needs must be responded to, and the public must be encouraged to participate in policy-making.
- public administration must be accountable.
- the anti-fraud and corruption policy is further supported by the Whistle Blowing Policy adopted by Council.

## The Whistle Blowing Policy:

- is intended to encourage employees, councillors and members of public to feel confident in raising breaches, concerns or disclosing of information relating to fraud and corruption or irregular and or criminal activity in workplace in a responsible manner without fear of victimisation.
- is to ensure that the whistle-blowers that they will be protected from possible reprisals or victimization if the disclosure was made in good faith.
- strive to create a culture that will facilitate the eradication of criminal and other irregular conduct within the municipality.
- provides venues and guidelines for employees, councillors and members of public to disclose information relating to fraud and corruption or irregular and or criminal activity in workplace rather than overlooking a problem or blowing the whistle to inappropriate channels.
- reaffirms the commitment of the Msunduzi Municipality to the Protected Disclosures Act, Act 26 of 2000 came into effect on 16 February 2001.

To give effect to the above policies Council adopted an anti-fraud and corruption strategy which is supported by a matrix of activities and assigns responsibilities. The municipality has a Forensic Investigation Sub-Unit which falls under Internal Audit Unit. This Sub-Unit is responsible for conducting forensic investigations within the municipality and its entities.

The primary objective of the forensic investigations sub-unit is to give effect to powers and responsibility of the Audit Committee in terms of Section 166(2)(d) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, 56 of 2003. The Audit Committee is responsible to carry out such investigation into the affairs of the municipality as Council of the municipality may request. Clause 3.1.3.4 of the Audit Committee Charter re-affirms the responsibility to the Audit Committee.

Forensic investigation is firstly a recognized science. Forensic investigation is an in-depth, meticulous process, systematic gathering and analysis of all documents, transactions, systems, relevant legislation, policies and other objects, searching for the truth through the use of specialized skills and expert knowledge and the application of scientific investigation methods and techniques, in order to lawfully discover, collect, prepare, identify and present evidence which can be presented to a court of law, disciplinary proceedings / tribunal set up by an organization. The primary purpose is finding a positive solution to a crime or offence or transgression or irregular conduct. The forensic investigation result in the presentation of the outcome of the investigation, whether in a court of law for criminal, civil or administrative proceedings, or at a disciplinary hearing.

The intention of any investigation is to establish what happened. The investigator does not rely on presumption but proves the crime or incident by means of evidence.

The main purpose of investigation is to trace assets of the municipality and the offenders by using scientific techniques or approaches or to detect alleged offenders by furnishing scientific proof of their involvement in the crime.

The municipality is dealing with matters relating to fraud and corruption within the municipality. There are several forensic investigations that are on-going within Internal Audit Unit. There are criminal investigations that are ongoing and are handled by the Directorate for Priority Crime Investigation (commonly known as Hawks). Some criminal investigations are Prosecutor driven and other matters are already in the Durban and Pietermaritzburg Commercial Specialised Crime Court's rolls.

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## C.4.11.4. RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Msunduzi has a risk management unit that is a standalone and reports directly to the MM, this is to allow for objectivity as the Internal Audit unit will be able to audit risk management. The need for risk management is to identify, evaluate and address risks on a continuous basis before such risks can impact negatively on the municipality's service delivery capacity. It is an appropriate proactive way of managing risks and to successfully achieve the municipality's goals and strategic objectives. The risk committee of the municipality meets quarterly. The Chief Risk Officer constantly monitors the implementation of future action plans and reports the progress of implementation quarterly to the Risk Management Committee, Corporate Management Committee and to the Audit Committee.

The committee comprises of eight members with their designation listed below.

| RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE MEMBER                              | POSITION             |
|---|----------------------|
| Chief Financial Officer                                       | INTERIM CHAIR PERSON |
| General Manager: Electricity                                  | MEMBER               |
| General Manager: Infrastructure Services                      | MEMBER               |
| General Manager: Community Services                           | MEMBER               |
| General Manager: Corporate Services                           | MEMBER               |
| General Manager: Infrastructure Services                      | MEMBER               |
| General Manager: Sustainable Development and City Enterprises | MEMBER               |
| Senior Manager: Office of the City Manager                    | MEMBER               |
| Senior Manager: Political Support                             | MEMBER               |
| Chief Risk Officer  | STANDING INVITEE     |
| Municipal Manager   | STANDING INVITEE     |
| Chief Audit Executive   | EX-OFFICIO           |

## COUNCIL ADOPTED MUNICIPAL POLICIES C.4.12.1.

|   |  |  | REVIEWING OF SECT  | OR PLAN/POLICY   |  |  |   |   |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| SECTOR<br>PLAN/POL-<br>ICY                                      | LAST REVIEW  | LIFE SPAN  | STATUS/COMMENTS  | progress end Feb<br>2024   | progress end<br>of March<br>2024   | progress<br>end of<br>April 2024                       | progress<br>end of<br>May 2024                            | progress<br>end of<br>June 2024   |
| Human<br>Settlements<br>Housing<br>Sector Plan<br>Review        | Full Plan was<br>Approved by<br>Full Council on<br>the 7th of April<br>2021. | 5 Years - Full<br>Plan<br>Review is done<br>Annually | <ul> <li>Project Inception Report Completed and submitted to SMC for Approval on the 29th September 2022.</li> <li>Project Progress was Presented and Discussed at a Meeting held with all Ward Councilors on the 19th of October 2022.</li> <li>Situational Analysis/ Status Quo Report Completed and submitted to SMC for Approval on the 28th December 2022.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Synthesis of Issues and Vision Development Report to be Drafted.</li> <li>Project Progress Report to be Presented and Discussed at Housing Forum (Date to be confirmed).</li> </ul> | • Synthesis of Issues and Vision Development Report to be Completed and submitted to SMC for Approval by the 31st of March 2024. | • Final Housing Sector Plan Report to be Struc- tured. | • Housing<br>Sector<br>Plan Re-<br>port to be<br>Drafted. | • Final Housing Sector Plan to be Completed and submitted to SMC for Approval by the 30th of June 2024. |
| Local Eco-<br>nomic De-<br>velopment<br>Strategy<br>(2022)      | Provisional Review: 7 September 2022   | 5 years  | The strategy was provisionally reviewed to address MEC:Cogta comments on the 2017 LED Strategy and include it within the IDP. A detailed review is set to commence in February 2024  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A   | N/A   |
| Msunduzi<br>Industrial<br>Develop-<br>ment Strate-<br>gy (2018) | to be reviewed<br>in June 2024 -<br>July 2024                                | 5 years  | The reveiew of the strategy to include the Ease of doing business in the city and focus more on retention of businesses in the industrial area. Also the reduction of redtapes   | N/A  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A   | N/A   |

|  | REVIEWING OF SECTOR PLAN/POLICY |  |  |  |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
|--|---------------------------------|--|--|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| SECTOR<br>PLAN/POL-<br>ICY   | LAST REVIEW                     | LIFE SPAN  | STATUS/COMMENTS  | progress end Feb<br>2024   | progress end<br>of March<br>2024 | progress<br>end of<br>April 2024 | progress<br>end of<br>May 2024 | progress<br>end of<br>June 2024 |  |  |  |  |
| Spatial Development Framework  | 29-Jun-22                       | The life span for the reviewd SDF document is five (5) years, however the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act 16 of 2013 makes provision for the SDF to be renewed annually when necessary. | According to CoGTA's 2022/23 IDP assesssent outcome, the 2022 SDF does not fully comply with section 21 of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act 16 of 2013. Therefore, the Msunduzi Municipality will review the current SDF on the next financial year, as the review process will have financial implications. | The Town Planning department has scheduled a meeting in order to propose a strategy for addressing CoGTA's concerns pertaining to the SDF. | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |  |  |  |  |
| Msunduzi<br>Environmen-<br>tal Man-<br>agement<br>Framework<br>(EMF) | 2015                            | 5 years  | In the process of appointing a service provider for Phase 2  | Bid Spec approval granted  | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |  |  |  |  |
| Safe City<br>Business<br>Plan/ Sector<br>Plan                        | 1-Jan-23                        | 3 years  | Every 3 years, Safe City drafts a new business plan which informs the 3 year SLA to be entered into with the municipality. Current Agreement ends June 2024. Draft plan [2024- 2026] has been submitted to council for approval.   | N/A  | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |  |  |  |  |
| Fresh Produce Market Strategy  | N/A                             | 3 Years  | The business unit is drafting a 3 year strategy to guide the operations and future plans and growth of the business unit to ensure optimal operational output. (To have Full council approval by June 2024)  | N/A  | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |  |  |  |  |



|  |             |           | REVIEWING OF SECT  | TOR PLAN/POLICY          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |
|--|-------------|-----------|--|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| SECTOR<br>PLAN/POL-<br>ICY                         | LAST REVIEW | LIFE SPAN | STATUS/COMMENTS  | progress end Feb<br>2024 | progress end<br>of March<br>2024 | progress<br>end of<br>April 2024 | progress<br>end of<br>May 2024 | progress<br>end of<br>June 2024 |
| Airport<br>Operating<br>Strategy                   | N/A         | 3 Years   | The business unit is drafting a 3 year strategy to guide the operations and future plans of the business unit to ensure optimal operational output. The plan encompases expansion plans and operating models of the facility. (To have Full council approval by June 2024) | N/A                      | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |
| Tourism<br>Strategy                                | N/A         | 3 Years   | The business unit is drafting a 3 year strategy to guide the operations and future plans and growth of the business unit to ensure optimal operational output. (To have Full council approval by June 2024)  | N/A                      | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |
| Tatham Art<br>Gallery Op-<br>erational<br>Strategy | N/A         | 3 Years   | The business unit is drafting a 3 year strategy to guide the operations and future plans and growth of the business unit to ensure optimal operational output. (To have Full council approval by June 2024)  | N/A                      | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |
| Forestry Sector Plan                               | N/A         | 3 Years   | The business unit is drafting a 3 year strategy to guide the operations and future plans and growth of the business unit to ensure optimal operational output and sustainable Forestry Management. (To have Full council approval by June 2024)                            | N/A                      | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |
| Acting Policy                                      | 22-Jul-22   | N/A       | Tabled at SMC awaiting Council approval  | N/A                      | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |

|   |                      |           | REVIEWING OF SECT  | FOR PLAN/POLICY             |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |
|---|----------------------|-----------|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| SECTOR<br>PLAN/POL-<br>ICY                                      | LAST REVIEW          | LIFE SPAN | STATUS/COMMENTS  | progress end Feb<br>2024    | progress end<br>of March<br>2024 | progress<br>end of<br>April 2024 | progress<br>end of<br>May 2024 | progress<br>end of<br>June 2024 |
| Induction<br>Policy   | 6-Aug-22             | N/A       | Tabled at SMC awaiting Council approval                    | N/A                         | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |
| Overtime<br>Policy  | 25-Jul-22            | N/A       | To be prented to Union Consultation session Feb/March 2024 | N/A                         | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |
| Second-<br>ment Policy  | 6-Aug-22             | N/A       | Tabled at SMC 22 Oct 2022, awaiting full council           | N/A                         | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |
| Training & Development Policy                                   | 24-May-22            | N/A       | Approved by full council on 02 Nov 2022                    | Workshop all employ-<br>ees | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |
| Transfer Policy   | 30-Dec-22            | N/A       | Tabled at SMC awaiting Council approval                    | N/A                         | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |
| Staff Estab-<br>lishment  | 8-Jun-22             | N/A       | Tabled at SMC awaiting Council approval                    | N/A                         | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |
| T.A.S.K Job<br>Evaluation<br>Policy                             | 27-Jun-22            | N/A       | Tabled at SMC awaiting Council approval                    | N/A                         | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |
| Attraction<br>And Re-<br>tention of<br>Scarce Skills<br>policy. | 24-May-22            | N/A       | Submitted to SMC for tabling                               | N/A                         | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |
| Recruit-<br>ment, Selec-<br>tion and Ap-<br>pointment<br>Policy | 24-May-22            | N/A       | Approved by full council on 02 Nov 2022                    | Workshop all employ-<br>ees | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |
| Incapacity / Ill Health and Injury Policy                       | Reviewed in Oct 2022 | N/A       | Submitted to SMC for tabling                               | N/A                         | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |
| Leave Policy  | Is reviewed          | N/A       | To be prented to Union Consultation session Feb/March 2024 | N/A                         | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |
| Standby<br>Policy   | Is reviewed          | N/A       | To be prented to Union Consultation session Feb/March 2024 | N/A                         | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |



|  | REVIEWING OF SECTOR PLAN/POLICY |   |  |  |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |
|--|---------------------------------|---|--|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| SECTOR<br>PLAN/POL-<br>ICY   | LAST REVIEW                     | LIFE SPAN   | STATUS/COMMENTS  | progress end Feb<br>2024   | progress end<br>of March<br>2024 | progress<br>end of<br>April 2024 | progress<br>end of<br>May 2024 | progress<br>end of<br>June 2024 |  |  |  |
| S&T Policy   | ls reviewed                     | N/A   | To be prented to Union Consultation session Feb/March 2024   | N/A  | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |  |  |  |
| Locomotion Policy  | Is reviewed                     | N/A   | To be prented to Union Consultation session Feb/March 2024   | N/A  | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |  |  |  |
| Staff Alloca-<br>tion / Place-<br>ment Policy                        | Is reviewed                     | N/A   | To be prented to Union Consultation session Feb/March 2024   | N/A  | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |  |  |  |
| Employ-<br>ment Equity<br>Plan                                       | 20-Feb-21                       | 3 years   | Sumitted to Dept of Labour on 22 Nov 2022  | Staff Establishment Statistics monthly report  | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |  |  |  |
| Work Place<br>Skills Plan  | 30-Apr-22                       | 1 year  | Compilling stage, due for submission on 30 April 2024  | Monthly report   | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |  |  |  |
| Spatial Development Framework  | 29-Jun-22                       | the reviewd SDF document is five (5) years, however the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act 16 of 2013 makes provision for the SDF to be re- | According to CoGTA's 2022/23 IDP assesssent outcome, the 2022 SDF does not fully comply with section 21 of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act 16 of 2013. Therefore, the Msunduzi Municipality will review the current SDF on the next financial year, as the review process will have financial implications. | The Town Planning department has scheduled a meeting in order to propose a strategy for addressing CoGTA's concerns pertaining to the SDF. | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |  |  |  |
| Msunduzi<br>Environmen-<br>tal Man-<br>agement<br>Framework<br>(EMF) | 2015                            | 5 years   | In the process of appointing a service provider for Phase 2  | Bid Spec approval granted  | N/A                              | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A                             |  |  |  |
| Water Services Development   |                                 |   | WSDP is currently in the process of being revised- The WSDP was adopted by council in December 2019  |  |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |



|   | REVIEWING OF SECTOR PLAN/POLICY |           |  |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------|--|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| SECTOR<br>PLAN/POL-<br>ICY                                    | LAST REVIEW                     | LIFE SPAN | STATUS/COMMENTS  | progress end Feb<br>2024 | progress end<br>of March<br>2024 | progress<br>end of<br>April 2024 | progress<br>end of<br>May 2024 | progress<br>end of<br>June 2024 |  |  |  |  |
| Bulk Water<br>Master Plan                                     |                                 |           | Bulk Water Master plan is currently being revised. This will now include the greater Vulindlela area and Ashburton- A consultant has been appointed. It is anticipated that this process will be completed by December 2019. |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Bulk Sanita-<br>tion Master<br>Plan                           |                                 |           | Sanitation Master Plan is currently been developed. This will now include all the proposed housing developments with recommendations for a possible secondary Waste Water Treatment Works-                                   |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Non-Reve-<br>nue Water<br>Reduction<br>Master Plan            |                                 |           | Approved 2010- This is now being implemented   |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
| IWMP  |                                 |           | Approved- Adopted March 2015   |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Environmental Status<br>Quo                                   |                                 |           | Approved-updated- Contains twelve specialist studies   |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Environmental Management framework                            |                                 |           | Approved-updated- GIS envi-<br>ronment spatial layers linked<br>to spatial decision support<br>tool(SDST)  |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA)                      |                                 |           | Complete-Long terms  |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Strategic<br>Environmen-<br>tal Manage-<br>ment Plan<br>(SEMP |                                 |           | Complete- Contains 26 priority specific Action   |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |



|  | REVIEWING OF SECTOR PLAN/POLICY |           |   |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------|---|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| SECTOR<br>PLAN/POL-<br>ICY   | LAST REVIEW                     | LIFE SPAN | STATUS/COMMENTS   | progress end Feb<br>2024 | progress end<br>of March<br>2024 | progress<br>end of<br>April 2024 | progress<br>end of<br>May 2024 | progress<br>end of<br>June 2024 |  |  |  |  |
| Climate<br>Change<br>Policy  |                                 |           | Complete- Currently refining data on 5 focus areas  |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Comprehensive Integrated Transport Plan (CITP) (2012)                |                                 |           | Approved by Council- Legislative requirement. To be updated every 5 years i.e. in 2017. It incorporates/consolidates a range of smaller plans |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Major<br>Roads Plan  |                                 |           | No proof it was approved by Council- Needs update   |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Transporta-<br>tion Plan   |                                 |           | No proof it was approved by Council- Needs update   |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Road Safety<br>Plan (2007)   |                                 |           | No proof it was approved by Council- Needs update   |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Non-Motor-<br>ized Net-<br>work Plan<br>2009                         |                                 |           | Not approved by Council- Under review, being integrated with IRTPLAN  |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Integrated<br>Rapid Pub-<br>lic Transport<br>Network<br>(IRPTN) Plan |                                 |           | Approved by Council- Net-<br>work under design for imple-<br>mentation  |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Public Transport Network Plan (2002)                                 |                                 |           | No proof it was approved by<br>Council- Superseded by IRPTN   |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Building<br>Asset Man-<br>agement<br>Plan                            |                                 |           | Not approved- Budgeted for 2016/2017 financial year   |                          |                                  |                                  |                                |                                 |  |  |  |  |

|   | NEW SECTOR PLAN PLAN/POLICY |                   |  |  |  |                                  |                                |   |  |  |  |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| SECTOR<br>PLAN/<br>POLICY                               | DATE OF<br>DEVELOPMENT      | LIFE SPAN         | STATUS/COMMENTS  | PROGRESS END FEB<br>2024   | PROGRESS<br>END OF<br>MARCH 2024   | PROGRESS<br>END OF<br>APRIL 2024 | PROGRESS<br>END OF<br>MAY 2024 | PROGRESS END<br>OF JUNE 2024  |  |  |  |
| Bed and<br>Breakfast<br>Policy                          | Feb-17                      | Not specified     | The subject policy is currently being reviewed in order to align with the SDF objectives and the Msunduzi Single Land Use Scheme provisions. | A draft policy will be submitted by the service provider for comments              | Stakeholder<br>Engagement<br>and public<br>consultation<br>completed<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024 | N/A                              | N/A                            | Final draft of the reviewed home-based business policies submitted to SMC by the 30th of June 2024                      |  |  |  |
| Boarding<br>House Pol-<br>icy                           | Jan-17                      | Not specified     | The subject policy is currently being reviewed in order to align with the SDF objectives and the Msunduzi Single Land Use Scheme provisions. | A draft policy will be submitted by the service provider for comments              | Stakeholder<br>Engagement<br>and public<br>consultation<br>completed<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024 | N/A                              | N/A                            | Final draft of the reviewed home-based business policies submitted to SMC by the 30th of June 2024                      |  |  |  |
| Tavern Pol-<br>icy                                      | Feb-17                      | Not specified     | The subject policy is currently being reviewed in order to align with the SDF objectives and the Msunduzi Single Land Use Scheme provisions. | A draft policy will be<br>submitted by the ser-<br>vice provider for com-<br>ments | Stakeholder<br>Engagement<br>and public<br>consultation<br>completed<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024 | N/A                              | N/A                            | Final draft of the<br>reviewed home-<br>based business<br>policies submit-<br>ted to SMC by<br>the 30th of June<br>2024 |  |  |  |
| Tuck Shop<br>Policy                                     | Feb-17                      | Not specified     | The subject policy is currently being reviewed in order to align with the SDF objectives and the Msunduzi Single Land Use Scheme provisions. | A draft policy will be submitted by the service provider for comments              | Stakeholder<br>Engagement<br>and public<br>consultation<br>completed<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024 | N/A                              | N/A                            | Final draft of the<br>reviewed home-<br>based business<br>policies submit-<br>ted to SMC by<br>the 30th of June<br>2024 |  |  |  |
| Msunduzi<br>Flood Risk &<br>Vulnerability<br>Assessment | 2024                        | 5 years           | Service provider has<br>been appointed and<br>the assessment is in the<br>inception phase  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A   |  |  |  |
| Storm Water<br>Manage-<br>ment By-<br>Law               | 2024                        | Until next review | First draft  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A   |  |  |  |



|   | NEW SECTOR PLAN PLAN/POLICY |            |  |   |                                  |                                |  |   |  |  |  |
|---|-----------------------------|------------|--|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| SECTOR<br>PLAN/<br>POLICY   | DATE OF<br>DEVELOPMENT      | LIFE SPAN  | STATUS/COMMENTS  | PROGRESS END FEB<br>2024                          | PROGRESS<br>END OF<br>MARCH 2024 | END OF<br>APRIL 2024           | PROGRESS<br>END OF<br>MAY 2024             | OF JUNE 2024  |  |  |  |
| Protected Areas Management Plan (Community Services)  | N/A                         | Indefinite | Project has not yet begun                                  | N/A   | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A  | N/A   |  |  |  |
| Comprehensive Intergrated Transport Plan(Future Roads Master Plan, Public Transport Plan, Non Motorized Transport Plan, Future Roads upgrade master Plan) | 30-Mar-11                   | 5years     | due for review   | Finalising the appointment of Consultants (Panel) | BSC Approval                     | Inception meeting              | Imple-<br>mentation<br>Com-<br>menced      | Proceeding with the review                          |  |  |  |
| Road Asset<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan  |                             | 5 years    | due for review   | Finalising the appointment of Consultants (Panel) | BSC Approval                     | Inception<br>meeting           | Imple-<br>mentation<br>Com-<br>menced      | Proceeding with the review                          |  |  |  |
| Traffic Calming Policy  |                             |            | due for review   | Commence with the review in House                 | to SCM                           | Submit Report to ISF portfolio | Submit Report to Full Council for Approval |   |  |  |  |
| Metre Taxi<br>Supply /De-<br>mand Study   | 30-Jun-18                   | 5 years    | due for review in July<br>2024                             | N/A   | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A  | BSC approval (<br>provided funds<br>are available ) |  |  |  |
| Ethlcs Policy   | New Policy -<br>July 2022   | N/A        | Tabled at SMC in Sept<br>2022 awaiting Council<br>approval | N/A   | N/A                              | N/A                            | N/A  | N/A   |  |  |  |



|  | NEW SECTOR PLAN PLAN/POLICY |               |  |  |  |                                  |        |   |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--------|---|
| SECTOR<br>PLAN/<br>POLICY  | DATE OF<br>DEVELOPMENT      | LIFE SPAN     | STATUS/COMMENTS  | PROGRESS END FEB<br>2024   | PROGRESS<br>END OF<br>MARCH 2024   | PROGRESS<br>END OF<br>APRIL 2024 | END OF | PROGRESS END<br>OF JUNE 2024  |
| Change<br>Manage-<br>ment Policy   | New Policy -<br>July 2022   | N/A           | Tabled at SMC awaiting Council approval  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A                              | N/A    | N/A   |
| Organisa-<br>tional Per-<br>formance<br>Manage-<br>ment Sys-<br>tem Policy | New Policy -<br>July 2022   | N/A           | To be prented to Union<br>Consultation session<br>Feb/March 2024   | 03 Feb policy discussion with task team for further consultation                   | N/A  | N/A                              | N/A    | N/A   |
| Individual Perfor- mance Manage- ment Sys- tem Policy                      | New Policy - 31<br>Jan 2024 | N/A           | To be prented to Union<br>Consultation session<br>Feb/March 2024   | 03 Feb policy discussion with task team for further consultation                   | N/A  | N/A                              | N/A    | N/A   |
| Mentorship<br>Policy   | New Policy -<br>Jan 2024    | N/A           | To be prented to Union<br>Consultation session<br>Feb/March 2024   | N/A  | N/A  | N/A                              | N/A    | N/A   |
| Succession<br>Policy   | New Policy -<br>Dec 2022    | N/A           | To be prented to Union<br>Consultation session<br>Feb/March 2024   | N/A  | N/A  | N/A                              | N/A    | N/A   |
| Bed and<br>Breakfast<br>Policy   | Feb-17                      | Not specified | The subject policy is currently being reviewed in order to align with the SDF objectives and the Msunduzi Single Land Use Scheme provisions. | A draft policy will be submitted by the service provider for comments              | Stakeholder<br>Engagement<br>and public<br>consultation<br>completed<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024 | N/A                              | N/A    | Final draft of the<br>reviewed home-<br>based business<br>policies submit-<br>ted to SMC by<br>the 30th of June<br>2024 |
| Boarding<br>House Pol-<br>icy  | Jan-17                      | Not specified | The subject policy is currently being reviewed in order to align with the SDF objectives and the Msunduzi Single Land Use Scheme provisions. | A draft policy will be<br>submitted by the ser-<br>vice provider for com-<br>ments | Stakeholder<br>Engagement<br>and public<br>consultation<br>completed<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024 | N/A                              | N/A    | Final draft of the<br>reviewed home-<br>based business<br>policies submit-<br>ted to SMC by<br>the 30th of June<br>2024 |



# ELOPMENT

|   | NEW SECTOR PLAN PLAN/POLICY |                   |  |  |  |        |                                |   |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--------|--------------------------------|---|
| SECTOR<br>PLAN/<br>POLICY                               | DATE OF<br>DEVELOPMENT      | LIFE SPAN         | STATUS/COMMENTS  | PROGRESS END FEB<br>2024   | PROGRESS<br>END OF<br>MARCH 2024   | END OF | PROGRESS<br>END OF<br>MAY 2024 | PROGRESS END<br>OF JUNE 2024  |
| Tavern Policy   | Feb-17                      | Not specified     | The subject policy is currently being reviewed in order to align with the SDF objectives and the Msunduzi Single Land Use Scheme provisions. | A draft policy will be submitted by the service provider for comments              | Stakeholder<br>Engagement<br>and public<br>consultation<br>completed<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024 | N/A    | N/A                            | Final draft of the reviewed home-based business policies submitted to SMC by the 30th of June 2024                      |
| Tuck Shop<br>Policy                                     | Feb-17                      | Not specified     | The subject policy is currently being reviewed in order to align with the SDF objectives and the Msunduzi Single Land Use Scheme provisions. | A draft policy will be<br>submitted by the ser-<br>vice provider for com-<br>ments | Stakeholder<br>Engagement<br>and public<br>consultation<br>completed<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024 | N/A    | N/A                            | Final draft of the<br>reviewed home-<br>based business<br>policies submit-<br>ted to SMC by<br>the 30th of June<br>2024 |
| Msunduzi<br>Flood Risk &<br>Vulnerability<br>Assessment | 2024                        | 5 years           | Service provider has<br>been appointed and<br>the assessment is in the<br>inception phase  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A    | N/A                            | N/A   |
| Storm Water<br>Manage-<br>ment By-<br>Law               | 2024                        | Until next review | First draft  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A    | N/A                            | N/A   |
| Protected Areas Management Plan (Community Services)    | N/A                         | Indefinite        | Project has not yet begun  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A    | N/A                            | N/A   |

## C.4.12.2. PROMULGATED BYLAWS

The Msunduzi Municipality has a total of 31 bylaws which have been approved and gazetted.

## These are as follows:

- 1. Advertising Signs By-Laws
- 2. Municipal Aerodrome Bylaws
- 3. Bylaws Regulating the Control and Discharge of Fireworks
- 4. Bylaws Relating to the Manufacture, Storage and Sale Of Foodstuffs
- 5. Caravan Camping Ground Bylaws
- 6. Credit Control and Debt Collection Bylaws
- 7. Electricity Supply Bylaws
- 8. Bylaws for the Establishment of Special Rating Area
- 9. Fire Brigade Bylaws
- 10. Fire Prevention and Flammable Liquids & Substances By-Laws
- 11. General Bylaws
- 12. Spatial Planning and Land Use Management By-Laws
- 13. Indigent Bylaws
- 14. Market Bylaws
- 15. Motor Vehicle & Road Traffic Regulation Bylaws
- 16. Problem Building Bylaws
- 17. Telecommunication Mast Infrastructure Bylaws
- 18. Wayleave Bylaws
- 19. Municipal Property Rates By-Laws
- 20. Noise Abatement By-Laws
- 21. Parking Meter Bylaw
- 22. Credit Control and Debt Collection By-Laws

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- 23. Public Health By-Laws
- 24. Public Open Spaces By-Laws
- 25. Rules Of Order By-Laws
- 26. Street Trading By-Laws
- 7. Town Trails and Conservation Areas Bylaws
- 28. Waste Management By-Laws
- 29. Water Services By-Laws
- 30. Cemeteries And Crematoria By-Laws
- 31. Smoke Control Regulations

In addition to the above Bylaws, the Legal Services Unit is also reviewing the Credit Control and Debt Collection Bylaws in order to align same with the changes in the Credit Control and Debt Collection Policy.

Legal Services is currently using the Action Plan below as approved by Council:

## C.4.13. FUNCTIONALITY OF BID COMMITTEES

The Msunduzi Supply Chain Management (SCM) Unit is a support function for all business units within the Council, to ensure provision of efficient, transparent, fair, equitable, and cost effective procurement services, assisting them to implement their service delivery priorities. In terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act, SCM regulations, the SCM unit is established to implement the SCM policy adopted by Council. It operates under the direct supervision of the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) or an official to whom this duty has been delegated, in terms of Section 82 of the Act. Core functions include demand management, acquisition management, logistics management, disposal management, SCM risk management, and performance management.

The SCM Policy was adopted by Council on 31 May 2022, in terms of the SCM Regulations 3 (1)(a), and was implemented immediately thereafter. Further review of the SCM policy was done in February 2024, to further align the policy to the Preferential Procurement Regulations (2022) issued in terms of Section 5 of the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act (5 of 2000). An SCM procurement plan was developed and implemented annually, with quarterly reports on implementation being submitted to Council.

The Municipality has the following committees established and functional, with appointments being valid for one financial year:

- Bid Specification Committee (BSC Technical )- every Thursday at 09h00;
- Bid Specification Committee (BSC General)- every Tuesday at 09h00
- Bid Evaluation Committee (BEC Technical)- every Wednesday at 09h00; and
- Bid Evaluation Committee (BEC General)- every Thursday at 09h00;

## TABLE 49: BID ADJUDICATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS

| MEMBER            | BUSINESS UNIT                                | POSITION                        | APPOINTMENT<br>LETTER EXPIRY DATE |
|-------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Dudu Gambu        | Budget and Treasury                          | Chief Financial Officer [A]     | 31 December 2024                  |
| Sikelela Ndzalela | Budget and Treasury                          | Head Supply Chain<br>Management | 31 July 2024                      |
| Ngangenkosi Mpisi | Electricity Supply Services                  | General Manager [A]             | 31 December 2024                  |
| Mbongeni Mathe    | Community Services                           | General Manager                 | 31 December 2024                  |
| Felix Nxumalo     | Sustainable Development and City Enterprises | General Manager                 | 31 December 2024                  |
| Vusumuzi Cele     | Infrastructure Services                      | General Manager                 | 31 December 2024                  |
| Brenden Sivparsad | Water and Sanitation                         | Senior Manager                  | 31 DECEMBER 2024                  |
| Mduduzi Mbokazi   | Corporate Services                           | Legal Advisor                   | 31 DECEMBER 2024                  |

## TABLE 50: BID SPECIFICATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS [TECHNICAL]

| MEMBER              | POSITION   | BUSINESS UNIT               | EXPIRY DATE OF APPOINTMENT LETTER |
|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Lindelwa Mngenelwa  | Manager- transportation planning   | Infrastructure services     | 31 December 2024                  |
| Phumlani Gumede     | Manager planning sustainable development & city enterprises-human settlement | Sustainable development     | 31 December 2024                  |
| Sithembiso Thabethe | Manager planning customer services electricity                               | Electricity supply services | 31 December 2024                  |
| Bukelani Mbhele     | Manager: buildings, facilities & maintenance                                 | Community services          | 31 December 2024                  |
| Bheki Sosibo        | Manager- construction IS&F   | Infrastructure services     | 31 December 2024                  |
| Vinay Monhalal      | Contract officer   | Budget & treasury           | 31 December 2024                  |
| Xolilie Ndzingi     | Assistant legal advisor  | Corporate services          | 31 December 2024                  |

## TABLE 51: BID EVALUATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS [TECHNICAL]

| MEMBER                | BUSINESS UNIT                                | POSITION   | APPOINTMENT LETTER EXPIRY DATE |
|-----------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|
| Thamsanqa<br>Makhanya | Infrastructure Services                      | Chief Engineer: Planning, Design & Construction Monitoring | 31 December 2024               |
| Phumulani Mbeje       | Sustainable Development and City Enterprises | Project Officer  | 31 December 2024               |
| Simphiwe Mbanjwa      | Sustainable Development and City Enterprises | Manager - Informal<br>Settlements, Economic<br>Development | 31 December 2024               |

| MEMBER           | BUSINESS UNIT           | POSITION                         | APPOINTMENT LETTER EXPIRY DATE |
|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Khethiwe Mvelase | Infrastructure Services | Manager: Transportation          | 31 December 2024               |
| Amahle Tyekela   | Budget and Treasury     | Contract officer -Specifications | 31 July 2024                   |
| Phumuzile Muthwa | Corporate Services      | Legal Advisor                    | 31 December 2024               |

TABLE 52: BID EVALUATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS [GOODS & SERVICES]

| MEMBER         | BUSINESS UNIT                                | POSITION                                    | APPOINTMENT LETTER EXPIRY DATE |
|----------------|--|---|--------------------------------|
| Sandile Zondi  | Corporate Business Unit                      | Political Support                           | 31 December 2024               |
| Radha Gounden  | Sustainable Development and City Enterprises | Manager - Planning and<br>Human Settlements | 31 December 2024               |
| Mxolisi Dladla | Budget and Treasury                          | Manager: Contract Management                | 31 December 2024               |
| Kass Thaver    | Corporate Services                           | Chief Legal Advisor:<br>Litigation          | 31 December 2024               |
| Nombuso Ngidi  | Sustainable Development and City Enterprises | Senior Planner: Human<br>Settlements        | 31 December 2024               |
| Philile Sibiya | Corporate Services                           | SAP Administrator                           | 31 December 2024               |
| Ntobeko Ngcobo | Corporate Business Unit                      | Advisor: Communications and Marketing       | 31 December 2024               |

TABLE 53: BID SPECIFICATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS [GOODS & SERVICES]

| MEMBER                | BUSINESS UNIT                              | POSITION                            | APPOINTMENT<br>LETTER EXPIRY DATE |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Sibusiso Mkhize       | Budget & treasury                          | Manager logistics & materials       | 31 December 2024                  |
| Sifiso Walala Mzobe   | Corporate services                         | Manager Hr support services         | 31 December 2024                  |
| Lungisani Ntuli       | Electricity supply services                | Senior technologist                 | 31 December 2024                  |
| Thavandree<br>Gounder | Corporate services                         | Manager public works                | 31 December 2024                  |
| Nontobeko<br>Mofokeng | Sustainable development & city enterprises | Senior manager economic development | 31 December 2024                  |
| Fezeka Mthembu        | Community services                         | Financial controller                | 31 December 2024                  |
| Nomvula Ndlela        | Corporate services                         | Ex-officio                          | 31 December 2024                  |

## C.4.14. MUNICIPAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE (MPAC)

Municipal Public Accounts Committee (MPAC) is established in terms of section 79 of the Structures Act, 1998 and is made up of ordinary Councillors to oversee the expenditure of public funds in order to ensure the efficient and effective utilization of council resources and to enhance the political accountability of Council. MPAC exercises an oversight role over the Executive and the Administration on behalf of the Council, with regard to matters failing within its area of competence and reports directly to Council. The primary purpose of the MPAC is to assist Council to hold the executive and the municipal administration to account. MPAC will consist of 12 (twelve) ordinary Councillors to be appointed by the Council in consultation with caucuses on a proportional representation basis, and such other persons who are not councilors who are co-opted by the Committee as advisory members in terms of section 79 (2) (d) of the Structures Act, 1998.

## **Functions and Powers**

- 1) MPAC must review and examine the following documents:
  - i. Audit Reports on annual financial statements of the Municipality;
  - ii. Any reports issued by the Auditor-General on the affairs of the Municipality;

- iii. The annual reports of the Municipality;
- iv. The mayor's quarterly reports on the implementation of the budget and the financial state of affairs of the municipality;
- v. Any other financial statements or reports referred to MPAC by the Council.
- vi. Any information relating to personnel, books of account, records, assets and liabilities of the Council; and
- 2) MPAC may summon any councilor or municipal official to assist it in the execution of its duties.
- 3) MPAC may report on or make recommendations in relation to any of the reports or financial statements which it may examine.
- 4) In its examination (mentioned in clause 2.1), MPAC must take into account previous statements and reports and consider the degree to which previously identified shortcomings have been rectified. The Committee must report to Council on its findings.
- 5) MPAC shall initiate and develop the Annual Oversight Report on the Municipality's Annual report.
- 6) MPAC may initiate, direct and supervise investigations into any matter falling within its terms of reference including projects requested by EXCO and Council.
- 7) MPAC may consider any recommendations made by the Audit Committee or referred to it by a portfolio committee or any other committee and render an opinion on such recommendations.
- 8) MPAC may request or invite members of the public to attend any meeting of the Committee in terms of section 16 (1) of the Systems 2000, to assist it with the performance of its functions.

## C.4.15. FUNCTIONALITY OF PORTFOLIO COMMITTEE

## COUNCIL

The Municipal Council has 81 councillors from 9 Political Parties (ANC 40, DA 16, EFF 10, IFP 8, ABC 2 and 1 each from AIC, ACDP, PA, JEP as well as an Independent). The municipality has set up the following structures for the 2021/2026 term:

Executive Committee (10)

Finance Portfolio Committee (13)

Infrastructure and Electricity Supply Services Portfolio Committee (15)

Community Services Portfolio Committee (16)

Sustainable Development & City Enterprises Portfolio Committee (11)

Corporate Services Portfolio Committee (11)

Municipal Public Accounts Committee (14)

## **COMMITTEES**

The following table reflects the committees of Council and their respective purposes, as well as the frequency of meetings during a financial year.

## TABLE 54: MUNICIPAL COMMITTEES AND FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS IN A YEAR

| COMMITTEE NAME    | FUNCTIONS  | NUMBER OF MEETINGS   |
|-------------------|--|----------------------|
| COUNCIL           | Political oversight  | 1 MEETING PER MONTH  |
| EXCO              | Deals with matters delegated to it by Council and legislation. | 2 MEETINGS PER MONTH |
| FINANCE COMMITTEE | Financial management oversight                                 | 2 MEETINGS PER MONTH |

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| COMMITTEE NAME                                  | FUNCTIONS   | NUMBER OF MEETINGS   |
|---|---|----------------------|
| SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT<br>AND CITY ENTERPRISES | <ul> <li>All matters requiring attention arising from the provisions of the relevant legislation.</li> <li>Housing and Human Settlement Development Management</li> <li>Housing</li> <li>Town Planning</li> <li>Valuations and Real Estate</li> <li>Environmental Health</li> <li>Airport</li> <li>Municipal Market</li> <li>Municipal Forest</li> <li>Tatham Art Gallery</li> </ul>  |                      |
| CORPORATE SERVICES COMMITTEE                    | <ul> <li>Council &amp; Committee Support to Political Offices</li> <li>Legal Services and Legislative Compliance</li> <li>Corporate and Legal</li> <li>By Laws</li> <li>Delegation Management</li> <li>Policies, Processes and Procedures</li> <li>Human Resource Management</li> <li>Performance Management</li> <li>Labour Relations</li> <li>Recruitment and Selection</li> <li>Occupational Health</li> <li>Job Evaluation</li> <li>Training and Development</li> <li>Employee Relations</li> <li>Information Management</li> <li>Management Information Systems</li> <li>Information Centre</li> <li>Printing</li> <li>Information, Systems Technical Support</li> </ul> | 2 MEETINGS PER MONTH |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES COMMITTEE                    | <ul> <li>Regional Community Services Provision</li> <li>Libraries</li> <li>Cemeteries and Crematoria</li> <li>Community Services Provision Management</li> <li>Parks, Conservation, and Environment</li> <li>Sport and Recreation</li> <li>Municipal Public Works</li> <li>Public Safety and Disaster Management</li> <li>Traffic Services</li> <li>Licensing</li> <li>Public Safety and Security</li> </ul>  | 2 MEETINGS PER MONTH |

| COMMITTEE NAME                                   | FUNCTIONS  | NUMBER OF MEETINGS                       |
|--|--|--|
| COMMITTEE NAME INFRASTRUCTURE SERVICES COMMITTEE | <ul> <li>Municipal Infrastructure Planning, Funding, Maintenance and Development Management</li> <li>Municipal Infrastructure Grants</li> <li>Municipal Infrastructure Planning</li> <li>Fleet Management</li> <li>Mechanical Workshops</li> <li>Asset Management and Maintenance</li> <li>Electricity Distribution Management</li> <li>Administration</li> <li>Maintenance</li> <li>Planning</li> <li>Networks</li> <li>Connections</li> <li>Water Distribution and Sanitation Management</li> <li>Administration</li> <li>Maintenance</li> <li>Planning</li> <li>Networks</li> <li>Connections</li> <li>Sanitation</li> <li>Water Management</li> <li>Waste Removal</li> </ul> | NUMBER OF MEETINGS  2 MEETINGS PER MONTH |
|  | <ul> <li>Waste Removal</li> <li>Refuse Collection</li> <li>Landfill Site</li> <li>Roads and Stormwater</li> <li>Administration</li> <li>Maintenance</li> <li>Planning</li> </ul>   |  |
| MUNICIPAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE              | All matters requiring attention arising from the Provisions of the relevant legislation.   | 2 MEETINGS PER MONTH                     |
| AUDIT COMMITTEE                                  | An independent audit committee fulfils a vital role in governance. The audit committee plays an oversight role on systems of internal, risk management and governance.   |  |

## C.4.16. LAND USE MANAGEMENT

The following table provides a summary of the issues raised by community members during the IDP izimbizo held during the month of April and May 2022. It is important to note that there will always be more needs than available resources. The community needs are further subject to a process of prioritization to ensure their feasibility and alignment to the strategic objectives council prior to actually allocating resources for an implementation.

## C.4.16.1. MUNICIPAL PLANNING TRIBUNAL (MPT/JMPT)

Additionally, Msunduzi Municipality has a stand-alone Municipal Planning Tribunal (MPT) and does not form part of any joint Municipal Planning Tribunal). Therefore, the Municipality is in full compliance with SPLUMA Regulation 14 and Standard Operating procedures (SOP) approved by the Municipal Council for the MPT are in place. Below is a list of members that serve on the Msunduzi Planning Tribunal which convenes twice a month to consider applications across the city.

## **External Members:**

- 1. Mark Povall- Registered Planner (as the Deputy Chairperson)
- 2. Sibongiseni Maseko- Registered Planner
- 3. Nomfuneko Mkhize- Admitted Attorney
- 4. Alicia Carmine Naidoo Admitted Attorney
- 5. Francis Naude'- Professional Land Surveyor



- 6. Atkins Nyakane Khoali Professional Planner (as the Chairperson)
- 7. Cherise Harris Environmental Scientist
- 8. Sibonelo Zulu Land Surveyor
- 9. Khethiwe Mvelase- Transport Engineer
- 10. Mduduzi Mbokazi- Legal Advisor

## C.4.16.2. FUNCTIONALITY OF THE MPT/JMPT

In compliance with the Spatial Land Use Management Act the Msunduzi Municipality has appointed a two Municipal Planning Authorized Officers (MPOA), who assess and consider category 2 applications that include Special Consents and Home Activity applications.

## C.4.16.3. ADOPTION OF A SINGLE LAND USE SCHEME IN COMPLIANCE WITH SPLUMA

Section 24 of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013 provides that a municipality must, after public consultation, adopt and approve a single land use scheme for its entire area within five years from the commencement of this Act. Therefore, the deadline date for all Municipality to adopt and approve a single land use scheme within its entire area was July 2020.

However, an exemption from the above-mentioned deadline (July 2020) for the adoption and approval of a Single Land Use Scheme by Msunduzi Municipality (Cadastral Description KZN 225) has been granted. An extension of 3 years from the original deadline (July 2020 to July 2024) was granted by the Minister of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development.

Therefore, in complying with section 24 of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013 and the extension of deadline approval granted by the Minister of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development, the Msunduzi Municipality has adopted its Single Land Use Scheme on the 26th of April 2022.

## C.4.16.4. MUNICIPAL APPEAL AUTHORITY

Municipalities are obligated to establish an Appeals Authority that is to exercise its powers in an independent manner free of outside interference and influence. The exercise of power by the Appeals Authority should be with integrity, impartiality, objectivity and professionalism. As a result, Msunduzi has an established Appeals Authority which is comprised of an appointed panel of officials in terms of SPLUMA and its Regulations. The Appeals Authority is a functional body that convenes as and when there is an appeal.

## C.4.17. GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION SWOT ANALYSIS

## **STRENGTHS**

- Communication strategy and policies social media policy, communication policy and corporate image and branding policy • Branding manual.
- · Regular communication and information sharing.
- The existence of the Council approved risk management and, anti-fraud and corruption policies.
- Establishment of risk management committee.
- The reporting of the CRO to Accounting officer, given the latter's responsibility in terms of the MFMA for risk management.
- Internal audit staff have the required knowledge, skills & competencies to perform internal audit activity.
- Forensic investigations that are multiple expertise driven.
- Sound relationships with law enforcement agencies.
- Comprehensive, dynamic, multifaceted & focused internal audit plan.
- Comprehensive & educating reports.
- Well-structured internal audit methodology & forensic investigation methodology.
- Influence the market & receive services at a reasonable cost

## **OPPORTUNITIES**

- · Review of organogram.
- Building of media partnerships with local, national, and international media houses.
- Improvement on audit outcomes.
- Employ new staff to capacitate IA & reduce the reliance on co-sourced partners.
- · Professional IA outlet recognized country wide.
- Knowledge/approach sharing with metros & other high-capacity municipalities.
- Funding for training of staff should be sourced from LGSETA for continuous professional development to comply with the IA charter.

## WEAKNESSES

- High vacancy rate.
- Shortage in tools of trade.
- Outdated communication systems.
- Outdated website.
- The Risk Management support functions not appropriately staffed.
- Responsibility of Risk Management Unit not being communicated throughout the Municipality.
- Risk Management activities not being Audited by Internal Audit.
- No mechanism in place to communicate any changes to the business unit risk register to CRO.
- Lack of activity tracking system.
- Office space is inadequate for the growth of the unit.
- Turn-around time in audit assignments.
- The unit lack internal auditors who are specialists in information & communication technology & financial accounting

## THREATS

- Loss of experienced staff due to contract ending.
- Non approval of Communication programmes due to cost containment.
- Negative publicity of the Municipality.
- Loss of payment vouchers, SCM files, HR files which should be preserved for the purposes of the documentary exhibits during criminal trial and misconduct.
- Leak of forensic investigation reports which may jeopardize criminal trials.
- Market does not produce adequately skilled internal auditors.
- Lack of support & commitment by the GMs I.RO. transgressions by their staff.
- Management disowning responsibility.
- Death threats orchestrated by some municipal officials.
- Regarded as an opponent rather than providers of assurance, advice, and assistance through consulting activity.



- Budgetary constraints.
- Shortage of staff.
- Lack of communication from line Departments for the Unit to be able to provide support.
- The communication platforms are not sufficient for maximum reach due to budgetary constraints.
- Negative image.
- Outdated website.
- Shortage in tools of trade including communication systems.
- The poor support of risk management initiative by Senior Management.
- No mechanism in place to communicate any changes to the business unit Risk registers to Chief Risk Officer.
- Management failure to implement recommendations of internal audit & resolutions of the audit committee lack of covered.
- Parking for staff vehicles at Gallwey house building.
- Exit of staff in critical posts result to loss of institutional memory.
- Lack of training & development of staff & media negative reports about the municipality results to high turnover of staff

## C5-KPA: BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY

## C.5. INTRODUCTION

The following table summarises the sector plans developed by the Municipality, together with the date of adoption where available.

**TABLE 55: MUNICIPAL SECTOR PLANS** 

| SECTOR PLAN   | STATUS   | COMMENTS  |
|---|--|---|
| Safe City Business Plan/ Sector<br>Plan                 | Current Agreement ends June 2024.<br>Draft plan [2024- 2026] has been  | Every 3 years, Safe City drafts a new business plan which informs the 3   |
|   | submitted to council for approval.   | year SLA to be entered into with the municipality   |
| Forestry Sector Plan                                    | To have Full council approval by June 2024   | strategy to guide the operations and future plans and growth of the business unit to ensure optimal operational output and sustainable Forestry Management. |
| Tourism Strategy/ Plan                                  | To have Full council approval by June 2024   | strategy to guide the operations and future plans and growth of the business unit to ensure optimal operational output.                                     |
| Airport Sector Plan/ Strategies                         | To have Full council approval by June 2024  Installation of Explosive Detection Tracing Device Completion of Fence illumination New Back Up Power unit | The plan encompasses expansion plans and operating models of the facility.  |
| Employment Equity Plan                                  | Submitted to Dept. of Labour on 22<br>Nov 2022   | Currently awaiting feedback   |
| Human Settlements Housing<br>Sector Plan Review         | Situational Analysis/ Status Quo<br>Report Completed and submitted<br>to SMC for Approval on the 28th<br>December 2022."                               | Final Housing Sector Plan Report to be Structured.  |
| Work Place Skills Plan                                  | Compiling stage, due for submission on 30 April 2024   | Currently awaiting feedback   |
| Roads Asset Management<br>Plan (RAMP) (2006)            | Due for review   | Approved during 2015/2016 financial year  |
| Water Services Development<br>Plan                      | WSDP is currently in the process of being revised  | The WSDP was adopted by council in December 2019  |
| Market strategic plan                                   | Phase 1 & 2  | N/A   |
| Protected Areas Management<br>Plan (Community Services) | Project has not yet begun  | N/A   |
| Bulk Water Master Plan                                  | Bulk Water Master plan is currently being revised. This will now include the greater Vulindlela area and Ashburton.                                    | A consultant has been appointed. It is anticipated that this process will be completed by December 2019.  |

| SECTOR PLAN   | STATUS  | COMMENTS   |
|---|---|--|
| Bulk Sanitation Master Plan                               | Sanitation Master Planis currently<br>been developed. This will now<br>include all the proposed housing<br>developments with recommendations<br>for a possible secondary Waste Water<br>Treatment Works | It is anticipated that this process will be completed by December 2019.  |
| Non-Revenue Water Reduction Master Plan                   | Approved 2010   | This is now being implemented  |
| IWMP  | Approved  | Adopted March 2015   |
| Environmental Status Quo                                  | Approved-updated  | Contains twelve specialist studies   |
| Environmental Management framework                        | Approved-updated  | GIS environment spatial layers linked to spatial decision support tool(SDST)   |
| Strategic Environmental<br>Assessment (SEA)               | Complete  | Long terms   |
| Strategic Environmental Management Plan (SEMP             | Complete  | Contains 26 priority specific Action   |
| Climate Change Policy                                     | Complete  | Currently refining data on 5 focus areas   |
| Comprehensive Integrated<br>Transport Plan (CITP)(2012)   | Approved by Council   | Legislative requirement. To be updated every 5 years i.e. in 2017. It incorporates/consolidates a range of smaller plans |
| Major Roads Plan  | No proof it was approved by Council   | Needs update   |
| Transportation Plan                                       | No proof it was approved by Council   | Needs update   |
| Road Safety Plan (2007)                                   | No proof it was approved by Council   | Needs update   |
| Non-Motorized Network Plan 2009                           | Not approved by Council   | Under review, being integrated with IRTPLAN  |
| Integrated Rapid Public<br>Transport Network (IRPTN) Plan | Approved by Council   | Network under design for implementation  |
| Public Transport Network Plan (2002)                      | No proof it was approved by Council   | Superseded by IRPTN  |
| Building Asset Management Plan                            | Not approved  | Budgeted for 2016/2017 financial year  |

## C5.1. WATER AND SANITATION

#### **Levels of Service for Water**

Census (2011) indicates that houses receiving piped water inside their dwelling have increased from 38.3% of households in 2001, to 47.9% of households in 2011. The census 2011 indicated that 96% of the population had access to basic water supply however this number decreased to 91% according to the StatsSA 2016 Community survey.

## Levels of Service for Sanitation

Households with flush toilets connected to sewerage have declined from 52.3% in 2001 to 51.6% (84 675households) in 2011. Census (2011) further indicated that only 2% or 3 316 households do not have access to any form of sanitation, and that 34.1% of households have pit latrines, both ventilated and unventilated. Peri-urban and rural communities have the lowest levels of flush toilets, with the highest levels of pit latrines. The access to basic sanitation in 2011 was 98% this increased to 99% according to the StatSA 2016 community survey.



#### C.5.1.1.1. LEVELS OF SERVICE

C.5.1.1.

Census (2011) indicates that houses receiving piped water inside their dwelling have increased from 38.3% of households in 2001, to 47.9% of households in 2011. The census 2011 indicated that 96% of the population had access to basic water supply however this number decreased to 91% according to the StatsSA 2016 Community survey. The figure below indicates the number of households with access to water according to the Msunduzi annual report 2021/2022.

TABLE 56A: WATER SERVICE DELIVERY LEVELS

| WATER SERVICE DELIVERY LEVELS                    |           |           |           |           |  |  |  |  |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Households                                       |           |           |           |           |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2018/2019 | 2019/2020 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |  |  |  |  |
| Description                                      | Actual    | Actual    | Actual    | Actual    |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number    | Number    | Number    | Number    |  |  |  |  |
| Water: (above min level)                         |           |           |           |           |  |  |  |  |
| Piped water inside dwelling                      | 81 780    | 81 817    | 81 942    | 81 977    |  |  |  |  |
| Piped water inside yard (but not in dwelling)    | 63 907    | 63 907    | 63 907    | 63 907    |  |  |  |  |
| Using public tap (within 200m from dwelling )    | 9 468     | 9 468     | 9 468     | 6 663     |  |  |  |  |
| Other water supply (within 200m)                 | N/A       | N/A       | N/A       | N/A       |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total        | 155 155   | 155 192   | 155317    | 152 547   |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum Service Level and Above Percentage       | 91.6%     | 94.6%     | 94.6 %    | 93,02%    |  |  |  |  |
| Water: (below min level)                         |           |           |           |           |  |  |  |  |
| Using public tap (more than 200m from dwelling)  | 6 396     | 6 396     | 6 396     | 6 396     |  |  |  |  |
| Other water supply (more than 200m from dwelling | N/A       | N/A       | N/A       | N/A       |  |  |  |  |
| No water supply                                  | 2 443     | 2 443     | 2 443     | 5 050     |  |  |  |  |
| Below Minimum Service Level sub-total            | 8 839     | 8 839     | 8 839     | 11 446    |  |  |  |  |
| Below Minimum Service Level Percentage           | 5.4%      | 5.4%      | 5.4%      | 6,98%     |  |  |  |  |
| Total number of households                       | 163 994   | 164 031   | 164 156   | 163 993   |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 56B: WATER SERVICE DELIVERY LEVELS BELOW MINIMUM

| HOUSEHOLDS - WATER SERVICE DELIVERY LEVELS BELOW MINIMUM  Households |                               |                               |                               |                        |                                     |                  |  |  |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Description  | 2018/2019<br>Actual<br>Number | 2019/2020<br>Actual<br>Number | 2020/2021<br>Actual<br>Number | Original<br>Budget No. | 2021/2022<br>Adjusted<br>Budget No. | Actual<br>Number |  |  |
| Formal Settlements   |                               |                               |                               |                        |                                     |                  |  |  |
| Total Households   | 6 396                         | 6 396                         | 6 396                         | 6 396                  | 6 396                               | 6 396            |  |  |
| Households below minimum service level                               | 6 396                         | 6 396                         | 6 396                         | 6 396                  | 6 396                               | 6 396            |  |  |
| Proportion of households below minimum service level                 | 3.9%                          | 3.9%                          | 3.9%                          | 3.9%                   | 3.9%                                | 3.9%             |  |  |
| Informal Settlements   |                               |                               |                               |                        |                                     |                  |  |  |
| Total Households   | 2 443                         | 2 443                         | 2 443                         | 43 655                 | 43 655                              | 43 655           |  |  |
| Households below minimum service level                               | 2 443                         | 2 443                         | 2 443                         | 43 655                 | 43 655                              | 43 655           |  |  |
| Proportion of households below minimum service level                 | 1.5%                          | 1.5%                          | 1.5%                          | 26,62%                 | 26,62%                              | 26,62%           |  |  |

Water Planning and information Management Programs ensure that South African Water resources are protected, used diligently, and conserved, managed and controlled in a sustainable manner for the benefit of all communities. It is also imperative that we protect the integrity of water ecosystems. A total of 1865 defective Water Meters were replaced for the 2021/2022 financial year in order to improve billing and revenue.

# FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2023-2024

## C.5.1.1.2. WATER SERVICE DEVELOPMENT PLAN (WSDP)

The Development Bank of Southern Africa (DBSA) is supporting and assisting the South African Government to eradicate water, sanitation, roads, electricity, education and health infrastructure backlogs in South Africa. In this regard, the DBSA provides a wide range of infrastructure planning, project preparation, funding (lending) and infrastructure delivery support services to various municipalities, Sector Departments and public entities.

The successful implementation of the projects supported by the DBSA through its non-lending (capacity building), and lending support services is expected to contribute significantly to the achievement of three of the South African Government national outcomes namely:

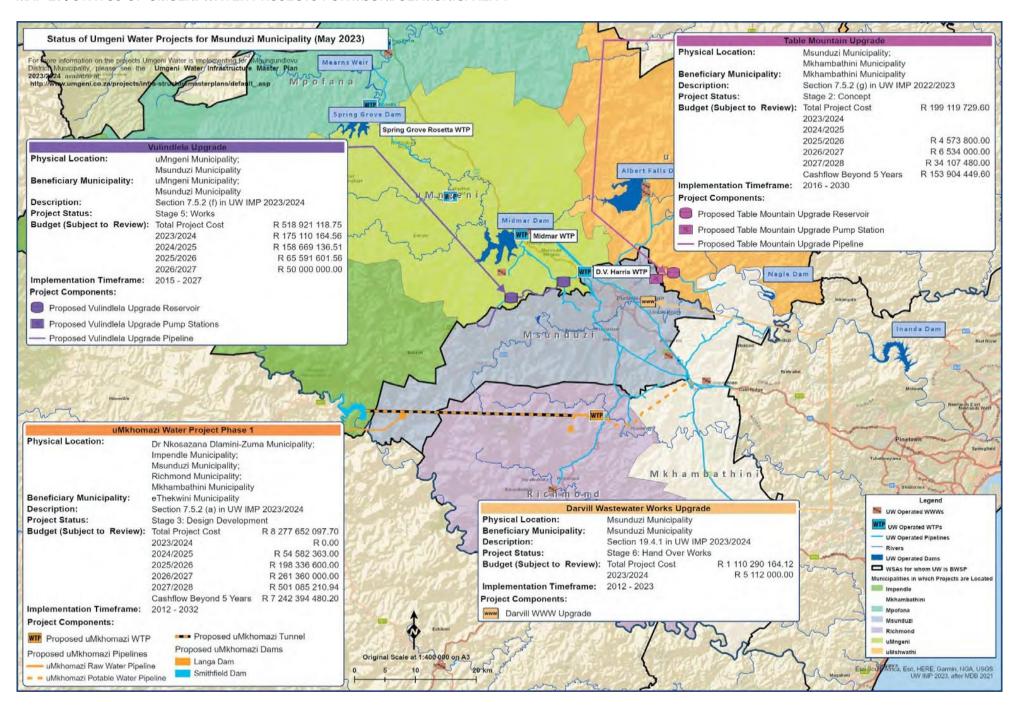
- a) Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network;
- b) Outcome 8: Sustainable human settlements and an improved quality of household life;
- c) Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective, and efficient local government.

In cognizance of the above role of DBSA, the Msunduzi LM (MLM) requested support from DBSA with the development and/or updating of the respective municipalities' Water Services i.e. Water and Sanitation Master Plans ("WSMP") and updating of the Water Services Development Plans ("WSDP"). The WSMP and WSDP will assist the municipality to improve and align the identification, prioritization and implementation of water services projects towards the achievement of Government's strategic national outcomes. The WSMP and WSDP developed with DBSA support will also equip the municipalities with strategic information to discharge their water services delivery mandates in a systematic, holistic, effective, efficient and measurable manner that is compliant with the legislative requirements regarding the achievement of the National Government Outcomes.

The primary objectives of the WSMP project are to:

- (a) Update the Water Services Master Plan (WSMP) and the Water Services Development Plan (WSDP) of the Municipality.
- (b) Assist the Municipalities to identify, prioritize and create a pipeline of water and sanitation projects for funding through various funding sources.
- (c) Unlock funding from various sources for infrastructure development in the Municipalities' areas of jurisdiction.

#### MAP 29: STATUS OF UMGENI WATER PROJECTS FOR MSUNDUZI MUNICPALITY





#### C.5.1.1.3 INFRASTRUCTURE ASSET MANAGEMENT PLAN OR WATER AND SANITATION

The municipality has an assets management Plan which was adopted in November 2022, An Asset Management Plan (AMP) is a document that aims to support the achievement of the municipality's strategic objectives and facilitate prudent technical and financial management decision-making regarding infrastructure in the respective sector. It draws on existing technical data, reports and information, supplemented as necessary with the insights and knowledge of senior officials, with a view to informing appropriate decisions on the management of the sector. In terms of ISO 55000, an organisation is required to "establish, document and maintain" sector specific AMPs. The AMPs should be aligned with the Asset Management (AM) policy and the Strategic Asset Management Plan (SAMP).

The Asset Steering Committee has been appointed to undertake the following duties;

- To embed, integrate, monitor, support and report on the development and implementation of Asset Management Practices within the Municipality.
- To drive and implement sustainable asset management across council
- To increase awareness of the importance of integrated service planning and asset management across the organisation
- To ensure compliance with COGTA guidelines for infrastructure Assets Management in local Government
- Towork in unison with the development Services Department tocreate and implement integratedopportunities for asset management and service planning.

The asset register has been updated with all movable and immovable assets, including investment property, and is in compliance with all applicable standards of GRAP. The verification, conditional assessment, and revaluation of infrastructure assets have been done and updated in the asset register in compliance with Grap 17. No impairment reports have been made to date. Movable assets are verified on an annual basis. The asset register is updated, on a monthly basis, with asset acquisitions (movable and immovable), disposals, and movements.

#### C.5.1.1.4. INFRASTRUCTURE PROCUREMENT STRATEGY FOR WATER AND SANITATION

Supply Chain Management Policy is divided into two parts. Part 1 focuses on Goods and Services and Part 2 on the Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management. is Part 2 is issued in terms of Section 168 of the Municipal Finance Management Act of 2003 in support of Regulation 3(2) of the MFMA The Supply Chain Management Regulations as a Treasury guideline determining a standard for municipal supply chain management policies.

MFMA Circular No 77: Model SCM Policy for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management provides guidance to municipalities on the establishment of a suitable supply chain management system for infrastructure delivery which is better able to deliver value for money, while minimizing the scope for corruption.

• Comprehensive five-year procurement plan is being reviewed. The infrastructure procurement plan, assist the organization in terms of financial planning and it is guided by part 2 of the Supply Chain Management Policy (Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management). Water and Sanitation Procurement Plan (2022-2027) is being reviewed together with other service delivery business units. A committee system comprising the documentation committee also known as bid specification committee, evaluation committee and tender committee (BAC) also known as bid adjudication committee applies to all procurement procedures where the estimated value of the procurement exceeds the financial threshold for quotations. The table below depicts the summarised Procurement Plan per Business Unit

| Business unit                       | Total Value     | Projects with<br>Contracts in<br>place as at 31<br>March 2024 | Projects that<br>have been to the<br>bid Spec and<br>awarded 22/23 | Projects that have not yet been tabled. |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---|--|---|
| Corporate Services                  | R5,410,630.04   | R4,025,000  | R635 630.04  | R750,000                                |
| Community services                  | R53,762,403.95  | R31,776,050.00  | R18,015,830.20   | R3,970,523.75                           |
| SD & CE/Town Planning & Environment | R39,299,332.00  | R7,828,073.00   | R17,792,459.00   | R13,678,800                             |
| Electricity Services                | R297,343,055.60 | R237,304,000.00   | R60,039,055.60   | -                                       |
| Budget & Treasury                   | R13,219,000.00  | R919,000.00   | R12,300,000  | -                                       |

| Business unit | Total Value     | place as at 31<br>March 2024 | have been to the<br>bid Spec and<br>awarded 22/23 | Projects that have not yet been tabled. |  |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---|---|--|
| IFS           | R266,173,842.10 | R144,291,200                 | R97,771,017.10                                    | R24,111,625.00                          |  |
| CBU           | R350,000.00     | R350,000.00                  | -   | -                                       |  |
| TOTAL         | R675,558,263.69 | R426,493,323.00              | R206,553,991.94                                   | R42,510,948.75                          |  |

## C.5.1.1.5. INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR WATER AND SANITATION

The table below indicate the three year programme for water and sanitation that is in the three capital budget.

| <b>Business Unit</b>    | Funded Program desc                      | REGIONS              | 2024/24     | 2024/25     | 2025/26     |
|-------------------------|--|----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Infrastructure services | LEVS:ZA:NEW:TRANSPORT ASSETS             | ALL ZONES            | 5 000 000   | 5 000 000   | 5 000 000   |
| Infrastructure services | LEVS:Z4:ROAD REHAB - PMS                 | ZONE4: CENTRAL       | 20 000 000  | 30 750 000  | 40 750 000  |
| Infrastructure services | LEVS:AH:NEW:CHANGE ROOMS REHAB           | ADM & HO             | 750 000     | -           | -           |
| Infrastructure services | LEVS:AH:Canalisation of Streams/bank pro | ADM & HO             | 2 000 000   | 2 000 000   | 2 000 000   |
| Infrastructure services | WSIG:Z1:VULINDLELA PHASE 3 (Planning & D | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | 28 000 000  | 35 000 000  | 38 986 000  |
| Infrastructure services | ALNS:ZA:REDUCTION OF NON REVENUE WATER   | ALL ZONES            | 50 000 000  | 50 000 000  |             |
| Infrastructure services | LEVS:METERING                            | ALL ZONES            | 7 000 000   | 7 000 000   | 7 000 000   |
| Infrastructure services | MIG:ZA:ELIM OF CONSERV<br>TANKS:SEWER    | ALL ZONES            | 22 000 000  | 16 244 601  | 10 000 000  |
| Infrastructure services | MIG:Z3:SLANGSPRUIT AMBLETON SANITATION S | ZONE3: IMBALI        | 3 000 000   | 33 593 563  | 26 406 437  |
| Infrastructure services | MIG:Z2:VULINDLELA H/HOLD SANITATION-W10  | ZONE2: EDENDALE      | 15 300 000  | -           | 3 000 000   |
| Infrastructure services | MIG:Z2:EDENDALE - SEWER RETIC - WARD 16  | ZONE2: EDENDALE      | -           | 10 000 000  | 25 000 000  |
| Infrastructure services | MIG:ZA:DARVIL SEWER OUTFALL              | ALL ZONES            | 65 477 640  | 65 339 400  | 37 182 960  |
| Infrastructure services | MIG:ZA:REDUCTION OF NON REVENUE WATER    | ALL ZONES            | 11 064 500  | 14 000 000  | 15 000 000  |
| Infrastructure services | MIG:Z5:COPESVILLE RESERVOIR              | ZONE5:<br>NORTHERN   | 15 000 000  | 12 383 235  | 21 753 423  |
| Infrastructure services | MIG:Z1:NCWADI PHASE 2A                   | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | 22 860 000  | 12 780 000  | 22 360 000  |
|                         |  |                      | 267 452 140 | 294 090 799 | 254 438 820 |

## C.5.1.1.6. END OF YEAR REPORT FOR WATER AND SANITATION

## C.5.1.1.7. ASSET REGISTER FOR WATER AND SANITATION INFRASTRUCTURE (UPDATE)

The specific attributes of any given component type, for example its extent is often necessary to model its value or useful life. The asset extent represents the measure of quantity or size of specific a component type. This can include but is not limited to the number of plants / facilities, size, and length of pipes etc. The extent is also related to the unit of measure or quantity caption as it directly affects how the value of the asset is represented. The Table 2.1 lists the total extent per asset type as per the municipality's latest Fixed Asset Register.

| Table 2.1: Asset Group Type | Count  |
|-----------------------------|--------|
| Borehole                    | 21     |
| Distribution                | 11 983 |
| Pump stations               | 104    |
| Reservoirs                  | 1371   |
| Reticulation                | 20     |
| Grand Total                 | 13 499 |

To manage issues of waste and sanitation, the municipality possesses a significant portfolio of bulk sanitation infrastructure which includes wastewater treatment works, sewerage networks, sewer pumpstations and outfall sewers. These assets directly affect the municipalities abilities to deliver sanitation services to the residence, the extent of the infrastructure is shown in the Table below as per the FAR.

| Total extent of sanitation infrastructure Asset Group Type | Count  |
|--|--------|
| Distribution   | 18     |
| Outfall sewers   | 1      |
| Pump stations  | 154    |
| Reticulation   | 11 400 |
| Waste-water treatment works                                | 48     |
| Grand Total  | 11 621 |

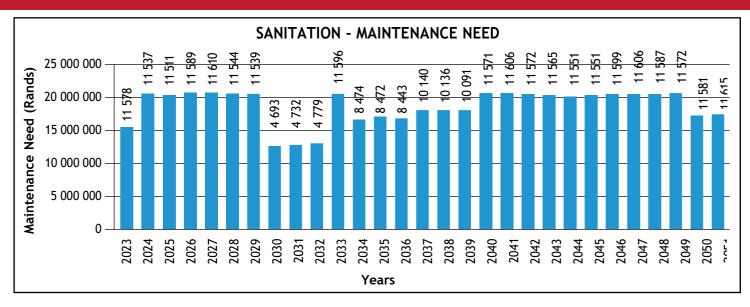
#### C.5.1.1.8. OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT PLAN: WATER AND SANITATION

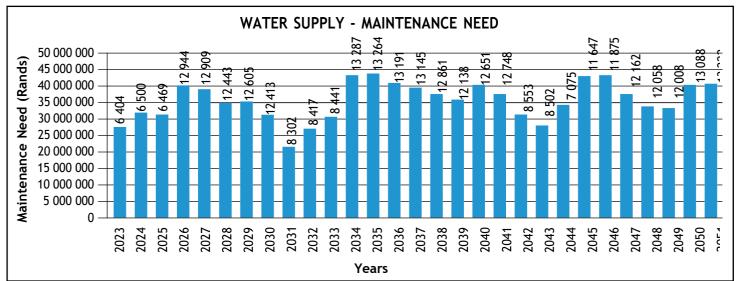
Needs analyses were conducted on the Sanitation and Water Supply asset classes over a 30-year period. A needs analysis forecasts the investment required to maintain, refurbish and replace existing infrastructure residing within the FAR. The following definitions are implied throughout the LCA.

- Maintain: Planned and unplanned maintenance emanating from an operating expenditure (OPEX) budget. Costs include materials, labour and equipment to perform maintenance. Costs exclude payments towards the department's staff salaries, debt servicing, impairment, overheads and other OPEX costs.
- Refurbish: Refurbishment of certain asset components that allow for such treatment interventions. Costs emanate from a capital expenditure (CAPEX) budget and include only the sustaining capital required for the refurbishment of the component. Costs exclude growth capital and capital towards social development.
- Replace: Replacement of components that reached end of estimated useful life (EUL). Costs emanate from a capital expenditure (CAPEX) budget and include only the sustaining capital required for the replacement of the component. Costs exclude growth capital and capital towards social development. The investment needs to maintain, refurbish, and replace the components are illustrated in Figure below. Investment selection criteria is based on a Benefit-Cost optimisation function

## Maintenance needs analysis for Sanitation.

An immediate maintenance need for Sanitation is approximately R15.5 million treating 11 578 components in 2024. The peaks and troughs are attributed to the interrelated nature of the treatments. Following a refurbishment or replacement, maintenance will require a lower (trough) investment during that period. The need exhibits an average annual investment of approximately R19 million (2% of the total CRC) treating 10394 components per year. An immediate maintenance need for Water Supply is approximately R28 million treating 6404 components in 2024. The need exhibits an average annual investment of approximately R36 million (2.1% of the total CRC) treating 11080 components per year.





#### C.5.1.1.9. MAINTENANCE MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR WATER AND SANITATION

As part of improving the quality and efficiency of water and sanitation service delivery in the Msunduzi Municipality area of supply, a Consultant was tasked with assistance to the municipality for the development of an Operations and Maintenance Plan in order to optimize asset management as well as assistance in its implementation including GIS database. The advice to be offered included the setting out of the steps required and the regular quarterly monitoring of progress in its implementation. Water and Sanitation Operations and Maintenance is still a draft document.

#### OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE OF OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

As part of improving the quality and efficiency of water and sanitation service delivery in the Msunduzi Municipality area of supply, a Consultant was tasked with assistance to the municipality for the development of an Operations and Maintenance Plan in order to optimize asset management as well as assistance in its implementation including GIS database. The advice to be offered included the setting out of the steps required and the regular quarterly monitoring of progress in its implementation. Water and Sanitation Operations and Maintenance is still a draft document.

#### OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE OF OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

The objectives of this draft of the O&M Plan are as follows:

- i) Provide information on prevailing regulatory framework, supporting strategy and policy necessary for the successful implementation of an O&M Plan;
- ii) Present international best practice Standard Operating Procedures that could be included in the final version of the O&M Plan;
- iii) Present options for monitoring and evaluation of the implementation of the O&M Plan, including international best practice in terms of performance management and benchmarking;
- iv) Provide typical preventative maintenance log sheets, duties and records for inclusion in the final version of the O&M Plan;
- v) Provide an indication of the role that the O&M Plan should play in the greater corporate governance of MM, including linkages between information databases, models and other strategic or operational documents/systems, such as an Asset Management System
- vi) Provide the basis of a management tool that can be workshopped and institutionalised within MM.

The O&M Plan covers the traditional water cycle and as such includes the treatment, distribution and storage of drinking water as well as the collection, conveyance, treatment and disposal of waste water. As such, the following key asset components have been included and addressed in this Plan:

- i) DWTP
- ii) Drinking water pump stations and pumps, including pumps, motors, meters and control
- iii) Pipelines (water and waste water)
- iv) Bulk and district meters (>40mm diameter)
- v) Customer meters
- vi) Valves (control, isolating, etc)
- vii) Hydrants
- viii) Storage reservoirs, including control
- ix) Sewer manholes
- x) WWTP

## C.5.1.1.10. WATER SERVICES AUTHORITY

The MEC for Local Government, Traditional Affairs, and Housing designated the Msunduzi Municipality a Water Service Water Authority through a Government Gazette dated 13 June 2003. This notice authorized the Msunduzi Municipality to perform the functions and exercise the powers referred to in Section 84(1) (b) of the Municipal Structures Act (117 of 1998), which provides for the provision of potable water supply and sanitation systems. Interms of Section 11 of the Water Services Act (108 of 1997), every Water Services Authority has a duty to ensure adequate and sustainable access to water and sanitation for all consumers within the area of jurisdiction.

The Msunduzi Municipality has signed and entered into a Bulk Services Agreement with Umgeni Water, which came into effect from December 2012. This is a 10 year agreement that regulates the supply and sale of bulk water from Umgeni Water to Msunduzi Municipality. The following is a brief summary of the relevant obligations, as contained in the agreement:

Msunduzi to provide Umgeni Water with projected water demand based on expected growth over the contract period;

- Umgeni Water is responsible for meeting the hourly, daily, and monthly peak flow demands;
- Meter at Strategic points in order to regulate and measure the sale of bulk water;
- Pay bulk water supply service charges as follows:-
- Volume based charges in respect of water consumed;
- Installation charges of new customer connections;
- Capital contribution charges where a new water supply requires capital expenditure; and
- Monitor and measure the performance of Umgeni Water against the said agreement.
- Ensure that the quality of water meets all the requirements of SANS 241.



- 3.9 km of new water pipeline constructed in Ward 19
- Practical completion of reservoir, pump station and pipeline completed in Ward 39
- Total Water Losses reduced to 29.8% in Wards 1 to 38.

## Strategic issues facing municipal water business

Water resource security: graph showing system yield (at 98% assurance) allocated/available to the city versus gross water use (past and forecast future), and commentary on perceived water security risks (actual or risks of significant restrictions) and future capital works planned to meet future demands

Quality of drinking water: compliance with SANS 241 & commentary on risks

**Network management: NRW;** pipe bursts per 100 km per year; sewer spills per 100 km per year; Water network pipe replacement (km replaced as % of network length), Sewer network pipe replacement (km replaced as % of network length)

**Wastewater treatment:** Compliance with licence conditions; capacity, condition and operational performance of wastewater treatment plants

**Human resources:** # of registered professional engineers in water & sanitation department. Critical skills vacancies (# of posts at level xx or above vacant or with acting position, out of yy posts); Staff per 1000 customers

|              | Spring<br>Grove Dam | Mearns Weir | Midmar<br>Dam | Albert Falls<br>Dam | Nagle Dam | Inanda<br>Dam | Overall<br>System<br>Storage |
|--------------|---------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|------------------------------|
| Full Support | 139.50              | 5.10        | 235           | 289                 | 23.20     | 242           | 933.80                       |
| Capacity     |                     |             | Dam Perce     | entage (%)          |           |               |                              |
| 06-Mar-16    | 84.86               | 59.52       | 45.89         | 36.75               | 74.43     | 78.65         | 58.1                         |
| 06-May-17    | 87.53               | 70.45       | 78.26         | 34.88               | 66.73     | 65.28         | 62.5                         |
| 06-May-19    | 87.40               | 101.56      | 100.46        | 50.12               | 96.26     | 75.69         | 76.4                         |
| 06-May-20    | 61.63               | 103.64      | 96.16         | 34.5                | 93.75     | 81.44         | 68.1                         |
| 06-May-21    | 99.57               | 102.08      | 100.38        | 56.04               | 90.61     | 99.94         | 86.19                        |
| 06-May-22    | 100.94              | 113.52      | 100.61        | 101.47              | 101.42    | 102.63        | 101.54                       |

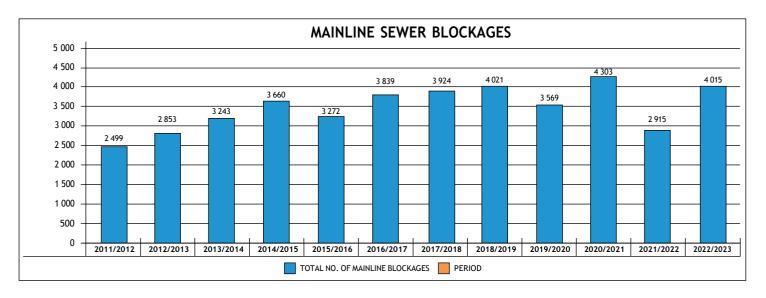
Heavy rainfalls over the latter part of the 2021 year has shown an overall storage increase to 99.7 percent. This adequately gives assurance of supply of raw water. Recent floods events have also increase storage levels.

On average Msunduzi Municipality uses 202ML/day.

Generally, asbestos cement (AC) pipelines account for over 66% of the 920 km of the municipal water reticulation network. These pipes have a lifespan of 30 years, and many of these pipes have reached the end of their lifespan, something that is evident in the number of water service interruptions that are occurring. The number of bursts has been increasing, with a current average of 5 bursts per day, which highlights the precarious nature of the existing infrastructure. This is depicted in the graph below;

# FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2023-2024

FIGURE 13: MAINLINE BURST TRENDS PER FINANCIAL YEAR



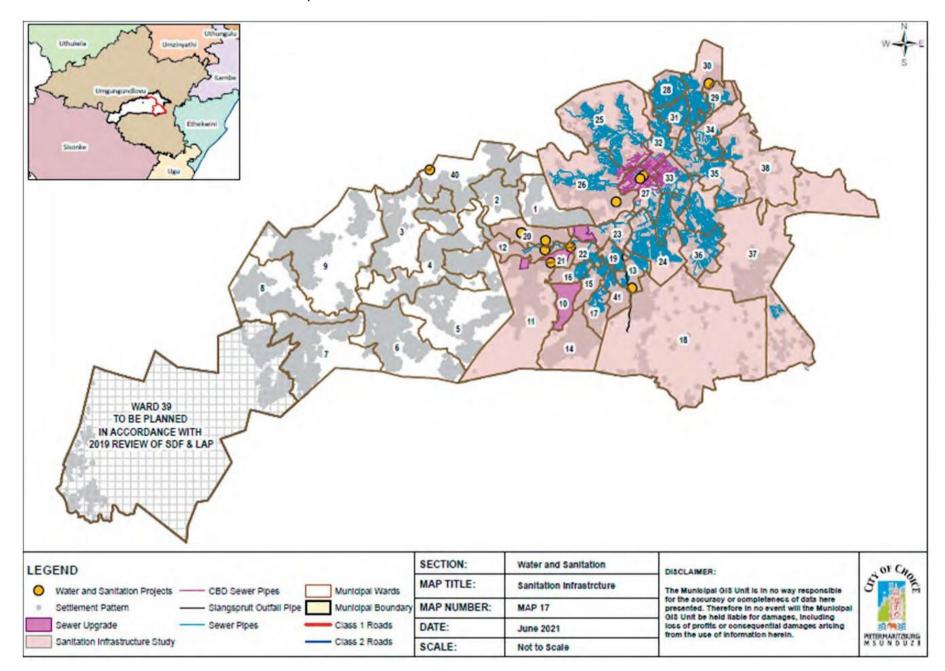
#### C.5.1.1.11. ANNUAL REPORT ON THE WATER AND SANITATION INFRASTRUCTURE

Msunduzi Municipality's annual report indicate the performance of the organization, while also breaking it down into specific departments. The annual performance report indicate the performance of all departments and Water and Sanitation projects are included under Basic Service Delivery.

C.5.1.2. WATER AND SANITATION SERVICE PROVIDERS OPERATING IN THE MUNICIPALITY

C.5.1.3.1. PORTABLE DRINKING WATER PROVIDED IN THE MUNICIPALITY

## MAP 30: WATER AND SANITATION PROJECTS, PIPELINES AND PUMP STATIONS



## C.5.2. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

There are two components to solid waste in the Municipality, namely Solid Waste Removal and Solid Waste Disposal.

#### C.5.2.1. WASTE COLLECTION IN THE MUNICIPALITY

In terms of the Census (2011) information, weekly refuse removal has declined from 59.5% in 2001 to 53.2% in 2011, but this could be associated with a growth in the number of households. Of the approximately 94 000 households in the 'borough' of Pietermaritzburg, approximately 84 000 are receiving weekly refuse removal.

The Solid Waste Removal section in the Municipality is responsible for the following areas:

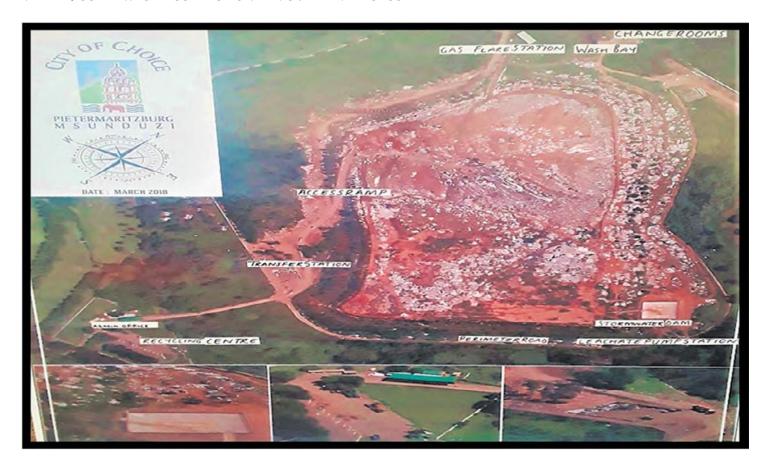
- Waste Collection;
- Management of Garden Sites (Prestbury, Link Road, Grange, Richie Road, Sobantu, South Road, Woodlands, and Eastwood);
- Street Sweeping;
- Maintenance of Public Convenience (toilets); and
- Eradication of Illegal Dumping.

## C.5.2.2. SUMMARY OF STATUS, BACKLOGS NEEDS AND PRIORITIES FOR SOLID WASTE

The New England Road Landfill Site is a licensed facility that is managed by the Municipality, and is the largest disposal facility in the KZN Midlands. The Site spans an area of 44 hectares, of which 29 hectares is currently being filled. The Site is managed in terms of its permit requirements, and in terms of relevant environmental legislation. The Landfill is classified as a general, large, leachate bearing site, and does not accept any hazardous waste. The Site is equipped with two weighbridges and a billing system, and users of the site are billed for the disposal of waste as per Council's tariff of charges. Waste disposed of is captured on the waste information system per category and type of waste. It is a regional facility that accepts waste from some of the local municipalities under the jurisdiction of the uMgungundlovu District. Quarterly monitoring for gas emissions, groundwater and surface water contamination, and leachate disposal is conducted to ensure that the surrounding environment, water courses, and groundwater are not being contaminated.

The site currently has a lifespan of seven years, and feasibility studies into implementing advanced waste management systems aimed at reducing waste to landfill are being considered to extend the lifespan. Some of these initiatives involve recycling at source, implementation of a waste recycling collection system, the construction of a Materials Recovery Facility, and the construction an organic waste composting facility to treat organic waste.

MAP 31: SOLID WASTE COLLECTION REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL





## C.5.2.3. ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANT WASTE DISPOSAL SITE.

The New England Road Landfill Site is permitted to continue operating until it reaches a maximum height of 652 meters above sea level. The current height of the landfill site is approximately within 5% of that limit. The life span is estimated to be at 5 years at the current rate of waste disposal. The volume that we still need to fill is approximately 1.3 million M3.

We aim to fulfil compliance on the National Environmental Management Waste Act 59 of 2008. The National Environmental Management Act 107 of 1998. The weigh bridge is now functional and the site has start generating revenue. The municipality has started have started stock piling cover material Reinforce the cover material Plant Team and covering is being adhered to on a daily basis. The plant is that this financial year we will develop or Review the Landfill Emergency or Disaster Management Plan. Including Fire Breaks Plan by the resident landfill manager.

The main considerations include:

- Settlement Management, landfill gas Management, Leachate Management System, Elevated temperature Monitoring Systems, Shallow soils and soil compaction and Surface and groundwater flow patterns.
- Step 1: Immediate requirement to establish the Landfill Site Recycling Committee; and expand this to address recycling within the Landfill and waste diversion opportunities for the city.
- Step 2: Sustain the appointment of a qualified and competent Landfill Manager, or alternatively a civil engineer.
- Step 3: Sustain operation of the Weighbridge and the accounting system.
- Step 4: Sustain the Landfill management operations at the landfill as per the permit conditions.
- Step 5: Establish basic recycling facilities on site.
- Step 6: Secure funding for the implements and plant for recycling. Secure stipend for E.P. W.P
- Step 7: Once we have the facility running properly then we can start to manage other issues such as air emission monitoring and leachate management

The Capital projects are operational around the operational budget in terms of the outsourced consultancy services which deals directly with the landfill restoration and rehabilitation and also not forgetting the important issue around the daily disposal rates which will now be sourced as the New England Landfill weigh bridge is functional and also generating revenue for the Landfill site and the municipality.

### C.5.2.4. INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN.

In terms of a specific Community Services and Waste Management strategy, by 2030, Msunduzi is a city protecting our natural environment, our native plant and animal habitats, limiting population, greening the city and using our natural resources-such as water-wisely. A clean, green city harnesses our renewable energy supply, public urban space creation, urban renewal and greening programmes.

The Msunduzi Municipality Integrated Waste Management plan enhances and is integrated with the six strategic goals namely: Quality infrastructure, human settlement and social services, environmental services, caring, welcome and diverse communities, flourishing business environment and a financially sound and well-governed institution. Communities benefit from linked public open spaces, providing for a range of sporting, cultural and recreational uses. Waste Management will play an important part in ensuring that the environment is clean, therefore healthy and therefore giving rise to environmental improvements.

The CBDs are swept and the refuse bagged, transported and landfilled nightly, 364 nights per annum by the WMBU. The exception is Christmas Day. The main CBD also receives a daily cleaning service seven days per week. The main CBD is serviced mainly by the use of 240 litre bins collected by a specialised mechanical lifter compactor. In spite of the services provided the CBDs are still victims to indiscriminate littering and dumping by pedestrians, motorists, formal and informal businesses. There are various municipal business units accountable for various functions and services within the CBD which might explain the perceived non accountability and non-response to addressing litter and dumping issues: for example when pavements are dug up and left as is and the left over hole becomes a dumpsite the customer expects the WMBU to address the issue.

Suburbs receive a street cleaning service on an as and when necessary basis. This is underwhelming as demand outstrips supply due to staff and equipment shortages. Lately there has been some relief as the municipality has managed to secure temporary staff in the form of Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) staff. Lately most of the municipality's grass cutting and street cleaning functions have been combined under the Parks department informally to address the suburban issues.

Illegal dumping is a major problem within the municipality as can be seen in almost every ward. Dumping is indiscriminate, ranging from simple litter to truckloads in some cases. Complainants avoid naming and shaming the culprits, or if they want to, have no incriminating evidence which means either way, that the culprits do not get punished. Regardless, the WMBU still has to clean up. Lack of security and prosecution is a negative factor encouraging culprits to dump.

Over the last few years legislation such as the National Environment Management: Waste Act 2008 (NEMWA) and the National Waste Management Strategy have placed tremendous pressure on the municipality's Waste Management business unit in terms of provision of services, management of the environment, production and implementation of a waste information system (WIS) and recycling initiatives. The Waste Management business unit is ill equipped to handle such crucial issues, is currently not compliant and an overhaul of current structure, staff, systems, and processes is called for, urgently.

The provision of services has been restricted due to lack of equipment and staff. Over the last 15 years the staff complement has shrunk from over 500 to less than 370 mostly general workers such as refuse collectors and street cleaners, crucially supervisors and including landfill site staff. The type and number of specialised equipment such as compactors, clam grab trucks and flatbed loaders have also been reduced by not being replaced, to the extent that services are negatively compromised.

The number and calibre of key staff has also been reduced such that key components of waste management such as waste information, productivity, reporting and forward planning have been neglected.

It is with the below scenario in mind that the Waste Management business unit analyses the problems and seeks to present a solution and plans.

TABLE 57: ALL REFUSE COLLECTED AND GENERATED

| SCENARIO ONE: ALL REFUSE COLLECTED BY THE MUNICIPALITY |                                  |                                    |                                  |         |                               |   |  |  |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
|  | High<br>income<br>low<br>density | Middle<br>income<br>middle density | Low<br>income<br>high<br>density | Rural   | Total waste generated in tons | Calculated<br>Number<br>of 19m3<br>compactors |  |  |
| Base population 2021/2022                              | 12 538                           | 69 922                             | 399 763                          | 157 330 |                               | One   |  |  |
| 1.1% growth rate                                       | 138                              | 769                                | 4 397                            | 1 731   |                               | compactor =                                   |  |  |
| Future population estimate                             | 12 676                           | 70 691                             | 404 160                          | 159 061 |                               | 14 tons                                       |  |  |
| Waste KG generated/person/day                          | 1.29                             | 0.74                               | 0.41                             | 0.41    |                               |   |  |  |

| Waste generated |            |       |            |       |            |        |            |      |            |
|-----------------|------------|-------|------------|-------|------------|--------|------------|------|------------|
| Year            | Population | KG    | Population | KG    | Population | KG     | Population | Tons | Compactors |
| 2021            | 13685      | 17653 | 76317      | 56475 | 436327     | 178894 | 172720     | 425  | 30         |
| 2022            | 13835      | 17848 | 77157      | 57096 | 441126     | 180862 | 173609     | 429  | 31         |
| 2024            | 13897      | 18044 | 78006      | 57724 | 445979     | 182851 | 175519     | 434  | 31         |
| 2024            | 14141      | 18242 | 78864      | 58359 | 450885     | 184863 | 177449     | 439  | 31         |

Scenario two considers the implementation of refuse collection via the use of independent co-operatives. The alternative service delivery model has worked in the municipality before in the form of SMME's. Co-operatives are a slightly different model being tried in the municipality for the first time.

The reduced tons total is derived by using total waste collected from scenario one and reducing this figure by the total waste collected from the low density population These 35000 households will reduce the amount of refuse by an amount large enough to reduce the use of compactors by 3 (or 10.34%), from 29 to 26 for service to the rest of the municipality.

This is a significant reduction in compactor and associated costs, such as drivers, refuse collectors, fuel and maintenance costs, capital costs, and so forth.

This is also going some way to satisfying the need forgeneration of employment and the reduction of unemployment. At the time of writing, the 14 co-ops were awaiting letters of appointment.

TABLE 58: REFUSE COLLECTED AND GENERATED FROM LESS THAN 35 000 HOUSES

| SCENARIO TWO: LESS 35 000 HOUSES COLLECTED BY CO-OPERATIVES |  |         |  |                         |  |  |
|---|--|---------|--|-------------------------|--|--|
|   | Less 35000 houses collected by co-operatives  Calculated number of 19m3 compactors |         |  |                         |  |  |
| KG /person /per day   | 35 000 x 5<br>per house =<br>175 000   | 0.41 KG | Reduced total tons when co-operatives are used | One compactor = 14 tons |  |  |

| Waste generation |            |       |                     |            |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|------------|-------|---------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Year             | Population | KG    | Tons                | Compactors |  |  |  |  |
| 2020             | 179789     | 73714 | 420- 73.714 = 346.3 | 25         |  |  |  |  |
| 2021             | 180600     | 74046 | 425- 74.046 = 351   | 25         |  |  |  |  |
| 2022             | 181415     | 74380 | 429-74.380 = 354.62 | 25         |  |  |  |  |
| 2024             | 182233     | 74715 | 434-74.715 = 359.29 | 26         |  |  |  |  |
| 2024             | 183880     | 75052 | 439-75.052 = 363.95 | 26         |  |  |  |  |

Just as in the case of the implementation of co-operatives, the reduced tons total is derived by using total waste collected from scenario one and reducing this figure by the total waste collected from the rural population. Using alternative collection will reduce the amount of refuse by an amount large enough to reduce the use of compactors by 3 (or 10.34%), from 29 to 26 for service to the rest of the municipality.

This is a significant reduction in compactor and associated costs, such as drivers, refuse collectors, fuel and maintenance costs, capital costs, and so forth.

This is also going some way to satisfying the need forgeneration of employment and the reduction of unemployment. This sector is currently not serviced at all and a new process of implementation will need to be embarked upon.

TABLE 59: REFUSE COLLECTED BY ALTERNATIVE METHODS

| SCENARIO THREE: LESS RURAL AREAS COLLECTED BY ALTERNATIVE METHODS STILL TO BE DETERMINED |                               |                                    |                                  |                    |                                     |  |  |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
|  | High<br>income low<br>density | Middle<br>income<br>middle density | Low<br>income<br>high<br>density | Rural              | Total waste<br>generated in<br>tons |  |  |
| Base population  |                               | 157 330                            |                                  | Reduced total tons | One compactor                       |  |  |
| Growth 1.1%  |                               | 1 731                              |                                  | when alternative   | = 14 tons                           |  |  |
| Total  |                               | 159 061                            |                                  | methods used       |                                     |  |  |
| KG/person/day  |                               | 0.41                               |                                  |                    |                                     |  |  |

| Waste generation |            |        |                  |            |  |  |  |
|------------------|------------|--------|------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| Year             | Population | KG     | Tons             | Compactors |  |  |  |
| 2021             | 171 720    | 70 405 | 425-70.4 = 354.6 | 25         |  |  |  |
| 2022             | 173 609    | 71 180 | 429-71.2 = 357.8 | 26         |  |  |  |
| 2024             | 175 519    | 71 963 | 434-72.0 = 362.0 | 26         |  |  |  |
| 2024             | 177 449    | 72 754 | 439-72.8 = 366.9 | 26         |  |  |  |

It can be seen from the table below, that recycling can reduce the number of compactors and hence the costs of collection. Recycling also has the major advantage of reducing the amount of refuse to be landfilled thereby also saving on landfill costs.

Furthermore, the increased rate of recycling at 40% further reduces the need for compactors and its associated costs. Therefore the implementation of recycling in all its various forms should be pursued as it results in cost savings to the municipality.

TABLE 60: REFUSE COLLECTED AND RECYCLED AT A LOWER RATE

| SCENARIO FOUR: RECYCLING AT 20% AND 40% |   |                     |                |     |    |  |  |  |
|---|---|---------------------|----------------|-----|----|--|--|--|
|   | Waste generated   |                     |                |     |    |  |  |  |
|   |   | Calculate number of | 19m3 compactor | S   |    |  |  |  |
| Year                                    | Year Total waste Less 20% = recycled One compactor Less 40% = One compactor = 14 tons recycled 14 tor |                     |                |     |    |  |  |  |
| 2021                                    | 425   | 340                 | 24             | 255 | 18 |  |  |  |
| 2022                                    | 429   | 343                 | 25             | 257 | 18 |  |  |  |
| 2024                                    | 434 347 25 260 19   |                     |                |     |    |  |  |  |
| 2024                                    | 439   | 351                 | 25             | 264 | 19 |  |  |  |

Scenario five shows the ultimate aim of combining municipal service collection, alternative method collection and enforcement in both options recycling in its various forms. This reduces the need for compactors by almost 50% from 28 in scenario one to just 15 in scenario 5.

TABLE 61: REFUSE COLLECTED BY ALTERNATIVE METHODS AT A LOWER RATE

| SCENARIO FIVE: LESS ALTERNATIVE METHODS, LESS RECYCLING |            |             |                         |                    |                         |                      |  |
|---|------------|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--|
|   |            | Refuse      | generated               |                    |                         |                      |  |
| Year  | Total tons | Less co-ops | Less rural alternatives | Less recycling 20% | New total<br>to collect | Compactors<br>needed |  |
| 2021  | 425        | 74          | 70                      | 56                 | 224                     | 16                   |  |
| 2022  | 429        | 74          | 71                      | 57                 | 227                     | 16                   |  |
| 2024  | 434        | 75          | 72                      | 57                 | 230                     | 16                   |  |
| 2024  | 439        | 75          | 73                      | 58                 | 233                     | 17                   |  |

## C.5.3. TRANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE

The 2001 Census indicated that the daily modal split in the Msunduzi Municipality was 62% by public transport and 38% by private vehicles. In analysing this information at a ward level, it was found that public transport is dominant in the western and southern regions of the Municipality, with higher levels of private vehicle usage in the central and north- eastern regions. Cordon counts by the uMgungundlovu District Municipality (UDM) 2007 indicate that the percentage of public transport person trips by minibus taxi had increased from 85% in 2005 to 88% in 2007, with trips per bus reducing from 15% to 12%. It must also be noted that there are no railway services that form part of the daily commuter public transport system.

The high dependency on public transport and the high level of pedestrian activity places a focus on the need for high standard public transport services throughout the Municipality, with attention on non-motorised transport (NMT) integrated with the public transport system.

The Roads and Transportation Sub-unit is responsible for the planning, design, construction, and maintenance of roads, public transport facilities, bridges, footbridges, and storm water and drainage systems. It operates in consultation with the Department of Transport, and the uMgungundlovu DM, who are authorities with similar responsibilities for different levels of facilities. The sub-unit is reasonably staffed, although it lacks qualified and experienced Engineers and Technologists.



#### C.5.3.1.1. ROADS

The backlog of roads that need upgrading, road safety measures (traffic lights, calming measure, signage enhancement, etc), road infrastructure rehabilitation, and maintenance continues to be a major challenge for the Municipality in the current financial year. There are still huge backlogs for construction of new roads and upgrading of gravel roads in the Greater Edendale, Vulindlela, and the North Eastern parts of Msunduzi (i.e. Thembalihle, Tamboville, Copesville, etc). These areas continue to grow, since there are new low-cost housing programme being provided with sub-standard road services (i.e. gravel and hyson cell concrete roads).

In the 2009/10 financial year the construction of the N3/Chota Motala Road Interchange commenced, which was finalised in the 2012/13 financial year. This project seeks to ease the traffic congestion experienced by southbound peak-hour traffic from the Northern Areas into and out of the CBD.

Inadequate funding for bulk services is increasingly becoming a retarding factor for development. The user-pays principle is applied for new developments to fast-track provision of bulk services. Due to internal budgetary constraints, the Municipality continues to use externally sourced funds (i.e. COGTA, DoT, MIG, etc.) for funding its programmes and projects. Priority is currently given to the problematic Electricity and Water infrastructure due to losses and outages experienced by these services. However, asset renewal (i.e. road rehabilitation, major defects patching, surface overlays, etc) remains unattended to, due to financial constraints. Potholes have increased in number on the city's roads over the last few years because of fatigue to road infrastructure.

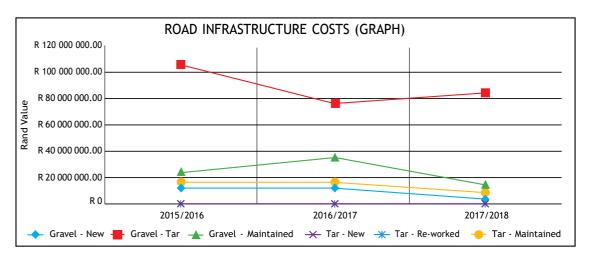
TABLE 62: GRAVEL ROADS INFRASTRUCTURE (KILOMETRES)

|           | TOTAL GRAVEL<br>ROAD | NEW GRAVEL<br>ROADS | GRAVEL ROADS UPGRADED TO TAR | GRAVEL ROADS<br>UPGRADED/MAINTAINED |
|-----------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2012/2013 | 890.4                | 0                   | 29.0                         | 124                                 |
| 2013/2014 | 865.7                | 0                   | 24.7                         | 89                                  |
| 2014/2015 | 850.2                | 0                   | 15.5                         | 42                                  |
| 2015/2016 | 609.92               | 0                   | 25.8                         | 55                                  |
| 2016/2017 | 624                  | 14.08               | 17.35                        | 40                                  |
| 2017/2018 | 610,25               | 0                   | 13.63                        | 10.8                                |

TABLE 63: TAR ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE (KILOMETRES)

|           | TOTAL TAR<br>ROADS | NEW TAR<br>ROADS | EXISTING TAR<br>ROADS RE TARRED | EXISTING TAR<br>ROADS RE-SHEETED | TAR ROADS<br>MAINTAINED |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 2012/2013 | 1330,8             | 29               | 1,4                             | 0                                | 55                      |
| 2013/2014 | 1355,5             | 24,7             | 6,12                            | 0                                | 5,6                     |
| 2014/2015 | 1360,5             | 39,5             | 4,88                            | 0                                | 8                       |
| 2015/2016 | 1399.79            | 25.08            | 7.0                             | 0                                | 10.4                    |
| 2016/2017 | 1424.78            | 17.35            | 8.1                             | 0                                | 18.5                    |
| 2017/2018 | 1438.41            | 13.63            | 0.5                             | 0                                | 9.3                     |

FIGURE 14: ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE COSTS



MIG is funding 60% of the road upgrading projects in Vulindlela and Edendale. The Municipality funds around 80% of all major road extensions and expansions, with the remaining 20% coming from grant funding from the Provincial and National Departments of Transport. The backlog for the upgrading of gravel roads is so huge that substantial amounts of additional funding is required.

#### C.5.3.1.2. RAIL

The Pietermaritzburg Railway Station is located in the south-western corner of the city center that was constructed in the 19th century and continues to service several of the major cities of this cities. It is Pietermaritzburg's main station and is a major stop for long-distance passenger rail services. This means that it is accessible and easy to find. The city is optimally situated to provide access to and between both Durban and Johannesburg, which puts it in the centre of so many of South Africa's best known and loved tourist attractions. The mainline between eThekwini and Gauteng passes through Msunduzi. This is primarily a goods line, although there is also an intercity passenger service using this line. Apart from the mainline there are several branch lines which radiate from Msunduzi, providing connectivity with many of the towns and centers in the District and beyond. These lines are used almost exclusively for freight services and whilst some of these branch lines could be used for passenger services, the demand would be inadequate to provide a reasonable service frequency for daily work-type trips and any service provided would be uneconomical.

The Pietermaritzburg area is largely branch lines where most of the activity is from the Timber sector. It was a key industry around which cities were developed, as well as an important means that allowed for the development and expansion of a country. When the gold rush hit this country, it became even more important to make transport more accessible - both for people and for produce. Over the years the Pietermaritzburg Railway Station area has experienced a rapid decline in terms of physical appearance and economic viability. The municipality hopes the Passenger Rail Agency of South Africa (PRASA) will come into partnership to redevelop the Pine Street block near the station. An evacuation strategy will be developed to remove all people staying illegally on all municipal properties in the Pine Street Block.

The Pietermaritzburg Railway station is serviced by the Shosholoza Meyl, which is division of the Passenger Rail Agency of South Africa (PRASA) and transports around 4 million long-distance passengers around the country every year. PRASA's main objective and business is to ensure, in consultation with the Department of Transport that rail commuter services and long- haul passenger rail are provided within, to and from South Africa in the public interest. PRASA's Operational Safety department continues to build on its work in 2024/24, with the aim of achieving a three-year safety permit. The economic reconstruction and recovery plan of PRASA has three phases: engage and preserve; recover and reform; and reconstruct and transform. The agency is working closely with the Railway Safety Regulator to reopen its service lines in adherence with the regulator's standards. As the economy recovers, PRASA's ability to provide commuters and passengers with an effective and efficient transport system is pivotal for economic growth, and for alleviating poverty and unemployment.

Rail is seen as an essential long-term component of the networks for both freight and passenger transport. The national freight rail network is owned by Transnet and is managed, maintained, and operated by its Transnet Freight Rail division (National Transport Master Plan, 2050). The department aims to provide infrastructure management with information and support for effective decision making and providing feedback on daily operations to help the leadership in making the right decisions and confidently.

Numerous sidings (branch lines) connect industrial, commercial, and mining facilities to the national network, some of which are operated by private entities that are owned by Transnet (National Transport Master Plan, 2050). Transnet Freight Rail operates the world-class heavy haul coal and iron ore export lines and is developing the manganese export corridor to heavy haul standards. Transnet Freight Rail also transports a broad range of bulk general freight commodities and containerised freight. The National Infrastructure Plan (2050) states that the average condition of the core rail network is fair of which the coal and ore lines are classified as good and that the branch line network was classified as poor to very poor. As a state-owned company, Transnet continues to leave an indelible mark on the lives of all South Africans. With a geographical footprint that covers our entire country, Transnet is inextricably involved in all aspects of life in South Africa. As such, we ensure that we play a pivotal role in enhancing the quality of life in all areas we operate.

Deficiencies of the Pietermaritzburg Railway Station:

- The railway network remains underutilized with branch lines being abandoned or sold off as scrap
- There is huge capital outlay as the railway station requires largeinvestment of capital, taking intoconsideration the cost of construction, maintenance and overhead expenses. Moreover the investments are specific and immobile meaning that they don't cover all the expenses of the station.
- Lack of flexibility as its routes and timing cannot be adjusted as there is limited track/ branch lines
- As railways require huge capital outlay, they may give rise monopolies and work against public interest at large. Therefore lack of competition may breed inefficiency and high costs
- Possible organized crime has been pointed to as being responsible for the systematic vandalism and destruction of railway station- the stealing of metal cable causes a decline in the productivity rate of the station as no goods are being transported. For example, in 2021, the Msunduzi Municipality discovered many ghost employees that were getting paid but with no work done. Rectifying this mistake has been a slow process of service recovery.

The President of South Africa, in the State of the Nation Address (2022) called for the rolling out of a new integrated district approach to addressing our service delivery challenges and localized procurement and job creation, that promotes and supports local businesses and that involves communities. There is a commercial protocol between Transnet and PRASA on the interoperability of the country's railways, where Transnet gives priority access to passenger trains on their network, and PRASA also gives access to Transnet trains on the PRASA network.

### C.5.3.1.3. AIRPORTS

Pietermaritzburg Airport also known as the 'Oribi Airport' has also been identified as a significant asset in the regional space economy. It is a small, but efficient airport that serves the city of Pietermaritzburg and surrounding areas, including the Midlands and outer west suburbs of Durban. It is the airport's key role to sell aeronautical services and facilities (i.e. the provision of runways, taxiways, aprons, and terminals) to airlines.

The Pietermaritzburg airport contains all airport infrastructure and facilities that is required of an operational airport and the airport is currently operational. Although changes and new infrastructure is proposed in the Master Plan, most of the infrastructure will remain. The runway and taxiways are costly infrastructure and to make that redundant with the development of another airport, it would have major cost implications. As part of proposed infrastructure interventions, the District Development Model stresses that improvement or expansion of the Pietermaritzburg Airport needs to be finalized. Currently the operating budget for Pietermaritzburg Airport is subsidised by the Msunduzi Municipality. Operating expenditure exceeds revenue by about R2 million per annum. If an allowance for depreciation of fixed assets is made the subsidy is approximately R5 million per year.

The concept of an Airport City is the motivation driving the development of a Pietermaritzburg Airport Precinct. The Master Plan projects the demand for fixed investment expenditure to provide infrastructure for growing aviation activity, associated business expansion and the development of mixed commercial and light industrial zones. The Airport Master Plan sets out the development of the airport in three phases. This study of the economic impact is concerned with only the first phase. Phase 1 is defined to provide sufficient capacity to cater for all arriving and departing passengers from 2015 until 2025 or until total passenger volume reaches 250 000 per annum, if this occurs before 2025. This phase is estimated to lasts until 2025, or until a threshold of 250 000 arriving and departing passengers, per annum is reached. This phase includes:

- An extended terminal building, depending on the rate of increase in demand.
- A new apron and taxiway
- Site preparation for a new general aviation zone.
- Reserved space for mixed commercial and industrial zones.
- Development of a Technology Hub Capital expenditure on basic infrastructure for the Airport, Techno Hub and roads of R455 million (constant prices) is estimated for Phase 1 of the Project.

Expansion of infrastructure is required to improve capacity as well as attract bigger aircraft that still could operate within the given limitations and planned upgrades at Pietermaritzburg Airport, due to current operational constraints. Presently, the airport is operating as a commercial airport, with Airlink, Federal Air and South African Express being the only airlines providing daily scheduled flights, and the remaining activities at the airport consisting of flight training, charter flights and other general aviation activities.

The concept of Msunduzi being a Metro is the motivation driving the development of a Pietermaritzburg Airport Precinct. The view is taken that the airport should not be seen in isolation as its development impact to varying degrees, will affect associated area. The Precinct Plan incorporates areas surrounding the Airport perimeter, including sub precincts for Oribi Village, Mkondeni industrial zone, residential areas and an open space corridor. While the focus remains the Airport, and a proposed Techno Hub, much greater emphasis is given to new road systems and upgrading the sub precincts. The focus of the EIA, however, is limited to the specific elements within the Airport Sub-precinct which is located within the Airport boundaries.

For analytical purposes, the economic impact is viewed from three perspectives:

- 1. Development of roads systems giving access to the Precinct and improved traffic circulation within the Airport Precinct
- 2. Expansion of the Airport along with new land uses for commercial and industrial development
- 3. Development of a Techno Hub.

The major economic impact will be derived from new fixed investment in critical infrastructure and buildings and facilities to accommodate projects. Major investment projects have a direct and indirect impact on the regional economy, depending on backward and forward linkages. New investment produces a ripple effect as expenditure spreads from the initial investment to linked sectors of the economy. This is known as a multiplier effect generating more than proportional growth in income and employment. This analysis employs a partial input-output model to capture some of these effects. The coefficients of the model, on which prediction depends, are based on certain assumptions, and information derived from regional income data.

The National Airport Development Plan (NADP) has been developed in response to the Draft White Paper on Civil Aviation Policy (NACP) as a plan to address gaps between the current airport network and the future desired state. The NADP aims to guide and support both overall network planning and the development of individual airports integrated within their broader spatial and transport contexts, in consultation with key airport stakeholders and prioritise the following:

#### Efficiency

Efficiency addresses the operational and economic cost-effectiveness of gate-to-gate flight operations from a single-flight perspective and the associated collaborative decisions. It is recognised that airspace users want to depart and arrive at the times they select and fly the 4D trajectory they determine to be optimum in all phases of flight. The NAMP considers overall system efficiency as a driver for airspace concept development and change.

## Safety

Safety is the highest priority in aviation, and ATM plays an important part in ensuring overall aviation safety. Uniform safety standards and risk and safety management practices are applied systematically to the ATM system. In implementing elements of the global aviation system, safety must be assessed against appropriate criteria, in accordance with appropriate and globally standardised safety management processes and practices.

## Security

Security refers to the protection against threats which stem from intentional (e.g. terrorism) or unintentional (e.g. human error, natural disaster) acts affecting aircraft, people, or surface installations. Adequate security is a major expectation of the ATM community and of citizens. The ATM system should therefore contribute to security, and the ATM system, as well as ATM related information, should be protected against security threats.

The Pietermaritzburg Airport Expansion will create a significant number of jobs during the construction phase and, to a lesser extent, in manufacturing and business once the project becomes operational. The project is well suited to economic development in the region, boosting activity during construction, diversifying the distribution of economic output, and expanding into high technology manufacturing. This will help to diversify the economy away from government services.

#### C.5.3.1.4. NON-MOTORISED TRANSPORT

Generally, Non-Motorised Transport (NMT) includes all forms of movement that do not rely on an engine or motor for movement. This includes walking, cycling, rickshaws, animal drawn carts (especially in rural areas), push carts and rollerblading or skating for recreational purposes. Ultimately, NMT grows liveable communities - it is the most basic part of the transportation system and pedestrians in particular contribute to the vibrancy of a community. NMT is generally recognised as a valuable component of the transportation system and the environment we live in due to the various benefits it holds. These benefits include environmental benefits, increased liveability, improved health, economic gains and transportation benefits. NMT can address a large range of transportation needs ranging from regional mobility to neighbourhood access. There are various types of trips where NMT may be used as part of orfor the entire journey, whether by choice or out of necessity. People who commonly use NMT are commuters (trips to and from work), learners (trips to and from educational institutions, including libraries and sports fields), service users (these include trips to shops, markets and other service destinations) and recreational users (trips by locals or tourists to recreational destinations).

In 2009, the municipality has formulated a NMT plan which guides the planning and implementation of programmes and facilities to respond to the multiple needs of NMT users. The NMT Plan for the Msunduzi Municipality aims to address this critical shortcoming in two ways. Firstly, it presents a policy, accompanied by a set of objectives and strategies to realise an improved NMT environment and culture in Msunduzi. Secondly, it develops a Strategic NMT Plan for Msunduzi that would identify areas and routes that should be considered as key NMT routes and places in Msunduzi where NMT users would receive a certain degree of consideration, if not priority.

In the Msunduzi context, NMT is represented mainly by walking and cycling. As such, the NMT plan is developed around the needs of these users. However, the policies, strategies and resulting design and implementation projects strive for improved universal access. Such designs also take into consideration the needs of other users such as the special needs people that include the disabled, women with prams, shopping trolleys, etc.

The NMT plan aims to gear the Municipality towards achieving its vision which is to: 'Promote walking and cycling as a part of mobility by creating suitable, safe and attractive NMT infrastructure networks that meet the needs of all users.' In order to achieve this vision, the municipality will have to adopt and implement projects and priorities that set out in the NMT plan as soon as practicable. In order to even further define and better prioritise future NMT programmes, the following recommendations must be implemented in the short to medium term:



- To adopt these NMT guidelines as being the design standard for the municipality and ensure project developers are aware of the municipal guidelines and adhere to the design standards.
- An NMT volume count programme / data base on major routes to be established and updated annually.
- A vehicular volume count programme / data base on major routes to be established and updated annually.
- An accident data base to be established and updated monthly.
- Before and after studies to be carried out on all NMT projects
- A data base for NMT infrastructure in the Municipality to be established and updated annually.

The primary objectives of the NMT plan are as follows:

- To create a safe pedestrian and cycling environment.
- To develop high quality, attractive NMT facilities.
- To promote cycling and walking as viable, complementary and alternative modes of transport.
- To develop safer streets that allow NMT users their share of the available public space in the mobility network environment.
- To compile an action plan to guide the roll-out of NMT facilities in the Municipality.

The Non-motorised Transport Plan for the Msunduzi Municipality (2009) identifies a number of pedestrian problems, as follows:

- A lack of sidewalks in residential areas;
- Intersections where informal trading is taking place;
- A lack of sidewalk maintenance;
- Speed of vehicles approaching pedestrian crossings; and
- Trading activities blocking sidewalks.

Problem areas have been identified as follows:

- On several busy roads in the city centre, including Victoria Road, Church Street, Boshoff Street, Pietermaritz Street, Hoosen Haffejee Street, Langalibalele Street and Jabu Ndlovu Street.
- Around Primary Schools in all areas.
- At the Greytown Road Interchange.
- On the route from the CBD to the Liberty Midlands Mall.
- At major hospitals (Edendale, Greys, and Northdale), as well as local clinics.

Problematic roads identified for cyclists include:

- Victoria Road:
- Alexandra Road:
- CB Downs Road and the link to Ashburton (R103);
- All major roads where the speed and volume of motorised traffic is high; and
- All roads in industrial areas, because of space sharing with trucks.

#### C.5.3.2. PROVISIONS OF NEW ROADS AND RELATED FACILITIES

The municipality constructs new roads annually through the MIG programme this assist in ensure that the backlog is decreased and that are key roads are upgraded to all weather surfaces. A significant amount has been invested in Vulindlela wards 1 -9, 39 and 40. The municipality has also made provision in the medium term expenditure framework for new roads. The table below indicates all the roads that will be constructed by the Municipality.

| Business Unit  | Funded<br>Program | Funded Program<br>desc | REGIONS   | Fund  | 2024/24    | 2024/25    | 2025/26    |
|----------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|------------|------------|
| Infrastructure | A/504125.         | LEVS:ZA:NEW:           | ALL ZONES | RV01_ | 5 000 000  | 5 000 000  | 5 000 000  |
| services       | BZA.A61           | TRANSPORT ASSETS       |           | LEVS  |            |            |            |
| Infrastructure | 1/504125.006      | LEVS:Z4:ROAD REHAB     | ZONE4:    | RV01_ | 20 000 000 | 30 750 000 | 40 750 000 |
| services       |                   | - PMS                  | CENTRAL   | LEVS  |            |            |            |

| Business Unit           | Funded<br>Program | Funded Program<br>desc                          | REGIONS              | Fund          | 2024/24    | 2024/25    | 2025/26     |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---|----------------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| Infrastructure services | 1/504126.007      | LEVS:AH:<br>Canalisation of<br>Streams/bank pro | ADM & HO             | RV01_<br>LEVS | 2 000 000  | 2 000 000  | 2 000 000   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504131.006      | LEVS:Z5: TRAFFIC CALMING MEASURES               | ZONE5:<br>NORTHERN   | RV01_<br>LEVS | 250 000    | 250 000    | 250 000     |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504143.001      | LEVS:Z4: PUBLIC<br>TRANSPORT INFRASTR           | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL    | RV01_<br>LEVS | 2 000 000  | 2 000 000  | 2 000 000   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.014      | MIG:Z2: UPG GRV<br>RD-EDN-DAMBUZA<br>MJ SWD UPG | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE   | TS01_<br>MIG  | 6 000 000  | 12 000 000 | 12 054 979  |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.029      | MIG:Z1: UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLELA-<br>WARD 4 | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_<br>MIG  | 7 000 000  | 3 091 846  | 3 277 357   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.031      | MIG:Z1: UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLELA-<br>WARD 7 | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_<br>MIG  | 1 500 000  |            |             |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.032      | MIG:Z1: UPGR GRV<br>RD-VULINDLELA-<br>WARD8     | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_<br>MIG  | 1 700 000  |            |             |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.033      | MIG:Z1: UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLELA-<br>WARD 9 | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_<br>MIG  | 7 700 000  | 8 000 000  | 8 480 000   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.037      | MIG:Z2: UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-WILLOWF               | ZONE2:<br>EDENDALE   | TS01_<br>MIG  | 1 000 000  | -          |             |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.042      | MIG:Z1: UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VUL-WARD 1            | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_<br>MIG  | 1 500 000  | 5 000 000  | 5 300 000   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.043      | MIG:Z1: UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VUL-WARD 5            | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_<br>MIG  | 7 000 000  | 13 000 000 | 13 780 000  |
| services                |                   | MIG:Z1: REHAB<br>OF BALENI ROAD<br>SWEETWATER   | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | TS01_<br>MIG  | 5 000 000  | 10 000 000 | 10 600 000  |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504787.041      |   | ALL ZONES            | RV01_<br>LEVS | 15 000 000 |            |             |
|                         |                   |   |                      |               | 82 650 000 | 91 091 846 | 103 492 336 |

Below are list of road that are being constructed by the Provincial Department of Transport;

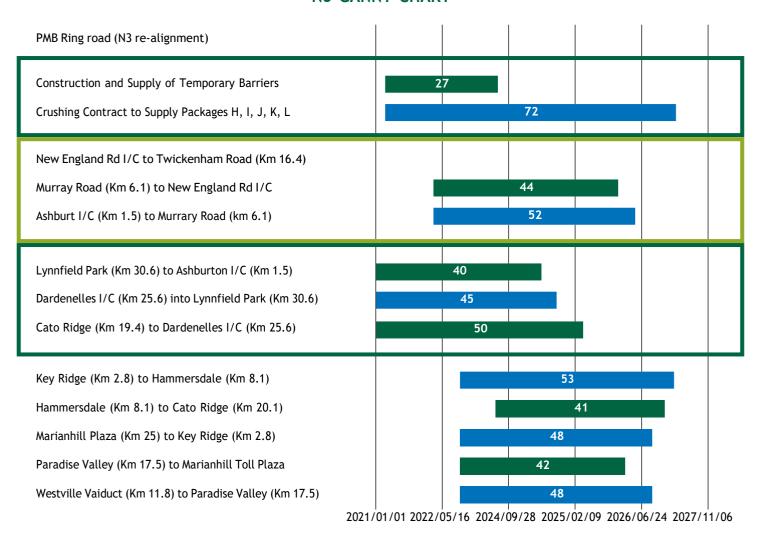
| Road<br>No.      | Tradition-<br>al Council | Ward<br>No. | Output<br>Target<br>(km) | Targeted<br>WO | Awarded Contractor                             | Contract<br>Amount | Project Sta-<br>tus |
|------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|----------------|--|--------------------|---------------------|
| D1122            | Mpumuza                  | 8           | 4.00                     |                | Sihlahlasiyahluma Construction (Pty) LTD (Dev) | R3 007 745.16      | Award Stage         |
| D1139            | Mpumuza                  | 8           | 2.50                     |                | Sihlahlasiyahluma Construction (Pty) LTD (Dev) | R1 879 840.73      | Award Stage         |
| L1436            | Inadi                    | 4           | 0.98                     |                | Sinothando Construction (VO)                   | R1 100 556.64      | 10% com-<br>plete   |
| L1455            | Inadi                    | 5           | 2.81                     |                | Bumbelihle Holdings (Dev)                      |                    | Award Stage         |
| L1456            | Inadi                    | 4/5         | 3.66                     | 6              | JAMBO Hold                                     | R1 430 394.39      | Award Stage         |
| L1465            | Mafunze                  | 6           | 0.90                     |                | Bumbelihle Holdings (Dev)                      | R575 281.86        | Award Stage         |
| L1467            | Mpumuza                  | 8           | 1.46                     |                | Sihlahlasiyahluma Construction (Pty) LTD (Dev) | R463 223.81        | Award Stage         |
| L1474            | Inadi                    | 4/5         | 3.66                     | 6              | JAMBO Holdings (Dev)                           | R1 097 826.98      | Award Stage         |
| L1494<br>(L1894) | Inadi                    | 4           | 1.90                     |                | JAMBO Holdings (Dev)                           | R517 753.68        | Award Stage         |
| L2070            | Mpumuza                  | 2           | 0.55                     |                | Thumamina Group (Dev)                          | R1 931 767.67      | Award Stage         |

| 1       |          |            |
|---------|----------|------------|
| tractor | Contract | Project St |

| Road<br>No. | Tradition-<br>al Council | Ward<br>No. | Output<br>Target<br>(km) | Targeted<br>WO | Awarded Contractor                             | Contract<br>Amount | Project Sta-<br>tus                  |
|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|----------------|--|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| L2076       | Mpumuza                  | 40          | 2.03                     |                | Thumamina Group (Dev)                          | R782 430.58        | Award Stage                          |
| L2401       | Inadi                    | 4           | 2.00                     | 6              | NSG 122011 Trading Enterprise (Dev)            | R781 660.47        | Award Stage                          |
| L2541       | Mafunze                  | 39          | 1.75                     |                | Bumbelihle Holdings (Dev)                      | R 883 661.70       | Award Stage                          |
| L2622       | Inadi                    | 5           | 0.63                     |                | Bumbelihle Holdings (Dev)                      | R890 815.01        | Award Stage                          |
| L2672       | Inadi                    | 5           | 1.26                     |                | Bumbelihle Holdings (Dev)                      | R320 693.40        | Award Stage                          |
| L2997       | Inadi                    | 4           | 3.66                     | 6              | JAMBO Hold                                     | R641 386.81        | Award Stage                          |
| L2998       | Inadi                    | 4           | 3.66                     | 6              | JAMBO Hold                                     | R2 105 531.61      | Award Stage                          |
| L762        | Mpumuza                  | 1           | 3.66                     | 6              | JAMBO Hold                                     |                    | Award Stage                          |
| L779        | Mpumuza                  | 40          | 0.90                     |                | Thumamina Group (Dev)                          | R496 335.14        | Award Stage                          |
| L800        | Mafunze                  | 6           | 1.55                     |                | Sinothando Construction (VO)                   | R492 119.51        | 10% com-<br>plete                    |
| L809        | Mpumuza                  | 8           | 2                        |                | Sihlahlasiyahluma Construction (Pty) LTD (Dev) | R 1 503 872.58     | Award Stage                          |
| D2161       | Amaqadi                  | 39          | 5.71                     |                | In House                                       |                    | 100% com-<br>plete (30 July<br>2022) |
| D2206       | Mpumuza                  | 8           | 0.38                     |                | Sihlahlasiyahluma Construction (Pty) LTD (Dev) | R 285 735.79       | Award Stage                          |
| D2215       | Inadi                    | 4           | 2.00                     | 6              | NSG 122011 Trading Enterprise (Dev)            | R 1 449 205.19     | Award Stage                          |
| D2339       | Inadi                    | 4           | 2.00                     | 6              | NSG 122011 Trading Enterprise (Dev)            | R 883 661.70       | Award Stage                          |
| D2340       | Inadi                    | 4           | 2.00                     | 6              | NSG 122011 Trading Enterprise (Dev)            | R 883 661.70       | Award Stage                          |
| D352        |                          | 1           | 5                        |                | VEA Road Maint and Civils<br>(PTY) LTD (Bid)   | R4 385 050.88      | 99% com-<br>plete                    |
| P120        |                          | 4           | 6                        |                | VEA Road Maint and Civils<br>(PTY) LTD (VO)    |                    | 99% com-<br>plete                    |
| D1135       | N/A                      | 40          | 1.00                     |                | In House                                       |                    | 49% com-<br>plete                    |

The National road N3 which runs through the municipality is also currently being upgraded, below are the number of current and future projects with regards to the roads.

## N3 GANNT CHART



## C.5.3.3. OPERATIONAL AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

The municipality is gradually focusing on the repairs of roads and maintenance and has allocated R 41 million for the maintenance of local roads. This will go a long way in addressing issues highlited through the CBD's and also through community engagement held by the Mayor. Below are some of the road repairs that have been done during the 2024-2024 financial year.

| MAJOR ROAD REPAIRS        | SQUARE METERS COVERED (m2) | AREA               |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| PHEZULU ROAD              | 383                        | IMBALI UNIT 13     |
| NOZULU ROAD               | 37                         | IMBALI UNIT 13     |
| EKUTHULENI DRIVE          | 249                        | IMBALI UNIT 13     |
| JACARANDA ROAD            | 42                         | IMBALI UNIT 13     |
| FRANCE MAIN ROAD          | 1384                       | FRANCE             |
| IMBALI 14 MAIN ROAD       | 59                         | IMBALI UNIT 14     |
| HH8 KWAPATA ROAD          | 483                        | KWA-PATA           |
| KWANYAMAZANE INT ROADS    | 223                        | KWA-NYAMAZANE      |
| OLD EDENDALE ROAD         | 245                        | EDENDALE           |
| DAMBUZA MAIN ROAD         | 247                        | DAMBUZA            |
| SINATHING MAIN ROAD       | 356                        | SINATHING          |
| FEDSAM ROAD               | 289                        | IMBALI UNIT 2      |
| MBANJWA ROAD              | 137                        | SMERO              |
| BONGUDUNGA ROAD           | 710                        | MACHIBISA          |
| MACHIBISA ROAD            | 310                        | MACHIBISA          |
| WATERWORKS ROAD           | 161                        | CALUZA             |
| SLANGSPRUIT/SINKWAZI ROAD | 320                        | SLANGSPRUIT/IMBALI |

| MAJOR ROAD REPAIRS               | SQUARE METERS COVERED (m2) | AREA           |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| IMBALI UNIT BB ROAD              | 280                        | IMBALI UNIT BB |
| NGCWE ROAD                       | 187                        | IMBALI UNIT 13 |
| SMERO MAIN ROAD                  | 80                         | SMERO          |
| AZALEA ROADS                     | 1028                       | AZALEA         |
| NKUNGWINI ROAD                   | 331                        | IMBALI UNIT 1  |
| TWO CULVERT BRIDGES (WARD 17 AND | WARD 17 AND 21             |                |

## C.5.3.4. CITIES INTEGRATED TRANSPORT PLAN (CITP) / LOCAL ITP / INTEGRATED TP (DISTRICT)

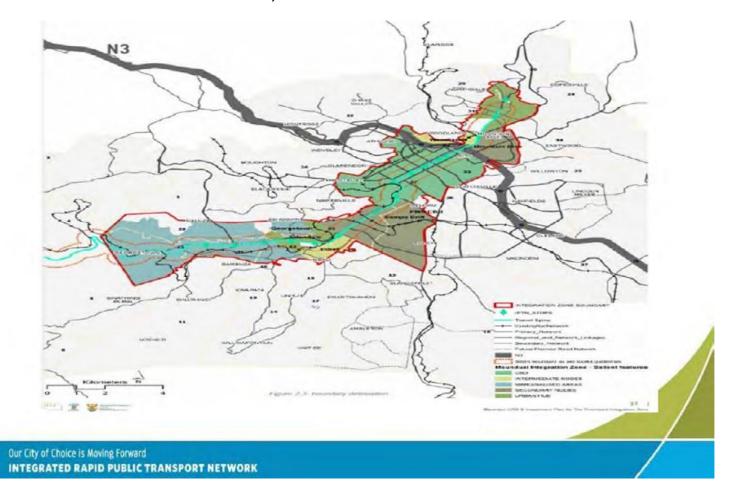
When the IRPTN project was introduced to Msunduzi Municipality, the Municipality used the project as an opportunity to re-organise public transport within the city in order to ensure that Msunduzi commuters have access to sustainable, safe and efficient public transport services. The overall goal of this initiative for the Municipality was to improve the quality of life for Msunduzi's residents through the provision of an Integrated Public Transport Network that is safe, convenient, clean, affordable, and socially equitable. This system and service was meant to bring the previously marginalized members of the community into the mainstream of economic and social activity.

Msunduzi Municipality is a primary economic hub within uMgungundlovu District Municipality and its strategic location has favored and helped the city establish and develop a strong and commanding industrial base. As a result, there are many people from neighboring municipalities who are commuting daily to Msunduzi Municipality for business, employment and shopping activities, which result traffic congestion as this was going to be mitigated through an improved public transport system. IRPTN project was used to strengthen economic development in the city as most of spatial plans and NDPG projects are planned and implemented along the IPTN corridor, with the aim of densifying the corridor, attracting investments and jobs creation, these plans are now affected by the suspension of the IRPTN.

Implementation of Town center development which is an NDPG program that was aimed at enforcing the integration between land use and public transport along the IPTN trunk route in Edendale has commenced, budget of R80m for expropriation of land has been released by Provincial Human Settlement then the objectives of this integration will not be achieved due to delayed implementation of the IPTN. In addition to this Higher Department of Education has invested R500m for realignment of Sukuma technical high school with DUT within the same vicinity of the IPTN corridor. Based on the surveys that were done for the project, about 60% of Msunduzi residents are dependent on public transport, most of these commuters come from the Greater Edendale and Vulindlela areas which form part of Phase1a of the project. Opportunity for these people to have access to good public transport service will be delayed.

The system was meant to also address equality through IPTN by ensuring that commuters who are dependent on public transport will also have access to good and affordable public system. Amongst benefits of a good quality and reliable public transport system is reduced traffic congestion and seamless movement of traffic which result in attraction of investors as goods and people employed by businesses spend less time on the road due to lesser traffic using the road.

MAP 32: MSUNDUZI TOWN CENTRE PROJECT, INTEGRATION ZONE



By the time the Municipality was suspended from the grant we were busy with infrastructure implementation for Phase 1a and procurement process for operational readiness component of the project. Since the Municipality was instructed to only concentrate on commitments that were already on going prior to suspension, therefore the procurement process for operational readiness contracts was cancelled. Even though the infrastructure component will be completed, the IPTN will not be operational due to suspension of the Municipality from the PTNG grant.

However, the municipality has allocated a budget of R5 million in the next financial year towards the operational and business plan for the IPTN project. There are other funding sources from National Treasury to develop plans (Urban network strategy) that will support the IPTN. However due to number of activities and expertise that are required for operations on Phase 1a additional funding will be required. Substantially The Municipality has looked at number of approaches to operationalise the IPTN, this will be discussed with NDOT and assistance in this regard has just been requested from NDOT. Msunduzi Taxi industry was united and committed to the project although the suspension affected the trust between these two parties. As a result of suspension of the project, meetings with stakeholders are affected and no longer taking place.

## Political Stability:

The city has new political leadership which is positive and committed to this project and all other affairs of the city. Council meetings are quorating and IPTN progress reports are submitted quarterly.

## Administrative stability:

All critical vacancies are filled with the newly appointed City Manager and General Manager for infrastructure services. All forensic investigation recommendations are being implemented, due to scaling down of the project and it is being managed in-house through Roads and Transportation Department which is threatening the viability of this project.

#### INSTITUTIONAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE AS MENTIONED

C.5.3.5.

Schedules 4 and 5 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa (No. 108 of 1996) outline the various transport and road infrastructure functions of the different spheres of government. In terms of Part A of Schedule 5 of the Constitution, provincial roads and traffic are an exclusive provincial function, while municipal roads, traffic and parking are municipal functions in terms of Part B of Schedule 5. Municipalities are responsible for investments in local infrastructure, including the construction and maintenance of roads and streets that are within their jurisdiction and proclaimed as municipal roads.

The table below summarises the lengths of road within the Municipality according to the functional class of road. The major road system of collector and distributor routes accounts for 593km (approximately 16%) of the estimated total of 3742km of roads in the Municipality. Access roads, which include urban access roads, major rural access roads and minor rural access roads, account for 1898km (approximately 50%) of roads within the Municipality. Private roads and tracks, which are assumed to be outside the jurisdiction of any road authority, account for approximately 20% of all roads within the municipality. The balance of the system comprises 487 kilometres of non-motorised access ways.

|    | Msunduzi road lengths by functional classification (KZN DoT RISFSA Classification, |                |            |                            |  |
|----|--|----------------|------------|----------------------------|--|
|    | Class Description  | Authority      | Length(KM) | Percentage of<br>Total (%) |  |
| 1  | Primary Distributor  | SANRAL         | 88         | 2.34                       |  |
| 2  | Regional Distributor   | Provincail DOT | 109        | 2.91                       |  |
| 3  | District Distributor   | Provincial DOT | 86         | 2.29                       |  |
| 4  | District Collector   | Provincial DOT | 310        | 8.29                       |  |
| 5  | Access Road  | Msunduzi LM    | 1898       | 50.07                      |  |
| 6  | Non-motorized access ways  | Msunduzi LM    | 487        | 13.02                      |  |
| 7  | Private Roads and Tracks   | Msunduzi LM    | 765        | 20.45                      |  |
| To | tal  | 3 742          | 100%       |                            |  |



## C.5.3.6. LOCAL INTEGRATED TRANSPORT PLAN REVIEW (UPDATE)

Schedules 4 and 5 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa (No. 108 of 1996) outline the various transport and road infrastructure functions of the different spheres of government. In terms of Part A of Schedule 5 of the Constitution, provincial roads and traffic are an exclusive provincial function, while municipal roads, traffic and parking are municipal functions in terms of Part B of Schedule 5. **Municipalities are responsible for investments in local infrastructure**, including the construction and maintenance of roads and streets that are within their jurisdiction and proclaimed as municipal roads.

## C.5.4. ENERGY

#### C.5.4.1. ELECTRICITY / ENERGY PROVIDER

The Municipality is energy services provider the Msunduzi Electricity Unit is licenced by the National Electricity Regulator of South Africa (NERSA) to supply electricity to 50% of the total customer in the Municipality's area of jurisdiction and the other 50% which is comprised of the Greater Edendale and Vulindlela areas is supplied by Eskom. The Electricity Unit operates under the Electricity Regulator Act (2006). Eskom is licenced to supply electricity in the Greater Edendale and Vulindlela areas, while the Municipality provides electricity in other areas. The Municipality is required to comply with NRS 047 and 048, which deal with the provision of electrical distribution in residential areas in terms of its licence agreement.

Households with electricity for lighting have also improved from 85.8% in 2001 to 91.9% in 2011, which is well above the provincial average of 77.9% of households, the 2016 community survey indicated that households with access to electricity increased to 96%. 463 Households indicated that they did not have access to electricity for lighting. Households without electricity services may be due to:

- Households that have not applied for electricity, either because they cannot afford the service or they were
  missed out when marketing was done in the area.
- Households may be on infill sites, where households have only recently been developed. Eskom and Council
  will provide services in these areas if it is practical to do so and funding is available.
- The development may not have been planned in accordance with town planning norms and according to current Council policy, no electricity will be provided if it obviates future service delivery. Due to financial constraints and ageing infrastructure, the Municipality has brought on board the Independent Development Trust (IDT) to do a condition assessment and source funding to rectify problems, which is being undertaken in this financial year. The Municipality is also piloting solar powered street lighting and traffic lights in the CBD

The Electricity Unit generates approximately 40% of the total revenue of the Municipality. 70% of the income for the Electricity Unit comes from our large customers (industrial and commercial) and 30% from our residential customers. Msunduzi purchases electricity in bulk on the Megaflex tariff from at 132 00 volts and is transformed to lower voltages. There are two Eskom in-feed points (Msunduzi substation and Mersey substation). We have a notified maximum demand of 350MVA (Mersey 160MVA and Msunduzi 190MVA).

The Hilton and Sweetwaters areas are still experiencing continuous outages due to the numerous faults on the existing 11kV networks. Capacity on the existing Crossways Substation is running very thin and with the number of new developments taking place in these areas, capacity will soon runout. Upgrades of the substation are urgently required to address these issues.

uMngeni Municipality approached Msunduzi Municipality with a proposal to take over Electricity supply at Hilton. Hilton is the area that falls under uMngeni Municipality, but Msunduzi Municipality is supplying electricity in this area, as per the arrangement during the Transitional Local Councils era. There are number of engagements between the two municipalities in trying to find sustainable solutions. Therefore, there is a task team that has been formed which consists of the delegation from both municipalities. The task team include representatives from Electricity, Planning, Infrastructure, Legal and Finance.

#### C.5.4.2. ELECTRICITY PLAN ADOPTED AND IT IS BEING IMPLEMENTED

There is an approved Primary 132kV Network Development Plan. The Plan was approved in 2017 with a 5 year projection in terms of annual expenditure requirements in order to successfully manage aging infrastructure. However due to the budgetary constraint, it has not been fully implemented.

The current primary network voltages are 33kV, 88kV and 132kV, the bulk of the 322 MVA (2017) load is supplied at 33kV with only five substations transforming directly from 132kV to 11kV. These are Northdale Prince Alfred, Harp, Hulett and Mkondeni substations. This means that at Riverside, Retief, Archbell, Pine Street, Woodburn, Hesketh and Crossways substations all have 33/11kV transformation. Bulk 132/33kV transformation is installed at Riverside and Retief substation with 33kV cable and overhead line feeders to the remote 33/11kV transformation substations. The direct 132/11kV transformation substations are all the most recent installation and consist of mixed vector groups making it difficult to parallel the 11kV networks during load shifting operations. It is proposed that these will all be converted in the long term to a common vector group.

The ageing 33kV infrastructure has come to the end of its useful life and needs upgrading, and in some cases has become an environmental hazard due to ageing causing oil leaks and spillage. Many substations still have oil insulated switchgear which does not comply with the new internal arc certification for medium voltage switchgear and therefore needs to be replaced with Vacuum or SF6 switchgear.

The current network does not allow the Eskom in feeds to be interconnected and therefore there is no diversity between the intake points. If Mersey could be run closed with Msunduzi diversity could be obtained. If this is not possible then a new firm bulk 400/132kV intake point at Bishopstowe could be an option with the132kV lines from Msunduzi to Retief turned into Riverside Substation. This will result in tariff savings due to diversity that will benefit the city. This long term option should be investigated further with input for Eskom.

The following Projects have been implemented:

- The new (1200mm2 aluminium) 240MVA 132kV cable circuit from Prince Alfred to Retief Street Substations via Pine Street and Archbell Street has been laid.
- Establishment of 132/11kV Eastwood Primary Substation including the 132kV Overhead Line has been implemented.
- Upgrade of both Northdale and Prince Alfred 132/11kV Substation has been completed.

The following Capital Equipment had been Purchased and Delivered:

- 2 x 40MVA 132/11kV Power Transformer for Pine Street Substation
- 132kV Gas Insulated Switchgear (GIS) for both Pine Street and Crossways Substations.
- 11kV Switchboard for both Archbell and Crossways Primary Substations

The following projects are still outstanding:

## **BUDGET EXPENDITURE REQUIRMENTS**

## 1.1. Phase 2

Funds are required to complete the 33kV City Grid upgrade to 132kV and normalise the primary distribution network.

| • | Crossways          | 132/11 kV |
|---|--------------------|-----------|
| • | Crossways Circuits | 132kV     |
| • | Pine Street        | 132/11 kV |
| • | Retief             | 132/11 kV |
| • | Archbell           | 132/11 kV |
| • | Woodburn           | 132/11 kV |

#### 1.2. Phase 3

| • | Masons/ Hulett              | 132/11 kV    |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------|
| • | Riverside                   | 132/11kV     |
| • | Hesketh                     | 132/11 kV    |
| • | Mkondeni                    | 132/11 kV    |
| • | Bishopstowe Phase 1         | 132kV        |
| • | Petronet                    | 132/11 kV    |
| • | SCADA Control Centre        | 132 & 11kV   |
| • | New Automated Meter Reading | (AMR) System |
|   |                             |              |



| PROJECT                           | WARD                        | ANNUAL TARGET / OUTPUT  |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Replacement/                      | 1,2,18,19,23,24,25,26,27,28 | 100% Attended/ replacement/ rectification of defective/                 |
| rectification of defective/       | ,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,3  | faulty meters received by the 30th of June 2024                         |
| faulty meters                     | 7,38,40                     | radicy meters received by the soun of same 2021                         |
| Auditing of Msunduzi              | 1,2,18,19,23,24,25,26,27,28 | 24000 of Msunduzi Municipality electricity domestic (credit,            |
| Municipality electricity          | ,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,3  | prepaid) meters & Commercial Meters audited by the 30th                 |
| domestic(credit,                  | 7,38,40                     | of June 2024.   |
| prepaid) meters &                 | 7,30,40                     | of Julie 2024.  |
| Commercial Meters                 |                             |   |
| within 24 months                  |                             |   |
|                                   |                             |   |
| Disconnections of non-            | 1,2,18,19,23,24,25,26,27,28 | 100% disconnection attended for non-payment received                    |
| payment                           | ,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,3  | from Budget & Treasury unit by the 30th of June 2024                    |
|                                   | 7,38,40                     |   |
| Reconnections of non-             | 1,2,18,19,23,24,25,26,27,28 | 100% reconnection attended for non-payment received                     |
| payment                           | ,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,3  | from Budget & Treasury unit by the 30th of June 2024                    |
|                                   | 7,38,40                     |   |
| Purchase of Ring Main             | Admin4                      | 48 x new Ring Main Units delivered by the 30th of June                  |
| Units Capital Equipment           |                             | 2024.   |
| Purchase of Mini                  | Admin4                      | 8 x 11kV Switchgear Panels delivered by the 30th of June                |
| substations Capital               |                             | 2024  |
| Equipment                         |                             |   |
| Purchase of Mini                  | Admin4                      | 4 x Mini substations delivered by the 31st of March 2024.               |
| substations Capital               |                             |   |
| Equipment                         |                             |   |
| Purchase of Pole                  | Admin4                      | 25 x new Pole Mounted Transformers delivered by the 30th                |
| Mounted Transformers              |                             | of June 2024  |
| Capital Equipment                 |                             |   |
| Purchase of Transformer           | Admin4                      | 4 x Transformers delivered by the 31st of March 2024.                   |
| Capital Equipment                 |                             |   |
| Installation of High Masts        | Ward 1-24 & 40              | 20 x new High Mast Lights installed by the 30th of June 2024            |
| Lights                            | Ward 2 40 C 11116 a         | Hilton Florida in Notice de la Constantina de la constantina            |
| Hilton Infrastructure             | Ward 2, 40 & Hilton         | Hilton Electricity Network Infrastructure Upgrade completed             |
| Upgrade                           | Ward 22 40                  | by the 30th of June 2024  |
| Medium Voltage<br>Network Upgrade | Ward 23-40                  | Medium Voltage cable Network Upgrade completed by the 30th of June 2024 |
| Mid -Block & T-Joints             | Ward 22 40                  |   |
| Services Relocation               | Ward 23-40                  | Mid -Block & T-Joints Services Relocated by the 30th of June 2024.      |
| Thembalihle &                     | Ward 38                     | 100 x House Service Connections completed by the 31st                   |
| Zamokuhle infills                 | maid 30                     | December 2024.  |
| Swapo & Haniville infills         | Ward 29                     | 100 x House Service Connections completed by the 31st                   |
| onapo a namina                    | 11 w. W 27                  | December 2024.  |
| Electrification of                | Ward 30                     | 300 x House Service Connections completed by the 28th of                |
| Nkululeko informal                |                             | February 2024.  |
| Settlement                        |                             |   |
| Eastwood Primary 132kV            | Ward 34, 38                 | Commissioning of Eastwood 132/11kV Primary Substation                   |
| Network Upgrade                   |                             | by the 30th of June 2024  |
| Hesketh Primary Network           | Ward 35 & 37                | Hesketh Primary Network Upgrade completed by the 30th                   |
| Upgrade                           |                             | of June 2024  |
| Retief Primary Substation         | Ward 25, 32,                | Retief Primary Substation Upgrade completed by the 30th                 |
| Network Upgrade                   |                             | of April 2024.  |
| Masons 132/11kV Primary           | Ward 13, 23, 24             | Masons 132/11kV Primary Substation Upgrade completed                    |
| Substation Upgrade                |                             | by the 30th of June 2024  |
|                                   |                             |   |

| PROJECT                | WARD   | ANNUAL TARGET / OUTPUT                                    |
|------------------------|--------|---|
| Purchase of Switchgear | Admin4 | 04 x new Switchgear Panels delivered by the 30th of June  |
| Panels Capital         |        | 2024  |
| Equipment              |        |   |
|                        | Admin4 | 15 x new Transformers delievered by the 30th of June 2024 |
| Capital Equipment      |        |   |
| Purchase of            | Admin4 | 20 x Mini substations delivered by the 30th of June 2024  |
| Minisubstation Capital |        |   |
| Equipment              |        |   |

### C.5.4.3. OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PLAN FOR ELECTRICITY

There is an approved policy for electricity network maintenance. This policy was approved in 2018. The objectives of this policy is to:

- To ensure the proper maintenance of the Msunduzi Electricity Infrastructure assets of the municipality as captured in the Asset Register of Msunduzi Municipality in order to achieve better safety, reliability and availability of network equipment.
- To benchmark the maintenance management approach of Msunduzi Municipality with relevant leading electricity utilities.
- To optimize the maintenance of the electricity distribution network assets for a minimum lifecycle cost.
- To ensure a sustainable delivery of the service to the communities and avoid costly power outages.
- To protect the Council's capital investment.
- To meet the requirements of consumers, internal stakeholders and legal authorities.
- To comply with the obligations under which this authority is licensed to operate the electricity networks in its licensed distribution area.

### **TABLE 65: SUMMARY MAINTENANCE PROJECTS**

| PROJECT                    | WARD  | ANNUAL TARGET   |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| Maintenance of substations | 1,2,13,19, 33-38 & 40   | 20 x Substations Upgraded and Maintained by the 30th of June 2024 |
|                            |   |   |
| Ovehead lines maintenance  | 1,2,13,19, 33-38 & 40   | 600 wooden poles to be replaced by 30th of June 2024              |
|                            |   |   |
| Street lights maintenance  | 1,2,18,19,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31, 32,33,34,35,36,37,38,40 | 30000 Street lights maintained by the 30th of June 2024.          |

### Electricity Activities for 2020/2021 Financial Year

During the 2022/23 financial year, the following activities were undertaken and the work will be continuing:

- 3241 faulty meters were replaced. 8000 Meters were audited. The summary of findings that are being attended are Tampered / Bypassed, Meter Replacement Required, NRS 057 Not Compliant, Locking Mechanism Not Compliant, Meter Not Sealed / Seal Broken.
- 15 bulk meter audits were completed with the assistance of Cogta appointed service providers. The summary of findings that are being attended are Failed Accuracy Test, Tampered / Bypassed, Meter Replacement Required, NRS 057 Not Compliant, Locking Mechanism Not Compliant, Meter Not Sealed / Seal Broken and Meters not in Database.
- 404 Community Residential Units (CRU's) were electrified. The Municipality has secured INEP grant for the 2022/23 financial year to electrify an estimated connections of 400 in the following informal settlements areas namely Phayiphini/ Sweetwaters & SACCA in Mkondeni and an approval to electrify 500 household connections during 2024/24 FY in the following areas, Nkululeko (Ward 30), SWAPO and Hanniville (Ward 29), and Thembalihle and Zamokuhle (Ward 38) SWAPO INFILLS, THEMBALIHLE, EZINKETHENI, SWEETWATERS INFILLS, ZAMOKUHLE (TAMBOVILLE)

The municipality has entered into an agreement with Eskom to address the maintenance backlog on the electricity infrastructure and during the 2020/21 financial year the maintenance was undertaken in following Primary Substations namely Archbell Substation, Crossways Substation, Hesketh Substation, Mkondeni Substation, Woodburn Substation, Retief Street.

Moreover, In October 2021 Msunduzi Municipality made an application to Department of Mineral Resources and Energy for the energy efficiency and demand side management (EEDSM) programme for a period of 2022/23/24 and 24/25 financial years.

The proposed Bishopstowe Substation should be established to allow for the two incoming feeds from Mersey to be dedicated feeds with unit short line differential protection to be installed on each circuit. Optical fibre will need to be installed on each line from Mersey to Bishopstowe. This protection philosophy will need to be applied to the double circuit lines from Bishopstowe to Riverside with short line differential schemes between Bishopstowe and Petronet Pump Station 3, Petronet Pump Station 3 and Riverside Substations.

Allowance will need to be made in the layout of Bishopstowe Substation for the two Eskom Feeder bays to be upgraded to two 400kV bays feeding a 400kV busbar. Four 250MVA 400/132kV transformer Bays and a 132kV double busbar arrangement.

A new line servitude will need to be acquired from Bishopstowe to a new substation servitude in the Garlington area. A new cable route for 2 x 132kV 1200mm2 cable circuits required from Garlington to Crossways substation for the future infeed to the City Centre via Pine Street Substation. This will secure a firm supply to the city.

The reconfigured network will support 600MVA load on a firm bases, and could be higher depending on Eskom's infeed arrangements.

### C.5.4.4. OPERATIONAL MANAGEMENTC

The Municipality is providing the repairs and maintenance budget allocation towards the norms and guidelines of NERSA and this is moving towards the stabilisation of electricity supply to address the outages, although Load Shedding has a negative impact in the achievement of electricity network.

There is, however, a lot of work that requires more attention relating to infrastructure and its upgrades, and plans are in place in this regard, including a 132KV Upgrade Plan, a Street Lighting Maintenance Plan, and a Substation Maintenance Plan, Metering Maintenance Plan and Overhead infrastructure and Servitude Maintenance Plan. The Municipality's current maintenance programme focuses on the replacement of defective street lights and the refurbishment of Electricity Infrastructure.

The Municipality is currently implementing the Network Upgrades in line with the Network Development Plan (NDP) to stabilise the High Voltage Networks. The Municipality is also currently busy with the provision of high mast lighting in Imbali/ Greater Edendale and Vulindlela Areas. The electrical assets in the Municipality are ageing, and there are power transformers that have surpassed their design life and requires urgent replacement and refurbishment. The Municipality has embarked on a 10 year transformer replacement programme. Vandalism, tampering, and theft of electricity assets are on the increase.

More protection and fraud prevention strategies are needed to safe-guard electrical assets.

### **CHALLENGES**

There is a high backlog on preventative maintenance, refurbishment and upgrade of the Primary network, Secondary substations, Overhead lines and Cables, thus contributing to unplanned outages and more funding is required to address these challenges. Overloaded networks and illegal connections are contributing to the high number of replacements of equipment that has blown up. There is also a High Vacancy rate in the Business Unit which may impact on the effectiveness of resolving network issues timeously, however the Municipality is in the drive to urgently address this shortcoming.

### PRIMARY NETWORK

Vandalism of primary networks (132kv towers, etc) is putting the networks at risk and may result in extended outage to the entire City as the main transmission lines coming from Eskom and within Msunduzi networks are vulnerable. A number of Annual supply Contracts are in place (Power transformers and Switchgears has been put in place to replace old and obsolete Substation Equipment and also attend to upgrades where necessary.

### **SECONDARY MAINTENANCE**

Maintenance work is ongoing on the Secondary substations, but due to the limited number of contractors on existing contract for maintenance, there is huge backlog that still needs to be addressed. A new Procurement process to have a Specialised Maintenance Contract is in progress with the intention to get more contractors to assist in attending to these backlogs.

An annual supply contract for switchgear has been put in place mainly for replacement purpose and more funds are required to implement.

### 11kV OVERHEAD LINE MAINTENANCE

The number of rotten poles is posing a risk to operating personnel including the public at large and needs urgent attention. A replacement programme has been initiated and is ongoing in line with the available financial and human resources. The maintenance contract is in place and being used.

### 132 kV OVERHEAD LINE MAINTENANCE

Visual inspection on the overhead lines is ongoing and the annual supply contract is in place to ensure that maintenance is undertaken on a regular basis.

### **CABLES**

Many of the cables are old and overloaded. Currently the network is undergoing refurbishment and modifications with installation of new 630mm2 single core cables including the installation of 300mm2 Al Cable and the establishment of distributor substations. 630mm2 single core cables are procured using existing annual supply contract.

### STREET LIGHTING

In as much as there is a lot of maintenance work carried out to ensure that the City is well lit, there is huge improvements on the streetlights that are functioning (90%) although there is still more work to be done. Some sections of streetlights are off due to the continuous excavation which damages underground cables including vandalism of the network.

### **BLOWN SWITCHGEAR**

Due to limited funding, it is not possible to purchase the required switchgear and this further places burden on the network. A number of ring circuits are not functional because of the blown switchgear. More funds are urgently required to address this problem. This has a negative effect on the operation of the network and the safety of the operators. Also the time it takes to restore power after an outage is now extended unnecessarily.

### **POLE TRANSFORMERS**

Circuits that were designed based on the size of the transformer are now overloaded and blowing up because of the theft of electricity due to illegal connections. On average, 3 to 4 pole mounted transformers per month are replaced after blowing up due to overloading caused by illegal connections. This has a negative impact on continuity of supply as the transformer stock is being depleted and most customers are staying without electricity for extended periods until a new transformer is procured.



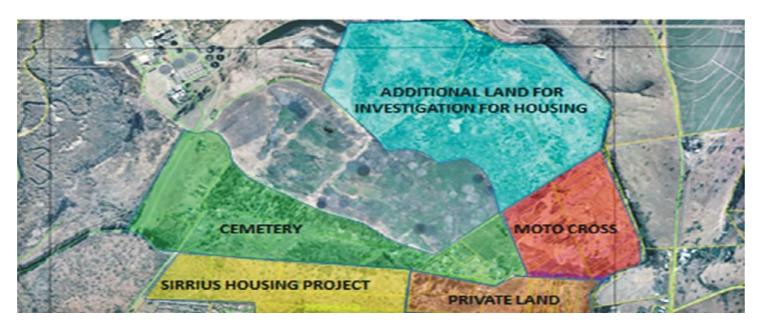
### C.5.5. ACCESS TO COMMUNITY FACILITIES

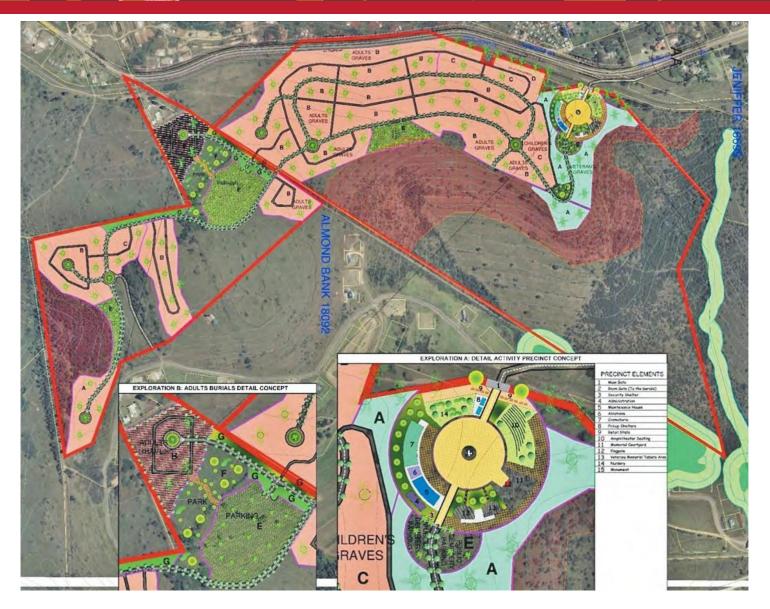
### C.5.5.1. CEMETERY SITES

Msunduzi Municipality has 3 cemeteries which are currently operational, 8 cemeteries which have been closed, 2 proposed cemeteries and 1 which is under review. The original purpose for purchasing the land was to develop a new cemetery and crematorium. The initial studies have shown some portions of some sites to be unsuitable for burial activity and investigations are currently being undertaken to determine which parts of the land are suitable for developing a cemetery. The Municipality intends to Manage, administer and develop Cemeteries and Crematoria, further plan and implement the development of new cemeteries and crematoria. Prepares burial sites for burial. Lastly, Manage the pauper burials (public health funeral and indigent) within Msunduzi municipality, maintain the cemeteries by cutting grass and force the cemeteries and crematoria by-laws.

### C.5.5.2. SUMMARY OF STATUS/BACKLOGS/PRIORITIES FOR COMMUNITY FACILITIES

Ward 35: Hollingwood Cemetery and other surrounding land





Hollingwood Cemetery (approximately 20 hectares) has been identified as another burial site with an approved environmental authorization.

### C.5.5.3. MUNICIPAL ANIMAL POUND

The Provincial Department of COGTA had a scheduled a session on the 24 March 2024 at the Bessie Head Library Auditorium with an intention to impress upon those Local Municipalities whom to that end had not taken any initiatives to establish a Municipal Animal Pound for their areas of jurisdiction, Msunduzi Local Municipality amongst others. The initial stage in the establishment of the animal pound being the institutionalization of this function.

To date the process, have since commenced with report submitted and presided and supported by SMC in April May 2024, this was preceded by the inclusion of the functional area on the draft 23/24 organogram. The line function (Public Safety - Law Enforcement Unit) whom has been directed by the Accounting Officer to oversee and manage the function ANIMAL POUND is due to present same at the next Community Services Portfolio Committee Meeting. The Legal Unit have also been activated to initiate the promulgation of the Animal Pound Bylaws, which have since been submitted to SMC by the Senior Manager: Area Based Management in an effort to initiate the enforcement process.



### C.5.6.1. HOUSING DEVELOPER FOR HUMAN SETTLEMENTS

### C.5.6.2. APPROVED HOUSING SECTOR PLAN

The municipality seeks to shift away from an approach of monotonous settlements of RDP houses that perpetuated urban sprawl and segregate the poor from the neighbouring communities. Therefore, the Msunduzi Local Municipality (MLM) seeks to adopt a strategic approach in line with the long-term development vision as outlined in the IDP and the "Breaking New Ground" policy of the national government. The new approach goes beyond the simple construction of houses and focuses on building sustainable communities using housing development as a catalyst. It promotes equality, affirms inherent human dignity, and enables access to adequate housing. As such, the IDP identifies the development of sustainable human settlements as one of the priority programs.

The MLM seeks to drive programs to build integrated and socially cohesive human settlements. This includes upscaling the delivery of subsidized housing, unlocking housing opportunities across the income spectrum and using housing development as a catalyst for social and economic development. The new approach seeks to contribute to the realisation of the municipal development vision; gives effect to the mission statements; outlines strategies and activities; and providesfor on-going monitoring and evaluation of the human settlement development programme. The latter forms an integral part of the municipality's performance management system (PMS) and it will contribute to addressing the housing backlog faced by the municipality. A comprehensive analysis of this new approach is outlined in the municipality's Housing Sector Plan.

### C.5.6.3. STRATEGIC ISSUES FOR CONSIDERATION (SDF)

The implications of the medium road scenario to be considered in future spatial development planning in the Msunduzi Municipality are:

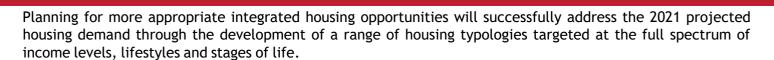
The Msunduzi Local Municipality has a population of about 679 039 people. It accounts for 60% of the UMDM population, which makes the Msunduzi Municipality the most populated municipality in the district despite having the smallest geographic coverage. Population in the Msunduzi Municipality is spread unevenly among the 41 electoral wards with the majority residing in the Greater Edendale area. The population has grown steadily over the last two decades from 553 221 in 2001 to 679 039 in 2016, and it is projected that a further population growth in 2021 to 702 865 or 828 743 people based on a low and high growth scenario. A high urbanization rate exerts pressure on the municipality to unlock suitable located land to accommodate population growth.

The expansion of residential areas must therefore be planned for, and in each urban area the spatial implications of expansion and densification must be considered in terms of the adopted SDF (2022). It is anticipated that the majority of this expansion will take place in the N3 Corridor (the South Eastern District specifically), which is the area where the most substantial areas of land for development where future economic development will potentially be concentrated.

Although the municipality has made substantial progress in facilitating spatial restructuring, the stubborn apartheid spatial pattern remains one of the main factors influencing settlement patterns in the Msunduzi area. Undulating terrain typical of large portions of the KwaZulu-Natal Province also has a significant influence in this regard. Settlements within the municipality ranges from low density sprawling rural settlements in Vulindlela through the Edendale valley area which faces a threat of degenerating into an urban slum and the poorly-developed dormitory former black only townships to well-developed suburbs along the N3 corridor and the northern (former Indian and Coloured) areas where relatively large informal settlements have also developed.

The SDF (2022) proposes new housing in the following key areas: Ambleton, Foxhill, Ashburton, Hayfields and Willowton. The provision of housing in these areas will support the south-eastern expansion of the Greater Edendale area and enable future residents better access to employment in the industrial areas located within the Mkhondeni area and along the N3.

Planning for more appropriate integrated housing opportunities will successfully address the projected housing demand through the development of a range of housing typologies targeted at the full spectrum of income levels, lifestyles and stages of life.



Msunduzi UM SDF (2015)

### Identification and Location of Land Suitable for Human Settlements Development (Housing Sector Plan)

The identification, location and acquisition of land suitable for human settlements are the ultimate determinant of the pace at which housing delivery is secured.

Msunduzi Municipality has a dedicated Valuation Department which, among other functions, determines value on land offered for human settlements. While the municipality actively and proactively looks for land suitable for human settlements developments, the scarcity of the land and rate at which it is offered are among the major impediments to human settlements development.

### Land Identification, Assessment and Prioritisation

The municipality will undertake a detailed land identification exercise to identify, map and assess all strategically located land that is suitable for housing development. This is in addition to municipal land already earmarked for this purpose. The municipality will use the SDF as a guide for land identification and the following criteria for assessment:

- Ownership of land.
- Restrictive conditions of title and other encumbrances.
- Current land use.
- Existing zoning.
- Size and potential yield for different housing products.
- Availability of services.
- Location in relation to employment and other urban opportunities.
- Market value of the land as determined by the municipality for rating purposes.
- Geotechnical, topographical and other environmental conditions should allow cost-effective development and servicing of the land.
- The use of the land for housing purposes should be in accordance with IDP and the associated sector plans.

The result of this exercise will be a land audit and evaluation report including the associated maps and schedules. Land identified and assessed will be prioritised for different human settlement interventions in line with the provisions of the SDF. The exercise will include both settled and vacant land.

### Land Acquisition and Assemble in The Greater Edendale Area

The municipality will intensify the initiative to acquire land in the Greater Edendale Area for urban renewal, upgrading of the area into a sustainable human settlement and delivery of services. The initiative entails engaging with the land owner, land valuation and price negotiations, facilitating signing of sale agreements and transfer of the land to the municipality. The municipality will undertake land expropriation as a last resort and where necessary. The municipality will give priority to the land parcels identified for the upgrading of the existing informal settlements.

The initiative may be undertaken with the involvement of financial institutions such as financial banks, Development Bank of Southern Africa (DBSA), National Housing Finance Corporation (NHFC), and others who will provide finance for the packaging of the project and provision of services. Urban Renewal programs may also be considered for assistance in this regard.

The benefit of this approach is that the land owners will realise the value of their assets and will be enticed to release the land for housing development. It will facilitate the renewal of areas such as the Greater Edendale and prevent the area from degenerating into a huge low-cost housing township. It will provide for the development of a mixture of residential units ranging from low cost to middle income housing, and low density to higher density development.

### Strategic Release of Municipal Land

The Land Regularisation Programme forms the basis of a sustainable property economy through expediting the release of municipal vacant sites on public tender. It will support sustainable economic growth through private sector investment and increase the rates, taxes and service repayment base of the municipality. The process has two phases: an audit of all council owned property and the implementation of a land release strategy. The property audit identifies properties that are vacant and/under utilised. Properties that can be released to public tender or withheld for public sector investment are also identified. In the short term, the programme seeks to verify and quantify the total number of properties under the control of the municipality. In so doing, it legitimises local government in the eyes of its ratepayers, updates the existing database of council owned property and provides strategic property plans for the release of council owned property.

In the longer term, the council will have a clear land release strategy that will not only grant ownership, but also access to council-owned land. The process allows transfer to legal tenants, provides economic incentives to invest in strategic parcels of land and identifies specific precincts that stimulate economic and social development.

LEGEND

MSUNDUZI LAND AUDIT 2014

CADASTRAL

MAP TITLE: Index Map

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MSUNDUZI LAND AUDIT 2014

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MAP 33: MSUNDUZI ASSETS REGISTER

### C.5.6.4. ESTIMATED BACKLOGS

The extent of 'need for housing' (based on housing type) in the Msunduzi is indicated in the table below. The table reveals that the estimated housing backlog is 44 263 based on housing typology, with most of the demand based on housing types being 'traditional dwelling units' at 27 581 (Stats SA, 2011). If the traditional dwelling units are excluded, the housing need in 2011 was 16682.

In comparison with 2011, the housing need, based on housing type in 2017 was 50 008. However, if the 35 511 households staying in traditional dwellings in 2017 is excluded, the housing need in 2017 was estimated at 14675.

|                                 |   | Households   | Households  | Households   |                         | Demand            | by Current           | Housing T         | уре               |       |
|---------------------------------|---|--|---|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------|
| Type of<br>the main<br>dwelling | Total<br>Number of<br>Households<br>Per<br>Municipality | earning<br>less than<br>R38 196p.a/<br>R3 183 p.m.<br>(Qual6ifying<br>for Low-Cost<br>Housing) | earning<br>between<br>R800-R3500<br>p.m./R9600-<br>42000 p.a.<br>(Quality for<br>CRU) | earning less | Traditional<br>Dwelling | Backyard<br>Rooms | Informal<br>Dwelling | Informal<br>Shack | Caravan<br>/Tents | Total |
| Msunduzi                        | 169754  | 102942   | 76468   | 17213        | 27581                   | 3086              | 4347                 | 9151              | 97                | 44263 |

(SOURCE: STATS SA, 2011)

### C.5.6.5. INFORMAL SETTLEMENTS

The Msunduzi Municipality developed an Informal Settlement Upgrading Strategy, under the National Upgrading Support Programme (NUSP), an initiative of the Department of Human Settlement. The report was released in February 2014. It is however currently being reviewed and updated as part of the current NUSP project being undertaken within the Municipality.

The NUSP report enumerated and documented all informal settlements within the jurisdiction of Msunduzi Local Municipality, profiled and classified them based on severity of informality and perceived urgency of intervention.

In summary, the NUSP report broadly categorised informal settlements within the municipality as follows:

| CATEGORY | NO. OF SETTLEMENTS | DESCRIPTION  |
|----------|--------------------|--|
| B2/C     | 15                 | Provision of emergency services and relocation                                 |
| B1       | 41                 | Entire settlement requires interim services as the primary priority            |
| B1 (+ A) | 8                  | Less than half do not have basic services and require interim services         |
| A (+ B1) | 5                  | Most basic services met, but some still require interim services               |
| Α        | 2                  | Basic services met, require top structure, full services (e.g. roads) & tenure |

Source: Msunduzi Informal Settlement Upgrading Strategy (2014)

### INFORMAL SETTLEMENT UPGRADING

Following the assessment and categorization, Informal Settlement Upgrading Plans were also prepared for some of the informal settlements. The reports provided recommendations in terms of how the informal settlements can be upgraded. The Municipality has submitted a request to the KZN Department of Human Settlements, requesting the allocation of funding and provision of basic services (mainly interim basic services) in informal settlements.

### INFORMAL SETTLEMENTS UPGRADING PLANS PROJECTS

In addition to the informal settlements that were assessed, categorised and planned as referred to above, the Municipality, through the NUSP, is currently undertaking a project to assess, categorise and prepare upgrading plans for the 12 informal settlements referred to below. The project in it's entirely will also culminate in a reviewed informal settlement upgrading strategy for the municipality and also sustainable livelihood strategies. The budget for the project is R1 024 800.00.

| NO. | NAME  | AREA<br>(HA) | ESTIMATED<br>NUMBER OF<br>STRUCTURES |         | WITHIN URBAN<br>DEVELOPMENT<br>BOUNDARY<br>(YES/NO) |
|-----|---|--------------|--------------------------------------|---------|---|
| 1   | Ashdown Informal Settlement                           | 5.82         | 212                                  | 23      | Yes   |
| 2   | Emadakeni Informal Settlement                         | 5.78         | 139                                  | 15      | Yes   |
| 3   | Entabeni (Unit BB Above 73 Sites) Informal Settlement | 130.80       | 412                                  | 17 & 18 | Yes   |
| 4   | Queen Street Informal Settlement                      |              | 59                                   | 32      | Yes   |
| 5   | Marikana Informal Settlement                          | 45.38        | 161                                  | 13      | Yes   |
| 6   | Pavillion Informal Settlement                         | 3.52         | 99                                   | 34      | Yes   |

| N | <b></b> | ' |
|---|---------|---|
| 1 |         |   |
|   |         |   |
|   |         |   |

| NO. | NAME  | AREA<br>(HA) | ESTIMATED<br>NUMBER OF<br>STRUCTURES |    | WITHIN URBAN<br>DEVELOPMENT<br>BOUNDARY<br>(YES/NO) |
|-----|---|--------------|--------------------------------------|----|---|
| 7   | Mbali Small 18 Informal Settlement          | 1.48         | 48                                   | 15 | Yes   |
| 8   | Shayamoya Informal Settlement               | 48.64        | 311                                  | 11 | Yes   |
| 9   | Thembelihle / Zamokuhle Informal Settlement | 4.65         | 177                                  | 38 | Yes   |
| 10  | Thembelihle Extension Informal Settlement   | 18.39        | 174                                  | 38 | Yes   |
| 11  | Shawela                                     | 3.83         | 55                                   | 17 | Yes   |
| 12  | Woodstock Informal Settlement               | 0.35         | 126                                  | 35 | Yes   |
| TOT | AL .  | 1794         |                                      |    |   |

TABLE 66: EXTENT OF INFORMAL SETTLEMENTS IN THE MUNICIPALITY (MSUNDUZI HOUSING PLAN, 2019)

| PROPOSED HOUSING PROJECT      | WARD     |
|-------------------------------|----------|
| Snathing Phase 1              | 11       |
| Edendale T2 unit 18 Extension | 15       |
| Edendale Unit EE Phase 3      | 17       |
| Bhobhonono/Masomini           | 20       |
| Smero                         | 20       |
| Woodlands                     | 32       |
| Willowfontein Terminus        | 14       |
| Phupha Phase 1                | 14       |
| Buntine Place                 | 23       |
| MArryvale                     | 34       |
| Nhlalakahle                   | 31       |
| Nkululeko                     | 28       |
| Masson                        | 29       |
| Yellowood Place               | 32       |
| Baverstock Road               | 27       |
| Oribi Village                 | 24       |
| Woodpecker Road Extension     | 28       |
| Regina Road                   | 1 and 28 |
| Shortts Retreat               | 37       |
| East Street Hostel            | 32       |

From the above summary, it is evident that more than 97% of all informal settlements in Msunduzi are in urgent need of upgrading intervention, and the NUSP Msunduzi Informal Settlements Upgrading Strategy details the requisite budgetary implications of the informal settlements upgrading exercise, broken down per category of informality, over a 5 year period (2014 -2019) as follows:

| Category | Upgrading Budget (2014 - 2019) |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| B2/C     | 40,829,623                     |
| B1       | 406,218,222                    |
| A(+B2)   | 130,492,058                    |
| Α        | 82,662,997                     |
| TOTAL    | 926,805,514                    |

### C.5.6.6. EXISTING HOUSING PROJECTS

According to statistics from the KZN Department of Human Settlements Inland Region, Msunduzi delivered 22 473 housing units (actual delivery) between 2009 and 2018. The delivery formed part of 16 projects across Msunduzi, of which the Vullindlela Rural Housing project contributed 93%.

(Please provide the recent statistics)

TABLE 67: PROJECTS IN THE MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY

| PROJECT TYPE/CATEGORY     | AMOUNT OF SUBSIDIES | HOUSES BUILT TO DATE |
|---------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 25 in-situ upgrade        | 19 212              | 13 122               |
| 4 Greenfield developments | 1 994               | 302                  |
| 1 institutional           |                     | 6 beds (closed out)  |
| 6 slum clearance          | 7 178               | 5 067                |
| 1 special needs           | Proposed 40 beds    |                      |
| 1 urban consolidation     | 1044                | 975                  |
| 2 in-situ/green-fields    | 1 288               | 1 218                |
| 1 urban individual        | 432                 | 432                  |
| Total                     | 31 148              | 25 657               |

(Source: Msunduzi Housing Delivery Unit, 2010)

TABLE 67A: HUMAN SETTLEMENTS PROJECTS AND STATUS QUO

| NO. | PROJECT NAME                         | WARD | EST.<br>YIELD | PROJECT PHASE           | PROJECT STATUS   |
|-----|--------------------------------------|------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
|     |                                      |      |               | PROJECT PLAN            | NING STAGE   |
| 1.  | Edendale J2 & Quarry                 | 15   | 1000          | Detailed<br>Feasibility | The environmental authorization is place for this project which is a major milestone under stage 1 detailed feasibility and planning. The draft town planning layout has been completed. The IA is currently compiling SPLUMA application for approval.  |
| 2.  | Edendale/<br>Willowfontein<br>Bulwer | 14   | 1000          | Detailed<br>Feasibility | The environmental authorization and WULA are in place for this project which are two major milestones under stage 1 detailed feasibility and planning. The SPLUMA preliminary application has been submitted to Town Planning for scrutiny and comment. Once the planning approval is in place the project will then be handed over to implementation for installation of services and construction of top structures.   |
| 3.  | Hollingwood PF                       | 35   | 1000          | Detailed<br>Feasibility | Detailed feasibility studies were undertaken and completed for this project and according to the findings of the study the project is not feasible due to the close proximity of the project to the Sludge in that reason the project is pending withdrawal from the IDP due to major environmental constraints of the site. In addition Sobantu Housing Project, Lincoln Meade (Sirrus) and Ethembeni Projects have been identified and will serve as an alternative sites for Hollingwood Housing Project and will accommodate 1000 intended beneficiaries from Sobantu township.  |
| 4.  | Khalanyoni PF                        | 12   | 1000          | Detailed<br>Feasibility | Stage one funding is in place, the detailed feasibility studies have commenced. The Environmental Management Unit have commented on Basic Assessment Report that was submitted by the IA. The BAR has to be submitted to the Department of Economic Development, Tourism and Environmental Affairs for approval. A Conceptual Layout has been submitted to the Municipality for pre-comments. The preparation of the Environmental Impact Assessment report is 50% complete. Once approval of all stage 1 Specialist studies is granted, the project will be handed over to Implementation Unit for installation of services and construction of top structures. |



| NO. | PROJECT NAME   | WARD | EST.  | PROJECT PHASE           | PROJECT STATUS   |
|-----|--|------|-------|-------------------------|--|
|     |  |      | YIELD |                         |  |
| 5.  | Kwa30 PF   | 10   | 400   | Detailed<br>Feasibility | Stage one funding is in place, the detailed feasibility studies have commenced. The Environmental Authorization for the Kwa 30 is in place. A Conceptual Layout has been submitted to the Municipality for pre-comments. Once approval of all stage 1 Specialist studies and planning approval is obtained, the project will be handed over to Implementation Unit for installation of services and construction of top structures.  |
| 6.  | Glenwood<br>South East<br>Sector                         | 38   | 3000  | Detailed<br>Feasibility | Pre-feasibility studies completed. The Human Settlements Unit has appointed the Implementing Agent to undertake Detailed Planning Studies. Inception Meeting with the IA was held on the 23rd of February 2021.  |
| 7.  | Shenstone/<br>Ambleton 3 PF                              | 18   | 3000  | Detailed<br>Feasibility | Ambleton Phase 3 has been included into the Shenstone/Ambleton Project, due to the Land Invasion dynamics. Desktop pre-feasibility study and Draft Preliminary Planning Layout Completed. Social Facilitation and the final layout Plan for Ambleton Shenstone have been undertaken by the Service Provider and submitted to the Municipality.   |
| 8.  | Peace Valley 2   | 23   | 480   | Detailed<br>Feasibility | The environmental authorization is place for this project which is in place a major milestone under stage 1 detailed feasibility and planning. SPLUMA applications have been completed and will be lodged with town planning for approval. Once the approval has been obtained from town planning and other relevant departments the project will then be handed over to implementation for installation of services and construction of top structures.   |
| 9.  | Copesville   | 29   | 681   | Detailed<br>Feasibility | The SPLUMA application for the Township Establishment process has been granted. The conditions of Establishment have been prepared and awaiting signature. Once the conditions have been approved and all requirements met, the next milestone will be pegging on site which will then be followed by the submission of the proposed General Plan to the Office of the Surveyor General for approval.  |
| 10. | Signal Hill/<br>Peace Valley 3<br>and Naperville<br>IRDP | 26   | 3000  | Detailed<br>Feasibility | The project is phased into two phases. Environmental Impact Assessment approval for the entire project is in place. Most of the Specialist studies have been completed (e.g. Geotech, bulk services engineering, contour surveys) and reports have been submitted to relevant departments for approval. A conceptual layout for the entire project has been developed and has been submitted to the Municipality for pre-scrutiny and comments. WULA and SPLUMA ROD's have been granted. The WULA application for stage two is still in preparation. Once WULA is granted, the IA will then be able to finalize the SPLUMA application. Once the Stage one approval is received for studies, the project will be handed over to Implementation Unit. |

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| NO. | PROJECT NAME            | WARD | EST.<br>YIELD | PROJECT PHASE           | PROJECT STATUS  |
|-----|-------------------------|------|---------------|-------------------------|---|
| 11. | Harewood                | 20   | 1000          | Detailed<br>Feasibility | Prefeasibility Studies have been completed and the project is deemed to be feasible from medium to long term. The IA is undertaking detailed feasibility studies for the project which will result in obtaining an environmental authorization (ROD) which is a major milestone of this phase in a housing project.   |
| 12. | Ethembeni IRDP          | 37   | 1800-<br>3000 | Detailed<br>Feasibility | The prefeasibility studies have been completed and the project is deemed to be feasible from medium to long term. The Human Settlements Sub-Unit is currently undertaking detailed feasibility studies for the project, the Environmental Impact Assessment has been prepared and submitted to the Department of Economic Development, Tourism and Environmental Affairs (DEDTEA) for consideration and approval. Once the detailed feasibility studies have been completed with all approvals, the project will be handed over to implementation for installation of services and construction of top structures.  |
| 13. | Caluza/ Smero           | 20   | TBD           | Detailed<br>Feasibility | The prefeasibility studies have been completed and according to the findings of the study the project is deemed feasible. The Human Settlements Sub-Unit has packaged and submitted the stage 1 Funding application to the department of Human Settlements for consideration and approval. Once the funding approval has been granted will commence with detailed feasibility studies which will result in obtaining an environmental authorization (ROD) which is a major milestone of this phase in a housing project. Once the detailed feasibility studies have been completed with all approvals, the project will be handed over to implementation for installation of services and construction of top structures. |
| 14. | Bhobhonono/<br>Masomini | 20   | TBD           | Detailed<br>Feasibility | The prefeasibility studies have been completed and according to the findings of the study the project is deemed feasible. The Stage one application has been submitted to the Department for approval. Once approval is granted the Department will initiate the drafting of the contract.  |
| 15. | Snathingi Phase 1       | 11   | TBD           | Detailed<br>Feasibility | The prefeasibility studies have been completed and according to the findings of the study the project is deemed feasible. The Human Settlements Sub-Unit has packaged and submitted the stage 1 Funding application to the department of Human Settlements for consideration and approval. Once the funding approval has been granted will commence with detailed feasibility studies which will result in obtaining an environmental authorization (ROD) which is a major milestone of this phase in a housing project. Once the detailed feasibility studies have been completed with all approvals, the project will be handed over to implementation for installation of services and construction of top structures. |



| NO. | PROJECT NAME                                 | WARD       | EST.<br>YIELD | PROJECT PHASE             | PROJECT STATUS   |
|-----|--|------------|---------------|---------------------------|--|
| 16. | Edendale 5<br>Priority Housing               | 21 &<br>22 | TBD           | Detailed<br>Feasibility   | Most of the Land is in Private ownership, thus the Land is still to be acquired through the GEVDI Land Acquisition process. Phase 1 of Priority 2 (80 120m.sq.) has been acquired and considered for development. A funding application for housing development has been prepared and submitted to the Department of Human Settlements on September 2019 for approval.   |
| 17. | Willowfontein<br>Terminus                    | 14         | TBD           | Detailed<br>feasibility   | The conditional funding application was prepared and submitted to the Department of Human Settlements for consideration and approval by the MEC for KZN Human Settlements. Once the funding approval has been granted will commence with prefeasibility studies and if the project is feasible then will moved to the next phase which undertaking detailed feasibility studies which will result in obtaining an environmental authorization (ROD) which is a major milestone under this stage in a housing project. Once the detailed feasibility studies have been completed with all approvals, the project will be handed over to implementation for installation of services and construction of top structures. |
| 18. | Sinathingi Phase<br>2 (Nhlazatshe)           | 11         | 2000          | Prefeasibility<br>Studies | The conditional funding application was prepared and submitted to the Department of Human Settlements for consideration and approval by the MEC for KZN Human Settlements. this project has been added to Upgrading of Informal Settlements Programme (UISP).  These projects will be handled by National  |
| 19. | Willowfontein<br>Phupha Phase 1              | 14         | 2000          | Prefeasibility<br>Studies | Funding application has been prepared and will be sent to the PDOHS for approval and once funding is received pre-feasibility studies will be undertaken. Once Prefeasibility studies are complete and the Human Settlement Unit will Package Stage One application and submit to the Department of Human Settlement for approval. Once all Stage one studies are complete and approved the project will be handed over to Implementation Unit.  |
| 20. | Edendale<br>EE (Phase 3)<br>[Willowfountain] | 17         | 1707          | Prefeasibility<br>Studies | Funding application has been submitted to the Department for funding, once funding is received pre-feasibility studies will commenced. Once Prefeasibility studies are complete, the Human Settlement Unit will Package Stage One application and submit it to the Department of Human Settlement for approval. Once all detailed feasibility studies are complete and approved, the project will be handed over to Implementation Unit.   |

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| NO. | PROJECT NAME                 | WARD | EST.<br>YIELD | PROJECT PHASE   | PROJECT STATUS   |
|-----|------------------------------|------|---------------|---|--|
| 21. | Unit 18 Extension            | 15   | TBD           | Prefeasibility<br>Studies   | Funding application has been submitted to the Department for funding, once funding is received pre-feasibility studies will commenced. Once Prefeasibility studies are complete, the Human Settlement Unit will Package Stage One application and submit it to the Department of Human Settlement for approval. Once all detailed feasibility studies are complete and approved the project will be handed over to Implementation Unit.  |
| 22. | Woodlands                    | 32   | TBD           | The project boundary for this project is still to confirmed and once it is confirmed the fundapplication will be prepared and submitted to department for approval. |  |
| 23. | Maryvale                     | 34   | TBD           | Prefeasibility<br>Studies   | Prefeasibility studies have been completed by the DoHS.A funding application has been prepared and will be sent to the PDOHS for stage 1 approval (detailed feasibility stage) and once funding is feasibility studies will be undertaken. Once Prefeasibility studies are complete and the Human Settlement Unit will Package Stage. Once all Stage are complete and approved, the project will be handed over to implementation for installation of services and construction of top structures.   |
| 24. | Nhlalakahle                  | 31   | TBD           | Prefeasibility<br>Studies   | Prefeasibility studies have been completed by the DoHS. A funding application has been prepared and will be sent to the PDOHS for stage 1 approval (detailed feasibility stage) and once funding is feasibility studies will be undertaken. Once Prefeasibility studies are complete and the Human Settlement Unit will Package Stage. Once all Stages are complete and approved, the project will be handed over to implementation for installation of services and construction of top structures. |
| 25. | Masson                       | 29   | TBD           | Prefeasibility<br>Studies   | Stage 1 Funding Application has been submitted to PDOHS for consideration and approval.  |
| 26. | Yellowwood<br>Place          | 32   | TBD           | Prefeasibility<br>Studies   | Stage 1 Funding Application has been submitted to PDOHS for consideration and approval.  |
| 27. | Mkondeni/<br>Shortts Retreat | 37   | TBD           | Detailed<br>feasibility   | A Service provider has been appointed to construct interim services. The DoHS has instructed that the proposed project be converted to permanent structures, in form of the CRU typology. Engagements with adjacent property owners are ongoing, on purchasing adjacent land parcels. A new application to the DoHS is to be drafted and be submitted.   |
| 28. | Willowfountein<br>Phupha     | 14   | 2000          | Prefeasibility<br>Studies   | Funding application has been prepared and will be sent to the PDOHS for approval and once funding is received pre-feasibility studies will be undertaken. Once Prefeasibility studies are complete and the Human Settlement Unit will Package Stage One application and submit to the Department of Human Settlement for approval. Once all Stage one studies are complete and approved the project will be handed over to Implementation Unit.  |



|     |  |                                     | EST.   |                                | DD0 1565 65 1516  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|--|-------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| NO. | PROJECT NAME                               |                                     | YIELD  | PROJECT PHASE                  | PROJECT STATUS  |  |  |  |  |
| 29. | Edendale<br>Town Centre<br>Relocation      | 22                                  | TBD    | Prefeasibility<br>Studies      | Stage 1 Funding Application has been submitted to PDOHS for consideration and approval. HDA has been assisting with regards to a draft layout design.           |  |  |  |  |
| 30. | Urban<br>Regeneration/<br>Strategic Sites  | All                                 | TBD    | Detailed<br>feasibility        | Service Provider has been appointed to undertake Detailed Feasibility Studies. Inception Completed and Monthly Progress is being submitted to the Municipality. |  |  |  |  |
| 31. | Nkululeko/<br>Regina Road                  | 28                                  | 300    | Detailed<br>feasibility        | Stage 1 Funding Application drafted and to be finalized and submitted to PDOHS for consideration and approval.  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  |                                     |        | PROJECT IMPLEME                |   |  |  |  |  |
| 1.  | Willowfountain<br>EE (Phase 1)             | 17                                  | 73     | Construction of Top Structures | The funding application has been submitted to the DOHS  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.  | Lot 182<br>Sinathingi                      | 11                                  | 133    | Construction of Top Structures | 63 houses have been completed.  |  |  |  |  |
| 3.  | Edendale S<br>Phase 8 Ext                  | 10                                  | 428    | Construction of Top Structures | 79 houses have been completed.  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.  | Glenwood<br>North East<br>Sector           | 38                                  | 279    | Implementation                 | Drafting of bilateral agreement.  |  |  |  |  |
| 5.  | Vulindlela Rural<br>Housing Project        | 1, 2, 3,<br>4, 5,<br>6, 7, 8<br>& 9 | 25 000 | Construction of Top Structures | 23051 Units completed and handed over   |  |  |  |  |
| 6.  | Jika Joe<br>Community<br>Residential Units | 33                                  | 1289   | Construction of Top Structures | Installation of engineering infrastructure, awaiting for<br>top structure funding approval from the provincial<br>human settlements.                            |  |  |  |  |
| 7.  | Edendale N -<br>[Wirewall]                 | 17                                  | 1388   | Construction of Top Structures | Discussions with Provincial Human Settlements regarding approval for renovations and new construction and also we have managed to build 20 housing to date.     |  |  |  |  |
| 8.  | Edendale N -<br>[Wirewall]                 | 10                                  | 510    | Construction of Top Structures | Discussions with Provincial Human Settlements regarding approval for renovations and new construction   |  |  |  |  |
| 14. | Slangspruit<br>[Wirewall]                  | 13                                  | 41     | Construction of Top Structures | Discussions with Provincial Human Settlements regarding approval for renovations and new construction   |  |  |  |  |
| 15. | Transit "A" [Wirewall]                     | 23                                  | 147    | Construction of Top Structures | Discussions with Provincial Human Settlements regarding approval for renovations and new construction   |  |  |  |  |
| 16. | OSS -Portion 2 of Erf 91 Housing           | 32                                  | 216    | Construction of Top Structures | 79 units completed  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. | Site 11 Housing project                    | 32                                  | 233    | Construction of Top Structures | The construction of top structure should commerce after two months  |  |  |  |  |
| 18. | Happy Valley                               | 32                                  |        | Construction of Top Structures | The construction of top structure should commerce after two months  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. | Tamboville<br>Upgrade                      | 38                                  | 416    | Construction of Top Structures | The construction of top structure should commerce after two months  |  |  |  |  |
| 20. | Thembalihle                                | 38                                  | 762    | Construction of Top Structures | The construction of top structure should commerce after two months  |  |  |  |  |
| 25. | Glenwood<br>Q-Section                      | 38                                  | 416    | Construction of Top Structures | The construction of top structure should commerce after two months  |  |  |  |  |
| 26. | Jika Joe                                   | 33                                  | 1164   | Implementation                 | Reservoir has been constructed and platforms have been cut.   |  |  |  |  |

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| NO. | PROJECT NAME               | WARD | EST.<br>YIELD | PROJECT PHASE                                     | PROJECT STATUS   |
|-----|----------------------------|------|---------------|---|--|
| 27. | Edendale<br>phase 8        |      | 313           | Implementation and Construction of Top Structures | The construction of services is 75% complete and 79 Houses have been completed.  |
| 28. | Ward 39<br>Housing Project | 39   | 1 000         | Implementation and Construction of Top Structures | Beneficiary verification has been completed.   |
| 29. | T2 T3                      | 15   | 345           | Implementation and Construction of Top Structures | The Implementing Agent has recently been appointed.  |
| 1   | Deviousts                  | 27   |               | ENTAL/SOCIAL HO                                   |  |
| 1.  | Baverstock<br>Road         | 27   | 300           | Detailed<br>feasibility                           | The Human Settlements Sub-Unit is in a process of appointing an accredited SHI. Once this has been completed, the appointed SHI will do all the necessary activities for the Social Housing project. The Social Housing developments are mainly for rental purposes and they are managed by Social Housing Institutions. |
| 2.  | Bombay and<br>Lucia Roads  | 28   | 150           | Detailed<br>feasibility                           | The Human Settlements Sub-Unit is in a process of appointing an accredited SHI. Once this has been completed, the appointed SHI will do all the necessary activities for the Social Housing project. The Social Housing developments are mainly for rental purposes and they are managed by Social Housing Institutions. |
| 3.  | Oribi Village              | 24   | 300           | Detailed<br>feasibility                           | The Human Settlements Sub-Unit is in a process of appointing an accredited SHI. Once this has been completed, the appointed SHI will do all the necessary activities for the Social Housing project. The Social Housing developments are mainly for rental purposes and they are managed by Social Housing Institutions. |
| 4.  | Padca Property             | 37   | 1000          | Detailed<br>feasibility                           | The Human Settlements Sub-Unit is in a process of appointing an accredited SHI. Once this has been completed, the appointed SHI will do all the necessary activities for the Social Housing project. The Social Housing developments are mainly for rental purposes and they are managed by Social Housing Institutions. |
| 5.  | Shorts Retreat             | 37   | 1000          | Detailed<br>feasibility                           | The Human Settlements Sub-Unit is in a process of appointing an accredited SHI. Once this has been completed, the appointed SHI will do all the necessary activities for the Social Housing project. The Social Housing developments are mainly for rental purposes and they are managed by Social Housing Institutions. |
| 6.  | Orthman Road               | 35   | 400           | Detailed<br>feasibility                           | The Human Settlements Sub-Unit is in a process of appointing an accredited SHI. Once this has been completed, the appointed SHI will do all the necessary activities for the Social Housing project. The Social Housing developments are mainly for rental purposes and they are managed by Social Housing Institutions. |

| NO. | PROJECT NAME                 | WARD | EST.<br>YIELD | PROJECT PHASE           | PROJECT STATUS   |
|-----|------------------------------|------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| 7.  | Woodpecker<br>Road extension | 28   | 560           | Detailed<br>feasibility | The Human Settlements Sub-Unit is in a process of appointing an accredited SHI. Once this has been completed, the appointed SHI will do all the necessary activities for the Social Housing project. The Social Housing developments are mainly for rental purposes and they are managed by Social Housing Institutions. |
| 8.  | East Street<br>Hostel        | 32   | 700           | Detailed<br>feasibility | The Human Settlements Sub-Unit is in a process of appointing an accredited SHI. Once this has been completed, the appointed SHI will do all the necessary activities for the Social Housing project. The Social Housing developments are mainly for rental purposes and they are managed by Social Housing Institutions. |
| 9.  | Manor Gardens<br>Infill      | 33   | 100           | Detailed<br>feasibility | The Human Settlements Sub-Unit is in a process of appointing an accredited SHI. Once this has been completed, the appointed SHI will do all the necessary activities for the Social Housing project. The Social Housing developments are mainly for rental purposes and they are managed by Social Housing Institutions. |

### C.5.6.7. PLANNED HOUSING PROJECTS

Future housing projects have been identified by the Housing Delivery Unit of the Municipality, and are in various stages of planning. This phase entails the completion of various detailed specialist investigations leading to town planning approval in terms of the SPLUMA, environmental authorisation in terms of the NEMA, obtaining water use licence where applicable, and approval of the General Plan (GP) by the Surveyor General's Office (SGO). There are 45 projects that are at detailed planning stage in the Msunduzi Municipality. They will yield approximately 43 463 housing opportunities over a period of three years. Like the pre-feasibility study projects, they are mostly located in the GEA (south of the CBD) with the exception of Dark City in Sobantu, Ethembeni in Lincoln Meade, Mason and Copesville. The Shenstone Ambleton project proves that housing need in the Msunduzi Municipality affects not just the low-income communities, but middle class as well. Like the prefeasibility projects discussed above, the location of these projects has a limited contribution to the spatial transformation of the city as a whole. The projects are spread throughout the municipal area and can be summarised as follows:

TABLE 68: SUMMARY OF PROJECTS - PLANNING STAGE

| NO. | PROJECT NAME                                    | WARD | ESTIMATED<br>YIELD | PROJECT<br>STAGE |
|-----|---|------|--------------------|------------------|
| 1.  | Edendale J2 Phase 1                             | 15   | 650                | Feasibility      |
| 2.  | Quarry  | 15   | TBD                | Feasibility      |
| 3.  | Willowfontein Bulwer                            | 14   | 1000               | Feasibility      |
| 4.  | Hollingwood PF/ Lincoln Meade                   | 35   | 1000               | Pre-feasibility  |
| 5.  | Dark City /Sobantu Infill                       | 35   | 153                | Feasibility      |
| 6.  | Khalanyoni PF                                   | 12   | 1000               | Feasibility      |
| 7.  | Kwa30 PF  | 10   | 400                | Feasibility      |
| 8.  | Glenwood South East Sector                      | 38   | 3000               | Pre-feasibility  |
| 9.  | Peace Valley 2                                  | 23   | 480                | Feasibility      |
| 10. | Copesville                                      | 29   | 681                | Feasibility      |
| 11. | Signal Hill/Peace Valley 3 and Napierville IRDP | 26   | 3000               | Feasibility      |
| 12. | Harewood  | 20   | 1000               | Feasibility      |
| 13. | Ethembeni IRDP                                  | 37   | 1800-3000          | Feasibility      |
| 14. | Caluza/ Smero                                   | 20   | 2000               | Pre-feasibility  |
| 15. | Bhobhonono/ Masomini                            | 20   | 2000               | Pre-feasibility  |



# FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2024-2024

| NO. | PROJECT NAME                           | WARD               | ESTIMATED<br>YIELD | PROJECT<br>STAGE |
|-----|--|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| 16. | Snathingi Phase 1                      | 11                 | 2000               | Pre-feasibility  |
| 17. | Shenstone/Ambleton                     | 18                 | 4000               | Pre-feasibility  |
| 18. | Edendale 5 Priority Housing            | 21 & 22            | 1000               | Pre-feasibility  |
| 19. | Willowfontein Terminus                 | 14                 | 2000               | Pre-feasibility  |
| 20. | Sinathingi Phase 2                     | 11                 | 2000               | Pre-feasibility  |
| 21. | Phupha Phase 3                         | 14                 | 2000               | Pre-feasibility  |
| 22. | Edendale EE (Phase 3) [Willowfountain] | 17                 | 1700               | Pre-feasibility  |
| 23. | Unit 18 Extension                      | 15                 | 500                | Pre-feasibility  |
| 24. | Maryvale                               | 34                 | 400                | Pre-feasibility  |
| 25. | Masson                                 | 29                 | 570                | Feasibility      |
| 26. | Yellowwood Place                       | 32                 | 300                | Feasibility      |
| 27. | Mkondeni/Shortts Retreat Ph 1          | 37                 | 1400               | Pre-feasibility  |
| 28. | Willowfountein Phupha                  | 14                 | 2000               | Pre-feasibility  |
| 29. | Edendale Town Centre Relocation        | 22                 | 150                | Pre-feasibility  |
| 30. | Urban Regeneration/ Strategic Sites    | All                | 3579               | Feasibility      |
| 31. | Fox Hill Extension                     | 13                 | 500                | Pre-feasibility  |
| 32. | Military Veterans Project              | 11/13/<br>22/24/35 | TBD                | Feasibility      |
|     | TOTAL ESTIMATED YIELD                  | LLI LTI 33         | 43463              |                  |

(Source: Msunduzi Housing Sector Plan)

### C.5.6.8. MUNICIPAL CAPACITY TO DELIVER SUSTAINABLE HUMAN SETTLEMENTS

### Level 2 Accreditation

The Msunduzi Municipality has compiled a detailed business plan and made an application to the MEC for Human Settlement for level 2 accreditation. This will empower the municipality to undertake the following activities:

- Subsidy budget planning and allocation, and priority programme management and administration which includes housing subsidy budgetary planning functions across national housing programmes and projects; subsidy/fund allocations; and project identification functions.
- **Priority programme management and administration** may include the following responsibilities or specific priority programmes where agreed: programme and project evaluation and approvals and, contract administration; subsidy registration; programme management including cash flow projection and management and technical (construction) quality assurance functions.
- Programme management and administration responsibilities for all national and provincial housing
  programmes: this includes project and programme approval and evaluation; contract administration,
  subsidy registration; programme management including cash flow projection; procure service providers,
  contract management and technical (construction) quality assurance functions.

The level 2 accreditation will serve as a mechanism to facilitate and expedite satisfactory institutional capacity for co-ordination, monitoring and implementation of the housing projects with the service providers and authorities that supply the services. Level 2 accreditation requires the municipality to have sufficient capacity for programme management, project management, quality assurance, cash flow management and subsidy administration. The following activities will be undertaken to assist the municipality to meet its operational needs identified in the Accreditation Business Plan and address the findings of the independent assessment of capacity for accreditation:

- ensuring sufficient operational capital for the performance of the accredited functions,
- conducting a technical assessment of capacity within the provincial department and identifying staff
  and assets that should be transferred or seconded to the municipality for the purposes of performing the
  accredited responsibilities,
- facilitating access of the municipality to the HSS for Level 2 accreditation,
- facilitating access by the municipality to capacity and support programmes located in other government departments or agencies; and
- Providing direct capacity and support.

The table below summaries the number of houses delivered by Msunduzi Municipality as a housing developer with Level 1 Accreditation in the last four financial years form 2016- 2020.

TABLE 69: HOUSING DELIVERY IN THE LAST FOUR FINANCIAL YEARS (2018-2022)

|       | Housing Delivery in the Last Four (4) Financial Years  No. Financial year Target (No. of Housing Units) Achieved (No. of Housing Units) |                                |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---|--------------------------------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| No.   | Financial year  | Achieved (No. of Housing Units |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1     | 2016/17   | 2 450                          | 3 269  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2     | 2017/18   | 2 868                          | 3 737  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3     | 2018/19   | 2 865                          | 3 086  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4     | 2019/20   | 1 595                          | 1 725  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | Number of Houses Delive   | ered in the Last 4 years       | 11 835 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### **Human Settlement Coordinating Forum**

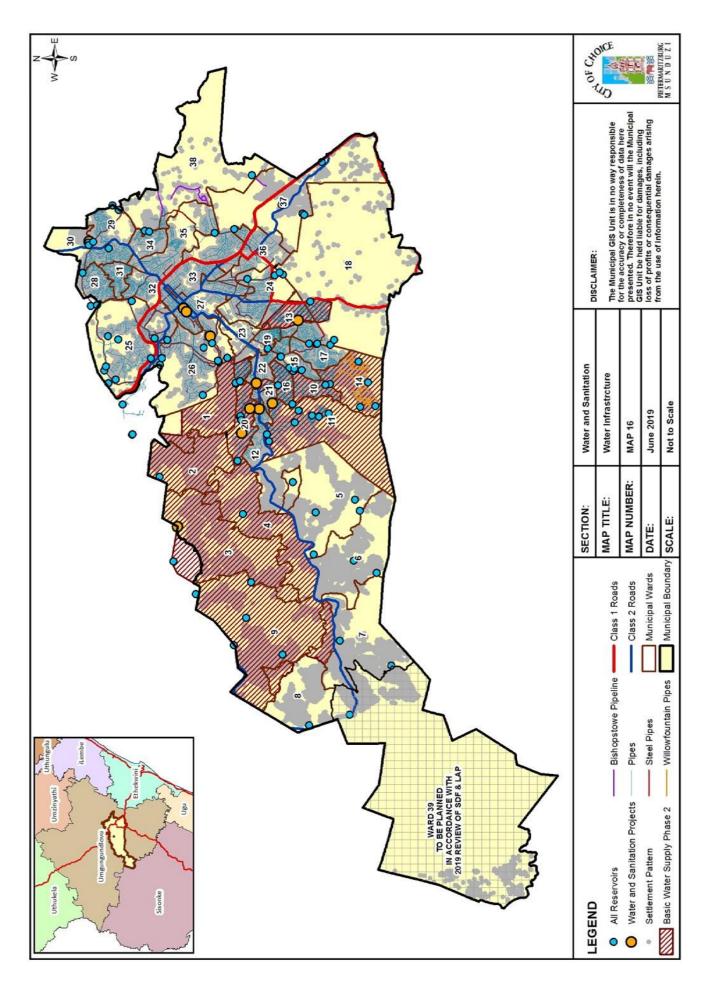
The Msunduzi Municipality has a Housing Forum that meets quarterly to receive progress reports from service providers and oversee the implementation of the housing programme. The forum draws its membership from the municipal officials, councillors and implementing agents. The shift from the housing approach to sustainable human settlements and level 2 accreditation necessitates the restructuring of the Housing Forum into a Human Settlement Coordinating Forum. The proposed structure will draw membership from the following:

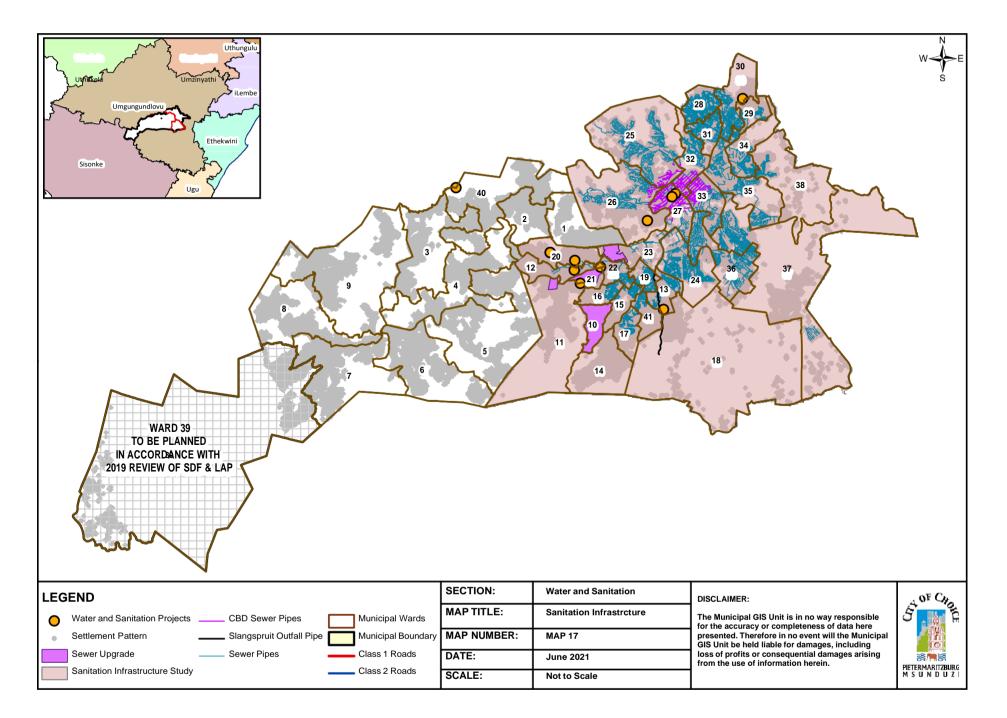
- The Msunduzi Municipality officials from different departments and the councillors;
- Appointed Implementing Agents (IAs);
- Government departments such as the Departments of Health, Education, Rural Development and Land Reform, Cooperative Government and Traditional Affairs, Sports and Recreation, etc;
- Support organisations such as the National Home Builders Registration Council (NHBRC), Housing Development Agency (HDA), SHRA, etc; and
- Organised business, labour, military veterans and other interest/lobby groups.

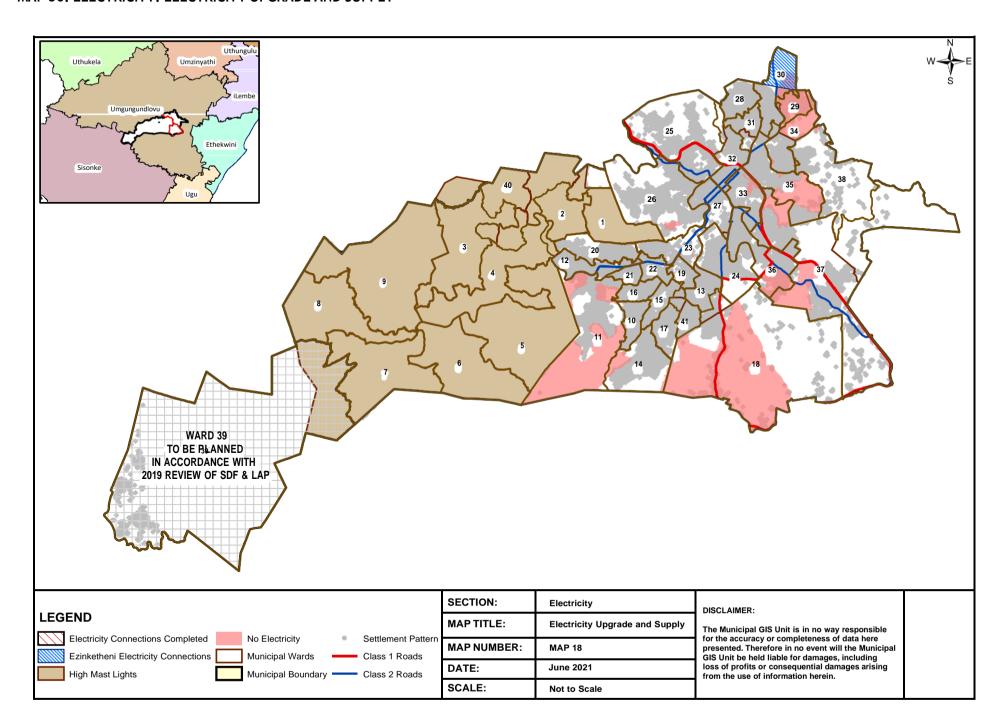
The municipality will develop detailed terms of reference for the Human Settlement Coordinating Forum, and its responsibilities may include the following:

- Overseeing the implementation of the human settlement programme and providing advice to the municipality where applicable.
- Alignment of infrastructure projects with human settlement projects and overseeing the practical implementation of projects.
- Alignment of service delivery plans of different government departments with the human settlement programme of the municipality.
- Receive reports from government departments regarding the provision of social facilities in human settlement projects.

The terms of reference will spell out in detail membership, duties and responsibilities, frequency of meetings and other details pertinent to the efficient functioning of the forum.

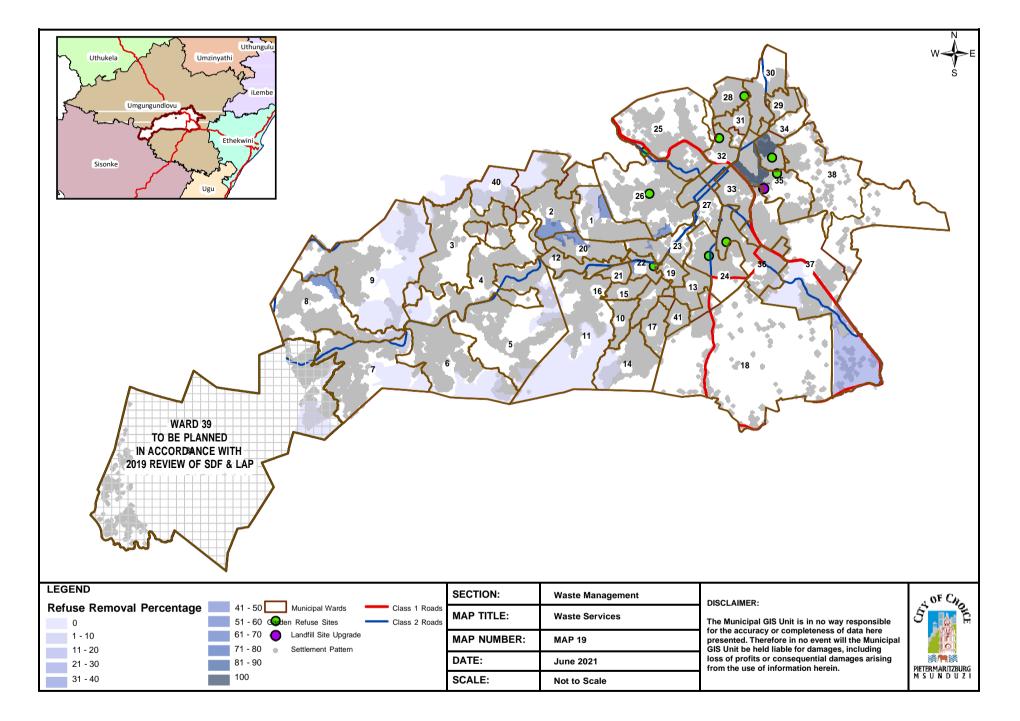




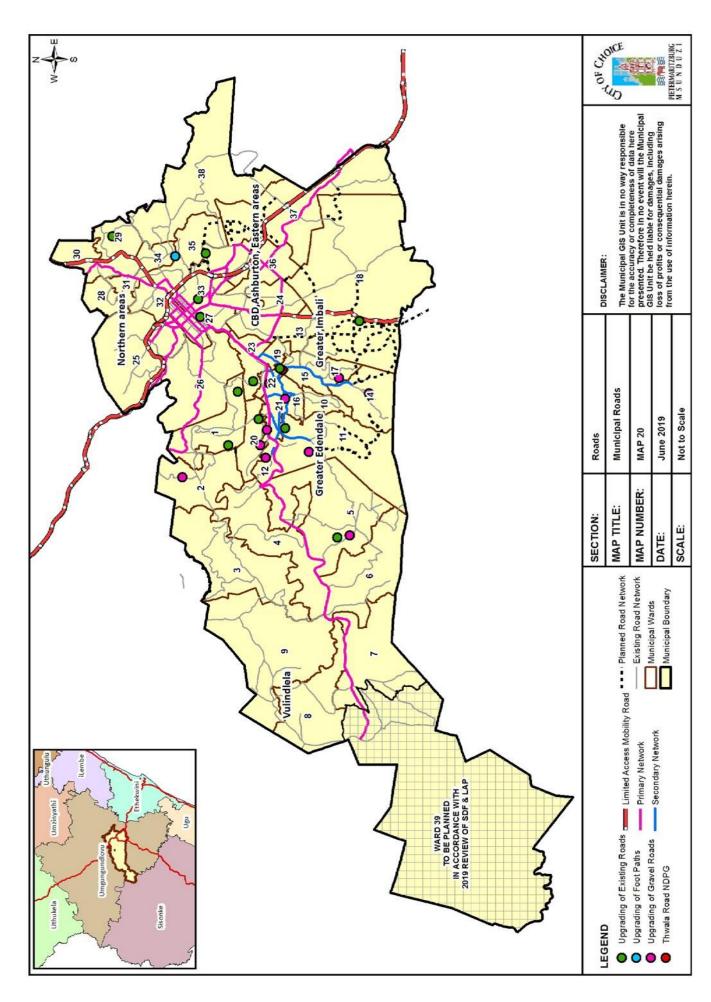




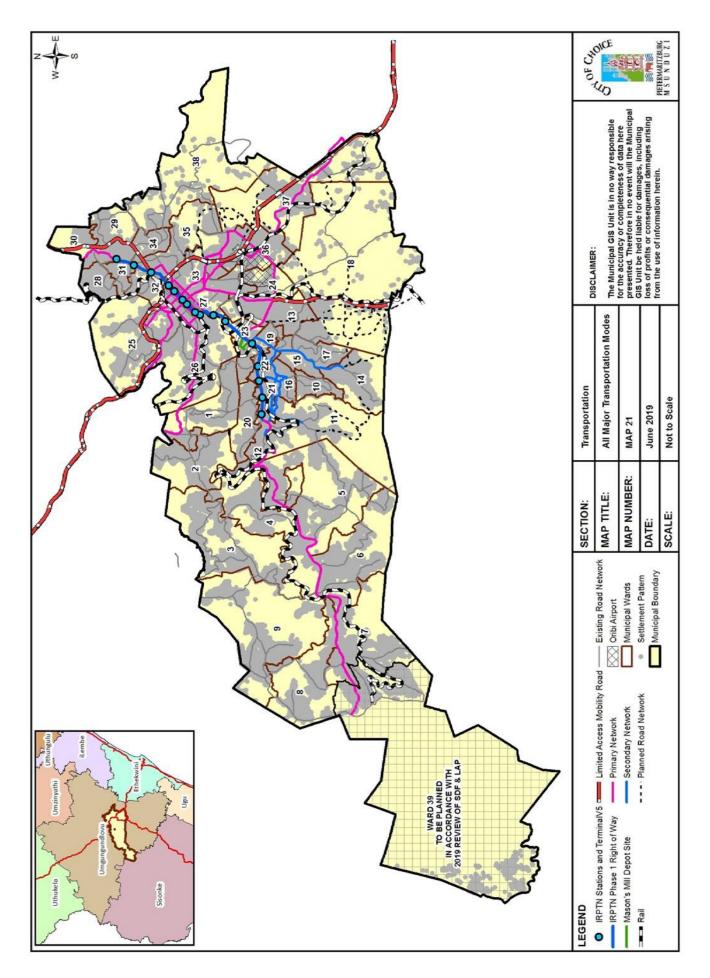


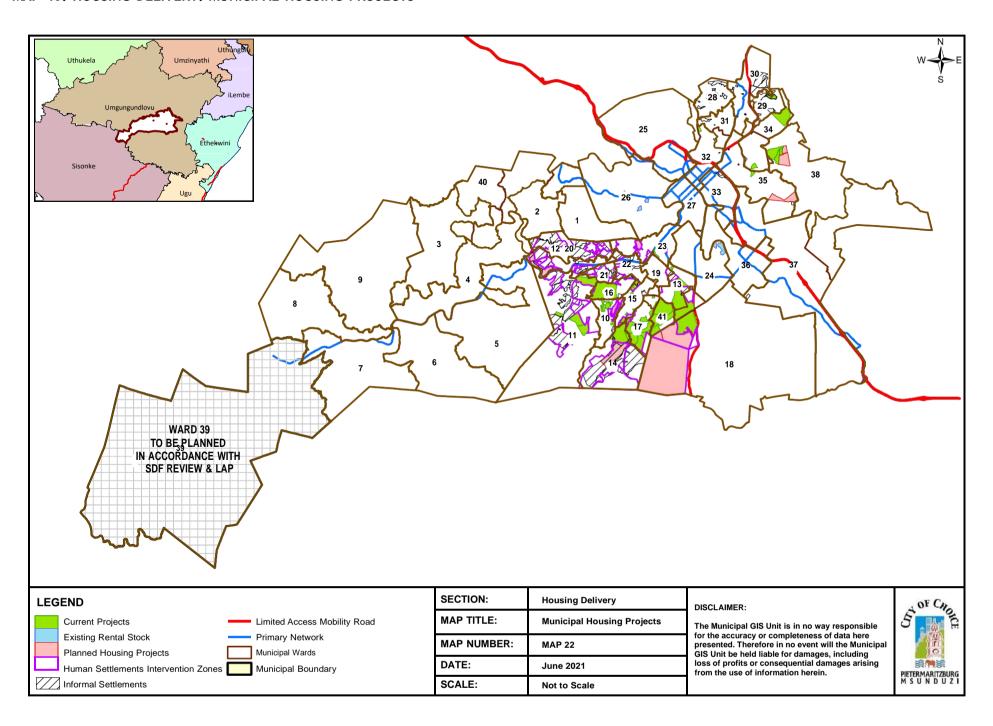




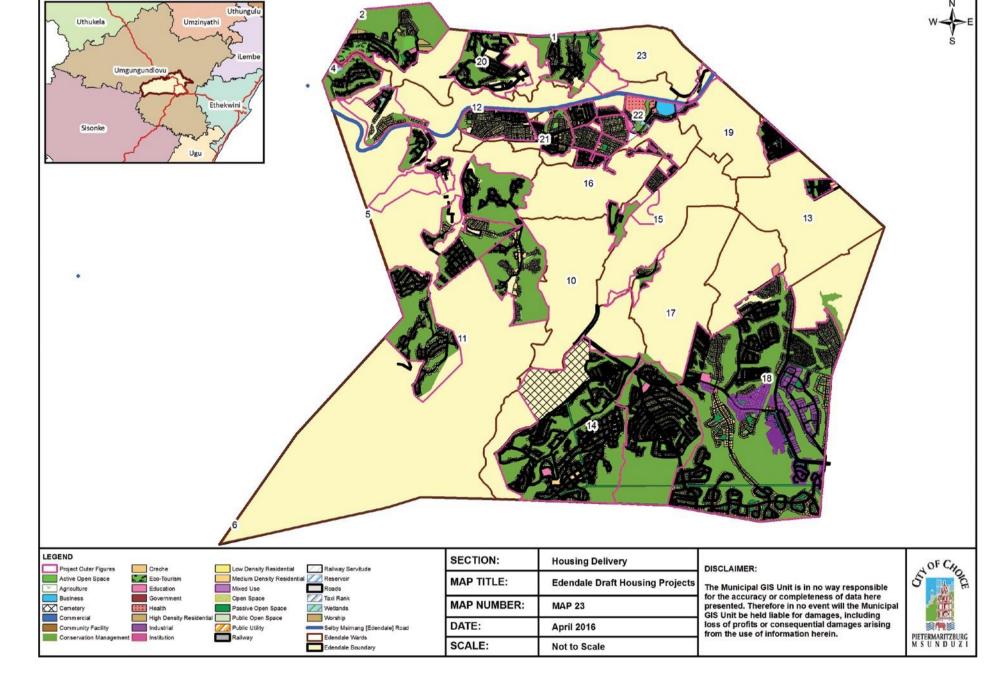




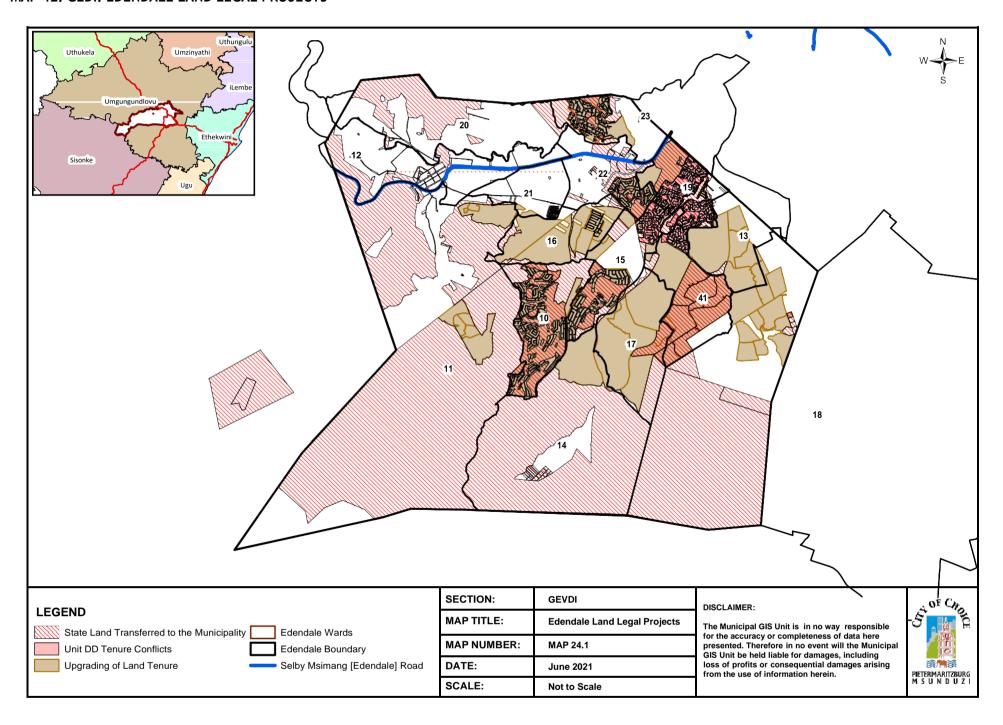












## DRAFT INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT

# **REVIEW 2024-2025**

#### C.5.6.9. THE EDENDALE LAND INITIATIVE AND THE GREATER EDENDALE DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE

#### C.5.6.9.1LEGAL BACKGROUND

Proclamation LG No 73/1995 established the Pietermaritzburg/Msunduzi Transitional Local Council (now Msunduzi Municipality). This included the area comprising the Greater Edendale Complex. From the date of this proclamation, Edendale was administered by the Municipality. However, the underlying land was in State or Private (generally 'Black') ownership. In response to the above, the Minister, in terms of section 10 of the Local Government Transition Act 209/1993, promulgated Proclamation 84/1996, which required that the transfer of immovable assets to the Municipality be effected by agreement. A general Power of Attorney (No 540/1997), issued by the Minister of Land Affairs (now RDLR) on 22 September 1997, and which was assigned to the KZN Provincial Department of Housing (now known as the KZN Provincial Department of Human Settlements, or DOHS), also provided for the transfer of State land to the Municipality.

The Municipality was tasked with the matters set out in Part B of Schedule 4 and Part B of Schedule 5 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa 1996, including (but not limited to) Municipal planning and development. As a result, the Greater Edendale Development Initiative (hereinafter referred to as 'GEDI') was established to embark on the development of the area known as the Greater Edendale Complex, comprising all the properties that are the subject of the legal provisions as detailed in the above paragraphs.

A Joint Provincial/Municipal Working Committee was established in terms of a written agreement dated 20 March 1998, as amended by the amending agreement dated 15 August 2000, for the express purpose of resolving the land and legal issues (historical and current) in the Greater Edendale Complex in order to pave the way for the redevelopment of Edendale for the benefit of its inhabitants. The DOHS provided grant funding for this purpose.

As will be seen below, the above-mentioned committee, now known as the Department of Human Settlements/ Msunduzi Municipality Land Legal Committee (hereinafter referred to as 'the LLC') was expanded, and currently serves as a joint governmental committee, having representation from KZN DOHS, RDLR, KZN Public Works, the Municipality, the National Housing Development Agency, appointed land and legal experts, and other professionals.

#### C.5.6.9.2. MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT

The Municipality, via GEDI, requested financial assistance to resolve land tenure issues, and assistance to gain control and ownership of the state land and private land, which land was substantially marginalised due to informal settlement thereon, and which had and was fast developing into untenable 'slums'. Further, the LLC established that, with reference to private land, a large proportion of the owners were long deceased, and their estate had not been wound up or, as was generally the case, had not even been reported to the Master of the High Court's office. This resulted in tenure insecurity, poor land administration, and the inability of Government in general, and the Municipality in particular, to provide basic services in the Greater Edendale Complex.

The Municipality and DOHS, on 1 March 2002, entered into a Memorandum of Agreement (hereinafter referred to as 'the DOHS MOA') for the acquisition of private land in Edendale, and the transfer of land under the control of the State and within the jurisdiction of the Municipality to the Municipality.

The DOHS MOA provided grant funding to the Municipality. The implementation of the DOHS MOA falls under the jurisdiction of the LLC. This grant funding has been fully committed .

The main functions of the LLC include, inter alia:

- Project Management and Administration;
- Setting up and maintaining a current GIS for GEDI;
- Setting up, appointment, management, and payment of Professional Valuers:
- Management and funding of the Sales Administration process associated with the acquisition of Private
- Appointment, management, and payment of 'negotiators'; and
- Generally, all other costs directly related to the implementation of the DOHS MOA.

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The Department of Land Affairs (now Rural Development and Land Reform, or RDLR), through its Provincial Land Reform Office, is mandated by its legislative and policy framework to provide funding for land acquisition for designated groups for purposes of settlement and production. To this end, the Municipality entered into a further Memorandum of Agreement with the RDLR on 21 October 2008 (hereinafter referred to as 'the RDLR MOA'). In terms of the RDLR MOA, the RDLR has budgeted amounts of twenty million rands (R20m) for land acquisition and fifteen million rand (R15m) for the upgrading of tenure, resolution of tenure conflict and tenure insecurity, and conveyancing for the Greater Edendale Complex.

Further, and within the new strategic framework, RDLR identified the Greater Edendale Complex as a primary opportunity to give effect to the policies on tenure upgrade, land acquisition for sustainable human settlements, land acquisition for agriculture, and industrial and economic development. The Greater Edendale Complex, with its multiple land ownership and irregular settlement patterns, is materially hindering development, and accordingly the RDLR, via and in terms of the RDLR MOA, has become a major role-player in the redevelopment of Edendale.

### C.5.6.9.3. LAND TITLE ADJUSTMENT

The RDLR have appointed three Land Titles Adjustment Commissioners in terms of the Land Title Adjustment Act, Act 111 of 1993. The above is critical and will enable the LLC to deal with deceased estates and related land issues as provided for in the Land Title Adjustment Act, Act 111 of 1993. The above initiative will benefit in excess of 20 000 (twenty thousand) people who are currently living without secure tenure. The Land Titles Adjustment Commissioners will play a role in that:

- They will make awards of property, where there are competing interests, that have arisen historically; and
- They will make awards, where the properties affected, that have already been transformed and the award will be in monetary value.

### C.5.6.9.4. HISTORICAL COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

It is important to note that it was, in fact, the Edendale Private Land Owners and Rate Payers Association (hereinafter referred to as 'ELRA') who, in the year 2000, approached the then Provincial Department of Housing to seek assistance in dealing with their land in Edendale, which had been materially marginalised by ever-increasing settlement from informal occupiers of their land. The history of this settlement is well-known, and is not repeated here; however, it is important to note that rates arrears have been, and remain, a major issue with respect to the above, and extensive interaction between ELRA, the Municipality, LLC, and local community structures have informed the processes embarked upon to date.

### C.5.6.9.5. PLANNING AND PROVISION OF HOUSING

The LLC embarked upon a major planning initiative for the Greater Edendale Complex. Three (3) of the eighteen (18) 'functional' areas identified for development purposes in terms of the above-integrated planning initiative by the LLC have been prioritized by the Municipality. This prioritization was based on the fact that these are the areas where the problems outlined above are concentrated. Of these priority areas, one of them is the area known as Dambuza.

The legislation provides that Municipalities must take all steps within the framework of national and provincial housing legislation and policy to ensure that inhabitants have access to adequate housing and services. Municipalities must set housing delivery goals, identify and designate land for development, and create and maintain a public environment conducive to housing development which is financially and socially viable. The Municipality, via GEDI, is accordingly actively and aggressively participating in the National Housing Programme, in accordance with the rules applicable by promoting housing development projects, acting as the developer in respect of the planning and execution of housing development, and administering the National Housing Programme in its area of jurisdiction; and accordingly, 12 housing projects were identified as part of the above initiative, from which five (5) priority housing projects were identified and resolved by the Municipality to be implemented forthwith.

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### C.5.6.9.6. EXPROPRIATION

A large portion of the land that the Municipality will be acquiring is in the ownership of deceased estates. Given the background set out above, and in particular the urgency of the matters, the Municipality has resolved to proceed by way of expropriation, it being in the public's interest to do so. Section 190 of the Local Authorities Ordinance No 25/1974 provides for the expropriation of land by the Municipality if it is unable to purchase the land on reasonable terms through a negotiated process and it has obtained the express permission of the MEC to expropriate such land. The Expropriation Act, Act 63 of 1975, then governs the expropriation process to be followed. The first 63 properties identified for expropriation have followed the whole process and are in the final legal stages of expropriation before the Municipality takes possession of the properties.

It must be specifically noted that as these properties are in the hands of deceased estates, the Land Titles Adjustment Commissioners will play a meaningful role in order to ensure that the compensation payable is received speedily and expeditiously by the heirs of these estates, and where it is recognized that, in most of the deceased estate cases, these have not been reported at the Master of the High Court's Office in Pietermaritzburg.

### C.5.6.9.7. PROPERTY IDENTIFICATION

In terms of the DOHS MOA, and further endorsed by the RDLR MOA, the Municipality has established a subcommittee of the LLC, this being the Land Acquisition Committee (hereinafter referred to as the 'LAC'). The RDLR is represented on the LAC, which is chaired by the Municipality's Manager Real Estate and Valuations, and is mandated by the DOHS MOA, the RDLR MOA, and the Municipality, to identify, resolve, and to acquire properties required for the redevelopment of the Greater Edendale Complex. The LAC is responsible to ensure that all such properties resolved to be acquired shall be valued by two independent Professional Valuers. The Municipality then pays compensation on the basis of the higher of the two approved valuations, plus a 10% solatium. In order to maintain a fair market value for each property, an escalation factor has been included in the daily update of each property

### C.5.6.9.8. PURCHASE AND SALE

The Private Land Acquisition Programme is, of course, driven initially by consultation with the Registered Land owner/s, whereupon the recommended negotiation price is determined by valuation and then forwarded to a Negotiator drawn from a panel of Negotiators appointed by the project, who are largely Attorneys drawn from the Edendale area.

Presently, a total of 255 properties are in various stages of being purchased for the first 5 Priority Housing projects, the majority of these having been valued twice, and are now in the negotiation stages of purchase or being set aside for expropriation, for various reasons.

### C.5.6.9.9. ADDITIONAL FUNDING

At present, the DOHS is offering to continue funding the Land Initiative for a further 3 years, and a Business Plan (of approximately R 71 million) has been submitted to them for consideration. This includes an amount of R 54 million for land purchase, and R 17 million for project administration, conveyancing, and the like.

### C.5.6.10. RESIDENTIAL DEMAND

Determining the demand for residential property is a function of available resources, affordability parameters and both natural and induced household growth. Given that this is a high level spatial planning exercise, an approach of considering these inputs in the context of the Msunduzi SDF has been followed.

According to the Quantec Database and Urban-Econ calculations, in 2017 there are approximately 189 428 households with the Msunduzi area. This figure was extrapolated from the 2001 (130 292 households) and 2011 (164 625 households) census figure for the Msunduzi households. This reflects an annual growth rate of 2.4%. Three growth scenarios for the next 5 years (low-growth of 1.5% the current growth of 2.4% and high-growth of 3.5%) have been developed to consider the potential future demand housing unit stock in Msunduzi. It is assumed that in 2017, there is no additional demand for residential property in the Municipality as this would be met by the markets supply. The tables below display the results of the three scenario demand model calculation.



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The first row of each table displays the projected number of households from 2017 - 2022. The next row displays additional number of units that are required to match the annual growth in households that was projected. The final row displays the effective number of households that will be in demand in the Msunduzi Local Municipality.

### TABLE 70: EFFECTIVE DEMAND FOR RESIDENTIAL UNITS (LOW GROWTH SCENARIO: 1.5% ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD GROWTH)

| Low Growth Scenario (1.5% Annual Household<br>Growth | 2017    | 2018    | 2019    | 2020    | 2021    | 2022    |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Number of Households                                 | 180 009 | 182 709 | 185 449 | 188 231 | 191 054 | 193 920 |
| Additional Households Units Required Per Annum       | 0       | 2 700   | 2 741   | 2 782   | 2 823   | 2 866   |
| Effective Number of Units in Demand                  | 0       | 2 700   | 5 441   | 8 222   | 11 046  | 13 912  |

Quantec Database: Census 2001 and 2011: Urban-Econ Calculations (2017)

Low Growth Scenario: The total number of households is projected to increase from 180 009 in 2017 to 193 920 in 2022. In the next 5 years, the estimated cumulative demand for housing, as per the demand forecast, is 13 912 houses demanded by 2022.

### TABLE 71: EFFECTIVE DEMAND FOR RESIDENTIAL UNITS (CURRENT GROWTH SCENARIO: 2.4% ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD GROWTH)

| Current Growth Scenario (2.4% Annual Household<br>Growth | 2017    | 2018    | 2019    | 2020    | 2021    | 2022    |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Number of Households                                     | 189 428 | 193 911 | 198 500 | 203 197 | 208 006 | 212 928 |
| Additional Households Units Required Per Annum           | 0       | 4 483   | 4 589   | 4 697   | 4 809   | 4 922   |
| Effective Number of Units in Demand                      | 0       | 4 483   | 9 072   | 13 769  | 18 578  | 23 500  |

Quantec Database: Census 2001 and 2011: Urban-Econ Calculations (2017)

Current Growth Scenario: The total number of households is projected to increase from 189 328 in 2017 to 212 928 in 2022. In the next 5 years, the estimated cumulative demand for housing, as per the demand forecast, is 23500 houses demanded by 2022.

### TABLE 72: EFFECTIVE DEMAND FOR RESIDENTIAL UNITS (HIGH GROWTH SCENARIO: 3.5% ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD GROWTH)

| Current Growth Scenario (2.4% Annual Household<br>Growth | 2017    | 2018    | 2019    | 2020    | 2021    | 2022    |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Number of Households                                     | 189 428 | 193 911 | 198 500 | 203 197 | 208 006 | 212 928 |
| Additional Households Units Required Per Annum           | 0       | 4 483   | 4 589   | 4 697   | 4 809   | 4 922   |
| Effective Number of Units in Demand                      | 0       | 4 483   | 9 072   | 13 769  | 18 578  | 23 500  |

| High Growth Scenario (3.5% Annual Household Growth | 2017    | 2018    | 2019    | 2020    | 2021    | 2022    |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Number of Households                               | 202 367 | 209 449 | 216 780 | 224 367 | 232 220 | 240 348 |
| Additional Households Units Required Per Annum     | 0       | 7 083   | 7 331   | 7 587   | 7 853   | 8 128   |
| Effective Number of Units in Demand                | 0       | 7 083   | 14 414  | 22 001  | 29 854  | 37 981  |

Quantec Database: Census 2001 and 2011: Urban-Econ Calculations (2017)

High Growth Scenario: The total number of households is projected to increase from 202 367 in 2017 to 240 348 in 2022. In the next 5 years, the estimated cumulative demand for housing, as per the demand forecast is 37 981 houses demanded by 2022.

### DRAFT INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENTP REVIEW 2024-2025



### C.5.6.11. HOUSING DEVELOPER FOR HUMAN SETTLEMENTS

Msunduzi Municipality is classified as a housing developer for human settlements within its area of jurisdiction. In 2013, the Msunduzi Municipality was accredited at Level 1 through the Accreditation Programme which grants the Municipality authority to perform a limited number of duties that were initially performed by the Provincial Department of Human Settlements. These duties include Housing Subsidy Budget Planning and Allocation, and Priority Programme Management and Administration. As a means to assist the municipality best execute these responsibilities, the KZN Department of Human Settlements provides Msunduzi with an Operational Funding Grant. In February 2019, Msunduzi was re-assessed for the renewal of Level 1 Accreditation which had expired. The KZN Department of Human Settlements indicated that the assessment was positive. However, the department later suspended the programme leaving the renewed Implementation Protocol not signed. The department has since resuscitated the programme which placed urgency on signing the renewed Implementation Protocol. In response to the urgency a renewed Implementation Protocol was signed between the Provincial Department and Msunduzi Local Municipality in November 2020.

### C.5.6.12. MECHANISM AND INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY FOR COORDINATION

The Human Settlements Unit is capacitated with Town Planners and Civil Engineers that manage the Implementing Agents to ensure that the set targets are met as planned. Regular meetings are held with the Provincial Department of Human Settlements to manage the various Housing Projects taking place in the Msunduzi area. Furthermore, the Municipality has a Panel of Implementing Agents. When a new project needs implementing, a service provider is sourced from this panel.

### C.5.6.13. PROVISION OF BASIC SERVICES TO FARM DWELLERS & LABOUR TENANTS

On the 29th July 2019, the Pietermaritzburg High Court handed a judgement on the case against UMgungundlovu District Municipality, Msunduzi Local Municipality and uMshwathi Local Municipality for their inability to provide farm dwellers and labour tenants with basic services. These basic services include the provision of and access to water, adequate sanitation and refuse collection. As a result, the presiding Judge acknowledged that the aforementioned shortcomings of the respective municipalities were inconsistent with the Constitution, hence the court order to provide farm dwellers and labour tenants with basic services. Msunduzi has encountered some challenges in implementing the abovementioned. These challenges include the fact that the municipality currently has no policies in place to allow for the installation of municipal infrastructure on private land. Additionally, the By-laws that the municipality has in place do not allow for the installation of municipal infrastructure on private land.

In attempt to rectify past doing, the Municipal Manager engaged in physical visits with households and farmers around the Bishopstowe and Ashburton area to ascertain the number of households on that various farm to see the proximity of its existing services required and its density. A database was compiled of all farm dwellers that needed to be supplied with basic services. Once process of evaluation of the infrastructure required, the policy considerations and quantification and quantification of a budget required to provide the services for that particular area. Thereafter, subject to approval, the appointment of service providers will commence.

Most Farmers have boreholes, but they are not registered boreholes with Department of Water and Sanitation. Moreover, the Municipality will register all existing and any future boreholes on the farmer's land with his/her permission. Installation of new boreholes will be funded by Grant funding however the estimated cost per borehole is significantly dependent of the depth and the pump installed. The Water Unit will insert an amount into the Draft Budget and prepare a business Plan for Grant Funding for borehole drilling. Only once budget is granted can it be determined how many properties can be serviced in 2024/25.

Msunduzi Water has decided to adopt a policy where:

- Msunduzi will register all boreholes on farms where they are not registered, as a goodwill gesture to farmers, and which will allow us to extract water and test for water quality
- Boreholes will be installed on properties by the municipality within 200m of the farm dwellers subject to certain environmental conditions, or
- Metered connections will be provided if there is a water pipe network within 200m of the property.

# DRAFT INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENTPLAN REVIEW 2025-2025

### **HUMAN SETTLEMENT SWOT ANALYSIS**

### **STRENGTHS**

- Level 1 Accreditation.
- Funding forthcoming from the DOHS.
- Construction of new social housing developments.
- Qualified staff.
- · Good working relations with stakeholder.

### **OPPORTUNITIES**

- Updated and Council Approved HSP.
- Functional Human Settlement Coordinating Forum.
- Transfer of rental stock in terms of the Enhanced Extended Discount Benefit Scheme.
- Prioritized by government for Social Housing and one of the 13 municipalities with Provincial Structuring Zones.
- Release of strategically located land for densification and residential in fill.
- Funding assistance from DOHS for the upgrading of informal settlements.
- Review of the Organogram 2021.
- Planned development initiatives (i.e. Central Area and CBU extension node, South-Eastern District, Vulindlela Local Area Plan, Airport Precinct and Management Plan, Edendale Town Centre and Scottsville/ Pelham Local Area Plan)

### **WEAKNESSES**

- Limited land for housing developments.
- Housing related service delivery protests.
- Ageing infrastructure.
- Lack of implementation/enforcement of mitigation strategies.
- Increasing backlog.

### **THREATS**

- Consistent population growth.
- Migration.
- Persistent land invasion.
- Housing related service delivery protest.

### C.5.6.14.1. KEY CHALLENGES

### **Housing Delivery:**

- Land invasion which creates queue jumping.
- Land invasions target land that is already earmarked for human settlements.
- Release of suitably located land for housing being delayed by the state. Many parcels have been identified but the state is delaying the release.
- Time taken to appoint service providers leads to delays in the implementation of human settlements projects.
- Land/legal issues are affecting transfers both of land for housing and completed houses.

### Rental Stock:

- Ageing infrastructure (rental flats).
- Poor payment for rentals and services.
- Insufficient funding for repairs and maintenance which results in poor rental payments.
- Lack of qualified data both in Admin and Finance in terms of rental collection.
- Possibility of transferring certain rental units under Enhanced Extended Discount Benefit Scheme (EEDBS)
   policy (National Department of Human Settlement Policy), and
- Delays by DOHS in investigation of rental stock for the EEDBS transfers.

### C.5.8. TELECOMMUNICATIONS

### C.5.8.1. STATUS OF BACKLOGS/NEEDS/PRIORITIES AND CHALLENGES

Census (2011) indicates that the number of households with landline telephones has dropped from 45 471 in 2001 to 35 779 in 2011. Households with cell phones, on the other hand, have almost trebled from 43 593 in 2001 to 146 407 in 2011. 62 701 households also indicated that they now have access to the internet (Census, 2011).

The telecommunication industry has changed significantly over the past 20 years with the emergence of cellular networks and the semi-privatisation of Telkom, and it is noted that the Municipality is now well covered by both cellular networks and landlines. Telkom responds to landline applications and provides users with lines and the necessary hardware. Cellular networks, on the other hand, frequently assess demand on cellular networks and masts and install the necessary hardware based on demand. A problem with the current service delivery model is that telecommunications operators are profit-driven businesses and have the following tendencies:

- Technology and network roll-out is prioritised for high income areas;
- Project investment needs a short-term return to shareholders; and
- Servicing under-developed areas has low priority, and is a branding exercise at best.

Due to the high scrap metal prices for copper, residents and businesses in the Municipality experience intermittent levels of services as a result of the theft of cables. This is of concern as it directly impacts on the functionality of businesses.

### C.5.8.2. LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

The installation of Cellular Telecommunications Infrastructure is regulated by the Electronic Communications Act No 36 of 2005, the Constitution Act 108 of 1996, the National Environmental Management Act No 197 of 1998, National Building Regulations, the KwaZulu-Natal Planning and Development Act 6 of 2008, and any other relevant legislation, bylaws, and Council Policy.

### C.5.8.3. MSUNDUZI POLICY

The Msunduzi Municipality has prepared a policy for the development of Cellular Telecommunications infrastructure. The aim of this policy is to establish a uniform and comprehensive set of standards and assessment criteria to assist in the control, development, and installation of cellular telecommunications infrastructure in the area of jurisdiction of the Msunduzi Municipality. This policy is intended to protect the social and physical environment from potential negative impacts, while at the same time not restricting the development of essential cellular telecommunications infrastructure.

This policy is intended for use by Council, members of the public, and cellular telecommunications infrastructure providers seeking approval for the erection or modification of cellular telecommunication infrastructure. At present, this policy focuses on the Cellular Telecommunication industry, but it is intended to revise the policy to include all parties, i.e. commercial, public and state, current and future, in accordance with the Telecommunications Act of 1996.

### C.5.8.4. FUTURE PROJECTS

The Municipality focusses attention on the access to the internet through its 2030 Vision and develops targets in this regards. The Municipality has also identified increased broadband accessibility as one of its catalytic projects. Increased access to ICT services can uplift communities through:

- Educational benefits of the Internet for schools and libraries;
- Access to bigger markets for entrepreneurs and job seekers;
- Emergency communications at lower cost;
- Easier access to government's e-services; and
- Generally cheaper cost of communications.

C.5.8.5. MAPS ON THE STATUS, BACKLOGS, NEEDS, PRIORITIES AND CHALLENGES FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INCLUDING BROADBAND

## C.5.9. PROVISIONS FOR INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS RELATING TO NATIONAL AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT ELECTIONS. (WATER, ELECTRICITY, BUILDINGS, ACCESS ROADS).

Below are some of the halls that are under construction in the different VD's the municipality has also made budget provisions to maintenance at least two halls for each of the 41 wards to ensure that they are fit for purpose. A maintenance budget of about R 500 000 per ward has been allocated to look after each ward. The table indicates hall that are currently under construction. The municipality also made provisions to purchase water tankers to ensure that they are on standby when needed

| Business Unit           | Funded<br>Program | Funded Program desc              | REGIONS              | 2024/24    | 2024/25    | 2025/26    |
|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Infrastructure services | 1/403243.007      | MIG:Z5:WARD 38<br>COMMUNITY HALL | ZONE5:<br>NORTHERN   | 3 125 000  | -          |            |
| Infrastructure services | 1/403243.008      | MIG:Z1:WARD 7 COMMUNITY<br>HALL  | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | 4 500 000  | -          |            |
| Infrastructure services | 1/403243.009      | MIG:Z5:WARD 29<br>COMMUNITY HALL | ZONE5:<br>NORTHERN   | 4 120 500  | -          |            |
| Infrastructure services | 1/403243.010      | MIG:Z4:WARD 24<br>COMMUNITY HALL | ZONE4:<br>CENTRAL    | 1 550 000  | 2 455 350  | 6 534 880  |
| Infrastructure services | 1/403243.011      | MIG:Z1:WARD 8 COMMUNITY HALL     | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | 4 100 000  | 5 000 000  | 5 330 000  |
| Infrastructure services | 1/403243.011      | MIG:Z1:WARD 8 COMMUNITY<br>HALL  | ZONE1:<br>VULINDLELA | 1 450 000  | 3 000 000  | 5 000 000  |
| Infrastructure services | 1/403243.012      | MIG:Z3:WARD 13 COMMUNITY HALL    | ZONE3:<br>IMBALI     | 3 731 000  | -          |            |
| Infrastructure services | 1/403243.013      | MIG:Z3:WARD 34<br>COMMUNITY HALL | ZONE5:<br>NORTHERN   | 550 000    | 2 000 000  | 5 000 000  |
|                         |                   |                                  |                      | 23 126 500 | 12 455 350 | 21 864 880 |

#### C.5.10. SERVICE DELIVERY & INFRASTRUCTURE SWOT ANALYSIS

#### Strengths

- Investment in stabilising water and electricity provision in the Municipality.
- Relatively high levels of service provision with relatively low backlogs against RDP standards.

### **Opportunities**

- The existence of a number of sector plans.
- An increased drive to recycle waste.
- The IRPTN roll-out in the Municipality.
- Expansions to the airport, resulting in larger planes being able to use runways.
- Proximity to the N3 corridor.
- Potential high- speed rail link through the Municipality, linking Gauteng to Durban.

#### Weaknesses

- Staff and skills shortages in key positions.
- An ageing fleet of vehicles.
- Varying levels of service provision.

#### Threats

- The need to reduce revenue losses due to technical losses, illegal connections, tampering, and unbilled usage.
- There is a need for larger operational and maintenance budgets to service the ever increasing service delivery footprint.
- Theft/ vandalism of infrastructure.

#### C.5.10.1. KEY CHALLENGES

- Backlogs on repairs, maintenance, and refurbishment of infrastructure.
- High demand for engineering services in the informal and peri-urban areas and areas that did not previously form part of the borough of Pietermaritzburg.
- The need to protect revenue from theft and tampering by residential and business users.
- The need to reduce revenue losses caused by technical losses, illegal connections, tampering, unbilled metered consumers and unmetered authorised consumers.
- As the service provision footprints increase, there is a need for larger operations and maintenance budgets.
- The difficulty of attracting and retaining qualified and competent technical staff with the shortage of technical staff continuing to affect service delivery.
- The theft and vandalism of infrastructure.
- An ageing fleet of vehicles with frequent breakdowns resulting in stoppages in service delivery.

## C6-LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT ANALYSIS

C.6.1. LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

C.6.1.1. LED FUNCTIONALITY AND CAPACITY

C.6.1.1.1. THE MSUNDUZI LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

LED processes in all municipalities should be guided by LED strategies, which are a legislative requirement of municipalities in terms of the Municipal Systems Act. The frequency of reviews and the mode of developing the strategy is a reflection of municipal capacity to manage development internally. As part of the review strategy the municipality is utilising analysis from the Area Based Plans together with a range of other information sources. In terms of plans and initiatives undertaken to facilitate and create an enabling environment include the Municipality conducts training and workshops for co-ops and SMMEs. Mechanisms to attract and support investment include but are not limited to. The Msunduzi Growth Coalition has launched to facilitate major investments and development in the city. The coalition is an eight-a-side between business and government, on the same lines as the KZN Growth Coalition.

COGTA recommended that the Msunduzi Municipality undertake regular implementation reviews and adjust the strategy implementation plans accordingly, using in-house capacity. This requires building internal project management skills, where lacking.

The following support plans are in place:

- Clothing and textile plan
- Tourism master plan
- Business process outsourcing strategy
- Agri-processing plan
- Forestry plan
- Informal economic strategy
- Regional economic strategy

The Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant, (NDP) awarded an amount of R35 million as Capital Grant funding and R2.7 million for Technical Grant funding. NDPG has reviewed its existing programme and concluded that, in the absence of an integrated and co-ordinated city wide urban regeneration strategy, the programme has had little impact hence the introduction of the Urban Network Strategy. The proposed new strategic direction for the NDPG is based on a spatial development approach that builds on an urban network model, which is "a transit-orientated precinct investment planning, development and management approach aimed at strategic spatial transformation".

The NDPG has now refocused the project from Township Regeneration to Urban Network Hubs and they have set aside R1.375 million the development of an Urban Network Strategy for Greater Edendale. The network hub includes Masons' Mill, Plessislaer (Ekhrosini), Edendale Hospital and the FJ Sithole Road Nodes.

• The Urban Network Strategy remains on course and is funded under the 2018/2019 DoRA allocation to the Municipality.

The Municipality has a Local development strategy in place and was adopted by council during the 2017/18 financial year. The LED strategy was prepared in house with various stakeholders being included in the development of the strategy and also stakeholders are consulted with on an on-going basis. The following structures are in place and functional;

- IDP representatives forum
- LED forum
- SMME forum
- Tourism working group



Weekly Meeting with the Pietermaritzburg Chamber of Commerce

As per figure 16.1 below the municipal Local Economic Development unit is well capacitated in order to assist business and form strategic partnerships. The Municipality has developed a number of plans to ensure that we respond to the key economic drivers identified in section 3.18. The Municipality developed a business retention and expansion strategy to ensure that the Municipality addresses the threats/challenges facing the Municipality. The complete document is attached as an annexure and proposes four(4) interventions as follows;

**INTERVENTION 1:** Youth Enterprise Development & Training

INTERVENTION 2: Increasing communication between the municipality & business

INTERVENTION 3: Implementation of sustainable development projects & assistance to distressed companies

INTERVENTION 4: Support & promotion of local production & manufacturing businesses Intervention 4:

As per intervention 2 above key economic partners are identified and engaged on an ongoing basis. The activities under this intervention also propose new networks and partnership between various stakeholders.

Small businesses have a major role to play in the South African economy in terms of employment creation, income generation and output growth. They are often the vehicle by which the people with the lowest incomes gain access to economic opportunities and thereby redressing the economic challenges. Business support facilities that service SMME's have increased the sustainability of SMME's throughout the country. These facilities among others business information kiosks, services centres, clusters, one stop shops and incubators.

The Msunduzi SMME and Cooperative Strategy aims to achieve the following key objectives:

- Provide a synoptic overview of the socio-economic environment
- Analyse key SMME sector challenges and opportunities
- Capture a shared SMME development vision for Msunduzi Municipality
- Identify key strategies and priority interventions Develop an SMME Development Implementation Plan

#### Mobilizing Private Sector Resources

- As part of public/private partnering for growth, one aspect of the investment support mechanism will be the development of suitable mechanisms to encourage additional local business development and support business and private sector interaction (Page 8).
- Collaborating efforts between the municipality and private sector is listed as one of the key intervention areas in the LED Strategy (page 41).

#### C.6.1.1.2. THE STATE OF THE ECONOMY

This section presents an economic overview of Msunduzi Local Municipality using regional growth estimates of the past five years and projects for 2022 and 2024. The Msunduzi contracted by 5,4 % in 2020 this could be attributed to Covid-19 and the implementation of lockdown throughout 2019 and 2020. In 2021 positive economic growth was released with the opening of the economy and reduced lock down levels. The GDP growth rate is forecast to be 2.1 % and 1.5 % for the year 2022 and 2024 repetitively.



TABLE 73: REGIONAL GDP GROWTH RATE (SEASONAL ADJUSTED AND ANNUALISED)

|               |      | GDP-R annual growth estimates |      |        |      | GDP-R annual growth forecast |      |
|---------------|------|-------------------------------|------|--------|------|------------------------------|------|
|               | 2017 | 2018                          | 2019 | 2020   | 2021 | 2022                         | 2024 |
| uMgungundlovu | 2.8% | 2.0%                          | 0.7% | (5.4%) | 4.1% | 1.7%                         | 1.3% |
| uMshwathi     | 6.1% | 2.4%                          | 0.2% | (3.4%) | 3.8% | 0.1%                         | 0.7% |
| uMngeni       | 3.3% | 1.9%                          | 0.0% | (8.2%) | 2.3% | 1.1%                         | 0.6% |
| Mpofana       | 9.5% | 2.5%                          | 0.2% | (1.1%) | 4.0% | 0.1%                         | 0.6% |
| Impendle      | 8.1% | 2.6%                          | 0.7% | (2.4%) | 4.4% | 0.0%                         | 0.8% |
| Msunduzi      | 1.8% | 1.9%                          | 0.9% | (5.4%) | 4.6% | 2.1%                         | 1.5% |
| Mkhambathini  | 3.1% | 1.9%                          | 0.5% | (4.9%) | 3.8% | 1.8%                         | 1.4% |
| Richmond      | 5.7% | 2.2%                          | 0.3% | (3.5%) | 4.1% | 0.4%                         | 0.5% |

Source: IHS Markit, 2022

There was a declining contribution by all sectors during the second quarter of 2022 with the expectation of finance and transport. A declining in agriculture and manufacturing is of great concern as these are sectors that create the most jobs in Msunduzi. Agricultural contribution contracted by 27,8 % while the Manufacturing sector contracted by 21,1%. Agri-processing and manufacturing has been identified as sectors that can stimulate economic growth in the region and there are number of initiatives that are aimed at stabilising these sectors and taking advantage of the comparative advantage that Msunduzi enjoys in these sectors. The Transport demonstrated resilience with as positive contribution of 10.6%.

TABLE 74: REGIONAL GDP CONTRIBUTION BY ECONOMIC SECTORS - 2022 Q2

|               | Agriculture | Mining  | Manufacturing | Electricity | Construction | Trade  | Transport | Finance | Community<br>service | GDP-R Growth |
|---------------|-------------|---------|---------------|-------------|--------------|--------|-----------|---------|----------------------|--------------|
| uMgungundlovu | (28.3%)     | (12.6%) | (21.4%)       | (4.3%)      | (9.0%)       | (5.8%) | 10.3%     | 9.4%    | (1.3%)               | (4.7%)       |
| uMshwathi     | (28.6%)     | (20.3%) | (22.2%)       | (4.7%)      | (9.7%)       | (6.5%) | 9.3%      | 8.5%    | (2.1%)               | (12.8%)      |
| uMngeni       | (28.6%)     | (13.7%) | (22.1%)       | (5.2%)      | (9.7%)       | (6.5%) | 9.3%      | 8.9%    | (2.0%)               | (6.5%)       |
| Mpofana       | (28.6%)     | (19.3%) | (22.0%)       | (5.0%)      | (9.5%)       | (6.4%) | 9.4%      | 8.7%    | (1.9%)               | (13.5%)      |
| Impendle      | (28.4%)     | (15.6%) | (21.9%)       | (4.6%)      | (9.5%)       | (6.3%) | 9.6%      | 8.9%    | (2.0%)               | (13.3%)      |
| Msunduzi      | (27.8%)     | (11.6%) | (21.1%)       | (4.2%)      | (8.7%)       | (5.5%) | 10.6%     | 9.6%    | (1.1%)               | (2.6%)       |
| Mkhambathini  | (28.0%)     | (12.7%) | (21.4%)       | (4.3%)      | (8.9%)       | (5.7%) | 10.3%     | 9.5%    | (1.3%)               | (5.9%)       |
| Richmond      | (28.5%)     | (13.9%) | (21.9%)       | (4.5%)      | (9.6%)       | (6.5%) | 9.4%      | 8.8%    | (2.2%)               | (10.2%)      |

Source: IHS Markit, 2022

• As can be seen in the tabled the Msunduzi municipality had a positive trade balance with Msunduzi exporting goods and services worth R12.5 billion compared with and import of R 9.9 Billion. Msunduzi account for the vast majority of trade that accorded with the District. The breakdown of the exports are; Metal products, machinery and household appliances R8bn, Wood and wood products R1.45bn, Food, beverages and tobacco products R1.07bn, Fuel, petroleum, chemical and rubber products R976m. Top imported sectors are; Food, beverages and tobacco products R5bn; Metal products, machinery and household appliances R1.96bn, Fuel, petroleum, chemical and rubber products R1.4bn.

# DRAFT INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENTPLAN REVIEW 2025-2025

TABLE 75: SUMMARY OF INTERNATIONAL STATISTICS - 2021

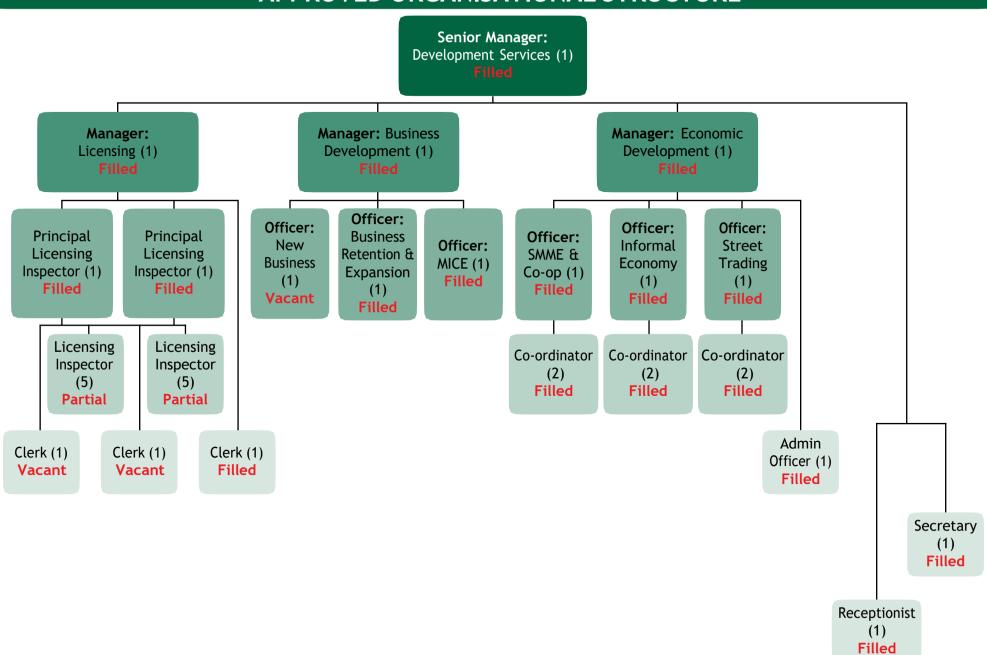
| R'000         | Exports     | Imports     | Total Trade | Exports as % of GDP | Total trade as % of GDP |
|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| KwaZulu-Natal | 155 641 339 | 169 360 338 | 325 001 677 | 16.3%               | 34.1%                   |
| uMgungundlovu | 14 171 757  | 10 617 291  | 24 789 048  | 13.8%               | 24.2%                   |
| uMshwathi     | 570 276     | 67 459      | 637 736     | 8.7%                | 9.7%                    |
| uMngeni       | 920 360     | 390 159     | 1 310 518   | 6.6%                | 9.4%                    |
| Mpofana       | 137 819     | 221 730     | 359 550     | 5.3%                | 13.9%                   |
| Impendle      | 112         | 0           | 112         | 0.0%                | 0.0%                    |
| Msunduzi      | 12 532 006  | 9 910 613   | 22 442 619  | 17.5%               | 31.3%                   |
| Mkhambathini  | 10 885      | 27 111      | 37 997      | 0.3%                | 1.2%                    |
| Richmond      | 299         | 218         | 517         | 0.0%                | 0.0%                    |

Source: IHS Markit, 2022

#### C.6.1.1.3 CAPACITY CONSTRAINTS/CHALLENGES OF LED

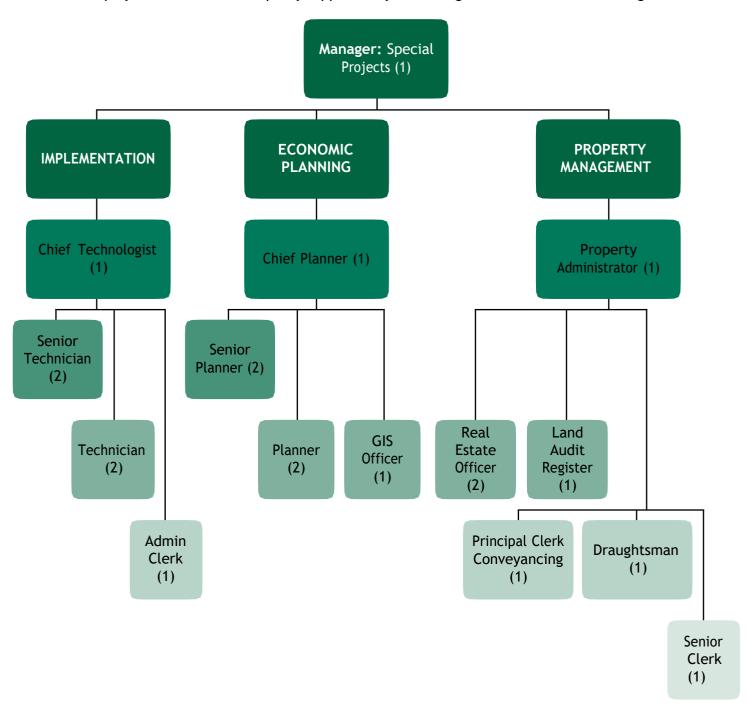
The Development Services 2013 organogram has 34 positions in which we have been successful in filling up to 10 positions in the last 2-3 years. Senior Manager was filled in 2019 and two managers (Business Development and Economic Development) was filled in 2021. We have 25 positions filled out of 34 that takes us to 73% occupied positions on the 2013 organogram. Please see the below 2013 organogram.

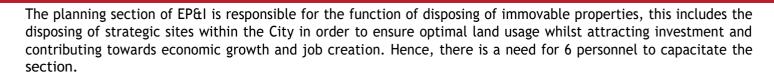
## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT & CITY ENTERPRISES DEVELOPMENT SERVICES APPROVED ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE



The Development Services sub-unit realizes that human capacity is an important tool that the Municipality requires to drive focused actions that can ensure goal achievement and Municipal success. Over the years, it has been clear that the Municipality lacks sufficient human capacity to successfully utilize the Neighborhood Development Partnership grants (NDPG). The Economic Planning & Infrastructure (EP & I) unit is a newly established function within Development Services that aims to bridge the gap between the planning and the implementation of projects which previously was a displaced function. The unit has two sections, namely planning and implementation. The implementation section is the driving force for the implementation of both municipal and grant-funded projects, part of these projects include NDPG-funded projects. With the introduction of this section, the municipality, for the first time ever, the municipality is proud to state that in the 2021/2022 financial year.

The planning section of EP&I was capacitated by one Chief Town Planner who was seconded from the Town Planning Inspectorate sub-unit who is no longer part of the unit. The section is operating with five graduate's planners one is appointed by the municipality and four graduates are appointed between Umgeni Water and COGTA but deployed within the municipality supported by the Manager of EP&I and Senior Manager.





C.6.1.2. REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT AND ALIGNEMENT

#### C.6.1.2.1. MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY'S ECONOMIC RECOVERY PLAN

The measures to contain the Coronavirus have had a disastrous impact on Msunduzi Municipality's economy. South Africa's economy is draining billions every day and millions of people will be added to the ranks of the unemployed. This is so applicable to the people of Msunduzi.

The Msunduzi Municipality's Development Services unit is continuously working hard to ensure that Msunduzi Municipality not only minimise the effects of this crisis - but also builds a stronger, more resilient future for our businesses and ultimately its residents. The Msunduzi's Economic Recovery Plan identifies a number of interventions in response to the COVID-19 crisis.

Msunduzi Municipality has assisted a number of informal traders including spaza shops in ensuring that they get temporal permits to trade during the level 5 and level 4 lockdown. Furthermore, the Municipality, together with the Department of Economic Development and Tourism Affairs (EDTEA) has initiated the Informal Economy Infrastructure Project which is geared towards the refurbishment and development of informal market stalls and facilities. This project has the potential to deliver multiple benefits, not only to the municipality but to the citizens as well. Enhancing the informal economy could translate to the provision of suitable environments which will allow the informal economy to thrive and flourish and ultimately contributing towards service deliver and job creation. The Municipality has also assisted other qualifying businesses to gain essential service status so that they could operate during the lockdown. In every crisis, there is an opportunity and the Msunduzi Municipality is actively working to identify and exploit new sectoral opportunities that are emerging. Below is a rough sketch of the areas covered by Msunduzi Economic Recovery with the following core deliverables:

- Supporting enterprises
- Safeguarding jobs
- Caring for livelihoods

The strategic objectives of the Development Services Sub-business unit as set out in the National Key Performance Areas is to; reduce unemployment, increase economic activity and ensure optimal land usage of the Msunduzi Municipality.

It is, therefore important that the Development Services Business Unit vigorously implements economic strategies to jumpstart the recovery of the economy as the Municipality emerges from the pandemic. The most significant contribution that the Unit has made and continues to make in this regard is to ensure the availability of zoned and serviced land for the expansion of the activities of the various sectors.

The Development Services using various strategic documents as guides, to dispose strategically located plots to assist in effectively utilising the strategic, unused or underutilised and underdeveloped industrial sites in the city, to develop a dynamic, industrial competitive regional economy that will contribute to inclusive economic growth and development, employment and equity.

The sub-unit has further embarked on a project to investigate key aspects as a part of the recovery plan. These include enhancing business retention efforts, lowering the costs of doing business and transacting within the City to making it easier for expansion and investment to resume.

During the 2020/2021 financial year, the sub-unit identified projects for implementation, these included the Camps Drift Desilting project, the Promenade 1 (road upgrade), the Old Edendale Road Upgrade, the Civic Zone, the Youth Enterprise Park and Manaye. The aforementioned projects were identified as crucial projects in stimulating inclusive economic growth and development, attracting local, national and international investment and creating sustainable job opportunities.

#### C.6.1.2.2. EXPENDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME

EPWP is a National programme covering all spheres of government and state owned enterprises. The programme involves re-orientating line function budgets so that government expenditure results in more Work Opportunities, particularly for unskilled labour, youth and the vulnerable groups. The EPWP projects are therefore funded through the normal budgetary process, through the budget of line function Provincial Departments as well as Metro, Districts Municipalities and Local Municipalities.

The Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) remains one of the largest public employment programmes within the Municipality. Our interventions are aimed at poverty alleviation, serving as an interim solution in addressing unemployment and improving the financial position of EPWP beneficiaries. It is thus important to devise measures to build more long-term and secure employment through appropriate reskilling of people.

The Programme is coordinated by the National Department of Public Works (DPW), with the Department of Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs (COGTA) acting as the facilitators, as mandated by Cabinet. The Msunduzi Municipality aims to be the contributors to the 2 million full time equivalent jobs (FTEs) that are to be created. The programme will be implemented by all defined sectors, namely. Infrastructure, Social and Environment/Culture run by the various Msunduzi operating Units.

Covid-19 has resulted in the increase of unemployment throughout the country, Msunduzi included. The Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) is one of Msunduzi's medium to long term Strategies to reduce unemployment and alleviate poverty through the creation of work opportunities using labour-intensive methods. The EPWP target group is unemployed and unskilled persons as well impoverished individuals. EPWP target grouping is aimed at employing:

- Women (60%),
- Youth (55%)
- Persons will disabilities (2%).

#### This will be attained by:

- Targeting vulnerable women in households during the recruitment procedures;
- Targeting unemployed youth and other child-headed households;
- Ensuring that the disabled are empowered with useful skills.

As part of the Msunduzi Municipality's plan to improve service delivery and maintaining a clean City we have implemented the EPWP project. However, there is a lot of room to increase our contribution further and the continued growth of the sector will depend on the degree to which some of the underperforming areas within the Municipality can increase their performance. This can be done by implementing more labour intensive projects and by establishing dedicated labour intensive maintenance programmes which have the potential to provide regular employment to a large number of people around the City.

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- Targeting vulnerable women in households during the recruitment procedures;
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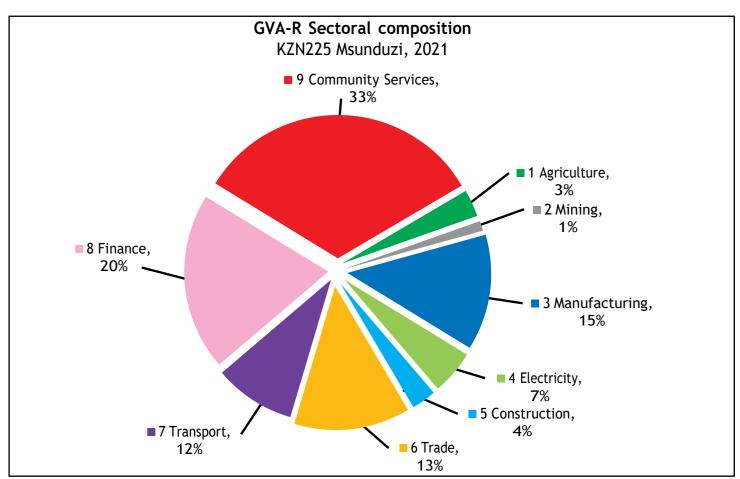
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#### C.6.1.3. STRATEGIC ECONIMIC ANALYSIS

#### C.6.1.3.1. KEY ECONOMIC SECTORS

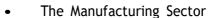
#### C.6.1.3.1.1. INTRODUCTION

Compared to 2012 Msunduzi sectoral composition has seen some marginal sector changes. Community Services has increased from 30% GVA in 2012 to 33% in 2021. Finance and trade sectors both dropped by a marginal 1% compared to 2012, Transport sector dropped by 2% compared to 2012.



Source: IHS Markit Reginal eXplorer version 2294

As indicated in the 2024 LED Strategy, the Msunduzi Municipality has identified key economic sectors to be actively supported in terms of new investment and development. Each of the sectors identified present unique opportunities, but also require specific interventions. The sectors identified are reflected below in the listing of the components for the strategy. These sectors include:



- The Agriculture Sector
- The Business Process Services and Offshoring (BPO) Sector
- The Government Sector
- The Tourism Sector
- Green Economy

Through consultation processes, it was found that the key economic sectors mentioned in the 2024 Msunduzi LED Strategy are still considered to be integral in unlocking local economic growth and development in the Msunduzi Local Municipality and these sectors should still form part of the LED Strategy review process. In addition to these above-mentioned sectors, it was further highlighted that additional sectors need to be included as part of the LED Review.

These sectors include the following:

- Healthcare Sector
- Information and Communication Technology (ICT) Sector
- Sports Sector and
- Wholesale and Retail Sector

#### C.6.1.3.1.2. COMMUNITY SERVICES

The Government Sector is another key sector identified in the 2024 LED Strategy. The 2024 Strategy indicates that as a result of the Provincial Capital status of Msunduzi, the government sector still remains one of the most significant economic sectors in the municipality. The consolidation of government activities, from both Ulundi and eThekwini, has presented major opportunities for Msunduzi, however, indications are that facilities and supporting infrastructure are restricting the growth of this sector. Few new developments have been undertaken in Msunduzi to accommodate specifically the government sector and in general government facilities in the Municipality are outdated and need of upgrading.

The development of the sector is based on the establishment of the proposed Government Precinct which is championed by the KZN Department of Pubic Works. In the longer term a more detailed assessment of the sector and the future development of the sector in Msunduzi will have to be undertaken. Such an assessment should be undertaken by Msunduzi with the support and involvement of key government departments, such as the Department of Public Works, Department of Economic Development, Tourism and Environmental Affairs and others.

#### C.6.1.3.1.3. FINANCE

The financial sector of the Msunduzi economy is the second-largest sector in terms of GDP and accounts for 21% in 2021. The fact that it is the second-largest can be associated with a large number of commercial banks being located in the Municipality, as well as other financial institutions. The location of government departments within the Municipality, together with their financial transactions, reinforced this trend.

#### C.6.1.3.1.4. TRANSPORT

Transportation accounts for 9% of the GDP of the Municipality which is a slight decrease from the 13% in 2011. The municipality is located along the busy N3 corridor, as well as at the confluence of a number of major provincial and district roads. The establishment of a motor sales complex adjacent to the N3 and Showgrounds is a further attempt to strengthen this sector.

The establishment of the Raisethorpe Urban Hub as proposed by the Urban Network Strategy, will see to improved connectivity to the N3 corridor. The proximity to the N3 assists in positioning the node as a strategic land parcel for development. In addition to the N3 corridor, is the IRPTN which is currently suspended. However, infrastructure for the implementation thereof has taken place. This has allowed for the expansion of the road leading to Greater Edendale/Imbali area, allowing improved connectivity and accessibility within the municipality.

#### C.6.1.3.1.5. TRADE

Trade within the municipal area accounts for 13% of the municipal GDP which is an increase from the former 12%, this is an important element of the economy. Numerous higher order retail facilities and wholesale outlets are located within the Municipality and, have a large catchment area servicing many at the outlying towns and communities both within and outside the municipal area. The Msunduzi area is currently serviced by a total of 20 formal retail centres varying in sizes who engage is some level of trade.

#### C.6.1.3.1.6. THE MANUFACTURING SECTOR

Despite a decline in the manufacturing output of the Municipality over the last decade, the manufacturing sector contributes to the local GDP at 13%. This is an important sector, and many opportunities exist for its further development and growth. The municipality has plans at advanced stages to release additional land for industrial growth. One such development is the Ibhubesi Light Industrial Park which is a 60ha site in Ashburton which has 70 sites of commercial and light industrial properties. Other proposed projects in this regard include the Government Precinct and a number of precinct plans for the Greater Edendale/Imbali ABM areas. All this is an effort to enable new opportunities for growth and investments. The Msunduzi Municipality will continue to identify, and support established industrial sectors, such as clothing and textiles, footwear, metal products, electronic equipment amongst others. Moreover, TIKZN and EDTEA will soon implement an Edendale Leather Processing Hub in the Msunduzi area which will strengthen the leather processing capabilities of the city.

#### C.6.1.3.1.7. THE AGRICULTURE SECTOR

Agriculture and agribusiness make an important contribution to the Msunduzi economy in general. However, the agricultural output of the Municipality is limited primarily as a result of the extent of land available for this purpose. Therefore, agriculture accounts for 3% of the GDP of the municipality. This indicates that in the future the Municipality must prioritize the protection of high potential agricultural land and the intensification of agricultural production on the available land.

Further to this, where the potential exists the Municipality will in partnership with the Department of Agriculture support subsistence and small farmer development. Although subsistence agriculture plays an important role in the Municipality, commercial agriculture is not as prevalent as in surrounding municipality. Many surrounding municipalities within the uMgungundlovu Municipality supply produce directly to the markets in the Municipality. In addition, opportunities exist in linking the Msunduzi Local Municipality to the uMgungundlovu District's Agri-park, which forms 1 of the 44 District Agri-parks that have been identified at the national level.

Although the agriculture sector is identified as a key sector, the Msunduzi Municipality is not the front-runner unlocking and supporting local economic development within this sector. The Municipality currently provides a support function to the KZN Department of Agriculture and Rural Development which champions agriculture related projects within the Msunduzi Municipality's area of jurisdiction. However, the Municipality does recognize the importance of having an official within the LED Unit whose primary focus should be on agriculture and agriculture related activities within Msunduzi, especially in light of supporting National imperatives such as the roll out of the uMgungundlovu Agri-park.

In addition, the Municipality also acknowledges the importance of Agri-processing. This is an opportunity that needs to be exploited both for the expansion of this sector and its contribution to the economy of the city as a whole.

#### C.6.1.3.1.8. THE TOURISM SECTOR

The Tourism Sector was highlighted as one of the key economic sectors for local economic development in the 2024 LED Strategy. The economy of Msunduzi Municipality is dependent on a number of major sporting and cultural events, including the Comrades Marathon, Midmar Mile, Duzi Canoe Marathon, and the Mountain Bike World Cup, to name but a few. These events lead to directed cash-injections into the economy and have positive impact on the local tourism establishments. The Municipality is also located midway between the berg and beach tourism destinations and is a convenient stop-over for many travellers.

In the efforts to create a year-round tourism industry in the city, a Tourism Strategy was developed in order to outline the direction in which the tourism industry in the Msunduzi Municipality should proceed, taking into account the local economic conditions and the specific issues that need to be addressed. As an important node within the uMgungundlovu District, it is believed that this will support and complement the tourism sector in the district. Throughout the development of the Plan a systems approach to tourism development was adopted.

This approach focuses on more than just improving the available tourism products and services but includes addressing components that are integral to the efficient functioning of the tourism industry. Furthermore, Msunduzi has a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with community tourism organization called the Msunduzi Pietermaritzburg Tourism Association (MPTA). Among other activities, the CTO plays a role in the following:

- Encourage tourists to visit the destination
- Encourage and develop ways in which a community can be more aware of, and skilled in tourism so that members of the community treat tourists correctly,
- It is necessary for communities to be organized into Community Tourism Organizations to enable it to provide a coordinated point of dialogue and derive the true benefits of tourism
- CTO must be representative of all people in the community.
- Be in touch with and have input into local planning e.g. Tourism Masterplan,
- Facilitate registration and monitoring all tourism products in the local area
- Develop virtual networks to disseminate information about the local destination and get comments from the local community and the industry at large.

#### C.6.1.3.1.9. THE BUSINESS PROCESS SERVICES AND OFFSHORING SECTOR

The previous LED Strategy highlights the importance of the Business Process Services and Offshoring (BPS&O) Sector. It highlights that the BPO sector has been growing rapidly world-wide. Contracting external agents to perform certain business functions is not new. But collaboration between companies and external service providers who are off-site and increasingly off-shore, has increased rapidly with the universal use of email and the availability of high bandwidth and web-based connections. This has given birth to a rapidly expanding business process outsourcing and offshoring sector (BPO&O) now referred to as business process services and offshoring. Outsourcing occurs when a company uses a third party to carry out certain of its business processes and offshoring is when these activities are performed in a foreign location. BPS includes:

- IT and technical services;
- Call centre functions;
- Financial accounting and administration;
- Human resource functions;
- Data conversion;
- Entry and scanning;
- Administration and maintenance;
- Insurance industry functions; and
- Website design and development.

BPS acts as a trigger for job creation and community development in developing countries. Because of the channel through which the service is provided (telephone, email and internet) the service can be provided from anywhere in the world where there is adequate infrastructure and skills at competitive costs. Although the BPO Sector has been highlighted as a key sector in the 2024 LED Strategy, there has been minimal activities undertaken by the Business Services Unit to unlock and support local economic development activities within this sector.

#### C.6.1.3.1.10. THE HEALTH SECTOR

There has been an increase in the development of private and specialised healthcare services within the Msunduzi Local Municipality. This is largely due to the increase in demand for such specialised, quality healthcare services within the Msunduzi Local Municipality. It has the potential to attract highly skilled professionals into the area with potential for a greater income spend.

The Municipality, by nature, is a restorative area and enjoys a competitive advantage in-terms of the high number of people on medical aid and a large retirement community. The Municipality can best leverage off this competitive advantage in the private healthcare sector by establishing a centre of medical excellence in Pietermaritzburg and the Midlands that would include inter-alia the following aspects:

Possible establishment of a medical school and/or nurses training college;

- Driving medical tourism;
- Medical investment attraction;
- Technological development & innovation (medical); and
- Some related manufacturing

#### C.6.1.3.1.11. INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

Information and Communication Technology plays an important role in attracting investment into a region and developing the ICT Sector. There is strategic importance in developing the Msunduzi as an ICT incubator to provide an enabling environment for the emerging ICT small business to be sustainable and competitive in regional, provincial and nations markets.

A fiber optic cable network project is also one of the current ICT related and catalytic projects that is earmarked for Msunduzi Local Municipality. A Technology Hub is also envisaged for the Msunduzi Local Municipality and is one of the catalytic projects identified in the 2024 LED Strategy. A grant was received from KZN Treasury for the designs and preliminary infrastructure costs. A concept plan was approved by council for the hub, after which detailed designs for Phase 1 of the hub were completed. The Municipality is awaiting the ROD from EDTEA and will thereafter have to source funds for the construction phase going forward.

#### C.6.1.3.1.12. SPORT SECTOR

Not only has Msunduzi played host to a number of sporting events such as the Comrades Marathon, it also houses a number of sporting infrastructure developments and has recently had a greater focus on upgrading and developing its sporting infrastructure. A number of sporting head offices are also located within the Msunduzi Local Municipality. Opportunity exists in creating sports training academies linked to these sporting infrastructure as well as skills development and training of sports officials that can be used to train sportsmen and women at these facilities.

Additional, the Municipality aims to identify sports disciplines that are well represented and organised at a local, provincial and international level, for example, judo, netball, basketball, cycling and target shooting. Msunduzi Municipality will liaise with these sport disciplines about partnering in the establishment of the best infrastructure in the country for those sports in order to attract the events at all levels. This will create the enabling environment for the private sector to invest in supporting tourism product - accommodation, catering, laundry etc

#### C.6.1.3.2. THE GREEN ECONOMY

The Green Economy is another sector that has been highlighted. As indicated in the LED Strategy, various definitions of what constitutes "green economy" have been put forward. A study conducted by the KZN Department of Economic Development put forward the following definition: "A 'green economy' is characterised by substantially increased investments in economic sectors that build on and enhance the earth's natural capital or reduce ecological scarcities and environmental risks".

The study further identified sectors in which green economy opportunities exist which includes:

- Agriculture
- Forestry
- Fishing
- Indigenous natural products
- Energy
- Water

- Waste
- Transport
- Cities, towns, and villages
- Buildings
- Manufacturing
- Retail
- Environmental consulting, policy making, and research
- Tourism, and
- Nature conservation.

The range of opportunities for building a Green Economy is then nearly limitless and it is recommended that the Msunduzi Municipality must, from a strategic perspective, provide guidelines as to its focus areas in terms of building the Green Economy. Within the context of the above, through previous discussions with the Department of Economic Development and Tourism and Trade and Investment KwaZulu-Natal (TIKZN) and the available literature on Green Economy promotion, a guideline for the development of the Green Economy in Msunduzi has been developed. This guideline acknowledges the following components of a future Msunduzi Green Economy:

- Green energy
- Green industry
- Green property
- Green landscape
- Green infrastructure
- Green agriculture
- Green jobs; and
- Green skills development.

These components are unpacked in terms of potential opportunities and projects and comment is provided on the spatial considerations relating to each of the activities. In line with developing the Green Economy, the previous LED Strategy suggested that Green Economy Guidelines be developed. This project needed to be undertaken with Msunduzi Municipality the collaboration of the Environmental Management Unit as well as the Business Services Unit. To date, no work has been done on developing the Green Economy Guidelines and the Environmental Management Unit has indicated that although an important project, the development of the Green Economy Guidelines has not been prioritized by this department and in order to develop and implement the Green Economy Guidelines, further collaboration and effort needs to be made between the Business Services Unit and the Environmental Management Unit to undertake this task.

#### C.6.1.3.3. ECONOMIC ADVANTAGES OF THE MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY

#### TABLE 76: MUNICIPAL ECONOMIC ADVANTAGES

| Advantage                            | Category   | Description   |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| LOCATIONAL<br>ADVANTAGES             | CENTRALITY   | Msunduzi is at the cross-roads of major access routes linking Durban to Gauteng, Ixopo, Underberg with Greytown, Stanger, and as such there are multiple options for access into the municipality and the uMgungundlovu dm.                             |
|                                      | LOCATED ON THE GAUTENG - FREE STATE - DURBAN CORRIDOR PRIMARY LOGISTICS CORRIDOR | The development of this corridor has recently received renewed prioritization by being declared as one of the president's strategic integrated plans. This will provide opportunities for nodes along the corridor identified in the SDF and ABM plans. |
| NATURAL/<br>GEOGRAPHIC<br>ADVANTAGES | HIGHLY FERTILE LAND  | There is a high abundance of fertile land in the DM and LM making it one of the most productive areas in the province   |

| Advantage                    | Category                                | Description  |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| INFRASTRUCTURE<br>ADVANTAGES | MAJOR DAMS                              | Although not in the Msunduzi Municipality, there are no fewer than four major dams in close proximity to the Municipality (Midmar, Nagle, Wagendrift and Albert Falls, and the Spring Grove dam which is currently under construction).  |
|                              | EXCELLENT ROAD NETWORK                  | The Municipality is serviced by an excellent road network primarily centred on the N3 and the District (R) Roads   |
|                              | RAIL LINKAGES                           | The Municipality is located on the main Gauteng line, as well as the line to the Eastern Cape.   |
| HUMAN CAPITAL<br>ADVANTAGES  | GOOD SCHOOLS AND TERTIARY INSTITUTIONS  | The Pietermaritzburg and Midlands area is considered to possess the best schools in the province. These schools produce highly capable Matriculants with good leadership abilities. While the tertiary institutions are perhaps not as robustly developed as they are in eThekwini, the University of KwaZulu-Natal and the Cedara Agricultural College, along with various other private tertiary institutions, provide opportunities for well-trained Matriculants to become highly skilled members of the labour force. The existence of these educational institutions gives uMgungundlovu a significant comparative advantage in terms of being able to offer companies a skilled workforce |
| INSTITUTIONAL<br>ADVANTAGES  | CAPITAL CITY STATUS OF PIETERMARITZBURG | The designation of Pietermaritzburg as the province's capital is a major advantage for the district. The district benefits directly from the location of government departments in Pietermaritzburg, while indirect benefits include, private sector clustering around government departments and substantial levels of business tourism. The capital City status of Pietermaritzburg also raises the profile of the entire district   |

Furthermore, the Municipality possesses a competitive advantage in the private healthcare sector and at the feasibility of establishing a center of medical excellence in Pietermaritzburg & Midlands that would include interalia the following aspects:

- Possible establishment of a medical school and/or nurses training college;
- Driving medical tourism;
- Medical investment attraction;
- Technological development & innovation (medical); and
- Some related manufacturing etc.

The study also categorised the Comparative Advantage Sectors as follows:

**TABLE 77: COMPARATIVE ADVANTAGE SECTORS** 

| CLASSIFICATION     | SECTOR | DESCRIPTION   |
|--------------------|--------|---|
| EXISTING OR STABLE |        | Although general government would not normally be regarded as a comparative advantage sector, the public sector's role in the Municipality is not so much a welfare role as it is an institutional and business one. The designation of the Municipality as the provincial capital provides the Municipality with a comparative advantage for attracting public sector business and services, as well as associated private sector business |

| CLASSIFICATION            | SECTOR  | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| UNSTABLE OR<br>THREATENED | CLOTHING AND TEXTILES (FOOTWEAR PRODUCTION)       | The employment benefits of this sector are clearly immense, and the sector has experienced relatively healthy growth over the past 10 years. Although the sector as a whole is not revealed to be a comparative advantage by the location quotient method, there may be a niche industry comparative advantage in the production of leather products and footwear. This is confirmed by the fact that the Municipality has the largest concentration of footwear companies in the province and also possesses some leather tanneries. While the sector as a whole is growing, there are significant threats to the future of the leather and footwear industry in the Municipality. In particular, cheap labour in Lesotho has recently drawn investors away from investing in the Municipality and district. |
| HIGH GROWTH<br>POTENTIAL  | POST AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS                       | This capital intensive industry has been growing at a very impressive rate for the past 10 years and probably reflects the fact that Pietermaritzburg serves as the telecommunications hub for a large hinterland.  |
|                           | SALES AND REPAIR OF<br>MOTOR VEHICLES AND<br>FUEL | This industry is growing rapidly within the Municipality and reflects the importance of the Municipality being situated on a major transportation corridor. The comparative advantage of this sector is only likely to grow with the renewed strategic focus on the Durban - Gauteng corridor   |

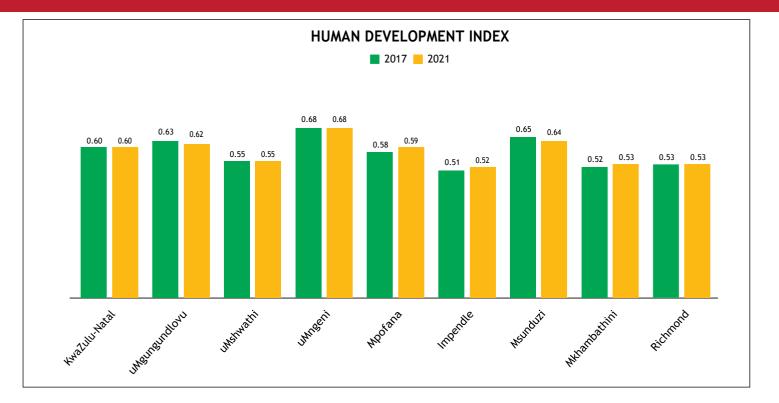
## TABLE 78: CATALYTIC PROJECTS IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM

| STRATEGY       | PROJECT                         | DESCRIPTION   | STATUS     |
|----------------|---------------------------------|---|------------|
| EXPLOIT        | Dedicated, large                | Designated stop for trucks using the N3 Durban-Gauteng      | Envisioned |
| OPPORTUNITIES  | scale truck stops               | corridor  |            |
| ASSOCIATED     | Development of                  | Currently uMgungundlovu products are packaged               | Envisioned |
| WITH THE N3    | logistical platforms            | and loaded in Durban for trips to Johannesburg; this        |            |
| CORRIDOR       |                                 | represents a waste of fuel and increased costs; a           |            |
|                |                                 | logistical platform should be established north of PMB      |            |
|                | High Speed train                | High speed train, as part of the development of the         | Planned    |
|                | between Durban and Johannesburg | Durban-Free State- Johannesburg Corridor                    |            |
|                | Train coach                     | Encourage the manufacture of coaches and rail               | Envisioned |
|                | manufacturing at                | components at Mason's Mill, and link this to Prasa's        | Livisioned |
|                | Mason's Mill                    | refurbishment plan  |            |
| DEVELOPMENT    | SEZ for leather                 | Vertical integration of companies in this sector to include | Envisioned |
| OF LEATHER AND | and footwear                    | entire production process: tanneries, trims, adhesives,     |            |
| SHOE INDUSTRY  | companies                       | and retail  |            |

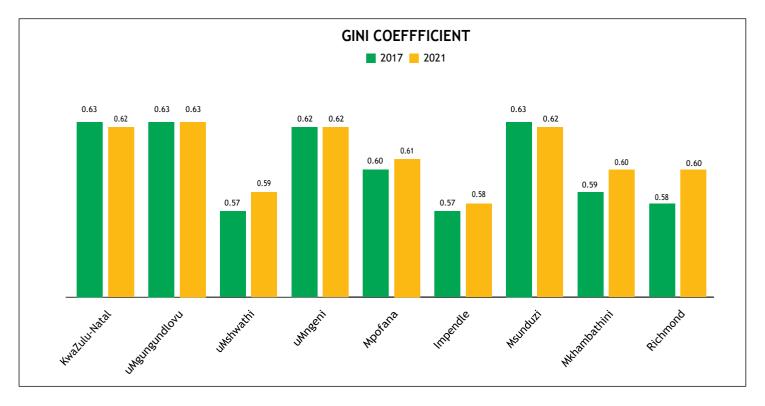
| STRATEGY                                | PROJECT   | DESCRIPTION   | STATUS      |
|---|---|---|-------------|
| EXPLOIT CAPITAL CITY STATUS OF MSUNDUZI | CBD REVITALISATION  | PMB CBD needs to reflect its importance as a provincial capital. Derelict buildings should be restored to their Victorian splendour and the city should be positioned as a preferred location for companies to operate. | Envisioned  |
|   | DEVELOPMENT OF A FIVE STAR HOTEL IN PMB                               | Currently there are a shortage of high-class hotels in the city; this limits business tourism growth  | Envisioned  |
|   | FURTHER EXPANSION<br>OF PMB AIRPORT                                   | Revamp and expansion of existing airport to make it more accessible and attractive to use for both business and leisure   | Planned     |
|   | ESTABLISH A<br>MUSEUM AND<br>HERITAGE CLUSTER                         | Consolidate a number of the disjointed collections into a modern and iconic world class museum  | Envisioned  |
|   | DEVELOPMENT OF<br>A LARGE- SCALE<br>CONFERENCE<br>CENTRE              | Despite being an events capital; PMB offers very few conferencing options. The development of a conference centre at the Royal Show Grounds could offer greater opportunities for hosting more sporting events.         | Envisioned  |
|   | DEVELOPMENT OF<br>AN ECO- ESTATE IN<br>PMB                            | PMB needs an up-market residential estate so as to attract top business people.   | Envisioned  |
| DEVELOPMENT                             | FILM SCHOOL   | The development of a world class film school.   | Envisioned  |
| OF EDUCATION NICHE MARKETS              | DEVELOPMENT OF A FLIGHT SCHOOL  | The development of a flight school at Oribi Airport.  | Envisioned  |
| UTILISE<br>ENGINEERING<br>SKILLS        | Encourage the location of an airline manufacturer in the Municipality | This would be beneficial to the downstream component manufacturers already located in the Municipality  | Envisioned  |
|   | Establish an electronics hub  | Cluster companies which supply electronic components for the motor industry   | Envisioned  |
| DEVELOP THE ICT SECTOR                  | Msunduzi ICT incubator  | To provide an enabling environment for the emerging ICT small business to be sustainable and competitive in regional, provincial and nations markets  | Exploratory |

#### C.6.1.3.4. LEVELS OF POVERTY

The Human Development Index (HDI) is a statistic created from data on life expectancy, education, and per capita GDP, as an indicator of standard of living. A score of 1 is the highest development index an area can receive it can be seen from the table below that the KZN HDI index remained at 0.06 which is a medium Human Development Index. The UMDM and Msunduzi HDI ratings remained fairly constant with a 0.01 decrease between 2017 and 2021. The improved education profile of the district has, as stated, played a major role in improved human development within the district as highlighted in the below figure

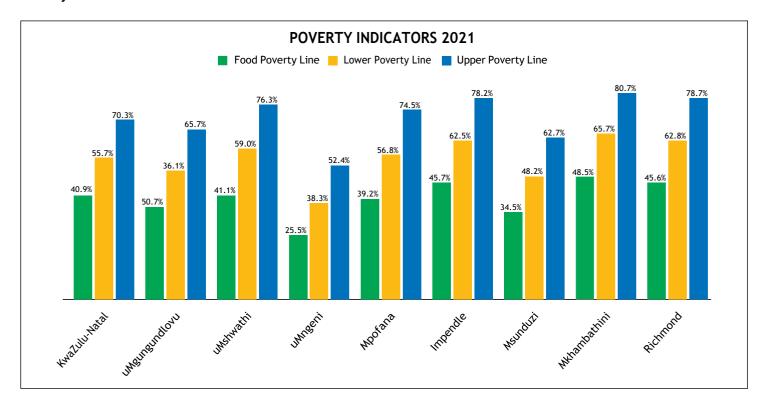


The Gini coefficient measures the levels of inequality in a society, with the figure of '0' reflecting absolute equality, and '1' representing absolute inequality. From the figure below there was a slight improvement in terms of equality in KwaZulu Natal this is also applicable for Msunduzi Municipality. The could be attributed to the various social stimulas packages offered by the government. There are also a number of initiatives in the province that aim to create equatiy in terms of business development and ownership. There is a deliberate effort to increase the number of people taking part in the mainstream economy.



As can be seen below the number of people below the poverty line is still high although Msunduzi has less people below the poverty line as compared to the Province and the UMDM. It must be noted that the municipality with the least number of people below the poverty line is Umngeni municipality.

#### Poverty indicators - 2021



#### C 6.1.3.4.1 POVERTY WARDS

Poverty is inter-related to other problems of under development. In rural and urban communities, poverty can be very diverse. In urban areas, people often have access to health and education but many of the difficulties caused by poverty are made worse by things like overcrowding, unhygienic conditions, pollution, unsafe houses. In rural areas, there is often poor access to education, health and other services but people usually live healthier and are under safer environments.

The Msunduzi Municipality has identified its poverty wards based on the high unemployment, migration issues, infrastructure, and the living conditions of residents.

#### Ward 13

Ward 13 that is known as France is identified as a poverty ward for the lack of infrastructure, roads and the large numbers of people. The Msunduzi Municipality has initiated a Santam Water Project to upscale the ward and to be able to provide basic needs to the residents. The aim of this project is not only to provide a basic need but it plays a hand in reducing the unemployment rate of the ward as it hires people from surrounding areas.

#### Ward 29

Copesville commonly known as ward 29 is dominated by informal settlements therefore increasing the population of the area hence not everyone in that area will have access to the services provided by the municipality. In developing this ward, the Msunduzi Municipality has initiated a housing project that will serve as shelter for those that suffer from bad housing conditions.

#### Ward 39

Ward 39 that is locally known Vulindlela eNcwadi is a diverse area but is the furthest of all wards from the economic hub and associated services within the Msunduzi Municipality. This making it hard for resident to acquire basic services. In the attempt to eradicate issues, the Msunduzi municipality had implemented a large housing project in the town precinct.



#### C.6.1.4.1. SMALL, MEDIUM AND MICRO ENTERPRISES AND THE INFORMAL ECONOMY

#### (i) SMMEs in the Msunduzi Municipality

It is widely accepted that SMME survival and growth rates, as well as SMME density, serve as reliable growth indicators. the strategic approach to marketing small businesses, as well as facilitating networking initiatives and providing additional support for the development and training of SMMEs and cooperatives. A strategy component is to support the skill development and training of SMMES and cooperatives in the waste management project/program implementation. According to research, Msunduzi local municipality members are active participants in co-ops, SMMEs, and other business organizations. According to the LED strategy (2022), municipalities' role is to create an enabling environment for development. As a result, there are numerous legislative requirements, policies, and frameworks that dictate and/or guide their responsibilities. While regulations and procedures are necessary, they can occasionally become impediments to achieving the goals and objectives for which they were created.

It has been stated that there is a need for greater participation and representation of informal sector business activities. Fortunately, over time, the Municipality developed positive relationships with the informal chamber. Particularly with informal projects, such as the Informal Economy Infrastructure project launched in the fiscal year 2021/22. Council adopted the Msunduzi Municipality Informal Economy and Street Trading Policy in 2020 after reviewing it. The policy emphasizes the importance of including the informal economy in the urban planning process. This includes repurposing previously underutilized spaces/land parcels and transforming them into meaningful and aesthetically pleasing infrastructure that can accommodate the needs of informal traders. The policy also emphasizes the importance of allocating spaces for informal trading areas in accordance with the Municipalities' broad SDF and the PSEDS. This is aimed at connecting the development and growth of operating areas to commercial zones to create viable hubs of business activity that benefit both informal and formal businesses, as well as to create an opportunity to integrate communities that have previously been spatially separated.

Small businesses require market exposure and access to new opportunities to grow. Sections 4 and 9 of the PPPFA allow for the empowerment of SMMEs under the Msunduzi SCM Policy. The Msunduzi Local Municipality can assist in radical economic transformation by developing small businesses through public procurement spend, set aside products, and the municipality's overall supply chain management (SCM) policy. The Most Important Challenge Municipalities do not have SMME policies or regulations in place to encourage the development of SMMEs or to give preference to local business suppliers.

The COVID-19 pandemic has wreaked havoc on our economy and society. The pandemic is having a negative impact on many South African industries, as it is in other countries fighting the disease. The country has faced national lockdown restrictions dating back in March 2020 which put a stop to 'business as usual'. Businesses across the country have suffered as a result. Those reliant on the movement of goods (supply chain disruptions), the beverage sector, the telecommunications sector, selected mining activities due to a decrease in demand for minerals, accommodation, and tourism due to travel bans, construction, transportation, and various services are among the most impacted businesses.

Businesses in Kwa-Zulu-Natal and Gauteng provinces faced additional dismay because of the KZN and Gauteng unrest in the midst of the Covid-19 dark cloud. The unrest resulted in looting of goods/stock, as well as property burning and infrastructure damage. This destroyed and devastated businesses, contributing to the country's extremely high unemployment rate. Businesses have reported losing goods as well as property because of the unrest. Many communities and workers suffered as businesses struggled to cope with the blow. This brazen looting and destruction cost hundreds of thousands of jobs and severely disrupted vital community services.

Damages to the retail industry alone in Pietermaritzburg totalled more than R5 billion and counting. Over 200 malls were targeted, 800 stores were looted, and 100 were destroyed. In the aftermath, the Municipality suffered a significant setback because the impact on the General Valuation roll was reduced by 0.76% of the total GV. The value of the affected buildings fell by 41.32%, causing the collection of annual rates to fall by the same percentage.

Furthermore, the Municipality has seen an increase in customer reluctance to pay for services. Revenue loss from large power users due to businesses not operating and revenue loss from property rates were devastating to the municipality. Given that business accounts for approximately 39% of total monthly receipts, the Municipality considered providing incentives to assist affected businesses.

#### (ii) Informal economy

Since the establishment of a colonial economy in South Africa, the informal and small business development sector has been largely neglected and maligned. This sector employs up to 20% of the workforce in KwaZulu-Natal, and it is one where the government can have a significant positive impact. A shift away from sector regulation and control and toward sector development is required.

Investing in enterprise development can assist you in addressing challenges such as unemployment and other poverty-related issues. Members of the Msunduzi local municipality are active participants in co-ops, SMMEs, and other business organizations, according to research. It is critical to use enterprise development as a tool for empowering economic organizations and achieving municipal economic growth.

According to the Provincial Policy and Strategy on the Informal Economy, the goal is to provide each legal informal sector business in KZN with the opportunity to do business and grow. This will be done with an emphasis on the development of the informal economy rather than the traditional emphasis on regulating the sector. This will necessitate a significant shift in thinking on the part of all stakeholders, as well as the allocation of adequate resources, both human and financial, to the informal economy. Thus, there should be a shift in mind-set first, followed by a shift in resource allocation. The Municipal Strategy will be aligned with the Provincial Strategy, specifically ensuring that not only informal trading, but all sectors involved in the informal economy, are considered.

#### C.6.1.4.2. ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT/SUPPORT INITIATIVES

The LED strategy supports the economic empowerment initiatives through employing various programmes. The objectives of these programmes is to create an enabling environment that supports local enterprises in creating wealth, generating jobs, increasing incomes and ultimately reducing poverty and improving the quality of life for all citizens within Msunduzi Municipality. The following paragraphs presents a brief discussion of economic empowerment initiative programmes offered by the LED strategy.

| монтн   | NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS RECEIVED | REVENUE COLLECTED     | SUMMONS        | FINE AMOUNT |
|---------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------|
| MONTH   | NEW APPLICATIONS RECEIVED       | TOTAL AMOUNT RECEIVED | ISSUED         | FINE AMOUNT |
| January | 140 Recieved                    | R22 069.30            | 5 (R1 000 X 5) | R5 000.00   |
| 2024    | R833.40 x 24= R20 001.60        |                       |                |             |
|         | R71.30 X 29 = R2 067.70         |                       |                |             |
|         | 87 Renewals                     |                       |                |             |

#### Municipal Employment Initiative

Development Services had adopted a new programme for 2022/2024 financial year which is Msunduzi Employment Initiative (MEI), and this programme will be added to the LED strategy. MEI is a funding aimed at supporting informal, micro and small business enterprises in their area of jurisdiction through a fair and transparent process to create job opportunities and stimulate local economic development and within the formal and informal sectors that will target vulnerable groups in rural and township areas. Msunduzi Municipality was identified as one of the rollout pilot municipalities in KwaZulu-Natal that will be financially supported by EDTEA to implement their MEI. Below is an illustration of the due diligence site visit and interview for the MEI funding.





#### Imbali Youth Enterprise Park

The Msunduzi Municipal Integrated Development Plan (IDP) has identified Imbali for commercial and industrial development in order to provide and encourage new economic development opportunities in the area. The Local Economic Development (LED) strategy, sees Imbali within a multiple, complex network that can extend to a global scale. Imbali Youth Enterprise Park is a conversion of containers to meet the market place barriers of finding appropriate facilities in their Localities to start up their enterprises as illustrated below. YEP aims to provide shop spaces/facilities to the young entrepreneurs' age 18 - 35 who need business space i.e. boardroom spaces for meetings, hairdressing, cell phones repairs, computer lab, fast food store etc.





#### Informal Economic Infrastructure Development

The Municipality has had a number of engagements with the informal traders within the City. In doing so, the Municipality has realized the importance of informal trading in a more conducive and structured work environment. The urgent need to provide suitable space and infrastructure has been identified and the Development Services Sub-Unit collaborated with EDTEA on an attempt to address these challenges. IEID is a project which provide conducive, well-structured space and infrastructure for local informal enterprises or street traders it comprises of steel street stalls, street bins, ablution facilities for street traders





#### C.6.1.4.3. SPECIAL GROUPS

#### C.6.1.4.3.1. MSUNDUZI WOMEN ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

The Strategy presented has been compiled within the policy framework based on the current reality and with inputs from stakeholders engaged through interviews and a series of workshops (workshops still to be concluded). The overall strategy includes:

- A vision;
- · Key objectives; and
- Strategies, programmes and projects.

#### C.6.1.4.3.2. VISION FOR MSUNDUZI WOMEN ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

Women Economic Empowerment is obviously the ultimate vision that this strategy is aiming to achieve. The more specific vision for Women Economic Empowerment Strategy in terms of the role of the Msunduzi Municipality should potentially be: To ensure that Women Economic Empowerment is promoted and actively supported by all stakeholders in the Msunduzi Municipality. Women Economic Empowerment is an integrated part of economic and developmental initiatives within the Municipality.

Women Economic Empowerment is aimed at achieving (Radical) Economic Transformation. Economic Transformation will only be achieved once all South Africans have equal access to economic opportunities.

#### C.6.1.4.3.3. KEY OBJECTIVES FOR WOMEN ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

In order to achieve the above vision three key objectives to be pursued have been identified:

- Objective 1: Establishing Structure for Women Economic Empowerment;
- Objective 2: Disseminate Information for Women Economic Empowerment; and
- Objective 3: Implement Programmes for Women Economic Empowerment.

#### C.6.1.4.4. STRATEGY FOR YOUTH ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

The Strategy presented has been compiled within the policy framework, based on the current reality and with inputs from stakeholders engaged through interviews and a series of workshops. The overall strategy includes:

- A vision;
- · Key objectives; and
- Strategies, programmes and projects.



Youth Economic Empowerment is obviously the ultimate vision that this strategy is aiming to achieve. The more specific vision for Youth Economic Empowerment Strategy in terms of the role of the Msunduzi Municipality should potentially be: To ensure that Youth Economic Empowerment is promoted and actively supported by all stakeholders in the Msunduzi Municipality. Youth Economic Empowerment must be an integrated part of economic and developmental initiatives within the Municipality. Youth Economic Empowerment is aimed at achieving (Radical) Economic Transformation. Economic Transformation will only be achieved once all South Africans have equal access to economic opportunities.

#### C.6.1.4.4.2. KEY OBJECTIVES FOR YOUTH ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

In order to achieve the above vision three key objectives to be pursued have been identified:

- Objective 1: Establishing Structure for the Youth Economic Empowerment;
- Objective 2: Disseminate Information for the Youth Economic Empowerment; and
- Objective 3: Implement Programmes for the Youth Economic Empowerment.

The three key objectives are further unpacked below in terms of related strategies, programmes and projects. The Msunduzi Municipality is engaged in a number of programmes with special groups (women, youth, the aged, and the disabled). These are summarised below:

TABLE 79: PROGRAMMES FOR THE YOUTH, THE AGED, WOMEN, AND THE DISABLED

| CATEGORY | DESCRIPTION   |
|----------|---|
| YOUTH    | <ul> <li>Sports programmes: Local games are organised for the youth to compete for representation in the District games, from which a team is selected to participate in the SALGA Games which are held annually. This programme has been running since 2002.</li> <li>The Junior City Council (JCC): This is a Youth Council for young people from the Msunduzi Municipality, which meets on a monthly basis. A number of programmes are associated with this, including: A back to school campaign involving visits to 5 schools - one in each zone where stakeholders are invited to address the youth according to social ills identified in schools; Child Protection Campaigns dealing with issues like child abductions; School exchange programmes between four urban and four rural schools; Taking a child to work, where learners are identified from schools and placed in different business units in the Municipality; The JCC Sports Festival involving soccer and netball events; and Leadership Training to capacitate members of JCC, together with 37 ward youth representatives.</li> <li>Vocational guidance: 1 week programme at central locations in each zone, exposing the youth to career opportunities.</li> <li>School Uniforms: The purchase of school uniforms for needy children in ten identified schools.</li> <li>Reed Dance: Provision of busses to assist girls attending the annual reed dance at KwaNongoma.</li> <li>Driver's licences: Assisting orphans and previously disadvantaged youth in acquiring driver's licences.</li> <li>Youth Centre and Career Guidance Councillor: This office is funded by the Municipality and is located opposite the City Hall.</li> </ul> |
| AGED     | • Golden Games Sports Programme: Wednesdays have been identified as Golden Wednesdays by the MEC for Sports and Recreation, in an attempt to promote active ageing. 27 such clubs are supported by the Municipality, and the intention is to roll this out in all 37 wards.   |
| DISABLED | <ul> <li>Brail reading training: This project has been started in Zone 1 as a pilot project, and it is the intention to roll this programme out in other wards.</li> <li>Awareness campaigns: Educating parents on integration of impaired people into society. Some 80 parents have been identified for a 1 week workshop to address this issue.</li> <li>Human Rights Month (March): This campaign involves the education of disabled people on their human rights, including education on grants access.</li> </ul>  |
| WOMEN    | • A programme for 16 Days of Activism takes places annually where the Municipality partners with Cindi (NGO).   |

#### C.6.1.4.5. MAYORAL SPECIAL PROJECTS

The city has a vision to encourage public participation across all spheres and citizens from all backgrounds, for instance: age, gender, social status, and so forth. The office of the Mayor, through Mayoral Special Projects has a mandate to ensure that people with disabilities are protected and their rights are promoted. To achieve this mandate, the office works with stakeholders within and outside the government, non-governmental organizations as well as the private sector to effectively encourage the participation of all vulnerable groups. Forums are established to be a voice of each vulnerable sector.

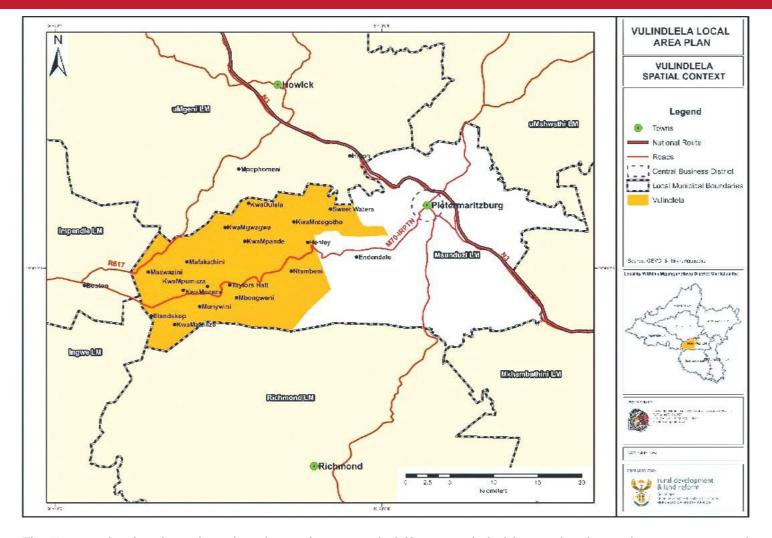
The office of the Mayor has a special desk for vulnerable groups which looks into their issues. Vulnerable groups covered are: Disability, Children, Senior Citizens and Gender communities. The table below indicates the strategies, programmes and projects employed by the Msunduzi Municipality for the aforementioned vulnerable groups.

TABLE 80: STRATEGIES, PROGRAMMES AND PROJECTS:

| DISABILITY | SPORTS FOR THE DISABILITY   |
|------------|---|
|            | Dialogues   |
|            | Entrepreneurship for persons with disabilities                      |
|            | Disability Awareness Programmes                                     |
| CHILDREN   | ECD Programme   |
|            | Schools Debate Competition  |
|            | Msunduzi Junior Council Forum ( Children's Participation Programme) |
|            | Child Protection Programme  |
| GENDER     | Reed Dance (Heritage Month)   |
|            | Gender-Based Violence Programmes                                    |
|            | Dialogues   |
| ELDERLY    | Senior Citizen`s Club   |
|            | Golden Games ( Seniors in Health and Wellness Programme)            |
|            | Older Person`s Awareness Programmes                                 |

#### C.6.1.4.6 PROJECTS UNDERTAKEN BY THE TRADITIONAL COUNCIL

The Msunduzi Municipality aims to ensure integration with the provisions of the National Framework for LED. It has ensured alignment with projects undertaken by Traditional Councils through the introduction of rural and township support programs such as training and workshops in conjunction with the authorities. This is done in collaboration with different public and private stakeholders in disseminating information to the business community with the municipality.



The Municipality has forged good working relations with different stakeholders in developing businesses in rural areas; including partnerships with the Ingonyama Trust Board [ITB] and Traditional Council. The facilitation of land through ITB has been successful in assisting businesses in Vulindlela areas in acquiring pieces of land.

Vulindlela area (Zone 1) is what is commonly referred to as a traditional settlement area (an area in which the land belongs to the Ingonyama Trust, residential buildings range from formally built to the traditional, and also some informal structures). The municipality aims to increase its footprint for the development of traditional areas within its jurisdiction and looks forward in anticipation for further support by in order to improve these areas.

#### Training/ Workshops Facilitated within the Msunduzi Zone 1

The mandate of the Economic Development Unit is to create an enabling environment for sustainable, growing Small, Medium and Micro Enterprises and Cooperatives within the jurisdiction of the municipality. Therefore, it is crucial for the municipality to carry on supporting SMMEs and Cooperatives with providing informative and supportive workshops for the below:

- Business registration for SMMEs and Cooperatives
- Business compliance in terms of SARS, CSD, CIDB etc.
- Processes to obtain Business license
- Development and support to SMMEs and Cooperatives
- Access to finance
- Business linkages and markets

For 2022/23, the Local Economic Development Section facilitated the following workshops in collaboration with various stakeholders in Zone 1:

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| Organization   | Workshop Type/<br>ward  | Date               | Purpose of the workshop   |
|--|---|--------------------|---|
| Local Economic<br>Development  | Ward 07 - Business<br>Information Day<br>Workshop                               | 30 June 2022       | The purpose of the workshop was to disseminate business information aspiring and existing businesses with   |
| Local Economic Development Section FNB, EDTEA, Department of Labour and SEDA | Ward 1, Business<br>Information<br>Workshop                                     | 21 October 2022    | different stakeholders i.e. SEDA, EDTEA, NYDA and FNB.  |
| Local Economic<br>Development  | Business Site Visits  | Ongoing            | This is a monthly activity where the Business Unit conduct site visits to newly and registered businesses.  |
| Local Economic Development and Small Enterprise Development Agency (SEDA)    | Basic Business Skills<br>Workshop   | 07 - 09 March 2024 | To empower and capacitate newly registered businesses with Basic Business Skills in order for them to be able run their businesses effectively.   |
| The South African National<br>Roads Agency SOC<br>Ltd (SANRAL)               | SANRAL Pre-tender<br>training workshop in<br>Vulindlela ( Ward 5<br>and Ward 2) | 06 - 09 March 2024 | The aim of the workshop was to prepare SMMEs in construction with upcoming 15-day Pre-tender training that is aimed at creating a platform to be part of SANRAL subcontracting opportunities. |
| Local Economic Development Section   | Business registration and compliance  | Ongoing            | The Business Unit facilitated 16 (sixteen) business registration through the Department of Economic Tourism and Environmental Affairs.  |
| Local Economic Development Section   | Ward 39, Business<br>assistance and<br>Business Plan<br>facilitation            | Ongoing            | The primary objectives of the Economic Development Unit is to promote economic development and job creation within the Rural Economy. The provision of support will the local economy grow.   |







Furthermore, Business Licensing unit embarked on ongoing awareness campaigns to various wards within the Municipality with the intention of educating and assisting business about the licensing processes. For 2022/23 financial year 10 (Ten) campaigns have been conducted:

| Place                         | Workshop Type/ Ward    | Date              |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Councillors Office            | Business Talk ward 1   | 25 July 2022      |
| Enkantolo Yenkosi, KwaMpumuza |                        | 23 August 2022    |
| Mpande Hall                   | Business Talk Ward 6   | 13 September 2022 |
| Gezubuso Hall                 | Business Talk- ward 4  | 18 October 2022   |
| KwaPata Hall                  | Business Talk- Ward 10 | 28 February 2024  |
| Gezubuso Hall                 | Business Talk- Ward 5  | 22 November 2022  |
| Goergetown Library            | Business Talk- ward 12 | 07 February 2024  |
| Nrthdale Civic                | Business Talk- ward 31 | 23 November 2022  |
| Kwa Poyinande Hall            | Business Talk- ward 22 | 15 September 2022 |
| Bhakabhu Hall                 | Business Talk- ward 14 | 14 March 2024     |

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#### C.6.1.4.7. SOCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE

#### C.6.1.4.7.1. HEALTHCARE FACILITIES

The table below summarises the healthcare facilities within the Municipality, and Map 15 indicates the facilities spatially, as well as their catchment areas.

TABLE 81: HEALTH FACILITIES WITHIN THE MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY

|          | MOBILES | SATELLITES | CLINICS | COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES |
|----------|---------|------------|---------|--------------------------|
| MSUNDUZI | 6       | 7          | 31      | 2                        |

Healthcare facilities previously operated by the Msunduzi Municipality have been transferred to the provincial Department of Health.

#### C.6.1.4.7.2. SCHOOLS

The Pietermaritzburg area of the Msunduzi Municipality is a centre of educational excellence, in both the provincial and national contexts. Pietermaritzburg is home to a number of institutions of higher education, including the University of KwaZulu-Natal, technicons, FET colleges, and technical colleges. It is also home to a host of both private and government- owned institutions of primary and secondary education.

There are currently 198 schools located within the Msunduzi boundaries, comprising of 129 primary schools, 61 secondary schools and 8 special needs schools. Primary schools encompass junior primary, senior primary and all-inclusive primary schools. Providing elementary and primary education from grades 1-7. High schools provide lower secondary education and upper secondary education from grades 8-12. In addition, special needs schools ensure that specialised educational training that addresses individual differences and special needs of students is available and provided.

Previously disadvantage schools often face enormous challenges relating to resource acquisition to ensure effective education delivery. As a result, the Municipality continues to be plagued by challenges in the standard of school buildings and access to schools especially in rural and per-urban areas of the Municipality. Working towards addressing this reality, several school rehabilitation programs are necessitated. The following infrastructure programmes will take place within the Municipality:

- 1. New schools
- 2. Upgrades and additions to existing schools
- 3. Renovation and rehabilitation of existing schools
- 4. Fencing
- 5. Electrification of schools
- 6. Storm damage of schools
- 7. Water and sanitation

#### C.6.1.4.7.3. LIBRARIES

There are eleven libraries within the Msunduzi Municipal Library Services, the main Bessie Head Library and eleven branch libraries. The Bessie Head Library has a wide range of resources including books, large-print books, newspapers and periodicals, audio-books, DVDs, videos, music CDs and scores, and CD ROMs for all age groups.

Within the branch libraries: there are three large libraries, Northdale, Georgetown and Eastwood and five smaller ones, Ashburton, Woodlands, Sobantu, Ashdown, Alexandra, Mafunze, Elandskop and Slangspruit. The branch libraries offer a smaller range of materials than is available at the main library but make every effort to meet the needs of the communities they serve. A limited Adult Reference service is available at Northdale, Georgetown and Eastwood libraries. Georgetown provides a study area and a Travelling Library service to schools.

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Libraries have traditionally been one of the primary sources of information for citizens. The Internet, however, has liberated much of the information that was once only contained in physical artifacts. In order to remain relevant Msunduzi Municipal Library Services need to ensure that they are adapting to this new environment, meeting the information needs of their patrons and providing the unique curation, expert advice, and services that our patrons demand and which the library is well poised to provide. Patrons are no longer just consumers of content, but producers as well, and the role of the library is to provide access to the knowledge and resources to help people learn the skills needed to participate in and accomplish work/ tasks in this changing landscape

During the 2017/2018 financial year, all libraries were maintained and some maintenance would be completed by the end of August 2018. A comprehensive number of books were purchased. Renovations were undertaken at Sobantu, Woodlands and Georgetown Libraries. This has provided more spacious and conducive environments for library patrons. Plans have been finalized for the Mobile Library Service to reach communities and schools that have no access to books. Most of the vacant posts were advertised and the recruitment process commenced. Eight Librarian posts were filled and eight contact cataloguers were employed.

**TABLE 82: LIBRARY USAGE** 

| Library     | Adult  | Children | Young Adult | Total  |
|-------------|--------|----------|-------------|--------|
| Bessie Head | 45 235 | 26 932   | 9 852       | 82 019 |
| Northdale   | 7 345  | 6 983    | 3 960       | 18 288 |
| Eastwood    | 3 641  | 5 214    | 1 774       | 10 629 |
| Woodlands   | 2 529  | 3 855    | 1 371       | 7 755  |
| Georgetown  | 1 187  | 2 916    | 1 319       | 5 422  |
| Ashburton   | 1 963  | 1 553    | 826         | 4342   |
| Sobantu     | 118    | 1 813    | 976         | 2 907  |
| Alexandra   | 1 759  | 795      | 165         | 2 719  |
| Ashdown     | 692    | 1 234    | 484         | 2 410  |
| Elandskop   | 419    | 1093     | 245         | 1 757  |
| Mafunze     | 116    | 322      | 379         | 817    |
| Slangspruit | 433    | 1 093    | 245         | 1 771  |

#### C.6.1.4.7.4. THEATRES AND COMMUNITY HALLS

There are 73 community halls and 1 theatre in the Msunduzi Municipality, which are hired and used by members of the community. The major challenge experienced by Council with regard to these facilities relates to recuperating all operational costs relating to the service that is being charged for. Halls have been upgraded and renovated. Priority was given to halls in Vulindlela areas. There are insufficient funds for the maintenance of Halls.

#### C.6.1.4.7.5. PARKS AND OPEN SPACES

The following table summarises the number of parks and open spaces in the Municipality. Maintenance of these facilities has been problematic, at times.

**TABLE 83: PARKS AND OPEN SPACES** 

| DESCRIPTION | NUMBER | AREA (m2) |
|-------------|--------|-----------|
| PARKS       | 16     | 1,913,800 |
| OPEN SPACES | 133    | 4.002,000 |



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#### C.6.1.4.7.6. CEMETERIES AND CREMATORIA

The Municipality has reviewed its strategies in the Cemetery and Crematoria Sector Plan. The Sector Plan proposes, among other things, alternative burial methods in response to the fact that the city is running out of burial areas, as is the case in other cities. Community involvement and participation is essential to ensure buy- in. The Municipality operates three cemeteries, namely the Azalea, Snathing, and Mountain Rise Cemeteries. There are three crematoria at Mountain Rise, two of which are operational. The identification of a new cemetery is vital, as the lack of burial space in the existing cemeteries will seriously impact on service delivery in the near future. There is a need to obtain authority from the Department of Housing to utilize 10 hectares of the 30 hectares authorized cemetery at Ethembeni. The ROD on the new site needs to be fast tracked in order to alleviate the problems of burial space and initiate the process of developing Hollingwood as a cemetery site since there is a negative ROD for housing. New cemeteries is vital to accommodate burials for 50 years

#### C.6.1.4.8. COMMUNITY SAFETY

In terms of National Crime Prevention Strategy, the Provincial Department of Community Safety and Liaison is the custodian of the Community Safety Plan, with plans being formulated in each of the District Municipalities. Local municipalities, like the Msunduzi Municipality, are then responsible for providing inputs into the District Municipality's plan. The Department of Community Safety and Liaison has deployed a staff member to the uMgungundlovu.

District Municipality to facilitate the preparation of the plan. Due to the fact that the DM does not have a champion to drive the process, the Msunduzi Municipality is liaising directly with the provincial official to facilitate data capture in terms of the guidelines. The department of Public Safety helps ensure a safe environment and improve the quality of life through effective Traffic policing combined with efficient use of security officers. Traffic services include: Control and regulating all forms of Traffic, promote education and training on the road and traffic safety. Attend scenes of motor vehicle collisions and assist with traffic control, removal of injured persons and removal of vehicles so that traffic may glow freely again. Eliminate points of congestion, obstruction, hindrance, interference or danger to vehicles and pedestrians.

#### C.6.1.4.8.1. SAFE CITY:

#### **Primary**

- The monitoring of traffic and Municipal Bylaws such as littering, street gambling and illegal trading.
- Facilitating the Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR) system for the execution of outstanding traffic warrants and the recovery outstanding revenue when required
- The prevention, detection and investigation of crime
- The maintenance of existing CCTV system
- Advise municipality on expansion of CCTV system
- Oversee the design, specification and installation of new CCTV equipment.

#### Secondary

- Facilitating the Disaster Man
- The monitoring of gatherings, marches and events of public interest within camera visual area.
- Attend meetings with the Municipality to determine possible additional services.
- Liaise with Community Police Forums, Bank Task Group and Non Ferrous Forum.
- Informing the public and business community regarding current crime tendencies and advice them on crime prevention strategy
- Receive and decimate crime information and public complaints via the Safe City SMS Safe project to the relevant role-players'.

|   | SERVICE STATISTICS FOR TRAFFIC, SAFETY & SECURITY        |            |              |            |              |  |  |
|---|--|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|--|--|
|   | D ( )  | 2014/2015  | 2015/        | 2015/2016  |              |  |  |
|   | Details  | Actual No. | Estimate No. | Actual No. | Estimate No. |  |  |
| 1 | Number of road traffic accidents during the year         | 739        | 813          | 651        | 630          |  |  |
| 2 | Number of by-law infringements attended                  | 31000      | 31279        | 31218      | 31500        |  |  |
| 3 | Number of police officers in the field on an average day | 62         | 44           | 62         | 100          |  |  |
| 4 | Number of police officers on duty on an average day      | 36         | 22           | 36         | 70           |  |  |

|                         |                                  |                    |  | TR   | AFFIC, SAFETY & SECURITY  | POLICY OBJECTIVES TAKEN  | FROM IDP                              |   |   |                                       |   |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|--|------|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|
|                         | 2016/2017                        |                    |  |      |   |  | 2016/2017 2015/2016                   |   |   |                                       | 2017/2018   |
| SDBIP / OP<br>REFERENCE | NATIONAL KEY<br>PERFORMANCE AREA | PROGRAMME          | PROJECT  | WARD | ANNUAL TARGET   | ANNUAL PROGRESS -<br>ACTUAL  | ACTUAL (1,2,3,4,5,<br>Not Applicable) | ANNUAL TARGET   | ANNUAL PROGRESS -<br>ACTUAL   | ACTUAL (1,2,3,4,5,<br>Not Applicable) | ANNUAL TARGET   |
| PSDM 04                 | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING        | Traffic & security | Road Safety,<br>Alcohol, Drug and<br>Substance abuse<br>campaign | All  | 144 x road safety<br>awareness sessions<br>conducted by the 30th<br>of June 2016  | 158 x road safety<br>awareness sessions<br>conducted by the 30th<br>of June 2016                         | 3 (100% - 129%)                       | 120 road safety awareness<br>sessions conducted by the<br>30th of June 2016   | 149 road safety<br>awareness sessions<br>conducted by the 30th<br>of June 2016  | 3 (100% - 129%)                       | 156 x road safety awareness<br>sessions conducted by the<br>30th of June 2018   |
| PSDM 05                 | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING        | Traffic & security | Fire Arm Audit   | N/A  | 4 x Fire arm audit<br>conducted in<br>Compliance with Fire<br>Arms Controls Act by<br>the 30th June 2017                          | 4 x Fire arm audit<br>conducted in<br>Compliance with Fire<br>Arms Controls Act by the<br>30th June 2017 | 3 (100% - 129%)                       | 4 x Fire arm audits<br>conducted in Compliance<br>with Fire Arms Controls Act by<br>the 30th of June 2016                         | 4 x Fire arm audits<br>conducted in<br>Compliance with Fire<br>Arms Controls Act by<br>the 30th of June 2016                      | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | 4 x Fire arm audits conducted<br>in Compliance with Fire Arms<br>Controls Act by the 30th of<br>June 2018                         |
| PSDM 06                 | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING        | Traffic & security | Fire Arm Training<br>for all municipal<br>firearm holders        | N/A  | 2 x Fire Arm Training/Fire<br>Arm Refresher Course<br>for all municipal fire<br>arm holders conducted<br>by the 30th of June 2017 | Arm Refresher Course<br>for all municipal fire arm<br>holders conducted by                               | 3 (100% - 129%)                       | 2 x Fire Arm Training/Fire<br>Arm Refresher Course for all<br>municipal fire arm holders<br>conducted by the 30th of<br>June 2016 | 2 x Fire Arm Training/Fire<br>Arm Refresher Course<br>for all municipal fire<br>arm holders conducted<br>by the 30th of June 2016 | 3 (100% - 129%)                       | 2 x Fire Arm Training/Fire<br>Arm Refresher Course for all<br>municipal fire arm holders<br>conducted by the 30th of<br>June 2018 |

| EMPLOYEE: TRAFFIC, SAFETY & SECURITY |                  |           |   |     |    |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------|---|-----|----|--|--|--|
| Job Level                            | 2015/2016        |           | 2016/2017   |     |    |  |  |  |
| Police/Administrators                | Employees<br>No. | Posts No. | Posts No. Employees No. Vacancies (fulltime Vacancies (as a % of equivalents No. total posts) % |     |    |  |  |  |
| T01-T03                              | 3                | 3         | 3   | 0   | 0  |  |  |  |
| T04-T08                              | 95               | 222       | 161   | 61  | 27 |  |  |  |
| T09-T13                              | 149              | 221       | 134   | 87  | 39 |  |  |  |
| T14-T18                              | 2                | 11        | 6   | 5   | 45 |  |  |  |
| T19-T22                              | -                | -         | •   | •   | -  |  |  |  |
| T23-T25                              | -                |           |   | •   | -  |  |  |  |
| Total                                | 249              | 457       | 304   | 153 | 33 |  |  |  |



### C.6.1.5. EASE OF DOING BUSNIESS/ RED TAPE REDUCTION

#### C.6.1.5.1. MSUNDUZI EASE OF DOING BUSINESS/RED TAPE REDUCTION AS A STRATEGIC INTERVENTION AREA.

National Treasury is partnering with the DTIC Invest SA and the Presidency in advancing South Africa's Doing Business reform programme at the national level.

Simultaneously, National Treasury is collaborating the World Bank and the eight (8) metropolitan municipalities to implement the Sub-National Doing Business (SNDB) reform programme, following the completion of the 2015 and 2018 SNDB surveys that measure the business regulation environment in (five) Doing Business indicators, including Registering Property in the eight (8) metropolitan (metro) municipalities and Msunduzi.

IN 2018, Msunduzi Municipality ranked 3rd municipality in South Africa with an ease of doing business which deals with construction permits. This is an indicator to ease of doing business which measures efficiency and building quality control index. The municipality shows an improvement at 73.17 score tallying behind 2nd place-eThekwini Municipality by just 0, 48 points. This is indicative of the work done by the municipality in collaboration with the Provincial government.

TABLE 84: KEY RESULTS OF DOING BUSINESS SOUTH AFRICA 2018

|   | Dealing construction                        |                  | Getting ele                                 | Getting electricity |   | Registering property |   | Enforcing contracts |  |
|---|---|------------------|---|---------------------|---|----------------------|---|---------------------|--|
| Location                                  | Distance<br>to frontier<br>score<br>(0-100) | Ranking<br>(1-9) | Distance<br>to frontier<br>score<br>(0-100) | Ranking<br>(1-9)    | Distance<br>to frontier<br>score<br>(0-100) | Ranking<br>(1-9)     | Distance<br>to frontier<br>score<br>(0-100) | Ranking<br>(1-9)    |  |
| Buffalo City (East London)                | 71.66                                       | 6                | 59.40                                       | 5                   | 57.81                                       | 6                    | 51.48                                       | 9                   |  |
| Cape Town<br>(Cape Town)                  | 75.48                                       | 1                | 79.81                                       | 1                   | 54.69                                       | 7                    | 54.71                                       | 7                   |  |
| Ekurhuleni<br>(Germiston)                 | 71.81                                       | 4                | 52.09                                       | 6                   | 58.48                                       | 4                    | 55.58                                       | 5                   |  |
| eThekwini<br>(Durban)                     | 73.65                                       | 2                | 69.40                                       | 2                   | 54.58                                       | 8                    | 55.74                                       | 4                   |  |
| Johannesburg (Johannesburg)               | 68.16                                       | 8                | 68.77                                       | 3                   | 59.68                                       | 2                    | 54.10                                       | 8                   |  |
| Mangaung (Bloemfontein)                   | 71.25                                       | 7                | 59.82                                       | 4                   | 59.73                                       | 1                    | 59.01                                       | 1                   |  |
| Msunduzi<br>(Pietermaritzburg)            | 73.17                                       | 3                | 47.59                                       | 8                   | 52.78                                       | 9                    | 58.78                                       | 2                   |  |
| Nelson Mandela<br>Bay (Port<br>Elizabeth) | 71.70                                       | 5                | 42.19                                       | 9                   | 57.93                                       | 5                    | 54.85                                       | 6                   |  |
| Tshwane (Pretoria)                        | 66.25                                       | 9                | 51.24                                       | 7                   | 59.39                                       | 3                    | 56.14                                       | 3                   |  |

Source: Doing Business SA 2018



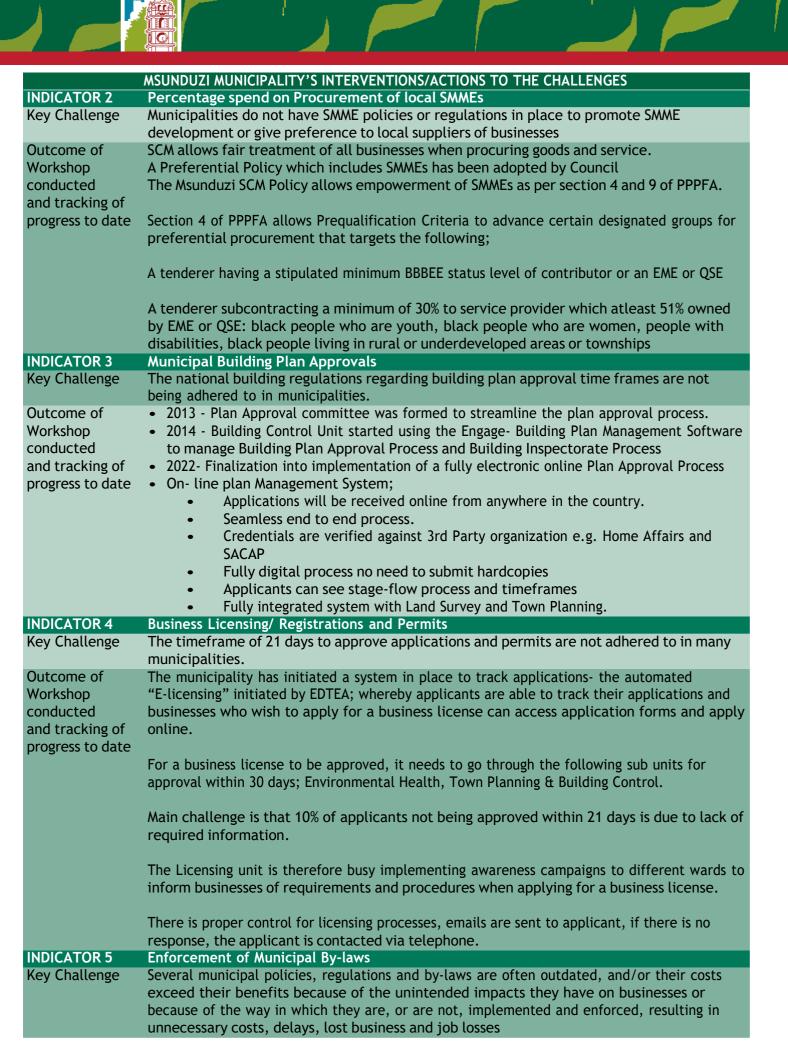
The seven indicators outlined below have distinct symptoms and have been identified as common areas where Red Tape is experienced with the local sphere of government and poses as key threats or constraints in ease of doing business. The role of business in the Municipal space is an area of interest where business regulation and processes must be able to foster growth in support of employment and income-generating activities. To this effect, LED ensures that the below threats to businesses are minimized.

**TABLE 85: REDRAPE ACTION PLAN** 

|                    | MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY'S REDTAPE ACTION PLAN  |
|--------------------|--|
| INDICATOR 1        | Lengthy and inefficient supply chain management processes (which ultimately affects the 30-day payment system to SMMEs).   |
| Key Challenge      | Ineffective and inefficient supply chain management processes and controls which result in municipal under-expenditure, which undermines service delivery. This results in irregular, wasteful expenditure and corruption. Ultimately the time stipulated to pay service providers is more than the legislated 30-day maximum period which impacts on business cash flow, sustainability and unemployment. |
| INDICATOR 2        | Percentage spend on Procurement of local SMMEs   |
| Key Challenge      | Municipalities do not have SMME policies or regulations in place to promote SMME development or give preference to local suppliers of businesses   |
| INDICATOR 3        | Municipal Building Plan Approvals  |
| Key Challenge      | The national building regulations regarding building plan approval time frames are not being adhered to in municipalities.   |
| INDICATOR 4        | Business Registrations and Permits   |
| Key Challenge      | The timeframe of 21 days to approve applications and permits are not adhered to in many municipalities.  |
| INDICATOR 5        | Enforcement of Municipal By-laws   |
| Key Challenge      | Several municipal policies, regulations and by-laws are often outdated, and/or their costs exceed their benefits because of the unintended impacts they have on businesses or because of the way in which they are, or are not, implemented and enforced, resulting in unnecessary costs, delays, lost business and job losses   |
| <b>INDICATOR 6</b> | Complaints Notifications System  |
| Key Challenge      | There is either no known channel or means for residents or businesses to submit service delivery complaints to the municipality, OR when complaints are submitted, the municipality does not provide service-specific time frames by which complainants can expect a response from the municipality.   |
| INDICATOR 7        | Communication of Information   |
| Key Challenge      | Lack of or poor communication systems, processes and channels resulting in difficulty in accessing municipal information relevant to residents and/or businesses.  |

TABLE 86: INTERVENTIONS/ACTIONS TO THE CHALLENGES: EASE OF DOING BUSINESS / RED TAPE REDUCTION

|  | MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY'S INTERVENTIONS/ACTIONS TO THE CHALLENGES  |
|--|--|
| INDICATOR 1                                      | Lengthy and inefficient supply chain management processes (which ultimately affects the 30-day payment system to SMMEs).   |
| Key Challenge                                    | Ineffective and inefficient supply chain management processes and controls which result in municipal under-expenditure, which undermines service delivery. This results in irregular, wasteful expenditure and corruption. Ultimately the time stipulated to pay service providers is more than the legislated 30-day maximum period which impacts on business cash flow, sustainability and unemployment. |
| Outcome of Workshop                              | The Municipality ensures that all payments are processed within 30 days as per MFMA  |
| conducted<br>and tracking of<br>progress to date | The municipality have two payment runs (15 and 30 every month) and urgent payment runs are approved when necessary   |
|  | The municipality may have challenges to meet 30 days' deadline due to cash flow challenges and that all payments must be approved by the Accounting Officer  |





### C.6.1.5.2 KZN AUTOMATED BUSINESS LICENSING AND INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

The Automated System emanated from the execution of the Business Licensing Function as per the Business Act of 1991, no.71 of 1991 which was devolved to municipalities for implementation on behalf of the administrator of the Act whom is the MEC for EDTEA in the province.

The system therefore is the mechanism or tool used to ensure the licensing function is executed effectively and efficiently in a way that will reduce red-tape and provide efficient and effective ways of doing business by allowing applicants the option to either apply for licenses and or permits at the comfort of their homes/offices or by visiting the Municipality where the application process would be quick and easy to monitor.

The initiative sought to provide automated seamless systematic processes in relation to application, registration and issuing and/or refusal in issuing Business Licenses and Informal Economy Trading Permits within all Municipalities in the Province.

The circular signed by the HOD for COGTA in the province, directing all municipalities to implement the system is another instruction that compelled the municipality to use the system in order to address socio-political landscape of the licensing regime of Msunduzi Municipality.

### C.6.1.5.2.1 BUSINESS LICENSING UNIT

#### **E LICENSING**

The Msunduzi Municipality was requested by EDTEA to establish and implement the EDTEA Automated Licencing System.

The EDTEA Automated System was designed to provide economic data and customers' easy access to apply for businesses online thus reducing the number of people coming to the offices.

The system has proven to be more accessible however there is a challenge due to connectivity which results in delays on application process.

The challenges identified are forwarded to EDTEA for escalation to SETA who are the programme designers.

### C.6.1.5.2.2 LIST OF SUMMONS ISSUED FOR JANUARY 2024

In total 5 summons were issued for January 2024

| NO. | ISSUED<br>DATE | SUMMONS<br>NO | BUSINESS NAME           | BUSINESS<br>ADDRESS         | CONTACT<br>PERSON     | DATE OF<br>TRIAL | LICENSING INSPECTOR |
|-----|----------------|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| 1   | 20/1/2024      | 5975          | GIFT SUPERMARKET        | 691 DR CHOTA<br>MOTALA ROAD | SITATU MULATU         | 15/03/2024       | T. ZUMA             |
| 2   | 20/1/2024      | 6084          | NOWSHINS<br>SUPERMARKET | 665 KHAN ROAD               | MOHAMED<br>ALAM       | 15/03/2024       | E.ZONDI             |
| 3   | 20/1/2024      | 6089          | NAKEE THAI<br>MASSAGE   | 676 DR CHOTA<br>MOTALA ROAD | NOKWANDA<br>MKHIZE    | 15/03/2024       | E.ZONDI             |
| 4   | 26/1/2024      | 6091          | DEBONAIRS               | 29 LANGALIBALELE<br>STREET  | ANDILE<br>SINDANE     | 15/03/2024       | T. ZUMA             |
| 5   | 26/1/2024      | 5976          | PEDROS                  | 150 BOSHOFF<br>STREET       | NHLAKANIPHO<br>MBHELE | 22/03/2024       | T. ZUMA             |

#### C.6.1.6. FUNDING AND IMPLEMENTATION

### C.6.1.6.1. SOCIAL LABOUR PLAN PROJECTS IN THE IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

Social Labour Plans are initiatives for how the municipality can develop the skills of its employees, how it can upgrade local roads, schools and with providing more housing, water and sanitation. The purpose of this plan is to drive transformation and promote economic growth within the Msunduzi Municipality. Furthermore, the Msunduzi Municipality Social Labour plan projects will be included on the 2024 LED Strategy.

### C.6.1.6.2. LED IMPLEMENTATION ON NON-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDING SOURCES

### The Collen Mashawana Foundation

The Collen Mashawana Foundation together with the Old Mutual Foundation handed over brand new homes to two disadvantaged families that were affected by the KZN severe flooding. On May 14 2022, the Collen Mashawana Foundation's representatives and the Social Development Minister Lindiwe Zulu, visited the two families and committed their contributions to rebuilding homes to these families.

### The Progressive Professionals Forum

Due to the COVID 19 pandemic, the PPF partnered with the Msunduzi Municipality Development Services Sub-Unit to support and assist informal street traders with food parcels and sanitizers.

### Covid-19 And 2021 July Unrest

20 informal traders that were affected by the 2021 July unrest and the Covid-19 pandemic, were assisted with R3000 relief vouchers to assist them in sustaining and growing their businesses as well blankets which implemented up to the value of R30 000. The handover of the relief vouchers was done by the Minister of Social Development, Lindiwe Zulu, together with Msunduzi Municipality Mayor Mzimkhulu Thebolla, at the Pietermaritzburg City Hall. These traders were identified by the Local Economic Development Unit in collaboration with the Informal Economy and Street Trading Chamber.



### C.6.1.6.3. FORMAL BUSINESSES IN THE MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY

The Msunduzi Municipality, Development Services Business Unit Business Retention and Expansion (BR&E) is currently doing concurrent surveys on formal businesses. Business Retention and Expansion BR&E) is conducting a data collection and verification for formal businesses in the Industrial areas, Mkondeni industrial Area and Willowton Industrial Area. The purpose of the survey, data collection and verification of businesses in the Industrial areas is to develope the Msunduzi Municipality Business Directory. The business directory will include all Industrial areas including CBD, Greater Edendale Area, Mkondeni Industrial Area and Willowton Industrial. This will include:

- Build new listings on top directories and industry websites.
- Fix incorrect listings that confuse customers and hurt local rankings.
- Distribute business information to 100s of directories via Local Data Base.
- Remove harmful, duplicate listings.
- Free business listings

The Msunduzi Municipality Businesses Directory will include Small-scale businesses emanating from the Business Retention and Expansion business survey process. Business Retention and Expansion programmes aid to enhance the profile of businesses within the local community.

### C.6.1.6.4. MAJOR DEVELOPMENTS/CATALYTIC PROJECTS

### Lion Park Warehousing

Lion Park Warehousing is a light industrial development comprising warehousing and office sites (for the storage and distribution of goods by road) as well as sites for factory shops and showrooms. The development property is approximately 25.2 hectares in size with the development comprising of 35 subdivisions ranging from 1336m2 to 28615m2. The development is located in Ashburton near Lynnfield Park. Making slow progress - vast number of environmental conditions to comply with. Rita Light Industrial Park, Lynnfield Park.

The development involves the establishment of a light industrial park near Lynnfield Park. The development property is approximately 19.4 hectares, of which 17.19 hectares will be developed and comprises 17 light industrial stands, one general business zone, and open spaces. The proposed onsite sewage package plant will be situated on the lowest lying portion of the property. The wetland covers an area of approximately 2 hectares and will remain undeveloped and a 20 meter buffer has been delineated to ensure that no development will take place within this zone. Approvals have been done, except for environmental conditions as under. The time frame for complying with all these is not certain and up to the Developer.

### Willwood Park

The Willowood park development will offer industrial accommodation for "trade retail" enterprises. Phase 3 and 4 of the development have been successfully completed:

- Phase 3 encompassed the retail development which included the modification and improvements to existing facilities.
- Phase 4 comprised of proving and formalising additional customer and staff parking.

The project has not commenced with the development of the remainder of the property up to Orthman Road.

### **Woodhouse Road Student Accommodation**

The Local Economic Development Unit is preparing to advertise and dispose of this site, as well as the Scottsville Bowling Club site. The property is now zoned "General Residential" zone in terms of the Pietermaritzburg Town Planning Scheme. The use of the application site for "Residential Building" student accommodation is in accordance to the Pietermaritzburg Town Planning Scheme. The application for subdivision has also been approved and the survey will be done internally by Land Survey section.

### Camp's drift Waterfront

Environmental Authorisation for this proposed development was granted by the Department of Economic Development, Tourism and Environmental Affairs on 04th February 2015. In terms of the Environmental Authorization a number of additional studies are required before construction can commence. These include: a Traffic Impact Study, green building design, amended environmental management plan, and a landscape plan. Final building plans must also be approved by the Municipality prior to construction commencing. A Water User Licence will be required. This has been communicated to the Developer for their attention. The developer is working on these outstanding requirements including building plans and the Water User Licence application. Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act (SPLUMA) has been submitted to the town planning department and currently pending Municipal Planning Tribunal approval.

### Mphushini Business Park

This was a proposed mixed-use development, comprising a logistics park and office, on a 20.5 hectare site in Ashburton, and the investment value is R1.7 billion. The site was sold to another developer who is proposing to change the condition of the development rights granted for the property. Planning application was approved in terms of the KZN PDA.

### **Hillcove Hills**

This is currently the largest proposed residential/mixed-use development in the municipality, on a site 483 hectares in extent between Bellevue and Ashburton. The proposal is for 1369 residential units of various densities, 200,000m2 office and commercial space, 10 Community Facility, and public and private open space. The development will be done in a number of phases, with the second phase requiring a major upgrade of bulk services, which will be to the developer's cost. The application has been considered by Full Council and currently pending Full Council Approval.

### Sinathing Forest Community Plantation Project

Thathakonke Primary Agricultural Cooperative Limited is currently leasing a (1012 hectares) degraded municipal land to develop it into a commercial forestry business. The Snathing Forest Community Plantation project is a viable forestry estate that requires recapitalization and replanting in order to reduce environmental degradation, job creation, maintain biodiversity and contribute to improved carbon sequestration. The Snathing Forest Community Plantation project is an ongoing project with a twenty-five (25) year memorandum of the lease signed on the 17th December 2013 the lessor is Msunduzi Municipality and lessee is Thathakonke Agricultural Cooperative Limited.

- SAPPI committed R500, 000, 00 toward Sinathing Forest Community Plantation Project
- 50 hectares SAPPI Project grow, growing gum trees for commercial purposes.
- The Industrial Development Corporation approved funding for R27.87m for Thathakonke Agricultural Cooperative Limited/Okuhle injected towards an establishment of 600 hectares of Leaf Garden Plantation within a Partnership Agreement with Busby Oils Natal (Pty) Ltd.
- Industrial Development Committee Financial Facilities
- Thathakonke Agricultural Cooperative Limited/Okuhle SSS (Pty) Limited Leaf Garden Approval letter detail the following financial information in a simplified and tabular summary for this purpose:

| Facilities  | Туре        | Amounts         | Term  |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|-------|
| Pref. Share | Semi-equity | R23 million     | 16yrs |
| VAT Loan    | Loan        | R0.301 million  | 5yrs  |
| BS Loan     | Loan        | R0.337 million  | 7yrs  |
| BS Grant    | Grant       | R0.0337 million | N/A   |
| DIS Loan    | Loan        | R0.195 million  | 7yrs  |
| DIS Grant   | Grant       | R3.7 million    | N/A   |
| Total       |             | R27.87 million  | 16yrs |



### Kings of Midlands Tyre Fitment Centre Project

The Kings of Midlands Secondary Cooperative Limited is local registered business founded by taxi association; the taxi association is originally from Grange Westgate in Pietermaritzburg in KwaZulu Natal. Kings of Midlands Secondary Cooperative with registration number 2012/006750/25 is an existing, Tyre fitment centre, Fuel Service Station, Spares Shop and Panel Beating Service Centre cooperative consisting of eight (8) founding members and provide services to taxis, private vehicles around KwaZulu Natal Province.

The Department of Small Business Development has committed funds to the value of R9.8 Million towards the King of Midlands project. These funds have been used to purchase equipment, which is currently being housed and untiled at an interim location in Victoria Road on a 2 year lease agreement while awaiting final transfer of the above-mentioned property from DOHS to the Kings of Midlands Cooperative.

The site identified for the project is Portion 13 of Erf 1887 Pietermaritzburg, boarded by Mayors Walk, Griffin and Havelock Roads, and is in the ownership of the Department Of Human Settlements. The rationale behind the project is that the taxi industry is one of the biggest consumers of fuel, tyres and spare parts, yet receives very little compensation or direct benefit in return. There are in excess of 4,200 minibus taxis operating in the city, which represents a huge market for the services that will be provided through the project.

### **Smart City Concept**

A smart city is a designation given to a city that incorporates information and communication technologies (ICT) to enhance the quality and performance of urban services such as energy, transportation and utilities in order to reduce resource consumption, wastage and overall costs.

The Local Economic Development (LED) units envision Pietermaritzburg as a smart city that uses digital technologies to enhance the city's performance, ensure the well-being of its citizens, and to engage more effectively and actively with its citizens. In achieving a "smart city", the Municipality aims to improve ICT infrastructure within Msunduzi Municipality as it will in turn have multiple benefits on educational institutions, hospitals, clinics and local governance in the municipality.

### Strategic Land Release

The Local Economic Development Unit has formulated a key strategy which encourages the strategic release of land and premises for investment and economic development related activities. This strategy aims to create a catalytic mixed-use development, high impact, as this will attract national and local investments. Below is a list of the identified Strategic and Investment sites which can be disposed:

- Mkhondeni
- 40 Haworth Road
- Imbali Unit CC
- 1 Ormond Road Central
- Skhumbuzo Ngwenya
- Chase Valley, Chase Valley Road
- Caravan Park, Hayfields
- Armitage Road
- Woodhouse, Scottsville
- Corner Street Patricks & New England
- Corner Street FJ Sithole & Mthombothi

### **Catalytic Projects**

These projects have the potential to have a major impact on the economy of Msunduzi and the Region or, at the very least impact positively on the future of a specific economic sector

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| NO | Project Name   | Project details   | Estimated valuate  | Time period  |
|----|--|---|--|--|
| 01 | Inner City Housing -<br>CRU Development at<br>Northern Gateway<br>(Jika Joe) | Construction of 1000 flats. Phase 1 is 636 units currently under construction.  | R 440M (Funded by<br>department of Human<br>Settlement) and R70m<br>funded from MIG. | Short term, to be completed by 2022.   |
| 02 | CBD<br>Regeneration  | <ul> <li>Public realm aesthetic upgrade</li> <li>Visible policing (Freedom square &amp; parks)</li> <li>PPPs on 'problem' buildings</li> <li>Visible enforcement and waste management</li> <li>City Cleanup and awareness campaign</li> </ul>   | (Media,<br>Communication &<br>Marketing)   | +-R200m  |
| 03 | Edendale Town<br>Centre  | The project is a mixed use development project that aims to bring land uses that are typically found in towns and cities such as offices, retail, government uses, medium density residential and light industrial activity. The project aims to bring spatial and economic transformation in previously disadvantaged areas. To also ensure that the municipality provides sustainable human settlements through rolling out a project that provides different social and economic opportunities | Total Estimated Value= R3,5 Billion  | Short term (0-3 yrs) Medium term (3-5 yrs) Long term (5-10 years)  (Multi-year project that will be implemented in phases) |
| 04 | Leather hub flagship<br>Project  | EDTEA has acquired the old tannery in Plessislaer. They've issued a tender for proposal calls for engineering designs - adjudication of tenders and appointment of service provider is under way.  Funding is available via Ithala, who are the project managers. There is a steering committee in place, but so far there's been no input from the private sector, prospective tenants.  | +-R 100M   | Short term   |
| 05 | Re-Development of<br>Ematsheni Beerhall                                      | Earmarked for inclusion of previously disadvantaged group on the value chain [support informal economy - various sector] e.g. adopt Durban Warwick Strategy. Fresh Produce Market for SMMEs. Create economic activity in previously marginalised and create value chain for SMMEs   | +-R14 Million  | Short term   |
| 06 | Aluminium Hub<br>Development   | The acquisition of land for the project is still yet to be approved by the Council, The project is already registered with KZN Economic Development for Funding   | Planning R1,2 Million<br>and capital R80 million<br>estimated                        | Medium term  |



| NO | Project Name   | Project details  | Estimated valuate | Time period                       |
|----|--|--|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 07 | Edendale Auto<br>Service Hub   | <ul> <li>Possible sites for the projects have been identified.</li> <li>Service data have been presented to the consultants( electricity, water, and drainage pipelines)</li> <li>EIA has been done and awaiting report.</li> <li>EDTEA and Ithala is still in the process of leasing or buying the official site from the Msunduzi Municipality.</li> </ul>   | To be determined  | Medium term                       |
| 08 | Imbali Youth<br>Enterprise Park  | <ul> <li>YEP is located in Imbali within Greater Edendale.</li> <li>Its modified containers configured to create decent working space for a variety of activities to support the start-up and incubation of innovative businesses.</li> <li>Detail designs and costing completed</li> </ul>  | +-R39 million     | 2 year<br>programme               |
| 09 | Manaye Precinct<br>Development<br>(Liberation heritage<br>project in Edendale) | <ul> <li>Precinct plan completed</li> <li>Phasing plan completed</li> <li>Detail designs completed for infrastructure relocation and upgrade</li> <li>Phase 1A in course of construction, additional funding required for remaining phase</li> </ul>   | +-R300m           | Short to<br>medium                |
| 10 | Airport Precinct<br>Development  | <ul> <li>Airport Master Plan and Precinct plan completed</li> <li>EIA submitted and approved</li> <li>Transnet to decommission the railway line in favour of the Airport entrance through the Market Road</li> <li>Technology hub: Assistance in terms of infrastructure funding (all detail plans are in place and technical studies)</li> <li>Parallel taxi way as an alternative to the current runway (funding required)</li> <li>Relocation of the terminal building in line with the new access to the airport through market road</li> <li>Detail planning and disposal for sites for hangers and industrial development within Airport Precinct</li> </ul> | +- R 500m         | Short to medium                   |
| 11 | Oribi Village -<br>Residential Village   | The project aims at refurbishing existing Units, demolishing certain units, construction of new social housing units and the transfer of existing free standing houses.  | -+R600m           | Mid Term<br>completion by<br>2024 |
| 12 | Inner City:<br>Legislative Precinct<br>Development                             | This is a medium to long- term initiative which will see the development of a new legislature precinct that will better cater for the needs of the legislature and facilitate good governance.  Concept design, detail designs, bill of quantities and SPLUMA process (Required)   | +-R500m           | Long Term                         |

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| NO | Project Name   | Project details  | Estimated valuate                   | Time period         |
|----|--|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 13 | Airport International<br>Convention Centre<br>and 5 star Hotel             | Land disposal, thereafter, Technical studies and construction  | +-R50m ( Private<br>development)    | Short Term          |
| 14 | Sanral Provincial<br>Office on the N3<br>(Mkhondeni Area)                  | Finalize and Dispose the site to SANRAL,   | +-R50m                              | Short term          |
| 15 | Market road extension onto the Airport                                     | Detail designs, bill of quantities and thereafter construction to follow through   | +-R 100m                            | Short to<br>medium  |
| 16 | MKMVA Residential<br>Planning Programme                                    | <ul> <li>The project was intended to release residential sites through land donation to KZN Department of Human Settlements for Military Veterans housing.</li> <li>To date, 8 houses have been constructed in Glenwood</li> </ul> | R 8 900 000                         | Medium term         |
| 17 | The Development of Incentives policies to assist the industrial investors. | The Incentives policy developed and consultation with business concluded Two Policies developed: 1.Industral Incentive Policy 2.Techno Hub Incentive Policy  | Industrial Investment<br>Attraction | Short term          |
| 18 | Industrial Efficiency<br>Program   | The project is currently being commissioned in three companies Hulamin, Dyster and Somta Tools is finished.  More companies have expressed interest in light of imminent electricity increases.                                    | Reduces operational<br>Costs        | Short term          |
| 19 | PMB Logistics Hub  | <ul> <li>Identified in terms of the SIP 2 Program</li> <li>Funding required for conceptual designs, detail and construction</li> </ul>   | +-R200m                             | Medium to long term |

### C.6.1.6.5. BUILDING PLAN APPROVAL

In terms of Building Plan approval, for the period July 2022 to January 2024, 430 plans were approved as per the table below:

### TABLE 87: BUILDING CONTROL INFORMATION - REPORT TO STATISTICS SOUTH AFRICA - NO OF UNITS

|           |      |      | APPROVED BUIL            | DING PL | AN INFORM          | AATION FOR THE I       | MSUNDUZI A    | AUNICIF | PALITY FO  | OR THE PERIOD 1 J  | ULY 20 | 022 TO 3                          | O JUNE 20 | 024 |  |              |
|-----------|------|------|--------------------------|---------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------|------------|--------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----|--|--------------|
| NO.       |      |      | 1                        |         | 3                  |                        | 2             | 4       |            |                    |        | 5                                 |           |     |  | 6            |
| MONTH     | Resi |      | Owelling Houses<br>Assed | Other   | Residential<br>Eto | l- Flats, Hotels,<br>c | RDP<br>Passed | Non F   | Residentia | al- Private Sector |        | Non Residential-<br>Public Sector |           | Al  | Alteration & Additions- All<br>Buildings |              |
|           | No.  | Area | Cost                     | No.     | Area               | Cost                   | RDP<br>Passed | No.     | Area       | Cost               | No.    | Area                              | Cost      | No. | Area                                     | Cost         |
| JULY      | 10   | 2809 | R18 587 000              | -       | •                  | -                      |               |         | •          | -                  |        | -                                 | -         | 34  | 3 240                                    | R19 208 000  |
| AUGUST    | 7    | 2812 | R23 400 800              | -       | -                  | -                      | -             | -       | -          | -                  | -      | -                                 | -         | 65  | 10 446                                   | R63 695 000  |
| SEPTEMBER | 1    | 200  | R1 300 000               | -       | -                  | -                      |               | 1       | 287        | R1 700 000         | -      | -                                 | -         | 35  | 2 336                                    | R2 182 000   |
| OCTOBER   | 4    | 1020 | R7 316 000               | -       | -                  | -                      |               |         | -          |                    | -      | -                                 | •         | 33  | 3 702                                    | R46 355 000  |
| NOVEMBER  | 5    | 751  | R4 492 000               | -       | -                  | -                      | -             | 1       | 749        | R9 000 000         | -      | -                                 |           | 31  | 1 618                                    | R10 522 000  |
| DECEMBER  | 8    | 651  | R6 239 000               | -       | -                  | -                      |               | 1       | 1606       | R10 000 000        |        | -                                 | -         | 20  | 2 335                                    | R13 426 000  |
| JANUARY   | 1    | 104  | R618 000                 | -       | -                  | -                      | -             | 2       | 3959       | R22 000 000        | -      | -                                 | -         | 8   | 1 383                                    | 8 454 000    |
| FEBRUARY  |      |      |                          |         |                    |                        |               |         |            |                    |        |                                   |           |     |  |              |
| MARCH     |      |      |                          |         |                    |                        |               |         |            |                    |        |                                   |           |     |  |              |
| APRIL     |      |      |                          |         |                    |                        |               |         |            |                    |        |                                   |           |     |  |              |
| MAY       |      |      |                          |         |                    |                        |               |         |            |                    |        |                                   |           |     |  |              |
| JUNE      |      |      |                          |         |                    |                        |               |         |            |                    |        |                                   |           |     |  |              |
| TOTAL     | 36   | 8347 | R61 952 800              | -       | •                  | -                      |               | 5       | 6601       | R42 700 000        | •      | -                                 |           | 226 | 25 060                                   | R163 842 000 |



### C.6.1.7. LEVELS OF EMPLOYMENT

### C.6.1.7.1. EMPLOYMENT

As can be seen in the figure below employment both in the province and uMgungundlovu district decreased however the employment levels in the district decreased by 3.5% between 201 and 2021. The sectors which lost most jobs in the district manufacturing trade, finance, community services and households. Between 2020 and 2021, the biggest increase in unemployment was seen, mostly driven by impacts from the COVID pandemic as well as social unrest experienced in 2021.

TABLE 88: TOTAL EMPLOYMENT BY ECONOMIC SECTORS - 2017 & 2021

|               | 201     | 7          | 201     | 8          | 201     | 9          | 202     | 20         | 202     | 1          |
|---------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|
|               | Number  | %<br>Share |
| uMgungundlovu | 313 175 | 100.0      | 317 686 | 100.0      | 321 410 | 100.0      | 295 569 | 100.0      | 271 790 | 100.0      |
| uMshwathi     | 26 594  | 8.5        | 26 947  | 8.5        | 27 345  | 8.5        | 24 774  | 8.4        | 22 776  | 8.4        |
| uMngeni       | 35 219  | 11.2       | 35 778  | 11.3       | 36 227  | 11.3       | 33 447  | 11.3       | 30 860  | 11.4       |
| Mpofana       | 12 225  | 3.9        | 12 390  | 3.9        | 12 555  | 3.9        | 11 373  | 3.8        | 10 373  | 3.8        |
| Impendle      | 3 914   | 1.2        | 3 962   | 1.2        | 4 032   | 1.3        | 3 562   | 1.2        | 3 216   | 1.2        |
| Msunduzi      | 206 071 | 65.8       | 209 099 | 65.8       | 211 335 | 65.8       | 194 814 | 65.9       | 178 998 | 65.9       |
| Mkhambathini  | 12 233  | 3.9        | 12 398  | 3.9        | 12 551  | 3.9        | 11 781  | 4.0        | 11 096  | 4.1        |
| Richmond      | 16 919  | 5.4        | 17 113  | 5.4        | 17 365  | 5.4        | 15 818  | 5.4        | 14 471  | 5.3        |

Source: IHS Markit, 2022

When we analysis individual municipality's within the district across the same period we can see that a significant number of the employed people are in Msunduzi 178 996 followed uMgeni which has 30 860 employed. There has been a general decline in terms of the number of people employed across all municipality's. It is work noting that Mkhambathini makes higher percentage of UMDM employment in 2021 than in 2017.

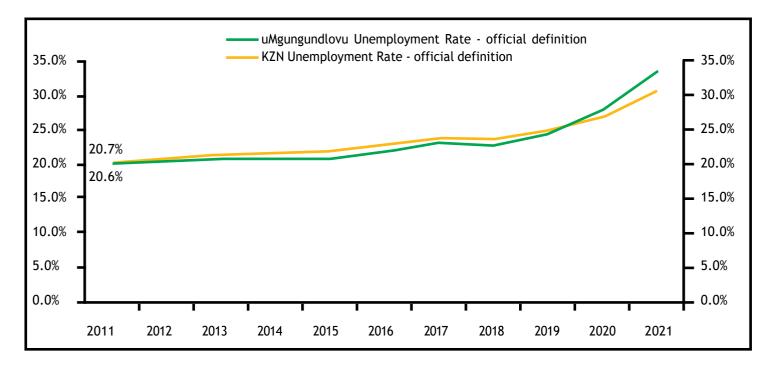
TABLE 89: TOTAL EMPLOYMENT LEVEL 2011 - 2021

|               | Unemp | oloyement | Rate - of | fficial def | inition | Unemplo | yement F | Rate - exp | anded de | efinition |
|---------------|-------|-----------|-----------|-------------|---------|---------|----------|------------|----------|-----------|
|               | 2017  | 2018      | 2019      | 2020        | 2021    | 2017    | 2018     | 2019       | 2020     | 2021      |
| uMgungundlovu | 23.1% | 23.1%     | 24.5%     | 27.8%       | 33.3%   | 34.6%   | 35.9%    | 36.8%      | 40.2%    | 46.6%     |
| uMshwathi     | 20.3% | 20.4%     | 21.5%     | 25.0%       | 30.4%   | 32.4%   | 33.7%    | 34.4%      | 38.0%    | 44.6%     |
| uMngeni       | 17.6% | 17.6%     | 18.8%     | 22.3%       | 27.4%   | 25.4%   | 26.4%    | 27.4%      | 31.1%    | 37.4%     |
| Mpofana       | 20.6% | 20.4%     | 21.5%     | 25.5%       | 30.9%   | 32.8%   | 33.8%    | 34.6%      | 38.6%    | 45.2%     |
| Impendle      | 32.0% | 31.8%     | 33.1%     | 38.0%       | 44.5%   | 58.4%   | 60.1%    | 60.2%      | 63.6%    | 69.5%     |
| Msunduzi      | 25.0% | 24.9%     | 26.4%     | 29.7%       | 35.2%   | 36.0%   | 37.2%    | 38.2%      | 41.4%    | 47.8%     |
| Mkhambathini  | 21.4% | 21.5%     | 22.9%     | 26.2%       | 31.6%   | 34.4%   | 36.0%    | 36.9%      | 40.2%    | 46.8%     |
| Richmond      | 18.5% | 18.5%     | 19.5%     | 22.7%       | 27.5%   | 36.0%   | 37.8%    | 38.3%      | 41.6%    | 48.2%     |

### C.6.1.7.2. UNEMPLOYMENT

In terms of official definition of employment the uMgungundlovu district has a higher unemployment rate of 33.3 % than the Provincial Unemployment rate of 30.8% in 2021. The unemployment increased from 20.7% in 2017. Between 2020 and 2021, the biggest increase in unemployment was seen, mostly driven by impacts from the COVID pandemic as well as social unrest experience.

FIGURE 15: UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (OFFICIAL) - 2011 - 2021 IN 2021



Source: IHS Markit. 2022

The table below dipicites the unemployment figures per municipality within uMgungundlovu district municipality, this for period 2017 to 2021 and looks at both the Official definition and explaned definition. As can be seen that unemployment is highest in impendle municipality and Richmond municipality for the 2021 when looking at the expanded definition.

### C.6.1.7.3. EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME (EPWP)

The infrastructure sector is led by the Department of Public Works (DPW). The Department also collaborates with the Departments of: Transport; Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs; Water Affairs; Mineral Resources; and Energy. The Infrastructure sector involves the use of labour-intensive methods in the construction and maintenance of public sector funded infrastructure projects. Labour intensive infrastructure projects under the EPWP entail:

- Using labour-intensive construction methods to provide work opportunities to local unemployed people;
- Providing training and skills development to the locally unemployed people; and
- building cost effective and quality assets.

The municipality is implementing the EPWP project however there is lots of room to increase our contribution further and the continued growth of the sector will depend on the degree to which some of the underperforming areas within the municipality can increase their performance by implementing their projects more labour intensively and by establishing dedicated labour intensive maintenance programmes which have the potential to provide regular employment to large numbers of people, especially in rural areas.

The key EPWP Infrastructure programmes include:

- **Vuk'uphile:** pertains to training of individuals in labour intensive methods of construction to become contractors at NQF level 2 and supervisors at NQF level 4,
- National Youth Service: A year-long skills training and development intervention. It aims to provide unemployed youth with technical skills and life skills training, access to practical work experience and mentoring;
- Large Projects: these are projects with a minimum budget of R30m or more. Ensure that delivery of large budgets projects will be based on EPWP principles and ensure meaningful development of emerging contractors; and

In addition, DPW provides technical support to assist: design and implement programmes/ projects labour intensively and to report on EPWP projects.

The EPWP Social Sector provides work opportunities to unemployed and unskilled people through the delivery of social development and community protection services such as:

- Early Childhood Development: Provide education and care to children in the temporary absence of their parents or adult caregivers. Services include the provision of child health, nutrition, education, psychosocial and other needs within the context of the family and the community. The beneficiaries are provided with skills to increase their capacity to generate an income hence improving care and learning environment,
- **Home Community Based Care:** Provide basic health services needs by formal or informal caregivers employed in EPWP projects to people in their own homes or home based care that the community can access closer to their homes,
- **School nutrition programme:** The programme employs community members as food handlers to provide food to children from needy families and thus address malnutrition,
- **Community Crime Prevention:** It is aimed at encouraging community members by employing volunteers in EPWP projects to be active in helping to identify community safety priorities for their neighbourhoods,
- School Mass Participation: The programme provides work opportunities to sports coaches and encourages members of the public to participate actively in sports with the objectives of promoting good health, self realisation, community development and social cohesion, and
- Kha Ri Gude (Tshivenda for 'let us learn') is a Mass Literacy Campaign aimed at inviting adults who missed out on their schooling, and who cannot read nor write, to join literacy classes provided across the country.

The overall coordinator of Social Sector is the Department of Social Development assisted by the Department of Basic Education and the Department of Health.

### C.6.1.7.4. COMMUNITY WORKS PROGRAMME (CWP) - MSUNDUZI SITE

The Community Work Programme is a government programme aimed at tackling poverty and unemployment. The programme provides an employment safety net by giving participants a minimum number of regular days of work, typically two days a week or eight days a month, thus providing a predictable income stream. CWP is designed as an employment safety net, not an employment solution for participants. The purpose is to supplement people's existing livelihood strategies by offering a basic level of income security through work. An ongoing programme does not replace government's existing social grants programme but complements it. The primary purpose of the CWP is to create access to a minimum level of regular and predictable work opportunities for those who need them, targeting areas of high unemployment, where sustainable alternatives are likely to remain limited for the near future.

### C.6.1.8. THE ECOMOMY SWOT ANALYSIS

### Strengths

- Existence of economic development agency and signed SLA with municipality.
- The economy has well- established secondary and tertiary sectors. Which have proofed to be resilient over the years export of aluminium products to the international market.
- The Municipality is the provincial capital.
- Release for Commercial and Residential Development in Densification Zones.
- The economy is well integrated with the Provincial economy and fulfils an important service role to the Midlands and wider region.
- The status of educational institutions in and around Msunduzi prominent private schools, a good mix of tertiary institutions are a pull factor for students and academics to the region.
- Political stability.
- The Pietermaritzburg Airport is a small, but efficient airport that serves the whole area around Pietermaritzburg, including the Midlands and some of the outer areas on the west of Durban. This airport has been identified as a crucial asset in the regional space economy and remains a catalytic development playing a role in the Pietermaritzburg to Pinetown Industrial and Logistics Hub Economic Region.
- Well established and functional Business chamber as well as functional 8Aside working group between the municipality and big business.

### **OPPORTUNITIES**

- Strengthen the Agri-process sector and tightening the relationship between farmers and Agri-processing businesses.
- Promoting and marketing city events with the aim of increasing the size and frequency of these events in the Municipality.
- Strengthening the logistics sector and provide necessary services to support a logistics platform.
- Expanding manufacturing in the areas of agricultural chemicals, automotive components, and wood products.

### Weaknesses

- Limited space available for industrial expansion. Labour residing long distances from places of employment.
- International competition may cause some manufacturing enterprises to experience pressure.
- Infrastructure maintenance and provision of new infrastructure for business (water, electricity, roads, storm water ect) has been lagging behind and this must be rectified in order to achieve investor confidence

### **THREATS**

- Impact of Covid-19 pandemic, Civil Unrest, KZN Floods, Russia vs Ukraine War had a devastating impact on the economy.
- Rising cost of living which is unaffordable for the poorest of the poor and low-income earners.
- Unemployment, joblessness, poverty, inequality is on an all-time high as the labour market is struggling.
- The country's economy is facing an unprecedented scenario with load shedding not only impacting food security and mobile networks, but business sectors and industries at large. This challenge is a huge threat to the economic growth of Msunduzi.

### C.6.1.8.1. KEY CHALLENGES

- A positive GDP and GVA for the municipal economy with an upward trend curve.
- Positive trade balances exports of R12 Billion compared to imports of R9 Billion.
- The Municipality has a number of sectors that have a competitive and comparative advantage and requiring further support and assistance from the Municipality and other government sectors.
- LED Studies for the Municipality show that there are opportunities in agriculture, agri-process, wood and wood products, tourism, logistics, ICT, and manufacturing to varying degrees. This is summarized as follows:



- Agriculture adding value to local produce taken from the surrounding rural areas and municipalities.
   Tourism Increasing events and improving business tourism numbers.
- Logistics growing Msunduzi as a logistics Centre for breaking bulk between inland and the coast as well as supply chain management services, especially the cold chain with links to Dube Trade Port.
- Manufacturing linked to agriculture and tourism, for example agricultural chemicals, and to automotive components, as well as wood and wood products.
- There is potential to explore and build compact relationships with the local institutions of higher learning since these have a lot of research abilities. These can assist to develop creative strategies from their research and development. Msunduzi needs these institutions as thinkers and the institutions need Msunduzi test their ideas. This can build knowledge economy and innovative ways of creating jobs and creative delivery of services;

### C7-MUNICIPAL FINANCIAL VIABILITY AND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

### C.7.1. CAPITAL FUNDING AND EXPENDITURE TO ADDRESS SERVICE DELIVERY

The table below indicates the three year analysis on the capital grant funding as per the DORA. In terms of direct allocation the municipality will received R1.1 billion and the bulk of that is from the equitable share and Municipal Infrastructure Grant at R 767 Million and R 245 million respectively. Allocation in Kind are R 98 million, it is noted with concern the decrease of grant allocation for the 2024-2024 financial year when compared to the 2022/2024 financial year.

|                         | 2024/24 National Gr  | ant Listing a             | as per DoRa   | a e         |             |                     |
|-------------------------|--|---------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|
| Type of Grant           | Grant Name   | Current<br>Budget<br>Year | 20            | )24/24 MTRI | EF          |                     |
|                         |  | 2022/23                   | 2024/24       | 2024/25     | 2025/26     | 2024/24<br>% Change |
| Direct<br>Allocations   | Local Government Financial<br>Management Grant                           | 1 950                     | 1 950         | 1 950       | 2 088       | 0%                  |
|                         | Expanded Public Works Programme Integration Grant for Municipalities     | 5 231                     | 4 979         |             |             | (5%)                |
|                         | Municipal Infrastructure Grant   | 227 153                   | 245 759       | 249 046     | 260 811     | 8%                  |
|                         | Energy Efficient and Demand-Side<br>Management Grant                     |                           | 5 000         | 5 000       |             | 100%                |
|                         | Integrated National Electrification<br>Programme (Municipal) Grant       | 29 154                    | 7 000         | 7 000       | 7 314       | (76%)               |
|                         | Water Services Infrastructure Grant                                      | 60 000                    | 50 000        | 70 405      | 73 581      | (17%)               |
|                         | Neighbourhood Development<br>Partnership Grant (Capital)                 | 34 500                    | 33 606        | 30 000      | 30 000      | (3%)                |
|                         | Equitable Share  | 696 056                   | 767 222       | 836 664     | 910 446     | 10%                 |
|                         |  | 1 054 044                 | 1 115 516     | 1 200 065   | 1 284 240   | 6%                  |
|                         |  |                           |               |             |             |                     |
| Allocations-in-<br>kind | Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant              | 75 119                    | 96 172        | 43 498      | 63 522      | 28%                 |
|                         | Neighbourhood Development<br>Partnership Grant (Technical<br>Assistance) | 1 000                     | 2 000         | 1 000       | 1 000       | 100%                |
|                         |  | 76 119                    | 98 172        | 44 498      | 64 522      | 29%                 |
|                         |  | 4 400 440                 | 4 0 4 0 4 0 0 | 101151      | 4 2 40 7 40 | <b>-</b> 0/         |
|                         |  | 1 130 163                 | 1 213 688     | 1 244 563   | 1 348 762   | <b>7</b> %          |

EPWP grant reduced by 5%, INEP reduced by 76%, WSIG reduced by 17%, NDPG reduced by 3%. The Equitable Share increased by 10% therefore overall increase of Grant is 6%.

|               | 2024/24 National Gr                            | ant Listing a             | as per DoRa | a e     |         |                     |
|---------------|--|---------------------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------------------|
| Type of Grant | Grant Name                                     | Current<br>Budget<br>Year | 20          |         |         |                     |
|               |  | 2022/23                   | 2024/24     | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | 2024/24<br>% Change |
| Direct        | Informal Economy Infrastructure                | 1 000                     | -           | -       | -       | (100%)              |
| Allocations   | Municipal Employment Initiative                | 1 000                     | -           | -       | -       | (100%)              |
|               | Pietermaritzburg Airport                       | 3 000                     | -           | -       | -       | (100%)              |
|               | Operation Costs - Accredited<br>Municipalities | 4 429                     |             |         |         | 100%                |
|               | Museum Subsidies                               | 571                       | 596         | 623     | -       | 4%                  |
|               | Provincialisation of libraries                 | 13 568                    | 14 165      | 14 800  |         | 4%                  |
|               | Community Libraries Services grant             | 870                       | 908         | 949     | -       | 4%                  |
|               |  | 24 438                    | 15 669      | 16 372  |         | (36%)               |

### C.7.1.1. CAPABILITY TO EXECUTE CAPITAL PROJECTS

The municipality has a number of challenges with regards to executing capital projects due to the increase in area of supply and backlog in terms of repairs and maintenance. There is a High technical/artisans vacancy rate, Fleet - Inadequate/poor condition and there is no proper mentorship for young Technicians/Engineers or Artisans (section 28). There is an over reliance on consultants. To counter most of the challenges highlighted above the municipality has reviewed its organogram and has advertised and filled numerous technical position in order to increase human resources. The table below indicates the number or people in each of the service delivery units.

| INFRASTRUCTURE SERVICES                              | Filled       | Vacant       | Total       | Vacancy %      |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|
| Mechanical Workshops                                 | 36           | 58           | 94          | 61.7           |
| Project Management Office                            | 12           | 13           | 25          | 52.0           |
| Roads and Sanitation                                 | 269          | 316          | 585         | 54.0           |
| Water and Sanitation                                 | 287          | 336          | 623         | 53.9           |
| Water Services Authority                             | 3            | 8            | 11          | 72.2           |
|  |              |              |             |                |
| SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT & CITY ENTERPRISES           | Filled       | Vacant       | Total       | Vacancy %      |
| City Entities  | Filled<br>59 | Vacant<br>29 | Total<br>88 | Vacancy % 33.0 |
|  |              |              |             |                |
| City Entities Development Services Human Settlements | 59           | 29           | 88          | 33.0           |
| City Entities Development Services                   | 59<br>23     | 29<br>11     | 88<br>34    | 33.0<br>32.4   |

C7.1.2 3-YEAR SYNOPSIS OF FUNDS RECEIVED, SPENT, UNSPENT, SOURCE OF FUNDING, VARIANCE TABLES AND CONTINGENCY PLANS TO ADDRESS CHALLENGES SUCH AS DELAYS

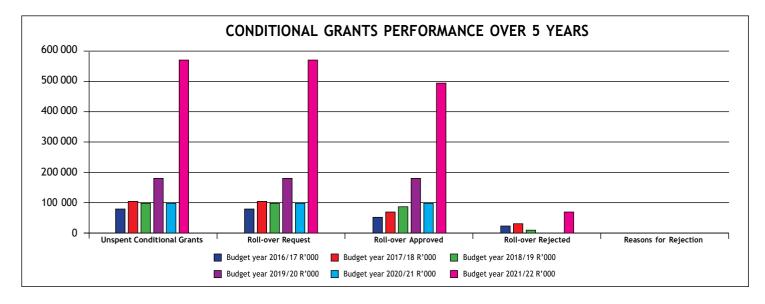
TABLE 90: CONDITIONAL GRANTS PERFORMANCE OVER 5 YEARS

| Conditional Grants Performance Over 5 Years |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                       |  |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--|
|   | Budget Year      | Overall Total         |  |
| Description                                 | 2016/17<br>R'000 | 2017/18<br>R'000 | 2018/19<br>R'000 | 2019/20<br>R'000 | 2020/21<br>R'000 | 5 Yr Horizon<br>R'000 |  |
| Unspent Conditional<br>Grants               | 80 409           | 104 123          | 103 510          | 180 851          | 96 492           | 565 385               |  |
| Roll Over Request                           | 80 409           | 104 123          | 103 510          | 180 851          | 96 492           | 565 385               |  |
| Roll Over Approved                          | 53 472           | 70 508           | 89 682           | 180 808          | 96 023           | 490 493               |  |
| Roll Over Rejected                          | 26 937           | 33 615           | 13 828           | 43               | 469              | 74 892                |  |
| Reasons for Rejection                       |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                       |  |

## FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2023-2024



The Graph below indicates the performance of grants over the past five years



### TABLE 91: CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AGAINST BUDGETED AMOUNTS

| Vote Description  | Ref | 2017/18            | 2018/19            | 2019/20            | (                  | Current Year       | 2020/21 |                      | 2021/22 Me<br>& Expend    | dium Term<br>diture Framo    |                              |
|---|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R thousand  | 1   | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget |         | Pre-audit<br>outcome | Budget<br>Year<br>2021/22 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2022/23 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2024/24 |
| Capital expenditure - Municipal Vote                    |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |         |                      |                           |                              |                              |
| Multi-year expenditure                                  | 2   |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |         |                      |                           |                              |                              |
| appropriation   |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |         |                      |                           |                              |                              |
| Vote 1 - City Manager                                   |     | 321                | 10                 | 646                | 3,800              | 2,300              | 2,300   | -                    | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 1.1 - Internal Audit and Compliance                     |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |         |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 1.2 - Office of the City Manager                        |     | 321                | 10                 |                    | 3,800              | 2,300              | 2,300   |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 1.3 - Political Support                                 |     |                    |                    | 646                |                    |                    |         |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 1.4 - Strategic Planning                                |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |         |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Vote 2 - City Finance                                   |     | 8,968              | -                  | 9,185              | 12,500             | 4,720              | 4,720   | -                    | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 2.1 - Asset Management                                  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |         |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 2.2 - Budget and Treasury                               |     | 8,968              |                    | 9,185              | 12,500             | 4,720              | 4,720   |                      |                           | -                            | -                            |
| Management  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |         |                      |                           |                              |                              |
| 2.3 - Expenditure Management                            |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |         |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 2.4 - Revenue Management                                |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |         |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 2.5 - Supply Chain Management                           |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |         |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Vote 3 - Community Services and Social Equity           |     | 20,105             | 35,939             | 12,745             | 23,812             | 46,120             | 46,120  | -                    | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 3.1 - Area Based Management                             |     |                    | -                  | 260                |                    |                    |         |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 3.2 - Public Safety, Emergency Services and Enforcement |     | 255                | 4,241              | 1,176              |                    |                    |         |                      | _                         | -                            | -                            |
| 3.3 - Recreation and Facilities                         |     | 15,518             | 31,613             | 3,374              | 7,000              | 23,320             |         |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 3.4 - Waste Management                                  |     | 4,332              | 86                 | 7,935              | 16,812             | 22,800             | ,       |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Vote 4 - Corporate Services                             |     | 824                | 2,588              | (6,913)            | -                  | 1,970              | 1,970   | -                    | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 4.1 - Human Resources Management                        |     |                    |                    | 154                |                    |                    |         |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 4.2 - Information Technology                            |     | 824                | 2,588              | (7,252)            |                    | 1,970              | 1,970   |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 4.3 - Legal Services                                    |     |                    |                    | -                  |                    |                    |         |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 4.4 - Secretariat and Auxiliary Services                |     |                    |                    | 185                |                    |                    |         |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 4.5 - General Manager: Corporate Service                |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |         |                      | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Vote 5 - Infrastructure Services                        |     | 391,837            | 29,246             | 354,424            | 168,455            | 7,780              | 7,780   | _                    | -                         | -                            | _                            |

| Vote Description                                      | Ref | 2017/18            | 2018/19            | 2019/20            | C                  | urrent Year        | 2020/21               |         | 2021/22 Me<br>& Expend    | dium Term I<br>liture Frame  |                              |
|---|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R thousand  | 1   | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | outcome | Budget<br>Year<br>2021/22 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2022/23 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2024/24 |
| 5.1 - Electricity                                     |     | 99,456             | 7,812              | 33,333             |                    | 7,780              | 7,780                 |         | -                         | -                            | _                            |
| 5.2 - Project Management Office                       |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |         | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 5.3 - Roads and Transportation                        |     | 210,859            | 19,992             | 297,723            | 55,700             |                    |                       |         | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 5.4 - Water and Sanitation                            |     | 81,517             | 1,442              | 23,369             | 112,755            |                    |                       |         | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| General Manager: Infrastructure                       |     | 4                  |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |         | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Vote 6 - Sustainable Development and City Enterprises |     | 72,410             | 75,459             | 109,768            | 300,600            | 319,510            | 319,510               | -       | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 6.1 - City Entities                                   |     | 78                 | 4,174              | 8,712              | 10,212             | 2,500              | 2,500                 |         | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 6.2 - Development Services                            |     |                    |                    | 10,337             | 35,000             | 20,224             | 20,224                |         | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 6.3 - Human Settlement<br>Development                 |     | 19,805             | 42,805             | 66,874             | 255,388            | 279,353            | 279,353               |         | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| 6.4 - Town Planning                                   |     | 52,528             | 28,480             | 23,845             |                    | 17,432             | 17,432                |         | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Capital multi-year expenditure sub-total              |     | 494,465            | 143,242            | 479,855            | 509,168            | 382,400            | 382,400               | -       | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Capital expenditure - Municipal Vote                  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |         |                           |                              |                              |
| Single-year expenditure appropriation                 | 2   |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |         |                           |                              |                              |
| Vote 1 - City Manager                                 |     | 872                | 4,314              | -                  | -                  | 1,500              | 1,500                 | -       | 9,040                     | 5,060                        | 5,450                        |
| 1.1 - Internal Audit and Compliance                   |     |                    | 120                |                    |                    |                    |                       |         | 510                       | 260                          | 210                          |
| 1.2 - Office of the City Manager                      |     | 366                | 3,913              |                    |                    | 1,310              | 1,310                 |         | 1,700                     | 2,000                        | 2,200                        |
| 1.3 - Political Support                               |     | 506                | 281                |                    |                    | 190                | 190                   |         | 4,940                     | 2,200                        | 2,500                        |
| 1.4 - Strategic Planning                              |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |         | 1,890                     | 600                          | 540                          |
| Vote 2 - City Finance                                 |     | 14,742             | 17,257             | -                  | 15,000             | 27,914             | 27,914                |         | 39,857                    | 15,769                       | 9,598                        |
| 2.1 - Asset Management                                |     | 12,968             | 5,250              |                    | 15,000             | 13,500             | 13,500                |         | 4,865                     | 4,325                        | 4,370                        |
| 2.2 - Budget and Treasury Management                  |     | 360                | 8,147              |                    |                    | 13,879             | 13,879                |         | 31,362                    | 11,069                       | 5,033                        |
| 2.3 - Expenditure Management                          |     | 96                 | 50                 |                    |                    | -                  | -                     |         | 163                       | 150                          |                              |
| 2.4 - Revenue Management                              |     | 548                | 2,050              |                    |                    | -                  | -                     |         | 2,055                     | 225                          | 195                          |
| 2.5 - Supply Chain Management                         |     | 770                | 1,760              |                    |                    | 535                | 535                   |         | 1,412                     |                              |                              |
| Vote 3 - Community Services and Social Equity         |     | 62,492             | 15,738             | -                  | 13,700             | 19,125             | 19,125                | -       | 50,557                    | 54,762                       | 48,412                       |
| 3.1 - Area Based Management                           |     | 355                | 2,350              |                    | 10,000             | -                  | -                     |         | 2,459                     | 5,100                        | 9,200                        |



| Vote Description   | Ref | 2017/18            | 2018/19            | 2019/20            | C                  | Current Year       | 2020/21               |                      | 2021/22 Me<br>& Expend    | dium Term I<br>liture Frame  |                              |
|--|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R thousand   | 1   | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Pre-audit<br>outcome | Budget<br>Year<br>2021/22 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2022/23 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2024/24 |
| 3.2 - Public Safety, Emergency<br>Services and Enforcement |     | 8,257              | 2,902              |                    |                    | 2,000              | 2,000                 |                      | 2,500                     | 1,950                        | 1,600                        |
| 3.3 - Recreation and Facilities                            |     | 24,597             | 9,747              |                    | 1,200              | 12,162             | 12,162                |                      | 41,098                    | 45,412                       | 35,412                       |
| 3.4 - Waste Management                                     |     | 29,282             | 739                |                    | 2,500              | 4,962              | 4,962                 |                      | 4,500                     | 2,300                        | 2,200                        |
| Vote 4 - Corporate Services                                |     | 4,127              | 876                | -                  | -                  | 530                | 530                   | -                    | 4,458                     | 3,138                        | 3,912                        |
| 4.1 - Human Resources Management                           |     | 153                | 282                |                    |                    |                    |                       |                      | 470                       | 344                          | 393                          |
| 4.2 - Information Technology                               |     | 1,735              | 146                |                    |                    | 530                | 530                   |                      | 1,946                     | 2,250                        | 3,100                        |
| 4.3 - Legal Services                                       |     | 67                 | 31                 |                    |                    |                    |                       |                      |                           |                              |                              |
| 4.4 - Secretariat and Auxiliary Services                   |     | 2,171              | 416                |                    |                    |                    |                       |                      | 1,975                     | 544                          | 419                          |
| 4.5 - General Manager:<br>Corporate Service                |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                      | 66                        | -                            | -                            |
| Vote 5 - Infrastructure Services                           |     | 15,489             | 414,791            | -                  | 33,000             | 310,124            | 310,124               | -                    | 346,648                   | 343,974                      | 325,001                      |
| 5.1 - Electricity  |     | 8,665              | 48,772             |                    | 9,500              | 8,354              | 8,354                 |                      | 130,755                   | 113,300                      | 76,521                       |
| 5.2 - Project Management Office                            |     |                    | 100                |                    |                    | -                  | -                     |                      | 40                        |                              | _                            |
| 5.3 - Roads and Transportation                             |     | 3,137              | 247,669            |                    |                    | 160,009            | 160,009               |                      | 78,220                    | 61,883                       | 68,850                       |
| 5.4 - Water and Sanitation                                 |     | 3,687              | 118,251            |                    | 23,500             | 141,760            | 141,760               |                      | 137,597                   | 168,792                      | 179,630                      |
| General Manager: Infrastructure                            |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                      | 36                        |                              |                              |
| Vote 6 - Sustainable Development and City Enterprises      |     | 2,711              | 17,268             | -                  | 10,024             | 5,598              | 5,598                 | -                    | 125,743                   | 49,000                       | 53,450                       |
| 6.1 - City Entities  |     | 234                | 963                |                    | 774                | 148                | 148                   |                      | 3,331                     | 4,000                        | 3,450                        |
| 6.2 - Development Services                                 |     | 517                | -                  |                    | 2,500              | -                  | -                     |                      | 34,000                    | 45,000                       | 50,000                       |
| 6.3 - Human Settlement<br>Development                      |     | 780                | 7,225              |                    | 6,750              | 5,250              | 5,250                 |                      | 88,412                    | -                            | -                            |
| 6.4 - Town Planning  |     | 1,180              | 9,081              |                    |                    | 200                | 200                   |                      |                           |                              |                              |
| Capital single-year expenditure sub-total                  |     | 100,432            | ŕ                  | <u>-</u>           | 71,724             | 364,791            | Í                     | <u>-</u>             | 576,302                   | 471,702                      |                              |
| Total Capital Expenditure                                  |     | 594,897            | 613,487            | 479,855            | 580,892            | 747,190            | 747,190               | -                    | 576,302                   | 471,702                      | 445,823                      |

Planning for procurement of capital projects is to be done timeously, at the start of the financial year; Gazetted amounts for grants exist, and planning needs to take place ahead of the start of the financial year; and Monitoring through the Strategic Management Committee is to ensure that the above takes place.



C.7.1.4. CLASSIFICATION OF NEW AND ONGOING PROJECTS

C.7.1.5. MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT REGISTER

C.7.1.3.

The municipal Investment register has 674 entries on it there are three dominant categories namely Land, Buildings and Rentals. Majority of the investments is clustered in the CBD and Edendale area with few pockets in Northdale, Imbali and Sobantu areas. The majority of municipal land parcels are at P.M.B (CBD) followed by edendale and part of Scottville northdale areas. The municipality has about 529 land parcels and 89 Buildings (Rental Stock), General all these investments are poorly managed, maintained and are undervalued because there is no clear price value attached to them in the Investment register

### C.7.2. REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE

As depicted below the R &M as a percentage of PPE is 9.59 % which is above the norm, this is an improvement from the previous financial where the percentage was 7, 25 %. The budget for Repairs and maintenance is R 751 million include labour costs this is a significant increase from R 490 million in the previous financial year. The Bulk of the budget has been allocated to Electricity at R 303 million followed by infrastructure services at R 190 million

TABLE 92: KZN225 MSUNDUZI - REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE ANALYSIS

| Department                                 | Current       | 2023/24 <i>N</i> | Medium Term Revenue & |               |  |
|--|---------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------|--|
|  | Budget        | 2023/24          | 2024/25               | 2025/26       |  |
| City Finance                               | 4 121 120     | 4 177 120        | 4 381 799             | 4 587 743     |  |
| City Manager                               | 1 780 000     | 1 250 000        | 1 311 250             | 1 372 879     |  |
| Community Services                         | 54 585 162    | 45 287 031       | 47 506 095            | 49 738 882    |  |
| Corporate Services                         | 10 741 000    | 10 301 000       | 10 805 749            | 11 313 619    |  |
| Electricity                                | 133 044 569   | 303 905 009      | 318 796 354           | 333 779 783   |  |
| Infrastructure Services                    | 73 868 144    | 190 325 797      | 199 651 761           | 209 085 394   |  |
| Sustainable Development                    | 13 825 042    | 15 340 519       | 16 083 955            | 16 848 547    |  |
| Total                                      | 291 965 036   | 570 586 476      | 598 536 964           | 626 676 847   |  |
| Estimated Labour Costs responcible for R&M | 199 002 050   | 180 500 000      | 200 000 000           | 200 000 000   |  |
| Grand Total for R&M                        | 490 967 086   | 751 086 476      | 798 536 964           | 826 676 847   |  |
| PPE  | 6 772 072 289 | 7 833 685 232    | 8 275 050 232         | 8 746 501 232 |  |
| % Budget for R&M Against PPE               | 7.25%         | 9.59%            | 9.65%                 | 9.45%         |  |

### C.72.1. POLICY IMPLEMENTATION OF REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE, ACQUISITIONS, DISPOSALS AND DEPRECIATION

The Asset Management Policy has as its objective to create a framework for asset management so that the municipality can ensure that the assets are used effectively for achieving the strategic objectives of the municipality and that adequate control and accounting for assets exists. From an accounting perspective the policy is to be used to ensure that the management adopt appropriate and correct, accounting and control of Fixed Assets owned or controlled by The Msunduzi Municipality.

The overall objectives of this Accounting Policy are:

- To provide the accounting treatment of the assets acquired and used in terms of the accounting policy of the Municipality; and
- To comply with current legislation, the Municipal Finance Management Act plus standards specified by the Accounting Standards Board e.g. GRAP 17 Property Plant and Equipment.

This policy complies with all relevant legislative requirements, including:

- The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996
- Municipal Structures Act 117 of 1998

- Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000
- Division of Revenue Act (enacted annually)
- Municipal Finance Management Act, Act 56 of 2003

### C.7.2.2. OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

### C.7.2.3. BUDGET FOR THE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

The table below depicts the budget on repairs and maintenance a total amount of 254 Million was budgeted for repair and maintenance which is less the 5% of the total budget. The municipality will increase funds allocated to repairs and maintenance over the medium term period.

| Standard Classification                      | Original<br>Budget | Current<br>Budget | December<br>2021<br>Actual GL | YTD Actual<br>GL | Remaining<br>Budget | % Actual<br>to Original<br>Budget |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| City Finance                                 | 4 737 037          | 4 737 037         | 21 936                        | 990 393          | 3 746 644           | 21%                               |
| City Manager                                 | 900 000            | 900 000           | 8 148                         | 307 768          | 592 232             | 34%                               |
| Community Services                           | 38 651 796         | 38 686 796        | 666 766                       | 5 606 362        | 33 045 434          | 15%                               |
| Corporate Services                           | 5 881 000          | 5 881 000         | 392 063                       | 1 979 364        | 3 901 636           | 34%                               |
| Infrastructure                               | 195 675 465        | 195 675 465       | 9 741 015                     | 34 880 608       | 160 794 847         | 18%                               |
| Sustainable Development and City Enterprises | 8 415 686          | 8 549 686         | 451 085                       | 1 436 984        | 6 978 702           | 17%                               |
| Grand Total                                  | 254 260 984        | 254 429 984       | 11 281 012                    | 45 201 480       | 209 059 504         | 18%                               |

C.7.2.4. PLACE TO ADDRESS THE SHORTFALL /CHALLENGES

### C.7.3. SUPPLY CHAIN EVALUATION

### C.7.3.1. DETAILS ON TENDER POLICY IMPLEMENTATION AND MEASURES TO IMPROVE WITH A DEFINITE TIMELINE)

Section 111 of the MFMA requires each municipality and municipal entity to adopt and implement a supply chain management policy, which gives effect to the requirements of the Act. In addition, the PPPFA requires the Municipality to determine its Procurement Policy and to implement it within the framework prescribed. This requirement is given effect to in the Preferential Procurement section of this Policy. Below are the clauses added onto the SCM Policy to improve the functionality of SCM:

- 27 (5)- The Municipality will appoint the BSC for goods and services and BSC Technical for its infrastructure procurement with relevant skills, knowledge, and qualifications.
- 28 (3)- The Municipality will appoint the BEC for goods and services and BEC Technical for its infrastructure procurement with relevant skills, knowledge, and qualifications.
- 31.1- Procurement of Infrastructure: Local Government Framework for Infrastructure Delivery and Procurement Management
- 31.1.1 The municipality repeal the Standard for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management (SIPDM) issued in terms of MFMA circular 77.
- 31.1.2 The municipality to implement the LOCAL GOVERNMENT FRAMEWORK FOR INFRASTRUCTURE DELIVERY AND PROCUREMENT MANAGEMENT (LGFIDPM) as per Circular NO 106, SEPTEMBER 2020 of The Municipal Finance Management Act No. 56 of 2003(MFMA).
- 31.1.3 The unavoidably duplications and differences in supply chain management for general goods and services and the delivery / procurement of infrastructure arising from e.g., regulatory requirements, overlap in functions such as the demand management, bid committees, advertising of bids and receipt of bids are to be addressed by the municipality with (Annexure A) to the municipal SCM policy.
- 61. Annexure A: Framework for Infrastructure Delivery and Procurement Management



The value of the planned procurement for 22/23 Financial Year amount to six hundred seventy-five million five hundred fifty-eight thousand two hundred sixty-three and sixty-nine hundredths (R675, 558,263.69).

The value of R426, 493,323.00 projects have contracts in place for the third quarter of 22/23 financial year and the value of R249, 064,940.69 projects must be advertised.

In some projects, the expenditure will span over multiple financial periods and there are one hundred and fifty one projects (151) projects to be procured in the third quarter of the current financial year.

Out of these projects, seventy three (73) projects had contracts in place i.e. procurement processes are completed.

The analysis of the progress of the projects in terms of percentages is as follows: projects that have been finalized (48%), projects still on the pipeline (41%), and projects that have not started (11%)

The table below depicts the summarised Procurement Plan per Business Unit

| Business unit                       | Total Value     | Projects with<br>Contracts in place<br>as at 31 March 2024 | Projects that have<br>been to the bid Spec<br>and awarded 22/23 | Projects that<br>have not yet<br>been tabled. |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--|---|---|
| Corporate Services                  | R5,410,630.04   | R4,025,000   | R635 630.04   | R750,000                                      |
| Community services                  | R53,762,403.95  | R31,776,050.00   | R18,015,830.20  | R3,970,523.75                                 |
| SD & CE/Town Planning & Environment | R39,299,332.00  | R7,828,073.00  | R17,792,459.00  | R13,678,800                                   |
| Electricity Services                | R297,343,055.60 | R237,304,000.00  | R60,039,055.60  | R0  |
| Budget & Treasury                   | R13,219,000.00  | R919,000.00  | R12,300,000   | R0  |
| IFS                                 | R266,173,842.10 |  | , ,   | R24,111,625.00                                |
| CBU                                 | R350,000.00     | •  |   | R0  |
| TOTAL                               | R675,558,263.69 | R426,493,323.00  | R206,553,991.94   | R42,510,948.75                                |

### C.7.3.3. CHALLENGES EXPERIENCED WITH THE SCM UNIT

The municipality has not been paying much attention into the development of the procurement plan this has resulted in underperformance on grants implementation and spending due to lack of planning. In trying to remedy the situation during the current financial year the supply chain management unit has hosted procurement planning workshops for departments within the municipality this has assisted in putting together a more credible procurement plan that will assist the municipality to plan and implement the projects. The master procurement plan has been adopted for 23/24FY this will enable the early start of procurement processes to allow departments to start implementing new projects in July 2024, further to that the procurement plan is now monitored on a weekly basis by management and where there are deviations in terms of planned date the corrective measures are identified and evaluated accordingly in terms of the timelines. The procurement plan is a tool if used correctly and honestly it bring change in the organization in that any hindrances will be identified early, and corrective measures be implemented.

Management has also taken a decision to augment the current structure of SCM with a view of adding more resources to be able to meet the current demand and to allow SCM to play a meaningful role in the organization. Demand management is currently being undertaken by manager acquisition this has proven to be challenging in terms of the amount o work involved splitting the two sections will render the section efficient and effective.

### C.7.3.4. FUNCTIONALITY OF BID COMMITTEES

The Msunduzi Supply Chain Management (SCM) Unit is a support function for all business units within the Council, to ensure provision of efficient, transparent, fair, equitable, and cost effective procurement services, assisting them to implement their service delivery priorities. In terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act, SCM regulations, the SCM unit is established to implement the SCM policy adopted by Council. It operates under the direct supervision of the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) or an official to whom this duty has been delegated, in terms of Section 82 of the Act. Core functions include demand management, acquisition management, logistics management, disposal management, SCM risk management, and performance management.

The SCM Policy was adopted by Council on 31 May 2022, in terms of the SCM Regulations 3 (1)(a), and was implemented immediately thereafter. Further review of the SCM policy was done in February 2024, to further align the policy to the Preferential Procurement Regulations (2022) issued in terms of Section 5 of the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act (5 of 2000). An SCM procurement plan was developed and implemented annually, with quarterly reports on implementation being submitted to Council.

The Municipality has the following committees established and functional, with appointments being valid for one financial year:

- Bid Specification Committee (BSC Technical )- every Thursday at 09h00;
- Bid Specification Committee (BSC General)- every Tuesday at 09h00
- Bid Evaluation Committee (BEC Technical)- every Wednesday at 09h00; and
- Bid Evaluation Committee (BEC General)- every Thursday at 09h00;

### TABLE 93: BID ADJUDICATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS

| MEMBER            | BUSINESS UNIT                                | POSITION                        | APPOINTMENT LETTER EXPIRY DATE |
|-------------------|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Dudu Gambu        | Budget and Treasury                          | Chief Financial Officer [A]     | 31 December 2024               |
| Sikelela Ndzalela | Budget and Treasury                          | Head Supply Chain<br>Management | 31 July 2024                   |
| Ngangenkosi Mpisi | Electricity Supply Services                  | General Manager [A]             | 31 December 2024               |
| Mbongeni Mathe    | Community Services                           | General Manager                 | 31 December 2024               |
| Felix Nxumalo     | Sustainable Development and City Enterprises | General Manager                 | 31 December 2024               |
| Vusumuzi Cele     | Infrastructure Services                      | General Manager                 | 31 December 2024               |
| Brenden Sivparsad | Water and Sanitation                         | Senior Manager                  | 31 DECEMBER 2024               |
| Mduduzi Mbokazi   | Corporate Services                           | Legal Advisor                   | 31 DECEMBER 2024               |

### TABLE 94: BID SPECIFICATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS [TECHNICAL]

| MEMBER                 | POSITION   | BUSINESS UNIT               | EXPIRY DATE OF APPOINTMENT LETTER |
|------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Lindelwa<br>Mngenelwa  | Manager- transportation planning   | Infrastructure services     | 31 December 2024                  |
| Phumlani Gumede        | Manager planning sustainable development & city enterprises-human settlement | Sustainable development     | 31 December 2024                  |
| Sithembiso<br>Thabethe | Manager planning customer services electricity                               | Electricity supply services | 31 December 2024                  |
| Bukelani Mbhele        | Manager: buildings, facilities & maintenance                                 | Community services          | 31 December 2024                  |
| Bheki Sosibo           | Manager- construction IS&F   | Infrastructure services     | 31 December 2024                  |
| Vinay Monhalal         | Contract officer   | Budget & treasury           | 31 December 2024                  |
| Xolilie Ndzingi        | Assistant legal advisor  | Corporate services          | 31 December 2024                  |



| MEMBER                | BUSINESS UNIT                                | POSITION   | APPOINTMENT LETTER EXPIRY DATE |
|-----------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|
| Thamsanqa<br>Makhanya | Infrastructure Services                      | Chief Engineer: Planning, Design & Construction Monitoring | 31 December 2024               |
| Phumulani Mbeje       | Sustainable Development and City Enterprises | Project Officer  | 31 December 2024               |
| Simphiwe Mbanjwa      | Sustainable Development and City Enterprises | Manager - Informal<br>Settlements, Economic<br>Development | 31 December 2024               |
| Khethiwe Mvelase      | Infrastructure Services                      | Manager: Transportation                                    | 31 December 2024               |
| Amahle Tyekela        | Budget and Treasury                          | Contract officer -<br>Specifications                       | 31 July 2024                   |
| Phumuzile Muthwa      | Corporate Services                           | Legal Advisor  | 31 December 2024               |

### TABLE 96: BID EVALUATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS [GOODS & SERVICES]

| MEMBER         | BUSINESS UNIT                                | POSITION                                    | APPOINTMENT LETTER EXPIRY DATE |
|----------------|--|---|--------------------------------|
| Sandile Zondi  | Corporate Business Unit                      | Political Support                           | 31 December 2024               |
| Radha Gounden  | Sustainable Development and City Enterprises | Manager - Planning and<br>Human Settlements | 31 December 2024               |
| Mxolisi Dladla | Budget and Treasury                          | Manager: Contract<br>Management             | 31 December 2024               |
| Kass Thaver    | Corporate Services                           | Chief Legal Advisor:<br>Litigation          | 31 December 2024               |
| Nombuso Ngidi  | Sustainable Development and City Enterprises | Senior Planner: Human<br>Settlements        | 31 December 2024               |
| Philile Sibiya | Corporate Services                           | SAP Administrator                           | 31 December 2024               |
| Ntobeko Ngcobo | Corporate Business Unit                      | Advisor: Communications and Marketing       | 31 December 2024               |

### TABLE 97: BID SPECIFICATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS [GOODS & SERVICES]

| MEMBER                 | BUSINESS UNIT                              | POSITION                            | APPOINTMENT LETTER EXPIRY DATE |
|------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Sibusiso Mkhize        | Budget & treasury                          | Manager logistics & materials       | 31 December 2024               |
| Sifiso Walala<br>Mzobe | Corporate services                         | Manager Hr support services         | 31 December 2024               |
| Lungisani Ntuli        | Electricity supply services                | Senior technologist                 | 31 December 2024               |
| Thavandree<br>Gounder  | Corporate services                         | Manager public works                | 31 December 2024               |
| Nontobeko<br>Mofokeng  | Sustainable development & city enterprises | Senior manager economic development | 31 December 2024               |
| Fezeka Mthembu         | Community services                         | Financial controller                | 31 December 2024               |
| Nomvula Ndlela         | Corporate services                         | Ex-officio                          | 31 December 2024               |

### C.7.3.5. SCM MANAGEMENT

The SCM management does display cohesiveness to assess whether the primary objectives of service delivery are met. This is evident through the amendment to the SCM policy to include the framework for infrastructure delivery and procurement management as an annexure to the SCM policy. According to circular 106 of National Treasury (dated, 20 September 2020 and issued 1 October 2020), All Organs of State which are involved in the planning and implementation of infrastructure delivery, under the auspices of MFMA, are expected to be implementing the Framework for Infrastructure Delivery and Procurement Management (FIDPM) effective from 01 July 2021.

In circular 106, National Treasury notes that, "The National Treasury, in consultation with relevant stakeholders, initiated the SIPDM review process which resulted in the development of the Framework for Infrastructure Delivery and Procurement Management (FIDPM). The FIDPM introduces minimum requirements for effective governance of infrastructure delivery and procurement management."

 Organs of State are therefore expected to adhere to those minimum requirements. The Framework For Infrastructure Delivery and Procurement Management provides for minimum requirements for effective governance of infrastructure delivery and procurement management.

The Framework specifies the allocation of responsibilities for performing activities and making decisions at project stages and procurement gates. The following are minimum requirements to be adhered to, as contained in Annexure A of the SCM Policy, Framework for Infrastructure Delivery and Procurement Management are:

- Gateway Reviews
- Project Stage Deliverables
- Procurement Gates
- Review and Alignment of SCM Policies to accommodate the requirements of the Framework.

### C.7.3.6. SCM POLICY

### C.7.4. INDIGENT MANAGEMENT

### C.7.4.1. INDIGENT POLICY

The municipal indigent policy is review annually along with the budget, the objectives of this Policy are to:-

- 2.1. The objective of this policy is to close the gap between indigent and non-indigent citizens of Msunduzi Municipality, through the targeted assistance with free allocations of electricity, water and other services, together with broader based access to community services.
- 2.2. Provide a framework within which the Municipality to implement a lifeline service to indigent households in respect of their municipal account.
- 23. Determine the criteria for qualification of indigent households.
- 24. Ensure that the criteria is applied correctly and fairly to all applicants;

As at April 2024 there are 4 898 registered indigent debtors, Various wards have been visited at the request of Councilors in an effort to increase the indigent database.

| Div |                    | Current   | 30 days   | 31-60<br>Days | 61-90<br>Days | 91-120<br>Days | 121-365<br>days | > 365 Days | Balance    |
|-----|--------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|------------|------------|
| 01  | Electricity        | 1 083 000 | 946 114   | 578 009       | 447 521       | 405 747        | 3090 726        | 6 332 212  | 12 883 328 |
| 03  | Water              | 2 291 455 | 1 737 289 | 1 305 350     | 1 390 429     | 1 449 635      | 13 209 042      | 36 465 660 | 57 848 861 |
| 04  | Sewerage           | 37 683    | 376 555   | 291 803       | 284 515       | 277 849        | 1 958 399       | 6 731 176  | 9 957 980  |
| 06  | Refuse             | 22 851    | 222 996   | 187 529       | 183 366       | 178 237        | 1 260 473       | 4 367 387  | 6 422 840  |
| 07  | Property<br>Rates  | 1 531 516 | 613 159   | 542 063       | 634 839       | 940 236        | 4 001 666       | 16 991 274 | 25 254 753 |
| 11  | Rental<br>Services | 71 397    | 39 284    | 45 662        | 45 034        | 48 757         | 258 203         | 615 110    | 1 123 447  |

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| Div |                    | Current   | 30 days   | 31-60<br>Days | 61-90<br>Days | 91-120<br>Days | 121-365<br>days | > 365 Days | Balance     |
|-----|--------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|------------|-------------|
| 30  | Sundry<br>Services | 17 788    | 18 097    | 17 119        | 17 178        | 16 939         | 133 814         | 4 540 364  | 4 761 300   |
| #   | Not assigned       | (866 249) | 3 383     | (199)         | 4 174         | 3 317          | 42 770          | 902 160    | 89 356      |
|     |                    | 4 189 442 | 3 956 877 | 2 967 336     | 3 007 056     | 3 320 717      | 23 955 093      | 76 945 343 | 118 341 865 |

### C.7.4.2. BUDGET FOR FREE BASIC SERVICES & PROJECTIONS

The municipality has an approved indigent policy that is reviewed annually as part of the budget process. The threshold for customers to be considered indigent is the monthly household income that does not exceed R5 745.

The following indigent monthly benefits are provided to approved indigent customers:

- 6 KL of water
- 70 kHw of electricity
- 100% sanitation charges
- 100% refuse charges
- 100% AMP charges and basic charges

The municipality also provides rates rebates to the Pensioners and Child headed households, annual application process.

- The rebate of 40% is provided to the qualifying applicants.
- There were 1 953 beneficiaries of rates rebates as at 31st March 2024.
- The registration for the 2024/24 financial year opened on 1st April 2024.
- Ward to ward to registration will assist in improving the number of beneficiaries registered for rates rebates and indigent support.

### C.7.4.3. SIZE OF INDIGENT POPULATION IN MSUNDUZI

There are 4 890 approved indigent customers as at 31st March 2024. The indigent registration open from 1st April for the following financial year and remains open throughout the financial year. The municipality has visited different wards to present the indigent support and attended the community meetings based on invites by ward councillors. The following interventions are planned to improve indigent benefits:

- The Council has approved the appointment of 5 people per Ward, to do the registration of Indigents within all Wards.
- House to house visit to assist with indigent registration (EPWP & ward assistants)
- Partnering with the community-based organisations and rates associations
- Setting up indigent desks at different wards

C.7.5.

### C.7.5.1. SOURCES OF REVENUE, BILLED REVENUE & COLLECTED REVENUE

The table below indicates the revenue sources for the municipality the main revenue sources are electricity water and other services charges.

| Description   | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            | Curre              | nt Year 202       | 22/23                 | & Expe                    | Medium Ter<br>nditure Fra    | m Revenue<br>mework          |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R thousand  | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Audited<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/25 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2025/26 |
| Revenue   |                    |                    |                    |                    |                   |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Exchange Revenue  |                    |                    |                    |                    |                   |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Service charges - Electricity                                 | 2 159 758          | 2 152 783          | 2 549 663          |                    |                   | 3 183 150             | 3 892 818                 | 4 515 669                    | 5 328 489                    |
| Service charges - Water                                       | 662 849            | 773 169            | 773 657            | 819 610            | 819 610           | 819 610               | 901 572                   | 945 749                      | 990 199                      |
| Service charges - Waste Water Management                      | 172 221            | 167 102            | 182 241            | 174 569            | 174 569           | 174 569               | 202 500                   | 212 422                      | 222 406                      |
| Service charges - Waste Management                            | 109 639            | 113 697            | 114 119            | 129 665            | 129 665           | 129 665               | 138 742                   | 145 540                      | 152 380                      |
| Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services                       | 23 620             | 9 320              | 11 474             | -                  | -                 | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Agency services   | 1 090              | 1 931              | 2 139              | 668                | 668               | 668                   | 715                       | 750                          | 785                          |
| Interest  | 14 259             | -                  | -                  | 17 030             | 17 030            | 17 030                | 18 052                    | 19 225                       | 20 494                       |
| Interest earned from Receivables                              | 225 861            | 114 312            | 148 963            | 225 218            | 225 218           | 225 218               | 248 865                   | 261 060                      | 273 330                      |
| Interest earned from Current and Non-Current Assets           | -                  | 8 456              | 10 535             | -                  | -                 | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Rent on Land  |                    | 14 559             |                    |                    | -                 |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Rental Fixed Assets   | 43 597             | 148                | 25 415             | 37 424             | 37 424            | 37 424                | 104 824                   | 112 624                      | 117 917                      |
| Licence and permits   | 604                |                    | 984                | -                  | -                 | •                     |                           |                              | -                            |
| Operational Revenue   | 47 565             | 44 527             | 54 566             | -                  |                   |                       | 230 407                   | 249 376                      | 261 096                      |
| Non-Exchange Revenue  |                    |                    |                    |                    |                   |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Property rates  | 1 177 108          | 1 232 330          | 1 211 349          | 1 427 089          | 1 427 089         | 1 427 089             | 1 526 985                 | 1 601 807                    | 1 677 092                    |
| Fines, penalties and forfeits                                 | 13 273             | 16 062             | 14 489             | 2 005              | 2 005             | 2 005                 | 14 660                    | 8 468                        | 8 866                        |
| Licences or permits   | -                  | 603                | -                  | 1 500              | 1 500             | 1 500                 | 2 452                     | 2 667                        | 2 793                        |
| Transfers and subsidies - Operational                         | 637 128            | 757 426            | 681 738            | 855 842            | 800 709           | 800 709               | 827 889                   | 906 109                      | 982 491                      |
| Interest  | 66 393             | 38 480             | 50 190             | -                  | -                 | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Operational Revenue   |                    | •                  |                    | 177 000            | 177 000           | 177 000               |                           |                              | -                            |
| Gains on disposal of Assets                                   | 130 714            |                    | 4 179              |                    |                   |                       |                           |                              | -                            |
| Other Gains   | 1 435              | 65 449             | 18 021             | -                  |                   |                       |                           |                              | -                            |
| Discontinued Operations                                       |                    |                    |                    |                    |                   |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Total Revenue (Excluding capital transfers and contributions) | 5 487 114          | 5 540 356          | 5 853 713          | 7 050 770          | 6 995 637         | 6 995 637             | 8 110 480                 | 8 981 466                    | 10 038 339                   |



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### C.7.5.2. REVENUE ENHANCEMENT STRATEGY

The municipality has a Revenue Enhancement strategy which was reviewed along with the 2024/204 Budget. Msunduzi Local Municipality has developed a revenue enhancement strategy to diagnose the significant challenges in revenue collection with significant amounts of money owed to the municipality by its consumers. The debt balance has accumulated over the years due to lack of effective controls in revenue management and credit control processes. The revenue enhancement strategy aims s to undertake to address financial and institutional challenges faced by the municipality. The strategy focuses in the formulation and implementation of strategies to improve financial management and controls within the municipality. The objective of any successful revenue enhancement strategy is to build and improve on current payment levels and then to recover arrear debt. The municipality has developed a revenue enhancement strategy which will be implemented over a period of 5 years as well as the implementation plan.

- The following strategies are being implemented to ensure the completeness of revenue:
  - Extraction of monthly billing exception report and an allocated a team that is addressing exceptions reports including unbilled accounts.
  - Implementation of the meter reading devices to improve the accuracy and completeness of billing.
  - Technical department addressing the faulty meters.
  - Implementation of 2 billing cycles
  - Regular reconciliation between the billing sub-ledgers and general ledger
  - The electricity department is currently conducting meter audits throughout the municipal jurisdiction and the results are updated on the system.
  - The water department is at SCM stage regarding their audit of meters.
  - All government schools under Vulindlela area were identified and added to the valuation roll and billing system.
  - The water and electricity departments are currently implementing a project of metering the unmetered areas.
  - The Council is also busy with the street naming in the Edendale and Vulindlela areas,
  - Izimbizo were held at Vulindlela to educate on the importance of moving from billing on flat rates to billing based on usage (11th,12th and 14th April).
  - We have set aside Council funding of R15m for the replacement of meters.
  - Revenue enhancement tender which focus on data cleansing is being finalised
- When customers apply for services, we request a certified copy of their Identity Document. This must match
  the information we already have on the Ratepayers account, as only owners of the property may apply for
  services to that property.
- The information on the services application is checked and verified by the relevant supervisor, in order to ensure correctness.
- This information feeds through to our meter reading and billing documents, therefore the correct customer is billed.
- Customer Information Verification forms are readily available, and handed out to customers in order for them to complete, and hand back to us. We then update any information that has changed.

### C.7.5.3. MECHANISM EMPLOYED TO IMPROVE THE REVENUE ENHANCEMENT.

Critical to implementing a Revenue Enhancement Strategy is the development of a robust revenue protection strategy. The revenue enhancement process needs to be divided into short, medium and long-term activities as set out in this Revenue Enhancement Strategy.

### Short-Term activities (to be completed within three to six months) will include focus on the following:

- Review of the credit control policy:
- Improve the number of indigent beneficiaries registered
- Confirm the completeness of revenue Improved billing processes:
- Implement a targeted approach on debt collection of Organs of State;
- Implement a targeted approach on debt collection of businesses:
- Protect and grow the revenue base through identification of the additional revenue schemes;
- High level data cleansing;
- Resolve issues relating to customer queries and disputes.
- Implementation of cost reflective tariffs
- Proceed to incentivise the debtors in order to encourage them to pay.
- Continue to collect monies owed from the Government Departments as well as businesses.
- Immediate involvement of Traditional Authorities in encouraging the communities to pay and incentify and to avoid the theft of water and electricity

### Medium to Long Term (to be completed within seven to twelve months) will focus on;

- Improve data integrity in the transaction processing environment;
- Metering previously unmetered areas;
- Implementing bulk meters for big customers;
- Improve customer service Improve communication with consumers;
- Implement Training Programmes within Revenue
- Install prepaid meters for indigent customers and residential debts
- Customer care training to be provided to all staff members at revenue
- Workshops of policies and procedures to the revenue staff

### C.7.6. DEBT CATEGORY

### C.7.6.1. 3 YEAR OUTSTANDING DEBT INDICATED PER CATEGORY

As per the table below reflects the outstanding debt as at 30 April 2024, the bulk of the debt is under household they make up 80% of the debt and the bulk of which is overdue by over 12 months. The next category is business which is 14% of the debt and there has been a significant decrease on outstanding debt by government departments. The municipality is on a revenue enhancement drive to collect this debt and is continuously switching off none paying household and also raising awareness on the indigent registration process. The municipality is also improving internal systems to ensure that debt escalation is curbed.

| Category    | Current     | 30 days     | 31-60 Days  | 61-90 Days  | 91-120 Days | 121-365 days | > 365 Days    | Balance       | % of |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| Business    | 148 213 187 | 84 482 065  | 28 087 538  | 20 909 060  | 22 766 095  | 112 575 610  | 400 500 787   | 817 534 343   | 14%  |
| Government  | 10 871 114  | 19 763 698  | 6 217 226   | 4 015 546   | 3 681 552   | 18 343 217   | 94 538 242    | 157 430 595   | 3%   |
| Household   | 148 883 239 | 115 635 715 | 101 172 403 | 78 278 492  | 79 683 733  | 731 457 978  | 3 484 625 659 | 4 739 737 219 | 80%  |
| Other       | (6 560 891) | 6 034 805   | 4 923 653   | 4 102 487   | 3 818 858   | 28 728 158   | 190 046 081   | 231 093 151   | 4%   |
| Grand Total | 301 406 648 | 225 916 284 | 140 400 819 | 107 305 586 | 109 950 239 | 891 104 963  | 4 169 710 770 | 5 945 795 309 | 100% |
|             | 5%          | 4%          | 2%          | 2%          | 2%          | 15%          | 70%           | 100%          |      |



As can be seen below the debtors are ever increasing with R 3,6 Billion of the debt being over 365 days and the majority of which is water followed by property rates and sewerage.

|                     | Current      | 30 Days     | 31-60 Days  | 61-90 Days  | 91-120 Days | 121-365 Days | >365 Days     | Balance       |
|---------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Electricity         | 213 131 048  | 103 487 883 | 36 235 787  | 19 681 030  | 16 396 787  | 86 031 061   | 199 729 187   | 674 692 784   |
| Water               | 83 799 735   | 61 268 280  | 47 944 833  | 49 147 700  | 47 476 419  | 339 164 136  | 1 794 414 518 | 2 423 175 621 |
| Sewerage            | -9 547 413   | 39 972 382  | 8 051 672   | 7 729 139   | 7 106 194   | 50 158 308   | 296 112 752   | 399 583 033   |
| Refuse              | 3 727 773    | 6 363 145   | 4 502 852   | 4 166 930   | 3 934 699   | 27 172 120   | 153 523 184   | 203 390 703   |
| Property Rates      | 110 981 224  | 51 229 794  | 37 163 114  | 54 371 443  | 31 853 877  | 200 823 915  | 832 888 605   | 1 319 311 973 |
| Fire services       | 65 145       | 14 530      | 4 499       | 4 010       | 56 199      | 148 455      | 643 058       | 935 896       |
| Burial Services     | 1 679        | 454         | 335         | 260 486     | 335         | 38 516       | 29 035        | 330 840       |
| Rental Services     | 191 450      | 2 279 335   | 799 245     | 1 133 897   | 1 396 624   | 6 048 713    | 46 224 045    | 58 073 308    |
| Electrical Services | 23 868       | 23 197      | 23 868      | 23 205      | 23 876      | 164 999      | 517 614       | 800 626       |
| Land Fill           | 54 022       | 52 291      | 55 130      | 52 623      | 54 072      | 437 343      | 12 341 267    | 13 046 748    |
| HCM Services        | 9 873        | 9 575       | 9 875       | 9 577       | 9 876       | 205 463      | 1 690 770     | 1 945 010     |
| Traffic Services    | 128 424      | 6 671       | 6 774       | 90 243      | 71 490      | 233 211      | 1 219 891     | 1 756 704     |
| Other               | 0            | 0           | 0           | 0           | 0           | 13 058 187   | 0             | 13 058 187    |
| Sundry Services     | -2 014 041   | 873 707     | 889 032     | 859 953     | 881 368     | 9 635 068    | 278 029 690   | 289 154 777   |
| Land Services       | 0            | 0           | 0           | 0           | 0           | 0            | 145 745       | 145 745       |
| Not Assigned        | -195 564 269 | 205 297     | 54 759      | 202 889     | 634 728     | 4 977 231    | 27 847 147    |               |
| -161 642 218        | 204 948 518  | 265 786 543 | 135 741 774 | 137 733 125 | 109 896 544 | 738 296 726  | 3 645 356 508 | 5 237 759 737 |

### C.7.6.3. CREDIT CONTROL POLICY

Credit control measures being implemented,

- Tampering fees charged where applicable, installation audits
- Debtors management call centre
- The debtors section is being split into 2 sections to ensure proper segregation of duties
- The tampering customers are required to pay and move meters to the boundary prior to being issued for reconnection.
- Staff and Councillors deductions
- Reconciliation of key debtors accounts
- Verification and detailed reconciliation of Government accounts
- Landfill site services not provided to customers with arrears
- 40% deduction on prepaid electricity for customers with arrears
- Addressing billing exception reports and estimates to ensure accuracy of customer bills
- Implementation of multiple billing
- Profiling of debtors to be conducted as part of data cleansing





## FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2023-2024

### C.7.7. FINANCIAL RATIO'S

### C.7.7.1. COST COVERAGE RATIO & CURRENT RATIO (CURRENT ASSETS TO CURRENT LIABILITIES)

Cash Coverage improved from 0,53 in February to 0,8 in March 2024, which is still below the norm of 1-3 months, Municipality has a strategy of improving cash coverage through vigorous revenue collection and gradually grow reserves, Creditor's days reduced 115 days in February to 107 days in March, Current ratio improved from 1,18 in February to 1,72 in March which is within the norm of 1,5 to 2 and the improvement of collection rate will assist in reducing creditors which will improve our working capital requirements

### C.7.7.2. CAPITAL EXPENDITURE TO TOTAL EXPENDITURE

The table below shows the capital budget for the municipality for the 2024-2024 financial year which is R 637 million this equates to 8.4 % of the total expenditure for the 2024-2024 financial year. This is very low and the council aim to increase over the medium term when the financial situation improves. The Major cost drivers in the municipality are bulk purchases for electricity and water followed by staff costs.

| Fund             | Current<br>Budget | Expe            | Nedium Term F<br>nditure Frame | % Share of Total Capital Budget |         |         |         |
|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
|                  | Duuget            | 2024/24 2024/25 |                                | 2025/26                         | 2024/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 |
| TS01_EEDSM       |                   | 5 000 000       | 5 000 000                      |                                 | 0.78%   | 0.86%   | -       |
| TS01_INEP        | 29 154 000        | 7 000 000       | 7 000 000                      | 7 314 000                       | 1.10%   | 1.20%   | 1.63%   |
| TS01_MIG         | 216 461 153       | 238 928 640     | 243 133 343                    | 250 378 560                     | 37.48%  | 41.83%  | 55.90%  |
| TS01_NDPG        | 34 500 000        | 33 606 000      | 30 000 000                     | 30 000 000                      | 5.27%   | 5.16%   | 6.70%   |
| TS01_PRVOT       | 3 047 442         | 2 800 000       | -                              | -                               | 0.44%   | -       | -       |
| TS01_WSIG        | 30 000 000        | 28 000 000      | 35 000 000                     | 38 986 000                      | 4.39%   | 6.02%   | 8.70%   |
| BR01_ALNS        | -                 | 200 000 000     | 150 000 000                    | -                               | 31.37%  | 25.80%  | -       |
| TS02_ACRDC       | 2 200 000         | 700 000         | 700 000                        | 700 000                         | 0.11%   | 0.12%   | 0.16%   |
| TS02_ART         | 340 800           | 421 000         | 476 000                        | 503000                          | 0.07%   | 0.08%   | 0.11%   |
| TS02_CGTAC       | 16 322 930        | -               | -                              | -                               | -       | -       | •       |
| TS02_HSE         | 5 591 442         | -               | -                              | -                               | -       | -       | •       |
| TS02_MDRG        | 510 853           | -               | •                              |                                 | •       | -       | •       |
| TS02_PGCAP       | 92 868 623        | -               | -                              | -                               | -       | -       | -       |
| TS12_COGTA       | 6 600 000         | -               | -                              | -                               | -       | -       | -       |
| TS02_EDTEA       | -                 | 1 000 000       | -                              | -                               | 0.16%   | -       |         |
| Council fundings | 89 000 000        | 120 000 000     | 110 000 000                    | 120 000 000                     | 18.82%  | 18.92%  | 26.79%  |
| Total            | 526 597 242       | 637 455 640     | 581 309 343                    | 447 881 560                     | •       |         | •       |

|         | Ratio                | Formula  | Norm/<br>Range | Input Description                           | 2018-19<br>(Restated) | 2019-20<br>(Restated)         | 2020-21 (Pre-<br>Audit)   | Dec-21 YTD    | Jan-22 YTD    |  |  |  |
|---------|----------------------|--|----------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| B. Debt | . Debtors Management |  |                |   |                       |                               |                           |               |               |  |  |  |
| 1       | Collection           | (Gross Debtors   | 95%            |   | 81%                   | 77%                           | 87%                       | 66%           | 104%          |  |  |  |
|         | Rate                 | Opening Balance<br>+ Billed Revenue                    |                | Gross Debtors closing balance               | 3,705,481,476         | 4,724,114,236                 | 4,923,164,140             | 5,236,150,670 | 5,231,386,771 |  |  |  |
|         |                      | - Gross Debtors<br>Closing Balance                     |                | Gross Debtors opening balance               | 2,966,551,942         | 3,705,481,476                 | 4,724,114,236             | 5,089,979,304 | 5,236,150,670 |  |  |  |
|         |                      | - Bad Debts<br>Written Off) / Billed<br>Revenue x 100  |                | Bad debts written off (current period)      | 10,345,711            | 20,930,221                    | 384,120,628               | 16,776,773    | -6,444,558    |  |  |  |
|         |                      |  |                |   | 3,892,425,646         | 4,455,786,793                 | 4,392,971,076             | 484,051,391   | 312,274,356   |  |  |  |
|         | Bad Debts            | Bad Debts Written-                                     | 100%           |   | 0.52%                 | 0.82%                         | 11.99%                    | 0.82%         | 0.58%         |  |  |  |
|         |                      | off/Provision for<br>Bad debts x 100                   | 100%           | Consumer Debtors Bad debts written off      | 10,345,711            |                               | 384,120,628               | 23,558,600    |               |  |  |  |
|         |                      |  |                | Consumer Debtors Current Bad Debt Provision | 2,004,671,057         | 2,558,670,560                 | 3,204,280,358             | 2,869,859,585 | 2,928,937,920 |  |  |  |
|         |                      |  |                |   |                       |                               |                           |               |               |  |  |  |
| 3       | Net Debtors          | ((Gross Debtors  | 30 days        | Gross debtors                               | 159 days              | <b>177 days</b> 4,724,114,236 | 143 days<br>4,923,164,140 | 168 days      | 170 days      |  |  |  |
|         | Days                 | - Bad debt<br>Provision)/ Actual<br>Billed Revenue)) × |                | Bad debts<br>Provision                      | 2,004,671,057         | 2,558,670,560                 | 3,204,280,358             | 2,869,859,585 | 2,928,937,920 |  |  |  |
|         |                      | 365  |                | Billed Revenue                              | 3,892,425,646         | 4,455,786,793                 | 4,392,971,076             | 5,126,751,470 | 4,929,685,870 |  |  |  |

### C.7.7.4. REMUNERATION (EMPLOYEE AND COUNCILLORS) TO TOTAL EXPENDITURE

The table below indicates the budget for remuneration of employees which is R 1.7 billion for the 2024/2024 financial year. The Remuneration of councillors is projected to be R62 million combined its around R 1.8 Million which equates to 24% of the total budget of the municipality.

TABLE 98: TABLE A4 BUDGETED FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE)

| Description  | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            | Curre              | ent Year 202      | 22/23                 | 2024/24 Medium Term Revenue<br>& Expenditure Framework |                              |                              |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R thousand   | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Audited<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24                              | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/25 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2025/26 |
| Expenditure  |                    |                    |                    |                    |                   |                       |  |                              |                              |
| Employee related costs                                   | 1 345 487          | 1 418 426          | 1 494 487          | 1 579 699          | 1 621 248         | 1 621 248             | 1 786 975  | 1 867 415                    | 1 951 475                    |
| Remuneration of councillors                              | 43 759             | 51 641             | 49 529             | 59 431             | 59 431            | 59 431                | 62 700   | 65 521                       | 68 470                       |
| Bulk purchases - electricity                             | 2 491 127          | 2 659 404          | 2 950 207          | 2 200 000          | 2 300 000         | 2 300 000             | 2 714 000  | 3 066 820                    | 3 526 843                    |
| Inventory consumed - water                               | 57 162             | 58 158             | 84 353             | 871 509            | 842 581           | 842 581               | 970 434  | 1 017 985                    | 1 065 831                    |
| Debt impairment  | 567 919            | 236 404            | 1 003 763          | 300 000            | 300 000           | 300 000               | 313 500  | 327 608                      | 342 350                      |
| Depreciation and amortisation                            | 417 614            | 372 532            | 366 625            | 441 964            | 441 738           | 441 738               | 461 616  | 482 389                      | 504 096                      |
| Interest   | 43 717             | 35 856             | 26 916             | 94 217             | 52 039            | 52 039                | 40 401   | 42 219                       | 44 119                       |
| Contracted services                                      | 495 490            | 575 664            | 722 754            | 664 657            | 755 248           | 755 248               | 981 670  | 1 039 847                    | 1 087 999                    |
| Transfers and subsidies                                  | 25 307             | 16 870             | 19 996             | 63 469             | 53 652            | 53 652                | 65 884   | 69 096                       | 72 361                       |
| Irrecoverable debts written off                          | 20 930             | 390 096            | 83 779             | -                  | -                 | -                     | -  | -                            | -                            |
| Operatal cost  | 136 748            | 128 892            | 121 312            | 180 000            | 197 273           | 197 273               | 222 139  | 227 585                      | 238 276                      |
| Losses on diposal of assets                              | 14 646             | 10 483             | 16 100             | -                  | -                 | -                     | -  | -                            | -                            |
| Other Losses   | 33 541             | 29 576             | 9 599              | -                  | -                 | -                     | -  | -                            | -                            |
| Total Expenditure  | 5 693 447          | 5 984 003          | 6 949 419          | 6 454 947          | 6 623 210         | 6 623 210             | 7 619 319  | 8 206 485                    | 8 901 820                    |
| Surplus (Deficit)  | (206 334)          | (443 647)          | (1 095 707)        | 595 823            | 372 427           | 372 427               | 491 161  | 774 980                      | 1 136 519                    |
| Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary allocations) | 430 114            | 498 603            | 368 725            | 446 431            | 437 597           | 437 597               | 317 456  | 321 309                      | 327 882                      |
| Surplus (Deficit) for the year                           | 223 780            | 54 956             | (726 982)          | 1 042 254          | 810 024           | 810 024               | 808 617  | 1 096 290                    | 1 464 400                    |

### C.7.7.5 DISTRIBUTION LOSSES: ELECTRICITY/ WATER

Review of Non-Revenue Water Master Plan to be submitted to Council Committees for approval. Appointment of service provider to conduct an analysis on pipe replacement has been completed. R 7million allocated for Water Meter Audit. Leak Detection Contract :Currently awarded and 3 contractors are working in various wards, Nett effect results in identification and repair of all visible and non-visible leakage, estimated at 30 to 35% leakage reduction. To date, all reservoirs have been logged for flow and baseline night flow/leakage has been established. Pressure Management: Thirty- seven (37) pressure management zones have been designed and simulated, awaiting the Civils Tender for implementation (currently at Bid specification level) Nett effect is reduction in leakage, estimated at 45 to 58% per zone.

### **Electricity**

The issue of meter audits is a major deliverable based on the quantities of meters the City has to audit. The auditing of meters are undertaken by in-house and external resources.

- Total Number of meters = approximately 85 000
- Meters Audited = 8000(credit, bulk & prepaid)
- Faulty Meters Replaced = 1620
- Meters Tampered = 1165
- Tampered Meters Notices = 326
- Tampered Meter Cases Fines = 916
- 75 disconnected for tampering
- 54 have paid tamper fee charged
- Planned Electrification Connections = 400
- Completed Electrification Connections = 160

### Below are additional activities in progress to support the strategy of minimizing losses

- 1. Electricity Illegal Connections are removed on an ongoing basis and the Electrification of INEP qualifying informal and rural settlements is undertaken, 160 out of 400 connections completed in 2022/23 financial year.
- 2. Verification of Accounts and Meter Status before attending to customer electricity queries is being implemented. This is aimed at encouraging customers to refrain from tampering with metering installations leading to non-technical losses.
- 3. Load Reduction implementation plan during peak hours for areas with abnormal purchasing pattern has been developed and will be submitted to Council Structures for consideration, this is aimed at minimizing the losses as a result of illegal connections.
- 4. Request for Proposals for Electricity Smart Metering System has been issued by the Municipality and current under the Evaluation process.
- 5. Establishment of check meters at Primary Substation to monitor Eskom consumption is in progress.

### C.7.7.6. LOANS/BORROWINGS AND GRANT DEPENDENCY

Capital Expenditure amounts to R637,4 million of the R637 million 50 percent is grant Funded expenditure, while 31 percent R200 million is funded from Borrowings and 19 percent from Internally generated funds. From Internal generated funds significant, expenditure has been allocated as follows:

- R30 million for the re-implementation of mSCOA modules
- R20 million for ICT Infrastructure
- R30 million for Roads infrastructure including yellow plant
- R8 million for electricity metering and R7 million for water metering
- R15 million for acquisition of water tankers.
- R 5 million for landfill site

Borrowings R150 million is for Electricity Infrastructure while R50 million is for Water.

MIG projects of R238.9 million have been registered.

TABLE 99: TABLE A4 BUDGETED FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE)

| Description   | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            | Curre              | nt Year 202       | 22/23                 | 2024/24 Medium Term Revenue<br>& Expenditure Framework |                              |                              |  |  |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| R thousand  | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Audited<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24                              | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/25 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2025/26 |  |  |
| Revenue   |                    |                    |                    |                    |                   |                       |  |                              |                              |  |  |
| Exchange Revenue  |                    |                    |                    |                    |                   |                       |  |                              |                              |  |  |
| Service charges - Electricity                                 | 2 159 758          | 2 152 783          | 2 549 663          | 3 183 150          | 3 183 150         | 3 183 150             | 3 892 818  | 4 515 669                    | 5 328 489                    |  |  |
| Service charges - Water                                       | 662 849            | 773 169            | 773 657            | 819 610            | 819 610           | 819 610               | 901 572  | 945 749                      | 990 199                      |  |  |
| Service charges - Waste Water Management                      | 172 221            | 167 102            | 182 241            | 174 569            | 174 569           | 174 569               | 202 500  | 212 422                      | 222 406                      |  |  |
| Service charges - Waste Management                            | 109 639            | 113 697            | 114 119            |                    | 129 665           | 129 665               | 138 742  | 145 540                      | 152 380                      |  |  |
| Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services                       | 23 620             | 9 320              | 11 474             | -                  | -                 | -                     | -  | -                            | -                            |  |  |
| Agency services   | 1 090              | 1 931              | 2 139              | 668                | 668               | 668                   | 715  | 750                          | 785                          |  |  |
| Interest  | 14 259             | -                  |                    | 17 030             | 17 030            | 17 030                | 18 052   | 19 225                       | 20 494                       |  |  |
| Interest earned from Receivables                              | 225 861            | 114 312            | 148 963            | 225 218            | 225 218           | 225 218               | 248 865  | 261 060                      | 273 330                      |  |  |
| Interest earned from Current and Non-Current Assets           |                    | 8 456              | 10 535             |                    |                   |                       |  | •                            | -                            |  |  |
| Rent on Land  |                    | 14 559             |                    |                    |                   |                       | -  | -                            | -                            |  |  |
| Rental Fixed Assets   | 43 597             | 148                | 25 415             | 37 424             | 37 424            | 37 424                | 104 824  | 112 624                      | 117 917                      |  |  |
| Licence and permits   | 604                | -                  | 984                | -                  | -                 |                       | -  | -                            | -                            |  |  |
| Operational Revenue   | 47 565             | 44 527             | 54 566             |                    |                   |                       | 230 407  | 249 376                      | 261 096                      |  |  |
| Non-Exchange Revenue  |                    |                    |                    |                    |                   |                       |  |                              |                              |  |  |
| Property rates  | 1 177 108          | 1 232 330          | 1 211 349          | 1 427 089          | 1 427 089         | 1 427 089             | 1 526 985  | 1 601 807                    | 1 677 092                    |  |  |
| Fines, penalties and forfeits                                 | 13 273             | 16 062             | 14 489             | 2 005              | 2 005             | 2 005                 | 14 660   | 8 468                        | 8 866                        |  |  |
| Licences or permits   | -                  | 603                |                    | 1 500              | 1 500             | 1 500                 | 2 452  | 2 667                        | 2 793                        |  |  |
| Transfers and subsidies - Operational                         | 637 128            | 757 426            | 681 738            | 855 842            | 800 709           | 800 709               | 827 889  | 906 109                      | 982 491                      |  |  |
| Interest  | 66 393             | 38 480             | 50 190             |                    | -                 |                       |  | -                            | -                            |  |  |
| Operational Revenue   | -                  | -                  | -                  | 177 000            | 177 000           | 177 000               | -  | -                            | -                            |  |  |
| Gains on disposal of Assets                                   | 130 714            | -                  | 4 179              | -                  | -                 |                       | -  | -                            | -                            |  |  |
| Other Gains   | 1 435              | 65 449             | 18 021             | -                  | -                 |                       | -  | -                            | -                            |  |  |
| Discontinued Operations                                       |                    |                    |                    |                    |                   |                       |  |                              |                              |  |  |
| Total Revenue (Excluding capital transfers and contributions) | 5 487 114          | 5 540 356          | 5 853 713          | 7 050 770          | 6 995 637         | 6 995 637             | 8 110 480  | 8 981 466                    | 10 038 339                   |  |  |

#### C.7.7.7. MUNICIPAL COLLECTION RATE

- The average Collection rate for the first six months of the budget improved to 95% Government debt has decreased from R246 million to R150 million
- Business debt has decreased from R809 million to R770 million

- This due to Operation Qogimali initiatives
- Cash Coverage improved from 0,53 in February to 0,8 in March 2024, which is still below the norm of 1-3 months
- Municipality has a strategy of improving cash coverage through vigorous revenue collection and gradually grow reserves
- Creditor's days reduced 115 days in February to 107 days in March
- Current ratio improved from 1,18 in February to 1,72 in March which is within the norm of 1,5 to 2
- The improvement of collection rate will assist in reducing creditors which will improve our working capital requirements

#### C.7.7.8. CAPITAL EXPENDITURE VS TOTAL EXPENDITURE

The table below shows the capital budget for the municipality for the 2024-2024 financial year which is R 637 million this equates to 8.4 % of the total expenditure for the 2024-2024 financial year. This is very low and the council aims to increase over the medium term when the financial situation improves. The Major cost drivers in the municipality are bulk purchases for electricity and water followed by staff costs.

| Fund             | Current<br>Budget |             | ledium Term F<br>nditure Frame | work        | % Share of Total Capital Budget |         |         |  |  |  |
|------------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|--|--|--|
|                  | Duuget            | 2024/24     | 2024/25                        | 2025/26     | 2024/24                         | 2024/25 | 2025/26 |  |  |  |
| TS01_EEDSM       | -                 | 5 000 000   | 5 000 000                      |             | 0.78%                           | 0.86%   | •       |  |  |  |
| TS01_INEP        | 29 154 000        | 7 000 000   | 7 000 000                      | 7 314 000   | 1.10%                           | 1.20%   | 1.63%   |  |  |  |
| TS01_MIG         | 216 461 153       | 238 928 640 | 243 133 343                    | 250 378 560 | 37.48%                          | 41.83%  | 55.90%  |  |  |  |
| TS01_NDPG        | 34 500 000        | 33 606 000  | 30 000 000                     | 30 000 000  | 5.27%                           | 5.16%   | 6.70%   |  |  |  |
| TS01_PRVOT       | 3 047 442         | 2 800 000   | -                              |             | 0.44%                           | -       | •       |  |  |  |
| TS01_WSIG        | 30 000 000        | 28 000 000  | 35 000 000                     | 38 986 000  | 4.39%                           | 6.02%   | 8.70%   |  |  |  |
| BR01_ALNS        |                   | 200 000 000 | 150 000 000                    |             | 31.37%                          | 25.80%  | •       |  |  |  |
| TS02_ACRDC       | 2 200 000         | 700 000     | 700 000                        | 700 000     | 0.11%                           | 0.12%   | 0.16%   |  |  |  |
| TS02_ART         | 340 800           | 421 000     | 476 000                        | 503000      | 0.07%                           | 0.08%   | 0.11%   |  |  |  |
| TS02_CGTAC       | 16 322 930        |             |                                |             | -                               | -       | -       |  |  |  |
| TS02_HSE         | 5 591 442         | -           | -                              |             | -                               | -       | •       |  |  |  |
| TS02_MDRG        | 510 853           | -           | -                              |             | -                               | -       | •       |  |  |  |
| TS02_PGCAP       | 92 868 623        | -           | -                              |             |                                 | -       | -       |  |  |  |
| TS12_COGTA       | 6 600 000         | -           | -                              |             | -                               | -       | •       |  |  |  |
| TS02_EDTEA       | -                 | 1 000 000   | -                              |             | 0.16%                           | -       | -       |  |  |  |
| Council fundings | 89 000 000        | 120 000 000 | 110 000 000                    | 120 000 000 | 18.82%                          | 18.92%  | 26.79%  |  |  |  |
| Total            | 526 597 242       | 637 455 640 | 581 309 343                    | 447 881 560 | -                               | -       | -       |  |  |  |

#### C.7.8. AUDITOR GENERAL'S OPINION

| Financial Year | 15/16     | 16/17      | 17/18   | 18/19     | 19/20     | 20/21       | 21/22     |
|----------------|-----------|------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Audit Outcome  | Qualified | Disclaimer | adverse | Qualified | Qualified | Unqualified | Qualified |

## FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2024-2024

#### C.7.8.1 PLANS TO ADDRESS AUDIT OUTCOME

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

• Due to the lack of measurement definitions and processes, Performance Information was not verifiable

#### TURN AROUND PLAN TO ADDRESS AG MATTERS

- Monthly and Quarterly POE verifications to identify and rectify problems before the audit commences
- Review of the PMS Policy to address issues of reporting and managing of PMS information
- Ensure adherence to deadlines so that reports are audited by Internal audit before the Audit of AG
  commences
- Monitor the departments that have had previous qualifications on performance information to avoid repeat findings
- Implementation of Internal Audit findings by departments to address findings
- The Water & Sanitation Department decided to phrase the indicator as per applications received from customers, those applications that are attended to will form the 100% of access to water and sanitation
- The number of new water and sewer connection will then be added to the listings of households with access to water and sanitation services as per the STATS SA data and or Revenue Billing data of the municipality
- Appointment of PMS Champions for Senior Managers to assist in collation and consolidation of performance information
- Utilize CoGTA template in preparation of Annual Performance Report and Annual Report

C.7.9. MUNICIPAL FINANCIAL VIABILITY AND MANAGEMENT SWOT

C.7.9.1. KEY CHALLENGES



#### C.8.1. AREAS OF RECURRING CHALLENGES

#### C.8.1.1. SUMMARY OF ALL KEY CHALLENGES

The combined SWOT Analysis has demonstrated the strengths that our municipality intends to build on to exploit on the opportunities. Likewise, the municipality has developed interventional measure to address the weaknesses and threats. Following is a summary of the key challenges per KPA. The municipality during its Strategic Planning Session 2024/24 developed interventional strategies to address these challenges.

| No. | National Key Performance Areas                                  | Key Challenge description   |
|-----|---|---|
| 1.  | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | Loss of institutional knowledge as older employees retire.  |
| 2.  | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | Staff turnover rate that outpaces employee entry.   |
| 3.  | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | Delays in the filling of critical vacancies impact negatively on service delivery   |
| 4.  | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | The high vacancy rate in the Municipality is a matter of grave concern  |
| 5.  | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | Poor management of overtime claims resulting in high employee costs which results in a culture of poor work ethics and poor management practices          |
| 6.  | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | The loss of competent talent  |
| 7.  | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | Lack of skills in critical service delivery functions   |
| 8.  | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | Limited budget for Skills development   |
| 9.  | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | Limited personnel capacity to preside and prosecute matters because of withdrawals of presiding officers and prosecutors.                                 |
| 10. | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | Individual performance management system policy (IPMS) was not adequately implemented during the year.  |
| 11. | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | ICT environment vulnerable to abuse and or misuse   |
| 12. | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | Issues with SAP system re-implementation project  |
| 13. | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | Inadequate ICT governance processes   |
| 14. | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | Delayed ICT projects  |
| 15. | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | Increases in risk of vulnerabilities being exploited  |
| 16. | NKPA 1- Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development | Risk assessment on ICT not performed in financial year 2020/21  |
| 17. | NKPA 2 -Basic Service Delivery                                  | Backlogs on repairs, maintenance, and refurbishment of infrastructure.  |
| 18. | NKPA 2 -Basic Service Delivery                                  | High demand for engineering services in the informal and peri-urban areas and areas that did not previously form part of the borough of Pietermaritzburg. |
| 19. | NKPA 2 -Basic Service Delivery                                  | The need to protect revenue from theft and tampering by residential and business users.   |

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# FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2024-2024

| No. | National Key Performance Areas                  | Key Challenge description   |
|-----|---|---|
| 20. | NKPA 2 -Basic Service Delivery                  | The need to reduce revenue losses caused by technical losses, illegal connections, tampering, unbilled metered consumers and unmetered authorised consumers.  |
| 21. | NKPA 2 -Basic Service Delivery                  | As the service provision footprints increase, there is a need for larger operations and maintenance budgets. The difficulty of attracting and retaining qualified and competent technical staff with the shortage of technical staff continuing to affect service delivery. |
| 23. | NKPA 2 -Basic Service Delivery                  | The theft and vandalism of infrastructure.  |
| 24  | NKPA 2 -Basic Service Delivery                  | An ageing fleet of vehicles with frequent breakdowns resulting in stoppages in service delivery.  |
| 25. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | Budgetary constraints   |
| 26. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | Shortage of staff   |
| 27. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | Lack of communication from line Departments for the Unit to be able to provide support.   |
| 28. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | The communication platforms are not sufficient for maximum reach due to budgetary constraints   |
| 29. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | Negative image  |
| 30. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | Outdated website  |
| 31. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | Shortage in tools of trade including communication systems  |
| 32. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | The poor support of risk management initiative by Senior Management   |
| 33. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | No mechanism in place to communicate any changes to the business unit Risk registers to Chief Risk Officer.   |
| 34. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | Management failure to implement recommendations of internal audit & resolutions of the audit committee lack of covered  |
| 35. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | Parking for staff vehicles at Gallwey house building  |
| 36. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | Exit of staff in critical posts result to loss of institutional memory  |
| 37. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | Lack of training & development of staff & media negative reports about the municipality results to high turnover of staff   |
| 38. | NKPA 3-Local Economic Development               | A positive GDP and GVA for the municipal economy with an upward trend curve.  |
| 39. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | Positive trade balances exports of R12 Billion compared to imports of R9 Billion  |
| 40. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | The Municipality has a number of sectors that have a competitive and comparative advantage and requiring further support and assistance from the Municipality and other government sectors.   |

| No. | National Key Performance Areas                  | Key Challenge description  |
|-----|---|--|
| 41. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | LED Studies for the Municipality show that there are opportunities in agriculture, agri-process, wood and wood products, tourism, logistics, ICT, and manufacturing to varying degrees. This is summarized as follows:  • Agriculture - adding value to local produce taken from the surrounding rural areas and municipalities.  • Tourism - Increasing events and improving business tourism numbers.  • Logistics - growing Msunduzi as a logistics centre for breaking bulk between inland and the coast as well as supply chain management services, especially the cold chain with links to Dube Trade Port.  • Manufacturing - linked to agriculture and tourism, for example agricultural chemicals, and to automotive components, as well as wood and wood products.  • LED Studies for the Municipality show that there are opportunities in agriculture, agri-process, wood and wood products, tourism, logistics, ICT, and manufacturing to varying degrees. This is summarized as follows:  • Agriculture - adding value to local produce taken from the surrounding rural areas and municipalities.  • Tourism - Increasing events and improving business tourism numbers.  • Logistics - growing Msunduzi as a logistics centre for breaking bulk between inland and the coast as well as supply chain management services, especially the cold chain with links to Dube Trade Port.  • Manufacturing - linked to agriculture and tourism, for example agricultural chemicals, and to automotive components, as well as wood and wood products. |
| 42. | NKPA 5-Good Governance and Public Participation | There is potential to explore and build compact relationships with the local institutions of higher learning since these have a lot of research abilities. These can assist to develop creative strategies from their research and development. Msunduzi needs these institutions as thinkers and the institutions need Msunduzi test their ideas. This can build knowledge economy and innovative ways of creating jobs and creative delivery of services   |

#### **Combined SWOT Analysis**

Central to key challenges mentioned earlier on in the document is the realization by the municipality and all stakeholders involved that although these have had negative effects on development within the municipality, a number of opportunities still exist. The municipality needs to strengthen its strategies and implementation framework to achieve its long term vision.

A SWOT analysis has been populated which will enable the municipality to measure its performance.

#### C.8.1.2. COMBINED SWOT ANALYSIS

Central to key challenges mentioned earlier on in the document is the realization by the municipality and all stakeholders involved that although these have had negative effects on development within the municipality, a number of opportunities still exist. The municipality needs to strengthen its strategies and implementation framework to achieve its long term vision.

A SWOT analysis has been populated which will enable the municipality to measure its performance.



#### **STRENGTH**

- The Portfolio Committee is in place.
- Council decisions are compliant with the legislation.
- Communication Strategies and culture of public participation is being practice through Imbizo, IDP Representative Forums, and suggestion boxes.
- Human Resource Policies have been developed and adopted.
- Good political and administrative interface
- Investment in stabilising water and electricity provision in the Municipality.
- Relatively high levels of service provision with relatively low backlogs against RDP standards.

Existence of economic development agency and signed • SLA with municipality.

- The economy has well- established secondary and tertiary sectors. Which have proofed to be resilient over the years export of aluminium products to the international market.
- The Municipality is the provincial capital.
- Release for Commercial and Residential Development in Densification Zones.
- The economy is well integrated with the Provincial economy and fulfils an important service role to the Midlands and wider region.
- The status of educational institutions in and around Msunduzi prominent private schools, a good mix of tertiary institutions are a pull factor for students and academics to the region.
- Political stability.
- The Pietermaritzburg Airport is a small, but efficient airport that serves the whole area around Pietermaritzburg, including the Midlands and some of the outer areas on the west of Durban. This airport has been identified as a crucial asset in the regional space economy and remains a catalytic development playing a role in the Pietermaritzburg to Pinetown Industrial and Logistics Hub Economic Region.
- Well established and functional Business chamber as well as functional 8Aside working group between the municipality and big business.
- Communication strategy and policies social media policy, communication policy and corporate image and branding policy
- · Branding manual.
- Regular communication and information sharing.
- The existence of the Council approved risk management and, anti-fraud and corruption policies.
- Establishment of risk management committee.
- The reporting of the CRO to Accounting officer, given the latter's responsibility in terms of the MFMA for risk management.

#### **WEAKNESSES**

- Silo mentality amongst HR units.
- Negative customer perceptions in respect of HR Services, low value add realized.
- Lack of training ad refresher courses.
- Procedures that are part of policies are not followed through and implemented.
- Lack of funding for implementation of training and development.
- Record keeping and information not always available
- Staff and skills shortages in key positions.
- An ageing fleet of vehicles.
- Varying levels of service provision.
- Limited space available for industrial expansion.
   Labour residing long distances from places of employment.
- International competition may cause some manufacturing enterprises to experience pressure.
- Infrastructure maintenance and provision of new infrastructure for business (water, electricity, roads, storm water ect) has been lagging behind and this must be rectified in order to achieve investor confidence
- High vacancy rate.
- Shortage in tools of trade.
- Outdated communication systems.
- Outdated website.
- The Risk Management support functions not appropriately staffed.
- Responsibility of Risk Management Unit not being communicated throughout the Municipality.
- Risk Management activities not being Audited by Internal Audit.
- No mechanism in place to communicate any changes to the business unit risk register to CRO.
- Lack of activity tracking system.
- Office space is inadequate for the growth of the unit
- Turn-around time in audit assignments.
- The unit lack internal auditors who are specialists in information & communication technology & financial accounting

#### **STRENGTH**

- Internal audit staff have the required knowledge, skills & competencies to perform internal audit activity.
- Forensic investigations that are multiple expertise driven.
- Sound relationships with law enforcement agencies.
- Comprehensive, dynamic, multifaceted & focused internal audit plan.
- Comprehensive & educating reports.
- Well-structured internal audit methodology & forensic investigation methodology.
- Influence the market & receive services at a reasonable cost



- · Workable relationships with organized labour.
- Msunduzi environment is open and expectant to HR and expects it to fulfill its role.
- Existing body of policies is sufficient to facilitate advancement of management.
- Mandatory and Discretionary funding from the LGSETA.
- Partnerships with other Social Partners for funding and placing of Interns
- The existence of a number of sector plans.
- An increased drive to recycle waste.
- The IRPTN roll-out in the Municipality.
- Expansions to the airport, resulting in larger planes being able to use runways.
- Proximity to the N3 corridor.
- Potential high- speed rail link through the Municipality, linking Gauteng to Durban.
- Strengthen the Agri-process sector and tightening the relationship between farmers and Agri-processing businesses.
- Promoting and marketing city events with the aim of increasing the size and frequency of these events in the Municipality.
- Strengthening the logistics sector and provide necessary services to support a logistics platform.
- Expanding manufacturing in the areas of agricultural chemicals, automotive components, and wood products.
- Review of organogram.
- Building of media partnerships with local, national, and international media houses.
- Improvement on audit outcomes.
- Employ new staff to capacitate IA & reduce the reliance on co-sourced partners.
- Professional IA outlet recognized country wide.
- Knowledge/approach sharing with metros & other high-capacity municipalities.
- Funding for training of staff should be sourced from LGSETA for continuous professional development to comply with the IA charter.

#### **THREATS**

- Slow system response, e.g. organograms going obsolete before they get fully implemented.
- Staff turnover rate that outpaces employee entry.
- Lack of resources (tools of the trade).
- Budgetary Constraints.
- Poor commitment to training and development.
- The need to reduce revenue losses due to technical losses, illegal connections, tampering, and unbilled usage.
- There is a need for larger operational and maintenance budgets to service the ever increasing service delivery footprint.
- Theft/ vandalism of infrastructure.
- Impact of Covid-19 pandemic, Civil Unrest, KZN Floods, Russia vs Ukraine War had a devastating impact on the economy.
- Rising cost of living which is unaffordable for the poorest of the poor and low-income earners.
- Unemployment, joblessness, poverty, inequality is on an all-time high as the labour market is struggling.
- The country's economy is facing an unprecedented scenario with load shedding not only impacting food security and mobile networks, but business sectors and industries at large. This challenge is a huge threat to the economic growth of Msunduzi.
- Loss of experienced staff due to contract ending.
- Non approval of Communication programmes due to cost containment.
- Negative publicity of the Municipality.
- Loss of payment vouchers, SCM files, HR files which should be preserved for the purposes of the documentary exhibits during criminal trial and misconduct.
- Leak of forensic investigation reports which may jeopardize criminal trials.
- Market does not produce adequately skilled internal auditors.
- Lack of support & commitment by the GMs I.RO. transgressions by their staff.
- Management disowning responsibility.
- Death threats orchestrated by some municipal officials.
- Regarded as an opponent rather than providers of assurance, advice, and assistance through consulting activity.

## SECTION D-CHAPTER 4: MUNICIPAL VISION, GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

#### D.4.1. MUNICIPAL LONG-TERM VISION

"By 2040 Msunduzi will be a safe, vibrant, sustainable and smart metropolis."

| Safe        | <ul> <li>Safety is of utmost importance in terms of security, disaster mitigation/ management,<br/>environmental health, and proper waste management.</li> </ul> |
|-------------|--|
| Vibrant     | Vibrant refers to high-spirited, energetic, and lively City events.  |
| Sustainable | <ul> <li>Sustainable refers to all functions of the city, basic services, and support services to be done<br/>sustainably.</li> </ul>                            |
| Smart       | Smart refers to the city embracing technology in its everyday operations and also in planning for the future.  |

#### D.4.2. GOALS OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES

The Vision, Objectives, Strategies, and Projects of the Msunduzi Municipality are underpinned by Strategic Planning and Policies at a National and Provincial level, which were summarised in Chapter 2 above. The objectives and components of these documents and policies have helped determine the direction in which the Municipality is moving, as reflected in this IDP. Below are definitions of Goals, Objectives and strategies.



# FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2023-2024

## DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATION DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATION

## GOAL

## A desired end result.

Goals are an intermediary step between mission statements and objectives. They are usually not measurable and need to be further developed as separate distinguishable outcomes. They are primarily used for general planning and are used as the starting point to the development and refinement of outcomes.

## **OBJECTIVE**

The development objective provide a practical statement of what the municipality wishes to achieve to work towards the vision. The objectives should bridge the gap between the current reality and the vision, i.e. what change does the municipality need to see in order to achieve the vision.

When formulating objectives, it may be helpful to think in terms of the end result or outcome. That is, once the objective is met, what change would you expect to see?

### **STRATEGY**

Once the municipality knows where it wants to go (vision) and what it needs to achieve to realise the vision (objectives), it must then develop strategies. It is a plan of action or policy designed to achieve a major or overall aim.

#### Practical, action-oriented.

Strategy is a high-level plan to achieve one or more goals under conditions of uncertainty. Strategy is important because the resources available to achieve these goals are usually limited. Strategy generally involves setting goals, determining actions to achieve the goals, and mobilizing resources to execute the actions. A strategy describes how the ends (goals) will be achieved by the means (resources). Strategy can be intended or can emerge as a pattern of activity as the organization adapts to its environment or competes. It involves activities such as strategic planning sessions.

#### D.4.3. MUNICIPAL GOALS ALIGNMENT WITH NATIONAL POLICIES (TABLE TO BE ADDED)

#### D.4.3. KEY PERFORMANCE AREAS - HIGH LEVEL ALIGNMENT

The following table summarises the Six Key Performance Areas, their associated goals, objectives, strategies and the targets identified. Following this, it is further unpacked, where it is linked to the five year organisational scorecard, as well as the one year scorecard, including quarterly targets.

### D.4.4. 5 YEAR SCORECARD

### TABLE 100: TIER ONE: ORGANISATION LEVEL (5 YEAR SCORECARD)

| I | NDEX | IDP | CDS REFERENCE  | NATIONAL KEY   | GOAL  | STRATEGIC   | STRATEGY  | BASELINE /  | KEY PERFOR-  |  |  | 5YR SC  | ORECARD  |   |                                      |        |
|---|------|-----|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|--------|
|   |      | REF |  | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA  |   | OBJECTIVES  |   | STATUS QUO  | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR   | 2022/2024  | 2024/2024  | 2024/2025   | 2025/2026  | 2026/2027   | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT      | BUDGET |
| A |      | A1  | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 1 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL TRANSFOR-<br>MATION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 1: Gov-<br>ernance and<br>policy                         | 1.1 Eradicated fraud and corruption                       | 1.1.1 Improve<br>and strengthen<br>Internal Audit<br>and Risk Man-<br>agement             | 6 internal<br>audit assign-<br>ments as per<br>approved<br>Annual Audit<br>Plan Annually  | Number of<br>internal audit<br>assignments as<br>per approved<br>Annual Audit<br>Plan Annually   | 25 internal audit<br>assignments as<br>per approved<br>Annual Audit Plan<br>Annually                       | 50 internal audit<br>assignments as<br>per approved<br>Annual Audit<br>Plan Annually                       | audit assign-<br>ments as per<br>approved   | audit assign-<br>ments as per<br>approved<br>Annual Audit              | ments as per<br>approved  | OFFICE OF<br>THE CITY<br>MANAGER     |        |
| A |      | A1  | 8 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 1 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL TRANSFOR-<br>MATION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 1: Gov-<br>ernance and<br>policy<br>Risk Manage-<br>ment | 1.1 Eradicate<br>fraud and<br>corruption                  | 1.1.1 Improve<br>and strengthen<br>Internal Audit<br>and Risk Man-<br>agement             | Annual Risk<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan<br>produced<br>& submitted<br>to the Risk<br>Management<br>Committee<br>Annual by the<br>30 of June | Date Annual<br>Risk Manage-<br>ment plan<br>submitted to<br>the Risk Man-<br>agement Com-<br>mittee<br>Date Risk Man-<br>agement plan<br>submitted   | Annual Risk Management Plan produced & submitted to the Risk Management Committee Annual by the 30 of June | Annual Risk Management Plan produced & submitted to the Risk Management Committee Annual by the 30 of June | Annual Risk<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan<br>produced<br>& submitted<br>to the Risk<br>Management<br>Committee<br>Annual by the<br>30 of June | the Risk Man-<br>agement<br>Committee                                  | Annual Risk<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan<br>produced<br>& submitted<br>to the Risk<br>Management<br>Committee<br>Annual by the<br>30 of June | OFFICE OF<br>THE CITY<br>MANAGER     |        |
| A |      | A1  | 8 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 1 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL TRANSFOR-<br>MATION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 1: Gov-<br>ernance and<br>policy                         | 1.1 Eradicate<br>fraud and<br>corruption                  | 1.1.1 Improve and<br>strengthen Inter-<br>nal Audit, Risk<br>Management<br>and compliance | 0 anti-fraud<br>and cor-<br>ruption<br>awareness<br>campaigns<br>conducted<br>Annually  | Number of anti-fraud and corruption awareness campaigns conducted 1 x report on the Consolidated Risk Management Strategy developed & submitted to the RMC /SMC or to the Audit Committee by the 30th of June 2019 | 04 anti-fraud and<br>corruption aware-<br>ness campaigns<br>conducted An-<br>nually                        | 04 anti-fraud  | 04 anti-fraud<br>and cor-<br>ruption<br>awareness<br>campaigns<br>conducted<br>Annually   |  | 04 anti-fraud<br>and cor-<br>ruption<br>awareness<br>campaigns<br>conducted<br>Annually   | OFFICE OF<br>THE CITY<br>MANAGER     |        |
| A |      | A1  | 8 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 1 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL TRANSFOR-<br>MATION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 1: Gov-<br>ernance and<br>policy                         | 1.2 Compli-<br>ance with all<br>legislative<br>provisions | 1.2.1 Improve and strengthen compliance   | 50 % of risks<br>on the risk<br>dashboard<br>rated above 3<br>Annually  | % of Risks rated<br>above 3<br>% of Council  | 80 % of risks on<br>the risk dashboard<br>rated above 3<br>Annually  | 80 % of risks<br>on the risk<br>dashboard<br>rated above 3<br>Annually                                     | 80 % of risks<br>on the risk<br>dashboard<br>rated above<br>3 Annually  | 80 % of risks<br>on the risk<br>dashboard<br>rated above<br>3 Annually | 80 % of risks<br>on the risk<br>dashboard<br>rated above 3<br>Annually  | OFFICE OF THE CITY MANAGER OFFICE OF |        |
|   |      |     |  |  |   |   | and strengthen compliance   | Council<br>Bylaws and<br>policies en-<br>forced   | bylaws and policies enforced   | bylaws and poli-<br>cies enforced  | cil bylaws and<br>policies en-<br>forced   | Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies en-<br>forced   | Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies<br>enforced                          | Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies en-<br>forced   | THE CITY<br>MANAGER                  |        |

| INDEX | IDP | CDS REFERENCE   |  | GOAL | STRATEGIC  | STRATEGY   | BASELINE /   | KEY PERFOR-  |   |   | 5YR SC   | ORECARD  |  |                                  |        |
|-------|-----|---|--|------|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--------|
|       | REF |   | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA  |      | OBJECTIVES   |  | STATUS QUO   | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR   | 2022/2024   | 2024/2024   | 2024/2025  | 2025/2026  | 2026/2027  | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT  | BUDGET |
| E     | E2  | 14 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 5 - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE &<br>PUBLIC PARTICI-<br>PATION |      | 1.3 Developed and strengthened Communication and Stakeholder Relations | 1.3.1 Develop<br>partnerships in<br>terms of commu-<br>nications | 0 Communi-<br>cation forums<br>conducted   | Number of<br>Communi-<br>cation forum<br>conducted   | 04 Communica-<br>tion forums con-<br>ducted   | 04 Communication forums conducted   | 04 Communication forums conducted  |  | 04 Communication forums conducted  |                                  |        |
| E     | E2  | 14 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 5 - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE &<br>PUBLIC PARTICI-<br>PATION |      | 1.3 Developed and strengthened Communication and Stakeholder Relations | 1.3.1 Develop<br>partnerships in<br>terms of commu-<br>nications | 25 % of the<br>communica-<br>tion strategy<br>implemented                              | % of the com-<br>munication<br>strategy imple-<br>mented                                       | 50 % of the com-<br>munication strate-<br>gy implemented                            | 75 % of the<br>communication<br>strategy imple-<br>mented                           | 100 % of the<br>communica-<br>tion strategy<br>implemented                                       | communica-<br>tion strategy  | 100 % of the<br>communica-<br>tion strategy<br>implemented                                 | THE CITY                         |        |
| E     | E2  | 14 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 5 - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE &<br>PUBLIC PARTICI-<br>PATION |      | 1.3 Developed and strengthened Communication and Stakeholder Relations | 1.3.1 Develop<br>partnerships in<br>terms of commu-<br>nications | 12 service<br>delivery cam-<br>paigns  | Number of<br>service delivery<br>campaigns   | 12 service delivery campaigns   | 12 service delivery campaigns   | 12 service<br>delivery cam-<br>paigns  | 12 service<br>delivery<br>campaigns  | 12 service<br>delivery cam-<br>paigns  | OFFICE OF<br>THE CITY<br>MANAGER |        |
| E     | E2  | 14 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 5 - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE &<br>PUBLIC PARTICI-<br>PATION |      | 1.3 Developed and strengthened Communication and Stakeholder Relations | 1.3.1 Develop<br>partnerships in<br>terms of commu-<br>nications | 1 Media<br>partnerships<br>with local,<br>provincial and<br>National Me-<br>dia houses | Number of<br>Media partner-<br>ships with local,<br>provincial and<br>National Media<br>houses | 2 Media partner-<br>ships with local,<br>provincial and<br>National Media<br>houses | 3 Media part-<br>nerships with<br>local, provincial<br>and National<br>Media houses | 4 Media<br>partnerships<br>with local,<br>provincial<br>and Nation-<br>al Media<br>houses<br>N/A | 4 Media<br>partnerships<br>with local,<br>provincial<br>and Nation-<br>al Media<br>houses<br>N/A | 4 Media part-<br>nerships with<br>local, provin-<br>cial and Na-<br>tional Media<br>houses |                                  |        |
| E     | E2  | 14 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 5 - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE &<br>PUBLIC PARTICI-<br>PATION | ,    | 1.3 Developed and strengthened Communication and                       | 1.3.2 Strength<br>Public Participa-<br>tion structures           | 39 wards with<br>functional war<br>rooms<br>20 wards with                              | wards with<br>functional war<br>rooms  | 41 wards with functional war rooms  | 41 wards with functional war rooms  | 41 wards with<br>functional<br>war rooms   | 41 wards with<br>functional<br>war rooms   | 41 wards with functional war rooms   | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES            |        |
|       |     |   |  |      | Stakeholder<br>Relations   |  | functional<br>ward commit-<br>tees   | wards with<br>functional ward<br>committees  | functional ward committees  | functional ward<br>committees   | functional<br>ward commit-<br>tees   | functional<br>ward com-<br>mittees   | functional<br>ward commit-<br>tees   | THE CITY<br>MANAGER              |        |
| E     | E2  | 14 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 5 - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE &<br>PUBLIC PARTICI-<br>PATION |      | Communi-<br>cation and   | 1.3.3 Implement<br>the Batho Pele<br>Principles                  | 01 customer<br>satisfaction<br>survey con-<br>ducted                                   | Number of<br>customer satis-<br>faction survey<br>conducted                                    | 04 customer satisfaction survey conducted   | 04 customer<br>satisfaction sur-<br>vey conducted                                   | 04 customer<br>satisfaction<br>survey con-<br>ducted   | 04 customer<br>satisfaction<br>survey con-<br>ducted   | 04 customer<br>satisfaction<br>survey con-<br>ducted                                       | OFFICE OF<br>THE CITY<br>MANAGER |        |
|       |     |   |  |      | Stakeholder<br>Relations   | 1.3.4 Increase<br>communication<br>and stakeholder<br>campaigns  | 25 % of the<br>communica-<br>tion strategy<br>implemented                              | % of the com-<br>munication<br>strategy imple-<br>mented                                       | 50 % of the com-<br>munication strate-<br>gy implemented                            | 75 % of the<br>communication<br>strategy imple-<br>mented                           | 100 % of the<br>communica-<br>tion strategy<br>implemented                                       | communica-<br>tion strategy  | 100 % of the communication strategy implemented  | THE CITY                         |        |



| INDEX | IDP | CDS REFERENCE   | NATIONAL KEY   | GOAL  | STRATEGIC   | STRATEGY   | BASELINE /   | KEY PERFOR-   |   |   | 5YR SC   | ORECARD   |  |                                 |        |
|-------|-----|---|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--------|
|       | REF | 020 (12) 21(2)  | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA  | 337.2   | OBJECTIVES  | 511211251  | STATUS QUO   | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR  | 2022/2024   | 2024/2024   | 2024/2025  | 2025/2026   | 2026/2027  | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT | BUDGET |
| A     | A1  | 14 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 1 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL TRANSFOR-<br>MATION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 1; Gov-<br>ernance and<br>policy<br>Risk Manage-<br>ment                       | 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Management<br>and Develop-<br>ment  | 1.4.1 Improve<br>Human resources<br>management                           | 100 people<br>developed<br>through<br>the human<br>Resource<br>Development<br>Strategy | Number of peo-<br>ple developed<br>through the hu-<br>man Resource<br>Development<br>Strategy | 100 people devel-<br>oped through the<br>human Resource<br>Development<br>Strategy  | 100 people<br>developed<br>through the hu-<br>man Resource<br>Development<br>Strategy | 100 people<br>developed<br>through<br>the human<br>Resource<br>Development<br>Strategy | 100 people<br>developed<br>through<br>the human<br>Resource De-<br>velopment<br>Strategy    | 100 people<br>developed<br>through<br>the human<br>Resource<br>Development<br>Strategy | CORPORATE<br>SERVICES           |        |
|       |     |   |  |   |   |  | 3 Top Man-<br>agement<br>Positions filled<br>by people<br>from special<br>focus groups | Number of Top<br>Management<br>Positions filled<br>by people from<br>special focus<br>groups  | 3 Top Manage-<br>ment Positions<br>filled by people<br>from special focus<br>groups | 3 Top Manage-<br>ment Positions<br>filled by people<br>from special<br>focus groups   | 3 Top Man-<br>agement<br>Positions filled<br>by people<br>from special<br>focus groups | 3 Top Man-<br>agement<br>Positions<br>filled by<br>people from<br>special fo-<br>cus groups | 3 Top Man-<br>agement<br>Positions filled<br>by people<br>from special<br>focus groups |                                 |        |
|       |     |   |  |   |   |  | 100 % of<br>Employment<br>Equity Plan<br>targets<br>achieved                           | % of Employ-<br>ment Equity<br>Plan targets<br>achieved                                       | 100 % of Employ-<br>ment Equity Plan<br>targets achieved                            | 100 % of Employment Equity Plan targets achieved                                      | 100 % of<br>Employment<br>Equity Plan<br>targets<br>achieved                           | 100 % of<br>Employment<br>Equity Plan<br>targets<br>achieved                                | 100 % of<br>Employment<br>Equity Plan<br>targets<br>achieved                           |                                 |        |
|       |     |   |  |   |   |  | 50 % of Criti-<br>cal Posts Filled   | % of Critical<br>Posts Filled   | 50 % of Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>N/A   | 75 % of Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>N/A   | 100% of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled<br>N/A   | 100% of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled<br>N/A  | 100% of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled<br>N/A   |                                 |        |
| В     | B1  | 2- BACK TO BA-<br>SICS  | NKPA 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY  | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure MIG -REDUCTION OF NON REVENUE WATER | 2.1 Access to<br>affordable,<br>reliable, sus-<br>tainable and<br>modern ener-<br>gy for all.           | 2.1.1 Develop, up-<br>grade and main-<br>tain the electricity<br>network |  | Number of<br>Substations<br>Maintained  | 5 Substations<br>Maintained   | 5 Substations<br>Maintained   | 5 Substations<br>Maintained  | 5 Substations<br>Maintained   | 5 Substations<br>Maintained  | ELECTRICITY<br>SERVICES         |        |
| В     | B1  | 2- BACK TO BA-<br>SICS  | NKPA 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY  | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure MIG -REDUCTION OF NON REVENUE WATER | 2.1 Ensure<br>access to<br>affordable,<br>reliable, sus-<br>tainable and<br>modern ener-<br>gy for all. | 2.1.1 Develop, up-<br>grade and main-<br>tain the electricity<br>network | households   | No of house-<br>holds with<br>access to Elec-<br>tricity                                      | 181 000 house-<br>holds with access<br>to Electricity                               | 181 000 house-<br>holds with<br>access to Elec-<br>tricity                            | 181 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to Electricity                                 | 181 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to Electricity                                      | 181 000<br>households<br>with access to<br>Electricity                                 | ELECTRICITY<br>SERVICES         |        |
| В     | B1  | 2- BACK TO BA-<br>SICS  | NKPA 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY  | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure MIG -REDUCTION OF NON REVENUE WATER | 2.1 Ensure<br>access to<br>affordable,<br>reliable, sus-<br>tainable and<br>modern ener-<br>gy for all. | 2.1.1 Develop, up-<br>grade and main-<br>tain the electricity<br>network | Network up-  | KM of Elec-<br>tricity Network<br>upgraded<br>annually  | 50KM of Network<br>upgraded   | 75 KM of Net-<br>work upgraded  | 100 KM of<br>Network<br>upgraded   | 100 KM of<br>Network<br>upgraded  | 100 KM of<br>Network up-<br>graded   | ELECTRICITY<br>SERVICES         |        |
| В     | B2  | 2- BACK TO BA-<br>SICS  | NKPA 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY  | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure                                     | 2.1 Ensure<br>access to<br>affordable,<br>reliable, sus-<br>tainable and<br>modern ener-<br>gy for all. | 2.1.1 Develop, up-<br>grade and main-<br>tain the electricity<br>network | lights main-   | Number of<br>Street lights<br>maintained  | 100 Street lights<br>maintained   | 100 Street lights<br>maintained   | 100 Street<br>lights main-<br>tained   | 100 Street<br>lights main-<br>tained  | 100 Street<br>lights main-<br>tained   | ELECTRICITY<br>SERVICES         |        |



| INDEX | IDP | CDS REFERENCE          | NATIONAL KEY                            | GOAL  | STRATEGIC  | STRATEGY   | BASELINE /   | KEY PERFOR-  |   |   | 5YR SC   | ORECARD  |  |                                   |        |
|-------|-----|------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|--------|
|       | REF | 022 1121 21121132      | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA                     | 50/12   | OBJECTIVES   | 511111.251   | STATUS QUO   | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR   | 2022/2024   | 2024/2024   | 2024/2025  |  | 2026/2027  | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT   | BUDGET |
| В     | B2  | 2- BACK TO BA-<br>SICS | NKPA 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure   | 2.1 Ensure<br>access to<br>affordable,<br>reliable, sus-<br>tainable and<br>modern ener-<br>gy for all.  | 2.1.1 Develop, up-<br>grade and main-<br>tain the electricity<br>network           | ergy projects  | Number of<br>green energy<br>projects imple-<br>mented   | 02 green energy<br>projects imple-<br>mented  | 02 green energy projects implemented  | 02 green en-<br>ergy projects<br>implemented   | energy pro-  | 02 green energy projects implemented   |                                   |        |
|       |     |                        |   | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure   | 2.2 Ensure<br>availability<br>and sustaina-<br>ble manage-<br>ment of water<br>and sanitation<br>for all | 2.2.1 Develop,<br>upgrade and<br>maintain the wa-<br>ter and sanitation<br>network | 181 000<br>households<br>with access to<br>piped water<br>supply | Number of<br>households<br>with access to<br>piped water<br>supply   | 185 000 house-<br>holds with access<br>to piped water<br>supply   | 189 000 house-<br>holds with ac-<br>cess to piped<br>water supply   | 193 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to piped wa-<br>ter supply   | 197 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to piped wa-<br>ter supply | 200 000<br>households<br>with access to<br>piped water<br>supply   | INFRASTRUC-<br>TURE SER-<br>VICES |        |
| В     | B2  | 2- BACK TO BA-<br>SICS | NKPA 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure   | 2.2 Ensure<br>availability<br>and sustaina-<br>ble manage-<br>ment of water<br>and sanitation<br>for all | 2.2.1 Develop,<br>upgrade and<br>maintain the wa-<br>ter and sanitation<br>network | 181 000 house-<br>holds with ac-<br>cess to basic<br>Sanitation  |  | 185 000 house-<br>holds with access<br>to basic Sanitation  | 189 000 house-<br>holds with<br>access to basic<br>Sanitation   | 193 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to basic Sani-<br>tation   | 197 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to basic<br>Sanitation     | 200 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to basic Sani-<br>tation   | INFRASTRUC-<br>TURE SER-<br>VICES |        |
|       |     |                        |   | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure   | 2.2 Ensure<br>availability<br>and sustaina-<br>ble manage-<br>ment of water<br>and sanitation<br>for all | 2.2.1 Develop,<br>upgrade and<br>maintain the wa-<br>ter and sanitation<br>network | 4 Km of Water<br>pipes re-<br>placed                             | Km of Water<br>pipes replaced  | 30 Km of Water<br>pipes replaced  | 30 Km of Water<br>pipes replaced  | 40 Km of<br>Water pipes<br>replaced  | 50 Km of<br>Water pipes<br>replaced                                | 50 Km of<br>Water pipes<br>replaced  | INFRASTRUC-<br>TURE SER-<br>VICES |        |
| В     | B2  | 2- BACK TO BA-<br>SICS | NKPA 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure   | 2.2 Ensure<br>availability<br>and sustaina-<br>ble manage-<br>ment of water<br>and sanitation<br>for all | 2.2.1 Develop,<br>upgrade and<br>maintain the wa-<br>ter and sanitation<br>network | 01 Reservoirs<br>maintained                                      | Number of<br>Reservoirs<br>Maintained  | 10 Reservoirs maintained  | 10 Reservoirs<br>maintained   | 10 Reservoirs maintained   | 10 Reservoirs<br>maintained  | 10 Reservoirs<br>maintained  | INFRASTRUC-<br>TURE SER-<br>VICES |        |
|       |     |                        |   | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure   | 2.2 Ensure<br>availability<br>and sustaina-<br>ble manage-<br>ment of water<br>and sanitation<br>for all | 2.2.1 Develop,<br>upgrade and<br>maintain the wa-<br>ter and sanitation<br>network | 14 KM of san-<br>itation pipes<br>replaced                       | KM of Sani-<br>tation pipes<br>replaced  | 30 KM of sanitation<br>pipes replaced   | 30 KM of san-<br>itation pipes<br>replaced  | 30 KM of san-<br>itation pipes<br>replaced   | 30 KM of<br>sanitation<br>pipes re-<br>placed                      | 30 KM of san-<br>itation pipes<br>replaced   | INFRASTRUC-<br>TURE SER-<br>VICES |        |
| В     | B2  | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS  | NKPA 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure   | 2.3 Developed<br>and Main-<br>tained Mu-<br>nicipal road<br>Networks                                     | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal road<br>Networks                        | 2 km of roads<br>maintained<br>annually                          | Number of KM<br>Roads main-<br>tained annually   | 50 KM of roads<br>maintained an-<br>nually  | 50 KM of roads<br>maintained<br>annually  | 50 KM of<br>roads main-<br>tained annu-<br>ally  | 50 KM<br>of roads<br>maintained<br>annually                        | 50 KM of<br>roads main-<br>tained annu-<br>ally  | INFRASTRUC-<br>TURE SER-<br>VICES |        |
| В     | B2  | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS  | NKPA 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY | Goal 2: Developed and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure<br>MIG -REDUC-<br>TION OF NON<br>REVENUE<br>WATER | 2.3 Developed<br>and Main-<br>tained Mu-<br>nicipal road<br>Networks                                     | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal road<br>Networks                        | 30 traffic<br>calming<br>measures                                | Number of<br>traffic calm-<br>ing measure<br>installed in<br>various sites as<br>per approved<br>traffic calming<br>implementation<br>schedule | 50 traffic calming<br>measure installed<br>in various sites<br>as per approved<br>traffic calming<br>implementation<br>Annually | 50 traffic calming measure installed in various sites as per approved traffic calming implementation Annually | 50 traffic<br>calming<br>measure<br>installed in<br>various sites<br>as per ap-<br>proved traffic<br>calming im-<br>plementation<br>Annually | traffic calm-  | 50 traffic<br>calming<br>measure<br>installed in<br>various sites<br>as per ap-<br>proved traffic<br>calming im-<br>plementation<br>Annually | INFRASTRUC-<br>TURE SER-<br>VICES |        |



| INDEX | IDP | CDS REFERENCE                                 | NATIONAL KEY                            | GOAL   | STRATEGIC   | STRATEGY   | BASELINE /   | KEY PERFOR-   |   |   | 5YR SC   | ORECARD   |  |                                   |        |
|-------|-----|---|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|--------|
|       | REF |   | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA                     |  | OBJECTIVES  |  | STATUS QUO   | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR  | 2022/2024   | 2024/2024   | 2024/2025  | 2025/2026   | 2026/2027  | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT   | BUDGET |
| В     | B1  | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                         | NKPA 2 -<br>BASIC SERVICE<br>DELIV-ERY  | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure MIG -REDUCTION OF NON REVENUE WATER                          | 2.3 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Networks | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal road<br>Networks                | 50 KM of<br>roads con-<br>structed   | KM of roads<br>constructed  | 50 KM of roads<br>constructed   | 50 KM of roads<br>constructed   | 50 KM of<br>roads con-<br>structed   | 50 KM of<br>roads con-<br>structed  | 50 KM of<br>roads con-<br>structed   | INFRASTRUC-<br>TURE SER-<br>VICES |        |
| В     | B1  | 3 - IMPROVING<br>INFRASTRUCTURE<br>EFFICIENCY | NKPA 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure MIG -REDUCTION OF NON REVENUE                                | 2.3 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Networks | Municipal road   | 60 KM of road<br>markings<br>done  | KM of road<br>markings done   | 100 KM of road<br>markings done   | 100 KM of road<br>markings done   | 100 KM of<br>road mark-<br>ings done   | 100 KM of<br>road mark-<br>ings done  | 100 KM of<br>road mark-<br>ings done   | INFRASTRUC-<br>TURE SER-<br>VICES |        |
| В     | B2  | 3 - IMPROVING<br>INFRASTRUCTURE<br>EFFICIENCY | NKPA 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY | WATER Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure MIG -REDUC- TION OF NON REVENUE                        | 2.3 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Networks | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal road<br>Networks                | 50 KM of<br>storm water<br>draining<br>maintained  | KM of storm<br>water draining<br>maintained   | N/A<br>100 KM of storm<br>water draining<br>maintained                                  | N/A<br>100 KM of storm<br>water draining<br>maintained                          | N/A<br>100 KM of<br>storm water<br>draining<br>maintained  | N/A<br>100 KM of<br>storm water<br>draining<br>maintained                         | N/A<br>100 KM of<br>storm water<br>draining<br>maintained  | INFRASTRUC-<br>TURE SER-<br>VICES |        |
| В     | B2  | 3 - IMPROVING<br>INFRASTRUCTURE<br>EFFICIENCY | NKPA 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY | WATER Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure MIG -REDUC- TION OF NON REVENUE WATER                  | Municipal   | 2.3.2 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>pedestrian/<br>non-motorised<br>transport | 50 KM of<br>Pedestrian<br>pathways<br>Maintained   | KM of Pedestri-<br>an pathways<br>Maintained  | N/A<br>100 KM of Pedes-<br>trian pathways<br>Maintained                                 | N/A<br>100 KM of<br>Pedestrian<br>pathways Main-<br>tained                      | N/A<br>100 KM of<br>Pedestrian<br>pathways<br>Maintained   | N/A<br>100 KM of<br>Pedestrian<br>pathways<br>Maintained                          | N/A<br>100 KM of<br>Pedestrian<br>pathways<br>Maintained   | INFRASTRUC-<br>TURE SER-<br>VICES |        |
| В     | B2  | 3 - IMPROVING<br>INFRASTRUCTURE<br>EFFICIENCY | NKPA 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY | Goal 2: De-<br>veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure<br>MIG -REDUC-<br>TION OF NON<br>REVENUE<br>WATER | Municipal   | 2.3.2 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>pedestrian/<br>non-motorised<br>transport | 20 bus shelters<br>installed as<br>per approved<br>bus shelter<br>implementa-<br>tion plan | Number of<br>bus shelters<br>installed as per<br>approved bus<br>shelter imple-<br>mentation plan | 20 bus shelters<br>installed as per<br>approved bus<br>shelter implemen-<br>tation plan | N/A 20 bus shelters installed as per approved bus shelter imple- mentation plan | 20 bus shel-<br>ters installed<br>as per ap-<br>proved bus<br>shelter imple-<br>mentation<br>plan<br>N/A | N/A 30 bus shelters installed as per approved bus shelter implementation plan N/A | 30 bus shel-<br>ters installed<br>as per ap-<br>proved bus<br>shelter imple-<br>mentation<br>plan<br>N/A | INFRASTRUC-<br>TURE SER-<br>VICES |        |
| В     | B1  | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                         | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                   | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure MIG -REDUCTION OF NON REVENUE WATER                          | 2.3 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Networks | Municipal road   | 20 km of<br>Gravel roads<br>upgraded   | km of Gravel<br>roads upgrad-<br>ed   | 30 km of Gravel<br>roads upgraded   | 30 km of Gravel<br>roads upgrad-<br>ed  | 30 km of<br>Gravel roads<br>upgraded   | 30 km of<br>Gravel roads<br>upgraded  | 30 km of<br>Gravel roads<br>upgraded   | INFRASTRUC-<br>TURE SER-<br>VICES |        |
| В     | В3  | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                         | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                   | Goal 2: De-<br>veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure<br>MIG -REDUC-<br>TION OF NON<br>REVENUE<br>WATER | 2.3 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Networks | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal road<br>Networks                | 20 traffic signals replaced  | Number of<br>traffic signals<br>replaced  | 30 traffic signals replaced   | 30 traffic signals replaced   |  | 30 traffic<br>signals re-<br>placed   |  | INFRASTRUC-<br>TURE SER-<br>VICES |        |



| INDEX | IDP | CDS REFERENCE                                 | NATIONAL KEY                          | GOAL  | STRATEGIC  | STRATEGY   | BASELINE /   | KEY PERFOR-   |   |   | 5YR SC   | ORECARD  |  |                                 |        |
|-------|-----|---|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|---------------------------------|--------|
| mb_x  | REF | CDS NET ENEMGE                                | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA                   | SOAL  | OBJECTIVES                                       | 311011201  | STATUS QUO   | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR  | 2022/2024   | 2024/2024   | 2024/2025  | 2025/2026  | 2026/2027  | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT | BUDGET |
| В     | B2  | 3 - IMPROVING<br>INFRASTRUCTURE<br>EFFICIENCY | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                 | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure MIG -REDUCTION OF NON REVENUE WATER                     | 2.4 Developed ICT infrastructure                 | 2.4.1 Develop<br>and maintain ICT<br>infrastructure  | 95 % uptime<br>of all informa-<br>tion and com-<br>munication<br>Technology<br>Solutions | Average %<br>uptime of all<br>information<br>and communi-<br>cation Technol-<br>ogy Solutions | 95 % uptime of all<br>information and<br>communication<br>Technology Solu-<br>tions | 95 % uptime of<br>all information<br>and communi-<br>cation Technol-<br>ogy Solutions | 95 % up-<br>time of all<br>information<br>and com-<br>munication<br>Technology<br>Solutions<br>N/A | 95 % up-<br>time of all<br>information<br>and com-<br>munication<br>Technology<br>Solutions<br>N/A | 95 % uptime<br>of all informa-<br>tion and com-<br>munication<br>Technology<br>Solutions | SERVICES                        |        |
| В     | B1  | 3 - IMPROVING<br>INFRASTRUCTURE<br>EFFICIENCY | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                 | Goal 2: Developed and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure<br>MIG -REDUC-<br>TION OF NON<br>REVENUE<br>WATER | 2.4 Developed<br>ICT infrastruc-<br>ture         | 2.4.1 Develop<br>and maintain ICT<br>infrastructure  | 50 % of the<br>Integrated<br>Enterprise<br>Management<br>system devel-<br>oped           | % uptime of<br>the Integrated<br>Enterprise<br>Management<br>system devel-<br>oped            | 100 % of the Inte-<br>grated Enterprise<br>Management<br>system developed           | 100 % of the<br>Integrated<br>Enterprise<br>Management<br>system devel-<br>oped       | 100 % of the<br>Integrated<br>Enterprise<br>Management<br>system devel-<br>oped                    | 100 % of the<br>Integrated<br>Enterprise<br>Manage-<br>ment system<br>developed                    | 100 % of the<br>Integrated<br>Enterprise<br>Management<br>system devel-<br>oped          | CORPORATE<br>SERVICES           |        |
| В     | B1  | 3 - Improving<br>Infrastructure<br>Efficiency | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                 | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure MIG -REDUCTION OF NON REVENUE                           | 2.4 Developed ICT infrastructure                 | 2.4.1 Develop<br>and maintain ICT<br>infrastructure  | N/A  | Msunduzi<br>SMART app<br>developed and<br>operational   | N/A<br>N/A  | N/A<br>Msunduzi<br>SMART app<br>developed and<br>operational                          | N/A<br>N/A   | N/A<br>N/A   | N/A<br>N/A   | CORPORATE<br>SERVICES           |        |
|       |     |   |                                       | WATER   |  |  |  |   | N/A   |   | N/A  | N/A  | N/A  |                                 |        |
| В     | B1  | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                         | NKPA 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY | Goal 3; Hu-<br>man and<br>community<br>Development  | 3.1 Enhanced waste management capacity           | 3.1.1 Improve the basics: cleaning, repairing, enforcing waste management practices                  | Waste Man-<br>agement Plan<br>Reviewed by<br>30 June An-<br>nually                       | Date Waste<br>Management<br>Plan Reviewed   | Waste Manage-<br>ment Plan Re-<br>viewed by 30 June<br>Annually                     | Waste Man-<br>agement Plan<br>Reviewed by 30<br>June Annually                         | Waste<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan<br>Reviewed by<br>30 June An-<br>nually                              | Waste<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan<br>Reviewed<br>by 30 June<br>Annually                                | Waste Man-<br>agement Plan<br>Reviewed by<br>30 June An-<br>nually                       | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| В     | B1  | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                         | NKPA 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY | Goal 3; Hu-<br>man and<br>community<br>Development  | 3.1 Enhance<br>waste man-<br>agement<br>capacity | 3.1.1 Improve the<br>basics: clean-<br>ing, repairing,<br>enforcing waste<br>management<br>practices | 70% imple-<br>mentation<br>of the Waste<br>Management<br>Plan                            |   | N/A<br>90% implementa-<br>tion of the Waste<br>Management Plan                      | N/A<br>90% implemen-<br>tation of the<br>Waste Manage-<br>ment Plan                   | N/A<br>90% imple-<br>mentation<br>of the Waste<br>Management<br>Plan                               |  | N/A<br>100 % imple-<br>mentation<br>of the Waste<br>Management<br>Plan                   | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| В     | B1  | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                         | NKPA 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY | Goal 3; Hu-<br>man and<br>community<br>Development  | 3.1 Enhance<br>waste man-<br>agement<br>capacity | 3.1.1 Improve the<br>basics: clean-<br>ing, repairing,<br>enforcing waste<br>management<br>practices | 137 000<br>households<br>with access to<br>weekly Refuse<br>Removal                      |   | 137 000 house-<br>holds with access<br>to weekly Refuse<br>Removal                  | 137 000 house-<br>holds with ac-<br>cess to weekly<br>Refuse Removal                  | 137 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to weekly<br>Refuse Re-<br>moval                           | 167 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to weekly<br>Refuse Re-<br>moval                           | 167 000<br>households<br>with access to<br>weekly Refuse<br>Removal                      | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| В     | B1  | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                         | NKPA 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY | Goal 3; Hu-<br>man and<br>community<br>Development  | 3.1 Enhance<br>waste man-<br>agement<br>capacity | 3.1.1 Improve the<br>basics: clean-<br>ing, repairing,<br>enforcing waste<br>management<br>practices | 6 CBD clean-<br>up campaign<br>conducted   | Number of CBD<br>clean-up cam-<br>paign reviewed  | 6 CBD clean-up<br>campaign con-<br>ducted   | 6 CBD clean-<br>up campaign<br>conducted  | 12 CBD clean-<br>up campaign<br>conducted  |  | 12 CBD clean-<br>up campaign<br>conducted  |                                 |        |



| INDEX | IDP | CDS REFERENCE  | NATIONAL KEY                               | GOAL              | STRATEGIC  | STRATEGY  | BASELINE /  | KEY PERFOR-  |   |   | 5YR SC   | ORECARD  |   |                                 |        |
|-------|-----|----------------|--|-------------------|--|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------|--------|
|       | REF |                | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA                        |                   | OBJECTIVES                                       |   | STATUS QUO  | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR   | 2022/2024   | 2024/2024   | 2024/2025  | 2025/2026  | 2026/2027   | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT | BUDGET |
| В     | B1  | BASICS         | NKPA 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY      | man and community | 3.1 Enhance<br>waste man-<br>agement<br>capacity | 3.1.2 Improve<br>waste manage-<br>ment in econom-<br>ic nodes es                | 10 % Implementation of the CBD clean-up strategy  | % Implemen-<br>tation of the<br>CBD clean-up<br>strategy     | 30 % Implementation of the CBD clean-up strategy  | 50 % Imple-<br>mentation of<br>the CBD clean-<br>up strategy  | 75% Implementation of the CBD clean-up strategy  | 100 % Implementation of the CBD clean-up strategy  | 100% Implementation of the CBD clean-up strategy  |                                 |        |
| В     | B1  | INFRASTRUCTURE | NKPA 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY      | man and community | 3.1 Enhance waste management capacity            | 3.1.2 Improve waste management in economic nodes es                             | New England<br>landfill site  | Construction of a new landfill site                          | N/A   | N/A   | N/A  | Construction<br>of a new<br>landfill site  |   | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| В     | B1  | BASICS         | NKPA 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY      | man and community | 3.1 Enhance waste management capacity            | 3.1.2 Improve waste management in economic nodes es                             | 500 illegal dumping fines issued.   | Number of illegal dumping fines issued.                      | 600 illegal dumping fines issued.   | 600 illegal dumping fines issued.   | 600 illegal dumping fines issued.  | 600 illegal<br>dumping<br>fines issued.  | 600 illegal dumping fines issued.   | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| В     | B1  | BASICS         | NKPA 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY      | man and community | public facili-                                   | 3.2.1 Improve the basics: cleaning, repairing public spaces                     | 21 islands and<br>main entranc-<br>es into CBD<br>maintained<br>monthly as<br>per mainte-<br>nance sched-<br>ule            |  | 20 islands and<br>main entrances<br>into CBD main-<br>tained monthly as<br>per maintenance<br>schedule                    | 30 islands and<br>main entranc-<br>es into CBD<br>maintained<br>monthly as per<br>maintenance<br>schedule | 35 islands<br>and main<br>entrances<br>into CBD<br>maintained<br>monthly as<br>per main-<br>tenance<br>schedule<br>N/A | 40 islands<br>and main<br>entrances<br>into CBD<br>maintained<br>monthly as<br>per main-<br>tenance<br>schedule<br>N/A | 40 islands<br>and main<br>entrances into<br>CBD main-<br>tained month-<br>ly as per<br>maintenance<br>schedule<br>N/A       |                                 |        |
| В     | B1  | BASICS         | NKPA 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY      | man and community | public facili-                                   | 3.2.1 Improve the basics: cleaning, repairing public spaces                     | facilities re-  | Number of<br>Public facilities<br>revamped and<br>maintained | 30 of Public facil-<br>ities revamped<br>and maintained<br>in the CBD and<br>Surroundings.                                | 30 of Public<br>facilities re-<br>vamped and<br>maintained in<br>the CBD and<br>Surroundings.             | 30 of Public facilities re-  | 40 of Public<br>facilities re-<br>vamped and<br>maintained<br>in the CBD   | 40 of Public facilities re-   | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| В     | B1  | BASICS         | NKPA 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY      | man and community | public facili-                                   | basics: cleaning, repairing public  | 10 Public<br>Spaces up-<br>graded and<br>revamped   | Number of<br>Public Spaces<br>upgraded and<br>revamped       | 10 Public Spaces upgraded and revamped  | 10 Public Spaces upgraded and revamped  | 10 Public<br>Spaces up-<br>graded and<br>revamped  | 10 Public<br>Spaces up-<br>graded and<br>revamped  | 10 Public<br>Spaces up-<br>graded and<br>revamped   | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| В     | B1  | BASICS         | NKPA 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY      | man and community | 3.2 Enhance public facili-                       | basics: cleaning, repairing public  | 6 of Public<br>facilities con-<br>structed  | Number of<br>Public facilities<br>constructed                | 5 of Public facili-<br>ties constructed   | 5 of Public<br>facilities con-<br>structed  | 5 of Public facilities constructed   | 5 of Public<br>facilities<br>constructed   | 5 of Public facilities constructed  | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| В     | B1  | BASICS         | NKPA 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE DELIV-<br>ERY      | man and community | 3.2 Enhance public facili-                       | 3.2.1 Improve the basics: cleaning, repairing public spaces                     | 60 % of Com-<br>munity Facil-<br>ities in good<br>state   | % of Commu-<br>nity Facilities in<br>good state              | 80 % of Commu-<br>nity Facilities in<br>good state  | 90 % of Com-<br>munity Facilities<br>in good state  | 90 % of Com-<br>munity Facil-<br>ities in good<br>state  | 90 % of<br>Community<br>Facilities in<br>good state  | 95 % of Com-<br>munity Facil-<br>ities in good<br>state   | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| F     | F2  | FECTIVENESS &  | NKP 6 -CROSS<br>CUTTING INTER-<br>VENTIONS | man and community | 3.3 Enhanced<br>Enforcement<br>of By-laws,       | 3.3.1 improve<br>Enforcement of<br>By-laws, Public<br>Safety and Se-<br>curity. | 2 fire Arm<br>Training / Fire<br>Arm Refresher<br>Courses for all<br>municipal fire<br>arm holders<br>conducted<br>Annually | Arm Training<br>/ Fire Arm<br>Refresher                      | 2 fire Arm Training<br>/ Fire Arm Refresh-<br>er Courses for all<br>municipal fire arm<br>holders conduct-<br>ed Annually | Training / Fire<br>Arm Refresher  |  | Arm Refresh-<br>er Courses<br>for all mu-  | 4 Fire Arm<br>Training / Fire<br>Arm Refresher<br>Courses for all<br>municipal fire<br>arm holders<br>conducted<br>Annually |                                 |        |



| INDEX | IDP | CDS REFERENCE                               | NATIONAL KEY                                | GOAL   | STRATEGIC   | STRATEGY  | BASELINE /   | KEY PERFOR-  |   |   | 5YR SC   | ORECARD  |  |                                 |        |
|-------|-----|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|---------------------------------|--------|
|       | REF |   | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA                         |  | OBJECTIVES  |   | STATUS QUO   | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR   | 2022/2024   | 2024/2024   | 2024/2025  | 2025/2026  | 2026/2027  | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT | BUDGET |
| F     | F2  |   | NKP 6 -CROSS<br>CUTTING INTER-<br>VENTIONS  | Goal 3; Hu-<br>man and<br>community<br>Development | 3.3 Enhance<br>the Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security. | 3.3.1 Improve disaster planning, management and mitigation. | Disaster Man-<br>agement Ad-   | Number of<br>quarterly Dis-<br>aster Manage-<br>ment Advisory<br>Forums meet-<br>ings facilitated                | 4 x quarterly Disas-<br>ter Management<br>Advisory Forums<br>meetings facilitat-<br>ed Annually<br>N/A  | 4 x quarterly<br>Disaster Man-<br>agement Ad-<br>visory Forums<br>meetings facili-<br>tated Annually                                      | 4 x quarterly<br>Disaster Man-<br>agement Ad-<br>visory Forums<br>meetings<br>facilitated<br>Annually  | 4 x quarterly<br>Disaster<br>Manage-<br>ment Advi-<br>sory Forums<br>meetings<br>facilitated<br>Annually<br>N/A                                      | 4 x quarterly<br>Disaster Man-<br>agement Ad-<br>visory Forums<br>meetings<br>facilitated<br>Annually  | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| F     | F2  | 8 - SPATIAL EF-<br>FECTIVENESS &<br>JUSTICE | NKP 6 -CROSS<br>CUTTING INTER-<br>VENTIONS  | Goal 3; Hu-<br>man and<br>community<br>Development | 3.3 Enhance<br>the Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security. | 3.3.1 Improve disaster planning, management and mitigation. | disaster relat-<br>ed incidents<br>reported ac-<br>cording to the  | time to respond<br>to disaster re-<br>lated incidents<br>reported ac-<br>cording to the                          | 24 Hours turn<br>around time<br>to respond to<br>disaster related<br>incidents reported<br>according to the<br>Approved DM<br>plan/strategy<br>annually | 24 Hours turn around time to respond to disaster related incidents reported according to the Approved DM plan/strategy annually           | 24 Hours turn<br>around time<br>to respond to<br>disaster relat-<br>ed incidents<br>reported<br>according to<br>the Approved<br>DM plan/<br>strategy an-<br>nually | 24 Hours turn around time to respond to disaster related incidents reported according to the Approved DM plan/strategy annually                      | 24 Hours turn<br>around time<br>to respond to<br>disaster relat-<br>ed incidents<br>reported ac-<br>cording to the<br>Approved DM<br>plan/strategy<br>annually | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| F     | F2  |   | NKP 6 -CROSS<br>CUTTING INTER-<br>VENTIONS  | Goal 3; Hu-<br>man and<br>community<br>Development | 3.3 Enhance<br>the Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security. | 3.3.1 Improve disaster planning, management and mitigation. | Disaster Management Plan<br>Reviewed by<br>the 30th of<br>June Annually  | agement Plan<br>prepared and   | N/A Disaster Management Plan Reviewed by the 30th of June Annually N/A  | N/A Disaster Management Plan Reviewed by the 30th of June Annually N/A  | N/A<br>Disaster<br>Management<br>Plan Re-<br>viewed by the<br>30th of June<br>Annually<br>N/A  | N/A<br>Disaster<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan<br>Reviewed by<br>the 30th of<br>June Annu-<br>ally<br>N/A   | N/A Disaster Management Plan Reviewed by the 30th of June Annually N/A   |                                 |        |
| F     | F2  | 8 - SPATIAL EF-<br>FECTIVENESS &<br>JUSTICE | NKPA 6 -CROSS<br>CUTTING INTER-<br>VENTIONS | Goal 3; Hu-<br>man and<br>community<br>Development | 3.3 Enhance<br>the Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security. | 3.3.1 Improve disaster planning, management and mitigation. | 6 Disaster<br>awareness<br>Campaigns<br>(1 campaign<br>per high risk<br>areas, 1 pub-<br>lic education<br>campaign)<br>conducted<br>Annually | Number of Disaster awareness Campaigns (1 campaign per high risk areas, 1 public educa- tion campaign) conducted | N/A  6 Disaster awareness Campaigns (1 campaign per high risk areas, 1 public education campaign) conducted Annually                                    | 6 Disaster<br>awareness<br>Campaigns (1<br>campaign per<br>high risk areas,<br>1 public educa-<br>tion campaign)<br>conducted<br>Annually | 12 Disaster<br>awareness<br>Campaigns<br>(1 campaign<br>per high risk<br>areas, 1 pub-<br>lic education<br>campaign)<br>conducted<br>Annually<br>N/A               | 12 Disaster<br>awareness<br>Campaigns<br>(1 campaign<br>per high risk<br>areas, 1 pub-<br>lic education<br>campaign)<br>conducted<br>Annually<br>N/A | 12 Disaster<br>awareness<br>Campaigns<br>(1 campaign<br>per high risk<br>areas, 1 pub-   | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| F     | F2  | 8 - SPATIAL EF-<br>FECTIVENESS &<br>JUSTICE | NKPA 6 -CROSS<br>CUTTING INTER-<br>VENTIONS | Goal 3; Hu-<br>man and<br>community<br>Development | 3.3 Enhance<br>the Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security. | 3.3.1 Improve disaster planning, management and mitigation. | 12 Major Haz-<br>ard Visitations<br>conducted<br>Annually  | Number Major<br>Hazard Visita-<br>tions conduct-<br>ed   | 12 Major Hazard<br>Visitations con-<br>ducted Annually<br>N/A   | 12 Major Haz-<br>ard Visitations<br>conducted<br>Annually   | 12 Major Haz-  | 12 Major<br>Hazard<br>Visitations<br>conducted<br>Annually<br>N/A  | 12 Major Haz-<br>ard Visitations<br>conducted<br>Annually  |                                 |        |
| F     | F2  |   | NKP 6 -CROSS<br>CUTTING INTER-<br>VENTIONS  | Goal 3; Hu-<br>man and<br>community<br>Development | 3.3 Enhance<br>the Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security. | 3.3.2 Improve Fire management and mitigation.               | 120 Fire<br>prevention<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually   | Number of<br>fire prevention<br>inspections<br>conducted   | 120 Fire prevention<br>inspections con-<br>ducted Annually  | 120 Fire prevention inspections conducted Annually  | 120 Fire<br>prevention<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually<br>N/A  | 120 Fire<br>prevention<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually<br>N/A  | 120 Fire<br>prevention<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually<br>N/A  | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |



| INDEX | IDP | CDS REFERENCE  | NATIONAL KEY   | GOAL   | STRATEGIC   | STRATEGY  | BASELINE /  | KEY PERFOR-   |  |  | 5YR SC  | ORECARD  |   |                                 |        |
|-------|-----|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|---|---------------------------------|--------|
|       | REF |  | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA  | 337.2  | OBJECTIVES  |   | STATUS QUO  | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR  | 2022/2024  | 2024/2024  | 2024/2025   | 2025/2026  | 2026/2027   | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT | BUDGET |
| F     | F2  | 8 - SPATIAL EF-<br>FECTIVENESS &<br>JUSTICE                  | NKPA 6 -CROSS<br>CUTTING INTER-<br>VENTIONS                | Goal 3; Hu-<br>man and<br>community<br>Development | 3.3 Enhance<br>the Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security. | 3.3.2 Improve Fire management and mitigation.                       | 12 Fire & Rescue public awareness presentations conducted Annually  | Number of Fire<br>& Rescue pub-<br>lic awareness<br>presentations<br>conducted  | 12 Fire & Rescue<br>public awareness<br>presentations con-<br>ducted Annually  | 12 Fire & Rescue<br>public aware-<br>ness presenta-<br>tions conduct-<br>ed Annually   | Rescue pub-<br>lic awareness<br>presentations<br>conducted<br>Annually  | ness pres-<br>entations<br>conducted<br>Annually   | cue public<br>awareness<br>presentations<br>conducted<br>Annually   | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| F     | F2  | 8 - SPATIAL EF-<br>FECTIVENESS &<br>JUSTICE                  | NKPA 6 -CROSS<br>CUTTING INTER-<br>VENTIONS                | Goal 3; Hu-<br>man and<br>community<br>Development | 3.3 Enhance<br>the Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security. | 3.3.2 Improve Fire management and mitigation.                       | 5 Disaster risk<br>mitigation<br>projects im-<br>plemented  | Number of<br>Disaster risk mit-<br>igation projects<br>implemented  | N/A 12 Disaster risk mitigation projects implemented  N/A  | N/A 12 Disaster risk mitigation projects imple- mented N/A                             | N/A 12 Disaster risk mitigation projects implemented N/A  | N/A 12 Disaster risk mitiga- tion projects implement- ed N/A   | N/A 12 Disaster risk mitigation projects im- plemented N/A  | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| F     | F2  | 8 - SPATIAL EF-<br>FECTIVENESS &<br>JUSTICE                  | NKPA 6 -CROSS<br>CUTTING INTER-<br>VENTIONS                | Goal 3; Hu-<br>man and<br>community<br>Development | 3.3 Enhance<br>the Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security. | 3.3.3 Improve the enforcement of bylaws                             | 100 % Bylaws<br>enforced<br>within the city<br>centre   | % Bylaws en-<br>forced within<br>the city centre  | 100 % Bylaws<br>enforced within<br>the city centre   | 100 % Bylaws<br>enforced within<br>the city centre                                     |   | 100 % Bylaws<br>enforced   | 100 % Bylaws<br>enforced<br>within the city<br>centre   | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| Е     | E2  | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 5 - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE &<br>PUBLIC PARTICI-<br>PATION |  | 3.4 Safeguard<br>and enhance<br>sustainable<br>livelihoods<br>and food<br>security.   | 3.4.1 Improve<br>Customer expe-<br>rience & Public<br>participation | Community<br>complaints<br>received re-<br>ferred to cus-<br>tomer services<br>and depart-<br>ments within<br>2 days of<br>receipt of the<br>complaints<br>Annually | Turnaround<br>time Commu-<br>nity complaints<br>received<br>referred to<br>customer<br>services and<br>departments<br>after receipt of<br>the complaint/s<br>by ABM | Community com-<br>plaints received<br>referred to custom-<br>er services and de-<br>partments within<br>2 days of receipt<br>of the complaints<br>Annually | Community complaints received referred   | Community complaints received referred to customer services and departments within 2 days of receipt of the complaints Annually N/A | Community<br>complaints<br>received<br>referred to<br>customer<br>services and<br>departments            | Community complaints received referred to customer services and departments within 2 days of receipt of the complaints Annually N/A | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| E     | E2  | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 5 - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE &<br>PUBLIC PARTICI-<br>PATION |  | 3.4 Safeguard<br>and enhance<br>sustainable<br>livelihoods<br>and food<br>security.   | 3.4.1 Improve<br>Customer expe-<br>rience & Public<br>participation | 39 x ward<br>plans for<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>reviewed<br>Annually  | Number of<br>ward plans<br>for Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>reviewed and<br>submitted to<br>SMC  | 41 x ward plans for<br>Msunduzi Munic-<br>ipality reviewed<br>Annually   |  | 41 x ward<br>plans for<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>reviewed<br>Annually<br>N/A   | 41 x ward<br>plans for<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>reviewed<br>Annually<br>N/A                        | 41 x ward<br>plans for<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>reviewed<br>Annually<br>N/A   | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| E     | E2  | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 5 - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE &<br>PUBLIC PARTICI-<br>PATION |  | 3.4 Safeguard<br>and enhance<br>sustainable<br>livelihoods<br>and food<br>security.   | 3.4.1 Improve<br>Customer expe-<br>rience & Public<br>participation | 12 Audits<br>conducted in<br>each of the 39<br>wards on Ser-<br>vice Delivery<br>Challenges<br>Annually   | Number of<br>ward Audits<br>conducted   | 12 Audits conducted in each of the<br>41 wards on Service Delivery Challenges Annually   | ducted in each<br>of the 41 wards<br>on Service De-<br>livery Challeng-<br>es Annually | 12 Audits<br>conducted in<br>each of the<br>41 wards on<br>Service Deliv-<br>ery Challeng-<br>es Annually                           | 12 Audits<br>conducted<br>in each of<br>the 41 wards<br>on Service<br>Delivery<br>Challenges<br>Annually | 12 Audits<br>conducted in<br>each of the<br>41 wards on<br>Service Deliv-<br>ery Challeng-<br>es Annually                           | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| E     | E2  | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 5 - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE &<br>PUBLIC PARTICI-<br>PATION |  | 3.4 Safeguard<br>and enhance<br>sustainable<br>livelihoods<br>and food<br>security.   | 3.4.1 Improve<br>Customer expe-<br>rience & Public<br>participation | 12 Ward visits<br>conducted<br>in the to<br>support HIV/<br>AIDS Groups<br>Annually   | Number of<br>Ward visits<br>conducted in<br>the 19/20 FY to<br>support HIV/<br>AIDS Groups  | N/A 12 Ward visits conducted in the to support HIV/AIDS Groups Annually N/A  | N/A 12 Ward visits conducted in the to sup- port HIV/AIDS Groups Annu- ally N/A        | N/A<br>12 Ward visits<br>conducted<br>in the to<br>support HIV/<br>AIDS Groups<br>Annually<br>N/A                                   | N/A 12 Ward visits conducted in the to support HIV/ AIDS Groups Annually N/A                             | N/A 12 Ward visits conducted in the to support HIV/ AIDS Groups Annually N/A  | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |



| INDE | X IDP | CDS REFERENCE  | NATIONAL KEY   | GOAL                             | STRATEGIC   | STRATEGY  | BASELINE /  | KEY PERFOR-  |   |   | 5YR SC   | ORECARD  |  |                                 |        |
|------|-------|--|--|----------------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|---------------------------------|--------|
|      | REF   |  | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA  |                                  | OBJECTIVES  |   | STATUS QUO  | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR   | 2022/2024   | 2024/2024   | 2024/2025  | 2025/2026  | 2026/2027  | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT | BUDGET |
| E    | E2    | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 5 - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE &<br>PUBLIC PARTICI-<br>PATION |                                  | 3.4 Safeguard<br>and enhance<br>sustainable<br>livelihoods<br>and food<br>security. | 3.4.1 Improve<br>Customer expe-<br>rience & Public<br>participation       | 1 HIV/AIDS<br>and Social<br>support<br>programmes<br>in the to be<br>coordinated<br>Annually  | Number of<br>HIV/AIDS and<br>Social support<br>programmes<br>coordinated   | 6 HIV/AIDS and<br>Social support pro-<br>grammes in the to<br>be coordinated<br>Annually                              |   | 6 HIV/AIDS<br>and Social<br>support<br>programmes<br>in the to be<br>coordinated<br>Annually<br>N/A                            | 6 HIV/AIDS<br>and Social<br>support<br>programmes<br>in the to be<br>coordinated<br>Annually<br>N/A  | in the to be   | COMMUNITY<br>SERVICES           |        |
| D    | D1    | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY                              | NKPA 4 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY             | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | 4.1 Improved<br>Revenue<br>collection   | 4.1.1 Implement<br>the revenue<br>policies and<br>enhancement<br>strategy | All Revenue<br>related pol-<br>icies were<br>reviewed<br>in 2018/19<br>budget (Cred-<br>it Control, Tar-<br>iffs, Indigent,<br>Rates and<br>Debt Write off<br>policies) | Date Credit<br>Control, Tariffs,<br>Indigent, Rates<br>and Debt Write<br>off policies<br>reviewed and<br>submitted | Credit Control, Tar-<br>iffs, Indigent, Rates<br>and Debt Write off<br>policies reviewed<br>and submitted<br>Annually | Tariffs, Indigent,<br>Rates and Debt<br>Write off poli-<br>cies reviewed<br>and submitted<br>Annually | Credit Con-<br>trol, Tariffs,<br>Indigent,<br>Rates and<br>Debt Write<br>off policies<br>reviewed and<br>submitted<br>Annually | Credit Control, Tariffs, Indigent, Rates and Debt Write off policies reviewed and submitted Annually | Credit Control, Tariffs, Indigent, Rates and Debt Write off policies reviewed and submitted Annually | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| D    | D3    | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY                              | NKPA 4 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY             | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | 4.1 Improved<br>Revenue<br>collection   | 4.1.1 Implement<br>the revenue<br>policies and<br>enhancement<br>strategy | Monthly debt-<br>ors age anal-<br>ysis reports<br>submitted to<br>SMC in the<br>18/19 FY  | Number<br>of monthly<br>debtors age<br>analysis reports<br>submitted to<br>SMC                                     | 12 monthly debt-<br>ors age analysis<br>reports submitted<br>Annually   | N/A 12 monthly debtors age analysis reports submitted An- nually                                      | 12 monthly<br>debtors age<br>analysis re-<br>ports submit-<br>ted Annually   | 12 monthly<br>debtors<br>age anal-<br>ysis reports<br>submitted<br>Annually                          | 12 monthly<br>debtors age<br>analysis re-<br>ports submit-<br>ted Annually                           | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| D    | D1    | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY                              | NKPA 4 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY             |                                  | 4.1 Improved<br>Revenue<br>collection   | 4.1.1 Implement<br>the revenue<br>policies and<br>enhancement<br>strategy | 90% current<br>debt col-<br>lected in the<br>18/19FY  | % of Monthly<br>collection rate<br>of current debt   | N/A<br>90% Monthly<br>collection rate of<br>current debt An-<br>nually<br>N/A   | N/A<br>90% Monthly<br>collection rate<br>of current debt<br>Annually<br>N/A                           | N/A<br>90% Monthly<br>collection<br>rate of cur-<br>rent debt<br>Annually<br>N/A   | N/A 90% Monthly collection rate of cur- rent debt Annually N/A                                       | N/A<br>90% Monthly<br>collection<br>rate of current<br>debt Annually<br>N/A                          | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| D    | D1    | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY                              | NKPA 4 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY             | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | 4.1 Improved<br>Revenue<br>collection   | 4.1.1 Implement<br>the revenue<br>policies and<br>enhancement<br>strategy | 10% arrears<br>debt col-<br>lected in the<br>18/19 FY   | % of Monthly<br>collection rate<br>of arrears debt   | 20% Monthly<br>collection rate of<br>arrears debt An-<br>nually   | 20% Monthly<br>collection rate<br>of arrears debt<br>Annually   | 20% Monthly<br>collection<br>rate of ar-<br>rears debt<br>Annually<br>N/A  |  |  | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| D    | D1    | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY                              | NKPA 4 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY             | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | 4.1 Improved<br>Revenue<br>collection   | 4.1.1 Implement<br>the revenue<br>policies and<br>enhancement<br>strategy | 85% electric-<br>ity and water<br>meters read in<br>the 18/19 FY  | % of all elec-<br>tricity and water<br>meters read<br>on a monthly<br>basis  | 85% of all elec-<br>tricity and water<br>meters read on<br>a monthly basis<br>Annually                                | 87% of all elec-<br>tricity and water<br>meters read on<br>a monthly basis<br>Annually                | 89% of all<br>electricity<br>and water<br>meters read<br>on a monthly<br>basis Annu-<br>ally                                   | 90% of all<br>electricity<br>and water<br>meters read<br>on a month-<br>ly basis An-<br>nually       | 90% of all<br>electricity and<br>water meters<br>read on a<br>monthly basis<br>Annually              | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| D    | D3    | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY                              | NKPA 4 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY             | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | 4.1 Improved<br>Revenue<br>collection   | 4.1.1 Implement<br>the revenue<br>policies and<br>enhancement<br>strategy | Disconnection<br>vs. Reconnec-<br>tion report<br>submitted<br>monthly to<br>smc in 18/19<br>FY  |  | N/A<br>1200 disconnec-<br>tion vs. reconnec-<br>tion rates submit-<br>ted Annually                                    | N/A<br>1200 discon-<br>nection vs.<br>reconnection<br>rates submitted<br>Annually                     | N/A<br>1200 discon-<br>nection vs.<br>reconnection<br>rates submit-<br>ted Annually<br>N/A                                     | N/A<br>1200 discon-<br>nection vs.<br>reconnec-<br>tion rates<br>submitted<br>Annually<br>N/A        | N/A<br>1200 discon-<br>nection vs.<br>reconnection<br>rates submit-<br>ted Annually                  | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |



| INDEX | IDP | CDS REFERENCE                   | NATIONAL KEY   | GOAL                             | STRATEGIC                                 | STRATEGY  | BASELINE /   | KEY PERFOR-  |  |  | 5YR SC   | ORECARD   |  |                       |        |
|-------|-----|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|-----------------------|--------|
| INDEX | REF | CD3 REI ERENCE                  | PERFORMANCE  | GOAL                             | OBJECTIVES                                | STRATEGI  | STATUS QUO   | MANCE INDI-  | 2022/2024  | 2024/2024  | 2024/2025  |   | 2026/2027  | RESPONSIBLE           | BUDGET |
|       |     |                                 | AREA   |                                  |   |   |  | CATOR  |  |  |  |   |  | BUSINESS<br>UNIT      |        |
| D     | D1  | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY | NKPA 4 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY                   | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | 4.1 Improved<br>Revenue<br>collection     | 4.1.1 Implement<br>the revenue<br>policies and<br>enhancement<br>strategy | Data cleans-<br>ing quarterly<br>reports sub-<br>mitted to SMC<br>for 18/19 FY | Number of<br>Quarterly re-<br>ports on Con-<br>sumer account<br>data accu-<br>rately updated<br>(data cleans-<br>ing) (consumer<br>data is exactly<br>as data on<br>billing system)<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>SMC | Four (4) Quarterly<br>reports on Con-<br>sumer account<br>data accurately<br>updated (data<br>cleansing) (con-<br>sumer data is<br>exactly as data<br>on billing system)<br>prepared and sub-<br>mitted Annually | Four (4) Quarterly reports on Consumer account data accurately updated (data cleansing) (consumer data is exactly as data on billing system) prepared and submitted Annually | Four (4) Quarterly reports on Consumer account data accurately updated (data cleansing) (consumer data is exactly as data on billing system) prepared and submitted Annually | Quarterly<br>reports on<br>Consumer<br>account<br>data accu-<br>rately up-<br>dated (data<br>cleansing)<br>(consumer<br>data is ex- | Four (4) Quarterly reports on Consumer account data accurately updated (data cleansing) (consumer data is exactly as data on billing system) prepared and submitted Annually | ,                     |        |
|       |     |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |  |  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A   | N/A  |                       |        |
| D     | D3  | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY | NKPA 4 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY                   |                                  | 4.2 Revenue<br>Enhancement                | 4.1.1 Implement<br>the revenue<br>policies and<br>enhancement<br>strategy | Rental stock<br>reports sub-<br>mitted to SMC<br>18/19 FY                      | Number of<br>monthly reports<br>on Council<br>rental stock<br>submitted to<br>SMC  | 12 monthly reports<br>on Council rental<br>stock submitted<br>Annually   | reports on<br>Council rental<br>stock submitted<br>Annually  | 12 monthly<br>reports on<br>Council<br>rental stock<br>submitted<br>Annually   | 12 monthly<br>reports on<br>Council<br>rental stock<br>submitted<br>Annually  | 12 monthly<br>reports on<br>Council rental<br>stock submit-<br>ted Annually  | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES |        |
| _     | -   | 4 FINANCIAL                     | NIVE A MUNIC   | CI 4. FINIANI                    | 4.2.0                                     | 4.4.4 (   | D  | Normala and a f  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A   | N/A  | FINIANICIAI           |        |
| D     | D3  | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY | NKPA 4 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY                   |                                  | Enhancement                               | 4.1.1 Implement<br>the revenue<br>policies and<br>enhancement<br>strategy | Revenue<br>enhancement<br>strategy<br>already in<br>place is being<br>reviewed | Number of<br>Quarterly<br>reports on the<br>implementation<br>of the revenue<br>enhancement<br>strategy pro-<br>duced and<br>submitted to  | 100% implementa-<br>tion of the revenue<br>enhancement<br>strategy Annually  |  | 100% imple-<br>mentation of<br>the revenue<br>enhance-<br>ment strategy<br>Annually  | 100% imple-<br>mentation of<br>the revenue<br>enhance-<br>ment strate-<br>gy Annually   | 100% imple-<br>mentation of<br>the revenue<br>enhance-<br>ment strategy<br>Annually  | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES |        |
|       |     |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |  | SMC  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A   | N/A  |                       |        |
| D     | D2  | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | 4.3 Improved<br>Expenditure<br>Management | 4.3.1Apply expenditure controls procedures                                | SCM Policy 18/19<br>approved<br>by SMC on<br>28/2/19                           | Date Supply<br>chain manage-<br>ment Policy<br>reviewed  | Supply chain<br>management<br>Policy reviewed by<br>the 30th of June<br>Annually   | Supply chain<br>management<br>Policy reviewed<br>by the 30th of<br>June Annually   | Supply chain<br>management<br>Policy re-<br>viewed by the<br>30th of June<br>Annually  | manage-<br>ment Policy  | Supply chain<br>management<br>Policy re-<br>viewed by the<br>30th of June<br>Annually  |                       |        |
|       |     |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |  |  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A   | N/A  |                       |        |
| D     | D2  | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT |                                  | 4.3 Improved<br>Expenditure<br>Management | 4.3.1Apply expenditure controls procedures                                | Procure-<br>ment plan<br>approved<br>by SMC on<br>30/06/2019                   | Date Procure-<br>ment Plan<br>prepared and<br>submitted  | Financial year<br>Procurement Plan<br>prepared and<br>submitted by the<br>30 June Annually   | Financial year<br>Procurement<br>Plan prepared<br>and submitted<br>by the 30 June<br>Annually  | Financial<br>year Procure-<br>ment Plan<br>prepared<br>and submit-<br>ted by the 30<br>June Annu-<br>ally<br>N/A   |   | Financial year<br>Procurement<br>Plan pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted by<br>the 30 June<br>Annually   |                       |        |
| D     | D2  | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT |                                  | Expenditure                               | 4.3.1Apply ex-<br>penditure con-<br>trols procedures                      | 80% Imple-<br>mentation of<br>the Procure-<br>ment plan<br>Annually            | % Implementation of the Procurement plan   | 100% Imple-<br>mentation of the<br>Procurement plan<br>Annually  | 100% Imple-<br>mentation of<br>the Procure-<br>ment plan<br>Annually<br>N/A  | 100% Implementation of the Procurement plan Annually N/A   | 100% Implementation of the Procurement plan Annually N/A  | 100% Imple-<br>mentation of<br>the Procure-<br>ment plan<br>Annually<br>N/A  | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES |        |



| INDEX | IDP | CDS REFERENCE  | NATIONAL KEY   | GOAL                             | STRATEGIC                                  | STRATEGY   | BASELINE /   | KEY PERFOR-   |   |   | 5YR SC  | ORECARD   |   |                                 |        |
|-------|-----|--|--|----------------------------------|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------------------------------|--------|
|       | REF |  | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA  |                                  | OBJECTIVES                                 |  | STATUS QUO   | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR  | 2022/2024   | 2024/2024   | 2024/2025   | 2025/2026   | 2026/2027   | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT | BUDGET |
| D     | D2  | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY                              | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT                 | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | Expenditure                                | 4.3.1Apply ex-<br>penditure con-<br>trols procedures     | management<br>monthly<br>reports pre-<br>pared and   | Number of<br>contract<br>management<br>monthly reports<br>for the 19/20 FY<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>SMC         | 12X Contract management reports prepared and submitted by the 30 June Annually                      | management<br>reports pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted by<br>the 30 June<br>Annually                | management<br>reports pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted by<br>the 30 June<br>Annually                    | manage-<br>ment reports<br>prepared<br>and sub-<br>mitted by<br>the 30 June<br>Annually                                 | management<br>reports pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted by<br>the 30 June<br>Annually              | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| D     | D2  | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY                              | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT                 | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | Expenditure                                | 4.3.1Apply ex-<br>penditure con-<br>trols procedures     | NIL  | Average days<br>taken to award<br>tenders as per<br>the approved<br>procurement<br>plan                                   | N/A Average of 90 days taken to award tenders as per the approved procurement plan Annually         | N/A Average of 90 days taken to award tenders as per the approved pro- curement plan Annually     | N/A Average of 90 days taken to award ten- ders as per the approved procurement plan Annually         | 90 days tak-<br>en to award<br>tenders<br>as per the<br>approved<br>procurement<br>plan Annu-<br>ally                   | N/A Average of 90 days taken to award ten- ders as per the approved procurement plan Annually   |                                 |        |
| A     | A2  | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 1 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL TRANSFOR-<br>MATION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting<br>and reporting | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions | Asset Policy<br>review during<br>2018/19   | Date Asset<br>management<br>Policy reviewed   | N/A Asset manage- ment Policy reviewed for ap- proval by Council by the 30th June Annually          | N/A Asset management Policy reviewed for approval by Council by the 30th June Annually            | N/A Asset management Policy reviewed for approval by Council by the 30th June Annually                | by Council<br>by the 30th<br>June Annu-<br>ally   | N/A Asset management Policy reviewed for approval by Council by the 30th June Annually          | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| A     | A2  | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 1 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL TRANSFOR-<br>MATION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting<br>and reporting | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions | Report pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>SMC on the<br>valuation of<br>all Council<br>Investment<br>Property As-<br>sets at year                              | Number & date of reports prepared and submitted to SMC on the valuation of all Council Investment Property Assets at year | N/A 12 Valuation re- ports of all Coun- cil Investment Property Assets by the 30th of June Annually | N/A 12 Valuation reports of all Council Invest- ment Property Assets by the 30th of June Annually | N/A 12 Valuation reports of all Council Investment Property Assets by the 30th of June Annually       | N/A<br>12 Valuation<br>reports of<br>all Council<br>Investment<br>Property<br>Assets by the<br>30th of June<br>Annually | N/A 12 Valuation reports of all Council Investment Property Assets by the 30th of June Annually | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| A     | A2  | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 1 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL TRANSFOR-<br>MATION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | Budgeting                                  | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions | SMC on the<br>verification<br>of all Council<br>assets physi-  | end 1 x report prepared and submitted to SMC on the physical veri- fication of all Council assets at year end             | N/A<br>100% Physical<br>verification of all<br>Council assets<br>conducted An-<br>nually            | N/A<br>100% Physical<br>verification of<br>all Council as-<br>sets conducted<br>Annually          | N/A<br>100% Physical<br>verification<br>of all Coun-<br>cil assets<br>conducted<br>Annually           | N/A<br>100%<br>Physical<br>verification<br>of all Coun-<br>cil assets<br>conducted<br>Annually                          | N/A<br>100% Physical<br>verification of<br>all Council as-<br>sets conduct-<br>ed Annually      |                                 |        |
| A     | A2  | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 1 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL TRANSFOR-<br>MATION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | Budgeting                                  | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions | Monthly<br>reports pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted<br>to OMC on<br>reconciliation<br>between Asset<br>Register &<br>General Ledg-<br>er performed<br>at month end |   | 100% reconcilia-<br>tion between Asset<br>Register & General<br>Ledger performed<br>Annually        | 100% reconcil-<br>iation between<br>Asset Register &  | 100% rec-<br>onciliation<br>between<br>Asset Register<br>& General<br>Ledger<br>performed<br>Annually | 100% rec-<br>onciliation<br>between<br>Asset Reg-<br>ister & Gen-<br>eral Ledger<br>performed<br>Annually               | N/A  100% rec- onciliation between Asset Register & General Ledger performed Annually           | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |



| INDE | X IDP | CDS REFERENCE  | NATIONAL KEY   | GOAL                             | STRATEGIC                                  | STRATEGY   | BASELINE /   | KEY PERFOR-   |   |   | 5YR SC  | ORECARD  |   |                                 |        |
|------|-------|--|--|----------------------------------|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|--------|
|      | REF   |  | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA  |                                  | OBJECTIVES                                 |  | STATUS QUO   | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR  | 2022/2024   | 2024/2024   | 2024/2025   | 2025/2026  | 2026/2027   | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT | BUDGET |
| Α    | A2    | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 1 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL TRANSFOR-<br>MATION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | Budgeting                                  | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions | Insurance Poli-<br>cy 2019/2020  | Date Councils<br>Insurance Pol-<br>icy reviewed<br>and submitted<br>to SMC for<br>approval by<br>Council                        | Msunduzi Munic-<br>ipality Insurance<br>Policy reviewed<br>and submitted to<br>Full Council for ap-<br>proval by the 30th<br>of June Annually | to Full Council<br>for approval by  | Msunduzi Municipality Insurance Policy re- viewed and submitted to Full Council for approval by the 30th of June An- nually N/A | Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Insurance<br>Policy re-<br>viewed and<br>submitted to<br>Full Council<br>for approval<br>by the 30th<br>of June<br>Annually<br>N/A | Msunduzi Municipality Insurance Policy re- viewed and submitted to Full Council for approval by the 30th of June Annually N/A | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| Α    | A1    | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 1 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL TRANSFOR-<br>MATION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | Budgeting                                  | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions | Not all munic-<br>ipal vehicles<br>are branded   |   | 100% of Council<br>vehicles and plant<br>to be branded<br>Annually  | 100% of Council vehicles and plant to be branded Annually   | 100% of<br>Council<br>vehicles and<br>plant to be<br>branded<br>Annually<br>N/A   | 100% of<br>Council<br>vehicles and<br>plant to be<br>branded<br>Annually<br>N/A  | 100% of<br>Council ve-<br>hicles and<br>plant to be<br>branded<br>Annually<br>N/A   | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| A    | A2    | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 1 - MUNIC-<br>IPAL TRANSFOR-<br>MATION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting<br>and reporting | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions | 20 x Council<br>vehicles and<br>plant have<br>been Pur-<br>chased by 30<br>June 2020   | Number of<br>Council ve-<br>hicles and<br>plant to be<br>Purchased  | 20 of Council<br>vehicles and plant<br>to be Purchased<br>Annually  | 20 of Council   | 20 of Council<br>vehicles and<br>plant to be<br>Purchased<br>Annually<br>N/A  | 20 of Council  | 20 of Council   | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| D    | D3    | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY                              | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT                 |                                  | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting<br>and reporting | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions | None   | Support and<br>Maintenance<br>of the SAP ERP<br>System Annu-<br>ally  | Number of Sup-<br>port and Mainte-<br>nance reports of<br>the SAP ERP System<br>Annually  | Annually  | 12 Support<br>and Mainte-<br>nance reports<br>of the SAP<br>ERP System<br>Annually  | reports of<br>the SAP ERP<br>System An-<br>nually  | 12 Support<br>and Mainte-<br>nance reports<br>of the SAP<br>ERP System<br>Annually  | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| D    | D3    | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY                              | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT                 | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting<br>and reporting | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions | Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Annual Finan-<br>cial State-<br>ments 17 / 18<br>submitted to<br>the AG on the<br>31st of August<br>2018 | Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Annual finan-<br>cial statements<br>Annually  | N/A Date Msunduzi Municipality Annual financial statements for the 18/19 FY prepared and submitted to the AG                                  | N/A<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Annual finan-<br>cial statements<br>Annually   | N/A<br>Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality An-<br>nual financial<br>statements<br>Annually   | N/A<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipal-<br>ity Annual<br>financial<br>statements<br>Annually   | N/A<br>Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality An-<br>nual financial<br>statements<br>Annually   |                                 |        |
| D    | D3    | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY                              | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT                 | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting<br>and reporting | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions | Nil  | Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Consolidated<br>Annual finan-<br>cial statements<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>the AG Annually | Date Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Consolidated<br>Annual financial<br>statements for the<br>18/19 FY prepared<br>and submitted to<br>the AG    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Consolidated<br>Annual finan-<br>cial statements<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>the AG Annually | Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Consolidat-<br>ed Annual<br>financial<br>statements<br>prepared                                     | Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Consolidat-<br>ed Annual<br>financial<br>statements<br>prepared<br>and submit-<br>ted to the AG<br>Annually<br>N/A                 | Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Consolidat-<br>ed Annual<br>financial<br>statements<br>prepared and<br>submitted to               | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |



| INDEX   | IDP_ | CDS REFERENCE                   | NATIONAL KEY   | GOAL                             | STRATEGIC                                  | STRATEGY   | BASELINE / | KEY PERFOR-   |   |   | 5YR SC  | ORECARD   |   |                                 |        |
|---------|------|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|--|------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------------------------------|--------|
| - INDEX | REF  | NEI ENEI CE                     | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA  |                                  | OBJECTIVES                                 | 3110(1261  | STATUS QUO | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR  | 2022/2024   | 2024/2024   | 2024/2025   | 2025/2026   | 2026/2027   | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT | BUDGET |
| D       | D3   | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting<br>and reporting | all MFMA and   | Nil        | Interim finan-<br>cial statements<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>internal audit<br>Annually   | Date Interim finan-<br>cial statements<br>for the 19/20 FY<br>prepared and<br>submitted to inter-<br>nal audit  | Interim financial<br>statements<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>internal audit<br>Annually   | Interim finan-<br>cial state-<br>ments pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>internal audit<br>Annually<br>N/A                             | Interim financial state-<br>ments pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>internal audit<br>Annually<br>N/A          | financial<br>statements<br>prepared and<br>submitted to   | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| D       | D3   | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT |                                  | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting<br>and reporting | all MFMA and   | Nil        | VAT returns<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>SARS Annually  | Number of Month-<br>ly VAT returns for<br>the 19/20 FY pre-<br>pared and submit-<br>ted to SARS   | prepared and submitted to   | 12 X VAT<br>returns pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>SARS Annually<br>N/A   |   | 12 X VAT<br>returns pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>SARS Annually  | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| D       | D3   | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT |                                  | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting<br>and reporting | all MFMA and   | Nil        | Monitoring of<br>loans register<br>Annually   | Number of Month-<br>ly loans register<br>reports for the 19<br>/ 20 FY prepared<br>and submitted to<br>SMC  | 12 x monitoring<br>reports of loans<br>register Annu-<br>ally   | 12 x monitor-<br>ing reports of<br>loans register<br>Annually   |   | 12 x monitor-<br>ing reports of<br>loans register<br>Annually   |                                 |        |
| D       | D3   | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT |                                  | Budgeting                                  | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions | Nil        | Reviewed<br>policies (Cash<br>management,<br>Reserves and<br>funding, Bor-<br>rowings policy)<br>completed<br>and submitted<br>to Council for<br>approval An-<br>nually | Number and date<br>Reviewed policies<br>(Cash manage-<br>ment, Reserves<br>and funding,<br>Borrowings pol-<br>icy) completed<br>and submitted to<br>Council for ap-<br>proval | Reviewed<br>policies (Cash<br>management,<br>Reserves and<br>funding, Bor-<br>rowings policy)<br>completed<br>and submitted<br>to Council for<br>approval An-<br>nually | Reviewed policies (Cash management, Reserves and funding, Borrowings policy) completed and submitted to Council for approval Annually N/A | Reviewed<br>policies<br>(Cash man-<br>agement,<br>Reserves  | Reviewed policies (Cash management, Reserves and funding, Borrowings policy) completed and submitted to Council for approval Annually N/A | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| D       | D3   | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT |                                  | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting<br>and reporting | N/A  | Nil        | Development<br>and submission<br>of the draft VAT<br>policy to Coun-<br>cil for approval<br>Annually  | Date of Develop-<br>ment and submis-<br>sion of the draft<br>VAT policy to SMC  | of the draft VAT policy to Coun-  | Development<br>and submis-<br>sion of the<br>draft VAT poli-<br>cy to Council<br>for approval<br>Annually<br>N/A                          | Develop-<br>ment and<br>submission<br>of the draft<br>VAT policy<br>to Council<br>for approval<br>Annually<br>N/A | Development<br>and submis-<br>sion of the<br>draft VAT poli-<br>cy to Council<br>for approval<br>Annually                                 | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| D       | D3   | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting<br>and reporting | all MFMA and   | Nil        | AG audit action<br>plan progress<br>reports pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>Annually   | Number of month-<br>ly AG audit action<br>plan progress<br>reports prepared<br>and submitted to<br>SMC  | AG audit action<br>plan progress<br>reports pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>Annually   | AG audit<br>action plan<br>progress<br>reports pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>Annually<br>N/A                                       | pared and   | AG audit action plan progress reports prepared and submitted to Annually  | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |
| D       | D3   | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT |                                  | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting<br>and reporting | all MFMA and   | Nil        | 100% com-<br>pliance with<br>MFMA calendar<br>of reporting  | % compliance<br>with MFMA calen-<br>dar of reporting  | 100% compliance with MFMA calendar of reporting   | 100% compliance with MFMA calendar of reporting N/A   | 100% compliance with MFMA calendar of reporting N/A   | 100% compliance with MFMA calendar of reporting N/A   | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES           |        |



| INDEX | IDP | CDS REFERENCE                            | NATIONAL KEY   | GOAL   | STRATEGIC                                  | STRATEGY   | BASELINE /  | KEY PERFOR-  |  |  | 5YR SC   | ORECARD   |   |  |        |
|-------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|--------|
|       | REF |  | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA  |  | OBJECTIVES                                 |  | STATUS QUO  | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR   | 2022/2024  | 2024/2024  | 2024/2025  | 2025/2026   | 2026/2027   | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT                              | BUDGET |
| D     | D3  | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY          | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY                 | Budgeting                                  | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions           | Final Draft<br>budget sub-<br>mitted to SMC<br>by the 28th<br>of February<br>2019 due to<br>the National<br>Elections and<br>unavailability<br>of Councillors<br>during the<br>Months of<br>April and May<br>2019 | budget for<br>2020/21 FY &   | Draft budget<br>prepared & sub-<br>mitted to Council<br>Annually<br>N/A                                | Draft budget<br>prepared & sub-<br>mitted to Coun-<br>cil Annually by<br>25th of May         | Draft budget<br>prepared &<br>submitted to<br>Council An-<br>nually by 25th<br>of May      | prepared & submitted to Council   | Draft budget<br>prepared &<br>submitted to<br>Council Annu-<br>ally by 25th of<br>May         | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES  |        |
| D     | D3  | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY          | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY                 | Budgeting                                  | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions           | Summary of<br>the approved<br>budget<br>and tariff of<br>charges for<br>the 2019/2020<br>FY advertised<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2019   | Date Summary<br>of the ap-<br>proved budget<br>and tariff of<br>charges adver-<br>tised                                | Summary of the<br>approved budget<br>and tariff of charg-<br>es advertised<br>Annually<br>N/A          | Summary of the approved  | Summary of<br>the approved<br>budget<br>and tariff<br>of charges<br>advertised<br>Annually | Summary   | Summary of<br>the approved<br>budget and<br>tariff of charg-<br>es advertised<br>Annually     | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES  |        |
| D     | D3  | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY          | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY                 | Budgeting                                  | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions           | 7 x S71 reports<br>produced<br>and submit-<br>ted to SMC<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2020   | Number of<br>S71 reports<br>produced and<br>submitted  | 100% Compliance<br>with Financial Re-<br>porting Annually<br>N/A                                       | 100% Compli-<br>ance with Fi-<br>nancial Report-<br>ing Annually                             | 100% Compliance with Financial Reporting Annually N/A                                      | 100% Compliance with Financial Reporting Annually N/A   | 100% Compliance with Financial Reporting Annually N/A   | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES  |        |
| D     | D3  | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY          | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY                 | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting<br>and reporting | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions           | 100% of<br>Budget &<br>Treasury poli-<br>cies reviewed<br>and submit-<br>ted to SMC in<br>the 18/19 FY in<br>February 2019  |  | 100% of Budget &<br>Treasury policies<br>reviewed Annually<br>N/A                                      | 100% of Budget<br>& Treasury pol-<br>icies reviewed<br>Annually                              | 100% of<br>Budget &<br>Treasury poli-<br>cies reviewed<br>Annually                         | 100% of<br>Budget &<br>Treasury<br>policies<br>reviewed<br>Annually                                     | 100% of<br>Budget &<br>Treasury poli-<br>cies reviewed<br>Annually                            | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES  |        |
| D     | D3  | 4 - FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINABILITY          | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY &<br>FINANCIAL MAN-<br>AGEMENT | Goal 4: FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY                 | Budgeting                                  | 4.4.1Conform to<br>all MFMA and<br>MFMA regula-<br>tions           | Quarterly<br>reports up-<br>loaded into<br>LG Data Base<br>in pipe delim-<br>ited format<br>directly from<br>SAP system in<br>the 18/19 FY  | Number of<br>monthly data<br>strings reports<br>produced &<br>uploaded for<br>the 19/20 FY<br>onto the LG<br>Data Base | Number of data<br>strings reports<br>produced &<br>uploaded onto<br>the LG Database<br>Annually<br>N/A | 12 X data<br>strings reports<br>produced &<br>uploaded onto<br>the LG Data-<br>base Annually | 12 X data  | 12 X data<br>strings<br>reports<br>produced &<br>uploaded<br>onto the LG<br>Database<br>Annually<br>N/A | 12 X data<br>strings reports<br>produced &<br>uploaded<br>onto the LG<br>Database<br>Annually | FINANCIAL<br>SERVICES  |        |
| С     | C2  | 5 - GROWING THE<br>REGIONAL ECON-<br>OMY |  | GOAL 5;<br>ECONOMIC<br>GROWTH AND<br>DEVELOPMENT | 5.1 Job Creation                           | Facilitate the expansion of Job creation initaitives with Msunudzi | 820 jobs created within msunduzi  | Number of jobs<br>created within<br>the munici-<br>pality  | 2000 jobs created within msunduzi  | 2000 jobs<br>created within<br>msunduzi  | 2000 jobs<br>created with-<br>in msunduzi  | 2000 jobs<br>created with-<br>in msunduzi   | 2000 jobs<br>created within<br>msunduzi   | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |



| IN | DEX | IDP | CDS REFERENCE                            | NATIONAL KEY        | GOAL   | STRATEGIC   | STRATEGY  | BASELINE /  | KEY PERFOR-  |  |  | 5YR SC  | ORECARD   |  |  |        |
|----|-----|-----|--|---------------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--------|
|    |     | REF |  | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA |  | OBJECTIVES  |   | STATUS QUO  | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR   | 2022/2024  | 2024/2024  | 2024/2025   | 2025/2026   | 2026/2027  | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT                              | BUDGET |
| С  |     | C2  | 5 - GROWING THE<br>REGIONAL ECON-<br>OMY |                     | GOAL 5;<br>ECONOMIC<br>GROWTH AND<br>DEVELOPMENT | Investment<br>Attraction,   | 5.2.1 Improve<br>and streamline<br>the development<br>application pro-<br>cesses and busi-<br>ness Licensing<br>process | 600 Businesses<br>to be visited<br>to Initiate Busi-<br>ness Registra-<br>tion and in-<br>clusion in the<br>database of<br>all businesses<br>Annually | Businesses to  | 600 Businesses<br>to be visited to<br>Initiate Business<br>Registration and<br>inclusion in the<br>database of all<br>businesses An-<br>nually | 600 Businesses<br>to be visited to<br>Initiate Business<br>Registration<br>and inclusion in<br>the database of<br>all businesses<br>Annually | tiate Business<br>Registration  | 600 Businesses to be visited to Initiate Business Registration and inclusion in the database of all businesses Annually | 600 Business-<br>es to be visit-<br>ed to Initiate<br>Business<br>Registration<br>and inclusion<br>in the data-<br>base of all<br>businesses<br>Annually | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |
| С  |     | C2  | 5 - GROWING THE<br>REGIONAL ECON-<br>OMY |                     | GOAL 5;<br>ECONOMIC<br>GROWTH AND<br>DEVELOPMENT | Investment<br>Attraction,   | 5.2.1 Improve<br>and streamline<br>the development<br>application pro-<br>cesses and busi-<br>ness Licensing<br>process | 50 % of<br>Business<br>applications<br>processed<br>within 21 days<br>after date of<br>receipt  | % of Business<br>applications<br>processed<br>within 21 days<br>after date of<br>receipt | 100 % of Business<br>applications pro-<br>cessed within 21<br>days after date of<br>receipt  | 100 % of Business applications processed within 21 days after date of receipt  | 100 % of<br>Business<br>applications<br>processed<br>within 21 days<br>after date of<br>receipt                                 | 100 % of<br>Business<br>applications<br>processed<br>within 21<br>days after<br>date of re-<br>ceipt                    | 100 % of<br>Business<br>applications<br>processed<br>within 21 days<br>after date of<br>receipt  | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |
| С  |     | C2  | 5 - GROWING THE<br>REGIONAL ECON-<br>OMY |                     | GOAL 5;<br>ECONOMIC<br>GROWTH AND<br>DEVELOPMENT | 5.2 Improved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention and<br>expansion   | 5.2.1 Improve<br>and streamline<br>the development<br>application pro-<br>cesses and busi-<br>ness Licensing<br>process | 600 Businesses<br>to be inspect-<br>ed for valid<br>Business Li-<br>censes as per<br>the Business<br>licensing Plan<br>Annually                       | Businesses<br>inspected for<br>valid Business  | 600 Businesses to<br>be inspected for<br>valid Business Li-<br>censes as per the<br>Business licensing<br>Plan Annually                        | 600 Businesses<br>to be inspected<br>for valid Busi-<br>ness Licenses<br>as per the Busi-<br>ness licensing<br>Plan Annually                 | 600 Busi-<br>nesses to be<br>inspected for<br>valid Business<br>Licenses as<br>per the Busi-<br>ness licensing<br>Plan Annually | inspected for<br>valid Busi-<br>ness Licens-<br>es as per<br>the Business   | 600 Busi-<br>nesses to be<br>inspected for<br>valid Business<br>Licenses as<br>per the Busi-<br>ness licensing<br>Plan Annually                          | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |
| С  |     | C2  | 5 - GROWING THE<br>REGIONAL ECON-<br>OMY |                     | GOAL 5;<br>ECONOMIC<br>GROWTH AND<br>DEVELOPMENT | 5.2 Improved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention and<br>expansion   | 5.2.1 Improve<br>and streamline<br>the development<br>application pro-<br>cesses and busi-<br>ness Licensing<br>process | Msunduzi Busi-<br>ness Incentive<br>Policy Re-<br>viewed by the<br>30th of June<br>Annually   | Business In-<br>centive Policy   | Msunduzi Business<br>Incentive Policy<br>Reviewed  | Msunduzi Busi-<br>ness Incentive<br>Policy Reviewed  | Msunduzi<br>Business In-<br>centive Policy<br>Reviewed  | Msunduzi<br>Business<br>Incentive<br>Policy Re-<br>viewed   | Msunduzi<br>Business In-<br>centive Policy<br>Reviewed   | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |
| С  |     | C2  | 7 - GROWING THE<br>REGIONAL ECON-<br>OMY |                     | GOAL 5;<br>ECONOMIC<br>GROWTH AND<br>DEVELOPMENT | 5.2 Improved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention and<br>expansion   | 5.2.1 Improve<br>and streamline<br>the development<br>application pro-<br>cesses and busi-<br>ness Licensing<br>process | 05 % imple-<br>mentation of<br>the Edendale<br>Town Centre  | % implemen-<br>tation of the<br>Edendale Town<br>Centre                                  | 10 % implementa-<br>tion of the Eden-<br>dale Town Centre  | 10 % implementation of the Edendale Town Centre  | 20 % imple-<br>mentation of<br>the Edendale<br>Town Centre  | 20 % imple-<br>mentation<br>of the Eden-<br>dale Town<br>Centre   | 20 % imple-<br>mentation of<br>the Edendale<br>Town Centre   | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |
| С  |     | C2  | 8 - GROWING THE<br>REGIONAL ECON-<br>OMY | ECONOMIC            |  | 5.2 Improved Investment Attraction, Retention and expansion  Liaison between Informal Chamber and Sub Committee | 5.2.1 Improve<br>and streamline<br>the development<br>application pro-<br>cesses and busi-<br>ness Licensing<br>process | 80% of Coun-<br>cil bylaws<br>and policies<br>related to LED<br>unit enforced<br>Annually   |  | 100% of Council<br>bylaws and pol-<br>icies related to<br>LED unit enforced<br>Annually  | 100% of Council bylaws and policies related to LED unit enforced Annually  | 100% of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies re-<br>lated to LED<br>unit enforced<br>Annually                                   | 100% of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies<br>related to<br>LED unit<br>enforced<br>Annually                          | 100% of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies re-<br>lated to LED<br>unit enforced<br>Annually  | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |

| INDEX | IDP | CDS REFERENCE                            | NATIONAL KEY        | GOAL   | STRATEGIC   | STRATEGY  | BASELINE /  | KEY PERFOR-  |   |  | 5YR SC  | ORECARD   |   |  |        |
|-------|-----|--|---------------------|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|--------|
|       | REF |  | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA |  | OBJECTIVES  |   | STATUS QUO  | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR   | 2022/2024   | 2024/2024  | 2024/2025   | 2025/2026   | 2026/2027   | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT                              | BUDGET |
| С     | C2  | 8 - GROWING THE<br>REGIONAL ECON-<br>OMY |                     | GOAL 5;<br>ECONOMIC<br>GROWTH AND<br>DEVELOPMENT | Investment<br>Attraction,   | 5.2.1 Improve<br>and streamline<br>the development<br>application pro-<br>cesses and busi-<br>ness Licensing<br>process | erage number<br>of days taken<br>to process   | (80 days) Average number of days taken to process development applications for approval in terms of SPLUMA                 | (80 days) Average<br>number of days<br>taken to process<br>development ap-<br>plications for ap-<br>proval in terms of<br>SPLUMA Annually | (80 days) Average number of days taken to process development applications for approval in terms of SPLU-MA Annually | (80 days) Average number of days taken to process development applications for approval in terms of SPLUMA An- nually N/A | (80 days) Average number of days taken to process development applications for approval in terms of SPLUMA Annually N/A | (80 days) Average number of days taken to process development applications for approval in terms of SPLUMA An- nually N/A | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES | N/A    |
| С     | C2  | 5 - GROWING THE<br>REGIONAL ECON-<br>OMY |                     | GOAL 5;<br>ECONOMIC<br>GROWTH AND<br>DEVELOPMENT | 5.2 Improved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention and<br>expansion | 5.2.2 Fast track<br>the Strategic<br>land release<br>programme  | 3 Hectors of<br>land secured<br>for LED pro-<br>jects Annually                                  | Hectors of land<br>secured for LED<br>projects   | 3 Hectors of land<br>secured for LED<br>projects Annually   | 3 Hectors of<br>land secured<br>for LED projects<br>Annually   | 5 Hectors of<br>land secured<br>for LED pro-<br>jects Annually  | 5 Hectors<br>of land<br>secured for   | 5 Hectors of  | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |
| С     | C2  | 5 - GROWING THE<br>REGIONAL ECON-<br>OMY |                     | GOAL 5;<br>ECONOMIC<br>GROWTH AND<br>DEVELOPMENT | Investment<br>Attraction,   | 5.2.2 Fast track<br>the Strategic<br>land release<br>programme  | 20 Hectors of<br>land acquired<br>for develop-<br>ment Annually                                 | released for   | 20 Hectors of<br>land acquired<br>for development<br>Annually   | 10 Hectors of<br>land acquired<br>for develop-<br>ment Annually  | 10 Hectors<br>of land ac-<br>quired for<br>development<br>Annually  | 10 Hectors<br>of land<br>acquired<br>for develop-<br>ment Annu-<br>ally   | 10 Hectors<br>of land ac-<br>quired for<br>development<br>Annually  | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |
| С     | C3  | 5 - Growing the<br>Regional econ-<br>Omy |                     | GOAL 5;<br>ECONOMIC<br>GROWTH AND<br>DEVELOPMENT | 5.3 Improved<br>and devel-<br>oped Tourism<br>sector p                  | 5.3.1 Develop<br>and strengthen<br>the Tourism<br>sector  | as per the approved   | % Participation<br>of Msunduzi<br>Tourism in 13<br>events as per<br>the approved<br>Tourism Events<br>Calendar 19/20<br>FY | 100% Participation of Msunduzi<br>Tourism events as<br>per the approved<br>Tourism Events Cal-<br>endar Annually                          | 100% Participation of Msunduzi Tourism events as per the approved Tourism Events Calendar Annually                   | 100% Participation of Msunduzi Tourism events as per the approved Tourism Events Calendar Annually                        | 100% Participation of Msunduzi Tourism events as per the approved Tourism Events Calendar Annually                      | 100% Participation of Msunduzi Tourism events as per the approved Tourism Events Calendar Annually                        | SM: CITY<br>ENTITIES   |        |
| С     | C3  | 5 - Growing the<br>Regional econ-<br>Omy |                     | GOAL 5;<br>ECONOMIC<br>GROWTH AND<br>DEVELOPMENT | 5.3 Improved<br>and devel-<br>oped Tourism<br>sector p                  | 5.3.1 Develop<br>and strengthen<br>the Tourism<br>sector  | Four (4) X<br>of Quarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>tourism sector<br>meetings<br>facilitated<br>Annually | Number of<br>Quarterly Msun-<br>duzi tourism<br>sector meetings<br>facilitated   | Four (4) X of Quar-<br>terly Msunduzi<br>tourism sector<br>meetings facilitat-<br>ed Annually<br>N/A                                      | duzi tourism   | Four (4) X<br>of Quarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>tourism sector<br>meetings<br>facilitated<br>Annually<br>N/A                    | Four (4) X<br>of Quarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>tourism sec-<br>tor meetings<br>facilitated<br>Annually<br>N/A                | Four (4) X<br>of Quarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>tourism sector<br>meetings<br>facilitated<br>Annually<br>N/A                    | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |
| С     | C4  | 5 - Growing the<br>Regional econ-<br>Omy |                     | GOAL 5;<br>ECONOMIC<br>GROWTH AND<br>DEVELOPMENT | ial develop-  | 5.4.1 Promote<br>SMME and entre-<br>preneurial devel-<br>opment   | 15X business<br>opportunities<br>created for<br>registered<br>Local Business<br>Annually        | Number of<br>business oppor-<br>tunities created<br>for registered<br>Local Business<br>Annually                           | for registered<br>Local Business  | 20X business<br>opportunities<br>created for<br>registered Local<br>Business An-<br>nually                           | 20X business<br>opportunities<br>created for<br>registered Lo-<br>cal Business<br>Annually                                | opportunities<br>created for<br>registered  | opportunities<br>created for<br>registered Lo-  | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |
| С     | C4  | 5 - GROWING THE<br>REGIONAL ECON-<br>OMY |                     | ECONOMIC   | ial develop-  | 5.4.1 Promote<br>SMME and entre-<br>preneurial devel-<br>opment   | 10X SMME's<br>and Co-ops<br>assisted in<br>mentorship<br>programme<br>Annually                  | Number of<br>SMME's and<br>Co-ops assisted<br>in mentorship<br>programme<br>Annually                                       | 12X SMME's and<br>Co-ops assisted in<br>mentorship pro-<br>gramme Annually  | 12X SMME's and<br>Co-ops assisted<br>in mentorship<br>programme<br>Annually  | 12X SMME's<br>and Co-ops<br>assisted in<br>mentorship<br>programme<br>Annually  | 12X SMME's<br>and Co-ops<br>assisted in<br>mentorship<br>programme<br>Annually  | 12X SMME's<br>and Co-ops<br>assisted in<br>mentorship<br>programme<br>Annually  | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |



| INDEX | IDP  | CDS REFERENCE                            | NATIONAL KEY              | GOAL   | STRATEGIC  | STRATEGY  | BASELINE /  | KEY PERFOR-  |  |   | 5YR SC  | ORECARD   |  |  |        |
|-------|------|--|---------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|--------|
|       | REF  |  | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA       |  | OBJECTIVES   | J.13.17201  | STATUS QUO  | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR   | 2022/2024  | 2024/2024   | 2024/2025   | 2025/2026   | 2026/2027  | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT                              | BUDGET |
| С     | C4   | 5 - Growing the<br>Regional Econ-<br>Omy |                           | GOAL 5;<br>ECONOMIC<br>GROWTH AND<br>DEVELOPMENT | 5.4 SMME and<br>entrepreneur-<br>ial develop-<br>ment  | 5.4.1 Promote<br>SMME and entre-<br>preneurial devel-<br>opment | Informal Econ-<br>omy Policy<br>reviewed by<br>30th of June<br>Annually   | Date Informal<br>Economy Policy<br>reviewed<br>N/A                               | Informal Economy<br>Policy reviewed<br>by 30th of June<br>Annually   | Informal Econ-<br>omy Policy<br>reviewed by<br>30th of June<br>Annually   | Informal<br>Economy<br>Policy re-<br>viewed by<br>30th of June<br>Annually  | Informal<br>Economy<br>Policy re-<br>viewed by<br>30th of June<br>Annually  | Informal<br>Economy<br>Policy re-<br>viewed by<br>30th of June<br>Annually   | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |
| F     | F2.2 | 1 - BUILDING                             | NKPA 6 - CROSS            | 6) SPATIAL EQ-                                   | 6.2 Improved   | 6.2.1 Improve   | 120X health   | Number of sites  | 120X health com-   | 120X health   | 120X health   | 120X health   | 120X health  | SUSTAINABLE  |        |
|       |      |  | CUTTING                   | UITY & HUMAN<br>SETTLEMENTS                      | Environmental<br>Management  | environmental<br>management<br>practices                        | compliance<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually  | baited and/<br>or treated for<br>Vector Control<br>in the 2019/2020<br>FY        | pliance inspec-<br>tions conducted<br>Annually   | compliance<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually  | compliance<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually  | compliance<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually  | compliance<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually   | DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES                |        |
| F     | F2   |  | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING | 6) SPATIAL EQ-<br>UITY & HUMAN<br>SETTLEMENTS    | 6.2 Improved<br>Environmental<br>Management  | 6.2.1 Improve<br>environmental<br>management<br>practices       | 120X water<br>samples tak-<br>en & analysed<br>for Water<br>Quality Con-<br>trol Annually                                       | Number of<br>water samples<br>taken & ana-<br>lysed for Water<br>Quality Control | 120X water sam-<br>ples taken &<br>analysed for Water<br>Quality Control<br>Annually   | 120X water<br>samples taken<br>& analysed for<br>Water Quality<br>Control Annu-<br>ally   | 120X water<br>samples<br>taken &<br>analysed for<br>Water Quality<br>Control An-<br>nually  | 120X water<br>samples<br>taken &<br>analysed for<br>Water Qual-<br>ity Control<br>Annually  | 120X water<br>samples<br>taken &<br>analysed for<br>Water Quality<br>Control An-<br>nually                                       | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |
| F     | F1   |  | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING | 6) SPATIAL EQ-<br>UITY & HUMAN<br>SETTLEMENTS    | 6.2 Improved<br>Environmental<br>Management  |   | 100%SPLUMA<br>applications<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>the Municipal<br>Planning<br>Tribunal for<br>approval<br>Annually | Number of<br>water samples<br>taken & ana-<br>lyzed for Water<br>Quality Control | 100% SPLUMA<br>applications<br>prepared and<br>submitted to the<br>Municipal Plan-<br>ning Tribunal for<br>approval Annually | 100% SPLUMA<br>applications<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>the Municipal<br>Planning Tribu-<br>nal for approval<br>Annually | 100% SPLUMA<br>applications<br>prepared<br>and submit-<br>ted to the<br>Municipal<br>Planning<br>Tribunal for<br>approval<br>Annually | 100% SPLU-<br>MA appli-<br>cations pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>the Munici-<br>pal Planning<br>Tribunal for<br>approval<br>Annually | 100% SPLUMA<br>applications<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>the Municipal<br>Planning<br>Tribunal for<br>approval<br>Annually | DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-                          |        |
| F     | F1   |  | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING | 6) SPATIAL EQ-<br>UITY & HUMAN<br>SETTLEMENTS    | 6.1 Integrated land use management, ensuring equitable access to goods and services, attracting social and financial investment. | 6.1 Improve mu-<br>nicipal spatial<br>planning                  | Review of<br>the SDF com-<br>pleted as<br>per the SDF<br>Review Work<br>Programme<br>Annually                                   | SDF Review<br>completed  | Review of the SDF<br>completed as per<br>the SDF Review<br>Work Programme<br>Annually  | Review of the<br>SDF completed<br>as per the SDF<br>Review Work<br>Programme<br>Annually  | Review of<br>the SDF com-<br>pleted as<br>per the SDF<br>Review Work<br>Programme<br>Annually   | Review of<br>the SDF com-<br>pleted as<br>per the SDF<br>Review Work<br>Programme<br>Annually   | Review of<br>the SDF com-<br>pleted as<br>per the SDF<br>Review Work<br>Programme<br>Annually                                    | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |
| F     |      |  | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING | 6) SPATIAL EQ-<br>UITY & HUMAN<br>SETTLEMENTS    | 6.1 Integrated land use management, ensuring equitable access to goods and services, attracting social and financial investment. | 6.1 Improve mu-<br>nicipal spatial<br>planning                  | % of Land use<br>management<br>framework de-<br>veloped and<br>implemented<br>Annually  | Hectors of land<br>acquired  | % of Land use<br>management<br>framework devel-<br>oped and imple-<br>mented Annually  | management<br>framework   | % of Land<br>use manage-<br>ment frame-<br>work devel-<br>oped and<br>implemented<br>Annually   | % of Land<br>use man-<br>agement<br>framework<br>developed<br>and imple-<br>mented<br>Annually  | % of Land use<br>management<br>framework<br>developed<br>and imple-<br>mented An-<br>nually                                      |  |        |



| INDEX |     | CDS REFERENCE  |                           | GOAL   | STRATEGIC  | STRATEGY  | BASELINE /  | KEY PERFOR-   |   |   | 5YR SC  | ORECARD  |  |  |        |
|-------|-----|--|---------------------------|--|------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--------|
|       | REF |  | PERFORMANCE<br>AREA       |  | OBJECTIVES |   | STATUS QUO  | MANCE INDI-<br>CATOR  | 2022/2024   | 2024/2024   | 2024/2025   | 2025/2026  | 2026/2027  | RESPONSIBLE<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT                              | BUDGET |
| F     | F3  | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING | 6) SPATIAL EQ-<br>UITY & HUMAN<br>SETTLEMENTS                                    |            | 6.3.1 Construc-<br>tion of integrated<br>Human Settle-<br>ments | 1200X Houses<br>Captured on<br>the housing<br>needs on<br>the National<br>Housing<br>Needs Regis-<br>ter Annually | Number of<br>Houses Cap-<br>tured                                     | 1200X Houses<br>Captured on the<br>housing needs on<br>the National Hous-<br>ing Needs Register<br>Annually | needs on the  | 1200X Houses<br>Captured on<br>the housing<br>needs on<br>the National<br>Housing<br>Needs Regis-<br>ter Annually | es Captured<br>on the hous-<br>ing needs on<br>the National<br>Housing | the housing<br>needs on<br>the National<br>Housing<br>Needs Regis- | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |
| F     | F3  | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING | 6) SPATIAL EQ-<br>UITY & HUMAN<br>SETTLEMENTS                                    |            | 6.3.1 Construction of integrated Human Settlements              | Housing<br>Sector Plan<br>reviewed<br>Annually  |   | Human settle-<br>ments Sector Plan<br>reviewed Annually   | Human settle-<br>ments Sector<br>Plan reviewed<br>Annually                                      | Human settle-<br>ments Sector<br>Plan reviewed<br>Annually  | settlements  | Human settle-<br>ments Sector<br>Plan reviewed<br>Annually         | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |
| F     | F3  | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING | 6) SPATIAL EQ-<br>UITY & HUMAN<br>SETTLEMENTS                                    |            | 6.3.1 Construction of integrated Human Settlements              | 4000X housing units constructed Annually  | Number of<br>housing units<br>constructed                             | 5000X housing<br>units constructed<br>Annually  | 5000X housing<br>units construct-<br>ed Annually  | 5000X housing units constructed Annually  | ing units  | 5000X hous-<br>ing units<br>constructed<br>Annually                | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT AND<br>CITY ENTER-<br>PRISES |        |
| F     | F3  | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING | 6) SPATIAL EQ-<br>UITY & HUMAN<br>SETTLEMENTS                                    |            | 6.3.1 Construc-<br>tion of integrated<br>Human Settle-<br>ments | 10X Municipal<br>housing rental<br>stock Reno-<br>vated   | Houses Ren-<br>ovated in the<br>19/20 FY for the<br>Wirewall Rectifi- | 50X Municipal<br>housing rental<br>stock Renovated<br>N/A   | 50X Municipal<br>housing rental<br>stock Reno-<br>vated   | 50X Munici-<br>pal housing<br>rental stock<br>Renovated   | 50X Munici-<br>pal housing<br>rental stock<br>Renovated                | 50X Municipal<br>housing rental<br>stock Reno-<br>vated            |  |        |
| F     | F3  | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOPMENTAL<br>MUNICIPALITY | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING | Crime, Bylaw.<br>Sub Station<br>and Monitor-<br>ing through<br>CCTV Cam-<br>eras | CCTV Cam-  | 6.3.1 Construction of integrated Human Settlements              |   | Number of   | CCTV Cameras to<br>be monitored 24<br>hours in all areas<br>with CCTV cover-                                | CCTV Cameras<br>to be moni-<br>tored 24 hours<br>in all areas with<br>CCTV coverage<br>Annually | CCTV Cameras to be monitored  | CCTV Cameras to be monitored 24 hours in all areas with CCTV           | CCTV Cameras to be   |  |        |

### D.4.5. 2024/24 ORGANISATIONAL SCORECARD

TABLE 101: TIER ONE: ORGANISATION LEVEL (2024/24 SCORECARD)



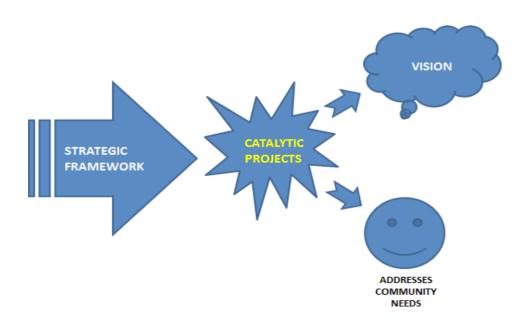
## FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2023-2024

### SECTION E CHAPTER 5: IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

#### D.5.1. CATALYTIC PROJECTS

A catalyst is described as something that 'precipitates an event' or something that causes change. Catalytic projects speed-up realisation of the municipal strategies leading to community needs being met, and facilitate speedier realisation of the Vision. The Municipality has identified a number of projects that seek to stimulate change and development in the Municipality.

FIGURE 16: CATALYTIC PROJECTS



The following catalytic projects that are aimed at revitalising the economy and growth trajectory for the Msunduzi Municipality:

TABLE 102: SUMMARY OF MSUNDUZI CATALYTIC PROJECTS

|      |                                  | PROJEC                                    | T DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION  | N                  |                           | IMPLEMENTATION SOURCE   |  |   |  |  |
|------|----------------------------------|---|---|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| No   | Project Name                     | Location                                  | Description   | Project Sector     | PGDP Catalytic Definition | Budget                  | Implementer                                  | Funding Source                                  |  |  |
| SHOR | T TERM                           |   |   |                    |                           |                         |  |   |  |  |
| S1   | Imbali Light In-<br>dustrial Hub | Imbali                                    | The project is centered on the idea of providing SMME operational facilities, infrastructure and training for small businesses within the jurisdiction of Imbali, Msunduzi and surrounds. The idea herein is to translate higher order strategies emanating from the LED Strategy and the Imbali Mixed Use Investment Precinct into tangible and visible Projects | Economic & Spatial | Game Changer              | R78 984 994             | Unknown                                      | Msunduzi Munici-<br>pality                      |  |  |
| S2   | Restoration of<br>Msunduzi River | Camps Drift                               | The Environmental Management Unit of the Msunduzi Municipality applied for funding from NDPG for the preparation of the Duzi Catchment Conservation Management Plan. This project was approved and will support the conservation management and the value of ecological goods and services within the ETC.  | Enviro.            | Major Need                | R69.4m                  | Unknown                                      | National Treasury<br>NDPG                       |  |  |
| \$3  | CACEN Open<br>Space System       | Central Area<br>& CBD Exten-<br>sion Node | Refine and update the open space footprint for CACEN as part of the ongoing work to develop an Environmental Services Plan/open space system for Msunduzi Municipality.   |                    | Major Need                | Internal Re-<br>sources | Msunduzi Environmental<br>Management<br>Unit | Dept. of Agricul-<br>ture & Environ.<br>Affairs |  |  |

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|    |                                  | PROJEC       | T DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION   | N                 |                           | I۸               | APLEMENTATION   | SOURCE                               |
|----|----------------------------------|--------------|--|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| No | Project Name                     | Location     | Description  | Project Sector    | PGDP Catalytic Definition | Budget           | Implementer   | Funding Source                       |
| 54 | PMB- Gandhi Rail-<br>way Station | CBD          | The station is operated by PRASA (1 of 25 in SA as an economic hub). A local consortium has the contract to develop the site for residential and commercial use and to accommodate a long distance bus terminus and a station for the new Durban-Pietermaritzburg high-speed train. The development will retain its heritage component and the "Gandhi room" and exhibition materials will be refurbished within this development. This budget is to supplement the interpretative aspect of the heritage. | Infrast.          | Major Enabler             | R1 000<br>000.00 | Public Private<br>Partnership   | Further Information is Required      |
| S5 | Freedom Square<br>Redevelopment  | Civic Centre | Redevelopment of Freedom Square to reintroduce an urban park, new control centre for the BRT, Tourism Huband conversion of taxi-rank to informal market.   | Spatial           | Major Need                | R68 872 677      | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality  | Msunduzi Munici-<br>pality           |
| S6 | Heroes Arce Me-<br>morial Park   | Imbali       | The development/upgrade of the Heroes' Arce Memorial Park  | Spatial & Tourism | Major Need                | R2 000 000       | Msunduzi Municipality, Department of Arts & Culture, Department of Military Veter- ans, KZN Office of the Premier | Further Informa-<br>tion is Required |

|    |                               | PROJE    | CT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION  | DN                 |                              | IM           | PLEMENTATION | SOURCE   |
|----|-------------------------------|----------|--|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| No | Project Name                  | Location | Description  | Project Sector     | PGDP Catalytic<br>Definition | Budget       | Implementer  | Funding Source                                       |
| S7 | Student Accommodation         | Edendale | The shortfall in housing and accommodation of students is well documented and a subject of annual protests. Developers based on the revenue provided through the National Student Financial Aid Scheme (NSFAS) is gaining momentum, the proximity of the DUT campus in Edendale makes the provision of student accommodation potentially attractive to private sector developers in partnership with DUT, the PIC or the DBSA. The development of student accommodation by the private sector                    | Spatial            | Major need                   | R250 000 000 | Unknown      | Private Sector                                       |
| S8 | Hospital & Health<br>Precinct | Edendale | The Edendale Hospital, as a 900 bed facility is a major contributor to Edendale both in terms of healthcare and job creation. As a facility there are opportunities to establish agreements with local service providers resulting in economic empowerment of the Edendale Community through job creation, SMME development, and skills development or internship. Targeted Procurement of Hospital Services and Supplies: facilities management, provision of bed linens, catering provided by local community. | Infrast. & Spatial | Major need                   | R10 500 00   | Unknown      | COGTA, Treasury,<br>International Do-<br>nor Funders |



|           |   | PROJEC                     | T DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION   | DN             |                              | I۸          | NPLEMENTATION : | SOURCE         |
|-----------|---|----------------------------|--|----------------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|
| No        | Project Name                                  | Location                   | Description  | Project Sector | PGDP Catalytic<br>Definition | Budget      | Implementer     | Funding Source |
| <b>S9</b> | Edendale Town<br>Centre: Prom-<br>enade 1     | Edendale                   | The promenades are intended to work together to encourage human activity and use of the spaces that they adjoin. These spaces connect Civic Building, Piazza, Market Stalls and the BRT Station together and create a pedestrianized precinct that will activate the centre. | Spatial        | Game Changer                 | R15 000 000 | Unknown         | NDPG           |
| S10       | Edendale Town<br>Centre: Prom-<br>enade 2     | Edendale                   | The promenades are intended to work together to encourage human activity and use of the spaces that they adjoin. These spaces connect Civic Building, Piazza, Market Stalls and the BRT Station together and create a pedestrianized precinct that will activate the centre. | Spatial        | Game Changer                 | R26 000 000 | Unknown         | NDPG           |
| S12       | Old Edendale<br>Road Upgrade                  | Edendale                   | Upgrading of Old Edendale<br>Road  | Infrast.       | Major Enablers               | R19345      | Unknown         | NDPG           |
| S13       | NDPG Edendale<br>Walkway                      | Edendale                   | Creation of a pedestrian walkway   | Infrast.       | Major Enablers               | R47, 726    | Unknown         | NDPG           |
| S14       | NDPG: Civic Zone<br>Phase 1: Market<br>Stalls | Edendale                   | SMME Development in the Edendale TC  | Infrast.       | Major Need                   | R19000      | Unknown         | NDPG           |
| M1        | Priority 1-12                                 | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | Housing projects enlisted as 1-2 on shape files received   | Housing        | Unknown                      | Unknown     | Unknown         | Unknown        |

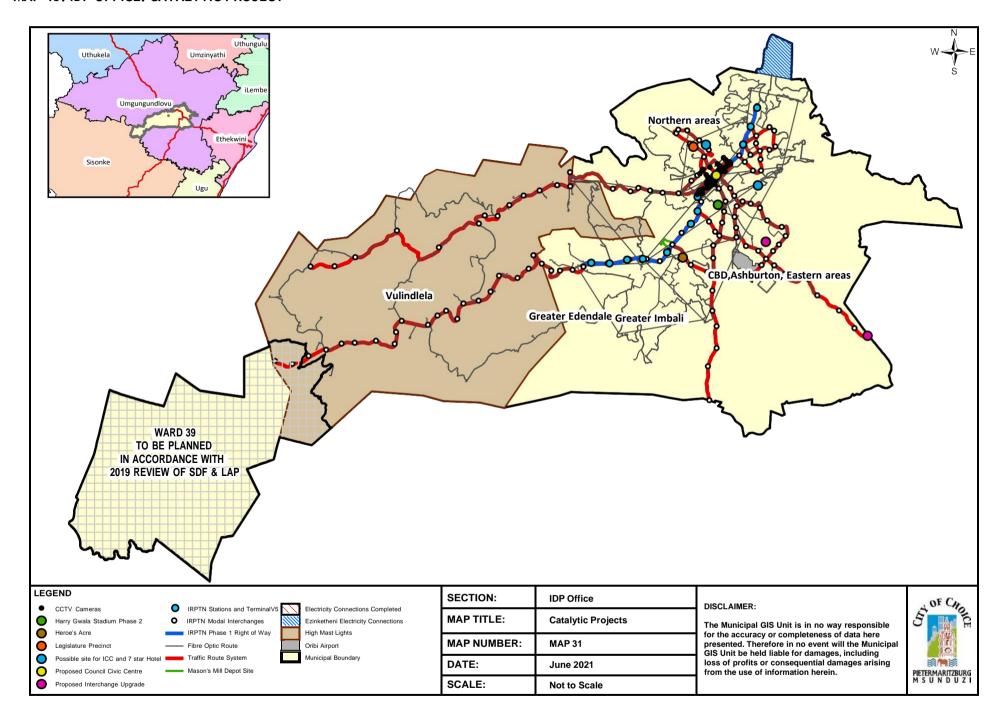


|    |  | PROJE    | CT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION   | N              |                           | IMPLEMENTATION SOURCE |             |                |  |
|----|--|----------|---|----------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|----------------|--|
| No | Project Name                                 | Location | Description   | Project Sector | PGDP Catalytic Definition | Budget                | Implementer | Funding Source |  |
| M2 | Edendale Private Land Acquisition Initiative |          | The land acquisition programme gives effect to the intentions of the Restructuring Zone by acquiring appropriate municipal land for human settlements development for the Greater Edendale Area. Restructuring Zones are used as a mechanism to meaningfully restructure the urban form of previously disadvantaged areas through promoting alternative higher density approaches to housing delivery. Most of the study area falls within the areas designated as "Restructuring Zones". As such, the acquisition of land within the study area is critical in attaining the objectives of the Human Settlement Plan and Programme of Msunduzi Municipality. The transfer of State land within the Greater Edendale Area to the Municipality is necessitated by the provisions of certain clauses in the MoA entered between Municipality and the Department of Housing. | Spatial        | Major need                | Unknown               | DBSA        | DBSA           |  |



|      |  | PROJEC      | CT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION  | N                  |                              | IN           | APLEMENTATION :                     | SOURCE         |
|------|--|-------------|--|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| No   | Project Name                               | Location    | Description  | Project Sector     | PGDP Catalytic<br>Definition | Budget       | Implementer                         | Funding Source |
| M3   | Imbali Education<br>Precinct               | Imbali      | The purpose of this project is to develop and implement an Education Precinct in the Imbali Edendale Area. Studies include an assessment of the existing Education facilities within the Project Area, developing a Communication Strategy, Vision Statement and Concept, as well as the Expansion of DUT. | Infrast. & Spatial | Game Changer                 | R250 000 000 | Unknown                             | Unknown        |
| M4   | Priority Housing 5                         | Unknown     | Unknown  | Spatial            | Major need                   | Unknown      | Unknown                             | Unknown        |
| LONG | TERM                                       |             |  |                    |                              |              |                                     |                |
| L1   | Legislature Pre-<br>cinct Develop-<br>ment | Town Hill   | This is a medium to long-<br>term initiative which will see<br>the development of a new<br>legislature precinct that will<br>better cater for the needs of<br>the legislature and facilitate<br>good governance.   | Spatial            | Game Changer                 | R2.0b        | KZN Public<br>Works Depart-<br>ment | KZN Treasury   |
| L2   | EDTEA Project                              | Plessislaer | EDTEA has acquired the old tannery in Plessislaer. They have issued a tender for proposal calls for engineering designs adjudication of tenders and appointment of service provider is underway.   | Unknown            | Unknown                      | R20 000 000  | EDTEA                               | EDTEA          |







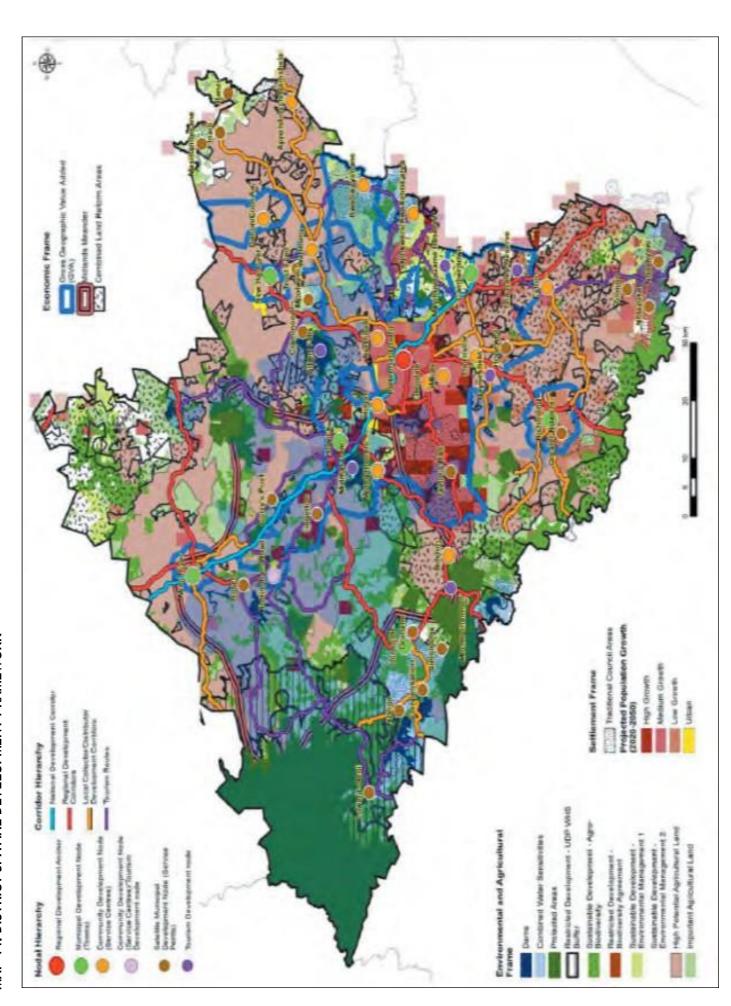
#### D.5.2. PROJECT PRIORITISATION MODEL

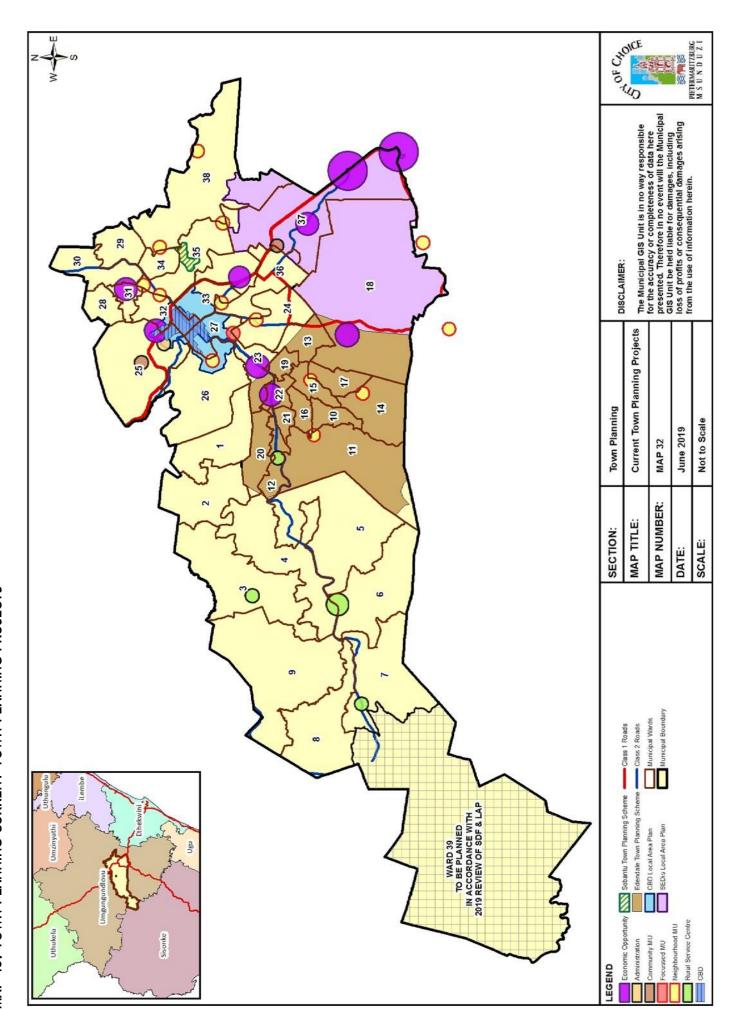
The prioritisation of investment projects is a key task for all municipalities as part of the IDP and Budget review process. It is clearly not possible to implement all projects simultaneously, and a rational, systematic approach to prioritisation helps to ensure that not only are the legal requirements met as early as possible, but also that the available resources (both human and finance) are used as effectively and efficiently as possible.

The following project prioritisation model has been developed to assist with decision-making in allocating resources.

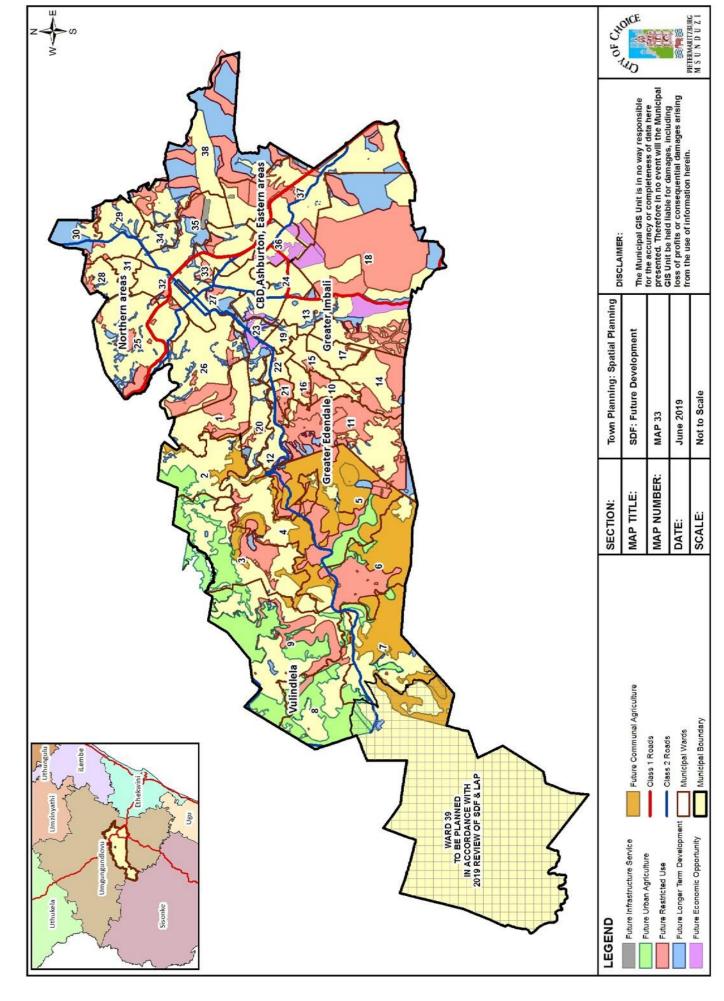
TABLE 103: PROJECT PRIORITISATION MODEL FOR THE MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY

| CRITERIA                 | DESCRIPTION   | SCORING            |
|--------------------------|---|--------------------|
| Vision 2030 Impact       | Will the project realise the Vision Statements, Goals, Value    | 5 - Yes definitely |
|                          | Statements, and Targets contained in Vision 2030 for the        | 3 - Partially      |
|                          | Msunduzi Municipality?  | 1 - Not at all     |
| Project directly relates | Will the project result in the implementation of IDP-identified | 5 - Yes definitely |
| to the IDP-identified    | catalytic projects?   | 3 - Partially      |
| Catalytic projects       |   | 1 - Not at all     |
| Community                | Has the project been identified by a community, through         | 5 - Yes definitely |
| Identification of        | community engagements, Ward Councillor involvement, War         | 1 - Not at all     |
| project                  | Room deliberations, or through a Community Based Plan?          |                    |
| Sector Plan              | Has the project been identified in a sector-specific plan       | 5 - Yes definitely |
| identification of        | (ie. Water Services Development Plan, Local Economic            | 1 - Not at all     |
| project                  | Development Plan)?  |                    |
| Linkage to the           | Has the project been aligned to the SDF?                        | 5 - Yes definitely |
| Spatial Development      | Does the project occur within an SDF-identified Node or         | 3 - Partially      |
| Framework                | Corridor?   | 1 - Not at all     |
| Sustainable              | Does the project assist the Municipality and its communities    | 5 - Yes definitely |
| development Goals        | to realise the targets set out in the Millennium Development    | 3 - Partially      |
|                          | Goals (MDGs)?   | 1 - Not at all     |

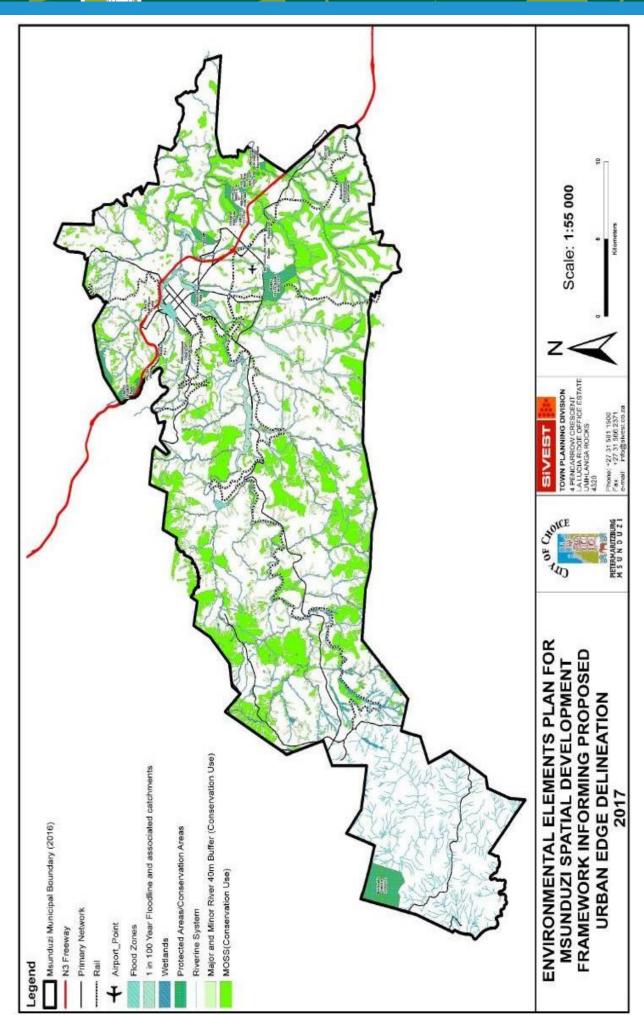








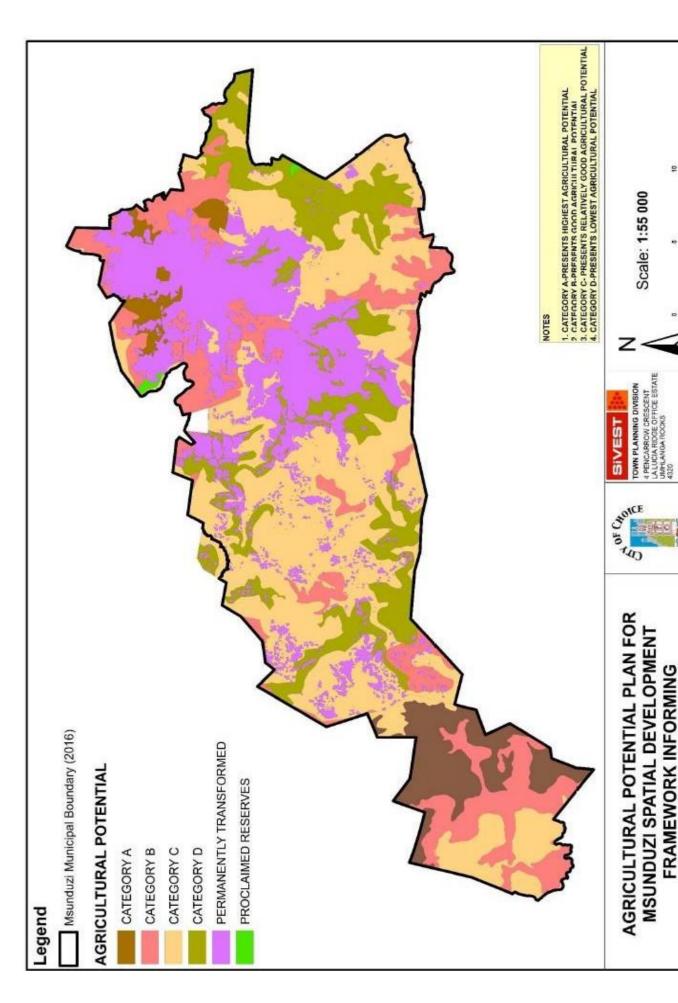
MAP 46: TOWN PLANNING: SDF: FUTURE DEVELOPMENT



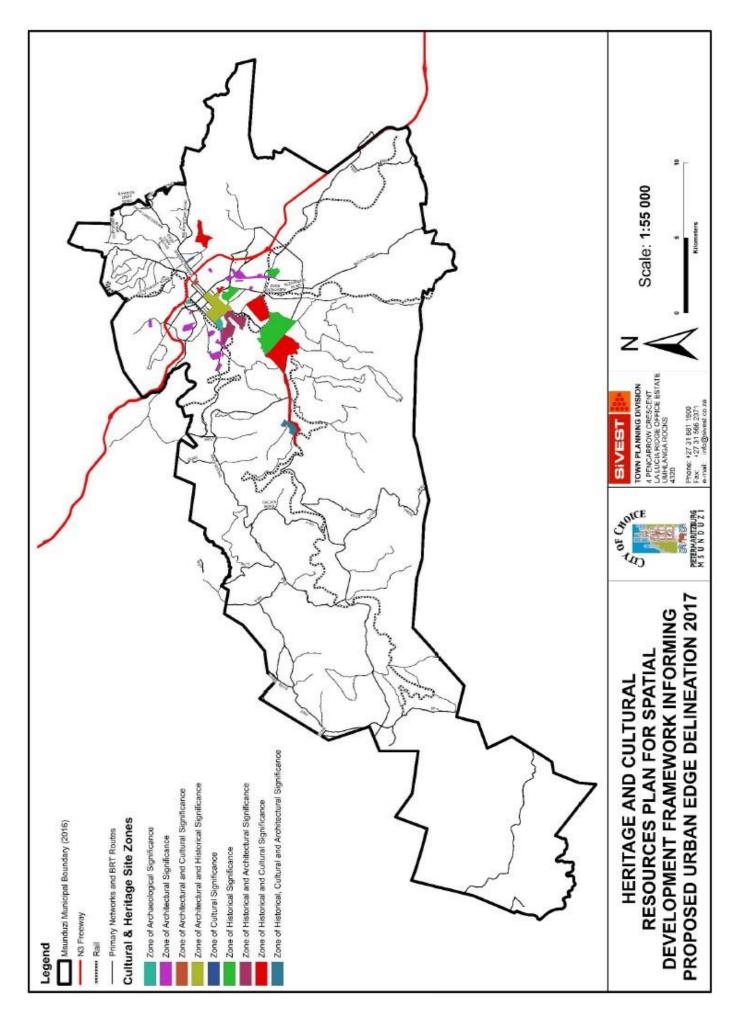
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PIETERMARITZBURG M S U N D U Z

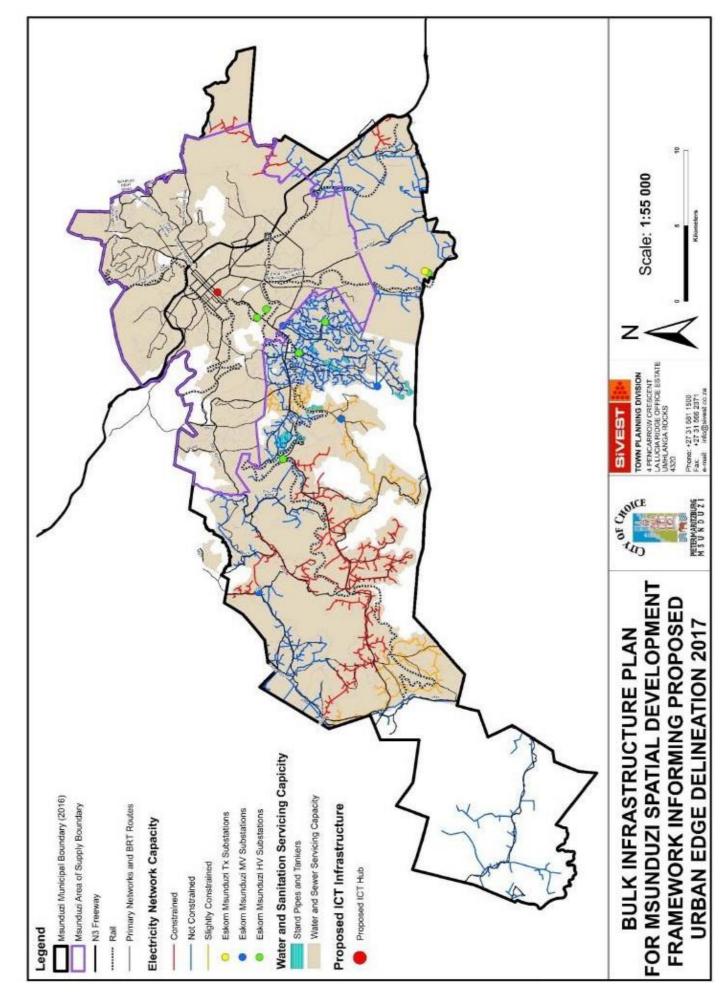
PROPOSED URBAN EDGE DELINEATION 2017



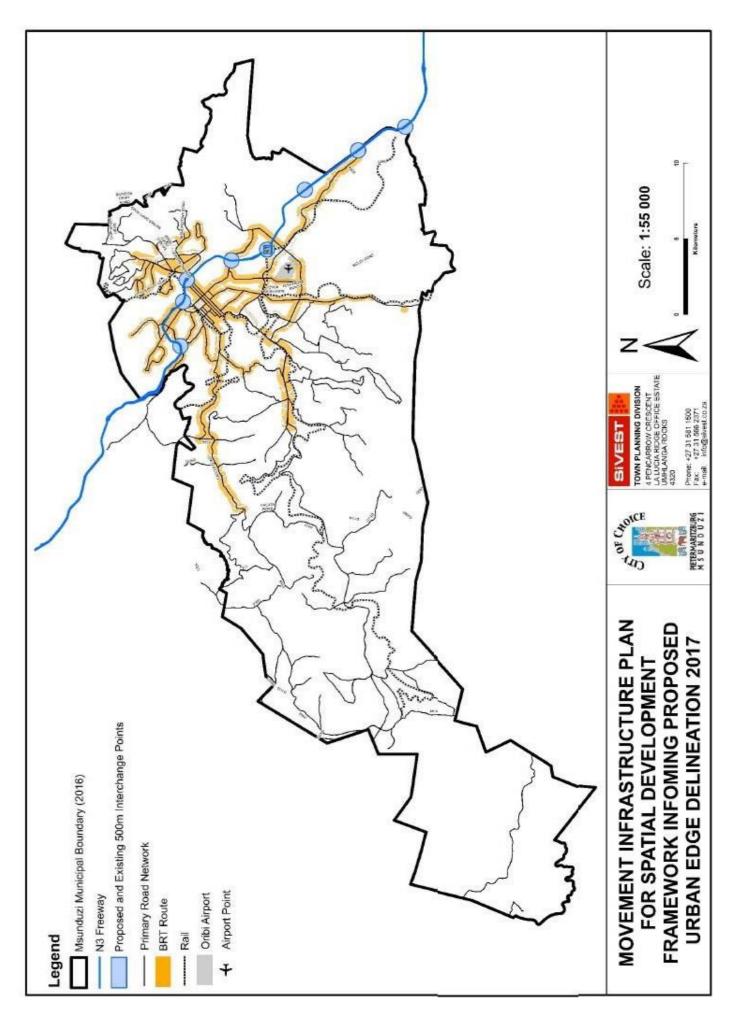
**MAP 46 B: AGRICULTURAL POTENTIAL** 



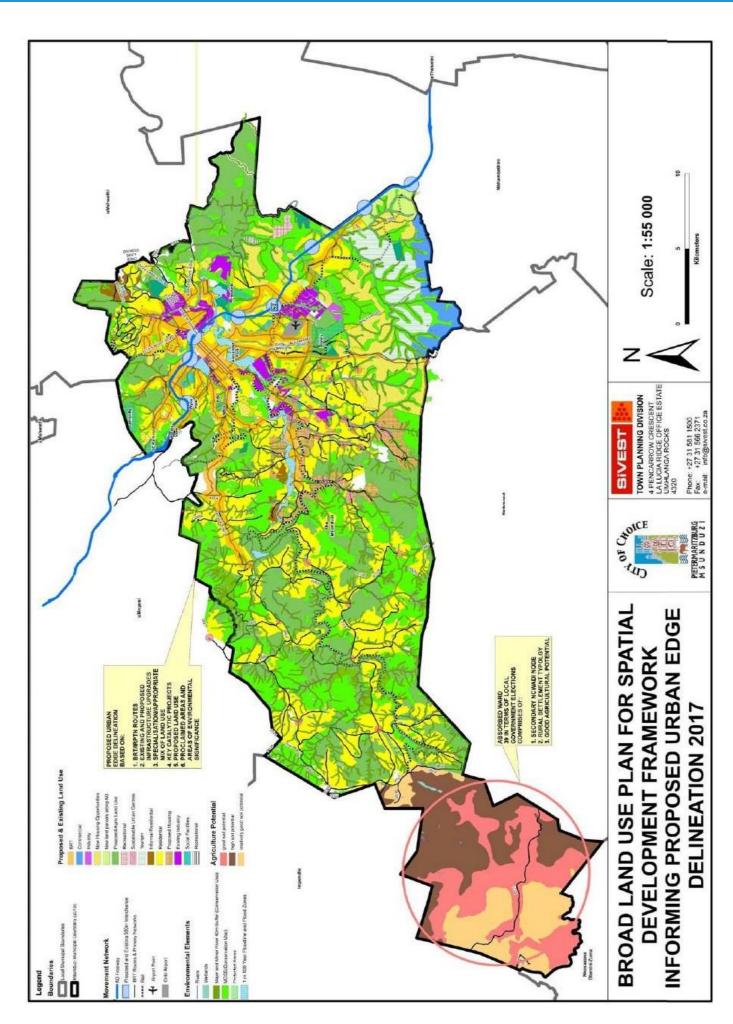


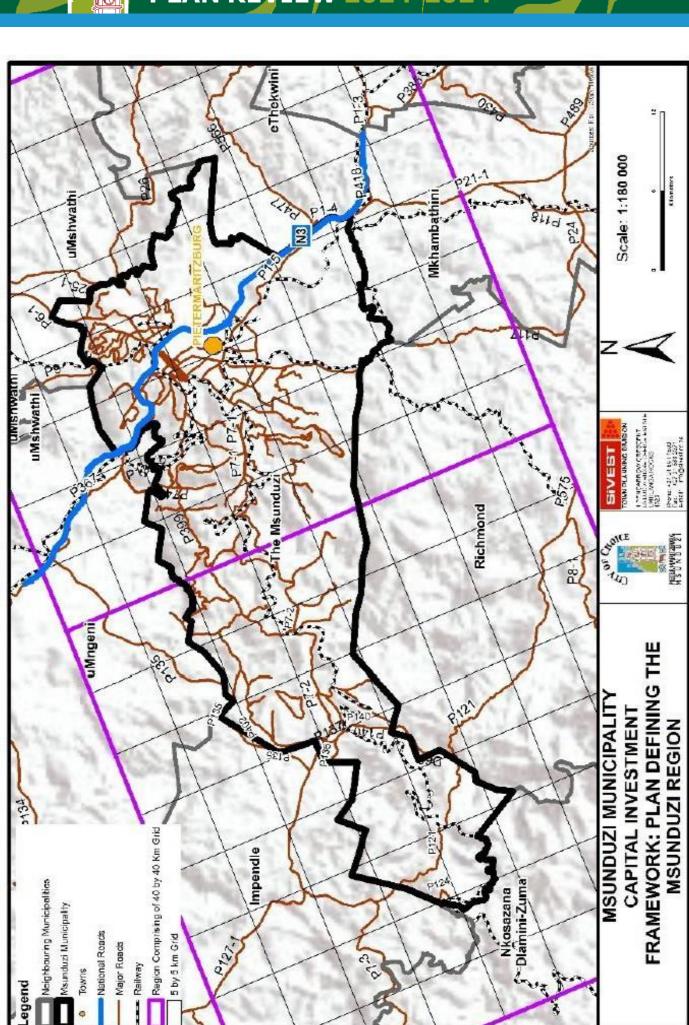


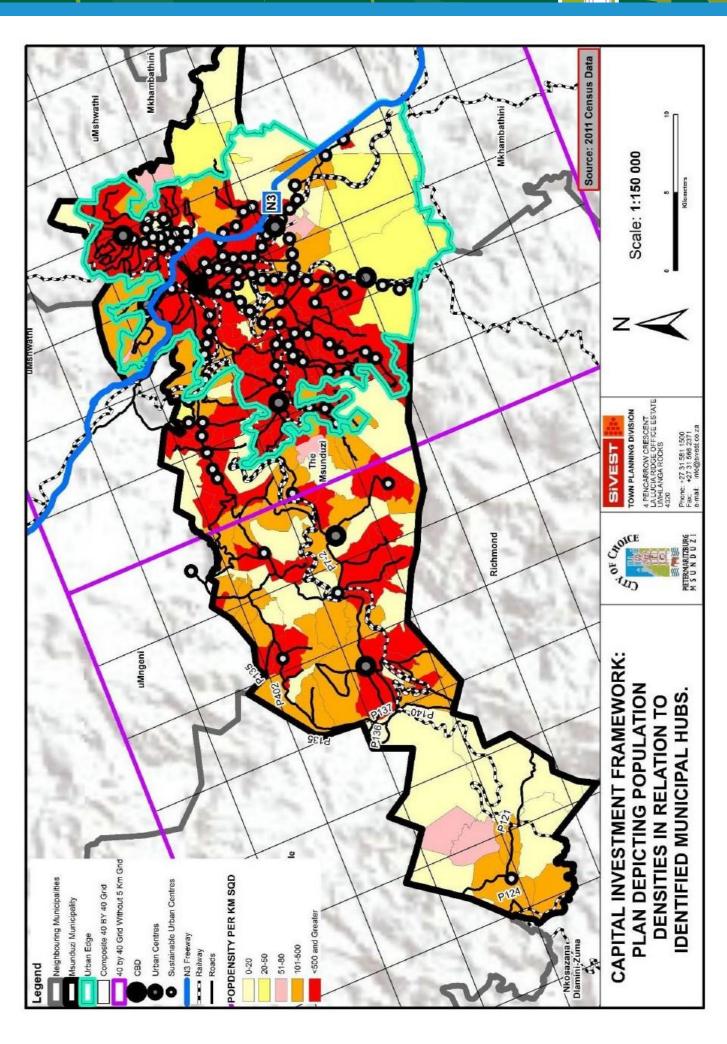
MAP 46 D: EXISTING BULK INFRASTRUCTURAL ASSETS



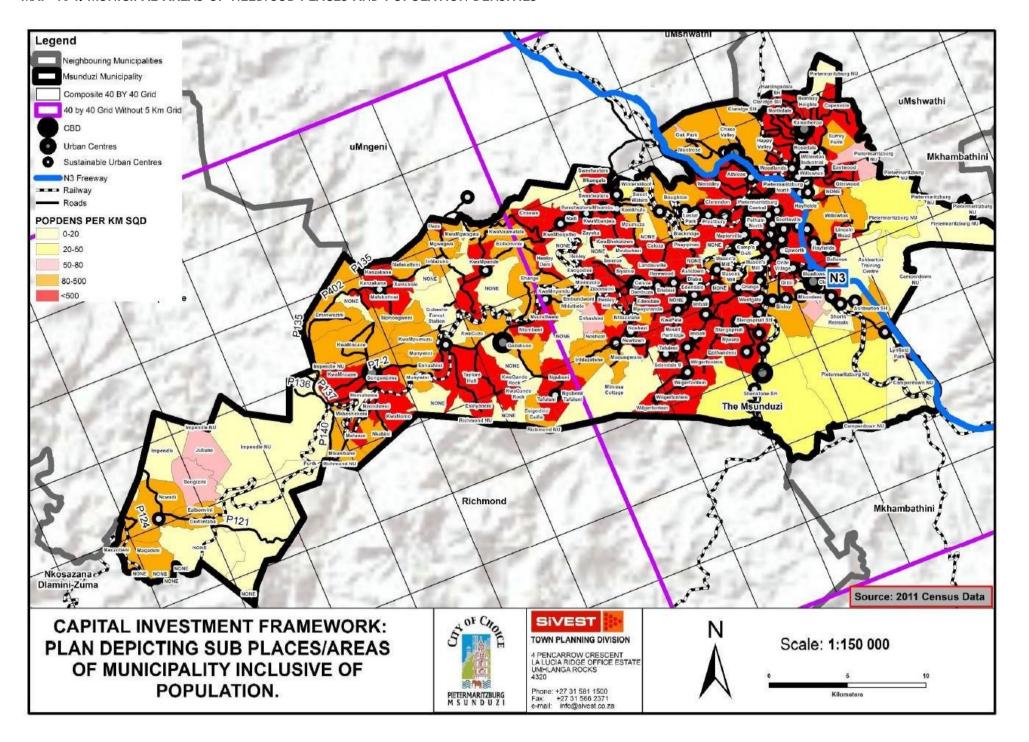




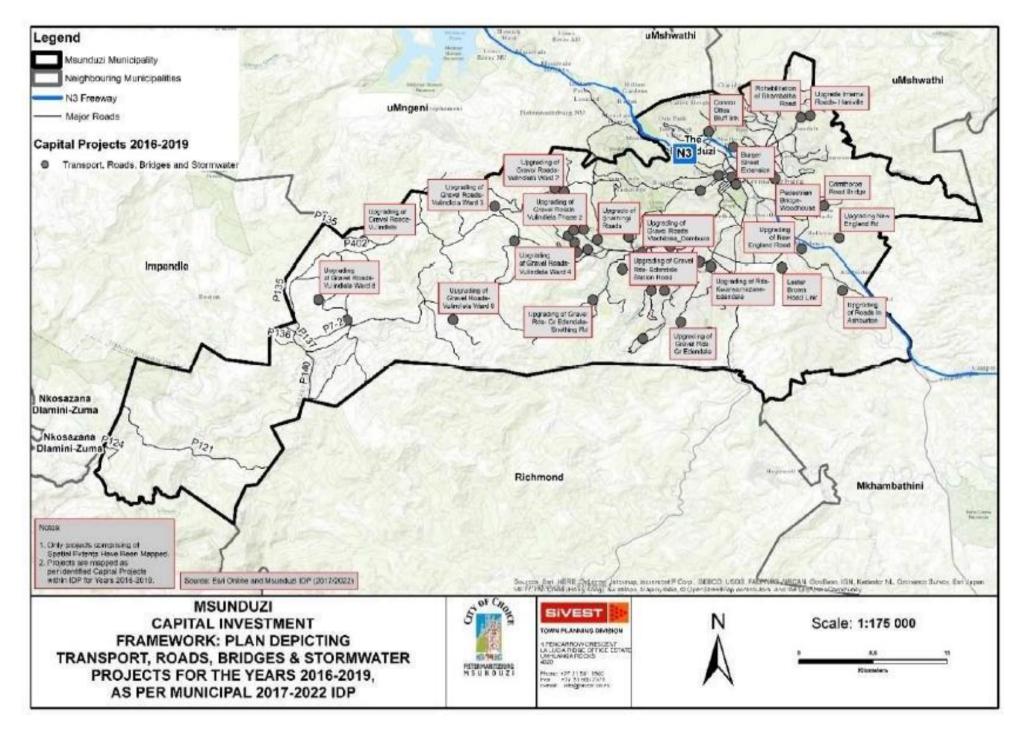




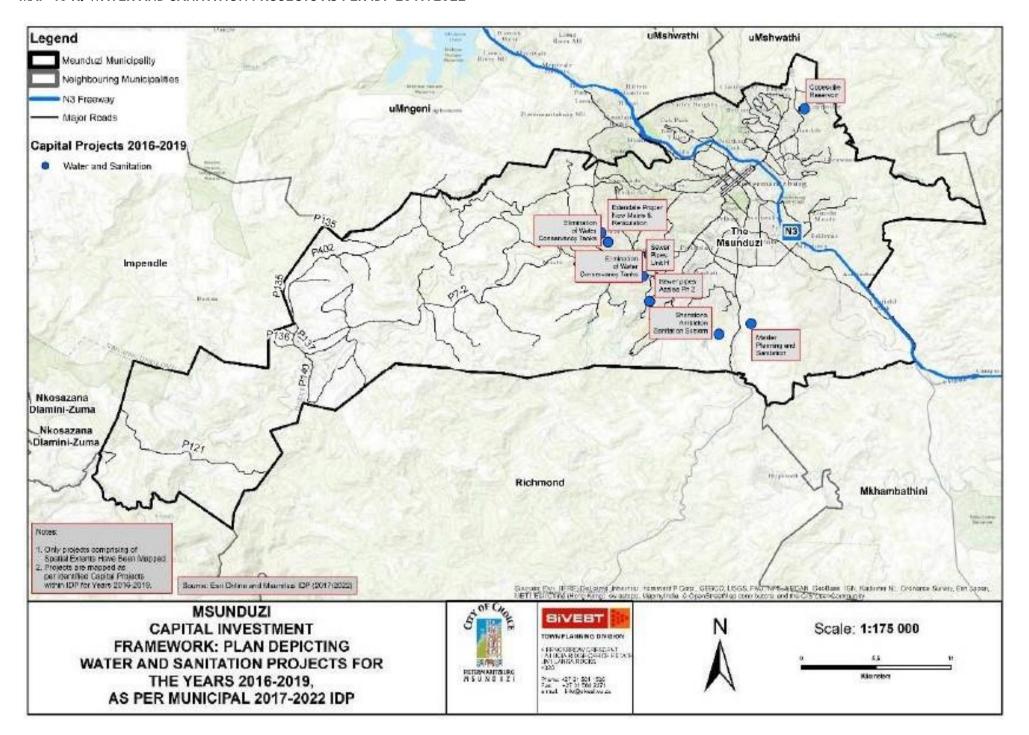
MAP 46 H: POPULATION DENSITIES TO MUNICIPAL HUBS



#### MAP 46 J: TRANSPORTATION, ROADS, BRIDGES AND STORM WATER PROJECTS AS PER IDP 2017/2022









**twsPate** 

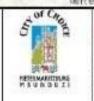
#### 1. Only projects comprising of Spatial business Have their Mapped 2. Projects are inapped as per identified Capital Projects within IDP for Years 2015-2018. Source: Est Online and Maundus! IDP (2017/2022) **MSUNDUZI** CAPITAL INVESTMENT FRAMEWORK: PLAN DEPICTING INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT PROJECTS FOR THE YEARS 2016-2019. AS PER MUNICIPAL 2017-2022 IDP

Impendle

MAP 46 L: INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT PROJECTS AS PER IDP 2017/2022

Legend

Nkosazana Dlamini-Zuma **Nkosazana** Dlamini-Zum

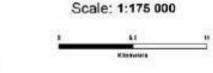


Richmond

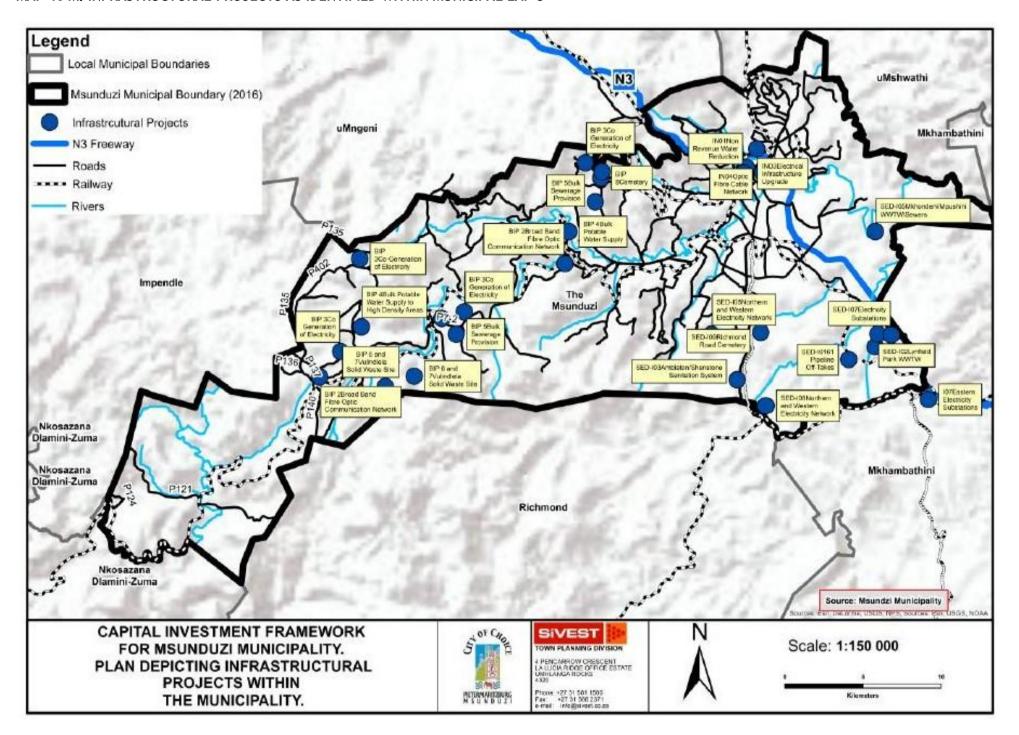


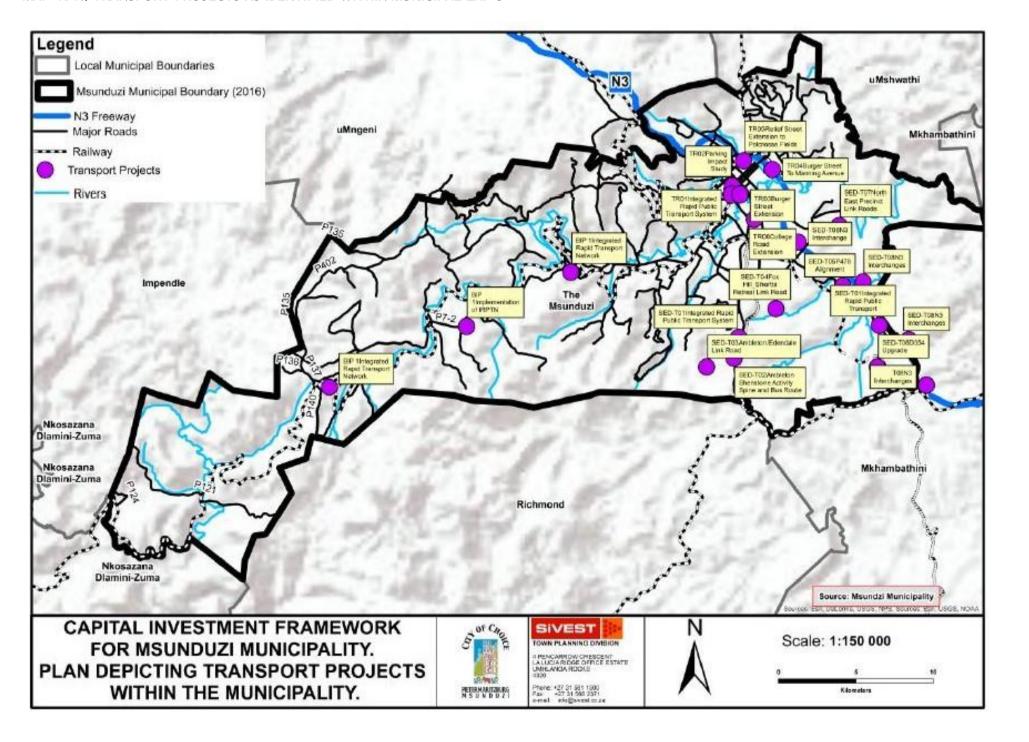


Source: Ear. HERE Selecting grammer, in reviews P. Cop., CEBCO, ISCS, FARMADOUBSCAN, Cookers, ICN Frederic Nr. Drovence Serves, Enfolged LISTS, EARL Of these Names in values of Names Names and Names Names and Names N



Mkhambathini







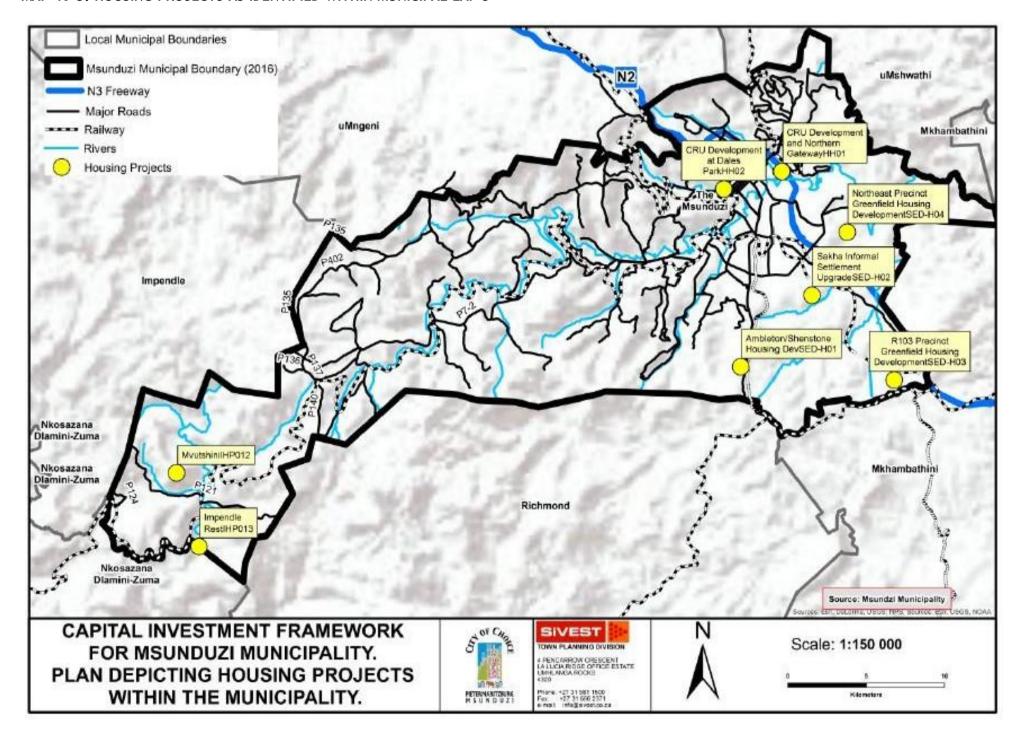
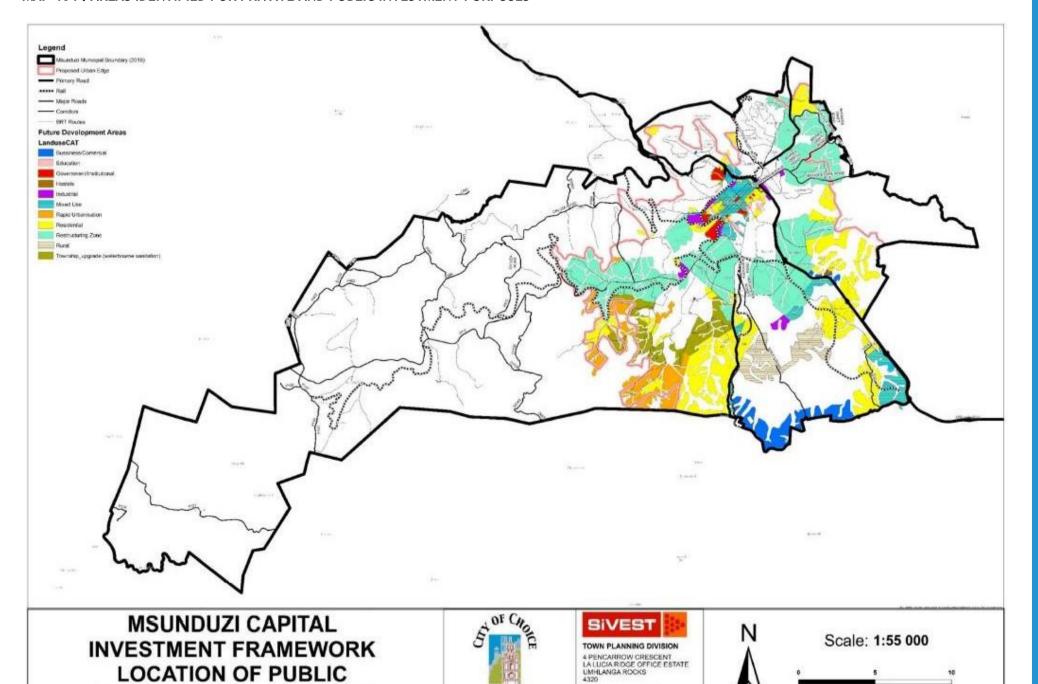


TABLE 104: SUMMARY OF PROPERTIES IDENTIFIED FOR PRIVATE AND PUBLIC INVESTMENT PURPOSES

| Land Audit Ref No.                   | Address                               | Property<br>Description                             | Extent (M²)                            | Zoning                           | Preferred Land<br>Use  | General<br>Value       | Environmental Comment   |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|--|------------------------|---|
| 9 H                                  | Mkhondeni                             | Rem of Erf<br>10 000 of<br>Murray Road<br>Mkhondeni | 102336m <sup>2</sup>                   | General<br>Industrial            | Future Economic<br>Activity area                                       | R4 200 000             | Suitable for development  |
| 9 D                                  | 40 Haworth RD                         | Erf 188 of<br>Shorts Retreat                        | 28015m <sup>2</sup>                    | General<br>Industrial            | Future Economic Activity area  | R4 200 000             | Suitable for development  |
| 9 C                                  | Bulman Road                           | Portion 12 of<br>Erf 441 Shorts<br>Retreat          | 38623m <sup>2</sup>                    | General<br>Industrial            | Future Economic<br>Activity area                                       | R3 400 000             | Upper portion along road is suitable for development but requires EIA. The watercourse and wetland area must be retained as open space. |
| Corner FJ Sithole<br>and Thwala Road | Imbali Unit CC                        | Portion 12<br>of Erf 23295<br>Edendale CC           |  | General<br>Industrial            | Petrol Filling<br>Station and<br>Convenient Shop.                      | R7 700 000             | Suitable for development  |
| 26                                   | 1 Ormond Rd -<br>Central City         | Portion 7 of<br>Erf 1889 PMB                        | 16080m²                                | Passive<br>Public Open<br>Space. | Future Economic<br>Activity area                                       | R2 800 000             | Suitable for development but will require an offset for the loss of public open space within the urban centre.                          |
| Portion of 10 B                      | Skhumbuzo<br>Ngwenya                  | Erf 456<br>portions 1, 2<br>and 3 PMB               | 136900m²                               | General<br>Industrial            | Future Economic<br>Activity area                                       | each (Ptn              | Suitable for development but requires EIA. Wetlands areas, Large indigenous trees to be retained as open space.                         |
| 17 B                                 | Chase Valley,<br>Chase Valley<br>Road | Rem/ 186/<br>PMB                                    | 191187m <sup>2</sup>                   | Open<br>Space &<br>Residential   | The Land parcel could be identified for medium to high density housing | R30 000 000            | Suitable for development but requires EIA. Watercourse and wetlands to be retained as open space.                                       |
| Off Cleland Road<br>(Along N3)       | Caravan Park,<br>Hayfields            | Rem of Erf<br>10000                                 | 52000m <sup>2</sup>                    | Active Open<br>Space             | Commercial Development   | R5 460 000             | Suitable for development  |
| Polocrosse                           | Armitage Road                         | Ptn A & B of<br>Erf 1556                            | 42116m <sup>2</sup>                    | Active Public<br>Open Space      | Commercial<br>Development  | N/A                    | Suitable for development  |
| Scottsville                          | Woodhouse,<br>Scottsville             | Portion A of<br>Erf 10000                           | 42000m <sup>2</sup>                    | General<br>Residential           | Student<br>Accommodation   | R4 100 000             | Suitable for development  |
| Scottsville (Bowling Club Site)      | Cnr. St. Patricks<br>& New England    | Portion A of<br>Erf 1913                            | 5802m <sup>2</sup>                     | Active Public<br>Open Space      |  | R7 000 000             | Suitable for development  |
| Edendale DD                          | Cnr. FJ Sithole & Mthombothi          | Erf 2008 & 2009                                     | 573m <sup>2</sup> & 1514m <sup>2</sup> | Limited<br>Business              | Commercial<br>Development  | R154 000 &<br>R172 000 | Suitable for development  |

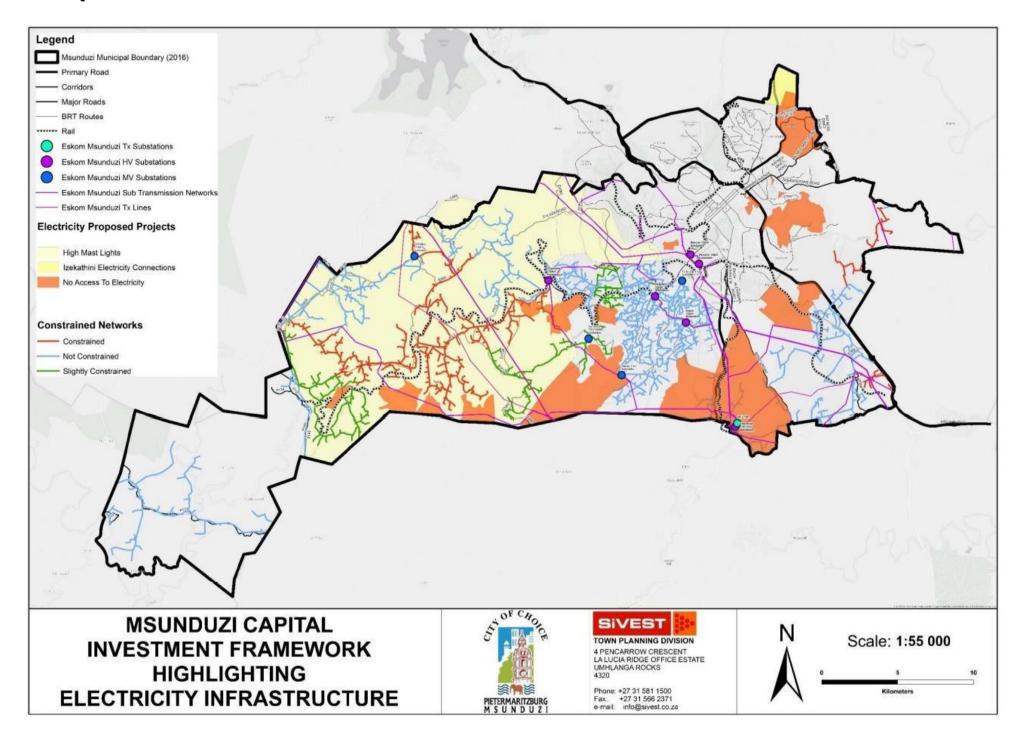


AND PRIVATE INVESTMENT



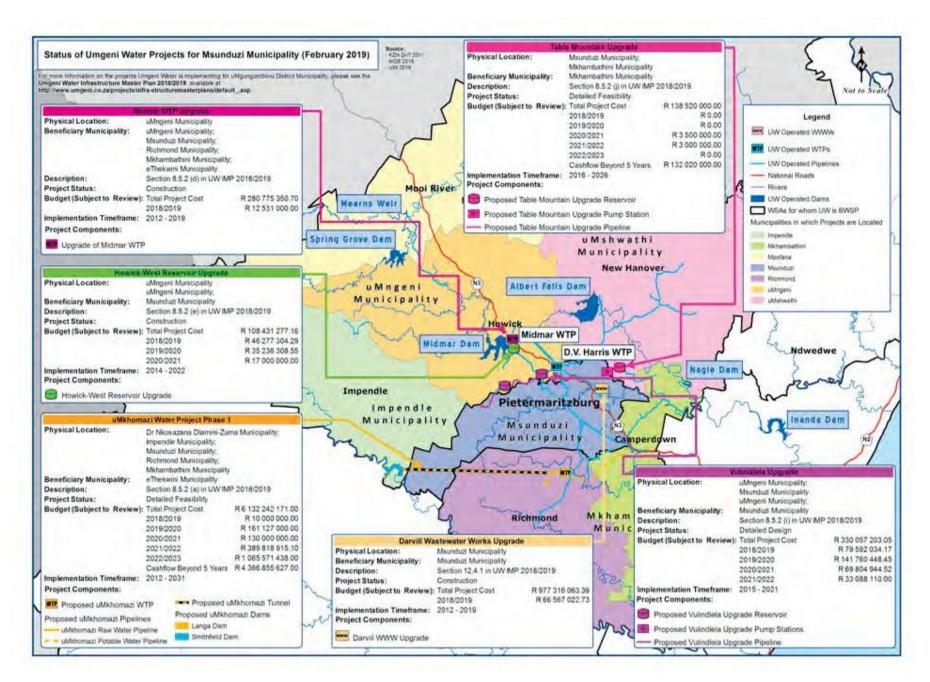
PIETERMARITZBURG M S U N D U Z I Phone: +27 31 561 1500 Fax: +27 31 566 2371 e-mail: info@sivest.co.za

#### MAP 46 O: EXISTING ELECTRICAL INFRASTRUCTURE AND PLANNED ELECTRICITY PROJECTS



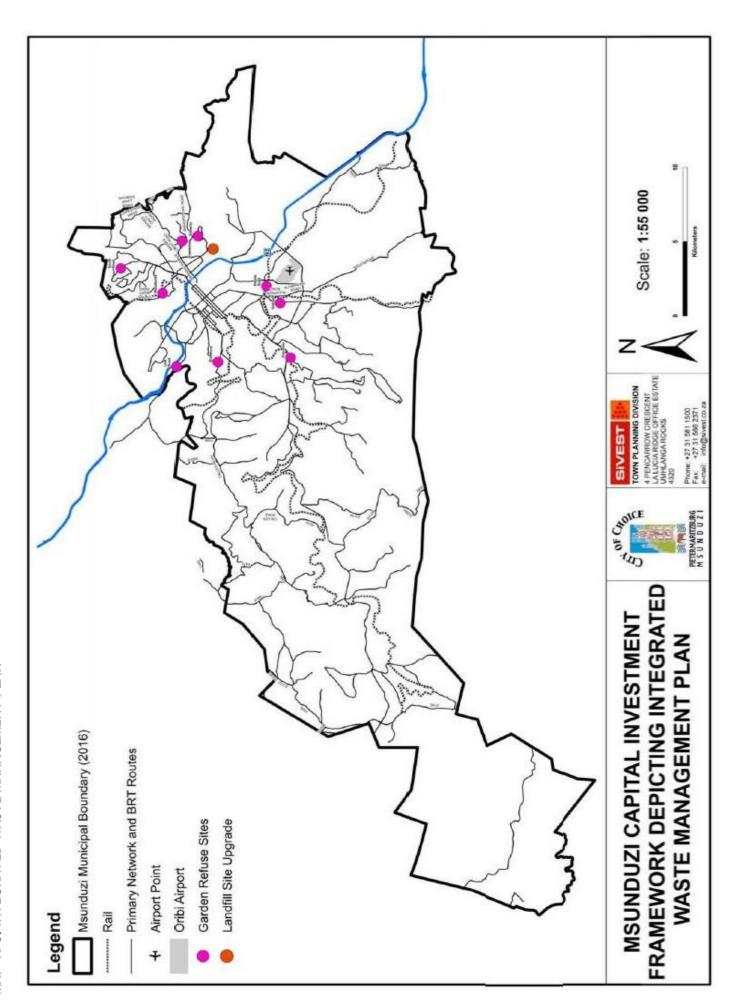


Spatially the outcomes of these planned projects marked in a red star are represented as follows:









### TABLE 105: IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FOR 2024-2024

|  |   |   |  |  |   |  |  | NDIX G  |   |   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|---|---|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  |   |   |  | 1  | N EXAMPLE O   |  | LEMENTATION  |   | S REPORT  |   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
| Objective  | Performance   | Backlog                                 | Baseline   | Overall<br>target (5yr   | Yr 1  | 5 Yr Ta<br>Yr 2  | argets (progress   |   | Yr 5  | Budget (R)                              | Expenditure                        | Implement-               | Challeng-                      | Remedial                    |
| Objective  | Indicator   | Dacking                                 | Dasetille  | timeframe)   | 2022/23   | 2024/24  | Yr 3 2024/25   | Yr 4 2025/26  | 2026/27   | ('000)                                  | to date (%)                        | ing agent                | es                             | actions                     |
| Strategic<br>Objective                           | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator   | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo   | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets  |   |  |  |   |   | Total budget<br>requirement<br>- 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 1.1 Eradi-<br>cated fraud<br>and corrup-<br>tion | Date Annual Risk Manage- ment plan submitted to the Risk Management Committee Date Risk Man- agement plan submitted   |   | Annual Risk<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan<br>produced &<br>submitted to<br>the Risk Man-<br>agement<br>Committee<br>Annual by<br>the 30 of Jun | 5 Annual<br>Risk Man-<br>agement<br>Plan pro-<br>duced &<br>submitted<br>to the Risk<br>Manage-<br>ment Com-<br>mittee | 1 Annual Risk Man- agement Plan pro- duced & submitted to the Risk Manage- ment Com- mittee | 1 Annual<br>Risk Man-<br>agement<br>Plan pro-<br>duced &<br>submitted<br>to the Risk<br>Manage-<br>ment Com-<br>mittee | 1 Annual Risk<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan<br>produced &<br>submitted to<br>the Risk Man-<br>agement<br>Committee | 1 Annual Risk Man- agement Plan pro- duced & submitted to the Risk Manage- ment Com- mittee | 1 Annual Risk Man- agement Plan pro- duced & submitted to the Risk Manage- ment Com- mittee |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 1.1 Eradi-<br>cated fraud<br>and corrup-<br>tion | Number of anti-fraud and corruption awareness campaigns conducted 1 x report on the Consolidated Risk Management Strategy developed & submitted to the RMC /SMC or to the Audit Committee by the 30th of June |   | 0 anti-fraud<br>and cor-<br>ruption<br>awareness<br>campaigns<br>conducted<br>Annually   | 20 anti-fraud<br>and cor-<br>ruption<br>awareness<br>campaigns<br>conducted  | 4 anti-fraud<br>and cor-<br>ruption<br>awareness<br>campaigns<br>conducted                  | 4 anti-fraud<br>and cor-<br>ruption<br>awareness<br>campaigns<br>conducted   | 4 anti-fraud<br>and cor-<br>ruption<br>awareness<br>campaigns<br>conducted                                   | 4 anti-fraud<br>and cor-<br>ruption<br>awareness<br>campaigns<br>conducted                  | 4 anti-fraud<br>and cor-<br>ruption<br>awareness<br>campaigns<br>conducted                  |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 1.2 Compliance with all legislative provisions   | % of Risks rat-<br>ed above 3   |   | 50 % of risks<br>on the risk<br>dashboard<br>rated above<br>3 Annually   | 100 % of<br>risks on the<br>risk dash-<br>board rated<br>above 3   | 100 % of<br>risks on the<br>risk dash-<br>board rated<br>above 3                            | ed above 3   | _  | risks on the<br>risk dash-<br>board rated<br>above 3  | 100 % of<br>risks on the<br>risk dash-<br>board rated<br>above 3                            |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 1.2 Compliance with all legislative provisions   | % of Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies en-<br>forced  |   | 50 % of the<br>Council<br>Bylaws and<br>policies en-<br>forced   | 100 % of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies en-<br>forced  | 100 % of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies<br>enforced                                   | 100 % of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies<br>enforced  | 100 % of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies en-<br>forced  | 100 % of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies en-<br>forced                                 | 100 % of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies<br>enforced                                   |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |

#### APPENDIX G AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT 5 Yr Targets (progress to date) Overall Performance Budget (R) Expenditure Challeng-Implement-Remedial Objective Backlog **Baseline** target (5vr Yr 5 Yr 1 Yr 2 to date (%) Indicator Yr 3 2024/25 | Yr 4 2025/26 ('000) ing agent actions es timeframe) 2022/23 2024/24 2026/27 2022/23 -Total budget Key perfor-Total back-Accumu-Where To get Strategic Status Ouo 2026/27 IDP mance indilog in murequirement lative ex-Agent target was back on Objective cator nicipality **Targets** - 5 year penditure not met target 0 Commu-20 Com-4 Commu-1.3 Devel-Number of 4 Commu-4 Commu-4 Commu-4 Commu-Msunduzi oped and Communinication munication nication nication nication nication nication Municipality strengthcation forum forums conforums conforums conforums conforums conforums conforums conened conducted ducted ducted ducted ducted ducted ducted ducted Communication and Stakeholder Relations 1.3 Devel-% of the com-25 % of the 100 % of the 100 % of 100 % of 100 % of the 100 % of the 100 % of the Msunduzi oped and Municipality munication communicacommunicathe comthe comcommunica- communicacommunistrengthstrategy impletion strategy tion strategy munication munication tion strategy tion strategy cation stratened mented implemented implementstrategy strategy implemented implementegv imple-Communied implementimplemented mented cation and ed ed Stakeholder Relations 1.3 Devel-Number of 12 service 60 service 12 service 12 service 12 service 12 service 12 service Msunduzi oped and service delivery delivery delivery delivery delivery delivery delivery delivery Municipality strengthcampaigns campaigns campaigns campaigns campaigns campaigns campaigns campaigns ened Communication and Stakeholder Relations 1.3 Devel-Number of 1 Media part- 17 Media Msunduzi oped and Media partnernerships with partnerships Municipality strengthwith local. ships with lolocal, provinened cal, provincial cial and Naprovincial and Nation-Communiand National tional Media cation and Media houses houses al Media

houses

with func-

OR 205

tional ward committees

39 wards with 41 wards

functional

war rooms

Stakeholder

Number of

wards with

rooms

functional war

Relations
1.3 Devel-

oped and

strength-

Communication and Stakeholder Relations

ened



Msunduzi

Municipality

|  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  | NDIX G  |   |   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  |  |   |  |  | AN EXAMPLE C   |  | LEMENTATION  |   | S REPORT  |   |                                    | 1                        |                                |                             |
| Objective  | Performance<br>Indicator   | Backlog                                 | Baseline   | Overall<br>target (5yr<br>timeframe)   | Yr 1<br>2022/23  | 5 Yr Ta<br>Yr 2<br>2024/24   | Yr 3 2024/25   | Yr 4 2025/26  | Yr 5<br>2026/27   | Budget (R)<br>('000)                    | Expenditure<br>to date (%)         | Implement-<br>ing agent  | Challeng-<br>es                | Remedial<br>actions         |
| Strategic<br>Objective   | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator  | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo   | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets  |  |  |  |   |   | Total budget<br>requirement<br>- 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 1.3 Developed and strengthened Communication and Stakeholder Relations | Number of<br>wards with<br>functional<br>ward commit-<br>tees                                  |   | 20 wards with<br>functional<br>ward com-<br>mittees  | 41 wards<br>with func-<br>tional ward<br>committees<br>OR 205                              |  |  |  |   |   |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 1.3 Developed and strengthened Communication and Stakeholder Relations | Number of<br>customer satis-<br>faction survey<br>conducted                                    |   | 01 customer<br>satisfaction<br>survey con-<br>ducted                                       | 20 customer<br>satisfaction<br>survey con-<br>ducted                                       | 4 customer<br>satisfaction<br>survey con-<br>ducted  | 4 customer<br>satisfaction<br>survey con-<br>ducted  | satisfaction<br>survey con-<br>ducted  | 4 customer<br>satisfaction<br>survey con-<br>ducted   | 4 customer<br>satisfaction<br>survey con-<br>ducted   |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 1.3 Developed and strengthened Communication and Stakeholder Relations | % of the com-<br>munication<br>strategy imple-<br>mented                                       |   | 25 % of the<br>communica-<br>tion strategy<br>implemented                                  | 100% of the<br>communica-<br>tion strategy<br>implement-<br>ed                             | 100% of the<br>communi-<br>cation strat-<br>egy imple-<br>mented                           | 100% of the<br>communi-<br>cation strat-<br>egy imple-<br>mented                               | 100% of the<br>communica-<br>tion strategy<br>implemented                                  | 100% of the<br>communica-<br>tion strategy<br>implement-<br>ed                              | 100% of the<br>communi-<br>cation strat-<br>egy imple-<br>mented                            |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Manage-<br>ment and<br>Develop-<br>ment      | Number of<br>people devel-<br>oped through<br>the human<br>Resource<br>Development<br>Strategy |   | 100 people<br>developed<br>through the<br>human Re-<br>source De-<br>velopment<br>Strategy | 500 people<br>developed<br>through the<br>human Re-<br>source De-<br>velopment<br>Strategy | 100 people<br>developed<br>through the<br>human Re-<br>source De-<br>velopment<br>Strategy | 100 people<br>developed<br>through<br>the human<br>Resource<br>Develop-<br>ment Strat-<br>egy  | 100 people<br>developed<br>through the<br>human Re-<br>source De-<br>velopment<br>Strategy | 100 people<br>developed<br>through the<br>human Re-<br>source De-<br>velopment<br>Strategy  | 100 people<br>developed<br>through the<br>human Re-<br>source De-<br>velopment<br>Strategy  |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Manage-<br>ment and<br>Develop-<br>ment      | Number of Top<br>Management<br>Positions filled<br>by people<br>from special<br>focus groups   |   | 3 Top Man-<br>agement<br>Positions<br>filled by<br>people from<br>special focus<br>groups  | 15 Top Management Positions filled by people from special fo- cus groups                   | 3 Top Management Positions filled by people from spe- cial focus groups                    | 3 Top Man-<br>agement<br>Positions<br>filled by<br>people<br>from spe-<br>cial focus<br>groups | 3 Top Man-<br>agement<br>Positions<br>filled by<br>people from<br>special focus<br>groups  | 3 Top Man-<br>agement<br>Positions<br>filled by<br>people from<br>special fo-<br>cus groups | 3 Top Man-<br>agement<br>Positions<br>filled by<br>people from<br>special fo-<br>cus groups |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Manage-<br>ment and<br>Develop-              | % of Employ-<br>ment Equity<br>Plan targets<br>achieved  |   | 100 % of<br>Employment<br>Equity Plan<br>targets<br>achieved                               | 100 % of<br>Employment<br>Equity Plan<br>targets<br>achieved                               | 100 % of<br>Employ-<br>ment Equity<br>Plan targets<br>achieved                             | 100 % of<br>Employ-<br>ment Equity<br>Plan targets<br>achieved                                 |  | 100 % of<br>Employment<br>Equity Plan<br>targets<br>achieved                                | 100 % of<br>Employment<br>Equity Plan<br>targets<br>achieved                                |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |

Development

|  |  |   |  |  |  |  |   | NDIX G   |  |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  |  |   |  | A  | N EXAMPLE O                                      | F AN IDP IMPI  | LEMENTATION F                               | PLAN PROGRES   | S REPORT   |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|  | Performance  |   |  | Overall  |  |  | rgets (progress                             | to date)   |  | Budget (R)                        | Expenditure                        | Implement-               | Challeng-                      | Remedial                    |
| Objective  | Indicator  | Backlog                                 | Baseline   | target (5yr<br>timeframe)                              | Yr 1<br>2022/23                                  | Yr 2<br>2024/24  | Yr 3 2024/25                                | Yr 4 2025/26   | Yr 5<br>2026/27  | ('000)                            | to date (%)                        | ing agent                | es                             | actions                     |
| Strategic<br>Objective   | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator                      | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo   | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets                    |  |  |   |  |  | Total budget requirement - 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Manage-<br>ment and<br>Develop-<br>ment                                | % of Critical<br>Posts Filled                            |   | 50 % of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled                    | 100% of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled                    | 100% of<br>Critical<br>Posts Filled              | 100% of<br>Critical<br>Posts Filled                    | 100% of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled         | 100% of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled                    | 100% of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled                    |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| GOAL 2   |  |   |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
| 2.1 Access<br>to afforda-<br>ble, reliable,<br>sustainable<br>and mod-<br>ern energy<br>for all. | Number of<br>Substations<br>Maintained                   |   | 5 substations<br>maintained                            | 25 Substa-<br>tions Main-<br>tained                    | 5 Substa-<br>tions Main-<br>tained               | 5 Substa-<br>tions Main-<br>tained                     | Maintained                                  | 5 Substations<br>Maintained                            | tions Main-<br>tained                                  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.1 Access<br>to afforda-<br>ble, reliable,<br>sustainable<br>and mod-<br>ern energy<br>for all. | No of house-<br>holds with<br>access to Elec-<br>tricity |   | 181 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to Electricity | 905 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to Electricity |  | 181 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to Electricity | with access                                 | 181 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to Electricity | 181 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to Electricity |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.1 Access<br>to afforda-<br>ble, reliable,<br>sustainable<br>and mod-<br>ern energy<br>for all. | KM of Elec-<br>tricity Network<br>upgraded<br>annually   |   | 25KM of<br>Network up-<br>graded                       | 425 KM of<br>Network<br>upgraded                       | 85 KM of<br>Network<br>upgraded                  | 85 KM of<br>Network<br>upgraded                        | 85 KM of<br>Network up-<br>graded           | 85 KM of<br>Network<br>upgraded                        | 85 KM of<br>Network<br>upgraded                        |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.1 Access<br>to afforda-<br>ble, reliable,<br>sustainable<br>and mod-<br>ern energy<br>for all. | Number of<br>Street lights<br>maintained                 |   | 100 Street<br>lights main-<br>tained                   | 500 Street<br>lights main-<br>tained                   | 100 Street<br>lights main-<br>tained             | 100 Street<br>lights main-<br>tained                   | 100 Street<br>lights main-<br>tained        | 100 Street<br>lights main-<br>tained                   | 100 Street<br>lights main-<br>tained                   |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.1 Access<br>to afforda-<br>ble, reliable,<br>sustainable<br>and mod-<br>ern energy<br>for all. | Number of<br>green energy<br>projects imple-<br>mented   |   | 0 green en-<br>ergy projects<br>implemented            | 10 green<br>energy pro-<br>jects imple-<br>mented      | 2 green<br>energy pro-<br>jects imple-<br>mented | 2 green<br>energy pro-<br>jects imple-<br>mented       | 2 green en-<br>ergy projects<br>implemented | 2 green<br>energy pro-<br>jects imple-<br>mented       | 2 green<br>energy pro-<br>jects imple-<br>mented       |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |



|  |   |   | APPE   | NDIX G   |  |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A  | N EXAMPLE O   | F AN IDP IMPL   | EMENTATION F   | PLAN PROGRES   | S REPORT   |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
| verall   |   | 5 Yr Ta   | rgets (progress  | to date)   |  | Budget (R)                        | Expenditure                        | Implement-               | Challeng-                      | Remedial                    |
| get (5yr<br>eframe)                              | Yr 1<br>2022/23   | Yr 2<br>2024/24   | Yr 3 2024/25   | Yr 4 2025/26   | Yr 5<br>2026/27  | (,000)                            | to date (%)                        | ing agent                | es                             | actions                     |
| 22/23 -<br>6/27 IDP<br>argets                    |   |   |  |  |  | Total budget requirement - 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 000<br>seholds<br>a access<br>iped wa-<br>supply | 192 800<br>households<br>with access<br>to piped<br>water sup-<br>ply | 192 800<br>households<br>with access<br>to piped<br>water sup-<br>ply | 192 800<br>households<br>with access<br>to piped wa-<br>ter supply | 192 800<br>households<br>with access<br>to piped wa-<br>ter supply | 192 800<br>households<br>with access<br>to piped wa-<br>ter supply |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |

|   | AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT  Overall 5 Yr Targets (progress to date) 7 yr Targets (progress to da |   |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   | Performance  |   |  | Overall  |  |   | argets (progress   | to date)   |  | Budget (R)                        | Expenditure                        | Implement-               | Challeng-                      | Remedial                    |
| Objective   | Indicator  | Backlog                                 | Baseline   | target (5yr<br>timeframe)  | Yr 1<br>2022/23  | Yr 2<br>2024/24   | Yr 3 2024/25   | Yr 4 2025/26   | Yr 5<br>2026/27  | ('000)                            | to date (%)                        | ing agent                | es                             | actions                     |
| Strategic<br>Objective  | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator  | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo   | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets                                |  |   |  |  |  | Total budget requirement - 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 2.2 Ensure<br>availability<br>and sustain-<br>able man-<br>agement of<br>water and<br>sanitation<br>for all | Number of<br>households<br>with access to<br>piped water<br>supply   |   | 181 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to piped wa-<br>ter supply | 964 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to piped wa-<br>ter supply | with access<br>to piped<br>water sup-<br>ply                   | 192 800<br>households<br>with access<br>to piped<br>water sup-<br>ply | 192 800<br>households<br>with access<br>to piped wa-<br>ter supply | 192 800<br>households<br>with access<br>to piped wa-<br>ter supply | 192 800<br>households<br>with access<br>to piped wa-<br>ter supply |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.2 Ensure<br>availability<br>and sustain-<br>able man-<br>agement of<br>water and<br>sanitation<br>for all | Number of<br>households<br>with access to<br>basic Sanita-<br>tion   |   | 181 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to basic Sani-<br>tation   | 964 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to basic<br>Sanitation     | 192 800<br>households<br>with access<br>to basic<br>Sanitation | 192 800<br>households<br>with access<br>to basic<br>Sanitation        | 192 800<br>households<br>with access<br>to basic Sani-<br>tation   | 192 800<br>households<br>with access<br>to basic<br>Sanitation     | 192 800<br>households<br>with access<br>to basic<br>Sanitation     |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.2 Ensure<br>availability<br>and sustain-<br>able man-<br>agement of<br>water and<br>sanitation<br>for all | Km of Water<br>pipes replaced  |   | 4 Km of<br>Water pipes<br>replaced                                 | 200 Km of<br>Water pipes<br>replaced                               | 40 Km of<br>Water pipes<br>replaced                            | 40 Km of<br>Water pipes<br>replaced                                   | 40 Km of<br>Water pipes<br>replaced                                | 40 Km of<br>Water pipes<br>replaced                                | 40 Km of<br>Water pipes<br>replaced                                |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.2 Ensure<br>availability<br>and sustain-<br>able man-<br>agement of<br>water and<br>sanitation<br>for all | Number of<br>Reservoirs<br>Maintained  |   | 01 Reservoirs<br>maintained  | 50 Reservoirs<br>maintained  | 10 Reser-<br>voirs main-<br>tained                             | 10 Reser-<br>voirs main-<br>tained                                    | 10 Reservoirs<br>maintained  | 10 Reservoirs<br>maintained  | 10 Reservoirs maintained   |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.2 Ensure<br>availability<br>and sustain-<br>able man-<br>agement of<br>water and<br>sanitation<br>for all | KM of Sani-<br>tation pipes<br>replaced  |   | 14 KM of san-<br>itation pipes<br>replaced                         | sanitation<br>pipes re-<br>placed                                  | 30 KM of<br>sanitation<br>pipes re-<br>placed                  | 30 KM of<br>sanitation<br>pipes re-<br>placed                         | 30 KM of san-<br>itation pipes<br>replaced                         | sanitation<br>pipes re-<br>placed                                  | 30 KM of<br>sanitation<br>pipes re-<br>placed                      |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.3 Developed and Maintained Municipal road Networks  | Number of<br>KM Roads<br>maintained<br>annually  |   | 2 km of<br>roads main-<br>tained annu-<br>ally                     | 250 KM of<br>roads main-<br>tained                                 | 50 KM of<br>roads main-<br>tained                              | 50 KM<br>of roads<br>maintained                                       | 50 KM of<br>roads main-<br>tained                                  | 50 KM of<br>roads main-<br>tained                                  | 50 KM of<br>roads main-<br>tained                                  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |

# APPENDIX G AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT

|   | Performance  |   |   | Overall  |   |  | rgets (progress  | to date)  |   | Budget (R)                        | Expenditure                        | Implement-               | Challeng-                      | Remedial                    |
|---|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Objective   | Indicator  | Backlog                                 | Baseline  | target (5yr<br>timeframe)  | Yr 1<br>2022/23   | Yr 2<br>2024/24  | Yr 3 2024/25   | Yr 4 2025/26  | Yr 5<br>2026/27   | ('000)                            | to date (%)                        | ing agent                | es                             | actions                     |
| Strategic<br>Objective  | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator  | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo  | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets  |   |  |  |   |   | Total budget requirement - 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 2.3 Devel-<br>oped and<br>Maintained<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | Number of<br>traffic calm-<br>ing measure<br>installed in<br>various sites as<br>per approved<br>traffic calming<br>implementa-<br>tion schedule |   | 30 traffic<br>calming<br>measure  | 250 traffic<br>calming<br>measure<br>installed in<br>various sites<br>as per ap-<br>proved traf-<br>fic calming<br>implemen-<br>tation | 50 traffic<br>calming<br>measure<br>installed<br>in various<br>sites as per<br>approved<br>traffic calm-<br>ing imple-<br>mentation | 50 traffic<br>calming<br>measure<br>installed<br>in various<br>sites as per<br>approved<br>traffic<br>calming<br>implemen-<br>tation | 50 traffic calming measure installed in various sites as per approved traffic calming implementation | fic calming   | 50 traffic<br>calming<br>measure<br>installed in<br>various sites<br>as per ap-<br>proved traf-<br>fic calming<br>implemen-<br>tation |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.3 Devel-<br>oped and<br>Maintained<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | KM of roads<br>constructed   |   | 50 KM of<br>roads con-<br>structed  | 250 KM of<br>roads con-<br>structed  | 50 KM of<br>roads con-<br>structed  | 50 KM of<br>roads con-<br>structed   | 50 KM of<br>roads con-<br>structed   | 50 KM of<br>roads con-<br>structed  | 50 KM of<br>roads con-<br>structed  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.3 Devel-<br>oped and<br>Maintained<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | KM of road<br>markings done  |   | 60 KM of<br>road mark-<br>ings done   | 500 KM of<br>road mark-<br>ings done   | 100 KM of<br>road mark-<br>ings done  | 100 KM of<br>road mark-<br>ings done   | 100 KM of<br>road mark-<br>ings done   | 100 KM of<br>road mark-<br>ings done  | 100 KM of<br>road mark-<br>ings done  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.3 Devel-<br>oped and<br>Maintained<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | KM of storm<br>water draining<br>maintained  |   | 50 KM of<br>storm water<br>draining<br>maintained   | 500 KM of<br>storm water<br>draining<br>maintained   | 100 KM of<br>storm water<br>draining<br>maintained  | 100 KM of<br>storm water<br>draining<br>maintained   |  | 100 KM of<br>storm water<br>draining<br>maintained  | 100 KM of<br>storm water<br>draining<br>maintained  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.3 Devel-<br>oped and<br>Maintained<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | KM of Pedestri-<br>an pathways<br>Maintained   |   | 50 KM of<br>Pedestrian<br>pathways<br>Maintained  | 500 KM of<br>Pedestrian<br>pathways<br>Maintained  | 100 KM of<br>Pedestrian<br>pathways<br>Maintained   | 100 KM of<br>Pedestrian<br>pathways<br>Maintained  | 100 KM of<br>Pedestrian<br>pathways<br>Maintained  | 100 KM of<br>Pedestrian<br>pathways<br>Maintained   | 100 KM of<br>Pedestrian<br>pathways<br>Maintained   |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.3 Devel-<br>oped and<br>Maintained<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | Number of<br>bus shelters<br>installed as per<br>approved bus<br>shelter imple-<br>mentation<br>plan   |   | 20 bus shel-<br>ters installed<br>as per ap-<br>proved bus<br>shelter imple-<br>mentation<br>plan | 120 bus shel-<br>ters installed<br>as per<br>approved<br>bus shelter<br>implementa-<br>tion plan                                       | 24 bus<br>shelters<br>installed<br>as per<br>approved<br>bus shelter<br>implemen-<br>tation plan                                    | 24 bus<br>shelters<br>installed<br>as per<br>approved<br>bus shelter<br>implemen-<br>tation plan                                     | 24 bus shel-<br>ters installed<br>as per ap-<br>proved bus<br>shelter imple-<br>mentation<br>plan    | 24 bus shel-<br>ters installed<br>as per<br>approved<br>bus shelter<br>implementa-<br>tion plan | 24 bus shel-<br>ters installed<br>as per<br>approved<br>bus shelter<br>implemen-<br>tation plan                                       |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |



|   |   |   |   |  |  |  | APPE  | NDIX G   |  |   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   |   |   |   | A  | AN EXAMPLE O   | F AN IDP IMPI  | LEMENTATION I   | PLAN PROGRES   | S REPORT   |   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|   | Performance   |   |   | Overall  |  |  | argets (progress  | to date)   | ,  | Budget (R)                              | Expenditure                        | Implement-               | Challeng-                      | Remedial                    |
| Objective   | Indicator   | Backlog                                 | Baseline  | target (5yr<br>timeframe)  | Yr 1<br>2022/23  | Yr 2<br>2024/24  | Yr 3 2024/25  | Yr 4 2025/26   | Yr 5<br>2026/27  | ('000)                                  | to date (%)                        | ing agent                | es                             | actions                     |
| Strategic<br>Objective  | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator   | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo  | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets  |  |  |   |  |  | Total budget<br>requirement<br>- 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 2.3 Devel-<br>oped and<br>Maintained<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | km of Gravel<br>roads upgrad-<br>ed   |   | 20 km of<br>Gravel roads<br>upgraded  | 150km of<br>Gravel roads<br>upgraded   | 30km of<br>Gravel<br>roads up-<br>graded   | 30km of<br>Gravel<br>roads up-<br>graded   | 30km of<br>Gravel roads<br>upgraded   | 30km of<br>Gravel roads<br>upgraded  | 30km of<br>Gravel<br>roads up-<br>graded   |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.3 Devel-<br>oped and<br>Maintained<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | Number of<br>traffic signals<br>replaced  |   | 20 traffic<br>signals re-<br>placed   | 150 traffic<br>signals re-<br>placed   | 30 traffic<br>signals re-<br>placed  | 30 traffic<br>signals<br>replaced  | 30 traffic<br>signals re-<br>placed   | 30 traffic<br>signals re-<br>placed  | 30 traffic<br>signals re-<br>placed  |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.4 Developed ICT infrastructure  | Average %<br>uptime of all<br>information<br>and communi-<br>cation Technol-<br>ogy Solutions |   | 95 % up-<br>time of all<br>information<br>and com-<br>munication<br>Technology<br>Solutions | 100 % up-<br>time of all<br>information<br>and com-<br>munication<br>Technology<br>Solutions | 100 % up-<br>time of all<br>information<br>and com-<br>munication<br>Technology<br>Solutions | 100 % up-<br>time of all<br>information<br>and com-<br>munication<br>Technology<br>Solutions |   | 100 % up-<br>time of all<br>information<br>and com-<br>munication<br>Technology<br>Solutions | 100 % up-<br>time of all<br>information<br>and com-<br>munication<br>Technology<br>Solutions |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.4 Developed ICT infrastructure  | % uptime of<br>the Integrated<br>Enterprise<br>Management<br>system devel-<br>oped            |   | 50 % of the<br>Integrated<br>Enterprise<br>Manage-<br>ment system<br>developed              | 100 % of the<br>Integrated<br>Enterprise<br>Manage-<br>ment system<br>developed              | 100 % of<br>the Integrat-<br>ed Enter-<br>prise Man-<br>agement<br>system de-<br>veloped     | 100 % of<br>the Inte-<br>grated<br>Enterprise<br>Manage-<br>ment sys-<br>tem devel-<br>oped  | 100 % of the<br>Integrated<br>Enterprise<br>Manage-<br>ment system<br>developed | 100 % of the<br>Integrated<br>Enterprise<br>Manage-<br>ment system<br>developed              | 100 % of the<br>Integrated<br>Enterprise<br>Manage-<br>ment system<br>developed              |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 2.4 Developed ICT infrastructure  | Msunduzi<br>SMART app de-<br>veloped and<br>operational                                       |   | N/A   | N/A  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A   | N/A  | N/A  |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| GOAL 3  |   |   |   |  |  |  |   |  |  |   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
| 3.1 Enhanced waste management capacity                                  | Date Waste<br>Management<br>Plan Reviewe  |   | Waste<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan<br>Reviewed<br>by 30 June<br>Annually                         | Waste<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan<br>Reviewed<br>by 30 June<br>Annually                          |  |  |   |  |  |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.1 Enhanced waste management capacity                                  | % Implemen-<br>tation of the<br>Waste Man-<br>agement Plan                                    |   | 70% imple-<br>mentation<br>of the Waste<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan                             | 100 % imple-<br>mentation<br>of the Waste<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan                            | 100 % im-<br>plementa-<br>tion of the<br>Waste Man-<br>agement<br>Plan                       | 100 % im-<br>plementa-<br>tion of the<br>Waste Man-<br>agement<br>Plan                       | 100 % imple-<br>mentation<br>of the Waste<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan               | 100 % imple-<br>mentation<br>of the Waste<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan                            | mentation  |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |



|           |   |                 | APPE            | NDIX G       |                 |              |             |            |           |         |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|---|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|------------|-----------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| A         | AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT  5 Yr Targets (progress to date) |                 |                 |              |                 |              |             |            |           |         |  |  |  |  |
| l         |   | 5 Yr Ta         | rgets (progress | to date)     |                 | Budget (R)   | Expenditure | Implement- | Challeng- | Remedia |  |  |  |  |
| yr<br>ie) | Yr 1<br>2022/23   | Yr 2<br>2024/24 | Yr 3 2024/25    | Yr 4 2025/26 | Yr 5<br>2026/27 | ('000)       | to date (%) | ing agent  | es es     | actions |  |  |  |  |
| -         |   |                 |                 |              |                 | Total budget | Accumu-     |            | Where     | To get  |  |  |  |  |

|   | Borformanee   |   |   | Overall  |   |   | argets (progress  |   |   | Pudget (B)                        | Evponditure                        | Implement                | Challeng                       | Remedial                    |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Objective   | Performance<br>Indicator  | Backlog                                 | Baseline  | target (5yr<br>timeframe)  | Yr 1<br>2022/23   | Yr 2<br>2024/24   |   | Yr 4 2025/26  | Yr 5<br>2026/27   | Budget (R)<br>('000)              | Expenditure<br>to date (%)         | Implement-<br>ing agent  | Challeng-<br>es                | actions                     |
| Strategic<br>Objective  | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator   | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo  | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets  |   |   |   |   |   | Total budget requirement - 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 3.1 En-<br>hanced<br>waste man-<br>agement<br>capacity                                    | Number of<br>Houses with<br>access to<br>weekly Refuse<br>Removal   |   | 137 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to weekly<br>Refuse Re-<br>moval  | 745 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to weekly<br>Refuse Re-<br>moval   | 149 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to weekly<br>Refuse Re-<br>moval  | 149 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to weekly<br>Refuse Re-<br>moval  | 149 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to weekly<br>Refuse Re-<br>moval  | 149 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to weekly<br>Refuse Re-<br>moval  | 149 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to weekly<br>Refuse Re-<br>moval  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.1 En-<br>hanced<br>waste man-<br>agement<br>capacity                                    | Number of<br>CBD clean-up<br>campaign<br>reviewed   |   | 6 CBD<br>cleanup<br>campaign<br>conducted   | 48 CBD<br>cleanup<br>campaign<br>conducted   |   |   |   |   |   |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.1 En-<br>hanced<br>waste man-<br>agement<br>capacity                                    | % Implemen-<br>tation of the<br>CBD clean-up<br>strategy  |   | 10% Implementation of the CBD clean-up strategy   | 100% Implementation of the CBD clean-up strategy   | 100% Implementation of the CBD clean-up strategy  | 100% Implementation of the CBD clean-up strategy  | 100% Implementation of the CBD clean-up strategy  | 100% Implementation of the CBD clean-up strategy  | 100% Implementation of the CBD clean-up strategy  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.1 En-<br>hanced<br>waste man-<br>agement<br>capacity                                    | Construction of a new landfill site   |   | New England<br>landfill site  | Construction<br>of a new<br>landfill site  |   |   |   |   |   |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.1 En-<br>hanced<br>waste man-<br>agement<br>capacity                                    | Number of illegal dumping fines issued.   |   | 500 illegal<br>dumping<br>fines issued  | 600 illegal<br>dumping<br>fines issued   | 120 illegal<br>dumping<br>fines issued  | 120 illegal<br>dumping<br>fines issued  | 120 illegal<br>dumping<br>fines issued  | 120 illegal<br>dumping<br>fines issued  | 120 illegal<br>dumping<br>fines issued  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.2 Enhance<br>public facil-<br>ities,parks<br>and public<br>spaces<br>within the<br>city | Number of<br>islands and<br>main entranc-<br>es into CBD<br>maintained<br>monthly as per<br>maintenance<br>schedule |   | 21 islands<br>and main<br>entrances<br>into CBD<br>maintained<br>monthly as<br>per main-<br>tenance<br>schedule | 165 islands<br>and main<br>entrances<br>into CBD<br>maintained<br>monthly as<br>per main-<br>tenance<br>schedule | 33 islands<br>and main<br>entrances<br>into CBD<br>maintained<br>monthly as<br>per main-<br>tenance<br>schedule |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.2 Enhance<br>public facil-<br>ities,parks<br>and public<br>spaces<br>within the<br>city | Number of<br>Public facilities<br>revamped and<br>maintained  |   | O of Public<br>facilities re-<br>vamped and<br>maintained<br>in the CBD<br>and Sur-<br>roundings                | 170 of Public<br>facilities<br>revamped<br>and main-<br>tained in the<br>CBD and<br>Surround-<br>ings            | 34 of Public<br>facilities<br>revamped<br>and main-<br>tained in<br>the CBD<br>and Sur-<br>roundings            | 34 of Public<br>facilities<br>revamped<br>and main-<br>tained in<br>the CBD<br>and Sur-<br>roundings            | 34 of Public<br>facilities re-<br>vamped and<br>maintained<br>in the CBD<br>and Sur-<br>roundings               | 34 of Public<br>facilities<br>revamped<br>and main-<br>tained in the<br>CBD and<br>Surround-<br>ings            | 34 of Public<br>facilities<br>revamped<br>and main-<br>tained in the<br>CBD and<br>Surround-<br>ings            |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |



# OPMENT

|  | APPENDIX G   |   |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  |  |   |  | AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT  Overall 5 Yr Targets (progress to date)            |  |  |   |  |  |   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
| Objective  | Performance<br>Indicator   | Backlog                                 | Baseline   | Overall<br>target (5yr<br>timeframe)   | Yr 1<br>2022/23  | Yr 2<br>2024/24  | <u>, "                                   </u>   | Yr 4 2025/26   | Yr 5<br>2026/27  | Budget (R)<br>('000)                    | Expenditure<br>to date (%)         | Implement-<br>ing agent  | Challeng-<br>es                | Remedial<br>actions         |
| Strategic<br>Objective   | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator  | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo   | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets  |  |  |   |  |  | Total budget<br>requirement<br>- 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 3.2 Enhance<br>public facil-<br>ities,parks<br>and public<br>spaces<br>within the<br>city  | Number of<br>Public Spaces<br>upgraded and<br>revamped   |   | 10 Public<br>Spaces up-<br>graded and<br>revamped  | 50 Public<br>Spaces up-<br>graded and<br>revamped10<br>Public<br>Spaces up-<br>graded and<br>revamped        | 10 Public<br>Spaces<br>upgraded<br>and re-<br>vamped10<br>Public<br>Spaces<br>upgraded<br>and re-<br>vamped  | 10 Public<br>Spaces<br>upgraded<br>and re-<br>vamped10<br>Public<br>Spaces<br>upgraded<br>and re-<br>vamped  | 10 Public<br>Spaces up-<br>graded and<br>revamped10<br>Public<br>Spaces up-<br>graded and<br>revamped | 10 Public<br>Spaces up-<br>graded and<br>revamped10<br>Public<br>Spaces up-<br>graded and<br>revamped        | 10 Public<br>Spaces up-<br>graded and<br>revamped10<br>Public<br>Spaces up-<br>graded and<br>revamped        |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.2 Enhance<br>public facil-<br>ities, parks<br>and public<br>spaces<br>within the<br>city | Number of<br>Public facilities<br>constructed  |   | 6 of Public<br>facilities con-<br>structed   | 25 of Public<br>facilities<br>constructed<br>5 of Public<br>facilities<br>constructed                        | 5 of Public<br>facilities<br>constructed<br>5 of Public<br>facilities<br>constructed                         | ed 5 of<br>Public fa-  | 5 of Public<br>facilities<br>constructed<br>5 of Public<br>facilities con-<br>structed                | 5 of Public<br>facilities<br>constructed<br>5 of Public<br>facilities<br>constructed                         | 5 of Public<br>facilities<br>constructed<br>5 of Public<br>facilities<br>constructed                         |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.3 Enhanced Enforcement of Bylaws, Public Safety and Security                             | % Of Commu-<br>nity Facilities in<br>good state  |   | 60% of community facilities in good state  | 100 % of<br>Community<br>Facilities in<br>good state<br>100 % of<br>Community<br>Facilities in<br>good state | 100 % of<br>Community<br>Facilities in<br>good state<br>100 % of<br>Community<br>Facilities in<br>good state | 100 % of<br>Community<br>Facilities in<br>good state<br>100 % of<br>Community<br>Facilities in<br>good state | Facilities in good state 100 % of   | 100 % of<br>Community<br>Facilities in<br>good state<br>100 % of<br>Community<br>Facilities in<br>good state | 100 % of<br>Community<br>Facilities in<br>good state<br>100 % of<br>Community<br>Facilities in<br>good state |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.3 En-<br>hanced<br>Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security     | Number of Fire<br>Arm Training<br>/ Fire Arm<br>Refresher<br>Courses for all<br>municipal fire<br>arm holders<br>conducted |   | 2 fire Arm<br>Training / Fire<br>Arm Refresh-<br>er Courses<br>for all mu-<br>nicipal fire<br>arm holders<br>conducted<br>Annually | 17 Fire Arm Training / Fire Arm Refresher Courses for all mu- nicipal fire arm holders conducted Annually    |  |  |   |  |  |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.3 En-<br>hanced<br>Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security     | Number of<br>quarterly Dis-<br>aster Manage-<br>ment Advisory<br>Forums meet-<br>ings facilitated                          |   | 4x quarterly<br>Disaster Man-<br>agement Ad-<br>visory Forums<br>meetings<br>facilitated<br>Annually                               | Manage-  | 4 x quarter-<br>ly Disaster<br>Manage-<br>ment Advi-<br>sory Forums<br>meetings<br>facilitated<br>Annually   | 4 x quarter-<br>ly Disaster<br>Manage-<br>ment Advi-<br>sory Forums<br>meetings<br>facilitated<br>Annually   | 4 x quarterly<br>Disaster Man-<br>agement Ad-<br>visory Forums<br>meetings<br>facilitated<br>Annually | 4 x quarterly<br>Disaster<br>Manage-<br>ment Advi-<br>sory Forums<br>meetings<br>facilitated<br>Annually     | 4 x quarterly<br>Disaster<br>Manage-<br>ment Advi-<br>sory Forums<br>meetings<br>facilitated<br>Annually     |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |



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|   |  |   |  | A  | N EXAMPLE C   |   | LEMENTATION I   |   | S REPORT  |   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|   | Performance  |   | - ·  | Overall  |   |   | argets (progress  | to date)  |   | Budget (R)                              | Expenditure                        | Implement-               | Challeng-                      | Remedial                    |
| Objective   | Indicator  | Backlog                                 | Baseline   | target (5yr<br>timeframe)  | Yr 1<br>2022/23   | Yr 2<br>2024/24   | Yr 3 2024/25  | Yr 4 2025/26  | Yr 5<br>2026/27   | (,000)                                  | to date (%)                        | ing agent                | es                             | actions                     |
| Strategic<br>Objective  | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator  | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo   | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets  |   |   |   |   |   | Total budget<br>requirement<br>- 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 3.3 En-<br>hanced<br>Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security  | Number Major<br>Hazard Visita-<br>tions conduct-<br>ed                                     |   | 12 Major<br>Hazard<br>Visitations<br>conducted<br>Annually         | 48 Disaster<br>awareness<br>Campaigns<br>(1 cam-<br>paign per<br>high risk are-<br>as, 1 public<br>education<br>campaign)<br>conducted<br>Annually |   |   |   |   |   |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.3 Enhanced Enforcement of Bylaws, Public Safety and Security                          | Number of Fire<br>& Rescue pub-<br>lic awareness<br>presentations<br>conducted             |   | 120 Fire<br>prevention<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually     | 60 Major<br>Hazard<br>Visitations<br>conducted<br>Annually   | 12 Major<br>Hazard<br>Visitations<br>conducted<br>Annually  | 12 Major<br>Hazard<br>Visitations<br>conducted<br>Annually  | 12 Major<br>Hazard<br>Visitations<br>conducted<br>Annually  | 12 Major<br>Hazard<br>Visitations<br>conducted<br>Annually  | 12 Major<br>Hazard<br>Visitations<br>conducted<br>Annually  |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.3 En-<br>hanced<br>Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security  | Number of Fire<br>& Rescue pub-<br>lic awareness<br>presentations<br>conducted             |   | 12 Fire & Rescue public awareness presentations conducted Annually | prevention inspections   | 120 Fire<br>prevention<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annual-<br>ly120 Fire<br>prevention<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.3 Enhanced<br>Enforcement of Bylaws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security                 | Number of Dis-<br>aster risk miti-<br>gation projects<br>implemented                       |   | 5 Disaster risk<br>mitigation<br>projects im-<br>plemented         | 60 Fire &<br>Rescue pub-<br>lic aware-<br>ness pres-<br>entations<br>conducted<br>Annually   | 12 Fire & Rescue public awareness presentations conducted Annually  | 12 Fire & Rescue public awareness presentations conducted Annually  | cue public<br>awareness<br>presentations<br>conducted<br>Annually   | 12 Fire &<br>Rescue pub-<br>lic aware-<br>ness pres-<br>entations<br>conducted<br>Annually  | 12 Fire & Rescue public awareness presentations conducted Annually  |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.4 Safe-<br>guard and<br>enhance<br>sustainable<br>livelihoods<br>and food<br>security | % Bylaws en-<br>forced within<br>the city centre<br>100 % Bylaws<br>enforced with-<br>in t |   | 100% Bylaws<br>enforced<br>within the<br>city centre               | 60 Disaster<br>risk mitiga-<br>tion projects<br>imple-<br>mented12<br>Disaster risk<br>mitigation<br>projects im-<br>plemented                     | 12 Disaster<br>risk mitiga-<br>tion pro-<br>jects imple-<br>mented12<br>Disaster risk<br>mitigation<br>projects im-<br>plemented  | 12 Disaster<br>risk mitiga-<br>tion pro-<br>jects imple-<br>mented12<br>Disaster risk<br>mitigation<br>projects<br>implement-     | 12 Disaster<br>risk mitiga-<br>tion projects<br>implement-<br>ed12 Disaster<br>risk mitiga-<br>tion projects<br>implemented       | 12 Disaster<br>risk mitiga-<br>tion projects<br>imple-<br>mented12<br>Disaster risk<br>mitigation<br>projects im-<br>plemented    | 12 Disaster<br>risk mitiga-<br>tion projects<br>imple-<br>mented12<br>Disaster risk<br>mitigation<br>projects im-<br>plemented    |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |

| AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT |  |    |
|--|--|----|
|  | AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT | ₹T |

APPENDIX G

|   | AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT  Performance Overall 5 Yr Targets (progress to date)  Budget (B) Expenditure Implement. Challeng. Remedial       |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>01</b>   | Performance   |   |   | -   |   |   | argets (progress   | to date)   |  | Budget (R)                        | Expenditure                        | Implement-               | Challeng-                      | Remedial                    |
| Objective   | Indicator   | Backlog                                 | Baseline  | target (5yr<br>timeframe)   | Yr 1<br>2022/23   | Yr 2<br>2024/24   | Yr 3 2024/25   | Yr 4 2025/26   | Yr 5<br>2026/27  | ('000)                            | to date (%)                        | ing agent                | es                             | actions                     |
| Strategic<br>Objective  | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator   | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo  | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets   |   |   |  |  |  | Total budget requirement - 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 3.4 Safe-<br>guard and<br>enhance<br>sustainable<br>livelihoods<br>and food<br>security | Turnaround<br>time Commu-<br>nity complaints<br>received re-<br>ferred to cus-<br>tomer services<br>and depart-<br>ments after<br>receipt of the<br>complaint/s by<br>ABM |   | Community complaints received referred to customer services and departments within 2 days of receipt of the complaints Annually | 100 %<br>Bylaws en-<br>forced within<br>the city<br>centre  | 100 %<br>Bylaws<br>enforced<br>within the<br>city centre  | 100 %<br>Bylaws<br>enforced<br>within the<br>city centre  | 100 % Bylaws<br>enforced<br>within the<br>city centre  | 100 %<br>Bylaws en-<br>forced within<br>the city<br>centre   | 100 %<br>Bylaws en-<br>forced with-<br>in the city<br>centre   |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.4 Safe-<br>guard and<br>enhance<br>sustainable<br>livelihoods<br>and food<br>security | Number of<br>ward plans<br>for Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>reviewed and<br>submitted to<br>SMC  |   | 39 x ward<br>plans for<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>reviewed<br>Annually  | Community complaints received referred to customer services and departments within 2 days of receipt of the complaints Annually |   |   |  |  |  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.4 Safe-<br>guard and<br>enhance<br>sustainable<br>livelihoods<br>and food<br>security | Number of<br>ward Audits<br>conducted   |   | 12 Audits<br>conducted<br>in each of<br>the 39 wards<br>on Service<br>Delivery<br>Challenges<br>Annual                          | 205 x ward<br>plans for<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>reviewed<br>Annually   | 41 x ward<br>plans for<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipali-<br>ty reviewed<br>Annually                                | 41 x ward<br>plans for<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipali-<br>ty reviewed<br>Annually                                | 41 x ward<br>plans for<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>reviewed<br>Annually                               | 41 x ward<br>plans for<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>reviewed<br>Annually                               | 41 x ward<br>plans for<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>reviewed<br>Annually                               |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 3.4 Safe-<br>guard and<br>enhance<br>sustainable<br>livelihoods<br>and food<br>security | Number of<br>Ward visits<br>conducted in<br>the 19/20 FY to<br>support HIV/<br>AIDS Group   |   | 12 Ward visits<br>conducted<br>in the to<br>support HIV/<br>AIDS Groups<br>Annually   | 60 Audits<br>conducted<br>in each of<br>the 41 wards<br>on Service<br>Delivery<br>Challenges<br>Annually                        | 12 Audits<br>conducted<br>in each<br>of the 41<br>wards on<br>Service<br>Delivery<br>Challenges<br>Annually | 12 Audits<br>conducted<br>in each<br>of the 41<br>wards on<br>Service<br>Delivery<br>Challenges<br>Annually | 12 Audits<br>conducted<br>in each of<br>the 41 wards<br>on Service<br>Delivery<br>Challenges<br>Annually | 12 Audits<br>conducted<br>in each of<br>the 41 wards<br>on Service<br>Delivery<br>Challenges<br>Annually | 12 Audits<br>conducted<br>in each of<br>the 41 wards<br>on Service<br>Delivery<br>Challenges<br>Annually |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |

Municipality

Msunduzi

Municipality

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|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  |  |   |   | Α   | AN EXAMPLE O   | F AN IDP IMP  | LEMENTATION  | PLAN PROGRES   | S REPORT   |   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|  | Performance  |   |   | Overall   |  |   | argets (progress   | s to date)   |  | Budget (R)                              | Expenditure                        | Implement-               | Challeng-                      | Remedial                    |
| Objective                                  | Indicator  | Backlog                                 | Baseline  | target (5yr<br>timeframe)   | Yr 1<br>2022/23  | Yr 2<br>2024/24   | Yr 3 2024/25   | Yr 4 2025/26   | Yr 5<br>2026/27  | ('000)                                  | to date (%)                        | ing agent                | es                             | actions                     |
| Strategic<br>Objective                     | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator  | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo  | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets   |  |   |  |  |  | Total budget<br>requirement<br>- 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 4.1 Im-<br>proved<br>Revenue<br>collection | Number of<br>HIV/AIDS and<br>Social support<br>programmes<br>coordinated   |   | 1 HIV/AIDS<br>and Social<br>support pro-<br>grammes<br>in the to be<br>coordinated<br>Annually                                      | 60 Ward visits conducted in the to support HIV/AIDS Groups Annually   | 12 Ward visits conducted in the to support HIV/ AIDS Groups Annually                             | 12 Ward visits conducted in the to support HIV/ AIDS Groups Annually  | 12 Ward visits<br>conducted<br>in the to<br>support HIV/<br>AIDS Groups<br>Annually            | 12 Ward visits<br>conducted<br>in the to<br>support HIV/<br>AIDS Groups<br>Annually            | 12 Ward visits conducted in the to support HIV/AIDS Groups Annually                            |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.1 Im-<br>proved<br>Revenue<br>collection | Date Credit<br>Control, Tariffs,<br>Indigent, Rates<br>and Debt Write<br>off policies<br>reviewed and<br>submitted |   | All Revenue related policies were reviewed in 2018/19 budget (Credit Control, Tariffs, Indigent, Rates and Debt Write off policies) | 30 HIV/AIDS<br>and Social<br>support pro-<br>grammes<br>in the to be<br>coordinated<br>Annually                             | 6 HIV/AIDS<br>and Social<br>support pro-<br>grammes<br>in the to be<br>coordinat-<br>ed Annually | 6 HIV/<br>AIDS and<br>Social sup-<br>port pro-<br>grammes<br>in the to be<br>coordinat-<br>ed Annu-<br>ally | 6 HIV/AIDS<br>and Social<br>support pro-<br>grammes<br>in the to be<br>coordinated<br>Annually | 6 HIV/AIDS<br>and Social<br>support pro-<br>grammes<br>in the to be<br>coordinated<br>Annually | 6 HIV/AIDS<br>and Social<br>support pro-<br>grammes<br>in the to be<br>coordinated<br>Annually |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.1 Im-<br>proved<br>Revenue<br>collection | Number of<br>monthly debt-<br>ors age anal-<br>ysis reports<br>submitted to<br>SMC                                 |   | Monthly<br>debtors age<br>analysis re-<br>ports submit-<br>ted to SMC in<br>the 18/19 FY  | Credit Control, Tariffs,<br>Indigent,<br>Rates and<br>Debt Write<br>off policies<br>reviewed<br>and submit-<br>ted Annually |  |   |  |  |  |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.1 lm-                                    | % of Monthly   |   | 90% current   | 60 monthly  | 12 monthly   | 12 monthly  | 12 monthly   | 12 monthly   | 12 monthly   |   |                                    | Msunduzi                 |                                |                             |

debtors

age anal-

ysis reports

submitted

100% Month-

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rate of cur-

rent debt

Annually

Annually

debtors

age anal-

ysis reports

submitted

Annually

Monthly

collection

rate of cur-

rent debt Annually

100%

debtors age

ports submit-

ted Annually

100% Month-

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analysis re-

collection rate

of current deb

% of Monthly

collection rate

of arrears debt

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Revenue

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proved

Revenue

collection

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the18/19FY

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debt col-

18/19 FY

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debtors

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Annually

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rate of cur-

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debtors

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submitted

Annually

Monthly

collection

rate of cur-

rent debt

Annually

100%



## APPENDIX G AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT 5 Yr Targets (progress to date) Overall Performance Budget (R) Expenditure Challeng-Implement-Remedial Objective Backlog Baseline target (5vr Yr 5 Yr 1 Yr 2 Indicator to date (%) Yr 3 2024/25 | Yr 4 2025/26 ('000)ing agent es actions timeframe) 2022/23 2024/24 2026/27 2022/23 -Key perfor-Total back-Total budget Accumu-Where To get Strategic Status Quo 2026/27 IDP mance indilog in murequirement lative ex-Agent target was back on Objective cator nicipality Targets - 5 year penditure not met target % of all elec-85% electric- 100% of all 4.1 lm-100% of all Msunduzi proved tricity and waity and water electricity electricity electricity electricity electricity electricity Municipality Revenue ter meters read meters read and water and water and water and water and water and water in the 18/19 meters meters collection on a monthly meters read meters read meters read meters read FY read on a read on a basis on a monthon a monthly on a monthon a monthmonthly monthly ly basis Anbasis Annu-Iv basis Anly basis Annually basis Annubasis Annu- ally nually nually allv allv 120 discon-120 discon-4.1 lm-Number of dis-Discon-600 discon-120 discon-120 discon-120 discon-Msunduzi Municipality proved connection vs. nection vs. Revenue reconnection Reconnecreconnecreconnecreconnecreconnection reconnecreconneccollection rates submitted tion report tion rates tion rates tion rates rates submittion rates tion rates submitted submitted submitted submitted ted Annually submitted submitted monthly Annually Annually Annually Annually Annually to smc in

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|                                 | APPENDIX G  AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT   |   |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|---------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|                                 |  |   |  | Overall   | N EXAMPLE U  |  | argets (progress   |  | 3 REPURT   |                                   | _                                  |                          | <b>6</b> 1 11                  |                             |
| Objective                       | Performance<br>Indicator   | Backlog                                 | Baseline   | target (5yr<br>timeframe)   | Yr 1<br>2022/23  | Yr 2<br>2024/24  | T " T  | Yr 4 2025/26   | Yr 5<br>2026/27  | Budget (R)<br>('000)              | Expenditure<br>to date (%)         | Implement-<br>ing agent  | Challeng-<br>es                | Remedial<br>actions         |
| Strategic<br>Objective          | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator  | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo   | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets   |  |  |  |  |  | Total budget requirement - 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 4.1 Improved Revenue collection | Number of<br>Quarterly re-<br>ports on Con-<br>sumer account<br>data accu-<br>rately updated<br>(data cleans-<br>ing) (consumer<br>data is exactly<br>as data on<br>billing system)<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>SMC |   | Data cleansing quarterly reports submitted to SMC for 18/19 FY | Four (4) Quarterly reports on Consumer account data accu- rately up- dated (data cleansing) (consumer data is exactly as data on bill- ing system) prepared and submit- ted Annually Four (4) Quarterly reports on Consumer account data accu- rately up- dated (data cleansing) (consumer data is exactly as data on bill- ing system) prepared and submit- ted Annually |  |  |  |  |  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.2 Revenue<br>Enhance-<br>ment | Number of<br>monthly re-<br>ports on Coun-<br>cil rental stock<br>submitted to<br>SMC  |   | Rental stock<br>reports sub-<br>mitted to<br>SMC 18/19 FY      | 60 monthly<br>reports on<br>Council<br>rental stock<br>submitted<br>Annually  | 12 monthly<br>reports on<br>Council<br>rental stock<br>submitted<br>Annually | 12 monthly<br>reports on<br>Council<br>rental stock<br>submitted<br>Annually | 12 monthly<br>reports on<br>Council<br>rental stock<br>submitted<br>Annually | 12 monthly<br>reports on<br>Council<br>rental stock<br>submitted<br>Annually | 12 monthly<br>reports on<br>Council<br>rental stock<br>submitted<br>Annually |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |

# REVIEW

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|  |   |   |  |  |  |  | APPE  | NDIX G  |  |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  |   |   |  |  | N EXAMPLE C  |  | LEMENTATION   |   | S REPORT   |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|  | Performance   |   |  | Overall  |  |  | argets (progress  | to date)  |  | Budget (R)                        | Expenditure                        | Implement-               | Challeng-                      | Remedial                    |
| Objective  | Indicator   | Backlog                                 | Baseline   | target (5yr<br>timeframe)  | Yr 1<br>2022/23  | Yr 2<br>2024/24  | Yr 3 2024/25  | Yr 4 2025/26  | Yr 5<br>2026/27  | ('000)                            | to date (%)                        | ing agent                | es                             | actions                     |
| Strategic<br>Objective                               | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator   | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo   | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets  |  |  |   |   |  | Total budget requirement - 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 4.2 Revenue<br>Enhance-<br>ment                      | Number of<br>Quarterly<br>reports on<br>the imple-<br>mentation of<br>the revenue<br>enhancement<br>strategy pro-<br>duced and<br>submitted to<br>SMC |   | Revenue en-<br>hancement<br>strategy<br>already in<br>place is be-<br>ing reviewed                       | 100% imple-<br>mentation of<br>the revenue<br>enhance-<br>ment strate-<br>gy Annually                        | 100% imple-<br>mentation<br>of the rev-<br>enue en-<br>hancement<br>strategy<br>Annually | plementa-<br>tion of the<br>revenue en-  | 100% implementation of the revenue enhancement strategy Annually  | 100% implementation of the revenue enhancement strategy Annually  | 100% imple-<br>mentation<br>of the rev-<br>enue en-<br>hancement<br>strategy<br>Annually |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.3 Im-<br>proved<br>Expenditure<br>Manage-<br>ment  | Date Supply<br>chain man-<br>agement Poli-<br>cy reviewed   |   | SCM Policy 18/19<br>approved<br>by SMC on<br>28/2/1  | Supply<br>chain man-<br>agement<br>Policy re-<br>viewed by<br>the 30th of<br>June Annu-<br>ally              |  |  |   |   |  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.3 Im-<br>proved<br>Expenditure<br>Manage-<br>ment  | Date Procure-<br>ment Plan<br>prepared and<br>submitted   |   | Procure-<br>ment plan<br>approved<br>by SMC on<br>30/06/201  | Financial<br>year Pro-<br>curement<br>Plan pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted<br>by the 30<br>June Annu-<br>ally |  |  |   |   |  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.3 Improved Expenditure Management                  | % Implemen-<br>tation of the<br>Procurement<br>plan   |   | 80% imple-<br>mentation of<br>the procure-<br>ment plan<br>Annually                                      | 100% Implementation of the Procurement plan Annually   | 100%<br>Implemen-<br>tation of<br>the Procure-<br>ment plan<br>Annually                  | 100% Implementation of the Procurement plan Annually                           | 100% Implementation of the Procurement plan Annually  | 100% Implementation of the Procurement plan Annually  | 100% Implementation of the Procurement plan Annually                                     |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | Number of<br>contract<br>management<br>monthly<br>reports for<br>the 19/20 FY<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>SMC                                  |   | 12 x contract<br>manage-<br>ment month-<br>ly reports<br>prepared<br>and submit-<br>ted to SMC<br>18/19F | 60X Contract<br>manage-<br>ment reports<br>prepared<br>and sub-<br>mitted by<br>the 30 June<br>Annually      | tract man-   | 12X Contract management reports prepared and submitted by the 30 June Annually | 12X Contract<br>manage-<br>ment reports<br>prepared<br>and submit-<br>ted by the 30<br>June Annu-<br>ally | 12X Contract<br>manage-<br>ment reports<br>prepared<br>and sub-<br>mitted by<br>the 30 June<br>Annually | tract man-   |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |

|  |   |   |  |   |   |                    | APPE   | NDIX G   |                          |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|--|---|---|--|---|---|--------------------|--|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  |   |   |  | A   | N EXAMPLE C                             | F AN IDP IMP       | LEMENTATION  | PLAN PROGRES   | S REPORT                 |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|  | Performance   |   |  | Overall   |   | 5 Yr Ta            | argets (progress   | s to date)   |                          | Budget (R)                        | Expenditure                        | Implement-               | Challeng-                      | Remedial                    |
| Objective  | Indicator   | Backlog                                 | Baseline   | target (5yr<br>timeframe)   | Yr 1<br>2022/23                         | Yr 2<br>2024/24    | Yr 3 2024/25   | Yr 4 2025/26   | Yr 5<br>2026/27          | (,000)                            | to date (%)                        | ing agent                | es                             | actions                     |
| Strategic<br>Objective                               | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator   | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo   | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets   |   |                    |  |  |                          | Total budget requirement - 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | Average days<br>taken to award<br>tenders as per<br>the approved<br>procurement<br>plan                                       |   | NIL  | Average of<br>90 days tak-<br>en to award<br>tenders<br>as per the<br>approved<br>procure-<br>ment plan<br>Annually |   |                    |  |  |                          |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | Date Asset<br>management<br>Policy reviewed   |   | Asset Policy<br>review during<br>2018/19   | Asset man-<br>agement<br>Policy re-<br>viewed for<br>approval<br>by Council<br>by the 30th<br>June Annu-<br>ally    |   |                    |  |  |                          |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing            | Number & date of reports prepared and submitted to SMC on the valuation of all Council Investment Property Assets at year end |   | Report pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>SMC on the<br>valuation of<br>all Council<br>Investment<br>Property As-<br>sets at year<br>end | 60 Valuation<br>reports of<br>all Council<br>Investment<br>Property<br>Assets by the<br>30th of June<br>Annually    | sets by the<br>30th of June<br>Annually | June Annu-<br>ally | 12 Valuation<br>reports of<br>all Council<br>Investment<br>Property<br>Assets by the<br>30th of June<br>Annually | 12 Valuation<br>reports of<br>all Council<br>Investment<br>Property<br>Assets by the<br>30th of June<br>Annually | 30th of June<br>Annually |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.4 lm-  | 1 x report  |   | Report pre-  | 100%  | 100%                                    | 100%               | 100% Physi-  | 100%   | 100%                     |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi                 |                                |                             |

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# APPENDIX G AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT 5 Yr Targets (progress to date) Budget (B) Exceptiture Implementation

|  | AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT  Overall  S Yr Targets (progress to date)  Budget (R) Expenditure Implement- Challeng- Remedial |   |  |   |   |   |   |   |   |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Objective  | Performance  | Backlog                                 | Baseline   |   | V- 4  |   | irgets (progress  | to date)  | V - F   | Budget (R)                        | Expenditure                        | Implement-               | Challeng-                      | Remedial                    |
| Objective  | Indicator  | Dacklog                                 | Daseille   | target (5yr<br>timeframe)   | Yr 1<br>2022/23   | Yr 2<br>2024/24   | Yr 3 2024/25  | Yr 4 2025/26  | Yr 5<br>2026/27   | ('000)                            | to date (%)                        | ing agent                | es                             | actions                     |
| Strategic<br>Objective                               | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator  | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo   | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets   |   |   |   |   |   | Total budget requirement - 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | % Completion of reconciliation   |   | Monthly reports pre-<br>pared and submitted to OMC on reconcilia-<br>tion between Asset Reg-<br>ister & Gen-<br>eral Ledger performed at month end | 100% rec-<br>onciliation<br>between<br>Asset Reg-<br>ister & Gen-<br>eral Ledger<br>performed<br>Annually   | 100% rec-<br>onciliation<br>between<br>Asset Reg-<br>ister & Gen-<br>eral Ledger<br>performed<br>Annually | 100% rec-<br>onciliation<br>between<br>Asset Reg-<br>ister & Gen-<br>eral Ledger<br>performed<br>Annually | 100% rec-<br>onciliation<br>between<br>Asset Reg-<br>ister & Gen-<br>eral Ledger<br>performed<br>Annually | 100% rec-<br>onciliation<br>between<br>Asset Reg-<br>ister & Gen-<br>eral Ledger<br>performed<br>Annually | 100% rec-<br>onciliation<br>between<br>Asset Reg-<br>ister & Gen-<br>eral Ledger<br>performed<br>Annually |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | Date Councils<br>Insurance Pol-<br>icy reviewed<br>and submitted<br>to SMC for<br>approval by<br>Council   |   | Insurance<br>Policy<br>2019/2020   | Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Insurance<br>Policy re-<br>viewed and<br>submitted to<br>Full Council<br>for approval<br>by the 30th<br>of June An-<br>nually |   |   |   |   |   |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | % Of Council<br>vehicles &<br>plant branded  |   | Not all<br>municipal<br>vehicles are<br>branded  | 100% of<br>Council<br>vehicles and<br>plant to be<br>branded<br>Annually  | 100% of<br>Council ve-<br>hicles and<br>plant to be<br>branded<br>Annually                                | 100% of<br>Council ve-<br>hicles and<br>plant to be<br>branded<br>Annually                                | 100% of<br>Council ve-<br>hicles and<br>plant to be<br>branded<br>Annually                                | 100% of<br>Council<br>vehicles and<br>plant to be<br>branded<br>Annually                                  | 100% of<br>Council<br>vehicles<br>and plant to<br>be branded<br>Annually                                  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | Number of<br>Council ve-<br>hicles and<br>plant to be<br>Purchased   |   | 20 x Council<br>vehicles and<br>plant have<br>been Pur-<br>chased by 30<br>June 2020   | 100 of<br>Council<br>vehicles and<br>plant to be<br>Purchased<br>Annually   | 20 of Council vehicles and plant to be Purchased Annually   | 20 of Council vehicles and plant to be Purchased Annually   | 20 of Council<br>vehicles and<br>plant to be<br>Purchased<br>Annually                                     | 20 of Council vehicles and plant to be Purchased Annually   | 20 of Council vehicles and plant to be Purchased Annually   |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | Support and<br>Maintenance<br>of the SAP ERP<br>System Annu-<br>ally   |   | None   | 48 Support<br>and Main-<br>tenance<br>reports of<br>the SAP ERP<br>System An-<br>nually   |   |   |   |   |   |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |



|  |  |   |   |  |                 |                           |               | NDIX G                   |                 |   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|--|--|---|---|--|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  |  |   |   |  | N EXAMPLE O     |                           | LEMENTATION F |                          | REPORT          |   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
| Objective  | Performance<br>Indicator   | Backlog                                 | Baseline  | Overall<br>target (5yr<br>timeframe)   | Yr 1<br>2022/23 | 5 Yr T<br>Yr 2<br>2024/24 | Yr 3 2024/25  | ro date)<br>Yr 4 2025/26 | Yr 5<br>2026/27 | Budget (R)<br>('000)                    | Expenditure<br>to date (%)         | Implement-<br>ing agent  | Challeng-<br>es                | Remedia<br>actions          |
| Strategic<br>Objective                               | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator  | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo  | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets  |                 |                           |               |                          |                 | Total budget<br>requirement<br>- 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Annual finan-<br>cial statements<br>Annually   |   | Msunduzi<br>Municipal-<br>ity Annual<br>Financial<br>Statements<br>17 / 18 sub-<br>mitted to the<br>AG on the<br>31st of Au-<br>gust 2018 | Msunduzi<br>Municipal-<br>ity Annual<br>financial<br>statements<br>Annually                                  |                 |                           |               |                          |                 |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Consolidated<br>Annual finan-<br>cial statements<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>the AG Annu-<br>ally |   | Nil   | Msunduzi Municipality Consolidat- ed Annual financial statements prepared and submit- ted to the AG Annually |                 |                           |               |                          |                 |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | Interim finan-<br>cial statements<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>internal audit<br>Annually                                      |   | Nil   | Interim<br>financial<br>statements<br>prepared<br>and submit-<br>ted to inter-<br>nal audit<br>Annually      |                 |                           |               |                          |                 |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | VAT returns<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>SARS AnnuallY   |   | Nil   | 48 X VAT<br>returns pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>SARS Annu-<br>ally                                  |                 |                           |               |                          |                 |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | Monitoring of<br>loans register<br>Annually  |   | Nil   | 48 x monitor-<br>ing reports<br>of loans<br>register An-<br>nually   |                 |                           |               |                          |                 |   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |



## APPENDIX G AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDE IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT 5 Yr Targets (progress to date) Overall Challeng-Performance Budget (R) Expenditure Implement-Remedial Objective Backlog Baseline target (5yr Yr 5 Yr 1 Yr 2 to date (%) Indicator ('000) Yr 3 2024/25 | Yr 4 2025/26 ing agent es actions timeframe) 2026/27 2022/23 2024/24 Total back-2022/23 -Key perfor-Total budget Accumu-Where To get Strategic 2026/27 IDP Status Ouo mance indilog in murequirement lative ex-Agent target was back on Objective cator nicipality **Targets** - 5 year penditure not met target 4.4 lm-Nil Reviewed Reviewed Msunduzi Municipality proved policies (Cash policies Budgeting management, (Cash manand report-Reserves and agement, funding, Boring Reserves rowings policy) and funding. completed Borrowings and submitted policy) comto Council for pleted and approval Ansubmitted nuallY to Council for approval Annually Development Nil Msunduzi 4.4 lm-Developand submisment and Municipality proved Budgeting sion of the submission draft VAT policy and reportof the draft to Council for ing VAT policy to Council approval AnnuallY for approval Annually 4.4 lm-AG audit ac-Nil AG audit Msunduzi proved tion plan proaction plan Municipality Budgeting gress reports progress and reportprepared and reports presubmitted to pared and ing Annually submitted to **Annually** 100% com-Nil 100% com-4.4 lm-100% com-100% com-100% com-100% com-100% com-Msunduzi pliance with pliance pliance pliance Municipality proved pliance pliance pliance with MFMA Budgeting MFMA calenwith MFMA with MFMA with MFMA with MFMA with MFMA

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|  | APPENDIX G  AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT   |                          |  |   |   |   |  |   |   |                         |                       |                          |                       |                   |
|--|--|--------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
|  |  |                          |  | A   | N EXAMPLE O   | F AN IDP IMP  | LEMENTATION I  | PLAN PROGRES                                      | S REPORT  |                         |                       |                          |                       |                   |
|  | Performance  |                          |  | Overall   |   |   | argets (progress   | to date)  |   | Budget (R)              | Expenditure           | Implement-               | Challeng-             | Remedial          |
| Objective  | Indicator  | Backlog                  | Baseline   | target (5yr<br>timeframe)   | Yr 1<br>2022/23   | Yr 2<br>2024/24   | Yr 3 2024/25   | Yr 4 2025/26                                      | Yr 5<br>2026/27   | (,000)                  | to date (%)           | ing agent                | es                    | actions           |
| Strategic  | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-   | Total back-              | Status Quo   | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP  |   |   |  |   |   | Total budget            | Accumu-<br>lative ex- | Agant                    | Where                 | To get<br>back on |
| Objective  | cator  | log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo   | Targets   |   |   |  |   |   | requirement<br>- 5 year | penditure             | Agent                    | target was<br>not met | target            |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | Date Final Draft<br>budget for<br>2020/21 FY &<br>two outer years<br>prepared &<br>submitted to<br>SMC                               |                          | Final Draft<br>budget<br>submitted<br>to SMC by<br>the 28th of<br>February<br>2019 due to<br>the National<br>Elections and<br>unavailability<br>of Council-<br>lors during<br>the Months<br>of April and<br>May 2019 | Draft budget<br>prepared &<br>submitted<br>to Council<br>Annually by<br>25th of May             |   |   |  |   |   |                         |                       | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                       |                   |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | Date Summary<br>of the ap-<br>proved budget<br>and tariff of<br>charges adver-<br>tised  |                          | Summary of the approved budget and tariff of charges for the 2019/2020 FY advertised by the 30th of June 2019  | Summa-<br>ry of the<br>approved<br>budget<br>and tariff<br>of charges<br>advertised<br>Annually |   |   |  |   |   |                         |                       | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                       |                   |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | Number of<br>S71 reports<br>produced and<br>submitted  |                          | 7x S71 reports<br>produced<br>and submit-<br>ted to SMC<br>by the 30th<br>of June 2020   | 100% Compliance with Financial Reporting Annually   | 100% Compliance with Financial Reporting Annually                   | 100%<br>Compli-<br>ance with<br>Financial<br>Reporting<br>Annually  | 100% Compliance with Financial Reporting Annually                  | 100% Compliance with Financial Reporting Annually | 100% Compliance with Financial Reporting Annually                   |                         |                       | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                       |                   |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing | 100% of<br>Budget &<br>Treasury poli-<br>cies reviewed<br>and submitted<br>to SMC along<br>with standard<br>operating pro-<br>cedure |                          | % Of Budget<br>& Treasury<br>policies re-<br>viewed and<br>submitted<br>to SMC in<br>the 18/19 FY<br>in February<br>2019   | 100% of<br>Budget &<br>Treasury<br>policies<br>reviewed<br>Annually                             | 100% of<br>Budget &<br>Treasury<br>policies<br>reviewed<br>Annually | 100% of<br>Budget &<br>Treasury<br>policies<br>reviewed<br>Annually | 100% of<br>Budget &<br>Treasury poli-<br>cies reviewed<br>Annually |   | 100% of<br>Budget &<br>Treasury<br>policies<br>reviewed<br>Annually |                         |                       | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                       |                   |

|   | APPENDIX G  AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT   |   |   |  |   |   |   |   |   |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   |  |   |   |  | N EXAMPLE O   |   |   |   | S REPORT  |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
| Objective   | Performance  | Backlog                                 | Baseline  | Overall<br>target (5yr   | V= 1  |   | argets (progress  | to date)  | Yr 5  | Budget (R)                        | Expenditure                        | Implement-               | Challeng-                      | Remedial                    |
| Objective   | Indicator  | Dacking                                 | Daseille  | timeframe)   | Yr 1<br>2022/23   | Yr 2<br>2024/24   | Yr 3 2024/25  | Yr 4 2025/26  | 2026/27   | ('000)                            | to date (%)                        | ing agent                | es                             | actions                     |
| Strategic<br>Objective  | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator  | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo  | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets  |   |   |   |   |   | Total budget requirement - 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 4.4 Im-<br>proved<br>Budgeting<br>and report-<br>ing                              | Number of<br>monthly data<br>strings reports<br>produced &<br>uploaded for<br>the 19/20 FY<br>onto the LG<br>Data Base |   | Quarterly reports uploaded into LG Data Base in pipe delimited format directly from SAP system in the 18/19 FY            | 48 X data<br>strings<br>reports<br>produced &<br>uploaded<br>onto the LG<br>Database<br>Annually                           |   |   |   |   |   |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| GOAL 5  |  |   |   |  |   |   |   |   |   |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
| 5.1 Job Creation  | Number of<br>Jobs created<br>within the Mu-<br>nicipality.   |   | 820 jobs<br>created the<br>Municipality   | 10 000 Jobs<br>created<br>within the<br>Municipality   | 2000 Jobs<br>created<br>within the<br>Municipal-<br>ity   | 2000 Jobs<br>created<br>within the<br>Municipal-<br>ity   | 2000 Jobs<br>created with-<br>in the Munici-<br>pality  | 2000 Jobs<br>created<br>within the<br>Municipality  | 2000 Jobs<br>created<br>within the<br>Municipality  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 5.2 Improved Investment Attraction, Retention and expansion                       | Number of<br>businesses to<br>be visited.  |   | 600 Businesses to be visited to initiate business registration and inclusion in then data base of all businesses annually | 3000 Businesses to be visited to initiate business registration and inclusion in then data base of all businesses annually | 600 Businesses to be visited to initiate business registration and inclusion in then data base of all businesses annually | 600 Businesses to be visited to initiate business registration and inclusion in then data base of all businesses annually | 600 Businesses to be visited to initiate business registration and inclusion in then data base of all businesses annually | nesses to<br>be visited to<br>initiate busi-<br>ness regis-   | 600 Businesses to be visited to initiate business registration and inclusion in then data base of all businesses annually |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 5.2 Im-<br>proved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention<br>and expan-<br>sion | % of business<br>applications<br>processed<br>within 21 days<br>after date of<br>receipt                               |   | 50% of busi-<br>ness appli-<br>cations pro-<br>cessed within<br>21 days after<br>date of re-<br>ceipt                     | 100% of<br>business<br>applications<br>processed<br>within 21<br>days after<br>date of re-<br>ceipt                        | 100% of<br>business<br>appli-<br>cations<br>processed<br>within 21<br>days after<br>date of<br>receipt                    | 100% of<br>business<br>appli-<br>cations<br>processed<br>within 21<br>days after<br>date of<br>receipt                    | 100% of busi-<br>ness appli-<br>cations pro-<br>cessed within<br>21 days after<br>date of re-<br>ceipt                    | 100% of<br>business<br>applications<br>processed<br>within 21<br>days after<br>date of re-<br>ceipt | 100% of<br>business<br>applications<br>processed<br>within 21<br>days after<br>date of re-<br>ceipt                       |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 5.2 Improved Investment Attraction, Retention and expansion                       | Number of<br>businesses<br>inspected for<br>valid business<br>licences.  |   | Number of<br>businesses<br>inspected<br>for valid<br>business<br>licences.  | Number of<br>businesses<br>inspected<br>for valid<br>business<br>licences.   |   |   |   |   |   |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |



|   |  |   |  |  | N EVAUN E-A  | T AN IDD HAD   |  | NDIX G   | C DEDORT   |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   | 1  | 1                                       | 1  | Overall  | IN EXAMPLE U   |  | LEMENTATION I  |  | S REPURI   |                                   |                                    | 1                        |                                |                             |
| Objective   | Performance<br>Indicator   | Backlog                                 | Baseline   | target (5yr<br>timeframe)  | Yr 1<br>2022/23  | Yr 2<br>2024/24  | <del>, '' '' '</del>   | Yr 4 2025/26   | Yr 5<br>2026/27  | Budget (R)<br>('000)              | Expenditure<br>to date (%)         | Implement-<br>ing agent  | Challeng-<br>es                | Remedial<br>actions         |
| Strategic<br>Objective  | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator  | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo   | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets  |  |  |  |  |  | Total budget requirement - 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 5.2 Im-<br>proved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention<br>and expan-<br>sion | Msunduzi<br>business ini-<br>tiative policy<br>reviewed by<br>the 30th June<br>Annually                    |   | Msunduzi<br>business ini-<br>tiative policy<br>reviewed by<br>the 30th June<br>Annually                    | Msunduzi<br>business initi-<br>ative policy<br>reviewed  |  |  |  |  |  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 5.2 Im-<br>proved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention<br>and expan-<br>sion | % Implemen-<br>tation of the<br>Edendale Town<br>Centre  |   | 0.5% Imple-<br>mentation of<br>the Edendale<br>Town Centre   | 100% Implementation of the Edendale Town Centre  | 100% Im-<br>plementa-<br>tion of the<br>Edendale<br>Town Cen-<br>tre   | 100% Im-<br>plementa-<br>tion of the<br>Edendale<br>Town Cen-<br>tre   | 100% Implementation of the Edendale Town Centre  |  | 100% Implementation of the Edendale Town Centre  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 5.2 Im-<br>proved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention<br>and expan-<br>sion | 100% of Council bylaws<br>and Policies<br>related to LED<br>unit enforced<br>Annually                      |   | 80% of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>Policies re-<br>lated to LED<br>unit enforced<br>Annually               | 100% of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>Policies<br>related to<br>LED unit<br>enforced<br>Annually             | 100% of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>Policies<br>related to<br>LED unit<br>enforced<br>Annually   | 100% of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>Policies<br>related to<br>LED unit<br>enforced<br>Annually   | 100% of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>Policies re-<br>lated to LED<br>unit enforced<br>Annually            | 100% of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>Policies<br>related to<br>LED unit<br>enforced<br>Annually | 100% of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>Policies<br>related to<br>LED unit<br>enforced<br>Annually           |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 5.2 Im-<br>proved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention<br>and expan-<br>sion | (80 days) Average number of days taken to process development applications for approval in terms of SPLUMA |   | (80 days) Average number of days taken to process development applications for approval in terms of SPLUMA | (80 days) Average number of days taken to process development applications for approval in terms of SPLUMA | 16 days<br>Average<br>number of<br>days taken<br>to process<br>develop-<br>ment appli-<br>cations for<br>approval<br>in terms of<br>SPLUMA | 16 days<br>Average<br>number of<br>days taken<br>to process<br>develop-<br>ment appli-<br>cations for<br>approval<br>in terms of<br>SPLUMA | 16 days Average number of days taken to process development applications for approval in terms of SPLUMA | erage num-<br>ber of days<br>taken to  | 16 days Average number of days taken to process development applications for approval in terms of SPLUMA |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 5.2 Im-<br>proved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention<br>and expan-<br>sion | Hectors of land<br>to secure LED<br>Projects   |   | 3X Hectors<br>of land to<br>secure LED<br>Projects An-<br>nually   | 21X Hectors<br>of land to<br>secure LED<br>Projects  |  |  |  |  |  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 5.2 Improved Investment Attraction, Retention and expansion                       | Hectors of land<br>acquired/<br>released for<br>development  |   | 20X Hectors<br>of land ac-<br>quired for<br>development<br>Annually  | 60X Hectors<br>of land<br>acquired<br>for develop-<br>ment   | 12X Hectors<br>of land<br>acquired<br>for develop-<br>ment   | of land acquired   | 12X Hectors<br>of land ac-<br>quired for<br>development  | 12X Hectors<br>of land<br>acquired<br>for develop-<br>ment                                     | 12X Hectors<br>of land<br>acquired<br>for develop-<br>ment   |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |



|   | APPENDIX G  AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   |  |   |  |  | IN EXAMPLE O   |  |  |  | S REPORT   |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
| Objective   | Performance<br>Indicator   | Backlog                                 | Baseline   | Overall<br>target (5yr<br>timeframe)   | Yr 1<br>2022/23  | Yr 2<br>2024/24  | Argets (progress<br>Yr 3 2024/25   | Yr 4 2025/26   | Yr 5<br>2026/27  | Budget (R)<br>('000)              | Expenditure<br>to date (%)         | Implement-<br>ing agent  | Challeng-<br>es                | Remedial<br>actions         |
| Strategic<br>Objective                                    | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator  | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo   | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets  |  |  |  |  |  | Total budget requirement - 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 5.3 Im-<br>proved and<br>developed<br>Tourism<br>sector p | % Participation<br>of Msunduzi<br>Tourism in 13<br>events as per<br>the approved<br>Tourism Events<br>calendar 19/20<br>FY |   | 100% Participation of Msunduzi Tourism in 13 events as per the approved Tourism Events calendar Annually | 100% Participation of Msunduzi Tourism in 13 events as per the approved Tourism Events calendar Annually | 100% Participation of Msunduzi Tourism in 13 events as per the approved Tourism Events calendar Annually | 100% Participation of Msunduzi Tourism in 13 events as per the approved Tourism Events calendar Annually | 100% Participation of Msunduzi Tourism in 13 events as per the approved Tourism Events calendar Annually | 100% Participation of Msunduzi Tourism in 13 events as per the approved Tourism Events calendar Annually | 100% Participation of Msunduzi Tourism in 13 events as per the approved Tourism Events calendar Annually |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 5.3 Improved and developed Tourism sector p               | Number of<br>Quarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>tourism sector<br>meetings facil-<br>itated  |   | 4X Quarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>tourism sec-<br>tor meetings<br>facilitated<br>Annually                      | 20XQuarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>tourism sec-<br>tor meetings<br>facilitated                                  | 4XQuarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>tourism<br>sector<br>meetings<br>facilitated                                  | 4XQuarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>tourism<br>sector<br>meetings<br>facilitated                                  | 4XQuarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>tourism sec-<br>tor meetings<br>facilitated                                   | 4XQuarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>tourism sec-<br>tor meetings<br>facilitated                                   | 4XQuarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>tourism sec-<br>tor meetings<br>facilitated                                   |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 5.4 SMME<br>and entre-<br>preneurial<br>develop-<br>ment  | Number of<br>business op-<br>portunities<br>created for<br>registered<br>local business<br>annually                        |   | 15X Business<br>opportunities<br>created for<br>registered Lo-<br>cal Business<br>Annual                 | 100X Busi-<br>ness op-<br>portunities<br>created for<br>registered<br>Local Busi-<br>ness                | 20X Busi-<br>ness op-<br>portunities<br>created for<br>registered<br>Local Busi-<br>ness                 | 20X Busi-<br>ness op-<br>portunities<br>created for<br>registered<br>Local Busi-<br>ness                 | 20X Business<br>opportunities<br>created for<br>registered<br>Local Busi-<br>ness                        | 20X Business<br>opportuni-<br>ties created<br>for regis-<br>tered Local<br>Business                      | 20X Business<br>opportuni-<br>ties created<br>for regis-<br>tered Local<br>Business                      |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 5.4 SMME<br>and entre-<br>preneurial<br>develop-<br>ment  | Number<br>of SMMEs<br>and Co-ops<br>assisted in<br>Mentorship<br>programme<br>annually                                     |   | 12X SMMEs<br>and Co-ops<br>assisted in<br>Mentorship<br>programme<br>annually                            | 60X SMMEs<br>and Co-ops<br>assisted in<br>Mentorship<br>programme  | 12X SMMEs<br>and Co-ops<br>assisted in<br>Mentorship<br>programme  |  | 12X SMMEs<br>and Co-ops<br>assisted in<br>Mentorship<br>programme  | 12X SMMEs<br>and Co-ops<br>assisted in<br>Mentorship<br>programme  | 12X SMMEs<br>and Co-ops<br>assisted in<br>Mentorship<br>programme  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 5.4 SMME<br>and entre-<br>preneurial<br>develop-<br>ment  | Date informal<br>Economy Poli-<br>cy reviewed  |   | Informal<br>economy<br>Policy Re-<br>viewed by 30<br>June Annu-<br>ally                                  | Informal<br>economy<br>Policy Re-<br>viewed by<br>30 June An-<br>nually                                  |  |  |  |  |  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| GOAL 6 6.1 im- proved en- vironmental manage- ment        | Number of<br>Sites baited<br>and/or treat-<br>ed for Vector<br>Control in the<br>2024/24 FY                                |   | 120X Health<br>compliance<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually  | 600X Health<br>compliance<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually  | 120X Health<br>compli-<br>ance<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually                                   | 120X Health<br>compli-<br>ance<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually                                   | 120X Health<br>compliance<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually  | 120X Health<br>compliance<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually  | 120X Health<br>compliance<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>Annually  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |



|   | APPENDIX G   |   |   |   |  |  |   |   |   |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   |  |   |   |   | N EXAMPLE O  |  | LEMENTATION   |   | S REPORT  |                                   |                                    |                          |                                |                             |
| Objective   | Performance<br>Indicator   | Backlog                                 | Baseline  | Overall<br>target (5yr<br>timeframe)  | Yr 1<br>2022/23  | Yr 2<br>2024/24  | Yr 3 2024/25  | Yr 4 2025/26  | Yr 5<br>2026/27   | Budget (R)<br>('000)              | Expenditure<br>to date (%)         | Implement-<br>ing agent  | Challeng-<br>es                | Remedial<br>actions         |
| Strategic<br>Objective  | Key perfor-<br>mance indi-<br>cator  | Total back-<br>log in mu-<br>nicipality | Status Quo  | 2022/23 -<br>2026/27 IDP<br>Targets   |  |  |   |   |   | Total budget requirement - 5 year | Accumu-<br>lative ex-<br>penditure | Agent                    | Where<br>target was<br>not met | To get<br>back on<br>target |
| 6.1 im-<br>proved en-<br>vironmental<br>manage-<br>ment   | Number of<br>water samples<br>taken and<br>analysed for<br>water control   |   | 120X water<br>samples<br>taken and<br>analysed for<br>water control<br>Annually   | 600X water<br>samples<br>taken and<br>analysed<br>for water<br>control  | 120X water<br>samples<br>taken and<br>analysed<br>for water<br>control   | 120X water<br>samples<br>taken and<br>analysed<br>for water<br>control   | 120X water<br>samples<br>taken and<br>analysed for<br>water control   | 120X water<br>samples<br>taken and<br>analysed<br>for water<br>control  | 120X water<br>samples<br>taken and<br>analysed<br>for water<br>control  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 6.1 im-<br>proved en-<br>vironmental<br>manage-<br>ment   | %SPLUMA<br>applications<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>Municipal<br>planning tri-<br>bunal for ap-<br>proval |   | 100% SPLU-<br>MA appli-<br>cations pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>Municipal<br>planning<br>tribunal for<br>approval<br>annually | 100% SPLU-<br>MA appli-<br>cations pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>Municipal<br>planning<br>tribunal for<br>approval | 100% SPLU-<br>MA appli-<br>cations<br>prepared<br>and sub-<br>mitted to<br>Municipal<br>planning<br>tribunal for<br>approval | 100% SPLU-<br>MA appli-<br>cations<br>prepared<br>and sub-<br>mitted to<br>Municipal<br>planning<br>tribunal for<br>approval | 100% SPLU-<br>MA appli-<br>cations pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>Municipal<br>planning<br>tribunal for<br>approval | 100% SPLU-<br>MA appli-<br>cations pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>Municipal<br>planning<br>tribunal for<br>approval | 100% SPLU-<br>MA appli-<br>cations pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>Municipal<br>planning<br>tribunal for<br>approval |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 6.2 Intergrated land Use management ensuring eqitable access to goods and services, attracting social and financial investments | Completed  |   | Review of the<br>SDF complet-<br>ed as the SDF<br>Review work<br>programme<br>annually  | of the SDF  | 1X Review<br>of the SDF<br>completed<br>as the SDF<br>Review<br>work pro-<br>gramme  | 1X Review<br>of the SDF<br>completed<br>as the SDF<br>Review<br>work pro-<br>gramme  | 1X Review<br>of the SDF<br>completed<br>as the SDF<br>Review work<br>programme  | 1X Review<br>of the SDF<br>completed<br>as the SDF<br>Review work<br>programme  | 1X Review<br>of the SDF<br>completed<br>as the SDF<br>Review work<br>programme  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |
| 6.2 Intergrated land Use management ensuring eqitable access to goods and services, attracting social and financial             | Land Acquired  |   | % Of land<br>use mange-<br>ment frame-<br>work devel-<br>oped and<br>implemented<br>annually  | 100% of<br>land use<br>mangement<br>framework<br>developed<br>and imple-<br>mented  | 100% of<br>land use<br>mange-<br>ment<br>framework<br>developed<br>and imple-<br>mented                                      | 100% of<br>land use<br>mange-<br>ment<br>framework<br>developed<br>and imple-<br>mented                                      | 100% of<br>land use<br>mangement<br>framework<br>developed<br>and imple-<br>mented  | 100% of<br>land use<br>mangement<br>framework<br>developed<br>and imple-<br>mented  | 100% of<br>land use<br>mangement<br>framework<br>developed<br>and imple-<br>mented  |                                   |                                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality |                                |                             |

investments



## APPENDIX G AN EXAMPLE OF AN IDP IMPLEMENTATION PLAN PROGRESS REPORT 5 Yr Targets (progress to date) Overall Expenditure Challeng-Performance Budget (R) Implement-Remedial Objective Backlog **Baseline** target (5vr Yr 5 Yr 1 Yr 2 to date (%) Indicator Yr 3 2024/25 | Yr 4 2025/26 ('000) ing agent actions es timeframe) 2022/23 2024/24 2026/27 2022/23 -Total back-Total budget Accumu-Where To get Key perfor-Strategic Status Ouo 2026/27 IDP mance indilog in murequirement lative ex-Agent target was back on Objective cator nicipality **Targets** - 5 vear penditure not met target 1200X Houses 6000X Hous-1200X Hous-6.3 Intergrat- Number of 1200X Hous- 1200X Hous- 1200X Houses 1200X Hous-Msunduzi ed Human Houses Cap-Captured on es Captured es Capes Can-Captured on es Captured es Captured Municipality Settlements tured the housing on the houstured on tured on the housing on the houson the housneeds on ing needs the housing the housing needs on ing needs ing needs needs on needs on on the Nathe National on the Nathe National on the Nathe Nationthe Nationtional Hous-Housing tional Hous-Housing tional Hous-Needs Regising Needs al Housing al Housing Needs Reging Needs ing Needs Needs Reg-Needs Regter Annually Register ister Register Register ister ister 5X Housing 1X Hous-6.3 Intergrat-Housing Housing 1X Housing 1X Housing 1X Housing 1X Housing Msunduzi ed Human Sector plans Sector plans Sector plans ing Sector Sector Sector plans Sector plans Sector plans Municipality Settlements prepared and reviewed reviewed reviewed reviewed plans replans rereviewed submitted Annually viewed viewed 6.3 Intergrat- Number of 5000X Hous-250 00X 5000X Hous- 5000X 5000X Hous-5000X Hous-5000X Hous-Msunduzi ed Human **Housing Units** ing Units ing Units ing Units ing Units ing Units Municipality Housing Housing Settlements constructed Units conconstructed constructed Units conconstructed constructed constructed Annually structed Annually structed Annually Annually Annually **Annually** Annually 6.3 Intergrat- Number of 250X Munic-50X Munici-50X Munici-10X Munici-50X Munici-50X Munici-50X Munici-Msunduzi ed Human pal Houses pal Houses pal Houses Houses Renpal Houses ipal Houses pal Houses pal Houses Municipality Settlements ovated in the rental stock 19/20 FY for the Renovated Renovated Renovated Renovated Renovated Renovated Renovated wirewall Rectification Project 6.4 Hour CCTV Cameras CCTV Cam-CCTV Cam-Msunduzi Crime to be monieras to be eras to be Municipality tored 24 hours monitored monitored Watch Through in all areas 24 hours in 24 hours in CCTV Camwith CCTV all areas all areas ras in areas COVERAGE with CCTV with CCTV with CCTV COVERAGE **COVERAGE** coverage. Annually Annually

| Business Unit | Cnl        | Grants (other sources) | Total per BU |
|---------------|------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Finance       | 25 709 500 | 0                      | 25 709 500   |
| Community     | 27 863 000 | 20 000 000             | 47 863 000   |



## TABLE 106: ONE YEAR CAPITAL INVESTMENT FRAMEWORK

| Business Unit         | Funded Program   | Funded Program<br>desc                        | REGIONS        | Fund      | 2024/24    | 2024/25    | 2025/26    | Motivation   |
|-----------------------|------------------|---|----------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| City Finance          | 1/202035.001     | LEVS:ZA:FINANCIAL<br>MANAGEMENT SYSTEM<br>SAP | ALL ZONES      | RV01_LEVS | 30,000,000 | 30,000,000 | 30,000,000 |  |
| Corporate Services    | A/304526.BAH.A52 | LEVS:AH:NEW:COMPUT-<br>ER EQUIPMENT           | ADM & HO       | RV01_LEVS | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000 |  |
| Corporate Services    | 1/304526.003     | LEVS:ZA:LAN/WAN                               | ALL ZONES      | RV01_LEVS | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000 |  |
| City Manager          | A/101011.BAH.A52 | LEVS:AH:NEW:COMPUT-<br>ER EQUIPMENT           | ADM & HO       | RV01_LEVS | 1,000,000  |            |            |  |
| City Manager          | A/101011.BAH.A53 | LEVS:AH:FURNITURE                             | ADM & HO       | RV01_LEVS | 4,000,000  |            |            |  |
| Community<br>Services | 1/404185.004     | MSU1/I/404185.004                             | ZONE4: CENTRAL | RV01_LEVS | 3,000,000  | 5,000,000  | 5,000,000  | Compliance contract  |
| Electricity           | A/704062.1AH.A52 | MSU1/A/704062.1AH.<br>A52                     | ADM & HO       | BR01_ALNS | 300,000    |            |            | tools of trade for staff to perform duties   |
| Electricity           | A/704062.1AH.A53 | MSU1/A/704062.1AH.<br>A53                     | ADM & HO       | BR01_ALNS | 450,000    |            |            | improve ergonomics<br>to ensure compliance<br>with health and safe-<br>ty and well being of<br>staff when performing<br>duties           |
| Electricity           | A/704062.1AH.A60 | MSU1/A/704062.1AH.<br>A60                     | ADM & HO       | BR01_ALNS | 25,000,000 |            |            | Strategic spares to<br>ensure continuity of<br>supply to customers<br>thereby improving<br>revenue by minimising<br>down time of network |
| Electricity           | A/704062.1AH.A61 | MSU1/A/704062.1AH.<br>A61                     | ADM & HO       | BR01_ALNS | 2,850,000  |            |            | Strategic spares to<br>ensure continuity of<br>supply to customers<br>thereby improving<br>revenue by minimising<br>down time of network |

| Business Unit | Funded Program   | Funded Program<br>desc    | REGIONS                | Fund      | 2024/24    | 2024/25    | 2025/26   | Motivation   |
|---------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|--|
| Electricity   | A/704062.1ZA.A60 | MSU1/A/704062.1ZA.<br>A60 | ALL ZONES              | BR01_ALNS | 5,900,000  |            |           | Strategic spares to<br>ensure continuity of<br>supply to customers<br>thereby improving<br>revenue by minimising<br>down time of network |
| Electricity   | A/704062.1ZA.A60 | MSU1/A/704062.1ZA.<br>A60 | ALL ZONES              | BR01_ALNS | 17,000,000 |            |           | Strategic spares to<br>ensure continuity of<br>supply to customers<br>thereby improving<br>revenue by minimising<br>down time of network |
| Electricity   | A/704062.1ZA.A60 | MSU1/A/704062.1ZA.<br>A60 | ALL ZONES              | BR01_ALNS | 2,500,000  |            |           | Strategic spares to<br>ensure continuity of<br>supply to customers<br>thereby improving<br>revenue by minimising<br>down time of network |
| Electricity   | 1/704062.007     | MSU1/I/704062.007         | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | BR01_ALNS | 18,000,000 | 20,000,000 |           | Improve electricity<br>network performance<br>and quality of supply  |
| Electricity   | 1/704062.008     | MSU1/I/704062.008         | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | BR01_ALNS | 18,000,000 | 20,000,000 |           | Improve electricity<br>network performance<br>and quality of supply  |
| Electricity   | 1/704062.009     | MSU1/I/704062.009         | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | BR01_ALNS | 5,000,000  | 20,000,000 |           | Improve network op-<br>erations and access-<br>ability and revenue<br>collection   |
| Electricity   | 1/704062.014     | MSU1/I/704062.014         | ZONE4: CENTRAL         | BR01_ALNS | 25,000,000 | 20,000,000 |           | Improve electricity<br>network performance<br>and quality of supply  |
| Electricity   | 1/704062.019     | MSU1/I/704062.019         | ZONE4: CENTRAL         | BR01_ALNS | 30,000,000 | 20,000,000 |           | Improve electricity network performance and quality of supply  |
| Electricity   | 1/704066.001     | MSU1/I/704066.001         | ALL ZONES              | RV01_LEVS | 8,000,000  | 8,000,000  | 8,000,000 | Compliance and revenue enhancement   |
| Electricity   | 1/704062.020     |                           | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_INEP | 4,200,000  | 3,000,000  | 1,500,000 | Provide access to basic electricity service to new customers   |



| Business Unit              | Funded Program   | Funded Program<br>desc                           | REGIONS                | Fund       | 2024/24    | 2024/25    | 2025/26    | Motivation  |
|----------------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---|
| Electricity                | 1/704062.023     |  | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_INEP  | 1,400,000  | 2,000,000  | , ,        | Provide access to basic electricity service to new customers                                    |
| Electricity                | 1/704062.024     |  | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_INEP  | 1,400,000  | 2,000,000  | 3,814,000  | Provide access to basic electricity service to new customers                                    |
| Electricity                | 1/704062.025     |  | ALL ZONES              | TS01_EEDSM | 5,000,000  | 5,000,000  |            | Provide access to ba-<br>sic electricity service<br>to new customers                            |
| Infrastructure services    | A/504125.BZA.A61 | LEVS:ZA:NEW:TRANS-<br>PORT ASSETS                | ALL ZONES              | RV01_LEVS  | 5,000,000  | 5,000,000  | 5,000,000  | Yellow Plant  |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/504125.006     | LEVS:Z4:ROAD REHAB - PMS                         | ZONE4: CENTRAL         | RV01_LEVS  | 20,000,000 | 30,750,000 | 40,750,000 |   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/504125.067     | LEVS:AH:NEW:CHANGE ROOMS REHAB                   | ADM & HO               | RV01_LEVS  | 750,000    | -          | -          |   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/504126.007     | LEVS:AH:Canalisation of Streams/bank pro         | ADM & HO               | RV01_LEVS  | 2,000,000  | 2,000,000  | 2,000,000  |   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/504131.006     | LEVS:Z5:TRAFFIC CALM-<br>ING MEASURES            | ZONE5: NORTH-<br>ERN   | RV01_LEVS  | 250,000    | 250,000    | 250,000    |   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/504143.001     | LEVS:Z4:PUBLIC TRANS-<br>PORT INFRASTR           | ZONE4: CENTRAL         | RV01_LEVS  | 2,000,000  | 2,000,000  | 2,000,000  |   |
| Infrastructure<br>services | 1/504787.036     | WSIG:Z1:VULINDLELA<br>PHASE 3 (Planning & D      | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_WSIG  | 28,000,000 | 35,000,000 | 38,986,000 | Upgrade to Res 15 In-<br>let Pipeline in Ward 4<br>& 5 and Construction<br>of Res 14A in Ward 3 |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/504787.037     | ALNS: ZA: REDUCTION<br>OF NON REVENUE WA-<br>TER | ALL ZONES              | BR01_ALNS  | 50,000,000 | 50,000,000 |            |   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/504787.040     | LEVS:METERING                                    | ALL ZONES              | RV01_LEVS  | 7,000,000  | 7,000,000  | 7,000,000  | Water Metering replacement  |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/403243.007     | MIG:Z5:WARD 38 COM-<br>MUNITY HALL               | ZONE5: NORTH-<br>ERN   | TS01_MIG   | 3,125,000  | •          |            |   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/403243.008     | MIG:Z1:WARD 7 COM-<br>MUNITY HALL                | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_MIG   | 4,500,000  | -          |            |   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/403243.009     | MIG:Z5:WARD 29 COM-<br>MUNITY HALL               | ZONE5: NORTH-<br>ERN   | TS01_MIG   | 4,120,500  |            |            |   |
| Infrastructure services    |                  | MIG:Z4:WARD 24 COM-<br>MUNITY HALL               | ZONE4: CENTRAL         | TS01_MIG   | 1,550,000  | 2,455,350  | 6,534,880  |   |



| Business Unit           | Funded Program   | Funded Program<br>desc                              | REGIONS                | Fund      | 2024/24    | 2024/25    | 2025/26    | Motivation                                |
|-------------------------|------------------|---|------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|---|
| Infrastructure services | 1/403243.011     | MIG:Z1:WARD 8 COM-<br>MUNITY HALL                   | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_MIG  | 4,100,000  | 5,000,000  | 5,330,000  |   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/403243.011     | MIG:Z1:WARD 8 COM-<br>MUNITY HALL                   | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_MIG  | 1,450,000  | 3,000,000  | 5,000,000  |   |
| services                | 1/403243.012     | MUNITY HALL   | ZONE3: IMBALI          | TS01_MIG  | 3,731,000  | -          |            |   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/403243.013     | MIG:Z3:WARD 34 COM-<br>MUNITY HALL                  | ZONE5: NORTH-<br>ERN   | TS01_MIG  | 550,000    | 2,000,000  | 5,000,000  |   |
| Community<br>Services   | A/404327.BAH.A61 |   |                        | RV01_LEVS | 2,000,000  |            |            | Single Law Enforce-<br>ment Establishment |
| Infrastructure services | 1/404392.010     | MIG: Z5: WARD 35 DEV<br>OF MOUNTAIN RISE<br>CEMETRY | ZONE5: NORTH-<br>ERN   | TS01_MIG  | 700,000    | -          |            |   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.014     | MIG:Z2:UPG GRV<br>RD-EDN-DAMBUZA MJ<br>SWD UPG      | ZONE2: EDEN-<br>DALE   | TS01_MIG  | 6,000,000  | 12,000,000 | 12,054,979 |   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.029     | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLE-<br>LA-WARD 4     | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_MIG  | 7,000,000  | 3,091,846  | 3,277,357  |   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.031     | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLE-<br>LA-WARD 7     | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_MIG  | 1,500,000  |            |            |   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.032     | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>RD-VULINDLELA-WARD8              | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_MIG  | 1,700,000  | •          |            |   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.033     | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLE-<br>LA-WARD 9     | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_MIG  | 7,700,000  | 8,000,000  | 8,480,000  |   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.037     | MIG:Z2:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-WILLOWF                    | ZONE2: EDEN-<br>DALE   | TS01_MIG  | 1,000,000  |            |            |   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.042     | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VUL-WARD 1                 | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_MIG  | 1,500,000  | 5,000,000  | 5,300,000  |   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.043     | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VUL-WARD 5                 | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_MIG  | 7,000,000  | 13,000,000 | 13,780,000 |   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504125.055     | MIG:Z1: REHAB OF<br>BALENI ROAD SWEET-<br>WATER     | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_MIG  | 5,000,000  | 10,000,000 | 10,600,000 |   |
| Infrastructure services | 1/504202.009     | MIG:ZA:ELIM OF CON-<br>SERV TANKS:SEWER             | ALL ZONES              | TS01_MIG  | 22,000,000 | 16,244,601 | 10,000,000 |   |



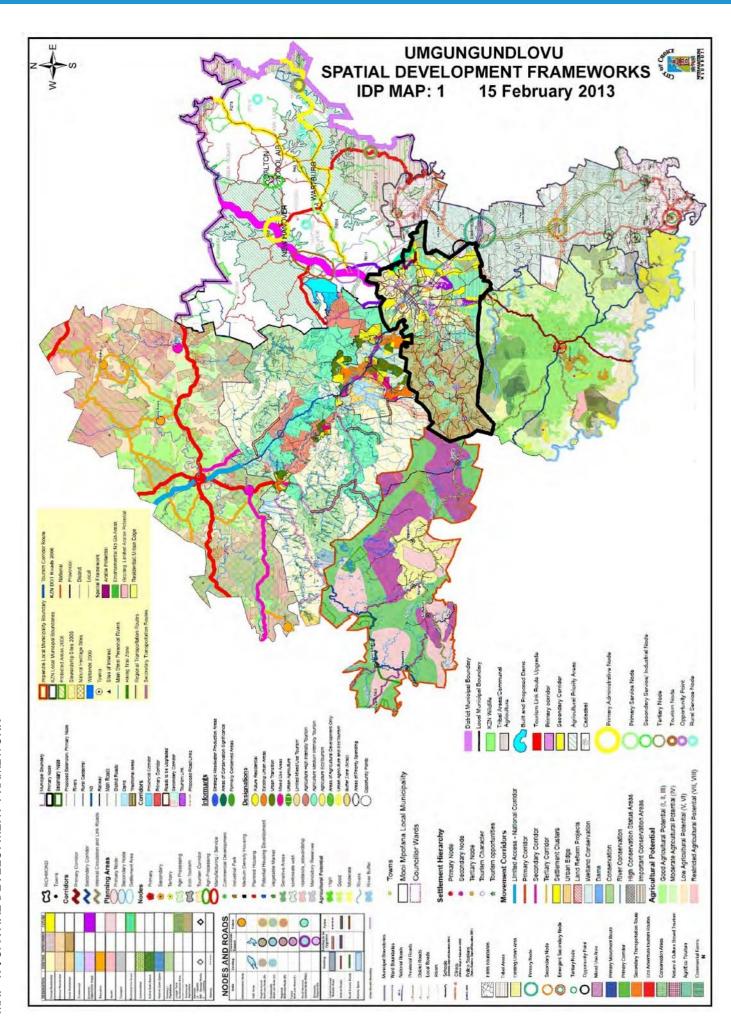
| Business Unit              | Funded Program   | Funded Program<br>desc                           | REGIONS                | Fund           | 2024/24    | 2024/25    | 2025/26    | Motivation                        |
|----------------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------------------------------|
| Infrastructure services    | 1/504202.015     | MIG:Z3:SLANGSPRUIT<br>AMBLETON SANITATION<br>S   | ZONE3: IMBALI          | TS01_MIG       | 3,000,000  | 33,593,563 | 26,406,437 |                                   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/504202.016     | MIG:Z2:VULINDLELA H/<br>HOLD SANITATION-W10      | ZONE2: EDEN-<br>DALE   | TS01_MIG       | 15,300,000 | -          | 3,000,000  |                                   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/504202.021     | MIG:Z2:EDENDALE -<br>SEWER RETIC - WARD<br>16    | ZONE2: EDEN-<br>DALE   | TS01_MIG       | -          | 10,000,000 | 25,000,000 |                                   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/504202.025     | MIG:ZA:DARVIL SEWER OUTFALL                      | ALL ZONES              | TS01_MIG       | 65,477,640 | 65,339,400 | 37,182,960 |                                   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/504787.008     | MIG:ZA:REDUCTION OF NON REVENUE WATER            | ALL ZONES              | TS01_MIG       | 11,064,500 | 14,000,000 | 15,000,000 |                                   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/504787.026     | MIG:Z5:COPESVILLE RESERVOIR                      | ZONE5: NORTH-<br>ERN   | TS01_MIG       | 15,000,000 | 12,383,235 | 21,753,423 |                                   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/504787.030     | MIG:Z1:NCWADI PHASE 2A                           | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_MIG       | 22,860,000 | 12,780,000 | 22,360,000 |                                   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/604560.020     | MIG:Z2: EDENDALE<br>WIREWALL PROJECT             | ZONE2: EDEN-<br>DALE   | TS01_MIG       | 10,000,000 | 3,138,748  |            |                                   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/704062.006     | MIG:Z1:HIGH MAST<br>LIGHTS-VUL & GREAT<br>EDN    | ZONE1: VULIN-<br>DLELA | TS01_MIG       | 9,000,000  | 8,967,852  | 14,318,524 |                                   |
| Infrastructure services    | 1/504787.041     |  | ALL ZONES              | RV01_LEVS      | 15,000,000 |            |            |                                   |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604241.002     | NDPG:Z2:Edendale<br>Town Centre: Prome-<br>nade1 | ZONE2: EDEN-<br>DALE   | TS01_NDPG      | 5,606,000  | •          | •          | conditional grant allo-<br>cation |
| Sustainable Development    | 1/604241.016     | NDPG: Z4: ISF: CAMPS-<br>DRIFT DESILTING         | ZONE4: CENTRAL         | TS01_NDPG      | 8,600,000  | 7,500,000  | 8,000,000  | conditional grant allo-<br>cation |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604241.019     | NDPG:Z4:CIVIC ZONE<br>PHASE 1:MARKET<br>STALLS   | ZONE4: CENTRAL         | TS01_NDPG      | 7,000,000  | 7,500,000  | 8,000,000  | conditional grant allo-<br>cation |
| Sustainable Development    | 1/604241.020     | NDPG:Z2:CIVIC ZONE<br>PHASE 1:SKY BRIDGE         | ZONE2: EDEN-<br>DALE   | TS01_NDPG      | 12,400,000 | 15,000,000 | 14,000,000 | conditional grant allo-<br>cation |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604241.003     | EDTEA:Z4:INFORMAL<br>ECONOMY INFRA-<br>STRUCTURE | ZONE4: CENTRAL         | TS02_EDTEA     | 1,000,000  |            |            | conditional grant allo-<br>cation |
| Sustainable<br>Development | A/604270.A9H.A52 | ACRD-<br>C:AH:NEW:NEW:COM-<br>PUTER EQUIPMENT    | ADM & HO               | TS02_<br>ACRDC | 200,000    | 200,000    | 200,000    | as per reserves                   |



| Business Unit              | Funded Program   | Funded Program<br>desc                          | REGIONS              | Fund           | 2024/24     | 2024/25     | 2025/26     | Motivation                                    |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|----------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---|
| Sustainable<br>Development | A/604270.A9H.A53 | FURNITURE & OFFICE EQUIP                        | ADM & HO             | TS02_<br>ACRDC | 500,000     | 500,000     | 500,000     | as per reserves                               |
| Sustainable Development    | 1/604480.007     | ART:Z4: CLIMATE CONTROL LIGHTING                | ZONE4: CENTRAL       | TS02_ART       | 80,000      | 80,000      | 50,000      | as per grant allocation                       |
| Sustainable<br>Development | A/604480.5Z4.A60 | ART:Z4:NEW:MACHIN-<br>ERY & EQUIP AIR COND      | ZONE4: CENTRAL       | TS02_ART       | 200,000     | 251,000     | 300,000     | as per grant allocation                       |
| Sustainable Development    | A/604480.5Z4.A53 | ART:Z4:NEW:FURNITURE & EQUIPMENT                | ZONE4: CENTRAL       | TS02_ART       | 60,000      | 40,000      | 40,000      | as per grant allocation                       |
| Sustainable<br>Development | A/604480.5Z4.A60 | ART:Z4:NEW:MACHIN-<br>ERY & EQUIPMENT           | ZONE4: CENTRAL       | TS02_ART       | 20,000      | 20,000      | 20,000      | as per grant allocation                       |
| Sustainable Development    | A/604480.5Z4.A05 | ART:Z4:NEW:HERITAGE ASSETS                      | ZONE4: CENTRAL       | TS02_ART       | 60,000      | 85,000      | 93,000      | as per grant allocation                       |
| Sustainable<br>Development | A/604508.A24.A53 | PRVOT:Z4:NEW:FURN-<br>TURE & EQUIPMENT          | ZONE4: CENTRAL       | TS01_PRVOT     | 100,000     |             |             | Departure and arrival lounge furniturn        |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604508.011     | PRVOT:Z4:NEW ILLU-<br>MINATING AIRPORT<br>FENCE | ZONE4: CENTRAL       | TS01_PRVOT     | 800,000     |             |             | illumination of fence                         |
| Sustainable<br>Development | A/604508.A24.A60 | PRVOT:Z4:NEW:MA-<br>CHINERY & EQUIP             | ZONE4: CENTRAL       | TS01_PRVOT     | 2,100,000   |             |             | Explosive detection devices and New Generator |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604560.020     | MSU1/I/604560.020                               | ZONE2: EDEN-<br>DALE | TS01_MIG       | 3,000,000   | 3,138,748   |             | Project implementation plan 23,24             |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604560.022     | UISPG:Z2:KWA 30<br>HOUSING PRO-<br>JECT-BULK    | ZONE2: EDEN-<br>DALE | TS02_UISP      | 13,282,976  |             |             | Per Dora and DOHS business plan               |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604560.021     | UISPG:Z2:KHALANYONI<br>HSNG PROJECT             | ZONE2: EDEN-<br>DALE | TS02_UISP      | 45,112,439  |             |             | Per Dora and DOHS business plan               |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604560.024     | UISPG:Z2:HAREWOOD<br>HOUSING PROJECT            | ZONE2: EDEN-<br>DALE | TS02_UISP      | 57,800,000  |             |             | Per Dora and DOHS business plan               |
| Sustainable<br>Development | 1/604560.006     | HSE:Z4:DOHS JIKA JOE<br>HOUSING DEVELOPM        | ZONE2: EDEN-<br>DALE | TS02_HSE       | 14,850,000  |             |             | Per Dora and DOHS business plan               |
|                            |                  |   |                      |                | 768,700,055 | 581,309,343 | 447,881,560 |   |



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# E.5.5. KEY CAPITAL PROJECTS

The following projects have been identified by municipal departments as requiring implementation.

## E.5.5.1. WATER AND SANITATION

| STRATEGIC PRIORITY 1: WELL SERVICED CITY  |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|   | KPA: BASIC SERVICES D   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GOAL  | VALUE STATEMENT   | TARGET  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By 2030, Msunduzi is a city serviced with quality water and sanitation reticulation, uninterrupted, adequate energy supply, and regular waste removal - for ALL neighbourhoods, communities, and centres of business. | 1.1 City-wide infrastructure and service delivery provides a reliable, high quality supply of water, sanitation, energy, and waste services - to all. | <ul> <li>1.1.1 100% of all households have a municipal water connection to the yard level.</li> <li>1.1.2 70% of all households have water-borne sanitation.</li> <li>1.1.3 30% of all households have the basic minimum of VIPs.</li> <li>1.1.4 To Reduce Non-Revenue Water and Real Water Losses to 20% and 15% respectively.</li> <li>1.1.5 To reduce the amount of water service interruptions from 1684 per annum (2011/2012) by 80% to 336 bursts per annum and respond to 100% of service interruptions within 8 hours.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By 2030, Msunduzi is a city serviced with quality water and sanitation reticulation, uninterrupted, adequate energy supply, and regular waste removal - for ALL neighbourhoods, communities, and centres of business. | 1.1 City-wide infrastructure and service delivery provides a reliable, high quality supply of water, sanitation, energy, and waste services - to all. | 1.1.6 To reduce sanitation service interruptions from 2499(2011-2012) per annum by 80% to 500 per annum and respond to 100% of sanitation blockages within 8 hours.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 107: WATER AND SANITATION BUDGET

| KZN            | 225 Msunduzi - Supporting Tablo                   | e SA36 Consolidated detaile                     | ed capital b  | oudget                       |                              |
|----------------|---|---|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R thousand     |   |   | 2020/21 Medium Term<br>Revenue & Expenditure<br>Framework |                              |                              |
| Function       | Project Description                               | Туре  | Budget<br>Year<br>2020/21                                 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2021/22 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2022/23 |
| INFRASTRUCTURE | WSIG:ZA:BASIC WATER SUPPLY                        | Zone 1: Edendale (Ward 3, 4,5,6,7,9,39)         | 27,000  | -                            | -                            |
| INFRASTRUCTURE | LEVS:ZA: REHAB OF WATER INFRASTRUCTURE            | All Zones - ZA                                  | 11,000  |                              |                              |
| INFRASTRUCTURE | MIG:ZA:MIDBLOCK WATER & SEWER ERADICATION         | All Zones - ZA                                  | 14,250  | 16,500                       | 21,395                       |
| INFRASTRUCTURE | MIG:ZA:ELIM OF CONSERV<br>TANKS:SEWER             | All Zones - ZA                                  | 11,679  | 16,500                       | 15,630                       |
| INFRASTRUCTURE | MIG:Z2:EDENDALE - SEWER<br>RETICULATION - Ward 16 | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward 10,11,12,16,20,21,22,23) | 12,950  | 13,597                       | 14,245                       |
| INFRASTRUCTURE | MIG:Z3:SLANGSPRUIT AMBLETON SANITATION SYSTEM     | Zone 3: Imbali (Ward 13,14,15,17,18,19)         | 10,667  | 10,401                       | 10,815                       |
| INFRASTRUCTURE | MIG:ZA:REDUCTION OF NON REVENUE WATER             | All Zones - ZA                                  | 9,800   | 11,000                       | 10,780                       |
| INFRASTRUCTURE | MIG:Z5:COPESVILLE RESERVOIR                       | Zone 5:Northern (Ward 28,29,30,31,32,34,35,38)  | 14,393  | 15,113                       | 19,730                       |
| INFRASTRUCTURE | WSIG:Z1:HENLEY DAM                                | Zone 1: Edendale (Ward 3, 4,5,6,7,9,39)         | -   | 5,000                        | 36,628                       |

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| KZN225 Msunduzi - Supporting Table SA36 Consolidated detailed capital budget |  |  |   |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| R thousand   |  |  | 2020/21 Medium Term<br>Revenue & Expenditure<br>Framework |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |
| Function   | Project Description  | Туре   | Budget<br>Year<br>2020/21                                 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2021/22 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2022/23 |  |  |  |  |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | WSIG:Z1:ERADICATION OF GREATER MSUNDUZI SANITATION BACKLOG - VIP TOILETS           | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39) / Zone 2: Edendale (Ward 10,11,12,16,20,21,22,23) | 9,782   | 20,000                       | 19,262                       |  |  |  |  |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | MIG:Z2:VULINDLELA HOUSEHOLD SANITATION - Ward 10 (Phase 2)                         | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward 10,11,12,16,20,21,22,23)  | 10,857  | 11,400                       | 12,383                       |  |  |  |  |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | WSIG:Z1:VULINDLELA PHASE 3 (Planning & Design )                                    | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39) / Zone 2: Edendale (Ward 10,11,12,16,20,21,22,23) | 3,218   | 35,000                       | -                            |  |  |  |  |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | MIG:Z3:ERADICATION OF<br>GREATER MSUNDUZI SANITATION<br>BACKLOG (Rural Households) | Wards 13 to 39   | 4,000   | 5,000                        | 7,000                        |  |  |  |  |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | Canalisation of Streams/ bank protection   | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward 10,11,12,16,20,21,22,23)  | 58,500  |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |

| WATER | FUNDING SOURCE | PROPOSED BUDGET<br>2014/2015 | PRIORITY<br>CATEGORY 1 | PRIORITY<br>CATEGORY 2 | PRIORITY<br>CATEGORY 3 |
|-------|----------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
|       | CNL            | 4 700 000                    | 400 000                | 300 000                | 4 000 000              |
|       | DOHS           | 0                            | -                      | -                      | -                      |
|       | MIG            | 59 291 225                   | 51 791 225             | 7 500 000              |                        |
|       | MWIG           | 11 389 000                   | 10 389 000             | 1 000 000              | -                      |
| TOTAL |                | 75 380 225                   | 62 580 225             | 8 800 000              | 4 000 000              |

## E.5.5.2. LANDFILL

**TABLE 108: LANDFILL SITE BUDGET** 

| KZN225 Msunduzi - Supporting Table SA36 Detailed capital budget |                               |      |   |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |
|---|-------------------------------|------|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| R thousand  |                               |      | 2020/21 Medium Term<br>Revenue & Expenditure<br>Framework |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |
| Function  | Project Description           | Туре | Budget<br>Year<br>2020/21                                 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2021/22 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2022/23 |  |  |  |  |
| Community and Social Services                                   | MIG:Z5:WARD 38 COMMUNITY HALL | New  |   | -                            | 3,500                        |  |  |  |  |
| Community and Social Services                                   | MIG:Z5:WARD 7 COMMUNITY HALL  | New  | 10,986  | 11,063                       | 3,500                        |  |  |  |  |
| Community and Social Services                                   | MIG:Z5:WARD 29 COMMUNITY HALL | New  | 3,000   |                              | 3,500                        |  |  |  |  |
| Community and Social Services                                   | MIG:Z4:WARD 24 COMMUNITY HALL | New  | 3,000   | -                            | 8,328                        |  |  |  |  |
| Community and Social Services                                   | MIG:Z4:WARD 8 COMMUNITY HALL  | New  | 4,000   | 4,405                        | 4,670                        |  |  |  |  |
| Community and Social Services                                   | MIG:Z3:WARD 13 COMMUNITY HALL | New  | 3,000   | -                            | -                            |  |  |  |  |
| Community and Social Services                                   | MIG:Z5:MADIBA COMMUNITY HALL  | New  | 3,000   | 3,000                        | 3,180                        |  |  |  |  |

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| KZN225 Msunduzi - Supporting Table SA36 Detailed capital budget |   |           |   |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|-----------|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| R thousand  |   |           | 2020/21 Medium Term<br>Revenue & Expenditure<br>Framework |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |
| Function  | Project Description                                 | Туре      | Budget<br>Year<br>2020/21                                 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2021/22 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2022/23 |  |  |  |  |
| Community and Social Services                                   | Community Hall - Ward 27                            | New       | -   | 5,000                        | 5,000                        |  |  |  |  |
| Waste Management  | MIG:ZA:LANDFILL UPGRADE                             | Upgrading | 2,000   | 6,000                        | 6,360                        |  |  |  |  |
| Community and Social Services                                   | MIG: REHAB OF MOUNTAIN RISE CREMATORIOUM            | Upgrading |   |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |
| Community and Social Services                                   | MIG:Z5:WARD 39 COMMUNITY HALL                       | Upgrading | 500   | -                            | -                            |  |  |  |  |
| Community and Social Services                                   | MIG:Z5:WARD 5 COMMUNITY HALL                        | New       | 2,000   | -                            | -                            |  |  |  |  |
| Community and Social Services                                   | MIG:Z5:WARD 4 COMMUNITY HALL                        | Upgrading | 500   | -                            | -                            |  |  |  |  |
| Community and Social Services                                   | PPE-COMPUTER EQUIPALL OR EXCL<br>NERSA-ACQUISITION  | New       | 774   | 828                          | 870                          |  |  |  |  |
| Community and Social Services                                   | PPE-MACHINERY & EQUIPALL OR EXCL<br>NERSA-ACQUISITI | New       | 10,212  | 10,235                       | 7,458                        |  |  |  |  |
| Community and Social Services                                   | FENCING IN BISLEY                                   | New       | 5,000   | 300                          |                              |  |  |  |  |
| Waste Management  | LEVS:7A:NEW:MACHINERY & FOUIPM                      | New       | 2,500   | 800                          |                              |  |  |  |  |

## TABLE 109: COMMUNITY FACILITIES BUDGET FOR 2022-23 TO 2024-25

| R thousand           |  |   |                               |  | Revenu                    | 22 Medium<br>ie & Exper<br>Framewor | diture  |  |  |
|----------------------|--|---|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|--|--|
| Function             | Project Description  | Ward Location   | Audited<br>Outcome<br>2019/20 | Current Year<br>2020/21<br>Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2021/22 |                                     | Year +2 |  |  |
| Parent municipality: |  |   |                               |  |                           |                                     |         |  |  |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES   | LEVS:ZA:NEW:MACHINERY & EQUIPM                                       | WHOLE OF THE MUNICIPALITY                                   | 16                            | -  | -                         |                                     |         |  |  |
|                      | PPE-COMPUTER EQUIPALL OR EXCL<br>NERSA-ACQUISITION                   | WHOLE OF THE MUNICIPALITY                                   | 50                            | -  | -                         |                                     |         |  |  |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES   | LEVS.ZA:LANDFILL UPGRADE   | LANDFILL SITE   | 2,300                         | -  | -                         |                                     |         |  |  |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES   | LEVS:ZA:NEW:MACHINERY & EQUIPM                                       | Administrative or Head Office (Including Satellite Offices) | 40                            | 40   | -                         |                                     |         |  |  |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES   | LEVS:ZA: NEW COMPUTER EQUIPMENT                                      | Administrative or Head Office (Including Satellite Offices) | 60                            | 60   | -                         |                                     |         |  |  |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES   | LEVS:ZA:NEW MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT                                    | Administrative or Head Office (Including Satellite Offices) | 40                            | 40   | -                         |                                     |         |  |  |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES   | LEVS:ZA: NEW COMPUTER EQUIPMENT                                      | Administrative or Head Office (Including Satellite Offices) | 60                            | 60   | -                         |                                     |         |  |  |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES   | PPE-COMPUTER EQUIPALL OR EXCL<br>NERSA-ACQUISITION                   | Administrative or Head Office (Including Satellite Offices) | 70                            | 70   | -                         |                                     |         |  |  |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES   | LEVS:ZA:OFFICE RENNOVATIONS FOR ALL 6 ZONES                          | ALL ZONES   | 1,389                         | 2,400  | 3,500                     |                                     |         |  |  |
|                      | LEVS:ZA:NEW:MACHINERY & EQUIPM                                       | Administrative or Head Office (Including Satellite Offices) | 500                           | 1,000  | 1,200                     |                                     |         |  |  |
|                      | LEVS:ZA:NEW:TRANSPORT ASSETS   | ZONE 4  | 350                           | 1,000  | •                         |                                     |         |  |  |
|                      | PPE-COMPUTER EQUIPALL OR EXCL<br>NERSA-ACQUISITION                   | ALL ZONES   | 100                           | 200  | 500                       |                                     |         |  |  |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES   | PPE-MACHINERY & EQUIPALL OR EXCL<br>NERSA-ACQUISITI                  | ALL ZONES   | 120                           | 500  | 1,000                     |                                     |         |  |  |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES   | PPE-TRANSPORT ASSETS-ALL OR EXCL<br>NERSA-ACQUISITI FIRE ENGINE X2?? | ZONE 5  | 750                           | -  | -                         |                                     |         |  |  |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES   | OUTSOURCED INFRASTRUCTURE CAP PROJECTS                               | ZONE 5  | 380                           | -  | -                         |                                     |         |  |  |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES   | LEVS:ZA:NEW:MACHINERY & EQUIPM                                       | ZONE 5  | 275                           | -  | -                         |                                     |         |  |  |



| R thousand         |  |   |                               |  | 2021/22 Medium Te<br>Revenue & Expendit<br>Framework |                              | diture |
|--------------------|--|---|-------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------|--------|
| Function           | Project Description                                  | Ward Location                                   | Audited<br>Outcome<br>2019/20 | Current Year<br>2020/21<br>Full Year<br>Forecast |  | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2022/23 |        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | LEVS:ZA:NEW MACHINERY & EQUIP:TRACTOR/SLASHER        | ALL ZONES                                       | 1,000                         |  |  |                              |        |
|                    | PPE-COMPUTER EQUIPALL OR EXCL NERSA-ACQUISITION      | WHOLE OF THE MUNICIPALITY                       | 100                           | 100  | 100  |                              |        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | LEVS:ZA:NEW:COMPUTER EQUIPMENT                       | WHOLE OF THE MUNICIPALITY                       | 150                           | 300  | 300  |                              |        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | LEVS:ZA:NEW:MACHINERY & EQUIPM                       | WHOLE OF THE MUNICIPALITY                       | 750                           | 750  | 850  |                              |        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | LEVS:ZA:NEW:MACHINERY & EQUIPM                       | WHOLE OF THE MUNICIPALITY                       | 100                           | 800  | 350  |                              |        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | LEVS:ZA:BUILD SHOOTING RANGE                         | WHOLE OF THE MUNICIPALITY                       | 600                           | -  | -  |                              |        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | LEVS:AH:NEW:TRANSPORT ASSETS                         | WHOLE OF THE MUNICIPALITY                       | 800                           | -  | -  |                              |        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | MIG:Z5:WARD 38 COMMUNITY HALL                        | Zone 5: Northern (Ward 28,29,30,31,32,34,35&38) | 8,027                         | 9,135  | 708  |                              |        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | MIG:Z5:WARD 7 COMMUNITY HALL                         | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39)  | 7,927                         | 9,030  | 708  |                              |        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | MIG:Z5:WARD 29 COMMUNITY HALL                        | Zone 5: Northern (Ward 28,29,30,31,32,34,35&38) | 2,327                         | 3,150  | 3,973  |                              |        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | MIG:Z4:WARD 24 COMMUNITY HALL                        | Zone 4:Central (Ward 24,25,26,27,33,36,37)      | 2,327                         | 3,150  | 3,973  |                              |        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | MIG:Z4:WARD 8 COMMUNITY HALL                         | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39)  | 6,127                         | 7,139  | 8,373  |                              |        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | MIG:Z3:WARD 13 COMMUNITY HALL                        | Zone 3: Imbali (Ward 13,14,15,17,18,19)         | 1,627                         | 2,415  | 3,973  |                              |        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | MIG:Z5:MADIBA COMMUNITY HALL                         | Zone 5: Northern (Ward 28,29,30,31,32,34,35&38) | 6,777                         | 7,823  | 10,203   |                              |        |
|                    | MIG:Z5:REHABILITATION OF LANDFILL SITE - Phase 2 - 4 | Zone 5: Northern (Ward 28,29,30,31,32,34,35&38) | 2,000                         | 2,100  | 2,200  |                              |        |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | ART:Z4:UPGR LIBRARY RENOVATIONS                      |   | 3,500                         | 3,500  | 3,500  |                              |        |



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# E.5.5.4. HOUSING

| GOAL                                     | VALUE STATEMNET     | TARGET   |
|--|---------------------|--|
| By 2030, Msunduzi is a city with         | 2.2 Housing         | 2.2.1 100% eradication of informal settlements.      |
| sufficient and well-maintained road,     | backlogs are        | 2.2.2 Rural Residential housing infrastructure       |
| rail, and other physical infrastructure  | significantly       | backlogs are reduced such that less than 10%         |
| serving all residents, whether they use  | reduced, with       | of households remain without access to formal        |
| public or private transport modes. It    | human settlement    | housing.   |
| has layers of diverse transport networks | patterns reflecting | 2.2.3 Zero tolerance for exclusions based on         |
| interconnecting at centres and           | inclusive           | racial, ethnic, religious or other demographic       |
| internal urban hubs. Human settlement    | demographics.       | characteristics, is reflected in 100% of new         |
| initiatives reduce housing backlogs      |                     | settlement patterns.                                 |
| and eliminate spatial separation by      |                     | 2.2.4 20% of each new mixed-use development          |
| racial categories. Telecommunications    |                     | consists of rental stock.                            |
| and information technology is            |                     | 2.2.5 30% densification of urban space.              |
| universally accessible and reliable.     |                     | 2.2.6 Council Rental Stock maintained on a regular   |
| Social infrastructure, focussed on       |                     | and consistent basis to eliminate unsafe structures  |
| educational, health and recreational     |                     | and to prevent deterioration of Council's assets.    |
| facilities meets all communities' needs. |                     | 2.2.7 Old Rental Stock to be reduced by transferring |
|  |                     | certain units to qualifying tenants.                 |
|  |                     | 2.2.8 Allocations of new houses in subsidised        |
|  |                     | housing projects to be 100% compliant with DOHS      |
|  |                     | policies by the installation of Housing Needs        |
|  |                     | Register and capture of names.                       |

TABLE 110: HUMAN SETTLEMENTS BUDGET FOR 2022-23 TO 2024-25

| WARD | PROJECT NAME                           | PROJECT TYPE           | FUNDING SOURCE | 2018/19    | 2019/20    | 2020/21    |
|------|--|------------------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 1    | Vulindlela Rural Housing Project       | Housing                | DOHS           | 35,000,000 |            |            |
| 2    | Vulindlela Rural Housing Project       | Housing                | DOHS           | 35,000,000 |            |            |
| 3    | Vulindlela Rural Housing Project       | Housing                | DOHS           | 35,000,000 |            |            |
| 4    | Vulindlela Rural Housing Project       | Housing                | DOHS           | 35,000,000 |            |            |
| 5    | Vulindlela Rural Housing Project       | Housing                | DOHS           | 35,000,000 |            |            |
| 6    | Vulindlela Rural Housing Project       | Housing                | DOHS           | 35,000,000 |            |            |
| 7    | Vulindlela Rural Housing Project       | Housing                | DOHS           | 35,000,000 |            |            |
| 8    | Vulindlela Rural Housing Project       | Housing                | DOHS           | 35,000,000 |            |            |
| 9    | Vulindlela Rural Housing Project       | Housing                | DOHS           | 35,000,000 |            |            |
| 10   | Edendale Unit S Phase 8 Ext.           | Housing - Construction | DOHS           | 11,250,000 | 15,000,000 | 15,000,000 |
| 10   | Kwa 30                                 | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 1,200,000  | 10,000,000 | 15,000,000 |
| 11   | Lot 182 Snating                        | Housing - Construction | DOHS           | 3,000,000  |            |            |
| 11   | Snating Phase 1                        | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 1,000,000  | 7,500,000  | 15,000,000 |
| 11   | Snating Phase 2                        | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 0          | 2,500,000  | 500,000    |
| 12   | Khalanyoni                             | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 2,500,000  | 10,000,000 | 20,000,000 |
| 14   | Willowfountrain - Bulwer               | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 800,000    | 7,500,000  | 15,000,000 |
| 14   | Willowfountrain - Terminus             | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 0          | 1,000,000  | 3,000,000  |
| 14   | Willowfountrain - Phupha               | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 0          | 1,000,000  | 3,000,000  |
| 15   | Edendale T2 & T3                       | Housing - Construction | DOHS           | 90,000     | 3,000,000  | 12,000,000 |
| 15   | Edendale J2 and Quarry                 | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 1,000,000  | 7,500,000  | 15,000,000 |
| 17   | Edendale EE - Phase 1                  | Housing - Construction | DOHS           | 8,352,000  | 0          | 0          |
| 17   | Edendale EE - Phase 3                  | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 0          | 1,000,000  | 3,000,000  |
| 18   | Shenstone / Ambleton                   | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 2,000,000  | 7,500,000  | 15,000,000 |
| 19   | Imbali Hostel                          | Housing - Planning     | DOHS           | 0          | 5,000,000  | 7,500,000  |
| 20   | Harewood                               | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 800,000    | 3,000,000  | 12,000,000 |
| 20   | Caluza / Smero                         | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 800,000    | 3,000,000  | 12,000,000 |
| 20   | Bhobhonono / Masomini                  | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 800,000    | 3,000,000  | 12,000,000 |
| 21   | Edendale 5 Priority Project            | Housing - Land Acq.    | DOHS           | 7,000,000  | 7,000,000  | 0          |
| 22   | Land Acquisition                       | Urban Improvement      | DOHS           | 15,000,000 | 0          | 0          |
| 23   | Peace Valley 2                         | Housing - Planning     | DOHS           | 2,000,000  | 7,000,000  | 15,000,000 |
| 24   | Oribi Village                          | Housing - Planning     | DOHS           | 0          | 10,000,000 | 25,000,000 |
| 25   | OSS Phase 2                            | Housing - Construction | DOHS           | 12,000,000 | 5,000,000  | 0          |
| 26   | Signal Hill / Peace Valley 3           | Housing - Planning     | DOHS           | 7,000,000  | 25,000,000 | 30,000,000 |
| 27   | Railway Precinct - Baverstock - Rental | Housing - Planning     | DOHS           | 0          | 5,000,000  | 15,000,000 |
| 29   | Copesville                             | Housing - Planning     | DOHS           | 2,500,000  | 10,000,000 | 15,000,000 |
| 30   | Bakerville                             | Land Acquisition       | DOHS           | 0          | 20,000,000 | 0          |
| 32   | Happy Valley                           | Housing - Construction | DOHS           | 3,000,000  | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000 |
| 32   | Site 11                                | Housing - Construction | DOHS           | 3,000,000  | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000 |



| WARD            | PROJECT NAME               | PROJECT TYPE           | FUNDING SOURCE | 2018/19    | 2019/20    | 2020/21     |
|-----------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| 32              | Yellowood Place            | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 500,000    | 3,000,000  | 12,000,000  |
| 33              | Jika Joe CRU               | Construction           | DOHS           | 10,000,000 | 20,000,000 | 40,000,000  |
| 33              | Jika Joe CRU               | Construction           | DOHS           | 64,000,000 | 90,000,000 | 120,000,000 |
| 35              | Sobantu Infill             | Housing - Planning     | DOHS           | 0          | 5,000,000  | 15,000,000  |
| 37              | Ethembeni - IRDP           | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 1,000,000  | 20,000,000 | 30,000,000  |
| 37              | Mkondeni / SACCA           | Housing - Interim      | DOHS           | 50,000,000 | 30,000,000 | 30,000,000  |
| 38              | Tamboville                 | Housing - Construction | DOHS           | 3,000,000  | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000  |
| 38              | Thembalihle                | Housing - Construction | DOHS           | 3,000,000  | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000  |
| 38              | Q Section                  | Housing - Construction | DOHS           | 3,000,000  | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000  |
| 38              | Glenwood South East Sector | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 800,000    | 3,000,000  | 7,500,000   |
| 39              | OSS                        | Housing - Feasibility  | DOHS           | 1,000,000  | 28,000,000 | 20,000,000  |
| 10, 13, 17 & 23 | Msunduzi Wirewall          | Housing - Construction | DOHS           | 9,000,000  | 25,000,000 | 25,000,000  |

# E.5.5.5. ROADS, STORMWATER, BUILDINGS AND TRANSPORTATION

|          | GOAL  | VALUE STATEMENT               | TARGET  |
|----------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| By 2030  | O, Msunduzi is a city with sufficient and well-maintained     | 2.1 A diversity of private    | 2.1.1 Road and rail infrastructure backlogs are reduced         |
| road, r  | ail, and other physical infrastructure serving all residents, | (cars, bikes, walking) and    | such that 90% of communities have access to road and rail       |
| whethe   | er they use public or private transport modes. It has         | public (trains, buses, taxis) | services.   |
| layers   | of diverse transport networks interconnecting at centres      | transport options, using      | 2.1.2 100% compliant with Roads infrastructure management       |
| and int  | ernal urban hubs. Human settlement initiatives reduce         | a range of adequate           | plan.   |
| housin   | g backlogs and eliminate spatial separation by racial         | physical infrastructure       | 2.1.3 90% of Msunduzi residents can get to work within 45       |
| catego   | ries. Telecommunications and information technology           | (roads, rail, and bikeways/   | minutes.  |
| is unive | ersally accessible and reliable. Social infrastructure,       | walkways) is readily          | 2.1.4 Reliable Public transport services are available 24 hours |
| focusse  | ed on educational, health and recreational facilities         | available to all residents.   | per day, with accessibility every 15 minutes to key activity    |
| meets    | all communities' needs.                                       |                               | nodes.  |
|          |   |                               | 2.1.5 90% of travel in morning peak periods comprise            |
|          |   |                               | walking, cycling or energy efficient public transport.          |

TABLE 111: ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION BUDGET FOR 2022-23 TO 2024-25

| KZN225 Msunduzi - Supporting Table SA36 Consolidated detailed capital budget |   |   |  |   |             |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|---|-------------|--|--|
| 201  |   |   | 2022/23 Medium Term<br>Revenue & Expenditure |   |             |  |  |
| R thousand   |   |   |  | ie & Expen<br>Frameworl                 |             |  |  |
|  |   |   | Budget                                       | Budget                                  | N<br>Budget |  |  |
| Function   | Project Description                             | Ward Location                                   | Year   | Year +1                                 | Year +2     |  |  |
|  |   |   | 2022/23                                      | 2024/24                                 | 2024/25     |  |  |
| Parent municipality: ROADS AND   | MIG:Z2:REHAB OF ROADS IN                        | Zono 2: Edondalo (Mard                          |  | 2 000                                   | 4 000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION   | ASHDOWN - Phase 2                               | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward 10,11,12,16,20,21,22,23) | _  | 3,000                                   | 6,000       |  |  |
| ROADS AND  | MIG:Z2:UPG GRV RD-EDN-                          | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward                          | 3,000  | 5,000                                   | 1,000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION   | DAMBUZA PHASE 3                                 | 10,11,12,16,20,21,22,23)                        | ŕ  | Í                                       |             |  |  |
| ROADS AND  | MIG:Z3:UPGRADING OF                             | Zone 3: Imbali (Ward                            | 5,000  | 9,000                                   | 1,000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION   | GRAVEL ROADS - EDN- Roads in Unit 14 / Unit P   | 13,14,15,17,18,19)                              |  |   |             |  |  |
| ROADS AND  | MIG:Z2:UPGR GRV RD-                             | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward                          | 2,000  | _                                       | 6,000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION   | GREATER EDN-CALUZA                              | 10,11,12,16,20,21,22,23)                        | 2,000  |   | 0,000       |  |  |
| ROADS AND  | MIG:Z2:UPGR GRV RD-                             | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward                          | 1,950  | -                                       | 4,000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION   | GREATER EDN-HAREWOOD                            | 10,11,12,16,20,21,22,23)                        |  | 4 502                                   |             |  |  |
| ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION   | MIG:Z2:UPGR GRV RD-<br>GREATER EDN-SNATHING     | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward 10,11,12,16,20,21,22,23) | -  | 1,583                                   | 6,000       |  |  |
| ROADS AND  | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV RD-                             | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward                        | _  | _                                       | -           |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION   | VULINDLELA-D2069 PH3                            | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39)                           |  |   |             |  |  |
| ROADS AND  | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV ROADS-                          | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward                        | 1,000  | -                                       | 6,000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION   | VULINDLELA-WARD 3                               | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39)                           |  | 2 500                                   | 1 000       |  |  |
| ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION   | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV ROADS-<br>VULINDLELA-WARD 4     | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39)  | _  | 3,500                                   | 1,000       |  |  |
| ROADS AND  | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV ROADS-                          | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward                        | 5,000  | 3,500                                   | 2,000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION   | VULINDLELA-WARD 6                               | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39)                           | ŕ  | ,                                       |             |  |  |
| ROADS AND  | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV ROADS-                          | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward                        | 5,292  | 5,000                                   | 1,000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION ROADS AND   | VULINDLELA-WARD 7 MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV RD-           | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39) Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward  | 5,708  | 7,000                                   | 1,000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION   | VULINDLELA-WARD 8                               | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39)                           | 3,700  | 7,000                                   | 1,000       |  |  |
| ROADS AND  | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV ROADS-                          | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward                        | -  | 5,500                                   | 3,000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION   | VULINDLELA-WARD 9                               | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39)                           | 0.500  |   | 2 222       |  |  |
| ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION   | MIG:Z2:UPGR RD IN PEACE VALLEY EDN              | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward 10,11,12,16,20,21,22,23) | 8,500  | -                                       | 3,000       |  |  |
| ROADS AND  | MIG:Z3:UPGRADE OF GRAVEL                        | Zone 3: Imbali (Ward                            | -  | 5,500                                   | 3,000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION   | ROADS - WILLOWFOUNTAIN                          | 13,14,15,17,18,19)                              |  | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 2,222       |  |  |
|  | MAIN RD PHASE 3 -Ward 14                        |   |  |   |             |  |  |
| ROADS AND<br>TRANSPORTATION  | MIG:Z2: UPGR GRV RD-                            | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward                          | -  | 3,000                                   | 3,000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION   | GEORGETOWN/ ESIGODINI - Phase 2                 | 10,11,12,16,20,21,22,23)                        |  |   |             |  |  |
| ROADS AND  | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV ROADS-                          | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward                        | 6,700  | 4,000                                   | 1,000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION   | VUL-WARD 1                                      | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39)                           |  |   |             |  |  |
| ROADS AND  | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV ROADS-                          | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward                        | 2,000  | -                                       | 1,000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION ROADS AND   | VUL-WARD 5 MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV ROADS-               | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39) Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward  | 3,000  | 1,000                                   | 5,000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION   | VULINDLELA-WARD 39                              | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39)                           | 3,000  | 1,000                                   | 3,000       |  |  |
| ROADS AND  | MIG: Z1:REHABILITATION OF                       | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward                        | 1,500  | -                                       | 5,000       |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION   | ROADS - VULINDLELA WARD 2                       | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39)                           |  | 4 000                                   |             |  |  |
| ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION   | MIG:Z3:REHABILITATION OF ROADS - FRANCE Ward 13 | Zone 3: Imbali (Ward<br>13,14,15,17,18,19)      | 2,000  | 1,000                                   | _           |  |  |
| TRANSPURTATION   | EDENDALE  | 13, 14, 13, 17, 10, 19)                         |  |   |             |  |  |
|  |   |   |  |   |             |  |  |

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# FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2024-2024

| KZN225 Msunduzi - Supporting Table SA36 Consolidated detailed capital budget |   |  |   |                              |                              |  |
|--|---|--|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| R thousand   |   |  | 2022/23 Medium Term<br>Revenue & Expenditure<br>Framework |                              |                              |  |
| Function   | Project Description   | Ward Location                              | Budget<br>Year<br>2022/23                                 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2024/25 |  |
| ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION   | LEVS:Z4:ROAD REHAB - PMS  | Zone 4:Central (Ward 24,25,26,27,33,36,37) | 15,000  |                              |                              |  |
| ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION   | LEVS:ZA:NEW:TRANSPORT<br>ASSETS                                 | All Zones - ZA                             | 1,500   |                              |                              |  |
| ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION   | LEVS:ZA: TRAFFIC CALMING MEASURES                               | All Zones - ZA                             | 500   | 500                          | 500                          |  |
| ROADS AND<br>TRANSPORTATION  | LEVS:ZA:NEW:MACHINERY & EQUIP - ( MODIFFIED STEEL CONTAINERS )  | All Zones - ZA                             | 750   | -                            | -                            |  |
| ROADS AND<br>TRANSPORTATION  | LEVS:ZA:NEW:MACHINERY & EQUIPM - (TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROLLERS)   | All Zones - ZA                             | 450   | 250                          | 100                          |  |
| ROADS AND<br>TRANSPORTATION  | LEVS:ZA:NEW:MACHINERY<br>& EQUIPM - ( SPRAY PAINT<br>MACHINES ) | All Zones - ZA                             | 400   | -                            |                              |  |
| ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION   | LEVS:AH:NEW:COMPUTER EQUIPMENT                                  | Admin or head office - AH                  | 50  | -                            | -                            |  |
| ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION   | LEVS:AH:NEW:COMPUTER EQUIPMENT                                  | Admin or head office - AH                  | 95  | -                            | -                            |  |
| ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION   | LEVS:ZA:NEW:TRANSPORT<br>ASSETS                                 | All Zones - ZA                             | 1,000   | -                            | 1,000                        |  |
| ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION   | LEVS:ZA:MAYORS WALK ROAD WIDENING                               | Ward 26 - Zone 4 Central                   |   |                              |                              |  |
| ROADS AND<br>TRANSPORTATION  | LEVS:ZA:EAST RING ROAD-<br>DETAIL DES&CONSTR                    | Ward 35 - Zone 5 Northern                  | 500   | 550                          | 5,750                        |  |
| ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION   | LEVS:ZA:NEW:TRANSPORT<br>ASSETS                                 | All Zones - ZA                             | 755   |                              |                              |  |
| ROADS AND<br>TRANSPORTATION  | Purchase of Sidra software                                      | Admin or head office - AH                  | 850   | 1,000                        | 1,000                        |  |
| ROADS AND<br>TRANSPORTATION  | Purchase of Roads design software                               | Admin or head office - AH                  | 850   | 1,000                        | 500                          |  |

| PROPOSED BUDGET 2014/2015 | PRIORITY CATEGORY 1 | PRIORITY CATEGORY 2 | PRIORITY CATEGORY 3 |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| 62 611 900                | 53 381 900          | 8 730 000           | 500 000             |  |  |  |
| 92 200 000                | 51 200 000          | 38 800 000          |                     |  |  |  |
| DoRA Allocation           |                     |                     |                     |  |  |  |
| 154 811 900               | 104 581 900         | 47 530 000          | 500 000             |  |  |  |

# FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2023-2024



E.5.5.6. FLEET

| GOAL                               | VALUE STATEMENT                | TARGET                                      |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| By 2030, the Msunduzi              | 6.2 By 2030, Msunduzi will     | 6.2.1 100% effective administration         |
| Municipality is a financially      | have a civil society that      | complying with its legal mandates.          |
| sound and well governed            | actively participates in, and  | 6.2.2 Effective fleet management to ensure  |
| institution, delivering on its     | contributes to, sound decision | resource availability for service delivery. |
| legislative mandates and           | making, ensuring greater       | 6.2.3 To maximize the disaster resilience   |
| offering residents of the          | accountability of Councillors  | of Msunduzi through coordination of all     |
| Municipality value for their rates | and Officials.                 | pre-disaster risk reduction - as well as    |
| payments.                          |                                | post disaster response activities within a  |
|                                    |                                | framework of sustainable development.       |

TABLE 112: FLEET MANAGEMENT BUDGET 2022-23 TO 2024-25

| K  | ZN225 Msunduzi - Supporting Ta | able SA36 Detailed capi                                     |   |                              |                              |  |
|--|--------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| R thousand   |                                |   | 2022/23 Medium Term<br>Revenue & Expenditure<br>Framework |                              |                              |  |
| Function   | Project Description            | Ward Location   | Budget<br>Year<br>2022/23                                 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2024/25 |  |
| CITY FINANCE                                       | FUEL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM         | Administrative or Head Office (Including Satellite Offices) | 300   |                              |                              |  |
| CITY FINANCE                                       | NEW VEHICLES                   | Administrative or Head Office (Including Satellite Offices) | 3,500   | 3,500                        | 3,500                        |  |
| CITY MANAGER                                       | TRANSPORT ASSETS. NEW          |   | 1,300   |                              |                              |  |
| CITY MANAGER                                       | TRANSPORT ASSETS. NEW          |   | 300   | 320                          | 320                          |  |
| CITY MANAGER                                       | TRANSPORT ASSETSNEW            |   | 350   | -                            | -                            |  |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES                                 | LEVS:ZA:NEW:TRANSPORT ASSETS   | ZONE 4  | 350   | 1,000                        | 3,000                        |  |
| SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND CITY ENTERPRISES       | NEW:NEW:TRANSPORT ASSETS       | Zone 4:Central (Ward 24,25,26,27,33,36,37)                  | 1,500   |                              |                              |  |
| SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOPMENT AND<br>CITY ENTERPRISES | NEW:NEW:TRANSPORT ASSETS       | Zone 4:Central (Ward 24,25,26,27,33,36,37)                  | -   |                              |                              |  |
| SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOPMENT AND<br>CITY ENTERPRISES | NEW:NEW:TRANSPORT ASSETS       | Zone 4:Central (Ward 24,25,26,27,33,36,37)                  | 50  | -                            | -                            |  |
| ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION                           | LEVS:ZA:NEW:TRANSPORT ASSETS   | All Zones - ZA  | 1,500   |                              |                              |  |
| ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION                           | LEVS:ZA:NEW:TRANSPORT ASSETS   | All Zones - ZA  | 1,000   | -                            | 1,000                        |  |
| ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION                           | LEVS:ZA:NEW:TRANSPORT ASSETS   | All Zones - ZA  | 755   |                              |                              |  |

| GOAL                     | VALUE STATEMENT  | TARGET   |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| By 2030, Msunduzi is     | 1.2 City-wide energy infrastructure and service delivery provides  | 1.2.1 Disruption to energy supply is minimised to 6 hours in       |
| a city serviced with     | a reliable, high quality supply of energy. Energy supply meets     | 100% of incidents.   |
| quality water and        | the anticipated increased demand for electricity specifically,     | 1.2.2 Electricity supply keeps pace with expected growth of 4%     |
| sanitation reticulation, | including peak periods.  | per annum.   |
| uninterrupted,           |  | 1.2.3 100% of households have basic electricity supply.            |
| adequate energy          | 1.3 Energy prices are affordable for residents.                    | 1.3.1 100% of municipal households are fitted with solar water     |
| supply, and regular      |  | heating geysers.   |
| waste removal - for      | 1.4 Use of renewable sources of energy is widespread.              | 1.4.1 100% of street lights and 100% of traffic signals in the CBD |
| ALL neighbourhoods,      |  | are powered by renewable energy.                                   |
| communities, and         | 1.5 Energy production, capacity, storage, management, and          | 1.5.1 Demand management provides a 10% reduction in peak           |
| centres of business.     | distribution rapidly adapts to changing patterns of demand.        | demand.  |
|                          | 1.6 City-wide infrastructure and service delivery provides reduced | 1.6.1 Reduces electricity losses to below 5% of bulk supply        |
|                          | electricity losses.  | purchases.   |

**TABLE 113: ELECTRICITY BUDGET FOR 2022-23 TO 2024-25** 

| KZN225 Msunduzi - Supporting Table SA36 Consolidated detailed capital budget |   |                                     |                               |  |   |                              |                              |  |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| R thousand   |   |                                     |                               |  | 2022/23 Medium Term<br>Revenue & Expenditure<br>Framework |                              |                              |  |
| Function   | Project Description                                     | Ward Location                       | Audited<br>Outcome<br>2020/21 |  | Budget<br>Year<br>2022/23                                 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2024/25 |  |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | ALNS:Z1: HILTON INFRASTRUCTURE UPGRADE                  | Zone 1 - ( Mgeni wards 1,2,3,22 )   |                               |  | 27,999  |                              |                              |  |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | ALNS: MASONS 132/11kv PRIMARY<br>SUBSTATION UPGRADE     | Zone 2 , Zone 4 ( Wards 23,24,26 )  |                               |  | 46,001  | 13,269                       |                              |  |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | LEVS:MASONS 132/11kv PRIMARY SUBSTATION UPGRADE         | Zone 2 , Zone 4 ( Wards 23,24,26 )  |                               |  |   |                              | 32,731                       |  |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | ALNS:Z4: UPGRADE OF PINE STREET PRIMARY SUBSTATION      | Zone 4 (Wards 25,26,27, )           |                               |  |   | 55,041                       |                              |  |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | ALNS: Z1: UPGRADE OF CROSSWAYS SUBSTATION               | Zone 1 - ( Mgeni wards 1,2,3 )      |                               |  |   | 27,691                       |                              |  |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | LEVS: Z4: UPGRADE OF ARCHBELL STREET PRIMARY SUBSTATION | Zone 4 , Zone 5 (Wards 27, 32, 33 ) |                               |  |   |                              | 24,890                       |  |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | ALNS:ZA:NEW MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT                       | All Zones - ZA                      |                               |  | 5,900   | 1,496                        |                              |  |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | ALNS:ZA:NEW MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT                       | All Zones - ZA                      |                               |  | 2,400   | 1,504                        |                              |  |

| KZN225 Msunduzi - Supporting Table SA36 Consolidated detailed capital budget |   |  |                               |   |   |                              |                              |
|--|---|--|-------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R thousand   |   |  |                               |   | 2022/23 Medium Term<br>Revenue & Expenditure<br>Framework |                              |                              |
| Function   | Project Description                               | Ward Location                                  | Audited<br>Outcome<br>2020/21 | Current<br>Year<br>2021/22<br>Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2022/23                                 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2024/25 |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | ALNS:ZA:NEW MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT                 | All Zones - ZA                                 |                               |   | 17,700  | 1,000                        |                              |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | INEP:Z5: JESMONDENE ELECTRIFICATION               | Zone 5 - Ward 35                               |                               |   | 1,700   |                              |                              |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | INEP:Z5: SWAPO INFILLS ELECTRIFICATION            | Zone 5 - Ward 30                               |                               |   | 350   | 560                          |                              |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | INEP:Z5:THEMBALIHLE ELECTRIFICATION               | Zone 5 - Ward 38                               |                               |   | 3,060   |                              |                              |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | INEP:Z2: BUNTINE PLACE ELECTRIFICATION            | Zone 2 - Ward 23                               |                               |   | _   |                              |                              |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | INEP:Z5: EZINKETHENI INFILLS ELECTRIFICATION      | Zone 5 - Ward 29                               |                               |   | 3,400   | 400                          |                              |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | INEP:Z4:JIKA JOE CRU'S PHASE 1<br>ELECTRIFICATION | Zone 4 - Ward 33                               |                               |   | 10,490  |                              |                              |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | INEP:Z1:SWEEETWATERS INFILLS ELECTRIFICATION      | Zone 1 - Ward 1                                |                               |   | 1,600   | 5,080                        | 3,543                        |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | INEP:Z5:ZAMOKUHLE (TAMBOVILLE) ELECTRIFICATION    | Zone 5 - Ward 38                               |                               |   | 3,400   |                              |                              |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | INEP:Z5:NHLALAKAHLE INFILLS                       | Zone 5 - Ward 28                               |                               |   |   | 400                          |                              |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | INEP:Z1:PHAYIPHINI INFILLS                        | Zone 1 - Ward 1                                |                               |   |   | 560                          |                              |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | INEP:Z4:JIKA JOE CRU'S PHASE 2<br>ELECTRIFICATION | Zone 4 - Ward 33                               |                               |   |   |                              | 5,457                        |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | LEVS:ZA:EAST RING ROAD-DETAIL DES&CONSTR          | Ward 35 - Zone 5 Northern                      |                               |   | 500   | 550                          | 5,750                        |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | LEVS:ZA:NEW:TRANSPORT ASSETS                      | All Zones - ZA                                 |                               |   | 755   |                              |                              |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | LEVS:AH:NEW:MACHINERY & EQUIP - ( IP PHONES )     | Admin or head office - AH                      |                               |   | 40  |                              | -                            |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | LEVS:ZA:NEW:MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT               | All Zones - ZA                                 |                               |   | 1,500   | -                            | -                            |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | LEVS:AH:NEW:COMPUTER EQUIPMENT                    | Admin or head office - AH                      |                               |   | 275   | -                            | -                            |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | LEVS:AH:NEW:CHANGE ROOMS REHAB                    | Admin or head office - AH                      |                               |   | 1,000   | -                            | -                            |
| INFRASTRUCTURE   | MIG:Z1:HIGH MAST LIGHTS-VUL & GREAT EDN           | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9&39) |                               |   | 6,000   | 6,300                        | 9,900                        |
| Electricity project B  |   |  |                               |   |   |                              |                              |



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# FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2024-2024

| ELECT | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | PROPOSED BUDGET 2014/2015 | PRIORITY<br>CATEGORY 1 | PRIORITY CATEGORY 2 | PRIORITY CATEGORY 3 |
|-------|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|       | CNL               | 128 500 000               | 128 500 000            | 0                   | 0                   |
|       | DOE               | 8 000 000                 | 8 000 000              | 0                   | 0                   |
|       | DME               | 100 000 000               | 100 000 000            | 0                   | 0                   |
|       | INEP              | 20 000 000                | 20 000 000             | 0                   | 0                   |
|       | MIG               | 10 000 000                | 10 000 000             | 0                   | 0                   |
|       | TOTAL             | R 266 500 000.00          | R 266 500 000.00       | 0                   | 0                   |

## FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2023-2024



#### SECTION F CHAPTER 6: FINANCIAL PLAN

#### F.6.1. INTRODUCTION

The municipality volunteered to be undertake the financial recovery plan (FRP) which is monitored and tracked by the national treasury. The FRP development process commenced in May 2022. The NT MFRS coordinated the FRP development process in cooperation with 4 functional workstreams to cover the 4 municipal sustainability pillars. Following a diagnostic assessment, an FRP Status Quo Assessment Report and Implementation Plan has been completed to inform baseline findings, recovery strategies and activities.

The financial recovery plan adopts a strategic, focused approach which is time-bound yet comprehensive enough to ensure that the underlying causes of the challenges are adequately addressed. To achieve this objective, the financial recovery plan presents a phased approach to recovery, differentiating between issues to be addressed in the short, medium, and long term. The recovery plan is divided into three distinct but interdependent phases. These include a Rescue Phase (Phase 1) which focuses primarily on cash and restoring the cash position of the municipality, followed by a Stabilisation Phase (Phase 2) which expands on the financial indicators to be monitored and emphasises key governance and institutional issues which must simultaneously be addressed and finally, a Sustainability Phase (Phase 3) to ensure that indicators are developed that will give effect to the long-term financial sustainability of the municipality. The approach is designed to ensure that financial recovery is not only achieved, but more importantly, that progress is institutionalised and sustained within the Msunduzi Municipality.

A financial forecasting model has been used to demonstrate the potential financial recovery for the Msunduzi FRP over the MTREF period. Grounded on the effective implementation of the FRP, it is anticipated that the municipality will progressively move towards a position of improved financial sustainability over a 3-year period. If key operational efficiencies are achieved in line with FRP Implementation Plan, it could be expected that the projected (but overstated) cash surplus of R231 million at the end of the 2020/21 Financial Year could improve to a cash surplus of R766 million at the end of the 2021/22 Financial Year. After the realistic adjustment of working capital for debtors, the cash surplus is likely to reduce with R325 million in 2022/23 before it could increase with R659 million in 2024/24 and a further R1,1 bn in 2024/25. If these positive trends could be achieved and sustained, it could realistically be expected that it will take the municipality a period of 3 years to move to a position of sustainable financial health. The forecasting model is flexible, and figures will be adjusted annually aligned with the revised FRP activities to facilitate sustained financial health improvement. The municipality's adherence to the FRP will be monitored in terms of its achievement of the targets for revenue and expenditure set out in the financial forecasting mode

The following table summarises the Msunduzi Operating Budget.

TABLE 114: 2024-24 TO 2025-26 MUNICIPAL OPERATING BUDGET

| Kwazulu-Natal: Ms                                   | sunduzi (k | (ZN225) - T        | able A4 Bud        | geted Finan        | icial Perfori   | mance ( All        | ) for 1st Qu          | ıarter ende          | d 30 Septer               | mber 2022                 |                           |  |  |  |
|---|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Description   | Ref        | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            | d Financial Performance ( All ) for 1st Quarter ended 30 September 2022  Current year 2022/23  & Expenditure Fram |                    |                       |                      |                           |                           |                           |  |  |  |
| R thousands   | 1          | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget  | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Pre-audit<br>Outcome | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/25 | Budget<br>Year<br>2025/26 |  |  |  |
| Revenue   |            |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |                       |                      |                           |                           |                           |  |  |  |
| Exchange Revenue                                    |            |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |                       |                      |                           |                           |                           |  |  |  |
| Service charges - Electricity                       | 2          | 2,159,912          | 2,149,844          | 2,537,835          | 3,183,150   | 3,183,150          | 3,183,150             | 770,525              | 3,892,818                 | 4,515,669                 | 5,328,489                 |  |  |  |
| Service charges - Water                             | 2          | 662,849            | 765,358            | 789,024            | 819,610   | 819,610            | 819,610               | 206,978              | 901,572                   | 945,749                   | 990,199                   |  |  |  |
| Service charges - Waste Wa-<br>ter Management       | 2          | 172,221            | 164,794            | 179,996            | 174,569   | 174,569            | 174,569               | 47,750               | 202,500                   | 212,422                   | 222,406                   |  |  |  |
| Service charges - Waste<br>Management               | 2          | 109,639            | 108,298            | 113,017            | 129,665   | 129,665            | 129,665               | 28,488               | 138,742                   | 145,540                   | 152,380                   |  |  |  |
| Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services             |            | 23,622             | 9,325              | 243                | 69,284  | 60,163             | 60,163                | 6,153                | 43,362                    | 46,508                    | 48,694                    |  |  |  |
| Agency services                                     |            | 1,090              | 1,931              | 2,139              | 668   | 668                | 668                   | 967                  | 715                       | 750                       | 785                       |  |  |  |
| Interest  |            | -                  | -                  | -                  | -   | -                  | -                     | -                    | -                         | -                         | -                         |  |  |  |
| Interest earned from Receivables                    |            | 225,861            | 144,312            | 98,773             | 179,343   | 179,343            | 179,343               | 44,092               | 198,174                   | 207,885                   | 217,655                   |  |  |  |
| Interest earned from Current and Non Current Assets |            | 12,881             | 7,908              | 10,445             | 17,030  | 17,030             | 17,030                | 2,056                | 18,052                    | 19,225                    | 20,494                    |  |  |  |
| Dividends   |            | -                  | -                  | -                  | -   | -                  | -                     | -                    | -                         | -                         | -                         |  |  |  |
| Rent on Land  |            | -                  | -                  | -                  | -   | -                  | -                     | -                    | -                         | -                         | -                         |  |  |  |
| Rental from Fixed Assets                            |            | 43,597             | 14,559             | 25,415             | ,   | 37,424             | 37,424                | 2,796                | 104,824                   | 112,624                   | 117,917                   |  |  |  |
| Licence and permits                                 |            | 604                | 603                | 984                | 1,500   | 1,500              | 1,500                 | 241                  | 2,452                     | 2,667                     | 2,793                     |  |  |  |
| Operational Revenue                                 |            | 47,563             | 53,314             | 54,548             | 107,716   | 116,837            | 116,837               | 6,986                | 187,045                   | 202,867                   | 212,402                   |  |  |  |
| Non-Exchange Revenue                                |            |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |                       |                      |                           |                           |                           |  |  |  |
| Property rates                                      | 2          | 1,177,108          | 1,204,676          | 1,261,538          | 1,427,089   | 1,427,089          | 1,427,089             | 351,471              | 1,526,985                 | 1,601,807                 | 1,677,092                 |  |  |  |
| Surcharges and Taxes                                |            | •                  | -                  | -                  | -   | •                  | •                     | •                    | •                         | -                         | -                         |  |  |  |
| Fines, penalties and forfeits                       |            | 13,273             | 16,062             | 14,489             | 2,005   | 2,005              | 2,005                 | 808                  | 14,660                    | 8,468                     | 8,866                     |  |  |  |
| Licences or permits                                 |            | -                  | -                  | -                  | -   |                    |                       |                      |                           | -                         | -                         |  |  |  |
| Transfer and subsidies - Operational                |            | 637,128            | 756,194            | 676,172            | 855,842   | 800,709            | 800,709               | 286,398              | 838,135                   | 906,229                   | 982,611                   |  |  |  |
| Interest  |            | 66,393             | 44,323             | 50,190             | 45,875  | 45,875             | 45,875                | 15,316               | 50,691                    | 53,175                    | 55,674                    |  |  |  |

| Kwazulu-Natal: Ms  | sunduzi (k | (ZN225) - Ta       | able A4 Bud        | geted Finar        | icial Perforr      | nance ( All        | ) for 1st Qι          | ıarter ende          | d 30 Septe                | mber 2022                  |                           |
|--|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Description  | Ref        | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            |                    | Current yea        | ar 2022/23            |                      | & Expe                    | Nedium Teri<br>nditure Fra | mework                    |
| R thousands  | 1          | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Pre-audit<br>Outcome | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/25  | Budget<br>Year<br>2025/26 |
| Fuel Levy  |            | -                  | -                  |                    | -                  | -                  | -                     |                      | -                         | -                          | -                         |
| Operational Revenue  |            | -                  | -                  |                    | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                    | -                         | -                          | -                         |
| Gains on disposal of Assets  |            | -                  | -                  | 5,195              | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                    | -                         | -                          | -                         |
| Other Gains  |            | 76,321             | 66,626             | (833)              | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                    | -                         | -                          | -                         |
| Discontinued Operations  |            | -                  | -                  |                    | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                    | -                         | -                          | -                         |
| Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)          |            | 5,430,061          | 5,508,128          | 5,819,171          | 7,050,770          | 6,995,637          | 6,995,637             | 1,771,025            | 8,120,726                 | 8,981,586                  | 10,038,459                |
| Expenditure  |            |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                      |                           |                            |                           |
| Employee related costs   | 2          | 1,242,960          | 1,427,114          | 1,483,037          | 1,579,699          | 1,633,253          | 1,633,253             |                      | 1,793,148                 | 1,856,686                  | 1,927,749                 |
| Remuneration of councillors  |            | 43,759             | 51,641             | 49,529             | 59,431             | 59,431             | 59,431                | 12,485               |                           | 65,521                     | 68,470                    |
| Bulk purchases - electricity   | 2          | 1,755,900          | 1,906,837          | 2,950,207          | 2,200,000          | 2,300,000          | 2,300,000             | 906,775              | 2,514,000                 | 3,066,820                  | 3,526,843                 |
| Inventory consumed   | 8          | 792,389            | 805,485            | 84,308             | 871,509            | 844,257            | 844,257               | 136,705              | 970,629                   | 1,018,190                  | 1,066,045                 |
| Debt impairment  | 3          | 567,919            | 660,355            | 1,011,501          | -                  | -                  | -                     | 2,802                | 600,000                   | 627,000                    | 656,469                   |
| Depreciation and amortisation  |            | 423,967            | 380,262            | 365,699            | 441,964            | 441,738            | 441,738               | 94,064               | 461,616                   | 482,389                    | 504,096                   |
| Interest   |            | 50,464             | 42,537             | 26,916             | 94,217             | 52,039             | 52,039                | 5,429                | 40,401                    | 42,219                     | 44,119                    |
| Contracted services  |            | 475,123            | 550,154            | 693,377            | 664,657            | 758,479            | 758,479               | 113,550              | 994,888                   | 1,049,324                  | 1,097,751                 |
| Transfers and subsidies  |            | 25,307             | 16,870             | 32,413             | 63,469             | 38,008             | 38,008                | 12,324               | 51,024                    | 53,395                     | 55,899                    |
| Irrecoverable debts written off  |            | 20,930             | 384,121            | 76,041             | 300,000            | 300,000            | 300,000               | 281                  |                           |                            | •                         |
| Operational costs  |            | 166,111            | 157,535            | 149,568            | 180,000            | 197,273            | 197,273               | 57,150               | 215,382                   | 225,685                    | 236,252                   |
| Losses on disposal of Assets   |            | 14,400             | 10,483             | 2,276              | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                    | -                         | -                          | -                         |
| Other Losses   |            | 94,787             | 6,935              | 5,401              | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                    | -                         | -                          | -                         |
| Total Expenditure  |            | 5,674,016          |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                      |                           |                            | 9,183,693                 |
| Surplus/(Deficit)  |            | (243,954)          | (892,202)          | (1,111,102)        | 595,823            | 371,159            | 371,159               | 67,147               | 416,938                   | 494,357                    | 854,766                   |
| Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary allocations)               | 6          | 430,114            | 498,603            | 374,230            | 446,431            | 437,597            | 437,597               | 68,011               | 448,700                   | 321,309                    | 327,882                   |
| Transfers and subsidies - capital (in-kind)                            | 6          | 1,435              | 2,104              |                    | -                  |                    |                       | •                    | -                         | -                          | •                         |
| Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers and contributions Income Tax |            | 187,594            | (391,495)          | (736,872)          | 1,042,254          | 808,756            | 808,756               | 135,158              | 865,638                   | 815,667                    | 1,182,647                 |
| medific rux  |            |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                      |                           |                            |                           |



| Kwazulu-Natal: Ms                                      | sunduzi (I | KZN225) - T        | able A4 Buc        | lgeted Finar       | ıcial Perforı      | nance ( All        | ) for 1st Qu | uarter ende          | d 30 Septer               | mber 2022                 |                           |
|--|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Description  | Ref        | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            |                    | Current ye         | ar 2022/23   |                      |                           | Nedium Ter<br>nditure Fra | m Revenue<br>mework       |
| R thousands  | 1          | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget |              | Pre-audit<br>Outcome | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/25 | Budget<br>Year<br>2025/26 |
| Surplus/(Deficit) after income tax                     |            | 187,594            | (391,495)          | (736,872)          | 1,042,254          | 808,756            | 808,756      | 135,158              | 865,638                   | 815,667                   | 1,182,647                 |
| Share of Surplus/Deficit attributable to Joint Venture |            |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |              |                      | -                         |                           |                           |
| Share of Surplus/Deficit attributable to Minorities    |            |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |              |                      |                           |                           |                           |
| Surplus/(Deficit) attributa-<br>ble to municipality    |            | 187,594            | (391,495)          | (736,872)          | 1,042,254          | 808,756            | 808,756      | 135,158              | 865,638                   | 815,667                   | 1,182,647                 |
| Share of Surplus/Deficit attributable to Associate     | 7          |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |              |                      |                           |                           | •                         |
| Intercompany/Parent subsidiary transactions            |            |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |              |                      |                           |                           |                           |
| Surplus/(Deficit) for the year                         |            | 187,594            | (391,495)          | (736,872)          | 1,042,254          | 808,756            | 808,756      | 135,158              | 865,638                   | 815,667                   | 1,182,647                 |



TABLE 115: TRANSFERS AND GRANTS RECEIPTS

| Kwazulu-Natal: Msunduzi (KZN225) - Table SA18 Transfers and Grant Receipts for 1st Quarter ended 30 September 2022 |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |   |                           |  |  |  |
|--|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Description  | Ref | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            | Curre              | nt year 202        | 2/23                  | Reveni<br>I               | 2024/24 Medium Term<br>Revenue & Expenditure<br>Framework |                           |  |  |  |
| R thousands  |     | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/25                                 | Budget<br>Year<br>2025/26 |  |  |  |
| RECEIPTS   |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |   |                           |  |  |  |
| Operating  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |   |                           |  |  |  |
| National Government  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |   |                           |  |  |  |
| Equitable Share  |     | 546,052            | 682,403            | 609,262            | 696,056            | 699,015            | 699,015               | 767,222                   | 836,664   | 910,446                   |  |  |  |
| Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant   |     | 4,200              | 3,919              | 3,516              | 5,231              | 5,231              | 5,231                 | 4,979                     |   |                           |  |  |  |
| Local Government Financial Management Grant  |     | 2,789              |                    | 1,900              | 1,950              | 1,950              | 1,950                 | 1,950                     | 1,950   | 2,088                     |  |  |  |
| Municipal Disaster Grant   |     |                    | 1,192              |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |   |                           |  |  |  |
| Municipal Infrastructure Grant   |     | 20,816             | 9,744              | 5,902              | 9,173              | 7,733              | 7,733                 | 9,830                     | 9,051   | 10,432                    |  |  |  |
| Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant [Schedule 5B]   |     |                    |                    | 19,986             |                    | 34,772             | 34,772                | 22,000                    | 35,405  | 34,595                    |  |  |  |
| Public Transport Network Grant   |     | 14,834             | •                  | 23                 |                    |                    |                       |                           |   |                           |  |  |  |
| Total Operating/National Government  |     | 588,691            | 710,548            | 640,589            | 712,410            | 748,701            | 748,701               | 805,981                   | 883,070   | 957,561                   |  |  |  |
| Provincial Government  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |   |                           |  |  |  |
| Infrastructure   |     | 43,387             | 43,734             | 30,660             | 124,179            | 10,318             | 10,318                | 32,154                    | 23,159  | 25,050                    |  |  |  |
| Capacity Building and Other  |     | 5,050              |                    | 3,223              | 19,253             | 41,520             | 41,520                |                           |   |                           |  |  |  |
| Total Operating/Provincial Government  |     | 48,437             | 45,647             | 33,882             | 143,432            | 51,838             | 51,838                | 32,154                    | 23,159  | 25,050                    |  |  |  |
| Other Grant Providers  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |   |                           |  |  |  |
| Local Government, Water and Related Service SETA   |     |                    |                    |                    |                    | 170                | 170                   |                           |   |                           |  |  |  |
| Marine Living Resources Fund   |     |                    |                    | 1,700              |                    |                    |                       |                           |   |                           |  |  |  |
| Total Operating/Other Grant Providers  |     | -                  | -                  | 1,700              | -                  | 170                | 170                   | •                         | •   | -                         |  |  |  |
| Total Operating  |     | 637,128            | 756,194            | 676,172            | 855,842            | 800,709            | 800,709               | 838,135                   | 906,229   | 982,611                   |  |  |  |
| Capital  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |   |                           |  |  |  |
| National Government  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |   |                           |  |  |  |
| Energy Efficiency and Demand Side<br>Management Grant  |     | 7,999              |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |   |                           |  |  |  |
| Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal Grant) [Schedule 5B]                                      |     |                    |                    | 11,230             |                    | 29,154             | 29,154                | 7,000                     | 7,000   | 7,314                     |  |  |  |
| Municipal Infrastructure Grant   |     | 164,900            | 193,940            | 203,223            | 247,134            | 216,461            | 216,461               | 243,929                   | 248,133   | 250,379                   |  |  |  |

| Kwazulu-Natal: Msunduzi (K                     | (ZN225) - ˈ | Table SA18         | Transfers a        | ind Grant Re       | eceipts for        | 1st Quarter        | ended 30 S            | eptember :                | 2022                                 |                           |
|--|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Description                                    | Ref         | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            | Curre              | ent year 202       | 2/23                  | Reven                     | 24 Medium<br>ue & Expen<br>Framework | diture                    |
| R thousands                                    |             | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/25            | Budget<br>Year<br>2025/26 |
| Neighbourhood Development Partnership<br>Grant |             | 9,957              | 16,931             | 35,000             | 139,297            | 34,500             | 34,500                | 33,606                    | 30,000                               | 30,000                    |
| Public Transport Network Grant                 |             | 123,920            | 173,197            | 62,323             |                    |                    |                       |                           |                                      |                           |
| Water Services Infrastructure Grant            |             | 46,084             | 38,899             | 21,987             | 60,000             | 30,000             | 30,000                | 28,000                    | 35,000                               | 38,986                    |
| Total Capital/National Government              |             | 352,860            | 422,967            | 333,763            | 446,431            | 310,115            | 310,115               | 312,535                   | 320,133                              | 326,679                   |
| Provincial Government                          |             |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                                      |                           |
| Infrastructure                                 |             | 16,442             | 21,723             | 26,448             |                    |                    |                       | 136,165                   | 1,176                                | 1,203                     |
| Capacity Building and Other                    |             |                    | 2,686              |                    |                    | 127,482            | 127,482               |                           |                                      |                           |
| Total Capital/Provincial Government            |             | 16,442             | 24,409             | 26,448             |                    | 127,482            | 127,482               | 136,165                   | 1,176                                | 1,203                     |
| Other Grant Providers                          |             |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                                      |                           |
| Emergency Housing Assistance                   |             |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                                      |                           |
| KwazuluNatal Tourism Authority                 |             |                    | 2,325              |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                                      |                           |
| Unspecified                                    |             | 1,435              | 2,104              |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                                      |                           |
| Upgrading of Informal Settlement               |             | 60,811             | 48,903             | 14,019             |                    |                    |                       |                           |                                      |                           |
| Total Capital/Other Grant Providers            |             | 62,246             | 53,331             | 14,019             |                    | -                  | -                     | -                         |                                      |                           |
| Total Capital                                  |             | 431,549            | 500,707            | 374,230            | 446,431            | 437,597            | 437,597               | 448,700                   | 321,309                              | 327,882                   |
| TOTAL  |             | 1,068,677          | 1,256,902          | 1,050,402          | 1,302,273          | 1,238,306          | 1,238,306             | 1,286,835                 | 1,227,539                            | 1,310,493                 |



## FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2023-2024



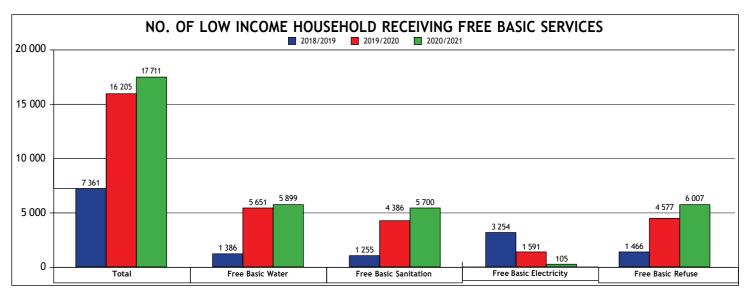
#### F.6.3. COST OF BASIC SERVICES

Council receives Equitable Share to subsidise those who cannot afford to pay for the minimum needs in life. The objective in calculating the amount to be subsidised, must be to prevent an increasing balance on the account of an indigent as it will be difficult to recover the debt in a humanly way. According to the Municipal Systems Act 2000, Section 74(3) and 75(2) stipulates, "A tariff policy may differentiate between different categories of users/debtors."

#### Criteria for Approval:

- 1. That the gross household income for qualification as a registered Indigent be determined each year by Council in terms of the tariff register. Currently the threshold income is R 4 560.00
- 2. That the prescribed application forms be completed annually.

#### FIGURE 17: FREE BASIC SERVICES (NO. HOUSEHOLDS)



| FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE 2020/2021: COST TO MUNICIPALITY OF FREE BASIC SERVICES DELIVERED |            |             |                      |            |                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|------------|-------------|----------------------|------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  | 2019/2020  |             | 2020                 | /2021      |                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Services Delivered   | Actual     | Budget      | Adjustment<br>Budget | Actual     | Variance to Budget % |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Waster   | 3 106 805  | 178 413 327 | -                    | 4 643 713  | 2.6                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Waste Water (Sanitation)   | 2 529 249  | 12 388 759  | -                    | 10 510 907 | 84.8                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electricity  | 4 237 236  | 3 108 977   | -                    | 20 072     | 0.6                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Waste Management (Solid Waste)   | 4 986 530  | 6 623 308   | -                    | 7 255 427  | (9.5)                |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total  | 14 859 820 | 200 534 371 | -                    | 22 430 182 | 19.6                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The equitable share received is used to fund Free Basic Services that is extended to all our customers who have been declared indigent who are earning below R 4 860.00 as determined by Council. Further to the free basic services, we are trying to remove the burden from the indigent customers by reducing their amperage on the electricity they use to 20AMPS. We have started a project to replace all indigent customers meter with smart prepaid. Indigent policy refers to: people who are lacking the necessities of life such as sufficient water, basic sanitation, refuse removal, environmental health, basic energy, health care, housing, food and clothing. Spent on electricity for 2020/2021 was R 20,072, spent on water 2020/2021, R 4 643 713 spent on sewerage for 2020/2021 R 10 510 907, spent on refuse 2020/2021 R 7 255 427

## TABLE 116: FREE BASIC SERVICES SUBSIDIES FOR KWAZULU-NATAL MSUNDUZI (KZN225) - TABLE SA18 TRANSFERS AND GRANT RECEIPTS FOR 1ST QUARTER ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

| 0 - Table A10 Basic service delivery measurement 2024/24 Medium Term |     |         |         |         |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |  |  |
|--|-----|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Description  | Ref | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | 2021/22 | Curre              | ent Year 20        | 22/23                 | Reveni<br>F               | ie & Exper<br>ramewor        | nditure<br>k                 |  |  |
|  |     | Outcome | Outcome | Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/25 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2025/26 |  |  |
| Household service targets  | 1   |         |         |         |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |  |  |
| Water:   |     |         |         |         |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |  |  |
| Piped water inside dwelling  |     | 169,564 | 169,564 | 169,564 | 84,782             | 84,782             | 84,782                | 84,782                    | 84,782                       | 84,782                       |  |  |
| Piped water inside yard (but not in dwelling)                        |     | 134,961 | 134,961 | 134,961 | 67,481             | 67,481             | 67,481                |                           | ,                            | 67,481                       |  |  |
| Using public tap (at least min.service level)                        | 2   | 13,309  | 13,309  | 13,309  | 6,654              | 6,654              | 6,654                 |                           | 6,654                        | 6,654                        |  |  |
| Other water supply (at least min.service level)                      | 4   | 6,392   | 6,392   | 6,392   | 3,196              | 3,196              | 3,196                 | 3,196                     | 3,196                        | 3,196                        |  |  |
| Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total                            |     | 324,226 | 324,226 | 324,226 | 162,113            | 162,113            | 162,113               | 162,113                   | 162,113                      | 162,113                      |  |  |
| Using public tap (< min.service level)                               | 3   | 13,309  | 13,309  | 13,309  | 6,654              | 6,654              | 6,654                 |                           | 6,654                        | 6,654                        |  |  |
| Other water supply (< min.service level)                             | 4   | 3,701   | 3,701   | 3,701   | 1,851              | 1,851              | 1,851                 | 1,851                     | 1,851                        | 1,851                        |  |  |
| No water supply  |     | -       | -       | -       | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | _                            |  |  |
| Below Minimum Service Level sub-total                                |     | 17,010  | 17,010  | 17,010  | 8,505              | 8,505              | 8,505                 | 8,505                     | 8,505                        | 8,505                        |  |  |
| Total number of households   | 5   | 341,237 | 341,237 | 341,237 | 170,618            | 170,618            | 170,618               | 170,618                   | 170,618                      | 170,618                      |  |  |
| Sanitation/sewerage:   |     |         |         |         |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |  |  |
| Flush toilet (connected to sewerage)                                 |     | 183,178 | 183,178 | 183,178 | 91,589             | 91,589             | 91,589                | 91,589                    | 91,589                       | 91,589                       |  |  |
| Flush toilet (with septic tank)                                      |     | 17,310  | 17,310  | 17,310  | 8,655              | 8,655              | 8,655                 | 8,655                     | 8,655                        | 8,655                        |  |  |
| Chemical toilet  |     | 14,724  | 14,724  | 14,724  | 7,362              | 7,362              | 7,362                 | 7,362                     | 7,362                        | 7,362                        |  |  |
| Pit toilet (ventilated)  |     | 123,656 | 123,656 | 123,656 | 61,828             | 61,828             | 61,828                | 61,828                    | 61,828                       | 61,828                       |  |  |
| Other toilet provisions (> min.service level)                        |     | -       | -       | -       | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | _                            |  |  |
| Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total                            |     | 338,868 | 338,868 | 338,868 | 169,434            | 169,434            | 169,434               | 169,434                   | 169,434                      | 169,434                      |  |  |
| Bucket toilet  |     | -       | -       | -       | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | _                            |  |  |
| Other toilet provisions (< min.service level)                        |     | 2,369   | 2,369   | 2,369   | 1,184              | 1,184              | 1,184                 | 1,184                     | 1,184                        | 1,184                        |  |  |
| No toilet provisions   |     | -       | -       | -       | -                  | _                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | _                            |  |  |
| Below Minimum Service Level sub-total                                |     | 2,369   | 2,369   | 2,369   | 1,184              | 1,184              | 1,184                 | 1,184                     | 1,184                        | 1,184                        |  |  |
| Total number of households   | 5   | 341,237 | 341,237 | 341,237 | 170,618            | 170,618            | 170,618               | 170,618                   | 170,618                      | 170,618                      |  |  |
| Energy:  |     |         |         |         |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |  |  |
| Electricity (at least min.service level)                             |     | 270,543 | 270,543 | 270,543 | 135,271            | 135,271            | 135,271               | 135,271                   | 135,271                      | 135,271                      |  |  |
| Electricity - prepaid (min.service level)                            |     | 54,694  | 54,694  | 54,694  | 27,347             | 27,347             | 27,347                | •                         | 27,347                       | 27,347                       |  |  |
| Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total                            |     | 325,237 | 325,237 | 325,237 | 162,618            | 162,618            | 162,618               | 162,618                   | 162,618                      | 162,618                      |  |  |
| Electricity (< min.service level)                                    |     | -       | -       | -       | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |  |  |
| Electricity - prepaid (< min. service level)                         |     | -       | -       | -       | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |  |  |
| Other energy sources   |     | 16,000  | 16,000  | 16,000  | 8,000              | 8,000              | 8,000                 | ,                         | 8,000                        | 8,000                        |  |  |
| Below Minimum Service Level sub-total                                |     | 16,000  | 16,000  | 16,000  | 8,000              | 8,000              | 8,000                 | 8,000                     | 8,000                        | 8,000                        |  |  |

| 0 - Table A10 Basic service delivery measurement 2024/24 Medium Term       |     |         |         |         |         |             |          |             |                              |              |  |  |
|--|-----|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|----------|-------------|------------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Description  | Ref | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | 2021/22 | Curre   | ent Year 20 | 22/23    | Revenı<br>F | ie & Exper<br>rameworl       | nditure<br>k |  |  |
|  |     | Outcome | Outcome |         | Budget  |             | Forecast |             | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/25 |              |  |  |
| Total number of households   | 5   | 341,237 | 341,237 | 341,237 | 170,618 | 170,618     | 170,618  | 170,618     | 170,618                      | 170,618      |  |  |
| Refuse:  |     |         |         |         |         |             |          |             |                              |              |  |  |
| Removed at least once a week   |     | 259,696 | 259,696 |         | 129,848 |             |          |             |                              | 129,848      |  |  |
| Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total                                  |     | 259,696 |         | ,       |         | ,           |          |             |                              | •            |  |  |
| Removed less frequently than once a week                                   |     | 81,541  | 81,541  | 81,541  | 40,770  | 40,770      | 40,770   | 40,770      | 40,770                       | 40,770       |  |  |
| Using communal refuse dump   |     | -       | -       | -       | -       | -           | -        | -           | -                            | -            |  |  |
| Using own refuse dump  |     | -       | _       | _       | -       | -           | -        | -           | -                            | -            |  |  |
| Other rubbish disposal   |     | -       | -       | -       | -       | -           | -        | -           | -                            | -            |  |  |
| No rubbish disposal  |     | -       | _       | _       | -       | _           | -        | -           | -                            | -            |  |  |
| Below Minimum Service Level sub-total                                      |     | 81,541  | 81,541  | 81,541  | 40,770  |             |          | 40,770      | 40,770                       | 40,770       |  |  |
| Total number of households   | 5   | 341,237 | 341,237 | 341,237 | 170,618 | 170,618     | 170,618  | 170,618     | 170,618                      | 170,618      |  |  |
|  |     |         |         |         |         |             |          |             |                              |              |  |  |
| Households receiving Free Basic Service                                    | 7   |         |         |         |         |             |          |             |                              |              |  |  |
| Water (6 kilolitres per household per month)                               |     | -       | -       | -       | -       | -           | -        | -           | _                            | _            |  |  |
| Sanitation (free minimum level service)                                    |     | -       | _       | -       | -       | -           | -        | -           | -                            | -            |  |  |
| Electricity/other energy (50kwh per household per month)                   |     | -       | -       | -       | -       | -           | -        | -           | -                            | -            |  |  |
| Refuse (removed at least once a week)                                      |     | -       | -       | -       | -       | -           | -        | -           | -                            | _            |  |  |
| Informal Settlements   |     | -       | -       | -       | -       | -           | -        | -           | -                            | _            |  |  |
| Cost of Free Basic Services provided - Formal Settlements (R'000)          |     |         |         |         |         |             |          |             |                              |              |  |  |
| Water (6 kilolitres per indigent household per month)                      |     | -       | -       | -       | -       | -           | -        | -           | -                            | -            |  |  |
| Sanitation (free sanitation service to indigent households)                |     | -       | -       | -       | -       | -           | -        | -           | -                            | -            |  |  |
| Electricity/other energy (50kwh per indigent household per month)          |     | -       | -       | -       | -       | -           | -        | -           | -                            | -            |  |  |
| Refuse (removed once a week for indigent households)                       |     | -       | -       | -       | -       | -           | -        | -           | -                            | -            |  |  |
| Cost of Free Basic Services provided - Informal Formal Settlements (R'000) |     | -       | -       | -       | 228,089 | -           | -        | 242,071     | ŕ                            | -            |  |  |
| Total cost of FBS provided   | 8   | -       | -       | -       | 228,089 | -           | -        | 242,071     | 256,930                      | -            |  |  |
|  |     |         |         |         |         |             |          |             |                              |              |  |  |



|   | 0 - Tab | le A10 Basic | service de | livery meas | urement            |                    |                       |                           |                       |  |  |
|---|---------|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Description   | Ref     | 2019/20      | 2020/21    | 2021/22     | Curre              | ent Year 20        | 22/23                 | Reveni<br>F               | ue & Exper<br>ramewor | 24 Medium Term ue & Expenditure ramework |  |
|   |         | Outcome      | Outcome    | Outcome     | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | _                     | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2025/26             |  |
| Highest level of free service provided per household  |         |              |            |             |                    |                    |                       |                           |                       |  |  |
| Property rates (R value threshold)  |         | 100,000      |            |             | 120,000            | 120,000            | 120,000               | 120,000                   | 120,000               | 120,000                                  |  |
| Water (kilolitres per household per month)  |         | 6            |            |             | 6                  | 6                  | 6                     | 6                         | 6                     | 6  |  |
| Sanitation (kilolitres per household per month)   |         | -            |            |             | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                     | -  |  |
| Sanitation (Rand per household per month)   |         | 153          |            |             | 163                | 163                | 163                   | 163                       |                       |  |  |
| Electricity (kwh per household per month)   |         | 70           |            |             | 70                 |                    | 70                    | 70                        |                       |  |  |
| Refuse (average litres per week)  |         | 200          |            |             | 200                | 200                | 200                   | 200                       | 200                   | 200                                      |  |
| Revenue cost of subsidised services provided (R'000)  | 9       |              |            |             |                    |                    |                       |                           |                       |  |  |
| Property rates (tariff adjustment) (impermissable values per section 17 of MPRA)                            |         |              |            |             |                    |                    |                       |                           |                       |  |  |
| Property rates exemptions, reductions and rebates and impermissable values in excess of section 17 of MPRA) |         | -            | 42,382     | -           | 109,119            | 109,119            | 109,119               | 116,757                   | 124,930               | 133,675                                  |  |
| Water (in excess of 6 kilolitres per indigent household per month)  |         | -            | 4,644      | -           | 202,356            | 202,356            | 202,356               | 222,592                   | 233,499               | 244,473                                  |  |
| Sanitation (in excess of free sanitation service to indigent households)                                    |         | -            | 18,430     | -           | 14,449             | 14,449             | 14,449                | 16,761                    | 17,582                | 18,408                                   |  |
| Electricity/other energy (in excess of 50 kwh per indigent household per month)                             |         | -            | 170        | _           | 4,204              | 4,204              | 4,204                 | 4,671                     | 5,418                 | 6,394                                    |  |
| Refuse (in excess of one removal a week for indigent households)  |         | -            | 14         | -           | 15,058             | 15,058             | 15,058                | 7,899                     | 8,286                 | 8,692                                    |  |
| Municipal Housing - rental rebates  |         |              |            |             |                    |                    |                       |                           |                       |  |  |
| Housing - top structure subsidies   | 6       |              |            |             |                    |                    |                       |                           |                       |  |  |
| Other   |         |              |            |             |                    |                    |                       |                           |                       |  |  |
| Total revenue cost of subsidised services provided  |         | -            | 65,640     | -           | 345,186            | 345,186            | 345,186               | 368,680                   | 389,716               | 411,643                                  |  |



The table below indicates budget per strategic objective.

#### TABLE 117: ALIGNMENT OF BUDGET AND IDP OBJECTIVES

|  | 0 - Supporting Table SA4 Reconciliation of IDP strategic objectives and budget (revenue)  2024/24 Medium Term |       |     |                    |                    |                    |           |                    |                       |                           |                                    |         |  |  |
|--|---|-------|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|--|--|
| Strategic<br>Objective                                 |   | "Goal | Ref | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            | Curre     | ent Year 202       | 22/23                 | Reveni                    | 24 Medium<br>ue & Exper<br>ramewor | nditure |  |  |
| R thousand   | Goat  | Code" | Kei | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | _         | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/25       | Year +2 |  |  |
| Financial Viability and Management                     | Financially viable<br>and well governed<br>City   |       |     | 1,568,361          | 1,733,327          |                    | 1,917,566 | 1,917,566          | 1,917,566             |                           |                                    |         |  |  |
| Basic Service<br>Delivery                              | Improved the state of municipal infrastructure  |       |     | 3,695,954          | 4,278,004          |                    | 4,509,055 | 4,509,055          | 4,509,055             |                           |                                    |         |  |  |
| Local Economic<br>Development                          | An economically prosperous city   |       |     | 25,585             | 28,276             |                    | 31,613    | 31,613             | 31,613                |                           |                                    |         |  |  |
| Good governance<br>and Public<br>Participation         | To develop strong welcoming, caring & diverse communities living in a variety of friendly.                    |       |     | 326,137            | 360,441            |                    | 402,972   | 402,972            | 402,972               |                           |                                    |         |  |  |
| Gross Cutting<br>Issues                                | Reduce housing backlogs and eliminate spatial separation by racial categories.                                |       |     | 246,272            | (484,957)          |                    | 592,273   | 592,273            | 592,273               |                           |                                    |         |  |  |
| Municipal Transformation and Institutional Development | Improved customer experience & public participation   |       |     | 87,299             | 93,028             |                    | 104,005   | 104,005            | 104,005               |                           |                                    |         |  |  |
| Allocations to other priorities                        |   |       | 2   |                    |                    |                    |           |                    |                       |                           |                                    |         |  |  |

|   | 0 - Supporting Table SA4 Reconciliation of IDP strategic objectives and budget (revenue) |       |       |                    |           |                    |           |                    |           |        |                                    |                              |  |  |  |
|---|--|-------|-------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|--------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Strategic<br>Objective  | Objective Goal "Goal Code  | "Goal | Ref - | 2019/20            | 2020/21   | 2021/22            | Curre     | nt Year 202        | 22/23     | Revenu | 24 Medium<br>ie & Exper<br>ramewor | nditure                      |  |  |  |
| R thousand  |  | Code" | Kei   | Audited<br>Outcome |           | Audited<br>Outcome |           | Adjusted<br>Budget | Forecast  | Year   | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/25       | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2025/26 |  |  |  |
| Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions) |  |       | 1     | 5,949,608          | 6,008,119 |                    | 7,557,485 | 7,557,485          | 7,557,485 | -      | -                                  | -                            |  |  |  |

#### TABLE 118: MUNICIPAL IDP OBJECTIVES ALIGNED TO OPEX

| K   | (ZN225 Msunduzi - Su   | upporting | g Tab | le SA5 Reco        | nciliation o       | of IDP strate      | egic obiecti       | ves and bu         | dget (opera           | ting expend               | diture)                      |                              |
|---|--|-----------|-------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Strategic<br>Objective                            | LINEED MISSINGER   | "Goal     |       | 2018/19            |                    |                    |                    | ent Year 202       |                       | 2022/23 N                 | Nedium Term<br>Nditure Fram  |                              |
| R thousand  | Goal   | Code"     | Ref   | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2022/23 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2024/25 |
| Financial<br>Viability and<br>Management          | Financially viable<br>and well governed<br>City  |           |       | 499,885            | 526,628            | 601,730            | 605,334            | 605,334            | 605,334               | 651,385                   | 686,235                      | 734,271                      |
| Basic Service<br>Delivery                         | Improved the state of municipal infrastructure   |           |       | 1,179,591          | 1,242,699          | 1,419,918          | 1,428,423          | 1,428,423          | 1,428,423             | 1,537,091                 | 1,619,325                    | 1,732,678                    |
| Local Economic<br>Development                     | An economically prosperous city  |           |       | 467,867            | 492,897            | 563,189            | 566,562            | 566,562            | 566,562               | 609,664                   | 642,281                      | 572,059                      |
| Good<br>governance<br>and Public<br>Participation | To develop strong welcoming, caring & diverse communities living in a variety of friendly. |           |       | 144,781            | 152,527            | 174,279            | 175,323            | 175,323            | 175,323               | 188,660                   | 198,754                      | 212,666                      |
| Gross Cutting<br>Issues                           | Reduce housing backlogs and eliminate spatial separation by racial categories.             |           |       | 2,198,867          | 3,299,254          | 3,629,446          | 3,328,113          | 3,450,222          | 3,450,222             | 3,974,249                 | 4,022,258                    | 4,253,109                    |

| K  | KZN225 Msunduzi - Supporting Table SA5 Reconciliation of IDP strategic objectives and budget (operating expenditure) |                   |     |           |                    |                    |  |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
|--|--|-------------------|-----|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Strategic<br>Objective                                 |  | "Goal "Goal P. 6" |     |           |                    |                    | 2022/23 Medium Term Revenue<br>& Expenditure Framework |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| R thousand   | Goal   | Code"             | Ref | Audited   | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget                                     | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2022/23 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2024/25 |
| Municipal Transformation and Institutional Development | Improved customer experience & public participation  |                   |     | 12,106    | 12,753             | 14,572             | 14,659   | 14,659             | 14,659                | 15,775                    | 16,618                       | 17,782                       |
| Allocations to other priorities                        |  |                   |     |           |                    |                    |  |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Total<br>Expenditure                                   |  |                   | 1   | 4,503,095 | 5,726,758          | 6,403,133          | 6,118,414  | 6,240,523          | 6,240,523             | 6,976,824                 | 7,185,471                    | 7,522,565                    |

#### TABLE 119: ALIGNMENT OF IDP OBJECTIVES TO CAPEX

| KZN225 Msunduzi - Supporting Table SA6 Reconciliation of IDP strategic objectives and budget (capital expenditure)  Strategic 2022/23 Medium Term Revenue |  |      |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
|---|--|------|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Strategic<br>Objective  |  | Goal |     | 2018/19            | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | Curr               | ent Year 202       | 1/22                  |                           | ledium Tern<br>nditure Fran  |                              |
| R thousand  | Goal   | Code | Ref | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2022/23 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2024/25 |
| Financial<br>Viability and<br>Management  | Financially viable and well governed City  | A    |     | 163,923            |                    | •                  | 124,403            | 124,403            | 124,403               | 122,778                   | •                            | 133,828                      |
| Basic Service<br>Delivery   | Improved the state of municipal infrastructure   | В    |     | 1,466,251          | 1,568,361          | 1,765,096          | 1,876,764          | 1,955,669          | 1,955,669             | 2,518,315                 | 2,278,540                    | 2,079,201                    |
| Local Economic<br>Development   | An economically prosperous city  | С    |     | (1,505,267)        | (1,611,111)        | (1,563,710)        | (1,923,466)        | (1,923,466)        | (1,923,466)           | (2,280,664)               | (2,109,359)                  | (2,235,921)                  |
| Good<br>governance<br>and Public<br>Participation   | To develop strong welcoming, caring & diverse communities living in a variety of friendly. | D    |     | 23,920             | 25,585             | 28,276             | 29,467             | 29,467             | 29,467                | 31,613                    | 33,833                       | 35,863                       |

|   | KZN225 Msunduzi - Supporting Table SA6 Reconciliation of IDP strategic objectives and budget (capital expenditure) |      |     |                    |                    |                              |                    |  |                       |                           |                              |                              |
|---|--|------|-----|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Strategic<br>Objective  |  | Goal |     | 2018/19            | 2019/20            | 2020/21 Current Year 2021/22 |                    | 2022/23 Medium Term Revenue<br>& Expenditure Framework |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| R thousand  | Goal   | Code | Ref | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome           | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget                                     | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2022/23 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2024/25 |
| Gross Cutting<br>Issues   | Reduce housing backlogs and eliminate spatial separation by racial categories.                                     | E    |     | 304,903            | 326,137            | 360,441                      | 375,620            | 375,620  | 375,620               | 402,972                   | 431,272                      | 457,149                      |
| Municipal<br>Transformation<br>and Institutional<br>Development | Improved customer experience & public participation  | F    |     | 81,062             | 86,708             | 95,828                       | 93,513             | 93,513   | 93,513                | 102,635                   | 110,509                      | 117,140                      |
|   |  | G    |     | 78,694             | 84,175             |                              |                    |  |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Allocations to other priorities                                 |  |      | 3   |                    |                    |                              |                    |  |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Total Capital Expenditure                                       |  |      | 1   | 613,487            | 479,855            | 685,931                      | 576,302            | 655,207  | 655,207               | 897,650                   | 744,795                      | 587,261                      |

The following table summarises the Operations and Maintenance costs spent per financial year, as well as the percentage this is of the total expenditure.

#### TABLE 120: REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE COSTS

|  |     | 0                  | - Table A9         | Asset Mana         | gement              |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
|--|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Description                                  | Ref | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            | & Expenditure Frame |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| R thousand                                   |     | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget  | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/25 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2025/26 |
| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE                          |     |                    |                    |                    |                     |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Total New Assets                             | 1   | 21,108             |                    | 208,016            | 195,913             | 197,485            | 197,485               | 507,880                   | 176,246                      | 161,493                      |
| Roads Infrastructure                         |     | 21,108             | 211,423            | 81,648             | 8,500               | 1,125              | 1,125                 | 2,250                     | 2,250                        | 2,250                        |
| Storm water Infrastructure                   |     |                    | -                  | -                  |                     | -                  |                       | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Electrical Infrastructure                    |     | -                  | 4,653              | 5,503              | 19,015              | 64,484             | 64,484                | 194,000                   | 28,968                       | 29,633                       |
| Water Supply Infrastructure                  |     |                    | 74,239             | 22,506             | 5,000               |                    | 8,366                 | 29,860                    | 19,780                       | 29,360                       |
| Sanitation Infrastructure                    |     | -                  | 44,898             | 7,231              | -                   | 32,836             | 32,836                | 65,478                    | 65,339                       | 37,183                       |
| Solid Waste Infrastructure                   |     | -                  |                    | -                  | 10,150              | -                  |                       | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Rail Infrastructure                          |     |                    | -                  | -                  | -                   | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Coastal Infrastructure                       |     | -                  | -                  | 9,691              | 3,000               | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Information and Communication Infrastructure |     | -                  |                    |                    |                     | -                  | -                     | •                         | -                            | -                            |
| Infrastructure                               |     | 21,108             | 335,214            | 126,579            | 45,665              | 106,812            | 106,812               | 291,588                   | 116,337                      | 98,425                       |
| Community Facilities                         |     | -                  | 10,563             | 8,486              | 20,726              | 26,419             | 26,419                | 25,548                    | 13,770                       | 19,929                       |
| Sport and Recreation Facilities              |     |                    | 2,596              |                    |                     | 512                | 512                   | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Community Assets                             |     | -                  | 13,159             | 9,060              | 20,726              | 26,930             | 26,930                | 25,548                    | 13,770                       | 19,929                       |
| Heritage Assets                              |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                   | -                  |                       | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Revenue Generating                           |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                   | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Non-revenue Generating                       |     |                    | -                  | -                  |                     | -                  |                       | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Investment properties                        |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                   | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Operational Buildings                        |     | -                  | -                  | 295                | 5,075               | 6,375              | 6,375                 | 10,000                    | 3,139                        | -                            |
| Housing                                      |     | -                  | 59,047             | 11,266             | -                   | 5,591              | 5,591                 | 135,545                   | 3,000                        | 3,139                        |
| Other Assets                                 |     | -                  | 59,047             | 11,561             | 5,075               |                    | 11,966                | 145,545                   | 6,139                        | 3,139                        |
| Biological or Cultivated Assets              |     | -                  |                    | -                  |                     | 9,072              | 9,072                 | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Servitudes                                   |     | -                  |                    |                    |                     | -                  | -                     | 30,000                    | 30,000                       | 30,000                       |
| Licences and Rights                          |     | -                  | 523                | 1,041              | 3,750               | 500                | 500                   | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Intangible Assets                            |     | -                  | 523                | 1,041              | 3,750               | 500                | 500                   | 30,000                    | 30,000                       | 30,000                       |
| Computer Equipment                           |     |                    |                    | 6,493              | 5,669               | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Furniture and Office Equipment               |     | -                  | -                  | 2,334              | 10,556              | 9,857              | 9,857                 | 15,000                    | 10,000                       | 10,000                       |
|  |     |                    |                    |                    |                     |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |



|  |     | 0                  | - Table A9         | Asset Mana         | gement             |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
|--|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Description                                  | Ref | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            | Curre              | ent Year 202       | 22/23                 | & Exper                   | edium Tern<br>nditure Fran   | nework                       |
| R thousand                                   |     | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/25 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2025/26 |
| Machinery and Equipment                      |     | -                  | -                  | 41,032             | 62,500             | 20,799             | 20,799                | 199                       | -                            | -                            |
| Transport Assets                             |     | -                  | -                  | 9,917              | 41,972             | 11,548             | 11,548                | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Land   |     |                    | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological<br>Animals  |     | •                  | •                  | -                  | -                  | •                  | -                     | •                         | •                            | •                            |
| Mature                                       |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Immature                                     |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Living Resources                             |     |                    | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
|  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Total Renewal of Existing Assets             | 2   | 203,992            |                    |                    | 151,851            | 175                | 175                   | 55,356                    | 60,750                       |                              |
| Roads Infrastructure                         |     | •                  | 50,404             | 118,545            | 38,000             | •                  | -                     | 33,150                    | 45,750                       | 54,750                       |
| Storm water Infrastructure                   |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Electrical Infrastructure                    |     | •                  | -                  | 1,244              | •                  |                    | •                     | -                         |                              | -                            |
| Water Supply Infrastructure                  |     | -                  | -                  | 12,311             | 62,427             | •                  | -                     | -                         | •                            | -                            |
| Sanitation Infrastructure                    |     | -                  | 15,866             | 67,834             | 46,000             | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Solid Waste Infrastructure                   |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | •                  | •                  | -                     | -                         | •                            | -                            |
| Rail Infrastructure                          |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | •                  |                    | -                     | -                         |                              | -                            |
| Coastal Infrastructure                       |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | •                  | •                  | -                     | 14,206                    | 7,500                        | 8,000                        |
| Information and Communication Infrastructure |     |                    |                    | -                  |                    |                    |                       | -                         |                              | •                            |
| Infrastructure                               |     | -                  | 66,270             | 199,934            | 146,427            | -                  | -                     | 47,356                    | 53,250                       | 62,750                       |
| Community Facilities                         |     | -                  | 1,178              | 741                | -                  | 175                | 175                   | 8,000                     | 7,500                        | 8,000                        |
| Sport and Recreation Facilities              |     | -                  | 4,068              | 140                | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Community Assets                             |     | -                  | 5,246              | 881                | -                  | 175                | 175                   | 8,000                     | 7,500                        | 8,000                        |
| Heritage Assets                              |     | 208,368            | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Revenue Generating                           |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Non-revenue Generating                       |     |                    | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Investment properties                        |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Operational Buildings                        |     | -                  | 1,188              | 4,337              | 515                | •                  | -                     | •                         | •                            | -                            |
| Housing                                      |     | -                  | •                  | •                  | 4,909              | •                  | -                     | •                         | •                            | -                            |
| Other Assets                                 |     | -                  | 1,188              | 4,337              | 5,424              | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Biological or Cultivated Assets              |     | -                  | •                  | •                  | •                  | •                  | -                     | •                         | •                            | -                            |
| Servitudes                                   |     | -                  | •                  | -                  | •                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Licences and Rights                          |     | -                  | •                  | 2,962              | •                  | •                  | -                     | •                         | •                            | -                            |
| Intangible Assets                            |     | -                  | -                  | 2,962              | -                  | -                  | •                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |



|  |     | 0                  | - Table A9         | Asset Mana         | gement             |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
|--|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Description                                  | Ref | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            | Curre              | ent Year 202       | 22/23                 |                           | edium Term<br>diture Fram    |                              |
| R thousand                                   |     | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/25 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2025/26 |
| Computer Equipment                           |     | -                  | -                  | -                  |                    | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Furniture and Office Equipment               |     |                    | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Machinery and Equipment                      |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Transport Assets                             |     | (4,375)            | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Land   |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological<br>Animals  |     | -                  | •                  | -                  | •                  | -                  | •                     | i.                        | -                            | -                            |
| Mature                                       |     | -                  | -                  | -                  |                    | -                  |                       | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Immature                                     |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Living Resources                             |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
|  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Total Upgrading of Existing Assets           | 6   | 254,755            | 205,285            | 105,307            | 488,155            | 329,325            | 329,325               | 205,465                   | 344,313                      | 215,638                      |
| Roads Infrastructure                         |     |                    | 59,061             | 29,784             | 63,118             | 156,664            | 156,664               | 38,400                    | 51,092                       | 53,492                       |
| Storm water Infrastructure                   |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Electrical Infrastructure                    |     |                    | 26,990             | 34,906             | 134,414            | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Water Supply Infrastructure                  |     | -                  | 15,229             | -                  | 109,803            | 74,785             | 74,785                | 106,065                   | 213,383                      | 77,739                       |
| Sanitation Infrastructure                    |     | -                  | -                  | 19,788             | 64,550             | 51,440             | 51,440                | 40,300                    | 59,838                       | 64,406                       |
| Solid Waste Infrastructure                   |     | -                  | 1,934              | 3,302              | -                  | 7,550              | 7,550                 | 5,000                     | 5,000                        | 5,000                        |
| Rail Infrastructure                          |     |                    | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Coastal Infrastructure                       |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Information and Communication Infrastructure |     | -                  | -                  | -                  |                    | -                  | -                     |                           | -                            | -                            |
| Infrastructure                               |     | -                  | 103,214            | 87,780             | 371,886            | 290,439            | 290,439               | 189,765                   | 329,313                      | 200,638                      |
| Community Facilities                         |     | -                  | 102,071            | 17,527             | 7,600              | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Sport and Recreation Facilities              |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  |                       | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Community Assets                             |     | -                  | 102,071            | 17,527             | 7,600              | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Heritage Assets                              |     | 201,734            | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Revenue Generating                           |     |                    | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  |                       | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Non-revenue Generating                       |     | -                  |                    | -                  |                    | -                  |                       | -                         |                              | -                            |
| Investment properties                        |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Operational Buildings                        |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | 200                | 38,336             | 38,336                | 10,700                    | 10,000                       | 10,000                       |
| Housing                                      |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | 93,797             | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Other Assets                                 |     | -                  |                    | -                  | 93,997             | 38,336             | 38,336                | 10,700                    | 10,000                       | 10,000                       |
| Biological or Cultivated Assets              |     | -                  |                    | -                  |                    | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Servitudes                                   |     | -                  |                    | -                  | -                  | -                  |                       | -                         | -                            | -                            |



|  |     | 0                  | - Table A9         | Asset Mana         | gement             |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
|--|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Description                                  | Ref | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            | <u> </u>           | ent Year 202       | 22/23                 |                           | edium Term<br>diture Fram    |                              |
| R thousand                                   |     | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/25 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2025/26 |
| Licences and Rights                          |     | -                  |                    | •                  | 14,672             | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Intangible Assets                            |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | 14,672             | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Computer Equipment                           |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Furniture and Office Equipment               |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | 50                 | 50                    | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Machinery and Equipment                      |     | 16                 | -                  | -                  | -                  | 500                | 500                   | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Transport Assets                             |     | (6,605)            | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | 5,000                     | 5,000                        | 5,000                        |
| Land   |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals     |     | 59,610             |                    | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Mature                                       |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Immature                                     |     | -                  |                    | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     |                           | -                            | -                            |
| Living Resources                             |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
|  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Total Capital Expenditure                    | 4   | 479,855            | 685,931            | 521,437            | 835,918            | 526,985            | 526,985               | 768,700                   | 581,309                      | 447,882                      |
| Roads Infrastructure                         |     | 21,108             | 320,888            | 229,977            | 109,618            | 157,789            | 157,789               | 73,800                    | 99,092                       | 110,492                      |
| Storm water Infrastructure                   |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Electrical Infrastructure                    |     | -                  | 31,643             | 41,652             | 153,429            | 64,484             | 64,484                | 194,000                   | 28,968                       | 29,633                       |
| Water Supply Infrastructure                  |     | -                  | 89,468             | 34,817             | 177,230            | 83,151             | 83,151                | 135,925                   | 233,163                      | 107,099                      |
| Sanitation Infrastructure                    |     | -                  | 60,765             | 94,854             | 110,550            | 84,276             | 84,276                | 105,778                   | 125,178                      | 101,589                      |
| Solid Waste Infrastructure                   |     | -                  | 1,934              | 3,302              | 10,150             | 7,550              | 7,550                 | 5,000                     | 5,000                        | 5,000                        |
| Rail Infrastructure                          |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Coastal Infrastructure                       |     | -                  | -                  | 9,691              | 3,000              | -                  | -                     | 14,206                    | 7,500                        | 8,000                        |
| Information and Communication Infrastructure |     | -                  |                    | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Infrastructure                               |     | 21,108             | 504,698            | 414,293            | 563,978            | 397,251            | 397,251               | 528,708                   | 498,900                      | 361,814                      |
| Community Facilities                         |     |                    | 113,812            | 26,753             | 28,326             | 26,593             | 26,593                | 33,548                    | 21,270                       | 27,929                       |
| Sport and Recreation Facilities              |     |                    | 6,664              | 714                | <u> </u>           | 512                | 512                   | -                         | ·                            |                              |
| Community Assets                             |     |                    | 120,476            | 27,467             | 28,326             | 27,105             | 27,105                | 33,548                    | 21,270                       | 27,929                       |
| Heritage Assets                              |     | 410,101            |                    |                    | -                  | •                  |                       |                           |                              | •                            |
| Revenue Generating                           |     |                    | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Non-revenue Generating                       |     |                    |                    | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Investment properties                        |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Operational Buildings                        |     | -                  | 1,188              | 4,633              | 5,790              | 44,711             | 44,711                | 20,700                    | 13,139                       | 10,000                       |
| Housing                                      |     | -                  | 59,047             | 11,266             | 98,706             | 5,591              | 5,591                 | 135,545                   | 3,000                        | 3,139                        |
| Other Assets                                 |     |                    | 60,235             | 15,899             | 104,496            | 50,303             | 50,303                | 156,245                   | 16,139                       | 13,139                       |



|  |     | 0                  | - Table A9         | Asset Mana         | gement             |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
|--|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Description                                  | Ref | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            | Curr               | ent Year 202       | 22/23                 |                           | ledium Tern<br>nditure Fran  |                              |
| R thousand                                   |     | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/25 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2025/26 |
| Biological or Cultivated Assets              |     | •                  | •                  | -                  | •                  | 9,072              | 9,072                 | •                         |                              |                              |
| Servitudes                                   |     | -                  | •                  | •                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | 30,000                    | 30,000                       | 30,000                       |
| Licences and Rights                          |     | -                  | 523                | 4,003              | 18,422             | 500                | 500                   |                           | -                            | -                            |
| Intangible Assets                            |     | -                  | 523                | 4,003              | 18,422             | 500                | 500                   | 30,000                    | 30,000                       | 30,000                       |
| Computer Equipment                           |     | -                  | •                  | 6,493              | 5,669              | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Furniture and Office Equipment               |     | -                  |                    | 2,334              | 10,556             | 9,907              | 9,907                 | •                         | 10,000                       | 10,000                       |
| Machinery and Equipment                      |     | 16                 | •                  | 41,032             | 62,500             | 21,299             | 21,299                | 199                       | -                            | -                            |
| Transport Assets                             |     | (10,980)           | •                  | 9,917              | 41,972             | 11,548             | 11,548                | 5,000                     | 5,000                        | 5,000                        |
| Land   |     | -                  | •                  | •                  | •                  | •                  | •                     | •                         |                              | -                            |
| Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals     |     | 59,610             |                    |                    |                    | •                  | •                     | •                         |                              | •                            |
| Mature                                       |     | -                  |                    |                    |                    |                    | -                     |                           |                              | -                            |
| Immature                                     |     | -                  |                    |                    | -                  |                    |                       |                           |                              | -                            |
| Living Resources                             |     | -                  | •                  |                    |                    | •                  | -                     | •                         | -                            | -                            |
| TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURE - Asset class      |     | 479,855            | 685,931            | 521,437            | 835,918            | 526,985            | 526,985               | 768,700                   | 581,309                      | 447,882                      |
| ASSET REGISTER SUMMARY - PPE (WDV)           | 5   | 8,114,943          | 7 776 759          |                    | 7 195 684          | 6 895 684          | 6,895,684             | 7 261 155                 | 7 616 952                    | 7 974 949                    |
| Roads Infrastructure                         |     |                    | 1,873,107          |                    | 1,830,420          |                    |                       |                           | 2,021,877                    |                              |
| Storm water Infrastructure                   |     | 500,215            | 492,667            |                    | 87,083             | 87,083             | 87,083                |                           |                              | 100,712                      |
| Electrical Infrastructure                    |     | •                  | 1,173,269          |                    | 1,018,082          | 818,082            | •                     |                           | •                            | ,                            |
| Water Supply Infrastructure                  |     | 729,288            |                    |                    | 1,223,186          | •                  |                       | 1,182,715                 | •                            | 1,298,980                    |
| Sanitation Infrastructure                    |     | 491,270            | •                  |                    | 600,826            | 600,826            |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Solid Waste Infrastructure                   |     | 8,204              | 7,891              |                    | 85,470             | 85,470             |                       | •                         | •                            | 98,847                       |
| Rail Infrastructure                          |     | 1,134              | 1,018              |                    | 1,254              | 1,254              | •                     | •                         | •                            | •                            |
| Coastal Infrastructure                       |     |                    |                    |                    | 4,747              | 4,747              |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Information and Communication Infrastructure |     |                    |                    |                    | 5,183              | 5,183              | •                     | •                         |                              | 5,994                        |
| Infrastructure                               |     | 4,875,623          | 4,769,356          | -                  | 4,856,251          | 4,556,251          | 4,556,251             | 4,797,733                 | 5,032,821                    | 5,269,364                    |
| Community Assets                             |     | 448,405            | 439,697            |                    | 79,588             | 79,588             | 79,588                | 83,807                    | 87,913                       | 92,045                       |
| Heritage Assets                              |     | 272,674            | 271,925            |                    | 206,938            | 206,938            | 206,938               | 217,905                   | 228,583                      | 239,326                      |
|  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       | -                         | -                            | -                            |



|  |     | 0                  | - Table A9         | Asset Mana         | gement             |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
|--|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Description                                  | Ref | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            | Curre              | ent Year 202       | 22/23                 | & Expe                    | ledium Term<br>nditure Fran  | nework                       |
| R thousand                                   |     | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/25 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2025/26 |
| Investment properties                        |     | 702,385            | 821,671            |                    | 668,979            | 668,979            | 668,979               | 704,435                   | 738,952                      | 773,683                      |
|  |     | ,                  | ,                  |                    | 668,979            | <b>,</b>           | <b>,</b>              |                           |                              |                              |
|  |     |                    |                    |                    | 555,777            |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Other Assets                                 |     | 275,725            | 269,415            |                    | 617,452            | 617,452            | 617,452               | 650,177                   | 682,035                      | 714,091                      |
| Biological or Cultivated Assets              |     | 80,648             | •                  |                    | , , , , , ,        |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
|  |     | 20,010             | ,                  |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
|  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Intangible Assets                            |     | 40,783             | 30,700             |                    | (1,083)            | (1,083)            | (1,083)               | (1,140)                   | (1,196)                      | (1,252)                      |
| Computer Equipment                           |     | 35,928             |                    |                    | (28,780)           | , , ,              | (28,780)              |                           | (31,790)                     | (33,284)                     |
| Furniture and Office Equipment               |     | 17,077             |                    |                    | 17,596             |                    | 17,596                | 18,529                    | 19,437                       | 20,351                       |
| Machinery and Equipment                      |     | 53,218             | ·                  |                    | 568,678            |                    | 568,678               | 598,818                   | 628,160                      | 657,684                      |
| Transport Assets                             |     | 93,489             |                    |                    | 210,063            | 210,063            | 210,063               | 221,197                   | 232,035                      | 242,941                      |
| Land   |     | 1,218,988          |                    |                    |                    | -                  |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological<br>Animals  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
|  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
|  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Living Resources                             |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| TOTAL ASSET REGISTER SUMMARY - PPE (WDV)     | 5   | 8,114,943          | 7,776,759          | -                  | 7,195,684          | 6,895,684          | 6,895,684             | 7,261,155                 | 7,616,952                    | 7,974,949                    |
|  |     |                    |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| EXPENDITURE OTHER ITEMS                      | _   | 474,776            |                    |                    | 947,931            | 688,436            |                       |                           | 1,092,919                    |                              |
| Depreciation                                 | 7   | 417,614            | •                  | •                  | 441,964            |                    | 441,738               | 466,692                   | 492,332                      | 504,977                      |
| Repairs and Maintenance by Asset Class       | 3   | 57,162             | 111,340            | 238,604            | 505,967            | 246,698            | 246,698               | 573,286                   | 600,587                      | 630,047                      |
| Roads Infrastructure                         |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Storm water Infrastructure                   |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Electrical Infrastructure                    |     | 33,758             | 77,522             | 130,184            | 87,166             | 63,501             | 63,501                | 161,182                   | 169,080                      | 177,027                      |
| Water Supply Infrastructure                  |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | 11,399             | 11,399                | 8,680                     | 9,106                        | 9,534                        |
| Sanitation Infrastructure                    |     | -                  | -                  | -                  |                    | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Solid Waste Infrastructure                   |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | 33,167             | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Rail Infrastructure                          |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | 46,650             | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Coastal Infrastructure                       |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Information and Communication Infrastructure |     |                    |                    | •                  | •                  | •                  |                       |                           |                              | •                            |



|   |     | 0                  | - Table A9         | Asset Mana         | gement             |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
|---|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Description                                 | Ref | 2019/20            | 2020/21            | 2021/22            | Curr               | ent Year 202       | 22/23                 |                           | ledium Term<br>nditure Fram  |                              |
| R thousand                                  |     | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Audited<br>Outcome | Original<br>Budget | Adjusted<br>Budget | Full Year<br>Forecast | Budget<br>Year<br>2024/24 | Budget<br>Year +1<br>2024/25 | Budget<br>Year +2<br>2025/26 |
| Infrastructure                              |     | 33,758             | 77,522             | 130,184            | 166,984            | 74,900             | 74,900                | 169,863                   | 178,186                      | 186,561                      |
| Community Facilities                        |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | 33,237             | 14                 | 14                    | 15                        | 16                           | 16                           |
| Sport and Recreation Facilities             |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Community Assets                            |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | 33,237             | 14                 | 14                    | 15                        | 16                           | 16                           |
| Heritage Assets                             |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Revenue Generating                          |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Non-revenue Generating                      |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Investment properties                       |     | -                  | •                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Operational Buildings                       |     | 14,845             | 14,191             | 70,356             | 181,556            | 50,587             | 50,587                | 163,462                   | 171,463                      | 179,531                      |
| Housing                                     |     |                    |                    | -                  |                    |                    |                       | -                         | -                            |                              |
| Other Assets                                |     | 14,845             | 14,191             | 70,356             | 181,556            | 50,587             | 50,587                | 163,462                   | 171,463                      | 179,531                      |
| Biological or Cultivated Assets             |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Servitudes                                  |     |                    |                    | -                  |                    |                    |                       |                           | -                            |                              |
| Licences and Rights                         |     | -                  |                    | -                  |                    | -                  |                       | -                         | -                            |                              |
| Intangible Assets                           |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Computer Equipment                          |     | -                  | •                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Furniture and Office Equipment              |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | -                            |
| Machinery and Equipment                     |     | 8,559              | 19,626             | 38,064             | 94,232             | 100,702            | 100,702               | 214,842                   | 225,369                      | 235,961                      |
| Transport Assets                            |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | 29,959             | 20,495             | 20,495                | 25,105                    | 25,553                       | 27,978                       |
| Land  |     |                    | -                  | -                  |                    |                    |                       |                           |                              |                              |
| Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological<br>Animals |     | -                  | -                  | -                  | •                  | -                  | •                     | -                         | -                            | •                            |
| Mature                                      |     | -                  |                    |                    |                    |                    |                       |                           | -                            | -                            |
| Immature                                    |     | -                  |                    |                    |                    | -                  | -                     | -                         | -                            | •                            |
| Living Resources                            |     |                    | -                  | -                  | •                  |                    | •                     |                           | -                            |                              |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURE OTHER ITEMS               |     | 474,776            | 483,872            | 605,229            | 947,931            | 688,436            | 688,436               | 1,039,979                 | 1,092,919                    | 1,135,024                    |



#### F.6.6. REVENUE GENERATION

Due to the current cash deficit and fact that the reserves of the municipality's reserves have been depleted, it has become critical to introduce a Revenue Enhancement Strategy. The challenges faced by the municipality will be addressed through the implementation of the following revenue enhancement strategy

Financial management in a municipality falls within the control and under the ambit of the Chief Financial Officer. To ensure proper financial management one needs to identify the critical areas within which the municipality's finances must perform. The Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) identifies some of these major competencies and from the functions mentioned in the Act a Clear role definition can be established.

Critical to implementing a Revenue Enhancement Strategy is the development of a robust revenue protection strategy. The revenue enhancement process needs to be divided into short, medium and long-term activities as set out in this Revenue Enhancement Strategy.

Short-Term activities (to be completed within three to six months) will include focus on the following:

- Review of the credit control policy;
- Improve the number of indigent beneficiaries registered
- Confirm the completeness of revenue Improved billing processes;
- Implement a targeted approach on debt collection of Organs of State;
- Implement a targeted approach on debt collection of businesses;
- Protect and grow the revenue base through identification of the additional revenue schemes;
- High level data cleansing;
- Resolve issues relating to customer queries and diputes.
- Implementation of cost reflective tariffs
- Proceed to incentify the debtors in order to encourage them to pay.
- Continue to collect monies owed from the Government Departments as well as businesses.
- Immediate involvement of Traditional Authorities in encouraging the communities to pay and incentify and to avoid the theft of water and electricity

Medium to Long Term (to be completed within seven to twelve months) will focus on;

- Improve data integrity in the transaction processing environment;
- Metering previously unmetered areas;
- Implementing bulk meters for big customers;
- Improve customer service Improve communication with consumers;
- Implement Training Programmes within Revenue
- Install prepaid meters for indigent customers and residential debts
- Customer care training to be provided to all staff members at revenue
- Workshops of policies and procedures to the revenue staff

#### F.6.7. ASSET MANAGEMENT

The municipality has different categories of assets in its Fixed Assets Register, which include the following:

#### **Asset Disposal Committee**

The municipality has an Asset disposal committee that deliberates on recommendations from Business Units for the disposal and transfer of all movable and immovable assets including land and leases. The committee reports to the Accounting Officer their recommendations regarding the disposal and transfer of municipal assets. Thereafter the Accounting Officer submits considerations and recommendations of the disposal and transfers to the appropriate portfolio committee for their recommendations and final approval.

| Categories          | Cost              | Carrying amounts as at 30 June 2020 |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Land & Buildings    | 1 227 935 568,14  | 915 836 148,32                      |
| Infrastructure      | 8 034 032 090,95  | 4 780 778 029,66                    |
| Community           | 796 998 310,99    | 439 697 111,54                      |
| Other assets        | 1 048 630 727,67  | 436 531 894,57                      |
| Investment Property | 841 503 444,49    | 821 671 444,49                      |
| Agricultural assets | 79 700 000,00     | 83 200 000,00                       |
| Heritage assets     | 278 759 275,33    | 271 924 972,12                      |
| Intangible assets   | 108 420 035,01    | 30 603 411,73                       |
| Living Resources    | 948 425,00        | 1 070 250,00                        |
|                     | 12 416 927 877,58 | 7 781 313 262,43                    |

The Asset Disposal Committee comprises of the following officials:

a. Senior Manager: Assets and Liabilities

b. Manager: Fleet

c. Manager: Real Estates and Valuations

d. Legal Advisor

e. Senior Manager: Area Based Management

f. Senior Manager: ICTg. Manager: Assets

#### F.6.8. SOUND FINANCIAL STRATEGIES

The Municipality has committed itself to the following sound financial strategies:

- Strategic and sustainable budgeting
- Sound financial management and reporting
- Value for money expenditure
- Growth of revenue and reduction of debtors

#### F.6.8.1. SAP

The goal of the ERP implementation within Msunduzi was to configure and implement an ERP system that would automate and integrated municipal business processes whilst ensuring compliance to regulatory requirements. MYSAP ECC6.0 (herein referred to as SAP) was selected for implementation at the municipality.

The following SAP modules were implemented:

- Material Management (MM);
- Human Capital Management (HCM);
- Financial Accounting (FI);
- Asset Management (AM);
- Controlling (CO);
- Industry Specific Solutions for Utilities Industry (ISU);
- Project Systems (PS);
- Real Estate (RE); and
- Sales and Distribution (SD)

The municipality experienced a number of challenges with the adequacy of the SAP implementation from the development partner and as a result the implementation of the following modules was not completed:

- mSCOA COMPLIANCE
- IDP/SDBIP
- Plant Maintenance
- Grant Management
- BPC
- Solution Manager

The municipality has since been on a journey post go live to remediate and improve the flaws within the SAP system. As a substantial resolution step to remedy all historic defects on SAP and complete the implementation of the outstanding modules, the municipality has initiated a SAP reimplementation project which seeks to address the National Treasury's MSCOA requirement through the reimplementation of SAP modules.

Reimplementation of the live module poses a number of risks to the municipality should the project not be adequately and effectively governed. As such, Internal Audit through this engagement planning memorandum is initiating a project risk assurance exercise to continuously review and assure municipal officials on the effective reimplementation of SAP within the municipality.

#### 6.8.1.1. INHERENT RISKS

There were issues raised with regards to reports required for mSCOA compliance, amongst others that could impact how the municipality access funding and grants from the Treasury Department. As such a number of inherent risks are applicable to the reimplementation of the municipal ERP project and some of the key inherent risks include:

#### Appointment of the implementing entity

Considering this historic risk of the appointment of the implementing entity at inception of the SAP implementation project which led to a number of audit queries and inappropriate media coverage of the municipality due to the use of section 32 for appointment of the implementor and the absence of a clearly defined business case. This risk is quite significant with the current SAP reimplementation project where the following inherent risks are applicable the appointment of the implementor:

- The Terms of Reference at advertisement of the bid may have been inadequately documented;
- SCM processes may have been circumvented in the appointment of the implementing entity considering that the appointed service provider was already providing SAP support services to the municipality.

#### **Project Governance**

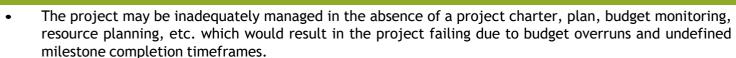
Implementation of SAP is expected to be performed in line with the approved SAP implementation methodology. Furthermore, the project should be governed in line with an approved project management methodologies such as PMP or Prince 2. Therefore, the following inherent risks are applicable to the project governance of the SAP reimplementation:

- The requirements of the approved SAP methodologies may not be complied to during the reimplementation of SAP resulting in audit queries, inadequate system implementation with inaccurate data, penalties and inappropriate media coverage.
- The project may not be adequately governed and structured as per project management methodologies mandating project oversight and reporting to a project steering committee which would further feed into other mandated municipal governance structures to ensure that senior officials, audit committee, council members, etc. are kept up to date with project risks, issues and activities. This would further enable members of municipal oversight committees to delegate recommended project improvement to the project team through the project steering committee.

#### **Project Management**

A project management methodology needs to be adopted for the management of the project to ensure that all critical project artefacts are completed and retained. This further ensures adequate version control and enables auditability. The following inherent risks are applicable to the management of the SAP reimplementation project management:

- Project documentation may not be retained in a structured manner which would inhibit auditability of the project;
- Key project planning documentation may not be completed resulting in key deliverables and milestones being skipped through to go live.



- Inadequate executing and roll out of project activities in the absence of a project management office.
- The project may not be adequately resourced with qualified resources.
- Inadequate signoff of project documents due to the lack of technical understanding of the contents contained in project artefacts resulting in inappropriate payment of incomplete modules/sub modules.
- Stage entry and exit gates may be inadequately transitioned without satisfaction of the defined criterion.

#### Municipal Statement of Work (SoW)

The municipal statement of work is the bible of deliverables to be completed by the project team. This summarizes all modules and sub modules to be delivered by the implementor. It further includes payment milestones (if any) applicable to the implementor and is signed by all applicable officials. The following risks are applicable to the approved scope of work of the SAP reimplementation project:

- The SoW may not be comprehensively documented to highlight applicable modules to be delivered by the implementor;
- The SoW may not be approved by all impacted heads of departments, senior management and the accounting officer;
- The SoW may not be adequately documented to define the payment milestones that may be applicable resulting in wasteful expenditure.

#### Municipal Business Requirements

Pre-implementation, the municipality with the assistance of the assistance of the implementor drafts business requirements which details the granular expectations of each submodules documented in the scope of works. This informs the scope of development and testing for the implementor. The following inherent risks are applicable to the drafting of business requirements for the SAP reimplementation project:

- The business requirements may not be comprehensively documented to detail the expectations of the scoped sub modules as per municipal business requirements and the municipalities regulatory universe resulting in incorrect interpretation of technical requirements.
- The business requirements may not be comprehensively documented to capture the actual municipal business process resulting in misaligned technical requirements.
- The business requirements may not be approved by all applicable municipal officials.

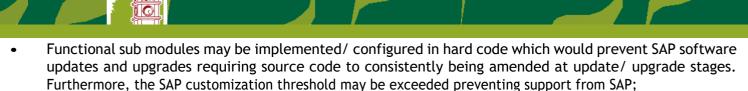
#### Municipal Technical Requirements

The implementor extracts technical requirements from the business requirements which will inform the blue print and development. The following inherent risks are applicable to the technical requirements scoping of the SAP reimplementation project:

- The technical requirements may not be comprehensively documented to reflect the approved business requirements;
- The technical requirements may be generically documented impacting the establishment of system blue prints;
- Technical requirements may not be approved by all applicable officials.

#### **SAP Configuration**

The configuration of the system must be in line with SAP Best Practice as well as the uMsunduzi mission critical processes. The configuration of the SAP System must also optimize the way the uMsunduzi Municipality conducts its business going forward; the SAP System will result in best practices that have benefited many similar environments. The following risks are applicable to the implementation and configuration of SAP on the reimplementation project:



- The system may be inadequately configured through incorrect interpretation of blue prints resulting in erroneous system outputs and reports.
- The system may be configured in a manner that does not align to municipal business requirements resulting in multiple reworks which would constitute to wasteful expenditure.
- The system development and configuration may escalate to a complicated state through inadequate coding and configuration which may later confuse the implementor resulting in the termination of services. This will further draw inappropriate media coverage and result in qualified audits due to a significant wasteful expenditure finding due to the magnitude of this project..

#### **Data Migration**

Post development, the system is tested with simulated data at unit and integration testing cycles. Migrated data is slightly introduced at the later cycles of integration testing in staggered incremental batches going into user acceptance testing where at least 90% of migrated data is utilized to complete user acceptance testing. The migration approach is documented in the data migration strategy defined at the planning phase. The following inherent risks are applicable to the data migration on the SAP reimplementation project:

- Incomplete and inaccurate data may be utilized in the testing phase resulting in inadequate test results;
- Inadequate and inaccurate data may be migrated into the reimplemented SAP system at go live resulting in inaccurate and incomplete customer bills and management reports.

#### TURN AROUND PROJECT PLAN QUALITY ASSURANCE ASSESSMENT

## Project Dates & • Completion

- Dates are not aligned, e.g. Realisation is shown to have started on 22/03/22 whereas we are still in the prepare phase.
- There are delayed key activities such 'resource planning and capacitation' highlighting a risk that the team is not at full capacity. Key project plan milestones are documented as future activities to determine the actual milestone.
- Very tight timelines, no room for error no Go-no-Go decision, no allocated time for data migration and reconciliation, no business sign-off accommodation has been included. Furthermore the shortened timelines are not substantiated (e.g. Additional man hours to shrink project days). Furthermore, the plan does not seem to take into account the applicable regulatory submissions. Hence the MFMA calendar and treasury submissions must be incorporated into the plan to ensure that the releases are adequately structured.
- Independent Quality Assurance it would be beneficial to incorporate 3-5 days for the independent QA of milestones. These can be at the end of each sprint and can be parallel with the preparation and kick off of the next sprint. That way go live of the sprint being QA'd can be realized whilst the next sprint is in progress.
- Prepare Phase Outstanding Deliverables Please incorporate the time for the completion of outstanding items for this phase where you can indicate completed items as take-on activities that have been completed. With regards to the Blue Printing workshops, we would recommend a calendar which would then align with your project plan timeline where municipal officials who are key to the finalization of these are booked in advance with strong consequence management for officials who do not abide to the booked sessions. Again this milestone is still sited as to be performed.

#### Project Governance

- **Project Governance Documents** will need to be updated to align to the change from ASAP to SAP active. This will impact the project charter, migration approach, etc. This is planned for and will need to be paralleled and resourced to catch-up with the revised project plan. This must therefore be accommodated on the project plan.
- **Project risks** that may materialize from the revised plan must be assessed, documented and mitigated as there is a myriad of risks that need to be managed in line with the revised project plan.

### FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT **PLAN REVIEW 2024-2024**



#### TURN AROUND PROJECT PLAN QUALITY ASSURANCE ASSESSMENT

#### Project **Dependencies**

- Tasks dependencies are not shown, such as
  - Hardware Readiness and availability, according to the plan Hardware Sizing and Solution Landscape (Task 40) is scheduled to complete on 2nd May, yet there are developments scheduled on the same day (Task 90)
  - Hardware setup and licensing is not planned for, there are basis installation once licenses are procured and configuration of DEV, QA, PROD tasks not on the plan. Furthermore considering the staggered licensing approach, it would be beneficial to include licensing procurement and readiness for each submodule that the sprint will be focused on supplemented by a proposed licensing stack plan for SAP which would also seat on the critical path of the plan.
  - System Base Config/ Pre-configuration Org Structure, Charts of accounts creation should be included on the plan.
  - Master Data Migration should also be planned for before Go-Lives, including delta loads if there will be legacy system freeze

#### Critical Path

• Unclear/ No critical path based on key tasks/dependencies identification missing on the

#### Development Duration

• 'Conduct a gap analysis & determine scope of work (WRICEFS) (Task 84) planned for the 11/05/22 - therefore the development durations allocated highly to change, risking the project Go-Live date

#### User Acceptance Training & Integration **Testing**

- Tight timelines, all UAT planned for a day no contingency for error and rework. There is a very high likelihood that UAT testing will fail or new testing scenarios be realized during testing which will not have the platform to be accommodated resulting in scenario testing being incomplete and potentially compromising the quality of build of the system. This may further result in users not being able to adequately use the system functionality due to insufficient training.
- Agile methodology also requires integration testing between modules, hence these should be accommodated for on the plan. Hence it would be beneficial to include a testing activity on each sprint which will cover unit testing, integration testing cycles (including any data migration dependencies for the later cycles of SIT). The SIT migrated data dependencies must be indicated and planned for on the plan.

### Plan

- Data Migration Assuming there will be a separate Data migration upon completion of 'Complete the Data Migration Approach and Strategy Document (Task 38), it's a risk on Go-Live date, to not have an integrated plan/
  - Considering the ASAP activate methodology adoption and the roll out in sprints, it would be important to accommodate for migration activities for the modules that will be going live on

#### Resourcing

- Resource Levelling highlights a risk of resource burn-out in some areas e.g.
  - 3 Modules planned to go-live on the 26/08/22 with only 1 GRC and 1 Change Management resource

We should recommend additional resources where there is already an overallocation of resources

- Support resources ideally should not be planned for on the implementation project so as to not hinder the tight project timelines considering that there are peaks in support requirements which may compromise the project.
- Resourcing is not guaranteed when the delivering resources have not been mapped onto all applicable milestones of the project plan. This further cripples the tight project timelines.

#### Change Management

Scheduled Go-Lives in months:

- 9 Modules in August (3 on the same day)
- 2 Modules in September
- 5 Modules in October
- 6 Modules in November

Change Management should also have a separate communication plan and strong engagements with stakeholders will be required. This might compromise the effectiveness of the planned change management activities.

#### F.6.8.2. MUNICIPAL STANDARD CHARTS OF ACCOUNTS (MSCOA)

The municipality has taken a decision to implement SAP as its core ERP system. The SAP journey begins in 2016/17 financial year and continues since there is also continuous business improvement.

mSCOA compliance is regulated by the National Treasury and all municipalities and municipal entities are expected to comply with the regulations by transacting on all seven mSCOA segments through their ERP systems.

Msunduzi municipality is on the journey to final mSCOA compliance and budget provision has been made in the 2024/24 financial year to continue with this journey through the implementation of additional SAP modules that will complete the journey.

The current roadmap is a three-year plan that will see the municipality reach its goal of being mSCOA compliance by the end of the three years.

The 15 mSCOA minimum business processes will be completed by the time the mSCOA/SAP journey ends.

The current SAP system does not cover all 15 mSCOA minimum business processes and it is critical that the process to implement additional SAP modules commence. The following minimum business processes will be covered by the implementation:

- Corporate Governance
- Municipal Budgeting, Planning Modelling
- Costing and Reporting
- Treasury and Cash Management
- Grant Management
- Customer Care, Credit Control and Debt Collection
- Valuation Roll Management
- Land Use Building Control

The municipality has also commenced with the process of creating internal capacity to manage, support and maintain mSCOA and SAP and this will assist to reduce reliance on consultants.

The draft structure for the mSCOA/SAP Centre Of Excellence has been prepared and awaiting final approval for implementation in the next three years.

Safe City is also transacting on the SAP system and this allow easy consolidation of reporting for the municipality.

#### F.6.9.

#### PROJECTS WITH COMMITTED FUNDING FROM OTHER SERVICE PROVIDERS

This section is in the process of being completed and will be finalised ahead of Council final adoption of the IDP. Departments have been requested to forward their 3-year MTEFs to the Municipality for inclusion in the IDP.

#### TABLE 121: PROJECTS BY SECTOR DEPARTMENTS AND SOE'S IN MSUNDUZI

| NAME OF PROJECT  | PROJECT DESCRIPTION | MUNICIPALITY | SOURCE<br>FUNDER       | STATUS  | TIMEFRAME          | BUDGET                       | WARD |
|--|---------------------|--------------|------------------------|---|--------------------|------------------------------|------|
| Signal Hill  |                     | Msunduzi     | Human Set-<br>tlements | Planning - finalizing detailed planning activities  | 2022/23            | R4 000 000,00                | 26   |
| Kwa 30   |                     | Msunduzi     | Human Set-<br>tlements | Planning - finalizing detailed planning activities  | 2022/23<br>2024/24 | R455 291,00<br>R726 000,00   |      |
| Khalanyoni   |                     | Msunduzi     | Human Set-<br>tlements | Planning finalized. Project to proceed to construction  | 2022/23<br>2024/24 | R1 138 230,00<br>R537 000,00 |      |
| Msunduzi 132kV Sub Refurb  |                     | Msunduzi     | Eskom                  | DRA   | 2024-2027          |                              |      |
| Imbali-Ariadne 132kV Feeder<br>HV Diff Scheme Replacement<br>Refurbishment                           |                     | Msunduzi     | Eskom                  | CRA   | 2024-2027          |                              |      |
| Unit BB NB BD - Thornville rural settlement electrification - Western area Shenstone 5 - Msunduzi    | Household           | Msunduzi     | Eskom                  | Construction is 100% complete   |                    |                              |      |
| Msunduzi extensions  | Extensions          | Msunduzi     | Eskom                  | Construction is 100% complete   |                    |                              |      |
| Taylor's Halt #1   | Household           | Msunduzi     | Eskom                  | Construction is<br>100% complete<br>busy with material<br>reconciliation                                    |                    |                              | 6    |
| Azalea NB AC - Thornville rural settlement electrification - Southern area Shenstone 4 - Msunduzi wa | Households          | Msunduzi     | Eskom                  | Construction is 20% complete. Survey is required on site for line deviation. Material delivery in progress. |                    |                              | 10   |

| NAME OF PROJECT   | PROJECT DESCRIPTION | MUNICIPALITY | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS  | TIMEFRAME      | BUDGET         | WARD     |
|---|---------------------|--------------|------------------|---|----------------|----------------|----------|
| KwaShange   | Households          | Msunduzi     | Eskom            | Site establishment<br>done and kick off<br>completed - con-<br>tractor on site -<br>awaiting material<br>delivery |                |                | 4        |
| Azalea NBAD - Soweto rural settlement   | Households          | Msunduzi     | Eskom            | Construction of MV line 98% completed. Contractor to be allocated for household connections                       |                |                | 10       |
| Taylors Halt rural settlement normalisation Phase 2   | Households          | Msunduzi     | Eskom            | Package handover done, In process of allocating new contractor  |                |                | 6        |
| Sinathingi section C ward 11 rural settlement infills   | Households          | Msunduzi     | Eskom            | Project is at design stage  | R16 400 615.15 |                | 11       |
| Stage 2 Slangpruit ward 13  | Households          | Msunduzi     | Eskom            | Project is at design stage  |                | R1 890 693.60  | 13       |
| Esigodini ward 12   | Households          | Msunduzi     | Eskom            | Project is at design stage  |                | R5 165 207.98  | 12       |
| Thornville NB32 -Thornville rural settlement electMsunduzi rification - Eastern area Shenstone 2 -                            | Households          | Msunduzi     | Eskom            | Project is at design stage  |                | R12 211 900.73 | 13<br>18 |
| Unit P NB PE - Thornville rural settlement electrification - Northern area Shenstone 1  | Households          | Msunduzi     | Eskom            | Project is at design stage  |                | R22 147 676.24 | 13       |
| Songonzima Rural Settlement   | Households          | Msunduzi     | Eskom            | Project is at design stage  |                | R6 717 454.40  | 39       |
| Msunduzi bulk infills (type 2 & 3)  | Infills             | Msunduzi     | Msunduzi         |   |                | R9 000 000.00  |          |
| Songonzima (Link Line)  | Link line           | Msunduzi     | Msunduzi         |   |                | R6 386 138.54  |          |
| Unit P NB PE - Thornville Thornville rural settlement electrification - Northern area Shenstone 1 - Msunduzi ward (link line) | Link line           | Msunduzi     | Msunduzi         |   |                | R6 333 037.03  |          |

| NAME OF PROJECT  | PROJECT DESCRIPTION   | MUNICIPALITY | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS   | TIMEFRAME | BUDGET          | WARD |
|--|---|--------------|------------------|----------|-----------|-----------------|------|
| Ariadne/Elandskop Taylors<br>Halt 132kV line (loop in & out)<br>-phase 2 | Infrastructure pre engineering  |              |                  |          |           | R799 776.00     |      |
| Taylors Halt 132/22kV 1x40<br>MVA Substation establishment<br>- phase 2  | Infrastructure pre engineering  |              |                  |          |           | R780 576.00     |      |
| Taylors Halt SS 22kV Turn In<br>Lines -phase 2                           | Infrastructure pre engineering  |              |                  |          |           | R174000.00      |      |
| Msunduzibulk   | Pre-engineering   |              |                  |          |           | R1 905 750.00   |      |
| HENRYVILLE PS<br>(COMPLETION CONTRACT)                                   | COMPLETION OF 039433 - SEWER CONNECTION FOR ALL ABLUTIONS AND STAFF PARKING AREA, INCL. SURFACING AND LAYERWORKS  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 52 777 206.00 | 21   |
| NSONGENI SS  | COMPLETION CONTRACT<br>FOR 043341 - REPLACEMENTS<br>AND RENOVATIONS TO ENTIRE<br>SCHOOL, INCL. REMEDIAL OF<br>EXISTING SUBSTANDARD WORK<br>& DAMAGES DUE TO VANDAL-<br>ISM;     | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 52 777 206.00 |      |
| RUSSEL HS  | MAJOR REPAIRS TO ROOFS,<br>CEILINGS AND BUILDING<br>STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS   | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 52 777 206.00 | 27   |
| SOBANTU SS   | MAJOR STRUCTURAL REPAIRS<br>AND UPGRADES TO 10 DELAPI-<br>DATED BUILDINGS INCL. CLASS-<br>ROOMS, LIBRARY, ADMIN AND<br>ABLUTIONS. POWER SUPPLY UP-<br>GRADE AND EXTERNAL WORKS. | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 52 777 206.00 | 35   |
| SANZWILI PS  | STORM DAMAGED SCHOOLS PHASE 16 - BLOCK C & D: REPLACEMENT OF IBR ROOF COVERING AND TIMBERS, INCL. NEW CEILINGS, CORNICES AND 6 X ELECTRICAL LIGHT FITTING.                      | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 52 777 206.00 | 21   |



| NAME OF PROJECT                  | PROJECT DESCRIPTION   | MUNICIPALITY | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS   | TIMEFRAME | BUDGET           | WARD     |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------|------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|----------|
| SHAYABANTU HS                    | STORM DAMAGED SCHOOLS PHASE 16 - BLOCK A: REPLACE- MENT OF FASCIA BOARDS AND GLAZING. BLOCK B: REPLACEMENT OF GLAZING, FIBRE CEMENT FASCIA BOARDS, BARGE BOARD, PVC GUTTERS AND DOWNPIPE. BLOCKS C-F: NO DAMAGE FROM STORM BUT NORMAL WEAR. BLOCKS G-I: ABLUTIONS IN AVERAGE CONDITION, NOT AFFECTED BY STORM | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 52 777 206.00  | 03       |
| JABULANI PS                      | SANITATION PROGRAMME (PHASE 3) - UMG 01: DEMOLI- TION OF EXISTING STRUCTURE, CONSTRUCTION OF NEW (4G, 2B, 2URINAL, 2STAFF & 1URI- NAL,1D,1R,1RT   | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 52 777 206.00  |          |
| WOODLANDS PS                     | UPGRADES AND ADDITIONS  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | ON SITE  |           | R 64 914 724.00  | 32       |
| EX OLD BOYS                      | NEW STAFF CARPORTS  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 219 681 440.00 |          |
| GREY'S HOSPITAL                  | GREY'S HOSPITAL RESTORATION OF HVAC SYSTEM  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 219 681 440.00 | 25       |
| NATALIA BUILDING                 | RESTORATION OF HVAC SYSTEM  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 219 681 440.00 | 27       |
| FORT NAPIER                      | REPLACEMENT OF THE MAIN SUBSTATION MV SWITCHGEAR  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 219 681 440.00 | 26       |
| MAYORS WALK                      | UPGRADES INTO CENTRAL PRO-<br>VINCIAL RECORDS REPOSITORY<br>AND STORES: PHASE1  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 219 681 440.00 | 26<br>27 |
| NORTHDALE HOSPITAL               | UPGRADE OF EXISTING SPACE<br>FOR IN-PATIENT MENTAL HEALTH<br>UNIT   | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 219 681 440.00 | 31       |
| NORTHDALE HOSPITAL               | ASBESTOS  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 219 681 440.00 | 31       |
| HARRY GWALA HOSPITAL             | ASBESTOS  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 219 681 440.00 | 22       |
| HARRY GWALA NURSING COL-<br>LEGE | FLOOD DAMAGE  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 219 681 440.00 | 22       |
| TOWNHILL HOSPITAL                | FLOOD DAMAGE  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 219 681 440.00 | 25       |
| EX OLD BOYS                      | FLOOD DAMAGE  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 219 681 440.00 |          |



| NAME OF PROJECT   | PROJECT DESCRIPTION  | MUNICIPALITY | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS                | TIMEFRAME | BUDGET           | WARD |
|---|--|--------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------|------------------|------|
| KWAPATA CLINIC  | KWAPATA CLINIC (EDEN) NEW BOREHOLE.  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | ON SITE               |           | R 530 000.00     | 10   |
| GREY'S HOSPITAL   | GREYS HOSPITAL: RENOVA-<br>TIONS AND UPGRADE TO NURS-<br>ES AND DOCTORS ACCOMMO-<br>DATION.Y'S HOSPITAL RESTORA-<br>TION OF HVAC SYSTEM  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | CONSTRUCTION          |           | R50,164,964,53   | 25   |
|   | KZN LEGISLATURE ADMINISTRA-<br>TIVE & MAIN CHAMBER BUILD-<br>INGS  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING              |           | N/A              |      |
|   | OFFICES - PROVINCIAL LEGISLA-<br>TURE - MAIN CHAMBER, WIMS<br>058016   | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | ON SITE               |           | R27 058 000.00   |      |
| OFFICES - COGTA - WADLEY<br>HOUSE - PMBURG, WIMS<br>057530  | UPGRADE OF ACCESS CONTROL, EXTERNAL PAINTING, REPAIRS TO PLUMBING AND VISITOR'S PARKING REPAIRS: ALTERATIONS & ADDITIONS   | Msunduzi     | KZN COGTA        | TENDER STAGE          |           | N/A              | 27   |
| COGTA: UMGUNGUNDLOVU<br>DISTRICT: AMAQADI SUB CLAN<br>TAC-TRADITIONAL ADMINSTRA-<br>TION CENTRE/COURT | REPAIRS: ALTERATIONS & ADDI-<br>TIONS  | Msunduzi     | KZN COGTA        | TENDER STAGE-         |           | N/A              | 27   |
| COGTA: UMGUNGUNDLOVU<br>DISTRICT: MASIHAMBISANE<br>TAC-TRADITIONAL ADMINSTRA-<br>TION CENTRE/COURT    | REPAIRS AND RENOVATIONS  | Msunduzi     | KZN COGTA        | CONSTRUCTION<br>STAGE |           | R2,717,057       |      |
| 240 BURGER STREET - RTI TRAF-<br>FIC TRAINING COLLAGE MAIN<br>BUIDLING & CHAPEL                       | REPAIRS TO ROOF LEAKS ON<br>HERITAGE STRUCTURES  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING              |           | R 183 406 000.00 | 27   |
| OFFICES - TRANSPORT - RTI<br>TRAINING COLLEGES & TTIU ,<br>068138 & 068226                            | OFFICES - TRANSPORT - RTI TRAINING COLLEGES & TTIU "RE- PLACING EXITING PARKHOMES & PURCHASING AND INSTALLA- TION OF NEW PREFABRICATED / PARKHOME OFFICES FOR DE- PARTMENT OF TRANSPORT:RTI TRAINING COLLEGES" | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING              |           | R 183 406 000.00 |      |



| NAME OF PROJECT  | PROJECT DESCRIPTION  | MUNICIPALITY | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS   | TIMEFRAME | BUDGET           | WARD |
|--|--|--------------|------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|------|
| HEAD OFFICE DOT: INKOSI<br>MHLABUNZIMA HOUSE: 172<br>BURGER STREET, PMB                                      | PURCHASING AND INSTALLA-<br>TION OF NEW PREFABRICATE<br>STRUCTURE / PARKHOME STOR-<br>AGE  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 183 406 000.00 | 27   |
| MKHONDENI DLTC-DRIVERS LICENSING TESTING CENTRE  | OFFICE RECONFIGURATIONS,<br>ADDITIONS & RENOVATIONS TO<br>MKHONDENI DLTC-PROVINCIAL<br>DRIVERS LICENSING TESTING<br>CENTRE AT 2 VAN ECK PLACE,<br>MKHONDENI PMBURG | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 183 406 000.00 | 37   |
| DOT HEAD OFFICE PRECINCT<br>172 BURGER STREET: INKOSI<br>MHLABUNZIMA HOUSE: 6TH<br>FLOOR A BLOCK SCM, 059798 | REPLACE WATERPROOFING WITH NEW & RECONFIGARA- TION OF THE MECHANICAL WA- TER TANKS   | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 183 406 000.00 | 27   |
| HERITAGE VILLA HOUSE OFFIC-<br>ES AT INKOSI MHLABUNZIMA<br>HOUSE: 172 BURGER STREET,<br>PMB                  | REPLACEMENT OF DAMAGED<br>ROOF & INTERNAL REPAIRS AT<br>VILLA HOUSE OFFICES  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 183 406 000.00 | 27   |
| OFFICES - TRANSPORT - COST<br>CENTRE -SIGN SHOP BUILDING<br>- MOUNTAIN RISE                                  | RECONFIGURATION OF SIGN SHOP TO SCM OFFICES  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 183 406 000.00 | 31   |
| OFFICES - TRANSPORT - HEAD<br>OFFICE - PIETERMARITZBUG,<br>WIMS 036562                                       | CONDITION REPORT ON HEAD OFFICE RETICULATION.  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 183 406 000.00 | 27   |
| OFFICES - TRANSPORT - ROAD<br>INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING,<br>WIMS 058000  | ENCLOSE ENTIRE 5TH FLOOR TO INCREASE OFFICE SPACE IN THE BUILDING  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 166 000 000.00 | 27   |
| OFFICES - TRANSPORT - HEAD<br>OFFICE - PIETERMARITZBURG  | REPAIRS TO EXECUTIVE BLOCK<br>AND B BLOCK ROOF; AND EN-<br>CLOSING OF BALCONIES  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 166 000 000.00 | 27   |
| MOTOR TRANSPORT SERVICES<br>230 PRINCE ALFRED STREET -<br>054967   | UPGRADE SEWERAGE SYSTEM  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 166 000 000.00 | 27   |
| OFFICES - TRANSPORT - 206<br>BURGER STREET - EX TEM-<br>BALETHU BUILDING, WIMS<br>060988                     | REFURBISHMENTS TO THEM-<br>BALETHU BUILDING  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PLANNING |           | R 166 000 000.00 | 27   |



| NAME OF PROJECT  | PROJECT DESCRIPTION   | MUNICIPALITY | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS                | TIMEFRAME                           | BUDGET                           | WARD |
|--|---|--------------|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------|
| OFFICES TRANSPORT - PMB<br>COST CENTRE - MOUNTAIN<br>RISE, WIMS 054964             | CONVERTING OF EXISTING TYRE STORES TO OFFICES F                       | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | TENDER STAGE          |                                     | R 166 000 000.00                 | 31   |
| OFFICES TRANSPORT - PMB<br>COST CENTRE - MOUNTAIN<br>RISE, WIMS 054964             | CONVERTING OF EXISTING TYRE STORES TO OFFICES F                       | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | TENDER STAGE          |                                     | R 166 000 000.00                 | 31   |
| OFFICES - TRANSPORT - RTI<br>TRAINING CENTRE - 240 BURG-<br>ER STREET, WIMS 058180 | NEW ARMORY AT TRAINING<br>COLLEGE                                     | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | ON SITE               |                                     | R17 591 342.55                   | 27   |
| OFFICES - TRANSPORT - RE-<br>GIONAL OFFICE - PIETERMAR-<br>ITZBURG, WIMS 044973    | CONVERSION OF WORKSHOP FACILITIES TO OFFICE ACCOM-MODATION            | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | ON SITE               |                                     | R69 428 789.78                   | 27   |
| ALSTON PRIMARY SCHOOL  | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS                | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN                | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R880.414<br>R968.456             |      |
| BUZULWAZI PRIMARY SCHOOL   | 2 STAFF FLUSH, 1 BOY FLUSH, 1<br>GIRL FLUSH, 3 GIRL PIT, 5 BOY<br>PIT | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | DESIGN                | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R201.000<br>R285.571<br>R314.129 |      |
| DINDI PRIMARY SCHOOL   | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW<br>GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU-<br>TIONS          | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN                | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R880.414<br>R968.456             |      |
| DLOKWAKHE PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL  | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW<br>GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU-<br>TIONS          | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN                | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R541.929<br>R596.121             |      |
| EASTWOOD SECONDARY SCHOOL  | REPAIRS AND RENOVATIONS   | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | PROJECT INITIATION    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R357.000<br>R392.700             |      |
| EDENDALE TECHNICAL HIGH SCHOOL   | STORM DAMAGE TO 5 CLASS-<br>ROOMS                                     | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | PROJECT INITIATION    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R930.936<br>R1,024.029           |      |
| EMAFAKATHINI P   | CONSTRUCTION OF BOYS AND GIRLS TOILETS                                | Msunduzi     | IDT              | CONSTRUCTION 1% - 25% | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R126.000                         |      |
| EMAFAKATHINI PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL   | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS                | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN                | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R880.414<br>R968.456             |      |



| NAME OF PROJECT                         | PROJECT DESCRIPTION  | MUNICIPALITY | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS                    | TIMEFRAME                           | BUDGET                               | WARD |
|---|--|--------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|
| EMASWAZINI PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL            | SANITATION PROGRAMME<br>(PHASE 3), CLUSTER<br>UMG-19DEMOLITION OF EXIST-<br>ING STRUCTURE, CONSTRUC-<br>TION OF NEW (4G, 4B, 2M2F1D<br>& 3R1T)                         | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | CONSTRUCTION<br>51% - 75% | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R126.000<br>R3,299.245<br>R3,629.169 |      |
| EMASWAZINI PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL            | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS   | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R541.929<br>R596.121                 |      |
| ENTOKOZWENI LSEN SCHOOL                 | 1XHOSTEL FOR 50 BOYS AND<br>50 GILRS 2XCLASSROOM<br>BLOCK,1XSTRONGROOM,3X-<br>FEMALE STAFF TOILETS,3XMALE<br>STAFF TOILETS, 5X GIRLS TOI-<br>LETS,3XBOYS STAFF TOILETS | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | FEASIBILITY               | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R2,438.000                           |      |
| FEZOKUHLE PRIMARY SCHOOL                | ENTIRE ASBESTOS ROOF IS LEAK-<br>ING, STRUCTURAL DEFECTS AND<br>THE ENTIRE ROOF TRUSSESS ARE<br>BADLY ROTTEN   | Msunduzi     | DBSA             | PROJECT INITIATION        | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R586.307<br>R644.938                 |      |
| FEZOKUHLE PRIMARY SCHOOL                | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS   | Msunduzi     | DBSA             | DESIGN                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R1,218.900<br>R1,340.790             |      |
| GUDLINTABA JUNIOR SECOND-<br>ARY SCHOOL | REPAIRS TO STRUCTURES DAM-<br>AGED BY INCLEMENT WEATHER.   | Msunduzi     | IDT              | TENDER                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R2,855.328                           |      |
| GUDLINTABA PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL            | CONSTRUCTION OF BOYS AND GIRLS TOILETS   | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | DESIGN                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R124.000<br>R4,090.306<br>R4,499.336 |      |
| HENLEY PRIMARY SCHOOL                   | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS   | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R541.929<br>R596.121                 |      |
| HENRYVILLE PRIMARY SCHOOL               | COMPLETION OF 039433 -<br>SEWER CONNECTION FOR ALL<br>ABLUTIONS AND STAFF PARKING<br>AREA, INCL. SURFACING AND<br>LAYERWORKS   | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | DESIGN                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R873.000<br>-                        |      |
| HLELINGOMUSO PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL          | BANK COLLAPSE AND CLASS-<br>ROOMS ARE FLOODED  | Msunduzi     | DBSA             | PROJECT INITIATION        | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R586.307<br>R644.938                 |      |



| NAME OF PROJECT                | PROJECT DESCRIPTION  | MUNICIPALITY | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS             | TIMEFRAME                           | BUDGET                               | WARD |
|--------------------------------|--|--------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|
| HLELINGOMUSO PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL | UPGRADES AND ADDITIONS   | Msunduzi     | IDT              | DESIGN             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R124.000<br>R285.714<br>R314.286     |      |
| HLELINGOMUSO PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS   | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R1,218.900<br>R1,340.790             |      |
| IKUSASELIHLE HIGH SCHOOL       | TWO CLASSROOMS ASBESTOS ROOF SHEETING HAS BEEN BLOWN OFF, DRAINAGE SYS- TEM IS BLOCKED, STRUCTURAL DEFECTS CLASSROOMS ARE FLOODED WITH WATER     | Msunduzi     | KZNDOE           | PROJECT INITIATION | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R375.190<br>R412.709                 |      |
| IMBUBU PRIMARY SCHOOL          | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS   | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R541.929<br>R596.121                 |      |
| IWAHLANGA PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL    | SANITATION PROGRAMME (PHASE 3), CLUSTER UMG-2 RENOVATION OF EXISTING STRUCTURES (6B, 1M) & CON- STRUCTION OF NEW (2M2F1D)                        | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | DESIGN             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R201.000<br>R178.394<br>R196.234     |      |
| IWAHLANGA PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL    | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS   | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R350.443<br>R385.487                 |      |
| JABULANI PRIMARY SCHOOL        | SANITATION PROGRAMME (PHASE 3), CLUSTER UMG-24 DEMOLITION OF EXISTING STRUCTURE, CONSTRUCTION OF NEW (4G, 2B, 2URINAL,2STAFF &1URINAL,1D,1R,1RT) | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | DESIGN             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R282.011<br>R2,490.270<br>R2,739.297 |      |
| JABULANI PRIMARY SCHOOL        | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS   | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R350.443<br>R385.487                 |      |
| KWAMNYANDU PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL   | UPGRADE AND ADDITIONS  | Msunduzi     | DBSA             | DESIGN             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R1,402.000<br>R429.307<br>R472.238   |      |



| NAME OF PROJECT                          | PROJECT DESCRIPTION   | MUNICIPALITY | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS             | TIMEFRAME                           | BUDGET                                 | WARD |
|--|---|--------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------|
| LADUMA HIGH SCHOOL                       | UPGRADING OF EXISTING SCHOOL INFRASTRUCTURE TO MEET THE DBE NORMS AND STANDARDS   | Msunduzi     | DBSA             | DESIGN             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R1,582.000<br>R2,692.459<br>R2,961.705 |      |
| LADUMA HIGH SCHOOL                       | ROOF LEAKS AND CEILING<br>DAMAGE - ADMIN BLOCK, LI-<br>BRARY AND ALL CLASSROOMS,<br>GUTTERS AND DOWNPIPES AND<br>500L WATER TANK DAMAGED. | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | TENDER             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R1,454.092<br>R1,166.025<br>R1,282.628 |      |
| LANGSYDE PRIMARY SCHOOL                  | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS  | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R1,218.900<br>R1,340.790               |      |
| LUNGISILE PRIMARY SCHOOL                 | BANK COLLAPSE AND CLASS-<br>ROOMS ARE FLOODED   | Msunduzi     | IDT              | DESIGN             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R595.000<br>R475.800<br>R523.380       |      |
| MBANJWA PRIMARY SCHOOL                   | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS  | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R880.414<br>R968.456                   |      |
| MEHLOKAZULU SECONDARY<br>SCHOOL          | BANK COLLAPSE AND CLASS-<br>ROOMS ARE FLOODED   | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | DESIGN             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R283.679<br>R312.046                   |      |
| MPANDE HIGH SCHOOL                       | BOUNDARY WALL COLLAPSE  | Msunduzi     | DBSA             | PROJECT INITIATION | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R586.307<br>R644.938                   |      |
| MQHATHI PRIMARY SCHOOL                   | REPAIRS TO FLOORS ,WINDOW<br>PANES,DOORS,HANDLES,-<br>FLOORS,ROOF LEAKS,WATER<br>SUPPY PIPE,ROOF LEAKS & WALL<br>PAINTING                 | Msunduzi     | IDT              | PROJECT INITIATION | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R182.783<br>R201.062                   |      |
| MQHATHI PRIMARY SCHOOL                   | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS  | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R350.443<br>R385.487                   |      |
| MUZI THUSI PRIMARY SCHOOL (MACHIBISE PS) | ENTIRE ASBESTOS ROOF IS LEAK-<br>ING, STRUCTURAL DEFECTS AND<br>THE ENTIRE ROOF TRUSSESS ARE<br>BADLY ROTTEN                              |              | DBSA             | PROJECT INITIATION | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R586.307<br>R644.938                   |      |
| MUZI THUSI PRIMARY SCHOOL (MACHIBISE PS) | RENOVATIONS, REHABILITATION OR REFURBISHMENTS   | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN             | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R369.347<br>R406.282                   |      |

|                              |  |              | SOURCE |   |                                     |                                      |      |
|------------------------------|--|--------------|--------|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|
| NAME OF PROJECT              | PROJECT DESCRIPTION  | MUNICIPALITY | FUNDER | STATUS                                    | TIMEFRAME                           | BUDGET                               | WARD |
| NDABENHLE PRIMARY SCHOOL     | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS   | Msunduzi     | COEGA  | DESIGN                                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R541.929<br>R596.121                 |      |
| NDABENHLE PRIMARY SCHOOL     | ASBESTOS ROOF SHEETING IS<br>DAMAGED, DRAINAGE SYSTEM<br>IS BLOCK AND WATER FLOODS<br>IN CLASSROOMS.   | Msunduzi     | COEGA  | TENDER                                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R1,443.353<br>R364.695<br>R401.164   |      |
| NDELESHANE PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL | CHEMICAL TOILETS: CONSTRUCTION OF PERMANENT STRUCTURES   | Msunduzi     | DOPW   | DESIGN                                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R283.474<br>R311.821                 |      |
| NEWTON HIGH SCHOOL           | UPGRADING OF EXISTING SCHOOL   | Msunduzi     | DBSA   | PROJECT INITIATION                        | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R161.000<br>R2,598.024<br>R2,857.827 |      |
| NICHOLS PRIMARY SCHOOL       | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS   | Msunduzi     | COEGA  | DESIGN                                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R1,218.900<br>R1,340.790             |      |
| NOBANDA PRIMARY SCHOOL       | SANITATION PROGRAMME<br>(PHASE 3), CLUSTER UMG-22<br>RENOVATION OF EXISTING<br>STRUCTURE, CONSTRUCTION OF<br>NEW (6G, 4R1T)                              | Msunduzi     | DOPW   | DESIGN                                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R124.00<br>R1,695.018<br>R1,864.520  |      |
| NTABENDE SECONDARY<br>SCHOOL | BOUNDARY WALL COLLAPSE   | Msunduzi     | DBSA   | PROJECT INITIATION                        | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R365.578<br>R402.135                 |      |
| NYANDA PRIMARY SCHOOL        | SANITATION PROGRAMME (PHASE 3), CLUSTER UMG-4 RENOVATION OF EXISTING STRUCTURES (8G, 5B, 2D,2R) & CONSTRUCTION OF NEW (2M2F1D & 1F1D)                    | Msunduzi     | DOPW   | CONSTRUCTION<br>51% - 75%                 | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R126.000<br>R2,917.155<br>R3,208.871 |      |
| NYANDA PRIMARY SCHOOL        | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS   | Msunduzi     | COEGA  | DESIGN                                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R1,218.900<br>R1,340.790             |      |
| OPEN GATE LSEN SCHOOL        | 1XCOMPUTER ROOM,2X THERA-<br>PY ROOMS,1XSTOREROOM,1X-<br>COOKERY ROOM,1WOOD<br>WORK ROOM,1X MULTIPUR-<br>POSE,1X HOSTEL DOME FOR 20<br>GIRLS AND 20 BOYS | Msunduzi     | COEGA  | CONSTRUCTION<br>51% - 75% (RETEND-<br>ER) | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R7,644.000<br>R2,000.000             |      |



| NAME OF PROJECT                 | PROJECT DESCRIPTION  | MUNICIPALITY | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS      | TIMEFRAME                           | BUDGET                                 | WARD |
|---------------------------------|--|--------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|------|
| PELHAM SENIOR PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL | URGENT REPAIRS TO THE ROOF,-<br>CEILING AND FLOORS TO THE 3<br>CLASSROOMS  | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | FEASIBILITY | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R737.041<br>R810.745                   |      |
| QOQISIZWE HIGH SCHOOL           | UPGRADE AND ADDITIONS  | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN      | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R1,701.000<br>R573.271<br>R630.599     |      |
| SANELISIWE PRIMARY SCHOOL       | UPGRADING OF EXISTING SCHOOL INFRASTRUCTURE TO MEET THE DBE NORMS AND STANDARDS  | Msunduzi     | DBSA             | DESIGN      | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R2,428.000<br>R3,226.000<br>R3,548.600 |      |
| SHAYABANTU HIGH SCHOOL          | BOUNDARY WALL COLLAPSE   | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | DESIGN      | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R803.174<br>R883.492                   |      |
| SINATHING PRIMARY SCHOOL        | ENTIRE ASBESTOS ROOF IS LEAK-<br>ING, STRUCTURAL DEFECTS AND<br>THE ENTIRE ROOF TRUSSESS ARE<br>BADLY ROTTEN   |              | IDT              | DESIGN      | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R595.000<br>R475.800<br>R523.380       |      |
| SIWELILE PRIMARY SCHOOL         | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS   | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN      | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R350.443<br>R385.487                   |      |
| SOBANTU SECONDARY<br>SCHOOL     | MAJOR STRUCTURAL REPAIRS AND UPGRADES TO 10 DELAPIDATED BUILDINGS INCL. CLASSROOMS, LIBRARY, ADMIN AND ABLUTIONS. POWER SUPPLY UPGRADE AND EXTERNAL WORKS. | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | DESIGN      | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R459.000<br>R711.452<br>R782.597       |      |
| SOBANTU SECONDARY<br>SCHOOL     | ENTIRE ASBESTOS ROOF IS LEAK-<br>ING, STRUCTURAL DEFECTS AND<br>THE ENTIRE ROOF TRUSSESS ARE<br>BADLY ROTTEN   | Msunduzi     | DOPW             | DESIGN      | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R2,104.944<br>R438.661<br>R482.527     |      |
| SOMBONGANGANI PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS   | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | DESIGN      | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R1,101.000<br>R280.546<br>R308.601     |      |
| SONGOZIMA PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL     | CORRUGATED IRON ROOF SHEETING WAS BLOWN AND LEFT LOOSE. WALLS ARE CRAK- ING AND PLASTER IS PEELING OFF. GUTTERS, FASCIA AND BARGE BOARDS ARE BROKEN.       | Msunduzi     | COEGA            | TENDER      | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R1,436.600<br>R629.689<br>R692.658     |      |

| NAME OF PROJECT                            | PROJECT DESCRIPTION   | MUNICIPALITY               | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS                    | TIMEFRAME                           | BUDGET                               | WARD |
|--|---|----------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|
| SPRINGHAVEN PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL              | ROOF LEAKS IN 4 CLASS-<br>ROOMS CEILINGS DAMAGED<br>AND LEAKING   | Msunduzi                   | COEGA            | TENDER                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R1,464.000<br>R603.452<br>R663.797   |      |
| SUKUMA COMP SECONDARY<br>SCHOOL            | BANK COLLAPSE AND CLASS-<br>ROOMS ARE FLOODED   | Msunduzi                   | IDT              | DESIGN                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R595.000<br>R475.800<br>R523.380     |      |
| SWEETWATERS PRIMARY SCHOOL                 | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLUTIONS  | Msunduzi                   | COEGA            | DESIGN                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R541.929<br>R596.121                 |      |
| THE GRANGE PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL               | CORRIGATED ROOF COVER-<br>ING IN 9 CLASSROOMS, HALL<br>AND ADMIN BLOCK LEAKING.<br>STORMWATER CHANNELING<br>SYSTEM NOT WORKING. | Msunduzi                   | KZNDOE           | PROJECT INITIATION        | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R380.437<br>R418.481                 |      |
| TPA PRIMARY SCHOOL                         | BOUNDARY WALL COLLAPSE  | Msunduzi                   | DBSA             | PROJECT INITIATION        | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R365.986<br>R402.584                 |      |
| UMTHOQOTHO HIGH SCHOOL                     | RENOVATIONS, REHABILITATION OR REFURBISHMENTS   | Msunduzi                   | DOPW             | PROJECT INITIATION        | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R588.461<br>R647.307                 |      |
| WOODLANDS PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL                | UPGRADE AND ADDITIONS   | Msunduzi                   | DOPW             | CONSTRUCTION<br>26% - 50% | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R3,389.000<br>R857.000<br>R942.700   |      |
| ZWELIYAZUZA PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL              | CONSTRUCTION OF NEW GRADE R FACILITIES AND ABLU- TIONS  | Msunduzi                   | COEGA            | DESIGN                    | 2022-2024<br>2024-2025<br>2025-2026 | R355.000<br>R1,408.760<br>R1,549.636 |      |
| INFRASTRUCTURE LEASES                      | Office Accommodation  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DSD              | N/A                       | 2024                                | 114 180 000                          |      |
| WILLOWFONTAIN ROAD: THAN-<br>DOLUHLE CRECH | Upgrade Road  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              | Stage 2: Concept          | 2022/25                             | 429 831 480                          |      |
| WILLOWFONTAIN ROAD: MKH-IZE OBOMVU         | Upgrade Road  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              | Stage 2: Concept          | 2022/25                             | 429 831 480                          |      |
| WILLOWFONTAIN ROAD: IM-<br>PENDLE          | Upgrade Road  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              | Stage 2: Concept          | 2022/25                             | 429 831 480                          |      |
| WILLOWFONTAIN ROAD:<br>SHANGE              | Upgrade Road  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              | Stage 2: Concept          | 2022/25                             | 429 831 480                          |      |
| UPGRADE OF P390 (KM0 TO KM5,8) (RE-TENDER) | Upgrade roads   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              | Stage 5 26 to 49%         | 2022/25                             | 429 831 480                          |      |



| NAME OF PROJECT   | PROJECT DESCRIPTION   | MUNICIPALITY               | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS                          | TIMEFRAME                     | BUDGET                                   | WARD |
|---|---|----------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|------|
| MVUBUKAZI PEDESTRIAN<br>BRIDGE  | Bridge Construction   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              | Stage 4 Documen-<br>tation      | 2022/25                       | 429 831 480                              |      |
| UPGRADE OF P412 (KM0 TO KM6,62)   | Upgrade roads   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              | Stage 5 Works 75 to <b>99</b> % | 2022/25                       | 429 831 480                              |      |
| BHANDA ROAD AND CULVERT   | Upgrade roads/ Bridge Construction  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              | Stage 4 Documen-<br>tation      | 2022/25                       | 429 831 480                              |      |
| REHABILITATION OF P478 (KM0 - KM1,0)                                    | Rehabilitation  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              | Stage 1 Project Ini-<br>tiation | 2022/25                       | 429 831 480                              |      |
| REGRAVELLING AND MAINTE-<br>NANCE, UNDER CONSTRUC-<br>TION AND PLANNING | Upgrading of D1126-0-5.52km   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              |                                 | 2022/24                       | 50 000 000                               |      |
| REGRAVELLING AND MAINTE-<br>NANCE, UNDER CONSTRUC-<br>TION AND PLANNING | Upgrading of P402 KM 0.000 - 7.560  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              | Phase 2- Supervision            | 2022/23<br>2024/24<br>2024/25 | 50 000 000<br>100 000 000<br>100 000 000 |      |
| REGRAVELLING AND MAINTE-<br>NANCE, UNDER CONSTRUC-<br>TION AND PLANNING | Upgrading of D1126  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              | Phase 2- Supervision            | 2022/23<br>2024/24            | 1 300 000<br>1 475 000                   |      |
| REGRAVELLING AND MAINTE-<br>NANCE, UNDER CONSTRUC-<br>TION AND PLANNING | Upgrading of P402-  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              | Phase 2- Supervision            | 2022/23<br>2024/24            | 300 000<br>700 000                       |      |
| REGRAVELLING AND MAINTE-<br>NANCE, UNDER CONSTRUC-<br>TION AND PLANNING | Re-gravelling of D352 (km 0.00-km 5.00)   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              |                                 | 2024/24                       | 2 500 000                                |      |
| REGRAVELLING AND MAINTE-<br>NANCE, UNDER CONSTRUC-<br>TION AND PLANNING | Re-gravelling of L779 km (0 - 1.28),L788 (0 - 0.63), L1488 (0 - 1), L2546 (0- 2.98)             | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              |                                 | 2024/25                       | 3 000 000                                |      |
| REGRAVELLING AND MAINTE-<br>NANCE, UNDER CONSTRUC-<br>TION AND PLANNING | Re-gravelling of D1211 km ( 4 - 8) + L1319 Km (0 - 3,641) and D1208 km (4 -8)                   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              |                                 | 2024/24                       | 6 000 000                                |      |
| REGRAVELLING AND MAINTE-<br>NANCE, UNDER CONSTRUC-<br>TION AND PLANNING | Re-gravelling of D2206 km (0 -0.38), L761 Km (0 -0.5), L1660 Km (0 -0.97) and Km L1935 (0-1.64) | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              |                                 | 2024/24                       | 2 000 000                                |      |
| REGRAVELLING AND MAINTE-<br>NANCE, UNDER CONSTRUC-<br>TION AND PLANNING | Re-gravelling of district road<br>d1206 from km 4+00 to km<br>8+00                              | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              |                                 | 2022/23                       | 1 600 000                                |      |
| REGRAVELLING AND MAINTE-<br>NANCE, UNDER CONSTRUC-<br>TION AND PLANNING | Re-gravelling of L2572 Km ( 0 - 1,65) + L1755 Km ( 0 - 1,21) + L1754 (km 0 -4,75)               | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              |                                 | 2024/24                       | 2 238 380                                |      |

| NAME OF PROJECT   | PROJECT DESCRIPTION   | MUNICIPALITY               | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS  | TIMEFRAME          | BUDGET  | WARD |
|---|---|----------------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|---|------|
| REGRAVELLING AND MAINTE-<br>NANCE, UNDER CONSTRUC-<br>TION AND PLANNING | Re-gravelling of L 2309 km (0-<br>1.02), L2096(0 -2.47),<br>L1521 (0 - 0.56),D2215 (0 -1.64)    | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              |   | 2024/25            | 2 000 000   |      |
| REGRAVELLING AND MAINTE-<br>NANCE, UNDER CONSTRUC-<br>TION AND PLANNING | Taylors Halt Maintenance<br>Contract  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              |   | 2022/23            | 16 139 000  |      |
| REGRAVELLING AND MAINTE-<br>NANCE, UNDER CONSTRUC-<br>TION AND PLANNING | Taylors halt maintenance contract   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              |   | 2024/25            | 5 000 000   |      |
| REGRAVELLING AND MAINTE-<br>NANCE, UNDER CONSTRUC-<br>TION AND PLANNING | Zibambele - Contractors   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              |   | 2022/23<br>2024/25 | 9 919 100<br>10 330 000                                     |      |
| GRAVELLING PROJECTS VULIN-<br>DLELA AREA KZ22-5                         | Gravelling of roads   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DOT              | Initiation  | 2022/25            | 429 831 480   |      |
| OPERATION VULA FUND   | Entrepreneurial Support<br>In progress  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | EDTEA            | Implementation stage  |                    | 11,440,798<br>990,000<br>25,046,986<br>37,477,783           |      |
| LEATHER PROCESSING HUB,<br>TIKZN CATALYTIC INFRASTRUC-<br>TURE PROJECT  | Establish Leather Processing Hub.   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | EDTEA            | Planning Stage<br>13ha site identified                                  | 2024/25            | 400,000,000   |      |
| EDENDALE AUTO HUB   | Establish auto service hub that will feature relevant commercial tenants.                       | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | EDTEA            | Planning Stage  |                    | 15,000,000  |      |
| PIETERMARITZBURG (ORIBI) AIR-<br>PORT PROJECT                           | Fence lights CCTV Cameras Fence detection system  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | EDTEA            | Planning Stage  |                    | 3,000,000   |      |
| PROGRAMME 7 INVASIVE ALIEN SPECIES PRO- GRAMME                          | IAS and Parthenium Project  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | EDTEA            | Inception Stage   |                    | 1,600,00  |      |
| INFORMAL ECONOMY INFRA-<br>STRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT<br>(IEID) PROGRAMME    | 250 new stalls Renovations Freedom Square Taxi Rank 50 bins 4 x ablution facilities 1 x storage | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | EDTEA            | Phase 1 complete<br>Phase 2 to com-<br>mence now Ex-<br>penditure - 50% |                    | EDTEA<br>R5,000,000<br>Msunduzi<br>R1,000,000<br>R5,000,000 |      |



| NAME OF PROJECT             | PROJECT DESCRIPTION   | MUNICIPALITY               | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS       | TIMEFRAME | BUDGET        | WARD |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------------------|------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|------|
| WOODLANDS PRIMARY<br>SCHOOL | Upgrades And Additions:<br>Demolition Of Prefabricated<br>Structures And Construction Of<br>Replacement School  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Construction |           | 55 000 000    |      |
| EX OLD BOYS                 | New Staff Carports  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Construction |           | 625,467,00    |      |
| EMASWAZINI PS               | Sanitation Programme (Phase 3) - UMG 04: Demolition of existing structure. Construction of New (4G, 4B, 2M2F1D & 3R1T)                                    | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Construction | 2022/23   | R4 789 614    |      |
| INSIKA SS                   | Sanitation Programme (Phase 3) - UMG 04: Demolition of existing structures and construction of new (4G, 4B, 2M2F1D)                                       | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Construction | 2022/23   | R2 861 972    |      |
| NYANDA PS                   | Sanitation Programme (Phase 3) - UMG 04: Demolition of existing structures. Renovations to existing (8G, 5B, 2D,2R).  Construction of New (2M2F1D & 1F1D) | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Construction | 2022/23   | R2 934 873    |      |
| SIYANDA HS                  | Sanitation Programme (Phase 3) - UMG 04: Demolition of existing structures and construction of New (2M2F1D, 6G, 6B, 1F1D)                                 | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Construction | 2022/23   | R4 947 245    |      |
| GREY'S HOSPITAL             | Grey's Hospital Restoration Of<br>Hvac System   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning     | 2022/23   | 32,173,319.0  |      |
| NATALIA                     | Restoration Of Hvac System  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning     | 2022/23   | 43,000,000.0  |      |
| FORT NAPIER                 | Replacement Of The Main<br>Substation Mv Switchgear   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning     | 2022/23   | 3,700,000.00  |      |
| GREY'S HOSPITAL             | Greys Hospital: Renovations<br>And Upgrade To Nurses And<br>Doctors Accommodation. Y's<br>Hospital Restoration Of Hvac<br>System                          | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning     | 2022/23   | 50,164,964,53 |      |



| NAME OF PROJECT   | PROJECT DESCRIPTION   | MUNICIPALITY               | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS       | TIMEFRAME | BUDGET         | WARD |
|---|---|----------------------------|------------------|--------------|-----------|----------------|------|
| MAYORS WALK   | Upgrades Into Central Provincial Records Repository And Stores: Phase1  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning     | 2022/23   | 69,546,650,0   |      |
| NORTHDALE HOSPITAL  | Upgrade Of Existing Space For In-Patient Mental Health Unit   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning     | 2022/23   | 25,000,000,0   |      |
| NORTHDALE HOSPITAL  | Asbestos  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning     | 2022/23   | 2,485,880,00   |      |
| EDENDALE HOSPITAL   | Asbestos  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning     | 2022/23   | 6,403.200.00   |      |
| KZN LEGISLATURE ADMINISTRA-<br>TIVE & MAIN CHAMBER BUILD-<br>INGS             | Upgrade & Repair All Electrical<br>Works To Be Energy Efficient<br>Compliance To All Legislature<br>Buildings Including Motion<br>Detectors & Upgrade All Ups<br>With New | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning     | 2022/23   | 2 1000 000.00  |      |
| OFFICES - PROVINCIAL LEGIS-<br>LATURE - PARLIAMENT BUILD-<br>ING, WIMS 068170 | Upgrade & Replace All Old<br>Aircons In Legislature Buildings   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning     | 2022/23   | 4 600 000      |      |
| OFFICES - PROVINCIAL LEG-<br>ISLATURE - MAIN CHAMBER,<br>WIMS 058016          | Repairs To Roof Leaks, Damaged Carpets & Repairs To The Front Facades Of Main Chamber & Senate Building   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | On Site      | 2022/23   | 27 058 000.00  |      |
| MOSES MABHIDA BUILDING  | Major Repairs To Roof Leaks<br>Phase 2  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Construction | 2022/23   | 19 078 840.75  |      |
| PARKSIDE RESIDENCE  | Security Upgrades & Other Repairs   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Construction | 2022/23   | 13 591 950. 00 |      |
| ALLERTON ADMIN OFFICE   | Replacement Of Border Fencing   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning     | 2022/23   | 2 500 000      |      |
| PUBLIC WORKS -10 PRINCE ALFRED  | New Admin Wing Completion Contract  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | On Site      | 2022/23   | 28,213,504.00  |      |
| PUBLIC WORKS - 18 PRNCE ALFRED  | Construction Of KZN Entrepreneurial Centre Of Excellence  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | On Site      | 2022/23   | 1 340 640      |      |
| OFFICES - TRANSPORT - PMB<br>COST CENTRE - MOUNTAIN RISE                      | PHASE 2 (SIGNAGE BUILDING):<br>REPLACEMENT OF ASBESTOS<br>ROOF  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning     | 2022/23   | 1 337 000.00   |      |
| 179 BURGER STREET - HEAD OF-<br>FICE TRANSPORT                                | Installation Of A<br>Backup Generator   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning     | 2022/23   | 3 200 000.00   |      |



| NAME OF PROJECT   | PROJECT DESCRIPTION  | MUNICIPALITY               | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS   | TIMEFRAME   | BUDGET        | WARD |
|---|--|----------------------------|------------------|----------|---|---------------|------|
| OFFICES - TRANSPORT - ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE   | Enclose Entire 5th Floor To<br>Increase Office Space In The<br>Building                | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning | 2022/23   | 6 300 000.00  |      |
| OFFICES - TRANSPORT - HEAD<br>OFFICE - PIETERMARITZBURG,<br>WIMS 059789                                   | Repairs To Executive Block<br>And B Block Roof; and Enclos-<br>ing of Balconies        | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning | 2022/23   | 19 000 000.00 |      |
| OFFICES - TRANSPORT - 206<br>BURGER STREET - EX TEM-<br>BALETHU BUILDING, WIMS<br>060988                  | Refurbishments To Them-<br>balethu Building  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning | 2022/23   | 94 293 000.00 |      |
| OFFICES & HOUSE 171 GREY-<br>TOWN TRANSPORT - PMB COST<br>CENTRE - MOUNTAIN RISE,<br>WIMS 054964 & 068623 | Converting Of Existing Tyre Stores To Offices  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning | 2022/23   | 2 1000 000.00 |      |
| OFFICE - TRANSPORT - HEAD<br>OFFICE - PIETERMARITZBURG  | Repairs To Executive Block<br>And B Block Roof; and Enclos-<br>ing of Balconies        | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning | 2022/23   | 19 000 000.00 |      |
| 240 BURGER STREET - RTI TRAF-<br>FIC TRAINING COLLAGE MAIN<br>BUIDLING & CHAPEL                           | Repairs To Roof Leaks on Heritage Structures   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | Planning | 2022/23   | 15 000 000.00 |      |
| OFFICES - TRANSPORT - RE-<br>GIONAL OFFICE - PIETERMAR-<br>ITZBURG, WIMS 044973                           | Conversion of Workshop Fa-<br>cilities to Office Accommoda-<br>tion                    | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | On-Site  | 2022/23   | 69 428 789.78 |      |
| OFFICES - TRANSPORT - RTI<br>TRAINING CENTRE - 240 BURG-<br>ER STREET, WIMS 058180                        | New Armory At Training College   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | On-Site  | 2022/23   | 17 591 342.55 |      |
| OFFICES - TRANSPORT - HEAD<br>OFFICE - PIETERMARITZBURG,<br>WIMS 059789                                   | Backup Generator   | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | DPW              | On-Site  | 2022/23   | 5 000 000.00  |      |
| ELECTRIFICATION OF HOUSE-<br>HOLDS  | Azalea NB AC - Thornville rural settlement electrification - Southern area Shenstone 4 | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | ESKOM            | 2022/23  | Construction not started  |               |      |
| ELECTRIFICATION OF HOUSE-HOLDS  | KwaShange  | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | ESKOM            | 2022/23  | Construction<br>not started -<br>project to be<br>phased over<br>2 financial<br>years |               |      |



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| NAME OF PROJECT                    | PROJECT DESCRIPTION  | MUNICIPALITY               | SOURCE<br>FUNDER | STATUS  | TIMEFRAME  | BUDGET | WARD |
|------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|------------------|---------|--|--------|------|
| ELECTRIFICATION OF HOUSE-<br>HOLDS | Azalea NBAD - Soweto rural settlement                            | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | ESKOM            | 2022/23 | Construction not started   |        |      |
| ELECTRIFICATION OF HOUSE-<br>HOLDS | Taylors Halt rural settlement normalisation Phase 2              | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | ESKOM            | 2022/23 | Construction not started   |        |      |
| ELECTRIFICATION OF HOUSE-<br>HOLDS | Songozima rural settlement<br>normalisation - Msunduzi<br>ward 7 | Msunduzi Mu-<br>nicipality | ESKOM            | 2022/23 | Deferred. Design not ready. Moved out via change control from 2021-2022 to 2024-2024 |        |      |

## TABLE 122: NATIONAL LIST OF PROJECTS

| NAME OF PROJECT  | PROJECT DESCRIPTION  | FUNDER                                    | STATUS         | TIMEFRAME/<br>DURATION     | BUDGET             |
|--|--|---|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| NAME OF PROJECT PROJECT DESCRIPTION FUNDER STATUS TIMEFRAME/ DURATION BUDGET | The project is aimed at encouraging better environmental management practices through street cleaning, clearing of illegal dumps and open public spaces as well as the conducting the environmental education and awareness campaigns.                           | DEFF                                      | Implementation | 01/03/2019 -<br>30/09/2021 | R 15 837<br>104.00 |
| 100 Thousand young entrepreneurs   | Initiative targeting young people between the ages of 16 and 40 with businesses with the potential to create a minimum of 10 sustainable jobs  | Dept. of Small<br>Business<br>Development | Not indicated  | Not indicated              | Not<br>indicated   |
| SMME expansion/ scale up   | Initiative targeting small and medium enterprises that have been in existence for more than 4 years and employ more than 5/10 staff members. It supports businesses to scale up and expand through access to working capital and markets for goods and services. | Dept. of Small<br>Business<br>Development | Not indicated  | Not indicated              | Not<br>indicated   |
| Township and rural entrepreneurship  | A dedicated programme to transform and integrate opportunities in townships and rural areas into productive business ventures.   | Dept. of Small<br>Business<br>Development | Not indicated  | Not indicated              | Not<br>indicated   |



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| NAME OF PROJECT                                    | PROJECT DESCRIPTION   | FUNDER                                    | STATUS        | TIMEFRAME/<br>DURATION | BUDGET        |
|--|---|---|---------------|------------------------|---------------|
| Incubation and digital hubs                        | Business and technology incubation centres that offer enterprises business and management skills, support and platforms for a minimum of 3 years. It targets start-ups that require hand holding as they start their journey in business. | Dept. of Small<br>Business<br>Development | Not indicated | Not indicated          | Not indicated |
| Taylor's Halt 22kV Switching Station Turn in Lines | Strengthening   | Eskom                                     | Not indicated | 2020/21                | 11 000 000    |
| Umlaas Road NB53 11kV<br>Refurbishment             | Refurbishment   | Eskom                                     | Not indicated | 2020/21                | 11 870 000    |
| Renovation of Library Head<br>Office               | Refurbishment   | DAC                                       | Tender        | 2022                   | 55 000 000    |
| Construction of Imbali Office                      | New Building Construction   | DAC                                       | Feasibility   | 2025                   | 60 000 000    |
| Renovation of Winston<br>Churchill Theatre         | New Building Construction   | DAC                                       | Feasibility   | 2022                   | 20 000 000    |
| UMDM District Support and Works (collective)       | Training, materials, leases, refurbishment and maintenance  | DSR                                       | Various       | 2024                   | 3 134 000     |
| Infrastructure Leases                              | Office Accommodation  | DSD                                       | N/A           | 2024                   | 114 180 000   |
| ECD Intervention Program                           | Day Care Centres  | DSD                                       | Feasibility   | 2024                   | 14 400 000    |
| Maintenance of Centres                             | Maintenance   | DSD                                       | Feasibility   | 2024                   | 26 860 000    |
| Siyathuthuka ECD                                   | Construction of new Early Childhood Development Centre  | DSD                                       | Not indicated | Not indicated          | 7 200 000     |
| Pata Place Child and Youth Care Centre             | Renovations to the Child and Youth Care Centre  | DSD                                       | Feasibility   | 2024                   | 32 000 000    |
| Karl Eggers Building                               | Upgrades to the existing offices  | DSD                                       | Feasibility   | 2024                   | 35 000 000    |
| Pietermaritzburg Service Office                    | Renovations to the existing offices   | DSD                                       | Feasibility   | 2024                   | 1 800 000     |
| Inadi  | Maintenance of Traditional Administrative Centre  | COGTA                                     | Not indicated | Not indicated          | 80 000        |
| Mafunze  | Maintenance of Traditional Administrative Centre  | COGTA                                     | Not indicated | Not indicated          | 80 000        |
| Mpumuza main                                       | Maintenance of Traditional Administrative Centre  | COGTA                                     | Not indicated | Not indicated          | 80 000        |
| Nxamalala sub clan                                 | Maintenance of Traditional Administrative Centre  | COGTA                                     | Not indicated | Not indicated          | 80 000        |
| Ximba  | Maintenance of Traditional Administrative Centre  | COGTA                                     | Not indicated | Not indicated          | 80 000        |

### TABLE 123: ADDITIONAL SECTOR DEPARTMENTAL PROJECTS - IRM

| NAME OF PROJECT           | PROJECT DESCRIPTION        | FUNDER | STATUS     | TIMEFRAME | BUDGET    |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| New Ikhwezi Lokusa Clinic | Buildings and others fixed | DoH    | Design     | 2022      | 6 277 000 |
| New Kwapande Clinic       | Buildings and others fixed | DoH    | Identified | 2026      | 4 071 000 |

| NAME OF PROJECT  | PROJECT DESCRIPTION  | FUNDER | STATUS  | TIMEFRAME | BUDGET      |
|--|--|--------|---------|-----------|-------------|
| Caluza Clinic  | Additional Parking   | DoH    | Design  | 2024      | 1 700 000   |
| Doris Goodwin (collective works)                                     | Refurbishment and Maintenance                              | DoH    | Various | 2024      | 6 890 000   |
| East/Boom CHC (collective works)                                     | Refurbishment and Maintenance                              | DoH    | Works   | 2024      | 1 025 000   |
| Edendale Hospital (collective works)                                 | Refurbishment and Maintenance                              | DoH    | Various | 2024      | 20 700 000  |
| UMDM District Support and Works (collective)                         | Training, materials, leases, refurbishment and maintenance | DoH    | Various | 2024      | 589 318 969 |
| Fort Napier (collective works)                                       | Refurbishment and Maintenance                              | DoH    | Various | 2024      | 12 350 000  |
| Greys Hospital (collective works)                                    | Refurbishment and Maintenance                              | DoH    | Various | 2025      | 168 653 880 |
| Imbalenhle CHC (collective works)                                    | Refurbishment and Maintenance                              | DoH    | Works   | 2024      | 485 000     |
| New Boreholes - Impilwehle and Kwapata                               |  |        |         |           |             |
| Clinics  | Refurbishment and Maintenance                              | DoH    | Works   | 2022      | 40 000      |
| Mayors Walk CPS (collective works)                                   | Refurbishment and Maintenance                              | DoH    | Various | 2025      | 40 150 000  |
| Natalia Building (collective works)                                  | Refurbishment and Maintenance                              | DoH    | Various | 2026      | 54 650 000  |
| Northdale Hospital (collective works)                                | Refurbishment and Maintenance                              | DoH    | Various | 2024      | 139 585 738 |
| Pietermaritzburg Assessment and Therapy<br>Centre (collective works) | Refurbishment and Maintenance                              | DoH    | Various | 2024      | 1 645 000   |
| PMB Mortuary   | Refurbishment and Maintenance                              | DoH    | Design  | 2024      | 2 200 000   |

#### TABLE 124: PARTNERSHIP FUNDING WITH NATIONAL AND PROVINCIAL GOVT

| NAME OF PROJECT                 | PROJECT DESCRIPTION  | MUNICIPALITY             | SOURCE                   | FUNDER                | BUDGET          | TIMEFRAME |
|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Imbali Youth Enterprise Park    | Conversion of shipping containers for the availability of affordable and convenient trading space for young entrepreneurs.                 | Msunduzi<br>Municipality | Msunduzi<br>Municipality | CoGTA<br>(LED)        | R18 900 000     | 2021      |
| Edendale Town Centre Promenade  | Road upgrade project involving the road widening and the construction of 3m wide walkways along both road edges.                           | Msunduzi<br>Municipality | Msunduzi<br>Municipality | NDPG and<br>Municipal | R28 000 000     | 2021      |
| Edendale Town Centre Civic Zone | Includes construction of Market Stalls,<br>Piazza and a Sky Bridge [connecting<br>Edendale Mall and the proposed<br>Edendale Town Centre]. | Msunduzi<br>Municipality | Msunduzi<br>Municipality | NDPG and<br>Municipal | R200 000<br>000 |           |
| Camps Drift Desilting           | Includes the desilting of the upper siltation basin as a pilot study into desilting an upper section of the main canal.                    | Msunduzi<br>Municipality | Msunduzi<br>Municipality | NDPG and<br>Municipal | R108 000 000    | 2024      |

| NAME OF PROJECT                   | PROJECT DESCRIPTION  | MUNICIPALITY | SOURCE                   | FUNDER                          | BUDGET      | TIMEFRAME |
|-----------------------------------|--|--------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Informal Street Trading Furniture | Provision of clean and sustainable   | Msunduzi     | Msunduzi                 | MIG and                         | R4 900 000  | 2021      |
|                                   |  | Municipality | Municipality             | Municipal                       |             |           |
|                                   | street vendors such as market stalls,  |              |                          |                                 |             |           |
|                                   | storage facilities, ablution facilities, and   |              |                          |                                 |             |           |
|                                   | bins.  |              |                          |                                 |             |           |
| Manaye Precinct                   | museum, an interpretation centre, an amphitheatre, a coffee shop, a prison museum, landscaped areas, parking |              | Msunduzi<br>Municipality | CoGTA<br>(LED) and<br>Municipal | R45 000 000 | Unknown   |
|                                   | etc.   |              |                          |                                 |             |           |

### TABLE 125: SUPPORTING AND KEY ECONOMIC PROJECTS

| NAME OF PROJECT                   | PROJECT DESCRIPTION   | MUNICIPALITY             | SOURCE  | FUNDER  | BUDGET          | TIMEFRAME |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|---------|-----------------|-----------|
| Thukela Lifestyle Resort          | Thukela is a medical tourism development set on the banks of the Tugela River in KZN. The development is a holistic wellness facility offering a private hospital, complete health, wellness, education, retail and tourism experience. | Msunduzi<br>Municipality | Public Works<br>Infrastructure<br>Master Plan | Private | R3 600 000 000  | Unknown   |
| Hillcove Mixed Use<br>Development | Mixed use development near Ashburton including: residential units, frail care suites, private hospital, primary school, community facilities, business, equestrian centre, office park etc.   | Msunduzi<br>Municipality | Msunduzi<br>Municipality                      | Private | R22 000 000 000 | Unknown   |
| Camps Drift Waterfront            | Mixed use development along the Duzi<br>River including: residential units, hotel, retail<br>precinct, medical office precinct, and<br>recreational open space.   | Msunduzi<br>Municipality | Msunduzi<br>Municipality                      | Private | R982 000 000    | Unknown   |
| Hesketh Estate                    | Mixed use development including: retirement village, residential units, golf course, commercial and industrial developments.  | Msunduzi<br>Municipality | Msunduzi<br>Municipality                      | Private | R7 800 000      | Unknown   |

<sup>1</sup> Budget Subject to Review.



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| VOTE                     | SUBVOTE                  | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION                                      | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE  | WARD/AREA  | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET<br>2022/23 | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION  | QUARTER<br>1 | QUARTER<br>2   | QUARTER<br>3 | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|--|-----------------------------|---|--------------|--|--------------|---|
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | GENERAL -<br>ELECTRICITY | ALNS: MASONS<br>132/11kv PRIMARY<br>SUBSTATION UP-<br>GRADE | 2.1.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the electricty network              | Zone 2 , Zone 4 ( Wards 23, 24, 26 )                               | 13,268,560                  | Purchase<br>Electrical<br>Equipment for<br>Upgrading of<br>Substation | N/A          | N/A  | N/A          | Purchase<br>132x11 kv<br>equipment<br>by the 30th of<br>june 2024   |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | GENERAL -<br>ELECTRICITY | ALNS:Z4: UPGRADE<br>OF PINE STREET PRI-<br>MARY SUBSTATION  | 2.1.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the electricty network              | Zone 4 (Wards 25, 26, 27, )  | 55,040,690                  | Purchase Electrical Equipment for Upgrading of Substation             | N/A          | N/A  | N/A          | Upgrading of Pine substation by the 30th of June 2024   |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | GENERAL -<br>ELECTRICITY | ALNS: Z1: UPGRADE<br>OF CROSSWAYS<br>SUBSTATION             | 2.1.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the electricty network              | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9&39)/ward1, 2, 3 | 27,690,750                  | UPGRADE OF SUBSTATION   | N/A          | N/A  | N/A          | Upgrading of Crossway substation by the 30th of June 2024   |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | TRANSPOR-<br>TATION      | LEVS:ZA: TRAFFIC<br>CALMING MEAS-<br>URES                   | 2.3 Devel-<br>oped and<br>Maintained<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | All Zones - ZA   | 500,000                     | Roads and<br>traffic calming<br>measures                              | N/A          | N/A  | N/A          | Installation of<br>traffic clam-<br>ing measures<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024                                 |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | TRANSPOR-<br>TATION      | LEVS:ZA:EAST RING<br>ROAD-DETAIL DES&-<br>CONSTR            | 2.3 Devel-<br>oped and<br>Maintained<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | Zone 5: Northern (Ward 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35&38)/ward35       | 550,000                     | Detail Design<br>and Upgrad-<br>ing of Roads                          | N/A          | Detail Design completed by the 31st of December 2022 | N/A          | Constructuion of roades as per final design by the 30th of June 2024  |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | GENERAL -<br>ELECTRICITY | INEP:Z5: SWAPO INFILLS ELECTRIFI- CATION                    | 2.1.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the electricty network              | Zone 5: Northern (Ward 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35&38)/ward30       | 560,000                     | Electrification of Households   | N/A          | N/A  | N/A          | 300 House-holds con-<br>nection<br>achieved by<br>the electrici-<br>tydepartment<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024 |

| VOTE                            | SUBVOTE                  | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION                                 | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE                                     | WARD/AREA   | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET<br>2022/23 | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION                | QUARTER<br>1 | QUARTER<br>2  | QUARTER<br>3 | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|---|--------------|---|
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE        | GENERAL -<br>ELECTRICITY | INEP:Z5: EZIN-<br>KETHENI INFILLS<br>ELECTRIFICATION   | 2.1.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the electricty network | Zone 5: Northern (Ward 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35&38)/ward29    | 400,000                     | Electrification of Households         | N/A          | N/A   | N/A          | 250 House-<br>holds con-<br>nection<br>achieved by<br>the electrici-<br>tydepartment<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024 |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE        | GENERAL -<br>ELECTRICITY | INEP:Z1:SWEEETWA-<br>TERS INFILLS ELEC-<br>TRIFICATION | 2.1.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the electricty network | Zone 5: Northern (Ward 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35&38)/ward1     | 5,080,000                   | Electrification<br>of Households      | N/A          | Electrification of households in Sweetwaters by the 31st of December 2022 | N/A          | Electrification<br>of households<br>in Sweetwa-<br>ters by the<br>31st of De-<br>cember 2022                        |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE        | GENERAL -<br>ELECTRICITY | INEP: Z5: NHLA-<br>LAKAHLE INFILLS                     | 2.1.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the electricty network | Zone 5: Northern (Ward 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35&38)/ward28    | 400,000                     | Electrification of Households         | N/A          | N/A   | N/A          | Electrification<br>of house-<br>holds in<br>Nhlalakahle<br>by the 31st of<br>December<br>2022                       |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE        | GENERAL -<br>ELECTRICITY | INEP:Z1:PHAYIPHINI<br>INFILLS                          | 2.1.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the electricty network | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9&39)/ward1    | 560,000                     | Electrification<br>of Households      | N/A          | N/A   | N/A          | Electrification<br>of households<br>in Phayiphini<br>by the 31st of<br>December<br>2022                             |
| COM-<br>MUNITY<br>SERVIC-<br>ES | COMMUNI-<br>TY HALLS     | MIG:Z5:WARD 38<br>COMMUNITY HALL                       |  | Zone 5: Northern (Ward 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35&38) - WARD 38 | 9,135,000                   | Construction<br>of Community<br>Halls | N/A          | Sitie establishment by the 31st of December 2022                          | N/A          | Construction<br>of Communi-<br>ty Hall in ward<br>38 by the 30th<br>of June 2024                                    |



| VOTE                            | SUBVOTE              | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION           | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE | WARD/AREA   | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET<br>2022/23 | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION                | QUARTER<br>1                                      | QUARTER<br>2   | QUARTER<br>3 | ANNUAL<br>TARGET   |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|--------------|--|
| COM-<br>MUNITY<br>SERVIC-<br>ES | COMMUNI-<br>TY HALLS | MIG:Z5:WARD 7<br>COMMUNITY HALL  |                        | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9&39) - WARD 7     | 9,030,000                   | Construction<br>of Community<br>Halls | N/A   | Sitie es-<br>tablish-<br>ment by<br>the 31st<br>of De-<br>cember<br>2022 | N/A          | Construction<br>of Communi-<br>ty Hall in ward<br>7 by the 30th<br>of June 2024  |
| COM-<br>MUNITY<br>SERVIC-<br>ES | COMMUNI-<br>TY HALLS | MIG:Z5:WARD 29<br>COMMUNITY HALL |                        | Zone 5: Northern (Ward 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35&38) - WARD 29     | 3,150,000                   | Construction<br>of Community<br>Halls | Sitie establishment by the 31st of September 2022 | N/A  | N/A          | Construction<br>of Communi-<br>ty Hall in ward<br>29 by the 30th<br>of June 2024 |
| COM-<br>MUNITY<br>SERVIC-<br>ES | COMMUNI-<br>TY HALLS | MIG:Z4:WARD 24<br>COMMUNITY HALL |                        | Zone 4:Central<br>(Ward 24, 25,<br>26, 27, 33, 36,<br>37) - WARD 24 | 3,150,000                   | Construction<br>of Community<br>Halls | N/A   | N/A  | N/A          | Construction of Community Hall in ward 24 by the 30th of June 2024               |
| COM-<br>MUNITY<br>SERVIC-<br>ES | COMMUNI-<br>TY HALLS | MIG:Z4:WARD 8<br>COMMUNITY HALL  |                        | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9&39) - WARD 8     | 7,139,000                   | Construction<br>of Community<br>Halls | N/A   | N/A  | N/A          | Construction of Community Hall in ward 8 by the 30th of June 2024                |
| COM-<br>MUNITY<br>SERVIC-<br>ES | COMMUNI-<br>TY HALLS | MIG:Z3:WARD 13<br>COMMUNITY HALL |                        | Zone 3: Imbali<br>(Ward 13, 14,<br>15, 17, 18, 19) -<br>WARD 13     | 2,415,000                   | Construction<br>of Community<br>Halls | N/A   | N/A  | N/A          | Construction<br>of Communi-<br>ty Hall in ward<br>13 by the 30th<br>of June 2024 |
| COM-<br>MUNITY<br>SERVIC-<br>ES | COMMUNI-<br>TY HALLS | MIG:Z5:MADIBA<br>COMMUNITY HALL  |                        | Zone 5: Northern (Ward 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35&38) - WARD 34     | 7,822,500                   | Construction<br>of Community<br>Halls | N/A   | N/A  | N/A          | Construction<br>of Communi-<br>ty Hall in ward<br>25 by the 30th<br>of June 2024 |



| VOTE                     | SUBVOTE                    | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION  | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE   | WARD/AREA  | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET<br>2022/23 | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION                 | QUARTER<br>1 | QUARTER<br>2   | QUARTER<br>3 | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|--|-----------------------------|--|--------------|--|--------------|---|
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | ROADS<br>SURFACE<br>REPAIR | MIG:Z2:REHAB OF<br>ROADS IN ASH-<br>DOWN - Phase 2                              | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works |  | 3,000,000                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | Ugrading of roads to black top in Phase 2 by the 31st of December 2022 | N/A          | Ugrading<br>of roads to<br>black top in<br>Phase 2 by<br>the 31st of De-<br>cember 2022 |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | ROADS<br>SURFACE<br>REPAIR | MIG:Z2:UPG GRV<br>RD-EDN-DAMBUZA<br>PHASE 3                                     | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward 10, 11, 12, 16, 20, 21, 22, 23) - WARD 21 | 5,000,000                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | N/A  | N/A          | Ugrading<br>of roads to<br>black top in<br>ward 3 by the<br>30th of June<br>2024        |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | ROADS<br>SURFACE<br>REPAIR | MIG:Z3:UPGRAD-<br>ING OF GRAVEL<br>ROADS - EDN-<br>Roads in Unit 14 /<br>Unit P | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | Zone 3: Imbali<br>(Ward 13, 14,<br>15, 17, 18, 19) -<br>WARD 18  | 9,000,000                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | N/A  | N/A          | Ugrading<br>of roads to<br>black top in<br>ward Unit P<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024   |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | ROADS<br>SURFACE<br>REPAIR | MIG:Z2:UPGR<br>GRV RD-GREATER<br>EDN-SNATHING                                   | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward 10, 11, 12, 16, 20, 21, 22, 23) - WARD 11 | 1,582,500                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | N/A  | N/A          | Ugrading<br>of roads to<br>black top in<br>ward 13 by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024       |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | ROADS<br>SURFACE<br>REPAIR | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLE-<br>LA-WARD 4                                 | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9&39) - WARD 4  | 3,500,000                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | N/A  | N/A          | Ugrading<br>of roads to<br>black top in<br>ward 13 by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024       |



| VOTE                     | SUBVOTE                    | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION   | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE   | WARD/AREA  | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET<br>2022/23 | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION                 | QUARTER<br>1 | QUARTER<br>2 | QUARTER<br>3 | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|-----------------------------|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|---|
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | ROADS<br>SURFACE<br>REPAIR | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLE-<br>LA-WARD 6                                      | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9&39) - WARD 6  | 3,500,000                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | N/A          | N/A          | Ugrading<br>of roads to<br>black top in<br>ward 13 by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024         |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | ROADS<br>SURFACE<br>REPAIR | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLE-<br>LA-WARD 7                                      | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9&39) - WARD 7  | 5,000,000                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | N/A          | N/A          | Ugrading<br>of roads to<br>black top in<br>ward 13 by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024         |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | ROADS<br>SURFACE<br>REPAIR | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>RD-VULINDLE-<br>LA-WARD 8   | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9&39) - WARD 8  | 7,000,000                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | N/A          | N/A          | Ugrading<br>of roads to<br>black top in<br>ward 8 by the<br>30th of June<br>2024          |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | ROADS<br>SURFACE<br>REPAIR | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLE-<br>LA-WARD 9                                      | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9&39) - WARD 9  | 5,500,000                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | N/A          | N/A          | Ugrading<br>of roads to<br>black top in<br>ward 9 by the<br>30th of June<br>2024          |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | ROADS<br>SURFACE<br>REPAIR | MIG:Z3:UPGRADE<br>OF GRAVEL ROADS<br>- WILLOWFOUNTAIN<br>MAIN RD PHASE 3<br>-Ward 14 | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | Zone 3: Imbali<br>(Ward 13, 14,<br>15, 17, 18, 19) -<br>WARD 14  | 5,500,000                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | N/A          | N/A          | Ugrading<br>of roads to<br>black top in<br>Phase 3 ward<br>14 by the 30th<br>of June 2024 |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | ROADS<br>SURFACE<br>REPAIR | MIG:Z2: UPGR GRV<br>RD- GEORGETOWN/<br>ESIGODINI - Phase<br>2                        | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward 10, 11, 12, 16, 20, 21, 22, 23) - WARD 12 | 3,000,000                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | N/A          | N/A          | Ugrading<br>of roads to<br>black top in<br>Phase 2 by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024         |

| VOTE                     | SUBVOTE                    | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION  | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE   | WARD/AREA  | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET<br>2022/23 | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION                 | QUARTER<br>1 | QUARTER<br>2   | QUARTER<br>3 | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|--|-----------------------------|--|--------------|--|--------------|---|
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | ROADS<br>SURFACE<br>REPAIR | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VUL-WARD 1                                 | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works     | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9&39) - WARD 1  | 4,000,000                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | N/A  | N/A          | Ugrading<br>of roads to<br>black top in<br>ward 1 by the<br>30th of June<br>2024  |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | ROADS<br>SURFACE<br>REPAIR | MIG:Z1:UPGR GRV<br>ROADS-VULINDLE-<br>LA-WARD 39                    | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works     | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9&39) - WARD 39 | 1,000,000                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | N/A  | N/A          | Ugrading<br>of roads to<br>black top in<br>ward 39 by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024 |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | ROADS<br>SURFACE<br>REPAIR | MIG:Z3:REHABILI-<br>TATION OF ROADS<br>- FRANCE Ward 13<br>EDENDALE | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works     | Zone 3: Imbali<br>(Ward 13, 14,<br>15, 17, 18, 19) -<br>WARD 13  | 1,000,000                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | N/A  | N/A          | Ugrading<br>of roads to<br>black top in<br>ward 13 by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024 |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | GENERAL -<br>ELECTRICITY   | MIG:Z1:HIGH MAST<br>LIGHTS-VUL &<br>GREAT EDN                       | 2.1.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the electricty network           | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9&39)           | 6,300,000                   | Electrification<br>of Wards            | N/A          | N/A  | N/A          | 20 x High Mast lights erected and commis- sioned by the 30th of June 2024         |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | WATER AND SANITATION       | MIG:ZA:MIDBLOCK<br>WATER & SEWER<br>ERADICATION                     | 2.2.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the water and sanitation network | All Zones - ZA<br>WARD 15 & 19                                   | 16,500,000                  | New sewer pipeline                     |              | new<br>sewer<br>pipeline<br>installed<br>by 31st<br>May 2022 |              | new sewer<br>pipeline in-<br>stalled by 31st<br>May 2022                          |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | WATER AND<br>SANITATION    | MIG:ZA:ELIM OF CONSERV TANKS:SEWER                                  | 2.2.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the water and sanitation network | All Zones - ZA -<br>WARD 21                                      | 16,500,000                  | New sewer pipeline                     | N/A          | N/A  | N/A          | new sewer<br>pipeline in-<br>stalled by<br>30th of June<br>2024                   |



| VOTE                     | SUBVOTE                 | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION                                | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE   | WARD/AREA  | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET<br>2022/23 | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION | QUARTER<br>1 | QUARTER<br>2 | QUARTER<br>3 | ANNUAL<br>TARGET   |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | WATER AND<br>SANITATION | MIG:Z2:EDENDALE - SEWER RETICULA- TION - Ward 16      | 2.2.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the water and sanitation network | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward 10, 11, 12, 16, 20, 21, 22, 23) - WARD 16     | 13,597,119                  | New sewer pipeline     | N/A          | N/A          | N/A          | new sewer<br>pipeline in-<br>stalled by<br>30th of June<br>2024  |
|                          | WATER AND SANITATION    | MIG:Z3:SLANG-<br>SPRUIT AMBLETON<br>SANITATION SYSTEM | 2.2.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the water and sanitation network | Zone 3: Imbali<br>(Ward 13, 14,<br>15, 17, 18, 19) -<br>WARD 13 & 18 | 10,400,541                  | New sewer pipeline     | N/A          | N/A          | N/A          | new sewer<br>pipeline in-<br>stalled by<br>30th of June<br>2024  |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | WATER AND SANITATION    | MIG:ZA:REDUCTION<br>OF NON REVENUE<br>WATER           | 2.2.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the water and sanitation network | All Zones - ZA   | 11,000,000                  | Water loss reduction   | N/A          | N/A          | N/A          | Total Water<br>Losses re-<br>duced to 29%<br>based on the<br>International<br>Water Associ-<br>ation Balance<br>in Wards 1 to<br>38 (in total) |
|                          | DISTRIBU-<br>TION       | MIG:Z5:COPESVILLE<br>RESERVOIR                        | 2.2.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the water and sanitation network | Zone 5:Northern (Ward 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 38) - WARD 29 & 30 | 15,112,764                  | New sewer pipeline     | N/A          | N/A          | N/A          | new sewer<br>pipeline in-<br>stalled by<br>30th of June<br>2024  |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE | DISTRIBU-<br>TION       | MIG:Z1:NCWADI<br>PHASE 2A                             | 2.2.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the water and sanitation network | Zone 1: Edendale (Ward 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 39) - WARD 39               | 9,281,070                   | New sewer pipeline     | N/A          | N/A          | N/A          | new water<br>pipeline in-<br>stalled by<br>30th of June<br>2024  |

| VOTE   | SUBVOTE              | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION   | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE   | WARD/AREA  | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET<br>2022/23 | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION   | QUARTER<br>1 | QUARTER<br>2 | QUARTER<br>3 | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  |
|--|----------------------|--|--|--|-----------------------------|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|---|
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE                             | WATER AND SANITATION | MIG:Z2:VULINDLELA<br>HOUSEHOLD SAN-<br>ITATION - Ward 10<br>(Phase 2)                          | 2.2.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the water and sanitation network | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward 10, 11, 12, 16, 20, 21, 22, 23) - WARD 10     | 11,400,360                  | new water<br>pipeline  | N/A          | N/A          | N/A          | new water<br>pipeline in-<br>stalled by<br>30th of June<br>2024 |
| INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE                             | SANITATION           | MIG:Z3:ERADICA-<br>TION OF GREATER<br>MSUNDUZI SANITA-<br>TION BACKLOG (Ru-<br>ral Households) | 2.2.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the water and sanitation network | Zone 1: Vulindlela (Ward 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9&39) - WARD 13 -39 | 5,000,000                   | new water<br>pipeline  | N/A          | N/A          | N/A          | new water<br>pipeline in-<br>stalled by<br>30th of June<br>2024 |
| SUSTAIN- ABLE DEVEL- OPMENT AND CITY EN- TERPRIS- ES | ART GAL-<br>LARY     | REFURBISHMENT OF<br>TAG EXTERIOR OF<br>BUILDING  |  | Zone 4:Central<br>(Ward 24, 25,<br>26, 27, 33, 36,<br>37)            | 1,000,000                   | TAG is a Heritage Building and the Msunduzi Municipality is obliged to maintain it in terms of the Heritage Act. The building exterior is in desperate need of urgent maintenance. Full assessment of the exterior of the building was done and available for inspection. (document is very big to attach) | N/A          | N/A          | N/A          | Art Gallery renovations (exterior of building) completed        |



| VOTE  | SUBVOTE | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION                      | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE  | WARD/AREA   | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET<br>2022/23 | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION  | QUARTER<br>1 | QUARTER<br>2   | QUARTER<br>3   | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  |
|---|---------|---|---|---|-----------------------------|---|--------------|--|--|---|
| SUSTAIN-<br>ABLE<br>DEVEL-<br>OPMENT<br>AND<br>CITY EN-<br>TERPRIS-<br>ES | MARKET  | BOX GUTTER REPAIR                           |   | Zone 4:Central<br>(Ward 24, 25,<br>26, 27, 33, 36,<br>37) | 550,000                     | New gutters<br>are needed<br>for the sales<br>hall roof at the<br>Market. |              | Replace-<br>ment of<br>Box Gut-<br>ter at the<br>Msunduzi<br>Market<br>by the<br>31st of<br>Decem-<br>ber 2024 |  | Replacement<br>of Box Gutter<br>at the Msun-<br>duzi Market<br>by the 31st of<br>December<br>2024 |
| SUSTAIN- ABLE DEVEL- OPMENT AND CITY EN- TERPRIS- ES                      | BEE     | NDPG: ISF: CAMPS-<br>DRIFT DESILTING        | 5.3.1 Develop<br>and strength-<br>en the Tour-<br>ism sector            | Zone 4:Central<br>(Ward 24, 25,<br>26, 27, 33, 36,<br>37) | 25,000,000                  |   | N/A          | N/A  | N/A  | Camps Drift<br>river desilting<br>completed<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024                        |
| SUSTAIN-<br>ABLE<br>DEVEL-<br>OPMENT<br>AND<br>CITY EN-<br>TERPRIS-<br>ES |         | NDPG: OLD EDEN-<br>DALE ROAD UP-<br>GRADE   | 2.3 Devel-<br>oped and<br>Maintained<br>Municipal<br>road Net-<br>works | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward 10, 11, 12, 16, 20, 21, 22, 23)    | 8,000,000                   |   | N/A          | N/A  | N/A  | Upgrading of<br>Old Edendale<br>Road by the<br>30th of June<br>2024                               |
| SUSTAIN- ABLE DEVEL- OPMENT AND CITY EN- TERPRIS- ES                      | BEE     | NDPG:CIVIC ZONE<br>PHASE 1:MARKET<br>STALLS | SMME and  | (Ward 24, 25,   | 6,000,000                   | Erecting of<br>Market stalls  | N/A          | N/A  | 30 x Mar-<br>ket stalls<br>erected<br>by the<br>31st of<br>march<br>2024 | 30 x Market<br>stalls erected<br>by the 31st of<br>march 2024                                     |



| VOTE  | SUBVOTE          | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION                                       | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE   | WARD/AREA   | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET<br>2022/23 | PROJECT<br>DESCRIPTION                 | QUARTER<br>1 | QUARTER 2 | QUARTER<br>3 | ANNUAL<br>TARGET   |
|---|------------------|--|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|--------------|-----------|--------------|--|
| SUSTAIN-<br>ABLE<br>DEVEL-<br>OPMENT<br>AND<br>CITY EN-<br>TERPRIS-<br>ES | BEE              | NDPG:CIVIC<br>ZONE PHASE 1:SKY<br>BRIDGE                     | SMME and entrepreneur-   | Zone 2: Edendale (Ward 10, 11, 12, 16, 20, 21, 22, 23)          | 6,000,000                   |  | N/A          | N/A       | N/A          | Construction<br>of Phas1: sky<br>bridge by the<br>30th of June<br>2024 |
| COM-<br>MUNITY<br>SERVIC-<br>ES   | LANDFILL<br>SITE | MIG:Z5:REHABILITA-<br>TION OF LANDFILL<br>SITE - Phase 2 - 4 | waste man-<br>agement in | Zone 5: Northern (Ward 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35&38) - WARD 35 | 2,100,000                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | N/A       | N/A          | Rehabilita-<br>tion of Landfill<br>site by the<br>30th June<br>2024    |
| COM-<br>MUNITY<br>SERVIC-<br>ES   | LANDFILL<br>SITE | MIG:Z5:REHABILITA-<br>TION OF LANDFILL<br>SITE - Phase 2 - 4 | waste man-               | Zone 5: Northern (Ward 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35&38) - WARD 35 | 2,100,000                   | Construction/<br>Upgrading of<br>Roads | N/A          | N/A       | N/A          | Rehabilita-<br>tion of Landfill<br>site by the<br>30th June<br>2024    |



# SECTION G CHAPTER 7: ANNUAL OPERATIONAL PLAN (SDBIP)

| INDEX | IDP REF-<br>ERENCE | CDS REFER-<br>ENCE                          | SDBIP<br>REFER-<br>ENCE | NATIONAL KEY<br>PERFORMANCE<br>AREA       |   | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE   | PROGRAMME  | PROJECT  | DEFINITION   |  | CALCULATION<br>TYPE  | METHOD OF CALCULATION  | WARD | BASELINE /<br>STATUS QUO  | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES  | BACK-<br>LOG | INDICATOR   | TARGET  | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE                    | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER | QUARTER 1  | QUARTER 2   | QUARTER 3  | ANNUAL  | PORTFOLIO<br>OF EVIDENCE  | RESPON-<br>SIBLE<br>DEPARTMENT  |
|-------|--------------------|---|-------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|------|---|---|--------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|---|--|---|---|---|
| С     |                    | 5 - GROW-<br>ING THE<br>REGIONAL<br>ECONOMY |                         | NKPA 3 - LOCAL<br>ECONOMIC<br>DEVELOPMENT | ECO-<br>NOMIC<br>GROWTH<br>AND<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT            | 5.1 Job<br>Creation  | Commu-<br>nity Work<br>programme<br>implement-<br>ed and<br>cooperatives<br>supported<br>Commu-<br>nity Work<br>programme<br>implement-<br>ed and<br>cooperatives<br>supported | Number of<br>work opportu-<br>nities created<br>through LED<br>development<br>initiatives<br>including<br>Capital<br>Projects<br>Number of<br>work opportu-<br>nities created<br>through LED<br>development<br>initiatives<br>including<br>Capital<br>Projects | Work opportu-<br>nities created<br>through LED<br>development<br>initiatives<br>Work opportu-<br>nities created<br>through LED<br>development<br>initiatives |  | Cumulative   | Number of<br>work opportu-<br>nities created<br>Number of<br>work opportu-<br>nities created | ALL  | 1000 x work opportunities created through LED development initiatives including Capital Projects by the 30th of June 2024 | 1000 x work opportunities created through LED development initiatives including Capital Projects      | NIL          | Number of<br>work op-<br>portunities<br>created<br>through<br>LED devel-<br>opment<br>initiatives i | 1000 x work opportunities created through LED development initiatives including Capital Projects by the 30th of June 2024                                   | Number                                | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | ital Projects  | 500 x work<br>opportunities<br>created<br>through LED<br>development<br>initiatives<br>including<br>Capital Projects<br>by the 31st of<br>December 2024         | by the 31st of   | 1000 x work opportunities created through LED development initiatives including Capital Projects by the 30th of June 2024                                   | CWP Report  | DEVEL-<br>OPMENT<br>SERVICES  |
| c     | C2                 | 5 - GROW-<br>ING THE<br>REGIONAL<br>ECONOMY | 02                      | NKPA 3 - LOCAL<br>ECONOMIC<br>DEVELOPMENT | ECO-  | 5.2 Improved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention<br>and expan-<br>sion   | Business<br>Licensing  | Business<br>Registration<br>Database   | capturing<br>business<br>information<br>data   | to create a<br>database of<br>all businesses<br>within<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality's<br>Jurisdiction               | number of<br>businesses<br>visited                               | number of<br>businesses<br>visited   | ALL  | 600 Business-<br>es visited for<br>Database<br>Registration<br>by 30 June<br>2024   | 660 x Business-<br>es visited and<br>registered in<br>the Business<br>database                        | NIL          | 660 x<br>Businesses<br>visited and<br>registered  | 660 x<br>Businesses<br>visited and<br>registered in<br>the Business<br>database by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024  | Number                                | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 165 x Business-<br>es visited and<br>registered in<br>the Business<br>database by<br>the 30th of<br>September<br>2024                  | 330 x Business-<br>es visited and<br>registered in<br>the Business<br>database by<br>the 31st of<br>December 2024   | 495 x Business-<br>es visited and<br>registered in<br>the Business<br>database by<br>the 31st of<br>March 2024   | 660 x<br>Businesses<br>visited and<br>registered in<br>the Business<br>database by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024  | Schedule<br>of business<br>registration   | DEVEL-<br>OPMENT<br>SERVICES  |
| c     |                    | 5 - GROW-<br>ING THE<br>REGIONAL<br>ECONOMY | 03                      | NKPA 3 - LOCAL<br>ECONOMIC<br>DEVELOPMENT | ECO-<br>NOMIC   | 5.2 Improved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention<br>and expan-<br>sion<br>d  |  | Business<br>license<br>applications<br>received and<br>processed   | Capturing<br>business<br>licence<br>application<br>received  | receiving<br>business<br>licence   | number of<br>days taken<br>to process<br>Licence<br>applications | number of<br>days taken<br>to process<br>Licence<br>applications                             | ALL  | Licensing<br>Applications<br>processed<br>within 21 days<br>in terms of<br>Business Act                                   | days in terms<br>of Business<br>Act for the   | NIL          | % Business<br>Licensing<br>Appli-<br>cations<br>processed<br>within 21<br>days                      | 100% Business<br>Licensing<br>Applications<br>processed<br>within 21 days<br>in terms of<br>Business Act<br>for the 22/23<br>FY by the 30th<br>of June 2024 | Percent-<br>age                       | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | Licensing<br>Applications<br>processed<br>within 21 days<br>in terms of<br>Business Act<br>for the 22/23                               | 100% Business<br>Licensing<br>Applications<br>processed<br>within 21 days<br>in terms of<br>Business Act<br>for the 22/23 FY<br>by the 31st of<br>December 2024 | by the 31st of   | 100% Business<br>Licensing<br>Applications<br>processed<br>within 21 days<br>in terms of<br>Business Act<br>for the 22/23<br>FY by the 30th<br>of June 2024 | of Business<br>Licence<br>Applications  | DEVEL-<br>OPMENT<br>SERVICES  |
| C     | C2                 | 5 - GROW-<br>ING THE<br>REGIONAL<br>ECONOMY | SD&CE<br>04             | NKPA 3 - LOCAL<br>ECONOMIC<br>DEVELOPMENT | ECO-  | 5.2 Improved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention<br>and expan-<br>sion   | Business<br>Licensing  | Enforcement<br>of Business<br>Regulations  | Ensuring that<br>all businesses<br>comply with<br>relevant<br>legislation  | Regulation<br>of business<br>compliance<br>to legislation  | number of<br>businesses<br>visited                               | number of<br>businesses<br>visited   | ALL  | 660 business-<br>es inspected<br>for valid Busi-<br>ness Licenses<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024                          | be visited and inspected for  | NIL          | 720 x<br>Businesses<br>to be<br>visited and<br>inspected  | 720 x<br>Businesses to<br>be visited and<br>inspected for<br>valid Business<br>Licences by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024                                      | Number                                | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 180 x<br>Businesses to<br>be visited and<br>inspected for<br>valid Business<br>Licences by<br>the 30th of<br>September<br>2024         | 360 x Business-<br>es to be visited<br>and inspected<br>for valid Busi-<br>ness Licences<br>by the 31st of<br>December 2024                                     | 540 x Business-<br>es to be visited<br>and inspected<br>for valid Busi-<br>ness Licences<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024                                   | 720 x<br>Businesses to<br>be visited and<br>inspected for<br>valid Business<br>Licences by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024                                      | Schedule of<br>Businesses<br>visited and<br>Verification<br>forms   | DEVEL-<br>OPMENT<br>SERVICES  |
| С     |                    | 5 - GROW-<br>ING THE<br>REGIONAL<br>ECONOMY | SD&CE<br>05             |   | ECO-<br>NOMIC   | 5.2 Improve<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention<br>and expan-<br>sion  | Business<br>Licensing  | Awareness<br>Campaigns<br>on business<br>licensing   | inform busi-   | and inform   | number of<br>awareness<br>campaigns                              | number of<br>awareness<br>campaign<br>conducted  | ALL  | 12 x<br>awareness<br>campaign<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024  | 12 x<br>Awareness<br>campaigns<br>on Business<br>Licensing<br>legislative<br>processes<br>conducted   | NIL          | campaigns   | Awareness<br>campaigns<br>on Business<br>Licensing<br>legislative<br>processes<br>conducted<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024                                  | Number                                | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 3 x Awareness<br>campaigns<br>on Business<br>Licensing<br>legislative<br>processes<br>conducted<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2074 | 6 x Awareness<br>campaigns<br>on Business<br>Licensing legis-<br>lative processes<br>conducted<br>by the 31st of<br>December 2024                               | 9 x Awareness<br>campaigns<br>on Business<br>Licensing<br>legislative<br>processes<br>conducted<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024                            | Awareness<br>campaigns<br>on Business<br>Licensing<br>legislative<br>processes<br>conducted<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024                                  | Agenda/<br>Invitation,<br>Attendance<br>register and<br>Photos  | DEVEL-<br>OPMENT<br>SERVICES  |
| C     | C                  | 5 - GROW-<br>ING THE<br>REGIONAL<br>ECONOMY | 06                      | NKPA 3 - LOCAL<br>ECONOMIC<br>DEVELOPMENT | ECO-  | 5.2 Improved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention<br>and expan-<br>sion   | Implement<br>Incentives<br>scheme  | Implemen-<br>tation of<br>business<br>incentives   | Concession of municipal services offered to businesses who are expanding and new investments in the city.  | To promote<br>and attract<br>investment<br>investments<br>and assist<br>businesses to<br>expand with<br>less costs | Non-Cumu-<br>lative  | The amount of incentives offered to businesses in the city as per criteria for incentives    | ALL  | Approved incentives policy.   | Msunduzi<br>Business In-<br>centive Policy<br>Reviewed  | NIL          | Msunduzi<br>Business<br>Incentive<br>Policy<br>Reviewed   | Msunduzi<br>Business In-<br>centive Policy<br>Reviewed by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024   | Date                                  | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | Consultations with Relevant Departments for reviewing the Business Incentives Policy conducted by the 30th of September 2024           | First Draft of<br>the Reviewed<br>Business<br>Incentive Policy<br>submitted to<br>stakeholders<br>for comments<br>by the 31st of<br>December 2024               | Report on<br>the Amend-<br>ments of the<br>Reviewed<br>Business<br>Incentive Policy<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the<br>31st of March<br>2024 | Msunduzi<br>Business In-<br>centive Policy<br>Reviewed by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024   | Reviewed<br>Msunduzi<br>Business<br>Incentive<br>Policy & SMC<br>Resolution   | DEVEL-<br>OPMENT<br>SERVICES  |
| С     |                    | 7 - GROW-<br>ING THE<br>REGIONAL<br>ECONOMY | 07                      | NKPA 3 - LOCAL<br>ECONOMIC<br>DEVELOPMENT | ECO-  | Investment<br>Attraction,  | Economic Development   | Edendale<br>Town Centre  | Mixed Use<br>Development<br>Project by the<br>Municipality<br>to bring about<br>economic<br>and social<br>opportunity  | to leverage<br>private   | %  | Stages of<br>Project<br>Completion   | 22   | SPLUMA<br>approval for<br>Phase 1   | Completion<br>of Prominade<br>1 Road<br>project and<br>Registration of<br>Town Centre<br>General plan |              | mentation of the  | mentation of<br>the Edendale  | percent-<br>age of<br>comple-<br>tion | R4.5m            | NDPG              | 1/604270.002     | Finalisation of<br>compensation<br>to land owner   |   | Field work<br>Survey for<br>Edendale Town<br>Centre General<br>Plan  | 100% completion of Prominade 1 Road Project and 80% - 100% completion of field work survey for the Edendale Town Centre General Plan                        | Certificate of<br>Completion<br>of Road<br>Project and<br>Draft General<br>Plan                                       | TOWN PLANNING & ENVIRON- MENTAL MANAGE- MENT AND DEVEL- OPMENT SERVICES |
| С     | C2                 | 8 - GROW-<br>ING THE<br>REGIONAL<br>ECONOMY | SD&CE<br>08             | NKPA 3 - LOCAL<br>ECONOMIC<br>DEVELOPMENT | GOAL 5;<br>ECO-<br>NOMIC<br>GROWTH<br>AND<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT | 5.2 Improved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention<br>and expan-<br>sion<br>Laison<br>between<br>Informal<br>Chamber<br>and Sub<br>Committee | Bylaws and policies  | Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies relat-<br>ed to LED unit<br>enforced   | The bylaws are law are adopted by the council of the municipality to regulate the affairs and services with the juristic of the municipality                 | Bylaws are<br>utilized as a<br>diverse policy<br>implementa-<br>tion tool.   | Non-Cumu-<br>lative  | Number of<br>implemented<br>Bylaws vs by-<br>laws identified<br>or reported                  | All  | N/A   | 100% of Coun-<br>cil bylaws<br>and policies<br>related to LED<br>unit enforced                        | Nil          | 100% of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies<br>related to<br>LED unit<br>enforced                  | 100% of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies<br>related to LED<br>unit enforced<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024  | Percent-<br>age                       | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 100% of Coun-<br>cil bylaws<br>and policies<br>related to LED<br>unit enforced<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024                  | 100% of<br>Council bylaws<br>and policies<br>related to LED<br>unit enforced<br>by the 31st of<br>December 2024   | 100% of<br>Council bylaws<br>and policies<br>related to LED<br>unit enforced<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024   | 100% of<br>Council<br>bylaws and<br>policies<br>related to LED<br>unit enforced<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024  | Contravention<br>notices,<br>Impounding<br>notes, Fines<br>issued &<br>Spreadsheet<br>of illegal trad-<br>ers removed | DEVEL-<br>OPMENT<br>SERVICES  |

| INI | DEX IDP REI | E ENCE   | SDBIP<br>REFER-<br>ENCE | NATIONAL KEY<br>PERFORMANCE<br>AREA       | GOAL   | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE   | PROGRAMME   | PROJECT   | DEFINITION   | PURPOSE  | CALCULATION<br>TYPE   | METHOD OF CALCULATION  | WARD | BASELINE /<br>STATUS QUO   | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES   | BACK-<br>LOG   | INDICATOR  | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE           | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER                     | QUARTER 1   | QUARTER 2  | QUARTER 3  | ANNUAL   | PORTFOLIO<br>OF EVIDENCE                                      | RESPON-<br>SIBLE<br>DEPARTMENT |
|-----|-------------|--|-------------------------|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|--|------|--|--|--|--|---|------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|---|--------------------------------|
| c   | C2          | 8 - GROW-<br>ING THE<br>REGIONAL<br>ECONOMY                            | SDECE<br>09             | NEPA 3-10CAL<br>ECONOMIC<br>DEVELOPMENT   | ECO-<br>NOMIC<br>GROWTH<br>AND<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT | Attraction,<br>Retention<br>and<br>expension                                 | system, pro-<br>cedures and processes<br>for Town Planning                            | Assessment of land development applications applications in terms of SPLUMA By-law: read completion with the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act 16 of 2013. | act, land development "means the erection of buildings or structures of the buildings or structures of the buildings or structures of land, or the change of use of land, including township establishment, the subdivision or consolidation of land or any deviation from the land use or uses permitted in terms of an applicable land use scheme" | tation of section 34 of the Msunduzi   | Total number of days taken of days taken to process land development applications | ber of days<br>calculated<br>from the date<br>of receiving<br>compliance<br>confirmation<br>of By-law 26<br>to 0.33, from<br>the Munipal<br>Planning<br>Registrar. | All  | SPLUMA<br>By-taws  | (80 days) Aver-<br>age number<br>of days taken<br>to process<br>development<br>applications<br>for approval<br>in terms of<br>SPLUMA | Average<br>number<br>of days<br>taken to<br>process<br>devel-<br>opment<br>applica-<br>tions for<br>approval<br>in terms<br>of<br>SPLUMA | Average<br>number of<br>days taken<br>to process<br>develop-<br>ment appli-<br>cations for<br>approval | days taken<br>to process<br>development<br>applications<br>for approval<br>in terms of<br>SPLUMA by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024   | Average<br>number<br>of days |                  | N/A               | N/A                                  | erage number of days taken to process development applications for approval in terms of SPU-MA by the 30th of September 2024                          | 80 days Av-<br>erage number<br>of days taken<br>to process<br>development<br>applications<br>for approval in<br>terms of SPUL!<br>MA by the 31st of December<br>2024 | (80 days) Average number of days taken of days taken of days taken to process development applications for approval in terms of SPLUMA by the 31st of March 2024 | SPLUMA by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024  | SPLIMA<br>ADJUATION<br>Register                               |                                |
| c   | C2          | 5 - GROW-<br>ING THE<br>REGIONAL<br>ECONOMY                            | SD&CE<br>10             | NKPA 3 - LOCAL<br>ECONOMIC<br>DEVELOPMENT | ECO-<br>NOMIC<br>GROWTH<br>AND                     | 5.2 Improved<br>Investment<br>Attraction,<br>Retention<br>and expan-<br>sion | Land Acqui-<br>sition   | Hectors of<br>land secured  | To make land<br>parcels for<br>LED Projects  | To make land<br>parcels for<br>LED Projects  | Non-cumu-<br>lative   | Hectares of<br>Land issued   | All  | Nil  | 1 Hector of<br>land secured<br>for LED<br>projects   | 2 Hectors<br>of land<br>secured<br>for LED<br>projects   | 1 Hector<br>of land<br>secured<br>for LED<br>projects  | 1 Hector of<br>land secured<br>for LED<br>projects by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024   | Number<br>of<br>Hectors      | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                                  | N/A   | N/A  | N/A  | 1 Hector of<br>land secured<br>for LED<br>projects by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024  | Sale<br>agreements<br>Signed                                  | DEVEL-<br>OPMENT<br>SERVICES   |
| c   | C3          | 5 · GROW-<br>ING THE<br>REGIONAL<br>ECONOMY                            | SD&CE<br>12             | NKPA 3 - LOCAL<br>ECONOMIC<br>DEVELOPMENT | GOAL 5;<br>ECO-<br>NOMIC<br>GROWTH                 | and devel-<br>oped Tourism   | Destination<br>Marketing<br>Destination<br>Marketing                                  | Destination<br>marketing and<br>awareness<br>campaign<br>Destination<br>marketing and<br>awareness<br>campaign  | events to  | to position<br>the City of<br>Pietermar-<br>itzburg as<br>destination of<br>choice                       | non-cumu-<br>lative   | number of events   | All  | Implemen-<br>tation  | 100%<br>Participation<br>of Msunduzi<br>Tourism events<br>as per the<br>approved<br>Tourism Events<br>Calendar                       | Tourism<br>in 10   | Partici-<br>pation of<br>Msunduzi<br>Tourism<br>events   | 100%<br>Participation<br>of Msunduzi<br>Tourism<br>events as per<br>the approved<br>Tourism Events<br>Calendar by<br>30 June 2024 | Percent-<br>age              | R6,000,000       | CNL               | 0/604514.<br>JAH.000 /<br>4100013000 | 25% Participa-<br>tion of Msun-<br>duzi Tourism<br>events as per<br>the approved<br>Tourism Events<br>Calendar by<br>the 30th of<br>September<br>2024 | 50% Participa-<br>tion of Msun-<br>duzi Tourism<br>events as per<br>the approved<br>Tourism Events<br>Calendar<br>by the 31st<br>December 202-                       | tion of Msundu<br>zi Tourism<br>events as per<br>the approved<br>Tourism Events<br>Calendar by<br>the 31st of  | <ul> <li>Participation<br/>of Msunduzi<br/>Tourism</li> </ul>  | ers where<br>applicable                                       | CITY ENTITIES                  |
| c   | СЗ          | 5 - GROW-<br>ING THE<br>REGIONAL<br>ECONOMY                            | SDBCE<br>13             | NKPA 3 - LOCAL<br>ECONOMIC<br>DEVELOPMENT | ECO-<br>NOMIC                                      | 5.3 Improved<br>and devet-<br>oped Tourism<br>sector<br>p                    | SMMES and<br>Cooperative<br>development   | Skills De-<br>velopment<br>and Training<br>for Tourism<br>SMME  | Work-<br>shops, training<br>sessions,<br>advocacy<br>sessions and<br>other informa-<br>tion sharing<br>platforms<br>to address<br>challenges<br>of the local<br>tourism scetor.<br>Combining<br>joint efforts<br>of govern-<br>ment, local<br>agencies and<br>stakeholders<br>to achieve<br>tourism  | Devise<br>strategies<br>and solutions<br>for Tourism<br>growth   | Non-cumu-<br>lative   | Count of meetings  | All  | Implemen-<br>tation  | 4 x Quarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>Training<br>Workshops<br>for Tourism<br>SMMEs<br>facilitated  | 4 x<br>Training<br>Work-<br>shops for<br>Tourism<br>SMMEs  | 4 x Quarter-<br>ly Msunduzi<br>Training<br>Workshops   | 4 x Quarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>Training<br>Workshops<br>for Tourism<br>SMMEs<br>facilitated by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024          | Number                       | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                                  | 1 x Quarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>Training<br>Workshops for<br>Tourism SMMEs<br>facilitated by<br>the 30th of<br>September<br>2024                         | 2 × Quarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>Training<br>Workshops for<br>Tourism SMMEs<br>facilitated<br>by the 31st of<br>December 202-  | 3 x Quarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>Training<br>Workshops for<br>Tourism SMMEs<br>facilitated<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024   | 4 x Quarterly<br>Msunduzi<br>Training<br>Workshops<br>i for Tourism<br>SMMEs<br>facilitated by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024 | Agenda/<br>Invitations,<br>Attendance<br>register &<br>Photos | CITY ENTITIES                  |
| С   | C4          | 5 - GROW-<br>ING THE<br>REGIONAL<br>ECONOMY                            | SD&CE<br>14             | DEVELOPMENT                               | ECO-<br>NOMIC<br>GROWTH<br>AND<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT | and<br>entrepreneur-<br>ial develop-<br>ment                                 | velopment   | opportunities<br>created  | To link<br>SMMEs and<br>Cooperatives<br>with business<br>opportunities.  | the partic-<br>ipation of<br>SMMEs and<br>Cooperatives<br>to the value<br>chain of<br>economy.           | Cumulative  | business<br>opportunities<br>created.  | All  | N/A  | 20 x Business<br>opportunities<br>created for<br>registered<br>Local<br>Businesses   | Nil  | 20 x<br>Business<br>oppor-<br>tunities<br>created  | 20 x Business<br>opportunities<br>created for<br>registered Lo-<br>cal Businesses<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024                  |                              | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                                  | 5 x Business<br>opportunities<br>created for<br>registered Lo-<br>cal Businesses<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024                               | created for<br>registered<br>Local Business-   | opportunities<br>created for reg<br>istered Local<br>Businesses by<br>the 31st March   | opportunitie:<br>created for<br>registered Lo-<br>cal Businesse<br>by the 30th o<br>June 2024                              | registered<br>businesses<br>assisted in<br>creating op-       | DEVEL-<br>OPMENT<br>SERVICES   |
| c   | C4          | 5 - GROW-<br>ING THE<br>REGIONAL<br>ECONOMY                            | SD&CE<br>15             | NKPA 3 - LOCAL<br>ECONOMIC<br>DEVELOPMENT | ECO-<br>NOMIC<br>GROWTH                            | 5.4 SMME<br>and<br>entrepreneur-<br>ial develop-<br>ment                     | SMMES and<br>Cooperative<br>development   | SMMEs and<br>Cooperatives<br>support  | To provide as-<br>sistance and<br>mentorship<br>programmes<br>to SMMEs<br>and Cooper-<br>atives.   | To facilitate<br>mentorship<br>programmes<br>to SMMEs<br>and Coops<br>and build<br>capacity<br>building. | Cumulative  | Number of mentorship programmes facilitated.   | All  | 30 Cooper-<br>atives and<br>30 SMMEs<br>assisted in<br>mentorship<br>programme<br>by 30 June<br>2022 | 60 x Co-<br>operatives<br>and SMMEs<br>assisted and<br>mentored  | Nil  | 60 x Co-<br>operatives<br>and SMMEs<br>assisted<br>and<br>mentored                                     | 60 x Co-<br>operatives<br>and SAMEs<br>assisted and<br>mentored by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024                                    | Number<br>N/A                | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                                  | 15 x Co-<br>operatives<br>and SAMEs<br>assisted and<br>mentored by<br>the 30th of<br>September<br>2024<br>N/A   | 30 x Coop-<br>eratives and<br>SMMEs assisted<br>and mentored<br>by the 31st of<br>December 202-<br>N/A   | and mentored<br>by the 31st of   |  | Spreadsheet<br>of businesses<br>assisted and<br>mentored      | DEVEL-<br>OPMENT<br>SERVICES   |
| С   | C4          | 5 - GROW-<br>ING THE<br>REGIONAL<br>ECONOMY                            | SD&CE<br>16             | NKPA 3 - LOCAL<br>ECONOMIC<br>DEVELOPMENT | ECO-<br>NOMIC<br>GROWTH                            | and<br>entrepreneur-   | Cooperative   | SMMEs and<br>Cooperatives<br>support  |  |  |   |  | ALL  | Informal<br>Economy Poli-<br>cy reviewed   | Informal Econ-<br>omy Policy<br>reviewed   | NIL  | Informal<br>Economy<br>Policy<br>reviewed<br>N/A   | Informal<br>Economy Pol-<br>icy reviewed<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024   | Number<br>N/A                | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                                  | Consultations with relevant stakeholders for reviewing of the Informal Economy Policy conducted by the 30th of September 2024                         | the Reviewed<br>Informal<br>Economy Policy<br>submitted to<br>stakeholders<br>for comments   | icy prepared<br>and submitted<br>to SMC by the<br>31st of March  | by the 30th of<br>June 2024  | Reviewed<br>informal<br>economy<br>Policy & SMC<br>Resolution | DEVEL-<br>OPMENT<br>SERVICES   |
| F   | F2.2        | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE<br>& DEVEL-<br>OPMENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY |                         | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING                 | EQUITY &<br>HUMAN                                  | 6.2 Improved<br>Environmen-<br>tal Manage-<br>ment                           | Safeguarding<br>the envi-<br>ronment for<br>the optimal<br>health of the<br>Community | Vector Control  | Undertaking<br>this project<br>to comply<br>with the<br>Environmental<br>Legislations  | This is undertaken to make sure that there compliance in terms of the Environmental Act.                 | Cumulative  | Number of activities undertaken  | All  | 11 000 sites<br>baited and/<br>or treated<br>Annually  | 17000 sites<br>baited and/<br>or treated<br>for Vector<br>Control  | NIL  | 17000 sites<br>baited<br>and/or<br>treated<br>for Vector<br>Control                                    | 17000 sites<br>baited and/<br>or treated<br>for Vector<br>Control by the<br>30th of June<br>2024                                  | Number<br>of sites           | 100,000          | CNL               | N/A                                  | 4200 sites<br>baited and/<br>or treated for<br>Vector Control<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024  | 8400 sites<br>baited and/<br>or treated for<br>Vector Control<br>by the 31st of<br>December 202-   | 12600 sites<br>baited and/<br>or treated for<br>Vector Control<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024   | 17000 sites<br>baited and/<br>or treated<br>for Vector<br>Control by th<br>30th of June<br>2024                            | Vector contro<br>register                                     | ENVIRON-<br>MENTAL<br>HEALTH   |

|            | - |   |
|------------|---|---|
| Y ENTITIES |   | ) |
|            |   |   |

| INDEX ER | REF- C                   | CDS REFER-<br>ENCE   | SDBIP<br>REFER-<br>ENCE | NATIONAL KEY<br>PERFORMANCE<br>AREA | GOAL   | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE  | PROGRAMME   | PROJECT  | DEFINITION  | PURPOSE   | CALCULATION<br>TYPE | METHOD OF CALCULATION  | WARD  | BASELINE /<br>STATUS QUO   | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES  | BACK-<br>LOG   | INDICATOR   | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE                 | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER     | QUARTER 1  | QUARTER 2   | QUARTER 3  | ANNUAL  | PORTFOLIO<br>OF EVIDENCE  | RESPON-<br>SIBLE<br>DEPARTMENT               |
|----------|--------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|---|---|---------------------|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| F F2     | A<br>&<br>OI<br>M        | - BUILDING<br>- CAPABLE<br>- DEVEL-<br>- DPMENTAL<br>- AUNICI-<br>- VALITY | SD&CE<br>18             | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING           | 6) SPATIAL<br>EQUITY &<br>HUMAN<br>SETTLE-<br>MENTS                                    | 6.2 Improved<br>Environmen-<br>tal Manage-<br>ment  | Safeguarding<br>the envi-<br>ronment for<br>the optimal<br>health of the<br>Community | Water Quality<br>Control (Pota-<br>ble and raw<br>water)   | Undertaking<br>this project<br>to comply<br>with the<br>Environmental<br>Legislations   | This is undertaken to make sure that there compliance in terms of the Environmental Act.  | Cumulative          | Number of activities undertaken  | All   | 2 000 water<br>samples<br>taken ft<br>analysed for<br>Water Quality<br>Control An-<br>nually | 1820 water<br>samples taken<br>& analyzed for<br>Water Quality<br>Control   | NIL  | 1820 water<br>samples<br>taken &<br>analyzed                      | 1820 water<br>samples<br>taken &<br>analyzed for<br>Water Quality<br>Control by the<br>30th of June<br>2024   | of water<br>samples                | 150,000          |                   | N/A                  | Water Quality<br>Control by the<br>30th of Sep-<br>tember 2024   | 900 water<br>samples taken<br>& analyzed for<br>Water Quality<br>Control by the<br>31st of Decem-<br>ber 2024   | 1350 water<br>samples taken<br>& analyzed for<br>Water Quality<br>Control by the<br>31st of March<br>2024  | 1820 water<br>samples<br>taken &<br>analyzed for<br>Water Quality<br>Control by the<br>30th of June<br>2024   | Laboratory<br>results   | ENVIRON-<br>MENTAL<br>HEALTH                 |
| F F1     | &<br>OI<br>M             | - BUILDING - CAPABLE - DEVEL   | SD&CE<br>19             | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING           | 6) SPATIAL<br>EQUITY &<br>HUMAN<br>SETTLE-<br>MENTS                                    | 6.2 Improved<br>Environmen-<br>tal Manage-<br>ment  | Optimize<br>system, pro-<br>cedures and<br>processes<br>for Town<br>Planning          | Assessment<br>and consider-<br>ation of land<br>development<br>applications in<br>terms of SPLU-<br>MA By-laws | SPLUMA applications refers to any land development application / activity which requires municipal planning approval in terms of section 45 of the Msunduzi SPLUMA bylaw(2021). | The puropose of the proposed target is to ensure full complaince with the SPLUMA By-laws.   | Percentage          | Percentage<br>of SPLUMA<br>applications<br>evaluated and<br>submitted to<br>the Municipal<br>Planning<br>Tribunal for<br>approval. | All   | SPLUMA<br>By-laws  | 100% SPLUMA<br>applications<br>evaluated<br>and submitted<br>to the Munic-<br>ipal Planning<br>Tribunal for<br>approval | 80% SPLUMA applications evaluated and submitted to the Municipal Planning Tribunal for ap- proval. | 100%<br>SPLUMA ap-<br>plications<br>evaluated<br>and<br>submitted | 100% SPLUMA<br>applications<br>evaluated<br>and<br>submitted to<br>the Municipal<br>Planning<br>Tribunal for<br>approval by<br>30th of June<br>2024 | Percentage of SPLUMA applications. | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                  | 25% SPLUMA<br>applications<br>evaluated and<br>submitted to<br>the Municipal<br>Planning<br>Tribunal for ap-<br>proval by 30th<br>of September<br>2024   | 50% SPLUMA<br>applications<br>evaluated and<br>submitted to<br>the Municipal<br>Planning<br>Tribunal for ap-<br>proval by 31st<br>of December<br>2024   | 75% SPLUMA<br>applications<br>evaluated and<br>submitted to<br>the Municipal<br>Planning<br>Tribunal for<br>approval by<br>31st of March<br>2024 | 100% SPLUMA<br>applications<br>evaluated<br>and<br>submitted to<br>the Municipal<br>Planning<br>Tribunal for<br>approval by<br>30th of June<br>2024   | SPLUMA<br>Applications<br>Register                                      | TOWN<br>PLANNING                             |
| F F1     | A<br>&<br>OI<br>MI<br>PJ | CAPABLE DEVEL- DPMENTAL UNICI- ALITY                                       | 20                      | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING           | EQUITY &<br>HUMAN<br>SETTLE-<br>MENTS  | ed land use<br>manage-<br>ment, ensur-<br>ing equitable<br>access to<br>goods and<br>services,<br>attracting<br>social and<br>financial<br>investment.                  | PLANNING<br>& LAND USE<br>MANAGEMENT<br>SYSTEM  | Review of<br>the Msun-<br>duzi Spatial<br>Development<br>Framework<br>(2022)                                   | A spatial development framework (SDF) is an overarching, strategic plan for an urban or rural development, a precinct, estate, campus or set of campuses.                       | The review of the Msun- duzi Spatial Development Framework aims to address the gaps identified by COGTA pertaining to the 2022 Municipal SDF. | Date                | taken to<br>complete the<br>review of SDF.   | All   | Adopted<br>Msunduzi<br>Spatial<br>Development<br>Framework                                   | Final Spatial<br>Development<br>Framework<br>reviewed and<br>submitted to<br>SMC  | NIL  | velopment<br>Framework<br>reviewed                                | Final Spatial<br>Development<br>Framework<br>reviewed and<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the<br>30th of June<br>2024                                     |                                    | N/A              | N/A               |                      | Expenditure<br>Framework<br>and envi-<br>ronmental<br>analysis short-<br>fall submitted<br>to Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>by 30th of<br>September<br>2024  | Spatial representaion and segmentation of the Municipality's 20-year vision plan into 5-year plans (Spatial Development Plans) submitted to Msunduzi Municipality by 3fst of December 2024                        | Spatial<br>referencing<br>of Municipal<br>disaster<br>prone areas<br>submitted to<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024    | Final Spatial<br>Development<br>Framework<br>reviewed and<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the<br>30th of June<br>2024   | Final SDF<br>Reviewed<br>document<br>& SMC<br>Resolution                | TOWN<br>PLANNING                             |
| F F1     | &<br>OI<br>M             | - BUILDING - CAPABLE - DEVEL PMENTAL - BUNICI BUNICI                       | SD&CE<br>21             | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING           | 6) SPATIAL<br>EQUITY &<br>HUMAN<br>SETTLE-<br>MENTS                                    | 6.1 Integrat-<br>ed land use<br>manage-<br>ment, ensur-<br>ing equitable<br>access to<br>goods and<br>services,<br>attracting<br>social and<br>financial<br>investment. | Land Acquisi-<br>tion and Land<br>Legal   | Tranche 2,<br>Tranche 3  | Acquisition of<br>Private Land<br>and assem-<br>bling it under<br>Municipal<br>ownership  | To assemble<br>land for<br>human set-<br>tlemt projects<br>and other<br>Municipal<br>projects   | Hectares            | Sum Hectares<br>acquired   | 10 to 24  | Tranche 1<br>and 2 hec-<br>tares of land<br>acquired   | 5 hectatres<br>of land<br>acquired  | Nil  | Number of<br>hectares<br>of land<br>acquired                      | 5 hectares<br>of land<br>acquired by<br>the Munici-<br>pality by June<br>2024   | Hectares                           | R95m             | DoHS              | 0/604285.<br>A8H.000 | MEC Expropri-<br>ation Report<br>submitted by<br>the 30th of<br>September<br>2024  | N/A   | MEC approval<br>obtained by<br>the 31st of<br>March 2024   | 5 hectares<br>of land<br>acquired by<br>the Munici-<br>pality by June<br>2024   | Finalisation<br>of Expro-<br>praition and<br>Expropriation<br>Transfers | TOWN PLANNING & ENVIRON- MENTAL MANAGE- MENT |
| F F3     | A & OIL                  | CAPABLE<br>DEVEL-<br>PAMENTAL<br>NUNICI-<br>ALITY                          | 22                      | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING           | EQUITY &<br>HUMAN<br>SETTLE-<br>MENTS  | ed human<br>Settlements   | Housing<br>Sector Plan  | Plan review  | Review of the<br>current Hous-<br>ing Sector<br>plan (HSP)<br>approved by<br>Council on   | guides the<br>implemen-<br>tation of<br>all Human<br>Settlements<br>Programmes<br>in Msunduzi.  | Non-cumu-<br>lative | milestones<br>implemeted as<br>per planned<br>activites  | All   | N/A  | Sector Plan submitted to Full Council for approval  | N/A  | Final<br>Housing<br>Sector Plan<br>submit-<br>ted for<br>approval | Sector Plan<br>submitted to<br>Full Council<br>for approval<br>by the 30th<br>June 2024   |                                    | 2,000,000        |                   | B1H.000              | Final Inception Report and Communication Plan submitted to SMC for approval by the 30th of September 2024 Final Inception Report and Communication Plan prepared and submitted to the Municipality and SMC for approval by the 31st of July 2018 | Final Status<br>Quo Report<br>submmitted<br>to SMC for<br>approval by<br>the 31st of<br>December 2024<br>Final Status<br>Quo Report<br>submmitted<br>to SMC for<br>approval by<br>the 30th of Sep-<br>tember 2018 | Submission<br>of Synthesis<br>of Issues and<br>Vision Concept<br>Report to SMC<br>for approval<br>by the 30th<br>of November<br>2018             | Final Housing<br>Sector Plan<br>submitted to<br>Full Council<br>for approval<br>by the 30th<br>June 2024<br>Final Housing<br>Sector Plan<br>submitted to<br>Full Council<br>for approval<br>by the 31st<br>March 2019 | Report<br>Prepared at<br>each Stage of<br>the Project                   | HUMAN SET-<br>TLEMENTS                       |
| F F3     | A<br>&<br>OI             | - BUILDING - CAPABLE - DEVEL DEVEL PMENTAL - MUNICI ALITY                  | SD&CE<br>23             | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING           | 6) SPATIAL<br>EQUITY &<br>HUMAN<br>SETTLE-<br>MENTS                                    | 6.3 Integrated human<br>Settlements   | HUMAN<br>SETTLEMENTS  | No. of new<br>houses<br>constructed  | Construction of housing units in various project for approved beneficiaries utilising the DoHS funding  | To provide for<br>the housing<br>needs of the<br>poorest of<br>the poor in<br>fulfilment of<br>Section 26 of<br>the Consti-<br>tution         | Cumulative          | Number of<br>new housing<br>units con-<br>structed as per<br>implementa-<br>tion plan  | 10-Phase 8<br>Extension<br>11-Lot 182 17-Wil-<br>low EE<br>10, 14,<br>15, 16, 17,<br>223-Wirewalt<br>11, 13, 14, 16,<br>17, 18.29, 32,<br>35-Umgun-<br>gundlovu<br>20-Smero<br>OSS<br>32-Happy<br>Valley,<br>Site 11<br>38-Themba-<br>tible, Tham-<br>boville,<br>Q-Section | x new<br>housing units<br>constructed  | 1000 x<br>Housing Units<br>constructed  |  | 1000 x<br>Housing<br>Units con-<br>structed                       | 1000 x<br>Housing Units<br>constructed<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024   | Number                             | R138,364,537.64  | DOHS              | N/A                  | 250 x Housing<br>Units construct-<br>ed by the 30th of September<br>2024   | 500 x Housing<br>Units construc-<br>ed by the 31st<br>of December<br>2024   | 750 x Housing<br>Units construct-<br>ed by the 31st<br>of March 2024   | 1000 x<br>Housing Units<br>constructed<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024   | D6/Municipal<br>inspection<br>sheets                                    | HUMAN SET-<br>TLEMENTS                       |
| F F3     | 6<br>0<br>M              | - BUILDING<br>CAPABLE<br>DEVEL-<br>DPMENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY           | SD&CE<br>24             | NKPA 6 - CROSS<br>CUTTING           | Crime, By-<br>law. Sub<br>Station<br>and Mon-<br>itoring<br>through<br>CCTV<br>Cameras | 24 Hour<br>crime watch<br>through<br>CCTV Cam-<br>eras in areas<br>with CCTV<br>coverage  | Crime,<br>Bylaw. Sub<br>Station and<br>Monitoring<br>through CCTV<br>Cameras          | 24 Hour crime<br>watch through<br>CCTV Cam-<br>eras in areas<br>with CCTV<br>coverage                          | Sec 87(11)  | To apprise<br>the relevant<br>role-players<br>within the<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>on the entity's<br>monthly per-<br>formance           | Cumulative          | cctv cameras   | 24, 27, 30,<br>32, 33, 35,<br>36, 37  | Cameras<br>monitored 24<br>hours in all ar-  | Cameras<br>monitored 24   | N/A  | 169 x CCTV<br>Cameras<br>monitored<br>24 hours in<br>all areas    | 169 x CCTV<br>Cameras<br>monitored 24<br>hours in all ar-<br>eas with CCTV<br>coverage by<br>the 30th June<br>2024                                  | Number                             | R16,130,758      | Council           |                      | Cameras<br>monitored 24<br>hours in all ar-  |   | eas with CCTV<br>coverage by   | 169 x CCTV<br>Cameras<br>monitored 24<br>hours in all ar-<br>eas with CCTV<br>coverage by<br>the 30th June<br>2024  | Monthly Sec<br>87 reports<br>to SM City<br>Entities                     | CITY ENTITIES                                |

| INDEX | IDP REF-<br>ERENCE |   | SDBIP<br>REFER-<br>ENCE | NATIONAL KEY<br>PERFORMANCE<br>AREA   |                     | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE  | PROGRAMME        | PROJECT                  | DEFINITION  |  | CALCULATION<br>TYPE | METHOD OF CALCULATION  | WARD                                | BASELINE /<br>STATUS QUO   | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES             | BACK-<br>LOG | INDICATOR  | ANNUAL<br>TARGET   | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE   | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER | QUARTER 1  | QUARTER 2  | QUARTER 3  | ANNUAL   | PORTFOLIO<br>OF EVIDENCE            | RESPON-<br>SIBLE<br>DEPARTMENT  |
|-------|--------------------|---|-------------------------|---|---------------------|---|------------------|--------------------------|---|--|---------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| D     | D2                 | 4 - BUILDING<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY                        | SD&CE<br>25             | NKPA 4 - FINAN. CIAL VIABILITY & MANAGEMENT   | FINANCIAL           | expenditure   | Expenditure      | Capital<br>Expenditure   | Capital Expenditure monitored for improved expenditure manage- ment                                 | To ensure<br>that budgets<br>are spent<br>according<br>to planned<br>expenditure           | Cumulative          | % of Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs<br>Capital Budget<br>received                            | N/A                                 | 100% of<br>Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment & City<br>Enterprises BU<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024<br>(Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs origi-<br>nal budget)   | % of Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent | N/A          | 100% of<br>Capital<br>Expendi-<br>ture spent<br>for the<br>Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment & City<br>Enterpris-<br>es BU | Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Sustainable     | N/A  | n/a              | N/A               | N/A              | 5% of Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment & City<br>Enterprises BU<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024<br>(Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs Orig-<br>inal budget<br>per quarter)   | 50% of Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Sustainable<br>Development &<br>City Enterprises<br>BU by the 31st<br>of December<br>2024<br>(Capital Ex-<br>penditure spent<br>vs Original<br>budget per<br>quarter)  | 75% of Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Sustainable<br>Development & City Enterprises<br>BU by the 31st<br>of March 2024<br>(Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs Original budget per<br>quarter )   | 100% of<br>Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment & City<br>Enterprises BU<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024<br>(Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs<br>Original<br>budget)                      | Expenditure<br>documents            | SUSTAINABLE DEVELOP-MENT & CITY ENTERPRISES BUSINESS UNIT                 |
| D     | D2                 |   |                         | NRPA 4 - FINAN- CALL VABILITY & MANAGEMENT  | FINANCIAL           | expenditure   | Expenditure      | Operational Expenditure  | Expenditure<br>monitored<br>for improved  | To ensure that budgets are spent according to planned expenditure                          |                     | % of Op-<br>erational Expenditure<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs Oper-<br>ational budget<br>received | Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent | 100% of Operational Expenditure spent for the Sustainable Development & City Enterprises BU by the 30th of June 2024 (Operational Expenditure Spent Sunday Spent | % of Operational Expenditure         | N/A          |  | Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Sustainable | N/A  | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | spent for the<br>Sustainable Develop-<br>ment & City<br>Enterprise Bul<br>by the 30th of September<br>2024 (Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs. Oige<br>in all budget<br>per quarter)<br>\$% of<br>Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs. Oige<br>ment & company<br>spent vs. Oige<br>ment & company<br>spent vs. Oige<br>ment & company<br>spent vs. Oige<br>ment & company<br>spent vs. Oige<br>per<br>put<br>spent vs. Oige<br>per<br>put<br>spent vs. Oige<br>per<br>put<br>spent vs. Oige<br>per<br>put<br>spent vs. Oige<br>per<br>put<br>spent vs. Oige<br>per<br>put<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent<br>spent | City Enterprises BU by the 31st of December 2024 (Operational Expenditure spent vs Origi- nal budget per quarter) 50% of Operational Expenditure spent for the Sustainable Development & City Enterprises BU by the 31st of December 2022 (Operational Expenditure | Sustainable Development & City Enterprises BU by the 31st of March 2024 (Operational Expenditure spent vs Original budget per quarter) 75% of Operational Expenditure spent for the Sustainable Development & City Enterprises BU by the 31st Of March 2024 (Operational Expenditure spent of March 2024 (Operational Expenditure spent vs Original Expenditure Spent vs Origi | Expenditure spent for the Sustainable Development & City Enterprises BU by the 30th of June 2024 (Operational Expenditure spent vs Original budget) 100% of Operational Expenditure spent for the Sustainable Development & City | Expenditure documents               | SUSTAINABLE DEVELOP. MONT & CITY ENTERPRISES BUSINESS UNIT                |
| A     | A1                 | 14 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE<br>& DEVEL-<br>OPMENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | SD&CE<br>27             | NKPA 1 - MU-<br>NICIPAL TRANS-<br>FORMATION &<br>ORGANIZATION-<br>AL DEVELOP-<br>MENT | Govern-<br>ance and | 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Manage-<br>ment and<br>Develop-<br>ment | Filling of posts | Critical Posts<br>Filled | Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>to increase<br>Human<br>Resources<br>Management<br>and Develop-<br>ment | To ensure<br>that Critical<br>posts are<br>filled in order<br>to increase<br>functionality | Cumulative          | Posts Filled vs  | 50 % of<br>Critical<br>Posts Filled | 50 % of<br>Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>Sustainable<br>Development<br>& City Enter-<br>prises unit by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024   | % of Critical<br>Posts Filled        | N/A          | 75 % of<br>Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>for the<br>Sustainable<br>Develop-<br>ment & City<br>Enterpris-<br>es BU          | & City Enter-  | 75 % of<br>Critical<br>Posts<br>Filled<br>Sustain-<br>able<br>Devel-<br>opment<br>& City<br>Enter-<br>prises<br>unit by<br>the 30th<br>of June<br>2024 | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A  | 39% of Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>Sustainable<br>Development &<br>City Enterprises<br>unit by the 31st<br>of December<br>2024<br>(Number of<br>posts filled vs<br>Advertised)   | 67% of Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>Sustainable<br>Development &<br>City Enterprises<br>unit by the 31st<br>of March 2024<br>(Number of<br>posts filled vs<br>Advertised)   | Development  | Adverts t<br>Appointment<br>letters | SUSTAINABLE<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT & CITY<br>ENTERPRISES<br>BUSINESS<br>UNIT |

|    |                       |                       |   |  |  |          |  |   |            |  | SERVIC                   | E DELIVERY & BU               |   |   | FOR THE 2024/                        |   | AL YEAR   |   |                  |         |                  |   |  |   |   |   |                                |
|----|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|--|--|----------|--|---|------------|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|------------------|---------|------------------|---|--|---|---|---|--------------------------------|
| IN | DEX IDP REF<br>ERENCI |                       | NATION-<br>AL KEY<br>PERFOR-<br>MANCE<br>AREA | GOAL   | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE                           | STRATEGY | PROGRAMME  | PROJECT   | DEFINITION | PURPOSE  | CALCU-<br>LATION<br>TYPE | METHOD OF<br>CALCULA-<br>TION | WARD  | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES  | BASELINE /<br>STATUS QUO/<br>BACKLOG | INDICATOR                                       | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE  | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET |         | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER | QUARTER 1   | QUARTER 2  | QUARTER 3   | ANNUAL  | PORTFOLIO OF<br>EVIDENCE  | RESPONSIBLE<br>DEPART-<br>MENT |
| В  | B1                    | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS |   | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | 3.1 Enhance<br>waste man-<br>agement<br>capacity |          | Household<br>waste<br>collection   | Domestic<br>/ Refuse<br>Collection                                  |            |  | No of<br>house-<br>holds | No of house-<br>holds         | Ward 10,<br>11,12,13,15,16,<br>17,19,20,21,22,<br>23,24,25,26,<br>27,28,29,30,3<br>1,31,33,34,35,<br>36,37,38,41, | access to<br>weekly Re-<br>fuse Removal<br>- weekly                       |                                      | of Houses<br>with access<br>to weekly<br>Refuse | 137 000<br>households<br>with access<br>to weekly<br>Refuse<br>Removal      | Number of<br>Houses with<br>access to<br>weekly Refuse<br>Removal<br>- weekly<br>schedule | Opera-<br>tional | N/A     |                  | households<br>with access<br>to refuse                      | households<br>with access to<br>refuse removal<br>by 31 Decem- |   |   | Pictures and co-ordi-<br>nates of the skip sites<br>within these wards.<br>Vehicle Ewcop move-<br>ment report, indigent<br>registers, customer<br>statements, waste<br>collection schedules,<br>waste collection<br>checklists signed<br>by Manager and<br>foreman Domestic<br>waste. |                                |
| В  | B1                    | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS | NKPA<br>2-BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY        | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | 3.1 Enhance<br>waste man-<br>agement<br>capacity |          | A CBD clean<br>up to raise<br>awareness<br>education<br>and enforce-<br>ment | 12 x aware-<br>ness, edu-<br>cation and<br>enforcement<br>campaigns |            | Reduce littering,<br>dumping and<br>create good habits<br>with respect to<br>waste manage-<br>ment   | Numerical                |                               | 27, 30, 31.33,<br>34, 36  | Number of<br>campaigns,<br>improved<br>aesthetics<br>and reduced<br>waste |                                      | of CBD<br>cleanup                               | 6 CBD<br>cleanup<br>campaign<br>conducted                                   | Number of campaigns   | N/A              | N/A     | N/A              | 3 X Clean up<br>Campaign<br>by 30th of<br>September<br>2024 | Campaign<br>by the 31st  | 9 x Clean up<br>Campaign by<br>the 31st March<br>2024 | 12 x Clean up<br>Campaign by<br>the 30 June<br>2024 | Photos of before and<br>after, Campaign<br>regsiters  | Waste Man-<br>agement          |
| В  | B1                    | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS |   | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | 3.1 Enhance<br>waste man-<br>agement<br>capacity |          | reduce litter<br>on streets  | install street<br>litter bins                                       |            | reduce litter on<br>streets by providing<br>easily reached<br>receptacles<br>thereby improving<br>aesthetics and<br>reducing workload<br>and time demads | numerical                |                               | 27, 30, 31, 33,<br>34, 36   | number of<br>bins placed<br>for 2024/2024                                 |                                      | mentation<br>of the CBD<br>cleanup<br>strategy  | 30 % Imple-<br>mentation<br>of the CBD<br>cleanup<br>strategy (Mr<br>rajah) | number of<br>bins placed  | N/A              | Council | N/A              | N/A   | N/A  | 375 bins =<br>R375000                                 | 750 BINS =<br>R750000                               | NUMBER OF BINS<br>PLACED AND BUDGET<br>SPENT  | Waste Management               |

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|---|-------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|------------------|--------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|--|---|
|   | INDEX | IDP REF-<br>ERENCE | CDS REFER-<br>ENCE                                     | NATION-<br>AL KEY<br>PERFOR-<br>MANCE<br>AREA    | GOAL   | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE   |  | PROGRAMME  |  | DEFINITION   | PURPOSE   | CALCU-<br>LATION<br>TYPE                                   | METHOD OF<br>CALCULA-<br>TION             | WARD  | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES  | BASELINE /<br>STATUS QUO/<br>BACKLOG  | INDICATOR  | TARGET   | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE   | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | SOURCE       | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER | QUARTER 1   | QUARTER 2   | QUARTER 3   | ANNUAL  | PORTFOLIO OF<br>EVIDENCE   | RESPONSIBLE<br>DEPART-<br>MENT                        |
|   | В     | B1                 | 3 - IM-<br>PROVED<br>INFRA-<br>STRUCTURE<br>EFFICIENCY | NKPA<br>2-BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY           | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | 3.1 Enhance<br>waste man-<br>agement<br>capacity   | waste man-<br>agement in<br>economic<br>nodes es                             | Landfill<br>Compliance<br>contract                                     | Landfill<br>Compliance<br>contract   | Upgrading<br>of the New<br>England Road<br>Landfill site   | by EDTEA  | Percent-<br>age  | Work con-<br>mpleted/ work<br>outstanding | 35  | Construction<br>of the New<br>England<br>Landfill Site  | Nil   | Construc-<br>tion of a<br>new landfill<br>site   |  | Percentage<br>of completed<br>construction   |                  | Council      |                  | Conclude Service provider appointment by 30 September 2024  | N/A   | 55% con-<br>struction work<br>completed by<br>31 March 2024   | New Eng-<br>land Road<br>Landfill Site<br>Construction<br>completed as<br>per Approved<br>Action Plan<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024    | Completion Certifica-<br>tion, before and after<br>photos  |   |
|   | В     | B1                 | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                                  | 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY                   | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | waste man-<br>agement<br>capacity  | waste man-   | Management<br>Enforcement  | Waste<br>Management<br>Enforcement   | compliance<br>notices and<br>summons<br>issued for<br>contravention<br>of Waste<br>Management<br>bylaw contra-<br>ventions | Ensuring Compli-<br>ance with Waste<br>Management<br>Compliance   | enforce-<br>ments<br>under-<br>taken                       | Non-Cummu-<br>lative                      |   | Number of<br>compliance<br>notices and<br>summons<br>issued for<br>contravention<br>of Waste<br>Management<br>bylaw contra-<br>ventions | Nil   | Number<br>of illeagal<br>dumping<br>fines issued.  | fines issued.  | complaince<br>notices and<br>summons<br>issued for<br>contravention<br>of Waste<br>Management<br>bylaw contra-<br>ventions | N/A              |              | N/A              | complaince<br>notices and<br>summons<br>issued for<br>contravention<br>of Waste<br>Management<br>bylaw contra-<br>ventions by | 100% complaince notices and summons issued for contravention of Waste Management bylaw contraventions by 30 November 2024 | and summons<br>issued for<br>contravention<br>of Waste Man-<br>agement bylaw<br>contraventions<br>by 31 March<br>2024 | plaince notices<br>and summons<br>issued for<br>contravention<br>of Waste<br>Management<br>bylaw contra-<br>ventions by 30<br>June 2024 |  | agement   |
|   | В     | B1                 | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                                  | 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY                   | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | Enhanced<br>public facil-<br>ities, parks<br>and public<br>spaces<br>within the<br>city    | 3.2.1 Improve<br>the basics:<br>cleaning,<br>repairing<br>public<br>spaces   | Entrances<br>andTraffic<br>Islands                                     |  |  | asthetic look of the<br>city entrances  | none-ac-<br>cumula-<br>tive, as per<br>planned<br>schedule | City entrances                            | Cuts 25, 26,<br>27.32, 33, 34,<br>35 and 36                   | 10 Main<br>entrsnces<br>snd 10 Traffic<br>Islands.  | Entrances<br>and Islands<br>maintaned<br>once per<br>week   | No of<br>Entrances<br>and Islands<br>maintaned   | Entrances<br>and Islands   | once per<br>week.  | N/A              | CNL          | N/A              | Entrances<br>and Islands<br>maintaned<br>once per<br>week   | Entrances and<br>Islands main-<br>taned once<br>per week  | Entrances and<br>Islands main-<br>taned once per<br>week  | No of Entranc-<br>es and Islands<br>maintaned   | photos with dates<br>signed off  | SBABINI<br>THUTSHANA<br>(DISTRICT<br>HORT<br>NURSERY) |
|   | В     | B1                 | BASICS   | 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY                   | and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment                  | public facil-<br>ities, parks<br>and public<br>spaces<br>within the<br>city                | the basics:<br>cleaning,<br>repairing<br>public<br>spaces                    | of public<br>facilities  | of swimming<br>pools and<br>sport facilities   | maintanance  | to improve the<br>astheatic look of<br>public facilities  | none<br>accumu-<br>lative                                  | pools and<br>sport facilities             | All wards,<br>swimming<br>pools ward<br>27, 30, 32,<br>34, 35 | of public<br>facilities<br>maintained   | sport facilities  | of Public<br>facilties<br>revamped<br>and main-<br>tained  | facilties re-<br>vamped and<br>maintained<br>in the CBD<br>and Sur-<br>roundings.                        |  |                  | CNL and DSAC |                  | 17 Public<br>facilities   | facilities  | 10 Public<br>facilities   | 37 Public<br>facilities   | completion<br>certificate  | Manager<br>Buildings &<br>facilites                   |
|   | В     | B1                 | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                                  | NKPA<br>2-BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY           | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | ities, parks<br>and public<br>spaces<br>within the<br>city                                 | 3.2.1 Improve<br>the basics:<br>cleaning,<br>repairing<br>public<br>spaces   | Upgrading<br>of public<br>spaces                                       | revemping of<br>parks  | Landscaping<br>and equip-<br>ment  | to enhance recrea-<br>tional activities   | none<br>accumu-<br>lative                                  | Number<br>of parks<br>upgraded            | 10 wards  | number<br>of parks<br>revamped  | 15 parks  | Number<br>of Public<br>Spaces<br>upgraded<br>and<br>revamped   | 10 Public<br>Spaces up-<br>graded and<br>revamped  |  |                  | CNL and DFFE |                  | 3 Parks   | 3 Parks   | 4 Parks   | 10 Parks  | Completion certificate   | Manager<br>Buildings &<br>facilites                   |
|   | В     | B1                 | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                                  | 2-BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY                   | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | public facil-<br>ities, parks<br>and public<br>spaces<br>within the<br>city                | the basics:<br>cleaning,<br>repairing<br>public<br>spaces                    | of new public<br>facilities  | of new parks<br>and or swim-<br>ming pools   | new facilities   |   | accumu-<br>lative  | and parks<br>constructed                  | Ward 4,17<br>and 24   | number of<br>new facilities<br>constructed  | pools and 3<br>parks  | Number<br>of Public<br>facilities<br>construct-<br>ed  | 5 of Public<br>facilities<br>constructed   | Number   |                  | CNL and DFFE |                  | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | parks   | Completion certificate   | Manager<br>Buildings &<br>facilites                   |
|   | В     | B1                 | 2 - BACK TO<br>BASICS                                  | NKPA<br>2-BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY           | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | 3.2 Enhance<br>public facil-<br>ities, parks<br>and public<br>spaces<br>within the<br>city | the basics:<br>cleaning,<br>repairing<br>public<br>spaces                    |  | public spaces  |  | look of public<br>spaces and com-<br>munity facilities  | lative   | Number of public spaces                   | All   | number<br>of public<br>spaces and<br>community<br>facilities  | 72 facilites  | % of<br>Community<br>Facilities<br>in good<br>state  | 80 % of<br>Community<br>Facilities in<br>good state  | Number   | N/A              | CNL          | N/A              | 20 % of<br>Community<br>Facilities in<br>good state   | 30 % of<br>Community<br>Facilities in<br>good state   | 30% of Com-<br>munity Facilities<br>in good state   | Facilities in good state  | Completion certificate   | Manager<br>Buildings &<br>facilites                   |
|   | F     | F2                 | 8 - SPATIAL<br>EFFECTIVE-<br>NESS &<br>JUSTICE         | -CROSS<br>CUTTING<br>INTERVEN-<br>TIONS          | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | Enhanced<br>Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security.             | Enforcement<br>of By-laws,<br>Public Safety<br>and Security.                 | the Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security. | Training / Fire<br>Arm Refresher<br>CoursesN/A   | Training / Fire  | Fire Arm Training /<br>Fire Arm Refresher<br>Courses for all<br>municipal fire arm<br>holders conducted<br>for the 23/24 FY | Require-<br>ment in<br>term of the                         |   | Cummu-<br>lative  | 1 x Fire Arm<br>Training / Fire<br>Arm Refresher<br>Courses for<br>all municipal<br>fire arm<br>holders<br>conducted                    |   | of Fire Arm<br>Training /<br>Fire Arm<br>Refresher<br>Courses for<br>all munici-<br>pal fire arm<br>holders<br>conducted | all municipal<br>fire arm<br>holders<br>conducted  | Number   | N/A              | N/A          | N/A              | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | Training / Fire<br>Arm Refresher<br>Courses for all<br>municipal fire<br>arm holders<br>conducted by<br>the 31st of June<br>2024        | Course Result Report,<br>Attendance Register   | Services  |
|   | F     | F2                 | 8 - SPATIAL<br>EFFECTIVE-<br>NESS &<br>JUSTICE         | NKP 6<br>-CROSS<br>CUTTING<br>INTERVEN-<br>TIONS | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | the Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security.                     | 3.3.1 Improve<br>disaster<br>planning,<br>manage-<br>ment and<br>mitigation. | Disaster<br>Management   | Disaster<br>Management<br>Advisory<br>Forums to be<br>conducted                        |  | A blue print for<br>Disasters   | accumu-<br>lative  | Cumalative                                | All   | Three Disaster<br>Management<br>Advisory<br>Forums to be<br>held by 30<br>June 2024   | Management<br>Advisory<br>Forums to be<br>held by 30<br>June 2024                                       | Number of<br>quarterly<br>Disaster<br>Manage-<br>ment Advi-<br>sory Forums<br>meetings<br>facilitated                    | 3 x quarterly<br>Disaster<br>Manage-<br>ment Advi-<br>sory Forums<br>meetings<br>facilitated<br>Annually | Number   | N/A              | N/A          | N/A              | N/A   | 1 Disaster Advi-<br>sory Forum<br>completed by<br>31st October<br>2024  | Advisory Forum<br>completed by<br>31st January<br>2024  | visory Forums<br>by the 30th<br>June 2024   | Agenda, Attendance<br>register and minutes   | agement   |
|   | F     | F2                 | 8 - SPATIAL<br>EFFECTIVE-<br>NESS &<br>JUSTICE         | -CROSS   | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | the Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security.                     | disaster<br>planning,<br>manage-<br>ment and<br>mitigation.                  | Management   | Disaster High<br>Risk Hazard-<br>ous education<br>visitations to<br>be under-<br>taken |  | To educate high<br>risk installation<br>custodians about<br>mitigating their risk   | lative   |   | All   | High Risk<br>hazardous<br>education<br>visits to be<br>undertaken   | 24 Disaster<br>High Risk<br>hazardous<br>education<br>visits to be<br>undertaken<br>by 30 June<br>2024. | Number<br>of high risk<br>hazardous<br>education<br>visits con-<br>ducted  | of high risk<br>hazardous  | Number   | N/A              | N/A          | N/A              | 6 x high risk<br>hazardous<br>education vis-<br>it by the 30th<br>September<br>2024   | 12 x Disaster<br>High risk<br>hazardous<br>educatin visit<br>31st Decem-<br>ber 2024                                      | 18 x Disaster<br>high risk<br>hazardous<br>educatin visit<br>by 31st March<br>2024                                    | 24 x Disaster<br>High Risk<br>hazardous<br>education visits<br>by the 30th<br>June 2024   | Signed acknowl-<br>edgement of visita-<br>tion and a photo   | Disaster Man-<br>agement                              |
|   | F     | F2                 | 8 - SPATIAL<br>EFFECTIVE-<br>NESS &<br>JUSTICE         | NKP 6<br>-CROSS<br>CUTTING<br>INTERVEN-<br>TIONS | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | 3.3 Enhance<br>the Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security.      | 3.3.1 Improve<br>disaster<br>planning,<br>manage-<br>ment and<br>mitigation. | Disaster<br>Management   | Disaster<br>Management<br>Plan to<br>reviewed and<br>adopted by 30<br>June 2024        |  | A blue print for<br>Disasters   | accumu-<br>lative  | Cumalative                                | All   | Disaster<br>Management<br>plan to be<br>reviewed<br>and adopted<br>by 30 June<br>2024   | Disaster<br>Management<br>plan to be<br>reviewed and<br>adopted by<br>30 June 2024                      | Date<br>Reviewed<br>Disaster<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan<br>prepared<br>and<br>submitted<br>to SMC for<br>approval           | Disaster<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan<br>Reviewed<br>by the 30th<br>of June<br>Annually                       | Number   | N/A              | N/A          | N/A              | Update risk<br>assesments<br>in disaster<br>plan by 30th<br>September<br>2024   | Partial Draft<br>Disaster Plan<br>completed by<br>31st Decem-<br>ber 2024   | Submission<br>and Approval<br>to SMC by 31st<br>March 2024  | Approval by<br>full Council by<br>the 30th June<br>2024   | Attendance registers<br>of meetings, SMC<br>resolution, Portfolio<br>Committee resolution<br>Council resolution.<br>Risk assessment<br>summary | Disaster Man-<br>agement                              |

SERVICE DELIVERY & BUDGET IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FOR THE 2024/2024 FINANCIAL YEAR

|   |       |                    |  |   |  |   |  |                               |   |  |  | SERVI                    | CE DELIVERY & BU<br>BU  |                                     |   | FOR THE 2024  |   | AL YEAR   |                     |                  |                   |                  |  |   |  |   |   |                                |
|---|-------|--------------------|--|---|--|---|--|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|---|--|---|---|--------------------------------|
| Ì | INDEX | IDP REF-<br>ERENCE | CDS REFER-<br>ENCE   | NATION-<br>AL KEY<br>PERFOR-<br>MANCE<br>AREA                       | GOAL   | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE  | STRATEGY   | PROGRAMME                     | PROJECT   | DEFINITION   | PURPOSE  | CALCU-<br>LATION<br>TYPE | METHOD OF<br>CALCULA-<br>TION   | WARD                                | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES  |   |   | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE  | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER | QUARTER 1  | QUARTER 2   | QUARTER 3  | ANNUAL  | PORTFOLIO OF<br>EVIDENCE                                | RESPONSIBLE<br>DEPART-<br>MENT |
|   |       | F2                 | 8 - SPATIAL<br>EFFECTIVE-<br>NESS &<br>JUSTICE                               | INTERVEN-<br>TIONS  | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | the Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security.                | disaster<br>planning,<br>manage-<br>ment and<br>mitigation.  | Management                    | Campaigns to<br>be held   |  | to inform people<br>on proactive<br>actions to take to<br>prevent disasters                  | accumu-<br>lative        | Cumalative  | All                                 | 24 Disaster<br>Awareness<br>campaigns<br>to be held<br>by 30 June<br>2024   | 24 Disaster<br>Awareness<br>campaigns to<br>be held by 30<br>June 2024                                  | Number<br>of Disaster<br>awareness<br>Cam-<br>paigns (1<br>campaign<br>per high<br>risk areas,<br>1 public<br>education<br>campaign)<br>conducted | 24 Disaster<br>Awareness<br>campaigns<br>to be held<br>Annually   | Number              | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 6 x awareness<br>campaigns<br>by 30th<br>September<br>2024   | ness cama-<br>paigns by the<br>31st Decem-<br>ber 2024  | campaigns by<br>the 31st March<br>2024   | campaigns by<br>the 30th June<br>2024   |   | Disaster Man-<br>agement       |
|   |       | F2                 | 8 - SPATIAL<br>EFFECTIVE-<br>NESS &<br>JUSTICE                               | NKPA 6<br>-CROSS<br>CUTTING<br>INTERVEN-<br>TIONS                   | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | 3.3 Enhance<br>the Enforce-<br>ment of By-<br>laws, Public<br>Safety and<br>Security. | disaster<br>planning,<br>manage-                             | FIRE & RESCUE                 | Major Hazards<br>Premises<br>Visitations by<br>PSDM                             |  | Creating Aware-<br>ness and Prepar-<br>edness within the<br>Community and<br>Business sector | accumu-<br>lative        | Number of<br>Major Hazard<br>vistsitatiation  | All                                 | 48 x<br>Major Hazard<br>Visitations<br>Conducted<br>By The End Of<br>June 2024  | 48 x Major<br>Hazard<br>Visitations<br>Conducted<br>By The End Of<br>June 2024                          | Number<br>Major<br>Hazard<br>Visitations<br>conducted   | 12 Major<br>Hazard<br>Visitations<br>conducted<br>Annually  | Number              | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 12 Major Haz-<br>ard Visitations<br>conducted by<br>the 30th of<br>September<br>2024   | 24 Major Haz-<br>ard Visitations<br>conducted<br>by the 31st<br>December<br>2024  | 36 Major Haz-<br>ard Visitations<br>conducted by<br>the 31st March<br>2024   |   | Programme and attendance register                       | Fire Rescue<br>Services        |
|   | •     | F2                 | 8 - SPATIAL<br>EFFECTIVE-<br>NESS &<br>JUSTICE                               | NKP 6<br>-CROSS<br>CUTTING<br>INTERVEN-<br>TIONS                    | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | the Enforce-<br>ment of By-   | Fire manage-   | FIRE & RESCUE                 | Fire & Rescue<br>fire prevention<br>inspections                                 |  | Creating Aware-<br>ness and Prepar-<br>edness within the<br>Community and<br>Business sector | accumu-<br>lative        | Cumalative  | All                                 | 840 x fire<br>prevention<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>by the end of<br>June 2024  | 840 x fire<br>prevention<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>by the end of<br>June 2024                      | Number<br>of fire<br>prevention<br>inspections<br>conducted   | prevention inspections  | Number              | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 210 Fire<br>Inspections<br>conducted<br>by the 30th<br>September<br>2024   | 420 fire<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>by the 31st<br>December<br>2024   | 630 fire inspec-<br>tions conduct-<br>ed by the 31st<br>March 2024   | 840 x fire<br>prevention<br>inspections<br>conducted<br>By The End Of<br>June 2024  | Programme and attendance register                       |                                |
|   | Ŧ     | F2                 | 8 - SPATIAL<br>EFFECTIVE-<br>NESS &<br>JUSTICE                               | NKPA 6<br>-CROSS<br>CUTTING<br>INTERVEN-<br>TIONS                   | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment |   | Fire manage-<br>ment and                                     | FIRE & RESCUE                 | Fire &<br>Rescue Public<br>awareness<br>presentations<br>facilitated by<br>PSDM |  | Creating<br>Awareness in the<br>Community  | accumu-<br>lative        | Cumalative  | All                                 | 120 x Fire &<br>Rescue pub-<br>lic awareness<br>presentations<br>conducted<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024   | 120 x Fire &<br>Rescue public<br>awareness<br>presentations<br>conducted<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024 | Number of<br>Fire & Res-<br>cue public<br>awareness<br>pres-<br>entations<br>conducted  | 120 Fire &<br>Rescue<br>public<br>awareness<br>pres-<br>entations<br>conducted<br>Annually  | Number              | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 30 Fire &<br>Rescue public<br>awareness<br>presentations<br>conducted<br>by the 30th<br>September<br>2024  | 60 Fire &<br>Rescue public<br>awareness<br>presentations<br>conducted by<br>the 31st Decm-<br>ber 2024  | 90 Fire &<br>Rescue public<br>awareness<br>presentations<br>conducted by<br>the 31st March<br>2024   | 120 x Fire &<br>RescuePublic<br>Awareness<br>conducted<br>By The End Of<br>June 2024  | Invitation, pro-<br>gramme and Attend-<br>ance Register | Fire Rescue<br>Services        |
|   |       | E2                 | 1 - BUILDING<br>A CAPABLE<br>& DEVEL-<br>OPMENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY       |   | Goal 3; Human<br>and commu-<br>nity Develop-<br>ment | guard and<br>enhance  | Public partici-  | Audits +H27:H-<br>34J34H28:H- | Audits<br>conducted in<br>each of the 41<br>wards                               |  | 12 x ward audits<br>on Service Delivery<br>Challenges<br>conducted in All<br>41 wards        | N/A                      | Cumalative  | All                                 | 12 x ward<br>audits on Ser-<br>vice Delivery<br>Challenges<br>conducted in<br>All 41 wards  | N/A   | Number of<br>ward Audits<br>conducted   | conducted   | Number of<br>Audits | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 3x ward<br>audits reports<br>on Service<br>Delivery<br>Challenges<br>conducted in<br>all 41 wards<br>by the 31st of  | reports on Ser-<br>vice Delivery<br>Challenges<br>conducted in<br>all 41 wards<br>by the 31st of  | 9x ward audits<br>reports on<br>Service Delivery<br>Challenges<br>conducted in<br>all 41 wards<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024   | 12 x ward<br>audits reports<br>on Service De-<br>livery Challeng-<br>es conducted<br>in all 41 wards<br>by the 30TH of<br>June 2024                   | Ward Audit File   | Community<br>services          |
|   | D     | D2                 | 4 - BUILDING<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY                             | FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY<br>& MAN-<br>AGEMENT                         | GOAL 4; FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY                     | 4.3<br>Improved<br>expenditure<br>manage-<br>ment                                     | 4.3 improved<br>expenditure<br>manage-<br>ment               |                               | Expenditure   | Capital<br>Expenditure<br>monitored<br>for improved<br>expenditure<br>management                   | budgets are spent<br>according to<br>planned ex-<br>penditure                                | Cumu-<br>lative          | Expenditure<br>spent vs Cap-<br>tital Budget<br>received                                    | N/A                                 | 100% of<br>Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Community<br>Services BU<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024<br>(Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs<br>original<br>budget) | % of Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent  | Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent<br>for the<br>Community<br>Services BU  | 100% of Capital Expenditure spent for the Community Services BU by the 30th of June 2024 (Capital Expenditure spent vs original budget) | N/A                 | N/A              |                   |                  | Expenditure spent for the Community Services BU by the 30th of September 2024 (Capital Expenditure spent vs Original budget per quarter )  | Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Community<br>Services by the<br>31st of Decem-<br>ber 2024<br>(Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs Orig-<br>inal budget<br>per quarter )                                 | 75% of Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Community<br>Services by the<br>31st of March<br>2024<br>(Capital Ex-<br>penditure spent<br>vs Original<br>budget per<br>quarter)              | tal Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Community<br>Services by the<br>30th of June<br>2024<br>(Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs Origi-<br>nal budget) | documents   | Community<br>services          |
|   |       | D2                 | 4 - BUILDING<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY                             | NKPA 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY<br>& MAN-<br>AGEMENT             | GOAL 4; FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY                     |   | expenditure  | Expenditure                   | Operational<br>Expenditure  |  | To ensure that budgets are spent according to planned expenditure                            |                          | % of Opera-<br>tional Expend-<br>tiure spent vs<br>Operational<br>budget<br>received        |                                     |   | Operational   | 100% of<br>Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent<br>for the<br>Commuity<br>Services BU  | Operational   | N/A                 | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 5% of<br>Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Community<br>Services BU<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs<br>Original<br>budget per<br>quarter) | 50% of<br>Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Community<br>Services BU<br>by the 31st of<br>December<br>2024<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs Orig-<br>inal budget<br>per quarter) | 75% of Opera-<br>tional Expend-<br>iture spent for<br>the Community<br>Services BU<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs<br>Original budget<br>per quarter) | Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Community<br>Services BU<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure                 | Expenditure documents                                   | Community<br>services          |
|   | Δ.    | A1                 | 14 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE<br>& DEVEL-<br>OPMENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | NKPA 1 - MU- NICIPAL TRANS- FORMA- TION & ORGANI- ZATIONAL DEVELOP- | Goal 1;<br>Governance<br>and policy                  | 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Manage-<br>ment and<br>Develop-<br>ment                     | 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Management<br>and Develop-<br>ment | Filling of posts              | Critical Posts<br>Filled  | Critical Posts<br>Filled to in-<br>crease Human<br>Resources<br>Management<br>and Develop-<br>ment | To ensure that Crit-<br>ical posts are filled<br>in order to increase<br>functionality       |                          | % of Critical<br>Posts Filled vs<br>post identified<br>as critical<br>posts to be<br>filled | 50 % of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled | 50 % of<br>Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>Sustainable<br>Development<br>& City Enter-<br>prises unit by<br>the 30th of   | % of Critical<br>Posts Filled   | 75 % of<br>Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>for the<br>Budget &<br>Treasury BU   | Critical Posts  | N/A                 | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A  | 39% of Critical<br>Posts Filled by<br>Community<br>Services BU<br>unit by the 31st<br>of December<br>2024   | 67% of Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>Community<br>Services BU unit<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024<br>(Number of   | 75 % of Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>Community<br>Services BU<br>unit by the 30th<br>of June 2024  | Adverts & Appoint-<br>ment letters                      | Community<br>services          |

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| INDEX | IDP REF-<br>ERENCE | CDS REF-<br>ERENCE  | NATION-<br>AL KEY<br>PERFOR-<br>MANCE<br>AREA | GOAL   | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE  |  | PROGRAMME                                    |   | DEFINITION   |  | CALCU-<br>LATION<br>TYPE   | METHOD OF<br>CALCULA-<br>TION  | MEASUR-<br>ABLE OBJEC-<br>TIVES   | WARD            | BASELINE /<br>STATUS QUO  | BACKLOG   |  | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE                      | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER   | QUARTER 1  | QUARTER 2   | QUARTER 3  | ANNUAL   | PORTFO-<br>LIO OF<br>EVIDENCE                        | RESPONSIBLE<br>DEPART-<br>MENT |
|-------|--------------------|---|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|-----------------|---|---|--|---|---|------------------|-------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|--------------------------------|
| В     |                    | 2- BACK<br>TO<br>BASICS   | NKPA<br>2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY      | Goal 2: De-<br>veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure | 2.2 Ensure<br>availbility and<br>sustainable<br>management<br>of water and<br>sanitation<br>for all | 2.2.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the water and sanitation network                   | Water  |   | No. of<br>new water<br>connection<br>applica-<br>tions                         | Provision<br>of potable<br>water in<br>various<br>wards                | Cummu-<br>lative   |  | 20 new<br>water<br>connections<br>completed<br>by 30th June<br>2024   | 1 to 41         | by 30th June<br>2024  | access to<br>water by<br>30th June<br>2024  | Number of<br>new house-<br>holds with<br>access to<br>piped water<br>supply  | 20 new<br>water meter<br>applications<br>received and<br>water meters<br>installed by<br>30th June<br>2024  | tions                                   | ТВС              | CNL               | TBC  | 2 new<br>water meter<br>applications<br>received<br>and meters<br>installed by<br>30th Septem-<br>ber 2024   | 5 new water me-<br>ter applications<br>recived and<br>water meters<br>installed by 31st<br>December 2024  | 31st March<br>2024   | 20 new water<br>meter applications<br>received and water<br>meters installed by<br>30th June 2024                                      | Monthly<br>water con-<br>nection<br>spread-<br>sheet | Water &<br>Sanitation          |
| В     | 32                 | 2- BACK<br>TO<br>BASICS   | NKPA<br>2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY      | Goal 2: De-<br>veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure | 2.2 Ensure<br>availbility and<br>sustainable<br>management<br>of water and<br>sanitation<br>for all | 2.2.1<br>Develop,<br>upgrade and<br>maintain the<br>water and<br>sanitation<br>network | Water  | Access<br>to piped<br>water                       | No. of<br>existing<br>water con-<br>nections                                   | No. of<br>existing<br>households<br>with access<br>to potable<br>water | Cummu-<br>lative   | No. of existing water connections  | 152 621<br>households<br>with existing<br>water<br>connections<br>by 30th June<br>2024                      | 1 to 41         | 152 601 house-<br>holds with<br>existing warer<br>connections<br>by 30th June<br>2024 | households<br>without<br>access to<br>water by<br>30th June<br>2024               | Number of<br>households<br>with access<br>to piped<br>water supply<br>within the<br>Msunduzi<br>area                       | 152621 x<br>households<br>with access<br>to water by<br>30th June<br>2024   | No. of<br>exisiting<br>connec-<br>tions | ТВС              | N/A               | TBC  | 152603<br>households<br>with access to<br>water by 30th<br>September<br>2024   | 152606 house-<br>holds with<br>access to water<br>by 31st Decem-<br>ber 2024  | 152613<br>households<br>with access to<br>water by 31st<br>March 2024                    | 152621 households<br>with access to water<br>by 30th June 2024   |  | Water &<br>Sanitation          |
| В     |                    | 2- BACK<br>TO<br>BASICS   | SERVICE                                       | Goal 2: Developed and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure      | 2.2 Ensure<br>availbility and<br>sustainable<br>management<br>of water and<br>sanitation<br>for all | 2.2.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the water and sanitation network                   | Sanitation                                   |   |  | Provision of<br>waterborne<br>sanitation<br>in various<br>wards        | Cummu-<br>lative   |  | 10 new<br>sewer<br>connections<br>completed<br>and 2820<br>VIP toilets<br>installed by<br>30th June<br>2024 | 1 to 41         | 97698<br>households<br>with access<br>to sanitation<br>by 30th June<br>2024           | 69295<br>households<br>without<br>access to<br>sanitation<br>by 30th<br>June 2024 | households   | 10 new sewer applications received and connections completed AND 2820 VIP Toilets installed by 30th June 2024.  | applica-                                | TBC              | CNL               | TBC  | 1 new sewer<br>application<br>received and<br>connection<br>complete and<br>300 VIP Toilets<br>installed by<br>the 30th of<br>September<br>2024                      | 3 new sewer<br>applications<br>received and<br>connections<br>complete and<br>800 VIP Toilets<br>installed by the<br>31st of Decem-<br>ber 2024 | received and<br>connections<br>completed   | 10 new sewer ap-<br>plications received<br>and connections<br>completed and 2820<br>VIP Toilets installed<br>by 30th June 2024.        | nection  | Water &<br>Sanitation          |
|       |                    |   |   | Goal 2: Developed and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure      | 2.2 Ensure<br>availbility and<br>sustainable<br>management<br>of water and<br>sanitation<br>for all | 2.2.1<br>Develop,<br>upgrade and<br>maintain the<br>water and<br>sanitation<br>network | Sanitation                                   | Access<br>to basic<br>sanitation                  | No. of<br>existing<br>households<br>with access<br>to sanitation               | No. of<br>existing<br>households<br>with access<br>to sanitation       | Cummu-<br>lative   | No. of existing<br>sewer connec-<br>tions  | 100 528<br>households<br>with access<br>to sanitation<br>by 30th June<br>2024                               | 1 to 41         | 97698<br>households<br>with access<br>to sanitation<br>by 30th June<br>2024           | 69295<br>households<br>without<br>access to<br>sanitation<br>by 30th<br>June 2024 | Number of<br>households<br>with access<br>to basic<br>Sanitation<br>within the<br>Msunduzi<br>area                         | 100528<br>households<br>with access<br>to sanitation<br>by 30th June<br>2024  | No. of<br>exisiting<br>connec-<br>tions | ТВС              | N/A               | TBC  | 97899<br>households<br>with access<br>to sanitation<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024   | 98501 house-<br>holds with<br>access to<br>sanitation by the<br>31st of Decem-<br>ber 2024  | 99303<br>households<br>with access<br>to sanitation<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024      | 100528 households<br>with access to sani-<br>tation by the 30th of<br>June 2024  | Monthly<br>sewer con-<br>nection<br>spread-<br>sheet | Water &<br>Sanitation          |
|       |                    |   |   | Goal 2: De-<br>veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure | 2.2 Ensure<br>availbility and<br>sustainable<br>management<br>of water and<br>sanitation<br>for all | 2.2.1<br>Develop,<br>upgrade and<br>maintain the<br>water and<br>sanitation<br>network | Water  | Water<br>pipeline<br>installa-<br>tion            | of new water<br>pipelines<br>installed<br>across vari-<br>ous wards            | of potable   | lative   | water pipeline<br>installed  | new water<br>pipeline<br>installed  | 29, 39, 4 & 5   | 4, 165km of<br>new water<br>pipeline<br>installed                                     | N/A   | Water pipes<br>replaced  | 12.047 Km of<br>Water pipes<br>replaced by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024  |   |                  | MIG/WSIG          | TBC  | 4.247km of<br>new water<br>pipeline<br>installed by<br>the 30th of<br>September<br>2024  | water pipeline<br>installed by the<br>31st of Decem-<br>ber 2024  | new water<br>pipeline<br>installed by the<br>31st of March<br>2024                       | 12.047 Km of Water<br>pipes replaced by<br>the 30th of June 2024   | progress<br>reports                                  | Sanitation                     |
| В     | 82<br>-            | 2- BACK<br>TO<br>BASICS   | NKPA<br>2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY      | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure            | 2.2 Ensure<br>availbility and<br>sustainable<br>management<br>of water and<br>sanitation<br>for all | 2.2.1<br>Develop,<br>upgrade and<br>maintain the<br>water and<br>sanitation<br>network | Water  | Reservoir<br>construc-<br>tion                    | Construction<br>of 1 x 12ML<br>reservoir in<br>Ward 29                         | Povision<br>of potable<br>water in<br>Wards 29<br>& 30                 | Cummu-<br>lative for<br>pipeline<br>installed<br>and<br>activity<br>based for<br>concrete<br>works | km of new<br>water pipeline<br>installed   | 1 x 12ML<br>reservoir<br>constructed<br>by 30th June<br>2024  | 30              | 0 reservoirs constructed  | N/A   | Number of<br>Resevoirs<br>Constructed  | 1 x 12ML<br>Reservoir<br>constructed<br>by the 30th<br>September<br>2024  | Number                                  | ТВС              | MIG               | твс  | 1 x 12ML<br>Reservoir<br>constructed<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024  | N/A   | N/A  | 1 x 12ML Reservoir<br>constructed by the<br>30th of September<br>2024  | Practical<br>Com-<br>pletion<br>certificate          | Water &<br>Sanitation          |
|       |                    |   |   | Goal 2: Developed and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure      | 2.2 Ensure<br>availbility and<br>sustainable<br>management<br>of water and<br>sanitation<br>for all | 2.2.1 Develop, upgrade and maintain the water and sanitation network                   | Sanitation                                   | Sanitation<br>pipeline                            | Installation<br>of 8.5km of<br>sewer pipe-<br>lines across<br>various<br>wards | waterborne sanitation  |  | sewer pipeline   |   | 11, 16          | 13.5km of new<br>sewer pipeine<br>installed   | N/A   | tation pipes<br>replaced   | 8.2km of new<br>sewer pipe-<br>line installed<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024  |   | ТВС              | MIG               | ТВС  |  | 5.75km of new<br>sewer pipeline<br>installed by the<br>31st of Decem-<br>ber 2024   | 7.1km of new<br>sewer pipeline<br>installed by the<br>31st of March<br>2024              | 8.2km of new sewer<br>pipeline installed by<br>the 30th of June 2024   | Monthly<br>progress<br>reports                       | Water &<br>Sanitation          |
| В     | _                  | 2 - BACK<br>TO<br>BASICS  | NKPA<br>2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY      | Goal 2: De-<br>veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure | 2.3 Devel-<br>oped and<br>Maintained<br>Municipal road<br>Networks                                  | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road<br>Networks                         | Rehabilitation<br>of Roads                   | Rehabili-<br>tation of<br>Roads                   | Rehabili-<br>tation of<br>Roads  | Provide ac-<br>cessibility   | Cumu-<br>lative  | Squaremeters<br>of roads<br>rehabilitated<br>against<br>planned km to<br>be rehabili-<br>tated               | Rehabilitate<br>33 00<br>squareme-<br>ters of roads<br>by 30 June<br>2024                                   | 25              | 160 000 of<br>squaremeters<br>rehabilitated<br>annualy                                | 7 577 187<br>squarem-<br>eters  | meters of  | 33 000<br>squareme-<br>ters of roads<br>rehabilitated<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024  | Square<br>meters                        | 20,000,000.00    | CNL               | 1/504125.006   | 11 000<br>squaremeters<br>of roads<br>rehabilitated<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024   | 22 000 squaremeters of roads rehabilitated by the 31st of December 2024   | 33 000<br>squaremeters<br>of roads<br>rehabilitated<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024      | 33 000 squaremeters<br>of roads rehabili-<br>tated by the 30th of<br>June 2024   | Monthly<br>reports                                   | Roads &<br>Transpor-<br>tation |
| В     |                    | TO<br>BASICS  | 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE                          | Goal 2: De-<br>veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure | 2.3 Developed and Maintained Municipal road Networks  | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road<br>Networks                         |  | Construc-<br>tion of<br>speed<br>humps            | Calming<br>Implemen-<br>tation   | Accidents  | Cumu-<br>lative  | traffic calming<br>measured<br>implemented<br>against<br>planned traffic<br>measure to be<br>implemented     | Construction<br>of 20 traffic<br>calming<br>measures  |                 | 6 x traffic<br>calming<br>measures<br>constructed<br>annually                         | 20 x traffic<br>calming<br>measures<br>constructed<br>annually                    | ing measure<br>installed in<br>various sites<br>as per ap-<br>proved traffic<br>calming<br>imple-<br>mentation<br>schedule | calming<br>measure<br>installed in<br>various sites<br>as per ap-<br>proved traffic<br>calming<br>implementa-<br>tion schedule<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024 | Number                                  | 500,000.00       |                   | 1/504131.006   | calming<br>measure<br>installed<br>in various<br>sites as per<br>approved<br>traffic calming<br>implementa-<br>tion schedule<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024. | 10x traffic calming measure installed in various sites as per approved traffic calming implementation schedule by the 31st of December 2024.    | calming meas-<br>ure installed in<br>various sites as<br>per approved<br>traffic calming | 20 traffic calming measure installed in various sites as per approved traffic calming implementation schedule by the 30th of June 2024 | pletion<br>certificate                               | Transpor-<br>tation            |
| В     | 31                 | 2 - BACK<br>TO<br>BASICS  | NKPA<br>2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY      | Goal 2: De-<br>veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure | 2.3 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal road<br>Networks   | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road<br>Networks                         | UPGRADING<br>OF ROADS<br>INTO BLACK<br>TOP   | Upgrading<br>of roads<br>from<br>gravel<br>to tar | UPGRADING<br>OF ROADS<br>INTO BLACK<br>TOP                                     | Provide ac-<br>cessibility   | Cumu-<br>lative  | Km of road<br>constructed<br>against<br>planned<br>km to be<br>constructed                                   | Upgrade<br>5,5Km of<br>gravel roads<br>to all weath-<br>er surface<br>by 30 June<br>2024                    | 4, 7, 8, 14, 21 | 7 KM of roads<br>constructed<br>annually  |   | KM of roads<br>constructed   | 5,5Km of<br>gravel roads<br>upgraded to<br>all weather<br>surface by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024  | Kilometers                              | 31,200,000.00    | MIG               | 1/504125.014,<br>1/504125.029,<br>1/504125.031,<br>1/504125.033<br>&<br>1/504125.055 | N/A  | N/A   | N/A  | 5,5Km of gravel<br>roads upgraded to<br>all weather surface<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024   | Monthly<br>reports                                   | Roads &<br>Transpor-<br>tation |
| В     |                    | PROVING<br>INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE<br>EFFICIEN-<br>CY            | 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY              | Goal 2: De-<br>veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure | and Maintain<br>Municipal road<br>Networks  | road<br>Networks   | tion of road<br>markings                     | markings  | Implemeta-<br>tion of road<br>markings   |  | Cumu-<br>lative  | markings<br>implemented<br>against<br>planned km to<br>be marked   | Implement<br>125KM of<br>road mark-<br>ings by 30<br>June 2024  | 1-41            | 120 KM of<br>road mark-<br>ings done<br>annually                                      |   | done   | 125 KM of<br>road mark-<br>ings done by<br>the 30th of<br>June 2024   |   | 1,500,000.00     |                   | M/504136.<br>JAH.D33   | markings<br>done by<br>the 30th of<br>September<br>2024  | marhing done<br>by the 31st of<br>December 2024   | markings done<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024  | 125 KM of road<br>markings done by<br>the 30th of June 2024  | reports  | Roads &<br>Transpor-<br>tation |
| В     |                    | 3 - IM-<br>PROVING<br>INFRA-<br>STRUC-<br>TURE<br>EFFICIEN-<br>CY | NKPA<br>2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY      | Goal 2: De-<br>veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure | 2.3 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal road<br>Networks   | and Maintain   | Maintain-<br>ance of<br>stormwater<br>system | Mainte-<br>nance of<br>stormwater                 | Maintain-<br>ance of<br>stormwater<br>system                                   | Improve<br>drainage<br>system  | Cumu-<br>lative  | Number of<br>stormwater<br>catchpits<br>maintained<br>against<br>planned total<br>number to be<br>maintained | Maintain 480<br>stormwater<br>catchpits<br>by 30 June<br>2024   | 1-41            | 450 of<br>stormwater<br>catchpits<br>maintained<br>annually                           | 600<br>stormwater<br>catchpits  | No. of<br>stormwater<br>catchpits<br>maintained  | 480 x<br>stormwater<br>catchpits<br>maintained<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024   | Number                                  | Internal staff   | N/A               | N/A  | 120 x stormwa-<br>ter catchpits<br>maintained<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024   | 240 x stormwater<br>catchpits main-<br>tained by the<br>31st of Decem-<br>ber 2024  | 360 x stormwa-<br>ter catchpits<br>maintained<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024            | 480 x stormwater<br>catchpits main-<br>tained by the 30th of<br>June 2024  | Monthly<br>reports                                   | Roads &<br>Transpor-<br>tation |



|    |    |                          |   | NATION-<br>AL KEY                                       |  |  |  |  |                                   |   |   | CALCU-          | METHOD OF  | MEASUR-  |      |  |                             |   |  |                                    |                  |                   |                      |  |  |   |   | PORTFO-                                   | RESPONSIBLE                                   |
|----|----|--------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|---|---|-----------------|--|--|------|--|-----------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| IN |    | REF- C                   | DS REF-<br>ERENCE   | PERFOR-<br>MANCE<br>AREA                                | GOAL   | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE                                       | STRATEGY   | PROGRAMME                                | PROJECT                           | DEFINITION                                | PURPOSE                                   | LATION<br>TYPE  | CALCULA-<br>TION   | ABLE OBJEC-<br>TIVES   | WARD | BASELINE /<br>STATUS QUO   | BACKLOG                     | INDICATOR   | ANNUAL<br>TARGET   | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE                 | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER     | QUARTER 1  | QUARTER 2  | QUARTER 3   | ANNUAL  | LIO OF<br>EVIDENCE                        | DEPART-                                       |
| В  | B2 | PI<br>IN<br>ST           | ROVING<br>NFRA-<br>TRUC-<br>'URE<br>FFICIEN-                | 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE                                    | Goal 2: Developed and Maintained Infrastructure            |  | and Maintain   | Maintenance<br>of pedestrain<br>walkways | mainte-                           |   | Provide accessibility                     | lative          | maintained<br>against<br>planned<br>number to be                               | 2000<br>squarem-<br>eters of<br>pedestrain<br>walkways   | 1-41 | 1000-<br>squaremeters<br>of Pedstriain<br>walkways<br>Maintianed   |                             | eters of<br>Pedstriain<br>walkways<br>Maintianed  | 2000<br>squaremeters<br>of Pedstriain<br>walkways<br>Maintianed<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024   |                                    | 3,000,000.00     | CNL               | M/504127.<br>JAH.D34 | eters of<br>pedestrian<br>walkways   | ters of pedes-<br>trian walkways<br>maintained by<br>the 31st of De-   | eters of pedes-<br>trian walkways   | 2000 squaremeters<br>of Pedstriain walk-<br>ways Maintianed by<br>the 30th of June 2024   |   | Roads &<br>Transpor-<br>tation                |
| В  | B1 | T)                       | O<br>ASICS  | NKPA<br>2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE<br>DELIVERY                | Goal 2: De-<br>veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure | 2.3 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal road<br>Networks    | 2.3.1 Develop<br>and Maintain<br>Municipal<br>road<br>Networks | Maintenance<br>of gravel<br>roads        | Roads<br>mainte-                  | Mainte-<br>nance<br>of gravel<br>roads    | Provide ac-<br>cessibility                |                 |  |  | 1-41 | 32 km of<br>Gravel roads<br>maintained   | 289km<br>of gravel<br>roads | roads main-<br>tained   | 35 km of<br>Gravel roads<br>maintained<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024  | Kilometers                         | 25,000,000.00    | CNL               | M/504125.<br>JAH.D33 |  | 20 km of gravel<br>roads main-<br>tained by the<br>31st of Decem-<br>ber 2024  | 35 km of<br>gravel roads<br>maintained<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024                                  | 35 km of Gravel<br>roads maintained by<br>the 30th of June 2024   | Monthly<br>reports                        | Roads &<br>Transpor-<br>tation                |
| В  | В3 | T                        | O<br>ASICS  | 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE                                    | Goal 2: De-<br>veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure |  | and Maintain   | Maintenance<br>of Traffic<br>signals     | signals                           | Mainte-<br>nance<br>of Traffic<br>signals | Improve<br>road safety                    |                 | Km of traffic<br>signals re-<br>paired against<br>planned km to<br>be repaired | major<br>repairs in<br>12 traffic  | 1-41 | 12 traffic<br>signals re-<br>paired(re-ca-<br>bling, replace<br>controllers,<br>replace<br>modules,<br>testing)  | 20 Traffic<br>signals       | traffic signals<br>repaired   | 12 x Major<br>traffic signal<br>repairs imple-<br>mented in<br>intersections<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024  | Number                             | 2,500,000.00     | CNL               | O/504131.<br>JAH.000 | traffic signal<br>repairs im-<br>plemented in<br>intersections   | 5 x Major traffic<br>signal repairs<br>implemented<br>in intersections<br>by the 31st of<br>December 2024  | implemented   | 12 x Major traffic<br>signal repairs<br>implemented in<br>intersections by the<br>30th of June 2024   |   | Roads &<br>Transpor-<br>tation                |
| D  | D2 | FI                       | UILDING<br>INANCIAL<br>USTAINA-                             |   |  | 4.3 Improved expenditure management                          | 4.3.1 Apply<br>expenditure<br>controls<br>procedures           | Capital<br>Expenditure                   | Capital Ex-<br>penditure<br>spent | Expenditure                               |   | Cumu-<br>lative | expenditure<br>spent vs<br>planned   | 100% of<br>Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Infrastruc-<br>ture Services<br>Business<br>Unit | N/A  | 100% of<br>Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Infrastructure<br>Services<br>Business Unit  | Nil                         | Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Infrastructure<br>Services Busi-<br>ness Unit           | 100% of Cap-<br>ital Budget spent for the<br>infrastructure<br>Services<br>Business Unit<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024<br>(Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs original<br>budget) | Capital Ex-<br>penditure           | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                  | Budget spent<br>for the<br>Infrastructure<br>Services<br>Business Unit<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024<br>(Capital    | spent for the<br>Electricity Supply<br>Services Business<br>Unit by the 31st<br>of December<br>2024<br>(Capital Expend-<br>iture spent vs<br>Original budget | spent for the   | Services Business<br>Unit by the 30th of  | % of<br>Capital Ex-<br>penditure<br>spent |   |
| D  | D2 | B<br>FI<br>SI            | UILDING<br>INANCIAL<br>USTAINA-                             | NKPA 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY<br>& MAN-<br>AGEMENT | FINANCIAL  |  |  | Operational<br>Expenditure               |                                   | Operational<br>Expenditure                |   |                 |  | Operational  | N/A  | 100% of<br>Operational<br>Budget<br>spent for the<br>Infrastructure<br>Services Busi-<br>ness Unit by<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs Origi-<br>nal budget) | Nil                         | Operational<br>Budget<br>spent for the<br>Infrastructure<br>Services Busi-<br>ness Unit | spent for the<br>Infrastructure<br>Services  | erational<br>Expend-               | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                  | Operational<br>Budget<br>spent for the<br>Infrastructure<br>Services<br>Business Unit<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024 | Services Business<br>Unit by the 31st<br>of December<br>2024<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs Original<br>budget per                               | Operational<br>Budget<br>spent for the<br>Infrastructure<br>Services<br>Business Unit<br>by the 31st of | 100% of of Opera-<br>tional Budget spent<br>for the Infrastructure<br>Services Business<br>Unit by the 30th of<br>June 2024<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure spent vs<br>Original budget) | ture docu-                                | Infrastructure<br>Sercices Busi-<br>ness Unit |
| A  | A1 | IN<br>PA<br>DI<br>M<br>M | NG A CA-<br>ABLE &<br>EVELOP-<br>NENTAL<br>NUNICI-<br>ALITY | - MU-   | Goal 1;<br>Governance<br>and policy                        | 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Management<br>and Develop-<br>ment | Improve<br>Human<br>resources<br>manage-<br>ment               | Filling of posts                         | Critical<br>Posts<br>Filled       | Filling of posts                          | Ensure<br>critical<br>posts are<br>filled |                 | posts filled vs  | 50 % of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled  | N/A  | 50 % of Criti-<br>cal Posts Filled<br>in Infrastruc-<br>ture Services<br>business unit   | Nil                         | 50 % of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled   | 50 % of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled in<br>Infrastructure<br>Services<br>business unit<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024   | % of Crit-<br>ical Posts<br>Filled | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                  | 50 % of Criti-<br>cal Posts Filled<br>in Infrastruc-   | Msunduzi Munic-<br>ipality by the 31st<br>of December  | 39% of Critical<br>Posts Filled in  | 50 % of Critical Posts<br>Filled in Infrastructure<br>Services business<br>unit by the 30th of<br>June 2024   |   | Human<br>Resources                            |

|   | IDP REF-<br>ERENCE | CDS REF-<br>ERENCE | NATION-<br>AL KEY<br>PERFOR-<br>MANCE<br>AREA | GOAL  | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE                     | STRATEGY   | PROGRAMME       | PROJECT          | DEFINITION   | PURPOSE | CALCU-<br>LATION<br>TYPE | METHOD OF CALCULATION                              | WARD                     | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES                |   | BACKLOG         | INDICATOR                                  | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE                               | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER | QUARTER 1   | QUARTER 2   | QUARTER 3   | ANNUAL  | PORTFO-<br>LIO OF<br>EVIDENCE                           | RESPON-<br>SIBLE<br>DEPARTMENT    |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|---|---|--|--|-----------------|------------------|--|---------|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|---|---|-----------------|--|---|--|------------------|-------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| В |                    |                    | 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE                          | veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure | affordable,<br>reliable, sus-              | op, upgrade<br>and maintain<br>the electricty                            |                 | nance of substa- | nance and  |         | Cumu-<br>lative          |  | 1,2,13,19,<br>33-38 & 40 | substations                             | 20 substations<br>upgraded<br>and main-<br>tained     |                 | Substations<br>Upgraded<br>and Main-       | 20 x Sub-<br>stations Up-<br>graded and<br>Maintained<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024        | Number of<br>Substa-<br>tions                    | ТВС              | TBC               | ТВС              | 5 x Substa-<br>tions Up-<br>graded and<br>Maintained<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024             | 10 x Substations<br>Upgraded and<br>Maintained by<br>the 31st of De-<br>cember 2024                   | stations  | 20 x Substations<br>Upgraded and<br>Maintained by the<br>30th of June 2024                | Job Cards,<br>Check<br>Sheets and<br>Purchase<br>Orders | Supply                            |
| В |                    | BASICS             | 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE                          | veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure | access to                                  | 2.1.1 Devel-<br>op, upgrade<br>and maintain<br>the electricty<br>network | Electrification | holds<br>Connec- | Households<br>with access<br>to electricity<br>in Eskom<br>area of<br>supply |         | Cumu-<br>lative          | Number of<br>connections<br>achieved vs<br>planned | TBC                      | Number of<br>connections<br>achieved    | 169 000<br>households<br>with access to<br>Electricty |                 | households<br>with access<br>to Electricty | 3297 x new<br>household<br>with access<br>to Electricity<br>completed<br>by 30 June<br>2024 | Number of<br>house-<br>holds                     | R74,000,000.00   | INEP<br>(DMRE)    | ТВС              | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | 3297 x new house-<br>hold with access to<br>Electricity completed<br>by 30 June 2024      |   | Electricity<br>Supply<br>Services |
| В |                    |                    | 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE                          | veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure | access to<br>affordable,<br>reliable, sus- | 2.1.1 Devel-<br>op, upgrade<br>and maintain<br>the electricty<br>network | Electrification | connec-<br>tions | with access  |         | Cumu-<br>lative          | Number of<br>connections<br>achieved vs<br>planned | 29, 30, 38               | Number of<br>connections<br>achieved    |   | house-<br>holds | access to<br>Electricity                   | household   | Number of<br>connec-<br>tions                    | R7,000,000.00    | INEP<br>(DMRE)    | ТВС              | 50 x new<br>household<br>electricity<br>connections<br>completed<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024 | 200 x new house-<br>hold electricity<br>connections<br>completed by<br>the 31st of De-<br>cember 2024 | 400 x new<br>household<br>electricity<br>connections<br>completed<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024 | 500 x new household<br>electricity connec-<br>tions completed by<br>the 30th of June 202- | Report,<br>completion                                   |                                   |
| В |                    | BASICS             | 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE                          | veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure | access to                                  | 2.1.1 Devel-<br>op, upgrade<br>and maintain<br>the electricty<br>network |                 |                  |  |         | Cumu-<br>lative          | Street lights<br>maintained<br>against             | 4,25,26,27,28            | Number of<br>Streetlights<br>maintained | N/A   |                 | maintained                                 | Street lights   | Number<br>of Street<br>lights<br>main-<br>tained | ТВС              | Council           | TBC              | 5000 x<br>Streetlights<br>maintained<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024                             | 15000 x<br>Streetlights<br>maintained by<br>the 31st of De-<br>cember 2024                            | 25000 x<br>Streetlights<br>maintained<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024                             | 30000 x Street lights<br>maintained by the<br>30th of June 2024.                          | Job Cards,<br>Check<br>Sheets and<br>Purchase<br>Orders | Supply                            |

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| IN-<br>DEX | IDP REF-<br>ERENCE |  | NATION-<br>AL KEY<br>PERFOR-<br>MANCE<br>AREA                  | GOAL   | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE  | STRATEGY   | PROGRAMME   | PROJECT                           | DEFINITION                      | PURPOSE   | CALCU-<br>LATION<br>TYPE | METHOD OF CALCULATION   | WARD    | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES                         |   | BACKLOG                         | INDICATOR   | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE                        | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE  | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER | QUARTER 1   | QUARTER 2  | QUARTER 3  | ANNUAL  | PORTFO-<br>LIO OF<br>EVIDENCE      | RESPON-<br>SIBLE<br>DEPARTMENT                       |
|------------|--------------------|--|--|--|---|--|-------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|---------|--|---|---------------------------------|---|---|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------|---|--|--|---|------------------------------------|--|
| В          | B2                 | 2- BACK TO<br>BASICS   | 2 - BASIC<br>SERVICE   | Goal 2: De-<br>veloped and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure | 2.1 Ensure<br>access to<br>affordable,<br>reliable, sus-<br>tainable and<br>modern energy<br>for all. | 2.1.1 Devel-<br>op, upgrade<br>and maintain<br>the electricty<br>network |             |                                   | Roof top PV<br>installations    |   | lative                   | Number of<br>customer<br>applications<br>processed.   | TBC     | green energy                                     | 5 green en-<br>ergy projects<br>implemented   | energy<br>installa-<br>tions by | Number<br>of green<br>enegery<br>projects im-<br>plemented  | 5 x green<br>enengy<br>installations<br>commis-<br>sionedby the<br>30th of June<br>2024   | Number                                    | Nil              | Customer<br>funded | N/A              | Processing<br>of customers<br>green energy<br>applications<br>completed<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024  | N/A  | N/A  | 5 x green enengy<br>installations commis-<br>sioned by the 30th of<br>June 2024   | Reports                            | Electricity<br>Supply<br>Services Busi-<br>ness Unit |
| D          | D2                 | 4 -<br>BUILDING<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY                          |  | GOAL 4;<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY                          | 4.3 Improved expenditure management   |  |             | Capital Ex-<br>penditure<br>spent | Capital<br>Expenditure          | Ensure<br>budget<br>is spent<br>according<br>to planned<br>expend-<br>iture |                          | Percentage<br>of capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent against<br>Operational<br>Budget<br>received                         | VARIOUS | Percentage<br>of capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent | 100% of<br>Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Electricity Sup-<br>ply Services<br>Business Unit     |                                 | 100% of<br>Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Electricity<br>Supply<br>Services<br>Business<br>Unit | 100% of<br>Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Electricity Sup-<br>ply Services<br>Business Unit<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024<br>(Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs<br>Original<br>budget per<br>quarter) | % of<br>Capital Ex-<br>penditure<br>spent | TBC              | MIG, INEP          |                  | Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Electricity Sup-<br>ply Services<br>Business Unit<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024<br>(Capital                   | Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Electricity Supply<br>Services Business<br>Unit by the 31st<br>of December<br>2024<br>(Capital Expend-<br>iture spent vs<br>Original budget  | Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Electricity Sup-<br>ply Services<br>Business Unit<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024<br>(Capital<br>Expenditure | 100% of Capital<br>Expenditure spent<br>for the Electricity<br>Supply Services<br>Business Unit by the<br>30th of June 2024<br>(Capital Expenditure<br>spent vs Original<br>budget)         | Expendi-<br>ture docu-<br>ments    | Electricity<br>Supply<br>Services Busi-<br>ness Unit |
| D          | D2                 | 4 -<br>BUILDING<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY                          | NKPA 4<br>- FINAN-<br>CIAL VI-<br>ABILITY &<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT | GOAL 4;<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY                          | 4.3 Improved expenditure management   |  | Expenditure | al expendi-<br>ture spent         |                                 |   | lative                   | Percentage of<br>Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent against<br>Operational<br>Budget<br>received                     | N/A     | N/A  | 100% of<br>Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Electricity Sup-<br>ply Services<br>Business Unit |                                 | Electricity<br>Supply<br>Services<br>Business<br>Unit   | Operational   | % of Op-<br>erational<br>Expend-<br>iture | N/A              | N/A                |                  | Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Electricity Sup-<br>ply Services<br>Business Unit<br>by the 30<br>september<br>2024<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure | 55% of Opera-<br>tional Expendi-<br>ture spent for the<br>Electricity Supply<br>Services Business<br>Unit by the 31st<br>of December<br>2024<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs Original<br>budget per<br>quarter) | spent for the<br>Electricity Sup-  | 100% of Operational<br>Expenditure spent<br>for the Electricity<br>Supply Services<br>Business Unit by the<br>30th of June 2024<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure spent vs<br>Original budget) |                                    | Electricity<br>Supply<br>Services Busi-<br>ness Unit |
| A          | A1                 | 14 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | - MU-  | Goal 1;<br>Governance<br>and policy                        | 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Management<br>and Develop-<br>ment  | Improve<br>Human<br>resources<br>manage-<br>ment                         |             | Posts                             | Filling of<br>critical<br>posts | Reduce<br>vacancy<br>rate.  |                          | Percentage<br>of Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>in Msunduzi<br>Municipal-<br>ity against<br>critical posts<br>identified | N/A     | N/A  | 50 % of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled   |                                 | 100 % of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled in ESS   |   | % of Crit-<br>ical Posts<br>Filled        | N/A              | N/A                |                  | for critical  | Advertising and<br>shortliting of<br>critical posts by<br>31 December<br>2024  |  | 100 % of Critical<br>Posts Filled in ESS by<br>the 30th of June 2024<br>(Number of posts<br>filled vs Advertised)   | Adverts & Appoint-<br>ment letters | Human<br>Resources                                   |

|   |                        |   |                                     |                         |   |                                     |   |                             |   |   |   |  |   |      | OPE   | RATIONAL PLAN            |  |   |  |                    |                  |                   |  |  |   |   |  |  |                    |
|---|------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|------|---|--------------------------|--|---|--|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|--|---|---|--|--|--------------------|
|   | IN- IDP RE<br>DEX EREN | E ERE   | REF-<br>ENCE                        | SDBIP<br>REFER-<br>ENCE | NATIONAL<br>KEY PERFOR-<br>MANCE AREA                               | GOAL                                | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVES   |                             |   | DEFINITION  |   | CALCU-<br>LATION<br>TYPE                 | METHOD OF CALCULATION                                       | WARD | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES  | BASELINE /<br>STATUS QUO |  | INDICATOR   | ANNUAL<br>TARGET   | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER                                   | QUARTER 1  | QUARTER 2   | QUARTER 3   | ANNUAL   | PORTFO-<br>LIO OF<br>EVIDENCE                                    |                    |
| A | AI                     | ING A<br>CAPAB<br>DEVEL<br>MENT:<br>MUNIC<br>PALIT            | BLE &<br>CLOP-<br>TAL<br>ICI-<br>TY |                         | MUNICIPAL<br>TRANSFORMA<br>TION & OR-<br>GANZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 1;<br>Governance<br>and policy | 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Manage-<br>ment and<br>Develop-<br>ment | Workplace<br>Skills plan    | mentation<br>of Work-<br>place<br>Skills Plan<br>23/24 - Em-<br>ployees<br>per BU | pared and submitted to LGSFTA by the 30th of April each year as it is a legislative requirement. It is a plan to address the training and development needs in the workplace based on the skills needed within an organisation, describing the range of skills interventions that an organisation mill address and implement. | place Skills<br>Plan is a<br>strategic<br>document<br>that<br>articulates<br>how the<br>employer<br>will address<br>the training<br>and devel-<br>opment<br>needs in<br>the work- | Number of<br>trainings<br>com-<br>pleted | Cumulative  | N/A  | Facilitate the training of 605 employ-<br>ees according to PDPs received from Business Units and in accordance to the ap-<br>proved 23/24 Workplace Skills Plan | ees trained in<br>20/21  | of people<br>developed<br>through<br>the human | accredited  | Training of 605 employees by accredited training providers based on PDPs received from Business Units and in accordance to the approved 2374 Skills Plan Skills Pl | Number             | R12,915,720      | LGSETA<br>Funding | 45042200<br>and other<br>Business Units<br>Budgets | of Service<br>Providers to   | accredited training providers based on PDPs received from Business Units and in accordance to the approved 23/24 Workplace Skills Plan facilitated by the 31st of December 2024 | employees by accredited training provide- ers based on PDPs received from Business Units and in accordance to 23/24 Work Place Skills Plan facilitated March 2024 | employees by accredited training providers based on PDPs received from Business Units and in accordance to the approved 23/24 Workplace Skills Plan facilitated by the 30th of June 2024 | Provider<br>Appointment<br>Letters and<br>Training<br>Registers. | Human<br>Resources |
| A | A1                     | 14 - BL<br>ING A<br>CAPAB<br>DEVEL<br>MENT.<br>MUNIC<br>PALIT | BLE &<br>CLOP-<br>TAL<br>ICI-       |                         | MUNICIPAL   | Goal 1;<br>Governance<br>and policy | 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Manage-<br>ment and<br>Develop-<br>ment | Filling of Top<br>positions |   |   |   | Cumu-<br>lative                          | Count of the<br>number of Top<br>Management<br>Posts filled |      | 1 Top<br>Management<br>post filled  | N/A                      | N/A  | Number of<br>Top Man-<br>agement<br>Postions<br>filled by<br>people<br>from special<br>focus groups |  | Number             | N/A              | N/A               | N/A  | 1x Top<br>Management<br>Postion filled<br>by people<br>from special<br>focus groups<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024 | N/A   |   | 1x Top Management<br>position filled by<br>people from special<br>focus groups by the<br>30th of June 2024   | appoint-   | Human<br>Resources |

ORPORATE SERVICES HIGH LEVEL 23 24

| CORPORATE SERVICES HIGH LEVEL 23 24  OPERATIONAL OPERATIONAL OPERATION OF UNIQUE DATA OF UNIQUE |           |  |                         |   |  |   |  |   |  |   |   |  |      | CORPORATE SE  | RVICES HIGH LE   | EVEL 23 24 |   |   |                 |                      |                   |                                      |  |  |   |  |  |  |
|---|-----------|--|-------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|------|---|--|------------|---|---|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| IN<br>DE  | I- IDP RE | F- CDS REF-<br>EE ERENCE   | SDBIP<br>REFER-<br>ENCE | NATIONAL<br>KEY PERFOR-<br>MANCE AREA   | GOAL   | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVES   | PROGRAMMI                              | PROJECT   | DEFINITION   | PURPOSE   | CALCU-<br>LATION<br>TYPE                          | METHOD OF CALCULATION  | WARD | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES  | BASELINE /<br>STATUS QUO   | BACKLOG    | INDICATOR   | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  | UNIT OF MEASURE | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET     | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER                     | QUARTER 1  | QUARTER 2  | QUARTER 3   | ANNUAL   | PORTFO-<br>LIO OF<br>EVIDENCE                      | RESPON-<br>SIBLE<br>DEPARTMENT         |
| A   | A1        | 14 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | CS 03                   | MARCE AREA NKPA 1 - MUNICIPAL TRANSFORMA- TION & OR- GANIZATIONAL DEVELOPMENT     | Goal 1;<br>Governance<br>and policy                      | 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Manage-<br>ment and<br>Develop-<br>ment | Employment<br>equity plan              | Employ-<br>ment Eq-<br>uity Plan<br>Targets<br>achieved   | Employment<br>Equity plan<br>addresses<br>the imbal-<br>ances in the<br>organisation<br>especially of<br>previously dis-<br>advatnged<br>groups  | the imbal-<br>ance in the<br>organi-<br>sation of<br>previously<br>disad-   |   | percentage   | N/A  | 100 % of<br>Employment<br>Equity Plan<br>targets<br>achieved  | N/A  | Nil        | % of<br>Employment<br>Equity Plan<br>targets<br>achieved  | 100 % of<br>Employment<br>Equity Plan tar-<br>gets achieved<br>in Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>per Business<br>Unit by the<br>30th of June<br>2024 | Percent-<br>age | N/A                  | N/A               | N/A                                  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A   | Report on Employment Equity Plan targets for all Selection Processes conducted per Business unit submitted to SMC by the 30th of June 2024 | Report to<br>SMC                                   | Human<br>Resources                     |
| A   | A2        | 3 - IM-<br>PROVING<br>INFRA-<br>STRUCTURE<br>EFFICIENCY                      | CS 04                   | NKPA 1 -<br>MUNICIPAL<br>TRANSFORMA-<br>TION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 2:<br>Developed and<br>Maintained<br>Infrastructure | 2.4 Developed ICT infrastructure                                  | ICT BUSINESS<br>SYSTEMS                | Partial<br>Replace-<br>ment of<br>Servers,<br>Data<br>Storage,<br>Network<br>switches<br>and<br>Routers | The KPI speaks to the replacement of outdated and unsupported ICT hardware infrastructure to ensure that the municipality operates with updated infrastructure for improved efficiency.  | To replace<br>outdated<br>and unsup-<br>ported ICT<br>Hardfware<br>infrastruc-<br>ture  | Cumu-<br>lative                                   | New ICT<br>infrastructure<br>infrastructure<br>included and<br>functional  | N/A  | Servers, Data<br>Storage,<br>Network<br>and Routers<br>replaced   | Outdated<br>and<br>unsupported<br>ICT Hardware<br>infrastructure                           | Nit        | Servers, Data<br>Storage,<br>Network<br>switches<br>and Routers<br>replaced<br>and fully im-<br>plemented | 100% budget<br>on Servers,<br>Data Storage,<br>Network and<br>Routers spent<br>by the 30th of   | Percent-<br>age | R20 million          | Council<br>Funded |                                      | Source<br>quutation for<br>the partial<br>replacement<br>of Servers,<br>data storage<br>and switches<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024. | N/A (Waiting for<br>delivery)  | configure, test<br>all hardware<br>systems by the   | Implement and cut<br>over all hardware<br>systems into the<br>production environ-<br>ment by the 30th of<br>June 2024                      | Project<br>sign-off                                | ICT                                    |
| В   | B1        | 3 - IM-<br>PROVING<br>INFRA-<br>STRUCTURE<br>EFFICIENCY                      |                         | NKPA 1. MMINICIPAL MINICIPAL TRANSFORMA TRANSFORMA GANIZATIONAL DEVELOPMENT       | Developed and  | 2.4 Developed KCT Infrastructure                                  | ICT BUSINESS<br>SYSTEMS                | Msunduzi<br>SMART<br>app<br>Deployed<br>and<br>Imple-<br>mented   | Cherwell<br>system is a<br>newer syetem  | the old<br>system<br>(Heat) with<br>Cherewell.<br>This<br>system will<br>intergrate   | Non-cu-<br>mulative                               | Finalization and implementation of the project.  | N/A  | Msunduzi<br>SMART app Deployment<br>and imple-<br>mentation<br>as per the<br>Project Plan<br>Milestones | Outdated<br>Heat applica-<br>tion system of<br>University of the<br>by all Call<br>Centres |            | 100%<br>budget on<br>Mounduzi<br>SMART age<br>(Cherevett)<br>fully spent                                  | Maunduzi<br>SMAT app (cherwell)<br>configured, implemented<br>and opera-<br>tional by the<br>30th of June<br>2024                                 | Percentage      | R2.5 million         | Council<br>Funded |                                      | qoutation for<br>the SMART<br>app system   | Sigm-off of the project scoping and deliverables by the 31st of December 2024  | SMART app - Cherewell sys-<br>tem to all Call   | Cut over to the new<br>system and Go-live<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024   | Project<br>sign-off                                | OCM / ICT                              |
| E   | E1        | 2 - BACK<br>TO BASICS  |                         | NKPA 5 - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE<br>& PUBLIC PAR-<br>TICIPATION                        | Goal 1;<br>Governance<br>and policy                      | 1.2 Compli-<br>ance with all<br>legislative<br>provisions         | Secretariat<br>& Auxiliary<br>Services | Holding<br>of Council<br>and Com-<br>mittee<br>Meetings   | or Order<br>By- Laws and<br>Delegations<br>pertaining to<br>the holding<br>of meetings<br>and making<br>of resolutions   | To ensure<br>that Coun-<br>cil and<br>Council<br>structures<br>hold le-<br>gally valid<br>meetings<br>and make<br>lawful<br>decisions                 | Both cummulative<br>and non<br>- cummu-<br>lative | Calculation is as per the relevant Unit Operational plans (number of days to compile minutes; number of weekly and monthly schedule of meetings; number of reports on imports on imports on recolutions) | N/A  | 100% of<br>Secretariat<br>& Auxiliary<br>Services pro-<br>vided within<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality      | N/A  | Nit        | % of<br>Secretariat<br>& Auxiliary<br>Services<br>provided  | 100% of<br>Secretariat<br>& Auxiliary<br>Services pro-<br>vided within<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024                 | Percent-<br>age | N/A                  | N/A               | N/A                                  | 100% of<br>Secretariat & Auxiliary<br>Services pro-<br>vided within<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024       | 100% of<br>Secretariat &<br>Auxiliary Ser-<br>vices provided<br>within Msunduzi<br>Municipality by<br>the 31st of De-<br>cember 2024 | 100% of Secretariat & Aux-<br>ilitary Services<br>provided within<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024 | 100% of Secretariat<br>& Auxiliary Services<br>provided within<br>Msunduzi Munici-<br>pality by the 30th of<br>June 2024                   | Secretariat<br>& Auxiliary<br>Services<br>POE file | Secretariat<br>& Auxiliary<br>Services |
| A   | A1        | 14. BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY  |                         | NKPA 1 - MUNICIPAL MUNICIPAL TRANSFORMAT TRANSFORMAT OF GANIZATIONAL DEVELOPMENT  | Goal 1:<br>Governance<br>and policy                      | 1.2 Compliance with all legislative provisions                    | Legal<br>Services                      | Legal<br>Services   | The Indicator speaks the provision of all legal services by the Legal services by the Legal services include but are not limited to the review of municipality. The services include but are not limited to the review of municipality include but are not limited to the review of municipal trigation and in abour litigation and in abour litigation and in abour the contracts services also extends we will be contracted to the litigation and oriminal criminal original services and bylaws, contracts and legal advice. | that the best interests of the municipality are catered for and all its legal matters that fall within the authority of the sub-unit are attended to. | Cumulative  | Legal Services Provided/ Targeted Legal Services x 100   | All  | 100% of<br>Legal<br>Services pro-<br>vided within<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality                           | 80% of Legal<br>Services pro-<br>vided within<br>Msunduz!<br>Municipality                  | Nil        | 100% of Le-<br>gal Services<br>provided   | 100% of Legal.<br>Services pro-<br>vided within<br>Misunduz!<br>Municipality<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024                                       | Percentage      | Required: R5 million | COUNCIL           | 304502.<br>BAH.000 GL:<br>4110054000 | vided within<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality   | 100% of<br>Legal Services<br>provided within<br>Msunduzi Munic-<br>ipality by the<br>31st of Decem-<br>ber 2024                      | provided within   |  | Poe file<br>for Legal<br>Services                  | Legal<br>Services                      |

|            |    |  |                         |  |                                     |   |                  |                            |  |   |  |   |      |  | RVICES HIGH LE |  |  |   |   |                   |                  |  |   |   |  |                                 |                                |
|------------|----|--|-------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|------------------|----------------------------|--|---|--|---|------|--|----------------|--|--|---|---|-------------------|------------------|--|---|---|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| IN-<br>DEX |    | CDS REF-<br>ERENCE   | SDBIP<br>REFER-<br>ENCE | NATIONAL<br>KEY PERFOR-<br>MANCE AREA                  | GOAL                                | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVES   | PROGRAMME        |                            |  | PURPOSE   | CALCU-<br>LATION<br>TYPE                     | METHOD OF CALCULATION                                     | WARD | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES   | STATUS QUO     | INDICATOR  | ANNUAL<br>TARGET   | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE                        | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET  | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER | QUARTER 1  | QUARTER 2   | QUARTER 3   | ANNUAL   | PORTFO-<br>LIO OF<br>EVIDENCE   | RESPON-<br>SIBLE<br>DEPARTMENT |
| D          | D2 | 4 -<br>BUILDING<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY                          | CS 08                   | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CLAL VIABLITY<br>& MANAGE-<br>MENT  |                                     | 4.3 Improved expenditure manage-ment                              | Expenditure      | Expend-<br>iture           | The KPI<br>speaks to<br>spending<br>100% of<br>the Capital<br>Expenditure.                                   |   | Cumu-<br>lative                              | Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent / origi-<br>nal budget    | N/A  | 100% of<br>Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Corporate<br>Services BU     | N/A            |  | 100% of Capital Expenditure spent for the Corporate Services BU by the 30th of June 2024 (Capital Expenditure spent vs original budget)  |   | N/A   | N/A               | N/A              | Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Corporate<br>Services BU | 50% of Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Corporate Ser-<br>vices BU by the<br>31st of Decem-<br>ber 2024<br>(Capital Expend-<br>ture spent vs<br>Original budget<br>per quarter)             | Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Corporate<br>Services BU<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024<br>(Capital<br>Expenditure   | 100% of Capital<br>Expenditure spent<br>for the Corporate<br>Services BU by the<br>30th of June 2024<br>(Capital Expenditure<br>spent vs Original<br>budget)         | Expendi-<br>ture docu-<br>ments | Corporate<br>Services BU       |
| D          | D2 | 4 -<br>BUILDING<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY                          | CS 09                   | NKPA 4 - FINAN-<br>CIAL VIABILITY<br>& MANAGE-<br>MENT |                                     | 4.3 Improved<br>expenditure<br>manage-<br>ment                    | Expenditure      | tional<br>Expend-<br>iture | speaks to<br>spending<br>100% of the<br>Operational  |   |  | Operational<br>Expeniture<br>spent / Orgi-<br>inal budget | N/A  | 100% of<br>Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Corporate<br>Services BU | N/A            | Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Corporate   | Operational<br>Expenditure   | % of Op-<br>erational<br>Expend-<br>iture | N/A   | N/A               | N/A              | September<br>2024<br>(Operational                        | 50% of Opera-<br>tional Expend-<br>tiure spent for<br>the Corporate<br>Services 80 by<br>the 31st of De-<br>cember 2024<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs Original<br>budget per<br>quarter) | 75% of Operational Expenditure spent for the Corporate Services BU by the 31st of March 2024 (Operational Expenditure spent vs Original budget per quarter) | 100% of Operational<br>Expenditure spent<br>for the Corporate<br>Services BU by the<br>30th of June 2024<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure spent vs<br>Original budget) | Expendi-<br>ture docu-<br>ments | Corporate<br>Services BU       |
| A          | A1 | 14 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | CS 10                   | MUNICIPAL  | Goal 1;<br>Governance<br>and policy | 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Manage-<br>ment and<br>Develop-<br>ment | Filling of posts |                            | Filling of<br>Critical Posts<br>as identified<br>that will effec-<br>tively assist<br>in service<br>delivery | To Fill<br>Critical<br>posts that<br>will enable<br>service<br>delivery | Number<br>of filled vs<br>adver-<br>tised    | Percentage  | N/A  | 50 % of<br>Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>in Msunduzi<br>Municipality                 | N/A            | % of Critical<br>Posts Filled  | 75 % of the<br>identified<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled in the<br>Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024  | % of Crit-<br>ical Posts<br>Filled        | Please note<br>the allocation<br>has not yet<br>been done | Council<br>Funded | N/A              | N/A  | Advertisement<br>of the identified<br>critical posts in<br>Msunduzi Munic-<br>ipality by the<br>31st of Decem-<br>ber 2024  | N/A   | All identified critical<br>funded posts final-<br>ised in the Msunduzi<br>Municipality by the<br>30th of June 2024<br>(selection proces<br>finalised)                | Final                           | Human<br>Resources             |
| A          | A1 | 14 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | CS 11                   |  | Goal 1;<br>Governance<br>and policy | 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Manage-<br>ment and<br>Develop-<br>ment |                  | of                         | Progress<br>reports  | on the  | 3 Reports<br>submitted<br>by 30 June<br>2024 | Number  | N/A  | 3 Reports submitted  | N/A            | of Final<br>Progress re-<br>ports on the<br>50% filling<br>of critical<br>posts in the<br>Msunduzi | 3 x Final<br>Progress<br>reports on the<br>50% filling of<br>critical posts<br>(189 identified)<br>in the Msundu-<br>zi Municipality<br>submitted to<br>5MC by the<br>30th of June<br>2024 | Number                                    | N/A   | N/A               | N/A              | N/A  | 1x progress<br>report on ad-<br>vertised critical<br>posts identified<br>in the Msunduzi<br>Municipality by<br>the 31st of De-<br>cember 2024   | report on ad-<br>vertised critical<br>posts identified<br>in the Msunduz  | 1x Final progress<br>report on advertised<br>critical posts identi-<br>fied in the Msunduzi<br>Municipality by the<br>30th of June 2024                              |                                 | Human<br>Resources             |

|   |                      |   |                         |                                     |                                    |  |                                 |                     |   |  |                          |   | OF   | FICE OF THE CITY  |  | H LEVEL 23 24 | \$   |  |                    |   |                   |                  |   |  |  |   |   |                                  |
|---|----------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------|---|--|--------------------------|---|------|---|--|---------------|--|--|--------------------|---|-------------------|------------------|---|--|--|---|---|----------------------------------|
|   |                      |   |                         |                                     |                                    |  |                                 |                     |   |  |                          |   |      | OPER  | ATIONAL PLAN   |               |  |  |                    |   |                   |                  |   |  |  |   |   |                                  |
|   | N- IDP RE<br>EX EREN |   | SDBIP<br>REFER-<br>ENCE | NATIONAL KEY<br>PERFORMANCE<br>AREA | GOAL                               | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVES                                    | PROGRAMME                       | PROJECT             | DEFINITION  | PURPOSE  | CALCU-<br>LATION<br>TYPE | METHOD OF<br>CALCULA-<br>TION   | WARD | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES  | BASELINE<br>/ STATUS<br>QUO  | BACKLOG       | INDICATOR  | ANNUAL<br>TARGET   | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET                        | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER | QUARTER 1   | QUARTER 2  | QUARTER 3  | ANNUAL  | PORTFO-<br>LIO OF<br>EVIDENCE   | RESPONSI-<br>BLE DEPART-<br>MENT |
| A | A1                   | 1 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY |                         |                                     | Goal 1:<br>Goverance<br>and policy | 1.2 Compli-<br>ance with all<br>legislative<br>provisions  | IDP activities completed        |                     | All activities<br>as per IDP<br>Operational<br>Plan | Ensure<br>compli-<br>ance with<br>legislation  | Cumula-<br>tive          | % of IDP<br>Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational<br>Plan  | N/A  | 100% of IDP<br>Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational<br>Plan | New KPI  | N/A           | % of IDP<br>Activites<br>completed<br>as per De-<br>partmental<br>Operational<br>Plan  | 100% of IDP<br>Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational<br>Plan by the<br>30th of June<br>2024 | Percent-<br>age    |   |                   |                  | 100% of IDP<br>Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Opera-<br>tional Plan<br>submitted by<br>the 30th of<br>September<br>2024 | Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational<br>Plan by the 30th | pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational                   | 100% of IDP<br>Activites completed<br>as per Departmental<br>Operational Plan<br>submitted by the<br>30th of June 2024  | Minutes,<br>Presenta-<br>tions,<br>Attend-<br>ance Reg-<br>ister and<br>Agenda  | Strategic<br>Planning            |
| A | A1                   | 1 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | CMO 02                  | MUNICIPAL                           | Goal 1:<br>Goverance<br>and policy | 1.2 Compliance with all legislative provisions             | PMS activities<br>completed     | activities complet- | All activities<br>as per PMS<br>Operational<br>Plan | Ensure<br>compli-<br>ance with<br>legislation  | Cumula-<br>tive          | % of PMS<br>Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational<br>Plan  | N/A  | 100% of PMS<br>Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational<br>Plan | New KPI  | N/A           | % of PMS<br>Activites<br>completed<br>as per De-<br>partmental<br>Operational<br>Plan  | 100% of PMS<br>Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational<br>Plan by 30th<br>of June 2024        |                    | N/A                                     | N/A               | N/A              | 100% of PMS<br>Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Opera-<br>tional Plan<br>submitted by<br>the 30th of<br>September<br>2024 | Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational<br>Plan by the 30th |  | 100% of PMS<br>Activites completed<br>as per Departmental<br>Operational Plan<br>submitted by the<br>30th of June 2024  | Minutes,<br>Presenta-<br>tions, At-<br>tendance<br>Register<br>and Re-<br>ports | Strategic<br>Planning            |
| A | A1                   | 8 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY |                         |                                     | Goal 1:<br>Goverance<br>and policy | 1.2 Compli-<br>ance with all<br>legislative<br>provisions  | PURP<br>activities<br>completed | activities          | as per PURP<br>Operational                          | To monitor<br>by-law<br>enforce-<br>ment in the<br>CBD   | Cumula-<br>tive          | % of PURP<br>Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational<br>Plan | N/A  |   |  | N/A           | % of PURP<br>Activites<br>completed<br>as per De-<br>partmental<br>Operational<br>Plan | 100% of PURP<br>Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational<br>Plan by 30th<br>of June 2024       |                    | 50 000 (Sound<br>System and<br>screens) | N/A               | N/A              |   | Activites com-<br>pleted as per  | Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational | 100% of PURP<br>Activites completed<br>as per Departmental<br>Operational Plan<br>submitted by the<br>30th of June 2024 | Reports<br>and<br>Council<br>Resolu-<br>tions                                   | Strategic<br>Planning            |
| A | A1                   | 8 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE 8<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | CMO 04                  | MUNICIPAL                           | Goal 1:<br>Goverance<br>and policy | A2. Optimised<br>systems, pro-<br>cedures and<br>processes | CDS activities completed        | activities complet- | All activities<br>as per CDS<br>Operational<br>Plan | To align organi-<br>zational strategies with 5 year scorecard, Budget, Sector Plans and annual scorecard | Cumula-<br>tive          | % of CDS<br>Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational<br>Plan  | N/A  | 100% of CDS<br>Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational<br>Plan | 4x CDS, IDP<br>and PMS<br>alignment<br>meetings in<br>2021/2022<br>financial<br>year | N/A           | % of CDS<br>Activites<br>completed<br>as per De-<br>partmental<br>Operational<br>Plan  | 100% of CDS<br>Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational<br>Plan by 30th<br>of June 2024        |                    | N/A                                     | N/A               | N/A              | 100% of CDS<br>Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Opera-<br>tional Plan<br>submitted by<br>the 30th of<br>September<br>2024 | Activites com-   | Activites com-<br>pleted as per<br>Departmental<br>Operational | 100% of CDS<br>Activites completed<br>as per Departmental<br>Operational Plan<br>submitted by the<br>30th of June 2024  | Minutes,<br>Presenta-<br>tions,<br>Attend-<br>ance Reg-<br>ister and<br>Agenda  | Strategic<br>Planning            |

|            |               |  |        |  |                                    |   |  |  |  |   |                         |  | OF          | FICE OF THE CITY   | Y MANAGER HIG<br>RATIONAL PLAN   |                | 4  |  |   |                         |                          |                         |  |  |   |  |   |     |
|------------|---------------|--|--------|--|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|---|-------------------------|--|-------------|--|--|----------------|--|--|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|---|--|---|-----|
| IN-<br>DEX | IDP REFERENCE | RENCE  14 - BUILD- ING A  CAPABLE &  DEVELOP  MENTAL  MUNICI- PALITY         |        | NATIONAL KEY<br>PERFORMANCE<br>AREA<br>NATA - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE<br>& PUBLIC PAR<br>TICIPATION | Goal 1:<br>Goverance<br>and policy | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVES<br>1.3 Devet-<br>oped and<br>strengthed<br>Communi-<br>cation and<br>Stakeholder<br>Relations | PROGRAMME<br>Increase<br>Performance<br>and Efficien-<br>cy Levels of<br>Corporate<br>Services | Imple-<br>mentation<br>of Batho<br>Pele  | DEFINITION The bi-month-ly meetings of the Msun-duzi Batho Pele forum are con- wened with a purpose to monitor the imple- ment of the minimum of the monitor of the monitor of the monitor the imple- ment of the monitor of the minimum of the minimu | The KPI is important the management is able to report to Council on the progress made in terms of implementation of Batho Pele and improving customer care. The Reports are submitted to Council on a monthly basis.      | TYPE<br>CUMULA-<br>TIVE | METHOD OF CALCULA-<br>TION Number of bi-monthly meetings                     | WARD<br>N/A | MESUIVABLE 6 x bi-monthly meetings of the Muni- duzi Batho Pele forum conviction of monitor the implementa- tion of Batho Pele Principles and Gustomer Service Charter | OUO  6 x bi-month- ly meetings of the Msun- duzi Batho Pele forum CONVENED to monitor the imple- mentation of Batho Pele Principles and Custom- er Service Charter | BACKLOG<br>N/A | Number of<br>Communi-<br>caton forum<br>conducted  | TARGET  OR Communication forums conducted by the 30th of June 2024                     | con-<br>ducted  | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET<br>N/A | FUNDING<br>SOURCE<br>N/A | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER<br>N/A | QUARTER 1  2 X bi-monthly meetings of the Msundary Batho Pete forum to monitor the implementation of Batho Pete Principles and Customer and Customer the Customer Cus | QUARTER 2  | meetings of<br>the Msunduzi<br>Batho Pele for-<br>rum to monitor<br>the implemen-<br>tation of Batho<br>Pele Principles<br>and Customer<br>Service Charter<br>conducted<br>by the 30th of<br>March 2024 | Service Charter<br>conducted by the<br>30th of June 2024   | Agenda,<br>Attend-<br>ance<br>register,   | ОСМ |
| E          | E2            | 14 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | CMO 06 | NKPA, 5 - GODD<br>GOVERNANCE<br>& PUBLIC PAR-<br>TICIPATION                                    | Goal 1:<br>Goverance<br>and policy | 1.3 Developed and strengthed Communication and Stakeholder Relations  | Communica-<br>tions Strategy<br>programme  | Imple-<br>mentation<br>of the<br>approved<br>commu-<br>nications<br>activity<br>plan | The indicator<br>relates to the<br>implemen-<br>tation of the<br>Communica-<br>tion Activity<br>plan   | It is is important as the Activity plan approval is obtained from Council and a report on its implementation is critical in providing an update on the Municipality's progress in implementing the communication strategy | CUMULA-                 | Percentage<br>implemented  | N/A         | 100% implementation of the approved communications activity plan   | communica-   | N/A            | % of the communication strategy imple-mented   | 100 % of the<br>communica-<br>tion strategy<br>implemented                             | % of the<br>commu-<br>nication<br>strategy<br>imple-<br>mented                                  | 1 500 000               | Council                  | 104509                  | 100% imple-<br>mentation<br>of quarter 1<br>targets in the<br>Communica-<br>tions Activity<br>Plan by 30th<br>of September<br>2024   | 100% imple-<br>mentation of<br>quarter 2 targets<br>in the Com-<br>munications<br>Activity Plan by<br>the 31st of De-<br>cember 2024 | 100% imple-<br>mentation<br>of quarter 3<br>targets in the<br>Communica-<br>tions Activity<br>Plan by the<br>31st of March<br>2024  | 100% implementation of annual targets in the Communications Activity Plan by the 30th of June 2024 | Source<br>documents<br>in line with<br>special activities in<br>the activities in<br>the activity<br>plan | ОСМ |
| E          | E2            | ING A CAPABLE & DEVELOP-MENTAL MUNICI-PALITY                                 |        | TICIPATION   | Goverance<br>and policy            | 1.3 Developed and strengthed Communication and Stakeholder Relations  | Strengthening<br>Communi-<br>cation and<br>Stakeholder<br>Relations                            | holder<br>engage-<br>ment  | The Stake-holder Engagement on Radio Engagement on Radio partnership with Umgungundious FM where a represent-ative of the Municipality will engage with the community of Msunduzi on the progress that the Municipality has made in terms of various service delivery programmes.  | The KPI is crucial for information sharing to keep the citizens of Msunduzi updated.  | TIVE                    | Number of<br>Stakeholder<br>engage-<br>ment on<br>Radio Station<br>conducted |             | 12 x stakehold-<br>er engage-<br>ment and<br>Radio Statod<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024   | Commu-<br>nications<br>Strategy  | N/A            | of service<br>delivery<br>campaigns  | 12 service<br>detivery<br>campaigns  | Number of<br>service de-<br>tivery cam-<br>paigns   |                         | N/A                      | N/A                     | er engage-<br>ment on<br>Radio Station<br>conducted<br>by 30th of<br>September<br>2024   | engagement on Radio Station conducted by 31st of December 2024   | er engage-<br>ment on<br>Radio Station<br>conducted by<br>31st of March<br>2024   | 12.x Stakeholder<br>engagement on<br>Padlo Station<br>conducted by 30th<br>of June 2024            |   | ОСМ |
| E          | E2            | ING A CAPABLE & DEVELOP- MENTAL MUNICI- PALITY                               |        | NKPA 5 - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE<br>& PUBLIC PAR-<br>TICIPATION                                     | Goverance<br>and policy            | 1.3 Developed and strengthed Communication and Stakeholder Relations  | Strengthening<br>Communi-<br>cation and<br>Stakeholder<br>Relations                            | engage-<br>ment  | The Media<br>Engagement<br>conducted<br>with a<br>purpose of<br>profiling the<br>Municipality's<br>achieve-<br>ments and<br>successes<br>in terms<br>of service<br>delivery  | crucial for<br>information<br>sharing to<br>keep the<br>citizens of<br>Msunduzi<br>updated.   | TIVE                    | Number of<br>Stakeholder<br>engage-<br>ment on<br>Radio Station<br>conducted |             | 4 x media<br>engagement<br>conducted<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024  | Msunduzi<br>Commu-<br>nications<br>Strategy  | N/A            | Number<br>of Media<br>partnerships<br>with local,<br>provincial<br>and Nation-<br>al Media<br>houses | 4 Media<br>partnerships<br>with local,<br>provincial and<br>National Me-<br>dia houses | of Media<br>partner-<br>ships with<br>local, pro-<br>vincial and<br>National<br>Media<br>houses | N/A                     | N/A                      | N/A                     | 1 x Media<br>engagement<br>conducted<br>by 30th of<br>September<br>2024  | 2 x Media<br>engagement<br>conducted by<br>31st of Decem-<br>ber 2024  | 3 x Media<br>engagement<br>conducted by<br>31st of March<br>2024  | 4 x Media engage-<br>ment conducted by<br>30th of June 2024  | Invitation,<br>Pro-<br>gramme<br>and At-<br>tendance<br>Register  |     |
| E          | E2            | 14 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | CMO 09 | NKPA 5 - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE<br>& PUBLIC PAR-<br>TICIPATION                                     | Goal 1;<br>Goverance<br>and policy | 1.3 Developed and strengthed Communication and Stakeholder Relations  | Increase<br>Performance<br>and Efficien-<br>cy Levels of<br>Corporate<br>Services              | mentation<br>of Batho<br>Pele  | to the numer<br>of customer<br>satisfaction  | The KPI<br>seeks to<br>monitor<br>the level of<br>customer<br>satisfaction<br>in services<br>provided<br>by the Mu-<br>nicipality   | CUMULA-<br>TIVE         | Number of<br>customer<br>satisfaction<br>survey<br>conducted                 | N/A         | Number of<br>customer satis-<br>faction survey<br>conducted  | customer   | Nil            | Number of<br>customer<br>satisfaction<br>surveys<br>conducted  | 12x Customer<br>satisfaction<br>surveys<br>conducted<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024    | Number of<br>customer<br>satisfaction<br>surveys  | N/A                     | N/A                      | N/A                     | 3x customer<br>satisfaction<br>surveys<br>conducted<br>by the 31st of<br>September<br>2024   | 6x customer sat-<br>isfaction surveys<br>conducted by<br>the 31st of De-<br>cember 2024  |   | 12x customer<br>satisfaction surveys<br>conducted by the<br>30th of June 2024                      | SMC<br>Report   | ОСМ |

# FINAL REVIEW DEVELOPMENT

|           |          |  |                 |   |  |  |                                  |   |  |   |   |  | OF   | FICE OF THE CITY   | MANAGER HIGH<br>ATIONAL PLAN  | I LEVEL 23 24 |   |   |                    |                  |                   |                  |  |   |  |  |  |                          |
|-----------|----------|--|-----------------|---|--|--|----------------------------------|---|--|---|---|--|------|--|---|---------------|---|---|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--------------------------|
| IN<br>DE: | IDP REF- | CDS REF-<br>ERENCE   | SDBIP<br>REFER- | NATIONAL KEY<br>PERFORMANCE   |  | STRATEGIC<br>OBJECTIVES  | PROGRAMME                        | PROJECT   | DEFINITION   | PURPOSE   | CALCU-<br>LATION  | METHOD OF CALCULA-   | WARD | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES   | BASELINE<br>/ STATUS  | BACKLOG       | INDICATOR   | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER | QUARTER 1  | QUARTER 2   | QUARTER 3  | ANNUAL   | PORTFO-<br>LIO OF  | RESPONSI-<br>BLE DEPART- |
| E         | E2       | 14 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | ENCE            | AREA NKPA 5 - GOOD GOVERNANCE & PUBLIC PAR- TICIPATION                            | Goverance  | 1.3 Devel-<br>oped and<br>strengthed<br>Communi-<br>cation and<br>Stakeholder<br>Relations | SPEAKER'S<br>OFFICE              | WARD<br>COMMIT-<br>TEE OVER-<br>SIGHT                                   | War Room is<br>a meeting in<br>which strate-<br>gic decisions,<br>especially<br>for a political<br>campaign<br>are made.   | Purpose<br>pf a War<br>Room is<br>to gather<br>information,<br>plan strat-<br>egy, direct<br>activities,<br>etc., espe-<br>cially for<br>a political<br>campaign. | TYPE<br>CUMULA-<br>TIVE   | TION Count of the number of wards with functional War Rooms  | All  | 41 x wards with<br>functional War<br>Rooms by the<br>30th of June<br>2024  | QUO<br>39 x wards<br>with<br>functional<br>War Rooms<br>during the<br>2024-2024 FY  | N/A           | Number of<br>wards with<br>functional<br>war rooms  | 41 wards with<br>functional war<br>rooms  |                    | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 41 x wards<br>with function-<br>al War Rooms<br>by the 30th of<br>September<br>2024  | 41 x wards with<br>functional War<br>Rooms by the<br>31st of Decem-<br>ber 2024   | 41 x wards with<br>functional War<br>Rooms by the<br>31st of March<br>2024   | 41 x wards with<br>functional War<br>Rooms by the 30th of<br>June 2024   | evidence<br>agenda,<br>attend-<br>ance reg-<br>ister, and<br>minutes | MENT Political Support   |
| E         | E2       | 14 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY |                 | NKPA, 5 - GOOD<br>GOVERNANCE<br>È PUBLIC PAR-<br>TICIPATION                       | Goverance  | 1.3 Developed and strengthed communication and Stakeholder Relations                       | SPEAKER'S<br>OFFICE              | COMMIT-   | a democrati-<br>cally elected<br>body of 10<br>members<br>whom<br>represent a<br>wide variety<br>of commu-<br>nity interests<br>and meets<br>regularly<br>under the<br>chairperson<br>who is<br>the Ward | of Ward<br>Committee  | TIVE  | Count of the number of wards with functional Committees  | All  | with func-<br>tional Ward<br>Committes   | 37 x wards<br>with func-<br>tional Ward<br>Committees<br>during the<br>2024-2024 FY | N/A           | Number of<br>wards with<br>functional<br>ward com-<br>mittees   | 41 wards with<br>functional<br>ward com-<br>mittees   | Number             | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | with func-<br>tional Ward  | Rooms by the<br>31st of Deceem-   | 41 x wards<br>with func-<br>tional Ward<br>Committees<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024  | 41 x wards with<br>functional Ward<br>Committees by the<br>30th of June 2024   | agenda,<br>attenda<br>ance reg-<br>ister, and<br>minutes             | Political<br>Support     |
| A         | A1       | 8 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY  | CMO 12          | NKPA 1 -<br>MUNICIPAL<br>TRANSFORMA-<br>TION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 1:<br>Goverance<br>and policy<br>Risk Manage-<br>ment | 1.1 Fight<br>fraud and<br>corruption   | Risk Man-<br>agement<br>Services | Imple-<br>mentation<br>of the<br>Annual<br>risk man-<br>agement<br>plan | ment of the  | To ensure<br>timely<br>delivera-<br>bles and<br>enabling<br>the relevant  | Largely<br>Non-Arith-<br>matic,<br>however<br>% of com-<br>pletion is<br>used | Professional<br>judgement<br>taking into<br>account var-<br>iables such,<br>resources<br>availa-<br>ble, time<br>required, and<br>manpower | N/A  | To ensure 100% credible Annual Risk Management Plan for 2024/24 which is informed by Risk Management Policy, Risk Management Methodology and Risk Management Charter | Annual Risk<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan for<br>the 21/22 FY                             | N/A           | Date Annual Risk Manage- ment plan submitted to the Risk Man- agement Committee Date Risk Manage- ment plan submitted   | Annual Risk<br>Manage-<br>ment Plan<br>produced<br>& submitted<br>to the Risk<br>Management<br>Committee<br>Annuall by the<br>30th of June<br>2024                          |                    | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 100% Completion of risk management activities / assignments completed as per the timeframes in the approved Annual Risk Management Plan by 30th September 2024 | 100% Completion of risk management activities / assignments completed as per the timeframes in the approved Annual Risk Management Plan by 30th December 2024 | 100% Completion of risk management activities / assignments completed as per the timeframes in the approved Annual Risk Management Plan by 30th March 2024 | 100% Completion of risk management activities / assignments completed as per the timeframes in the approved Annual Risk Management Plan by 30th Jne 2024 | Approved<br>Risk Man-  | Risk Man-<br>agement     |
| A         | A1       | 1 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY  | CMO 13          | NKPA 1 -<br>MUNICIPAL<br>TRANSFORMA-<br>TION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 1:<br>Goverance<br>and policy                         | 1.1 Fight fraud and corruption   |                                  |   |  |   |   |  |      |  |   |               | of internal   | ments as per  |                    |                  |                   |                  |  |   |  |  |  | Internal<br>Audit        |
| A         | A1       | 8 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY  | CMO 14          | NKPA 1 -<br>MUNICIPAL<br>TRANSFORMA-<br>TION & OR-<br>GANIZATIONAL<br>DEVELOPMENT | Goal 1:<br>Goverance<br>and policy<br>Risk Manage-<br>ment | 1.1 Fight<br>fraud and<br>corruption   |                                  |   |  |   |   |  |      |  |   |               | Date Audit<br>Committee<br>Annual<br>Work Plan &<br>Calendar of<br>activities for<br>2024/24 FY<br>to the Audit<br>Committee<br>and Council<br>Date Risk<br>Manage-<br>ment plan<br>submitted | Development & submission of an Audit Committee Annual Work Plan & Calendar of activities for 2024/24 FY to the Audit Committee and Council for approval by the 30 June 2024 |                    |                  |                   |                  |  |   |  |  |  | Internal<br>Audit        |
| A         | A1       | 8 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY  |                 |   | Goal 1:<br>Goverance<br>and policy                         | 1.1 Fight fraud and corruption   |                                  |   |  |   |   |  |      |  |   |               | anti-fraud<br>and<br>corruption<br>awareness  | 04 anti-fraud<br>and<br>corruption<br>awareness<br>campaigns<br>conducted<br>Annually by<br>the 30th of   |                    |                  |                   |                  |  |   |  |  |  | Internal<br>Audit        |



|       |                       |   | Lucen  |                                   | 1                                     | 1  |   |                                    |  |   | 1  |  |   | BUDGET & TREASURY  | HIGH LEVEL  |   |  |                    |                  |                   |                  |   |   |   | 1   |   |                            |
|-------|-----------------------|---|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|--|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|----------------------------|
| INDEX | IDP<br>REFER-<br>ENCE | CDS REF-<br>ERENCE                      | AL KEY<br>PERFOR-<br>MANCE<br>AREA                   | GOAL                              | STARTEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE                | STRATEGY   | PRO-<br>GRAMME                                | PROJECT                            | DEFINITION   | PURPOSE   | CALCU-<br>LATION<br>TYPE                                       | METHOD OF<br>CALCULA-<br>TION  | WARD  | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES   | BASELINE<br>/ STATUS<br>QUO   | INDICATOR   | ANNUAL<br>TARGET   | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER | QUARTER 1   | QUARTER 2   | QUARTER 3   | ANNUAL  | PORTFOLIO<br>OF EVIDENCE                        |                            |
| D     | D1                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | NKPA 4<br>- MU-                                      | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.1 Improved<br>Revenue<br>collection | 4.1.1 Implement<br>the revenue<br>policies and<br>enhance-<br>ment<br>strategy | Adoption<br>of Revenue<br>related<br>policies | Compli-<br>ance                    | Reviewing<br>the policy for<br>amendments.   | compliance  | Non-cu-<br>mulative  | Simple count<br>of policy<br>reviewed.   | All   | 100% of all Revenue<br>Management<br>policies (Credit<br>Control, Tariffs,<br>Indigent, Rates,<br>Customer care,<br>Accounts Disputes<br>Resolution, Refunds,<br>Impairment Policy<br>and Debt Write<br>off) for the 24/25<br>FY reviewed and<br>submitted to SMc<br>for onward transmis-<br>sion to Council for<br>approval | All Revenue<br>related<br>policies were<br>reviewed<br>in 2018/19<br>budget<br>(Credit Con-<br>trol, Tariffs<br>, Indigent,<br>Rates and<br>Debt Write off<br>policies) | Control,<br>Tariffs,<br>Indigent,<br>Rates and<br>Debt Write<br>off policies<br>reviewed<br>and<br>submitted                            | trol, Tariffs,<br>Indigent,<br>Rates and<br>Debt Write<br>off policies<br>reviewed<br>and<br>submitted | Number             | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | 9 x Revenue Management policies (Credit Control, Tariffs, Indigent, Rates, Customer care, Accounts Disputes Resolution, Refunds, Impairment Policy and Debt Write off! for the 24/25 FY reviewed and submitted to SM for onward transmis- sion to Council for approval by the 31st of May 2024. | SMC report<br>for approval                      | Revenue<br>Manage-<br>ment |
| D     | D3                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | NKPA 4<br>- MU-<br>NICIPAL<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.1 Improved<br>Revenue<br>collection | 4.1.1 Implement the revenue policies and enhancement strategy                  | Revenue<br>manage-<br>ment                    | Compli-<br>ance                    | Monitoring of<br>the Monthly<br>Debtors age<br>analysis                                      |   | Cumula-<br>tive- num-<br>ber                                   | Simple count<br>of report<br>compiled<br>and sub-<br>mitted                    | All   | 12 x monthly debtors<br>age analysis reports<br>for the 23/24 FY pre-<br>pared & submitted<br>to SMC   | analysis<br>reports<br>submitted to<br>SMC in the<br>18/19 FY   | of monthly<br>debtors<br>age anal-<br>ysis reports<br>submitted<br>to SMC   | analysis<br>reports<br>submitted<br>Annually   |                    |                  | N/A               | N/A              | 3 x monthly<br>debtors<br>management<br>reports for<br>the 22/23 FY<br>prepared &<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 30th<br>of September<br>2024                                      | 6 x monthly<br>debtors<br>management<br>reports for<br>the 22/23 FY<br>prepared &<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 30th<br>of December<br>2024 | 9 x monthly<br>debtors man-<br>agement reports<br>for the 23/24<br>FY prepared &<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 31st<br>of March 2024  | 12 x monthly debtors<br>management reports<br>for the 23/24 FY<br>prepared & submitted<br>to SMC by the 30th of<br>June 2024  | ors manage-<br>ment report.                     | Revenue<br>Manage-<br>ment |
| D     | D1                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | NKPA 4<br>- MU-<br>NICIPAL<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY            | 4.1 Improved<br>Revenue<br>collection | 4.1.1 Implement the revenue policies and enhancement strategy                  | Revenue<br>manage-<br>ment                    | Debt col-<br>lection               | Municipality   | that the<br>municipality<br>is update with<br>the collection<br>of debt   | tive- num-<br>ber  | Simple count<br>of report<br>compiled<br>and sub-<br>mitted                    | All   | 90% Monthly collec-<br>tion rate of current<br>debt achieved for<br>the 23/24 FY   |   | Monthly   | 90% Monthly<br>collection<br>rate of<br>current debt<br>Annually                                       | Percentage         | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | collection rate<br>of current debt<br>achieved for the<br>23/24 FY by the<br>30th of Septem-  | of current debt<br>achieved for<br>the 23/24 FY by<br>the 31st of De-   | collection rate<br>of current debt  | 90% Monthly collec-<br>tion rate of current<br>debt achieved for the<br>23/24 FY by the 30th<br>June 2024   | age analysis<br>report, SMC                     | Revenue<br>Manage-<br>ment |
| D     | D1                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | NKPA 4<br>- MU-<br>NICIPAL<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.1 Improved<br>Revenue<br>collection | 4.1.1 Implement the revenue policies and enhancement strategy                  | Revenue<br>manage-<br>ment                    | Debt col-<br>lection               | Monitoring of<br>the Monthly<br>Collection of<br>Debts by the<br>Municipality                | that the<br>municipality<br>is update with<br>the collection<br>of debt   | tive- num-<br>ber  | Simple count<br>of report<br>compiled<br>and sub-<br>mitted                    |   | 10% Monthly collec-<br>tion rate of arrear<br>debt achieved for<br>the 23/24 FY  | 10% arrear<br>debt col-<br>lected in the<br>18/19 FY  | rate of<br>arrear<br>debt   | 20% Monthly<br>collection<br>rate of<br>arrear debt<br>Annually  |                    |                  | N/A               | N/A              | 10% Monthly<br>collection rate<br>of arrear debt<br>achieved for the<br>23/24 FY by the<br>30th of Septem-<br>ber 2024  | 10% Monthly<br>collection rate<br>of arrear debt<br>achieved for<br>the 23/24 FY by<br>the 31st of De-<br>cember 2024                       | 10% Monthly<br>collection rate<br>of arrear debt<br>achieved for the<br>22/23 FY by the<br>31st of March<br>2024  | tion rate of arrear<br>debt achieved for the<br>21/22 FY by the 30th<br>June 2024   | report  | Revenue<br>Manage-<br>ment |
| D     | D1                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | NKPA 4<br>- MU-<br>NICIPAL<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY            | 4.1 Improved<br>Revenue<br>collection | 4.1.1 Implement<br>the revenue<br>policies and<br>enhance-<br>ment<br>strategy | Revenue<br>manage-<br>ment                    | Debt col-<br>lection               | Monitoring of<br>the Monthly<br>reading<br>of water &<br>electricity<br>meters               | To ensure that<br>the municipal-<br>ity provides<br>monthly<br>updates on<br>the all electric-<br>ity and water<br>meter reading<br>conducted by<br>the munici-<br>pality | mulative   | Percentage<br>on the<br>Monthly<br>electricity &<br>meter read-<br>ing reports | All   | 75% of all electricity<br>and water meters<br>read on a monthly<br>basis for the<br>23/24 FY   | 85% elec-<br>tricity and<br>water meters<br>read in the<br>18/19 FY   | electricity   | 85% of all<br>electricity<br>and water<br>meters read<br>on a month-<br>ly basis<br>Annually           | Percentage         | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | tricity and water<br>meters read on<br>a monthly basis  | tricity and water<br>meters read on<br>a monthly basis<br>for the 23/24   | tricity and water<br>meters read on<br>a monthly basis<br>for the 23/24 FY  | 75% of all electricity<br>and water meters<br>read on a monthly<br>basis for the 23/24<br>FY by the 30th of<br>June 2024  | Meter Read-<br>ing Stats                        | Revenue<br>Manage-<br>ment |
| D     | D3                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | NKPA 4<br>- MU-<br>NICIPAL<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.1 Improved<br>Revenue<br>collection | 4.1.1 Implement<br>the revenue<br>policies and<br>enhance-<br>ment<br>strategy | Revenue<br>Manage-<br>ment                    | Debt collection                    | Monitoring of<br>the Monthly<br>disconnec-<br>tion & Recon-<br>nections                      | To ensure that<br>the municipal-<br>ity is update<br>the discon-<br>nection and<br>reconnections<br>conducted by<br>the munici-<br>pality                                 | Cumu-<br>lative -<br>Number                                    | Number<br>of reports<br>submitted as<br>per planned<br>activity                | All   | N/A  | Discon-<br>nection vs.<br>Reconnec-<br>tion report<br>submitted<br>monthly<br>to smc in<br>18/19 FY   | Number of<br>discon-<br>nection vs.<br>reconnec-<br>tion rates<br>submitted   | nection vs.<br>reconnec-<br>tion rates<br>submitted  | Number             | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 3 x monthly pro-<br>gress reports on<br>disconnection<br>and recon-<br>nection rates<br>for the 23/24<br>FY prepared &<br>submitted to<br>SWC by the 30th<br>of September<br>2024 | gress reports on<br>disconnection<br>and recon-<br>nection rates<br>for the 23/24<br>FY prepared &<br>submitted to                          | disconnection<br>and recon-<br>nection rates<br>for the 23/24<br>FY prepared &<br>submitted to  | 11x monthly progress reports on disconnection and reconnection rates for the 23/24 FY prepared & submitted to SMC by the 31st of May 2024   | Meter Read-<br>ing Stats                        | Revenue<br>Manage-<br>ment |
| D     | D3                    | FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-                  |  | FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY            | 4.2 Revenue<br>Enhancement            | ment<br>the revenue<br>policies and<br>enhance-<br>ment<br>strategy            | Debt<br>collection                            | of the                             | To ensure<br>that the<br>municipality<br>conduct<br>rental stock<br>processes                | Cumulative -<br>Number  | Simple<br>count of<br>report<br>compiled<br>and sub-<br>mitted | All  | 12 x monthly<br>rental stock<br>reports<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the<br>30th of June<br>2022 | 12 x monthly progress reports on Council rental stock for the 23/24 FV prepared & submitted to SMC   | submitted<br>to SMC   | Number<br>of monthly<br>reports on<br>Council<br>rental stock<br>submitted<br>to SMC  | Council<br>rental stock<br>submitted   | Number             | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 3 x monthly<br>progress reports<br>on Council<br>rental stock<br>for the 23/24<br>FY prepared &<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 30th  | 6 x monthly<br>progress reports<br>on Council<br>rental stock<br>for the 23/24<br>FY prepared &<br>submitted to                             | progress reports<br>on Council<br>rental stock<br>for the 23/24<br>FY prepared &<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 31st<br>of March 2024<br>June , July ,<br>August Septem-<br>ber , October,<br>November , | 12 x monthly progress reports on Council rental stock for the 23/24 Ff prepared as submitted to SMC by the 30th of June 20/24 June , July , August September , October, November , December , January , February, March, April ft May 20/24 Reports.  | rental stock                                    | Revenue<br>Manage-<br>ment |
| D     | D3                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | NKPA 4<br>- MU-<br>NICIPAL<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.2 Revenue<br>Enhancement            | 4.1.1 Implement<br>the revenue<br>policies and<br>enhance-<br>ment<br>strategy | Revenue<br>manage-<br>ment                    | Increased<br>revenue<br>collection | Monitoring of<br>the imple-<br>mentation of<br>the revenue<br>enhance-<br>ment<br>strategies | To ensue the<br>municipality<br>is aware of<br>the imple-<br>mentation of<br>the revenue<br>enhancement<br>strategies   | Cumu-<br>lative -<br>Number                                    | Simple count<br>of report<br>compiled<br>and sub-<br>mitted                    | All   | 100% implementa-<br>tion of the revenue<br>enhancement<br>strategy Annually<br>reports prepared<br>and submitted<br>to SMC   | Revenue en-<br>hancement<br>strategy<br>already<br>in place<br>is being<br>reviewed   | Number of<br>Quarterly<br>reports on<br>the imple-<br>mentation<br>of the<br>revenue<br>enhance-<br>ment<br>strategy<br>produced<br>and | 100% implementation of<br>the revenue<br>enhance-<br>ment<br>strategy<br>Annually                      | Number             | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 1 x quarterly<br>progress report<br>submitted for<br>the 2024/2024<br>FY prepared<br>and submitted<br>to SMC by 30th<br>of September<br>2024                                      | 2 x quarterly<br>progress report<br>submitted for<br>the 2024/2024<br>FY prepared<br>and submitted<br>to SMC by 31st<br>of December<br>2024 | 3 x quarterly<br>progress report<br>submitted for<br>the 2024/2024 FY<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>SMC by 30th of<br>March 2024   | 4 x quarterly progress<br>report submitted<br>for the 2024/2024<br>FY prepared and<br>submitted to SMC by<br>30th of June 2024  | Quarterly<br>revenue en-<br>hancement<br>report | Revenue<br>Manage-<br>ment |



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|       |                       |   |   |                                   |  |  |   |                                     |   |  |                              |  |      | BUDGET & TREASURY  | HIGH LEVEL   |  |   |   |                  |                   |                  |   |   |  |  |  |                                 |
|-------|-----------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------|--|------|--|--|--|---|---|------------------|-------------------|------------------|---|---|--|--|--|---------------------------------|
| INDEX | IDP<br>REFER-<br>ENCE | CDS REF-<br>ERENCE  | NATION-<br>AL KEY<br>PERFOR-<br>MANCE<br>AREA   | GOAL                              | STARTEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE                     | STRATEGY   | PRO-<br>GRAMME  | PROJECT                             | DEFINITION  | PURPOSE  | CALCU-<br>LATION<br>TYPE     | METHOD OF<br>CALCULA-<br>TION  | WARD | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES   | BASELINE<br>/ STATUS<br>QUO  | INDICATOR  | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE  | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER | QUARTER 1   | QUARTER 2   | QUARTER 3  | ANNUAL   | PORTFOLIO<br>OF EVIDENCE   |                                 |
| D     | D2                    |   | FINANCIAL<br>VIABIL-<br>ITY &<br>FINANCIAL<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT                                       | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.3 Improved<br>Expenditure<br>Management  | 4.3.1Apply<br>expenditure<br>controls<br>procedures    | Supply Chain<br>Manage-<br>ment   | SCM Policy<br>Review                | This is policy<br>review that<br>happens<br>yearly  | changes  | Non-ac-<br>cummulat-<br>inve | Date ofreview<br>completed<br>against<br>planned<br>activity         | N/A  | SCM Policy 24/25 FY<br>approved by SMC   | SCM<br>Policy 18/19<br>approved<br>by SMC on<br>28/2/19  | Date Sup-<br>ply chain<br>manage-<br>ment Policy<br>reviewed   | Supply chain<br>manage-<br>ment Policy<br>reviewed<br>by the 30th<br>of June<br>Annually                        | N/A   | N/A              | N/A               |                  | N/A   | N/A   | management<br>Policy 2024/2025<br>reviewed and<br>submitted to<br>SMC for approv-<br>al by Council<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024   | Supply chain<br>management Policy<br>2024/2025 reviewed<br>and submitted to<br>SMC for approval by<br>Council by the 31st of<br>March 2024                                   | Supply chain<br>manage-<br>ment Policy<br>2024/2025<br>reviewed and<br>submitted<br>to SMC for<br>approval by<br>Council by<br>the 31st of<br>March 2024         | Supply<br>Chain Man-<br>agement |
| D     | D2                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY                                     | NKPA 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABIL-<br>ITY &<br>FINANCIAL<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT                           | VIABILITY                         | 4.3 Improved<br>Expenditure<br>Management  | 4.3.1Apply<br>expenditure<br>controls<br>procedures    | Supply Chain<br>Manage-<br>ment   | ment plan<br>submission             | procurement<br>activities for<br>the munici-<br>plaity based<br>on Budget<br>that is linked<br>to IDP                     | To plan properly, Enabling the Municipality to plan for cashflow , distribution of resources, benefiting from economies of scale | inve                         | Date review<br>completed<br>against<br>planned<br>activity           | N/A  | Procurement<br>plan circulated to<br>Business unit, there<br>are delays in terms<br>of response  | Procure-<br>ment plan<br>approved<br>by SMC on<br>30/06/2019   | Date<br>Procure-<br>ment Plan<br>prepared<br>and<br>submitted  | Financial<br>year<br>Procurement<br>Plan pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted<br>by the<br>30 June<br>Annually        | Date  |                  | N/A               |                  | N/A   | N/A   | N/A  | Procurement Plan for<br>the 2024/2025 finan-<br>cial year prepared<br>and submitted to<br>SMC for approval by<br>Council by the 30th of<br>June 2024                         | Procurement<br>Plan for the<br>2024/2025<br>financial year<br>prepared<br>and submit-<br>ted to SMC<br>for approval<br>by Council<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024 | Supply<br>Chain Man-<br>agement |
| D     | D2                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY                                     | VIABIL-<br>ITY &<br>FINANCIAL<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT  | FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY            | Expenditure<br>Management                  | expenditure<br>controls<br>procedures                  | Manage-<br>ment   | ment Plan<br>implemen-<br>tation    | municipality<br>in terms of<br>monitoring<br>the progress<br>of procure-<br>ment plan                                     | to assist the<br>municiplaty to<br>identify early<br>red flags   | latinve                      | of implmenet-<br>ed activities<br>against the<br>procurement<br>plan | N/A  | on the Implementa-<br>tion of the 24/25 FY<br>approved procure-<br>ment plan by the<br>30th of June 2024   | reports pro-<br>duced and<br>submitted<br>to SMC on<br>the Imple-<br>mentation<br>of the 18/19<br>FY approved<br>procurement<br>plan   | mentation  | mentation of<br>the Procure-<br>ment plan<br>Annually   |   |                  |                   | N/A              | progress reports on the Implementation of the 2024/2024 approved procurement plan produced and submitted to SMC by the 30th of September 2024 | progress reports<br>on the Imple-<br>mentation of<br>the 2024/2024<br>FY approved<br>procurement<br>plan produced<br>and submitted<br>to SMC by the<br>31st of Decem-<br>ber 2024 | progress reports<br>on the Imple-<br>mentation of<br>the 2024/2025<br>FY approved<br>procurement<br>plan produced<br>and submitted<br>to SMC by the<br>31st of March<br>2024 | 4 x quarterly progress reports on the Im- reports on the Im- plementation of the 2024/2025 approved or output plan produced and sub- mitted to SMC by the  30th of June 2024 | SMC<br>Resolution, 4<br>x Quarterly<br>Reports   | Supply<br>Chain Man-<br>agement |
| D     | D2                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY                                     | NKPA 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABIL-<br>ITY &<br>FINANCIAL<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT                           | VIABILITY                         | 4.3 Improved<br>Expenditure<br>Management  | 4.3.1Apply<br>expenditure<br>controls<br>procedures    | Supply Chain<br>Manage-<br>ment   | Monthly<br>reports                  | This help<br>in terms of<br>administra-<br>tive function<br>as well as<br>relationship<br>manange-<br>ment                | This is done in complaince with MSCM regulations to apprise the council on contract management issues                            | accummu-<br>latinve          | Number<br>of reports<br>submitted as<br>per planned<br>activity      | N/A  | 11 x contract man-<br>agement monthly<br>reports prepared<br>and submitted to<br>SMC 23/24 FY  | N/A  | 11 x<br>contract<br>man-<br>agement<br>reports   | 11 x Contract<br>man-<br>agement<br>reports<br>prepared<br>and sub-<br>mitted by<br>the 30 June<br>Annually     |   |                  | N/A               | N/A              | of September<br>2024  | 6 x contract<br>management<br>monthly<br>progress reports<br>for the 23/24 FY<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 31st<br>of December<br>2024                           | March 2024   | 11 x contract man-<br>agement monthly<br>progress reports for<br>the 23/24 FY prepared<br>and submitted to<br>SMC by the 30th of<br>June 2024                                | SMC<br>Resolution<br>11 x Monthly<br>Reports   | Supply<br>Chain Man-<br>agement |
| D     | D2                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY                                     | ITY &<br>FINANCIAL<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT   |                                   | 4.3 Improved<br>Expenditure<br>Management  | expenditure<br>controls<br>procedures                  | ment  | of tender<br>award<br>timeframe     | time period a<br>tender takes<br>from the date  |  | accummu-<br>latinve          | Number of<br>days taken to<br>award each<br>tender                   | N/A  | Average of 90 days<br>taken to award<br>tenders as per the<br>approved procure-<br>ment plan for the<br>23/24 FY   |  | days taken<br>to award<br>tenders<br>as per the<br>approved<br>procure-<br>ment plan                                   | en to award<br>tenders<br>as per the<br>approved<br>procure-<br>ment plan<br>Annually                           | average<br>Number of<br>days taken to<br>award each<br>tender |                  | N/A               | N/A              | days taken to<br>award tenders<br>as per the<br>approved pro-<br>curement plan<br>for the 23/24<br>FY by the 30th<br>of September<br>2024     | Average of 90 days taken to award tenders as per the approved procurement plan for the 23/24 FY by the 31st of December 2024  | days taken to<br>award tenders<br>as per the<br>approved pro-  | taken to award<br>tenders as per the<br>approved procure-<br>ment plan for the<br>23/24 FY by the 30th<br>of June 2024   | Monthly<br>tracking<br>tool,   | Supply<br>Chain Man-<br>agement |
| A     | Α2                    | 1 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | NKPA 1 - MU- NICIPAL TRANS- FORMA- TION & ORGANI- ZATIONAL DEVELOP- MENT                            | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting | 4.4.1Conform<br>to all MFMA<br>and MFMA<br>regulations | Increase<br>institutional<br>capacity<br>and promote<br>transforma-<br>tion | Policy<br>review                    | Reviewing<br>the policy for<br>amendments.  |  | Non-cu-<br>mulaive           | Date review<br>completed<br>against<br>planned<br>activity           | N/A  | Asset management<br>Policy reviewed and<br>submitted to SMC<br>for approval Council<br>by the 31st of March<br>2024.   | agement<br>Policy for the  | Date Asset<br>manage-<br>ment Policy<br>reviewed   | Asset<br>manage-<br>ment Policy<br>reviewed for<br>approval<br>by Council<br>by the<br>30th June<br>Annually    | Date  | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A   | N/A   | Asset Management Policy for the 2024/2024 Financial Year reviewed and submitted to SMC for approval by Council by the 31st of March 2024                                     | Asset Management<br>Policy for the<br>2022/2024 Financial<br>Year reviewed and<br>submitted to SMC for<br>approval by Council<br>by the 31st of March<br>2024.               | Report<br>submitted to<br>SMC  | Assets                          |
| A     | A2                    | 1 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | - MU-<br>NICIPAL  | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting | to all MFMA<br>and MFMA<br>regulations                 | institutional<br>capacity<br>and promote<br>transforma-<br>tion             | tion of<br>Investment<br>Properties | of the Land<br>and Buldings<br>classified as<br>Investment<br>properties in<br>the munici-<br>pality's asset<br>register. | pality's assets<br>are valued in<br>accordance   | Non-cu-<br>mulaive           | Simple count of Investment property valuation report.                | N/A  | SMC on the 100%<br>valuation of all  | 1 x progress<br>report on the<br>valuation of<br>all Council<br>Investment<br>Property<br>Assets at year<br>end for the<br>22/23 FY pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>SMC                   | & date of<br>reports pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted<br>to SMC on<br>the valua-<br>tion of all<br>Council<br>Investment | 1 Valuation<br>reports of<br>all Council<br>Investment<br>Property<br>Assets by the<br>30th of June<br>Annually | Date  | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A   | N/A   | report on the<br>valuation of<br>all Council<br>Investment<br>Property Assets  | 1 x progress report on the valuation of all Council Investment Property Assets at year end for the 22/23 FY prepared and submitted to SMC by the 30th of July 2024           | Report<br>submitted to<br>SMC  | Assets                          |
| A     | A2                    | 1 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | NKPA 1<br>- MU-<br>NICIPAL<br>TRANS-<br>FORMA-<br>TION &<br>ORGANI-<br>ZATIONAL<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting |  | Increase<br>institutional<br>capacity<br>and promote<br>transforma-<br>tion |                                     | Conducting<br>a physical<br>verification<br>of all the<br>municipality's<br>movable<br>assets.                            | accounted for,<br>their condi-<br>tions assessed<br>and the<br>internal asset<br>management<br>controls<br>are working           | Non-cu-<br>mulaive           | Simple count<br>of the Asset<br>Verification<br>Close out<br>report. | N/A  | 1 x progress report on the physical verification of all Council assets for the 22/23 FY prepared and submitted to SNC for onward transmission to council by 31 July 2024 | 1 x progress<br>report on<br>the physical<br>verification<br>of all Council<br>assets for<br>the 21/22 FY<br>prepared<br>and submit-<br>ted to SMC<br>for onward<br>transmission<br>to council | of all<br>Council<br>assets for<br>the 22/23   | 100%<br>Physical<br>verification<br>of all Coun-<br>cil assets<br>conducted<br>Annaully                         | Date  | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A   | N/A   | 1 x progress report on the physical verification of all Council assets for the 23/24 FY prepared and submitted to SMC for onward transmission to council by the 31 July 2024 | 1 x progress report on the physical verification of all Council assets for the 23/24 FY prepared and submitted to SMC for onward transmission to council by the 31 July 2024 | Report<br>submitted to<br>SMC  | Assets                          |
| A     | A2                    | DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL  | - MU-<br>NICIPAL<br>TRANS-  | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting | to all MFMA  |   |                                     |   | effectively.   |                              |  |      |  | Monthly reports pre-<br>pared and submitted to OMC on rec-<br>onciliations between Asset Register & General Ledger performed at month end  | pletion of<br>Reconcilia-  | 100% rec-<br>onciliations<br>between As-<br>set Register<br>& General<br>Ledger<br>performed<br>Annually        | Number of<br>reports  | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | prepared and<br>submitted<br>to SMC on  | submitted<br>to SMC on  | prepared and<br>submitted to   | 11 x report prepared<br>and submitted to<br>SMC on depreciation<br>processed monthly   | reports<br>and SMC   | Assets                          |

|    |                          |  |   |                                   |  |  |   |  |   |   |                             |  |      | BUDGET & TREASURY  | HIGH LEVEL   |   |   |                       |                  |                   |                  |   |  |  |  |  |                                     |
|----|--------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|--|---|---|-----------------------------|--|------|--|--|---|---|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|---|--|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| IN | IDP<br>PEX REFER<br>ENCE |  | NATION-<br>- AL KEY<br>PERFOR-<br>MANCE<br>AREA                           | GOAL                              | STARTEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE                     | STRATEGY   | PRO-<br>GRAMME  | PROJECT  | DEFINITION  | PURPOSE   | CALCU-<br>LATION<br>TYPE    | METHOD OF<br>CALCULA-<br>TION  | WARD | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES   | BASELINE<br>/ STATUS<br>QUO  | INDICATOR   | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE    | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER | QUARTER 1   | QUARTER 2  | QUARTER 3  | ANNUAL   | PORTFOLIO<br>OF EVIDENCE                                 | RESPON-<br>SIBLE<br>DEPART-<br>MENT |
| A  | A2                       | 1 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE<br>DEVELOI<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | P- TRANS-<br>FORMA-<br>TION &<br>ORGANI-<br>ZATIONAL<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENT  | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting | and MFMA<br>regulations                                | Increase<br>institutional<br>capacity<br>and promote<br>transforma-<br>tion | Annual<br>Review of<br>Policies<br>and Proce-<br>dures.                          | Reviewing<br>the policy for<br>amendments.  | To ensure compliance with the relevant prescripts and to strengthen internal controls on that will minimise losses to the municipality.   | Non-cu-<br>mulaive          | of policy<br>reviewed.   | N/A  | Msunduzi Munic-<br>ipality Insurance<br>Policy reviewed and<br>submitted to SMC<br>for approval by<br>Council by the 31st<br>of March 2022 | Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Insurance<br>Policy for<br>the 22/23 FY<br>reviewed and<br>submitted<br>to SMC for<br>approval by<br>Council | Date Councils Insurance Policy reviewed and to SMC for approval by Council  | Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Insurance<br>Policy re-<br>viewed and<br>submitted to<br>Full Council<br>for approval<br>by the 30th<br>of June<br>Annually | Date                  | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A   | N/A  | Insurance<br>Policy for the<br>2024/2024<br>Financial Year<br>reviewed and<br>submitted to<br>SMC for approv-<br>al by Council<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024 | Insurance Policy for<br>the 2022/2024 Finan-<br>cial Year reviewed<br>and submitted to<br>SMC for approval by<br>Council by the 31st of<br>March 2024. | Report<br>submitted to<br>SMC                            | Insurance                           |
| A  | A1                       | ING A  |   | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting |  | 1.2 Compli-<br>ance with all<br>legislative<br>provisions                   |  | the purchases of new plant and vehicles of the muncipality for  | To ensure that<br>the municipal-<br>ity's resources<br>are used<br>effectively for<br>the purpose<br>of service<br>delivery.  |                             | Simple in-<br>spection and<br>count of the<br>invoices for<br>the purchas-<br>es relating to<br>the financial<br>year. | ALL  |  |  | % of Coun-<br>cil vehicles<br>& plant<br>branded                            | 100% of<br>Council<br>vehicles and<br>plant to be<br>branded<br>Annually  | Number of<br>vehicles | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A   | N/A  | N/A  | 10 x Vehicles<br>branded for Msunduzi<br>Municipality for the<br>23/24 FY by the 31st of<br>May 2024   | indicating   | Fleet                               |
| A  | A2                       | 1 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE<br>DEVELOI<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | - MU-<br>& NICIPAL<br>P- TRANS-   | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting | 4.4.1Conform<br>to all MFMA<br>and MFMA<br>regulations | 1.2 Compli-<br>ance with all<br>legislative<br>provisions                   | New<br>Plant and<br>Vehicles<br>pur-<br>chased                                   | Reporting on<br>the purchas-<br>es of new<br>plant and<br>vehicles of<br>the mun-<br>cipality for<br>the financial<br>year. | To ensure that<br>the municipal-<br>ity's resources<br>are used<br>effectively for<br>the purpose<br>of service<br>delivery.  | Non-cu-<br>mulaive          | Simple in-<br>spection and<br>count of the<br>invoices for<br>the purchas-<br>es relating to<br>the financial<br>year. | ALL  | 10 x Vehicles<br>Purchased and De-<br>livered for Msunduzi<br>Municipality for the<br>23/24 FY   | 10 x Council<br>vehicles<br>and plant<br>have been<br>Purchased<br>by 30 June<br>2020  | Number<br>of Council<br>vehicles<br>and plant<br>to be Pur-<br>chased       | 10 of<br>Council<br>vehicles and<br>plant to be<br>Purchased<br>Annually  | Number of<br>vehicles | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A   | N/A  | N/A  | 10 x Vehicles<br>Purchased and De-<br>livered for Msunduzi<br>Municipality for the<br>23/24 FY by the 31st of<br>May 2024                              | Purchase Or-<br>der, invoices<br>indicating<br>delivery. | Fleet                               |
| D  | D3                       | 4 -<br>FINANCIA<br>SUSTAIN.<br>BILITY                                    | NKPA 4 - AL FINANCIAI A- VIABIL- ITY & FINANCIAI MANAGE- MENT             | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting | 4.4.1Conform<br>to all MFMA<br>and MFMA<br>regulations | Revenue<br>Manage-<br>ment  | Monthly<br>Reports of<br>Support<br>and main-<br>tenance<br>of SAP ERP<br>system | Montoring of<br>the SAP ERP<br>System   | To ensure that<br>the municipal-<br>ity SAP system<br>is maintaned<br>effective and<br>funcationing   |                             | Number<br>of reports<br>submitted as<br>per planned<br>activity  | N/A  | 4 X Quaterly Reports<br>on the support and<br>Maintance of the<br>SAP ERP System An-<br>nually submitted                                   | None   | Support<br>and Main-<br>tenance<br>of the SAP<br>ERP System<br>Annually     | Number of<br>Support and<br>Mainte-<br>nance<br>reports of<br>the SAP<br>ERP System<br>Annually   |                       | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | Support and<br>Maintenance<br>of the SAP ERP<br>System report<br>prepared &<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 30th  | Support and<br>Maintenance<br>of the SAP ERP<br>System report<br>prepared &<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 31st           | Support and<br>Maintenance<br>of the SAP ERP<br>System report<br>prepared &<br>submitted to  | 4 x Quaterly Support<br>and Maintenance of<br>the SAP ERP System<br>report prepared &<br>submitted to SMC by<br>the 30th of June 2024                  | Quarterly<br>Report &<br>Resolution                      | Expenditure                         |
| D  | D3                       | 4 -<br>FINANCIJ<br>SUSTAIN.<br>BILITY                                    |   | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting | 4.4.1Conform<br>to all MFMA<br>and MFMA<br>regulations | Financial<br>reporting  | Finanical<br>Statement   | The Annual Financial Statement is prepared in accordance with Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP). | To ensure that the financial statements fairly represent the state of affairs of the municipality as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended. | Cumu-<br>lative -<br>Number | Simple count<br>of the Annual<br>Financial<br>Statement<br>prepared<br>and sub-<br>mitted                              | N/A  | 1 x Msunduzi<br>Municipality Annual<br>Finanicial Statement<br>prepared and<br>submitted to the<br>AG by the 31th<br>August 2024           | Msunduzi<br>Municipal-<br>ity Annual<br>Financial<br>Statements<br>17 / 18<br>submitted to<br>the AG on<br>the 31st of<br>August 2018    | Msunduzi<br>Municipal-<br>ity Annual<br>financial<br>statements<br>Annually | Date Msunduzi Municipal- ity Annual financial statements for the 18/19 FY prepared and submitted to the AG  | Date of<br>Submission | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 1 x Msunduz<br>Municipality<br>Annual Finani-<br>cial Statement<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>the AG by the<br>31th August 2024                    | N/A  | N/A  | 1 x Msunduzi<br>Municipality Annual<br>Finanicial Statement<br>prepared and submit-<br>ted to the AG by the<br>31th August 2024                        | SMC Resolu-<br>tion & Annual<br>Finanical<br>Statement   | Finance<br>Govern-<br>ance          |
| D  | D3                       |  | NKPA 4 -<br>FINANCIAI<br>VIABIL-<br>ITY &<br>FINANCIAI<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved Budgeting and reporting       | to all MFMA<br>and MFMA<br>regulations                 | Financial<br>reporting  | Finanical<br>Statement   | dated Annual<br>Financial<br>Statement  |   | Cumu-<br>lative -<br>Number | Simple count of the Consolidated Annual Financial Statement prepared and submitted                                     | N/A  | Assunduzt Municipatity Consolidated<br>Annual Financial<br>Statement prepared<br>is submitted to the<br>AG by the 30th<br>September 202.44 | Nil  |   | Date Msunduzi Municipality Consolidated Annual financial statements for the 18/19 FY prepared and submitted to the AG                                   | Date of<br>Submission | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | Msunduzi<br>Municipality<br>Consolidated<br>Annual Finani-<br>cial Statement<br>prepared fit<br>submitted to<br>the AG by the<br>30th September<br>2024 | N/A  | N/A  | Mesunduzi Munici-<br>patity Consolidated<br>Annual Finanticial<br>Statement prepared<br>& submitted to the AG<br>by the 30th Septem-<br>ber 2024       | SMC Resolu-<br>tion & Annual<br>Finanical<br>Statement   | Finance<br>Govern-<br>ance          |
| D  | D3                       | 4 -<br>FINANCIA<br>SUSTAIN.<br>BILITY                                    | NKPA 4 - AL FINANCIAI A- VIABIL- ITY & FINANCIAI MANAGE- MENT             | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting | 4.4.1Conform<br>to all MFMA<br>and MFMA<br>regulations | Financial<br>reporting  | VAT<br>Returns   | The preparation & sub-<br>mission of the<br>municipality's<br>VAT returns to<br>SARS.                                       | To comply with<br>a legislative<br>requirement  | Cumu-<br>lative -<br>Number | Number<br>of monthly<br>reports<br>submitted as<br>per planned<br>activty  | N/A  | 11 x Monthly VAT<br>returns for the 23/24<br>FY prepared and<br>submitted to SARS  | Nil  | VAT returns<br>prepared<br>and<br>submitted<br>to SARS<br>Annually          | Number of<br>Monthly VAT<br>returns for<br>the 19/20 FY<br>prepared<br>and<br>submitted to<br>SARS  | Number                | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 3 x Monthly<br>VAT returns for<br>the 23/24 FY<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>SARS by the<br>31st of October<br>2024                                | 6 x Monthly<br>VAT returns for<br>the 23/24 FY<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>SARS by the<br>31st of January<br>2024 | 9 x Monthly<br>VAT returns for<br>the 23/24 FY<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>SARS by the 30th<br>of April 2024  | 11 x Monthly VAT<br>returns for the 23/24<br>FY prepared and sub-<br>mitted to SARS by the<br>30tht of June 2024                                       | VAT 201  | Finance<br>Govern-<br>ance          |
| D  | D3                       | 4 -<br>FINANCIA<br>SUSTAIN.<br>BILITY                                    | NKPA 4 - AL FINANCIAI A- VIABIL- ITY & FINANCIAI MANAGE- MENT             | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting | 4.4.1Conform<br>to all MFMA<br>and MFMA<br>regulations | Financial<br>reporting  | Loans<br>register  | ration of the   |   | Cumu-<br>lative -<br>Number | Number<br>of monthly<br>reports<br>submitted as<br>per planned<br>activty  | N/A  | 11 x Monthly loans<br>register reports<br>for the 23/24 FY<br>prepared and<br>submitted to SMC<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2024              | Nil  | Monitoring<br>of loans<br>register<br>Annually                              | Number<br>of Monthly<br>loans regis-<br>ter reports<br>for the 19 /<br>20 FY pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>SMC                                   | Number                | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | loans register<br>reports for<br>the 23/24 FY<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the   | reports for<br>the 23/24 FY<br>prepared and<br>submitted to  | 9 x Monthly<br>loans register<br>reports for<br>the 23/24 FY<br>prepared and<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 15th<br>of April 2024                               | 11 x Monthly loans<br>register reports for the<br>23/24 FY prepared<br>and submitted to<br>SMC by the 15th of<br>June 2024                             | SMC Report   | Finance<br>Govern-<br>ance          |



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|-------|-----------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|---|-----------|---|--|---|---|--|------------------|-------------------|------------------|---|--|---|---|--|---|
| INDEX | IDP<br>REFER-<br>ENCE | CDS REF-<br>ERENCE                      | NATION-<br>AL KEY<br>PERFOR-<br>MANCE<br>AREA                             | GOAL                              | STARTEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE                     | STRATEGY   | PRO-<br>GRAMME                |  | DEFINITION  | PURPOSE  | CALCU-<br>LATION<br>TYPE          | METHOD OF<br>CALCULA-<br>TION   | WARD      | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES  | BASELINE<br>/ STATUS<br>QUO  | INDICATOR   | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE   | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER | QUARTER 1   | QUARTER 2  | QUARTER 3   | ANNUAL  | PORTFOLIO<br>OF EVIDENCE   | DEPART-<br>MENT   |
| D     | D3                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | NKPA 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABIL-<br>ITY &<br>FINANCIAL<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting |  | Financial<br>reporting        | Review of<br>policies<br>(Cash<br>manage-<br>ment,<br>reserves<br>and<br>funding,<br>borrowings<br>policy) | ation the<br>effectiveness<br>of a the<br>policies                                  | To ensure that policies are consistent, effective and compliant with new laws and regulations, as well as technology and municipal best practices. | Cumu-<br>lative -<br>Number       | Number<br>of Policies<br>submitted as<br>per planned<br>activity            | N/A       | 4 x Reviewed policies (Cash management, Petty Cash, Reserves and funding, Borrowings policy) completed and submitted to Council for approval by the 31st of May 2024                  | Nit  | Reviewed policies (Cash management, Reserves and funding, Borrowings policy) completed and submitted to Council for approval Annually | Number<br>and date<br>Reviewed<br>policies<br>(Cash man-<br>agement,<br>Reserves<br>and funding,<br>Borrowings<br>policy) com-<br>pleted and<br>submitted to<br>Council for<br>approval | Number   | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A   | N/A  | 4 x Financial governance policies for the 23/24 FY (Cash management, Petty Cash, Reserves and funding, Borrowings policy) reviewed and submitted to SMC for approval by Council by the 31st of May 2024 | 4 x Financial governance policies for the 23/24 FY (Cash management, Petty Cash, Reserves and funding, Borrowings policy) reviewed and submitted to SMC for approval by Council by the 31st of May 2024 | SMC Report   | Finance<br>Govern-<br>ance                                |
| D     | D3                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | NKPA 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABIL-<br>ITY &<br>FINANCIAL<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT |                                   | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting |  | Financial<br>reporting        | Returns  | ration & sub-   | To comply with<br>a legislative<br>requirement   |                                   | Number<br>of monthly<br>reports<br>submitted as<br>per planned<br>activty   | N/A       | Development and<br>submission of the<br>draft VAT policy to<br>Council for approval<br>Annually   | Nil  | Develop-<br>ment and<br>submission<br>of the<br>draft VAT<br>policy to<br>Council for<br>approval<br>Annually                         | Date of<br>Develop-<br>ment and<br>submission<br>of the draft<br>VAT policy to<br>SMC   | Number   | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A   | N/A  | Date of<br>Development<br>and submission<br>of the draft VAT<br>policy to SMC   | Date of Development<br>and submission of<br>the draft VAT policy<br>to SMC ( To provide<br>the date )   | SMC Report   | Finance<br>Govern-<br>ance                                |
| D     | D3                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | NKPA 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABIL-<br>ITY &<br>FINANCIAL<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting | and MFMA<br>regulations                                | Financial<br>reporting        |  | Monitoring<br>of the current<br>audit action<br>plan                                |  | Cumu-<br>lative -<br>Number       | Number<br>of monthly<br>reports<br>submitted as<br>per planned<br>activty   | N/A       | 6 x Monthly AG audit<br>action plan progress<br>reports prepared<br>and submitted<br>to SMC   | Nil  | AG audit<br>action plan<br>progress<br>reports<br>prepared<br>and sub-<br>mitted to<br>Annually                                       | Number<br>of monthly<br>AG audit<br>action plan<br>progress<br>reports pre-<br>pared and<br>submitted to<br>SMC   | Number   | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A   | N/A  | N/A   | 5 x Monthly AG audit<br>action plan progress<br>reports prepared and<br>submitted to SMC by<br>the 15th of June 2024  | SMC Report   | Finance<br>Govern-<br>ance                                |
| D     | D3                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | VIABIL-<br>ITY &<br>FINANCIAL<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT                          | FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY            |  | to all MFMA<br>and MFMA<br>regulations                 | Checklist                     | ment of a<br>compli-<br>ance<br>checklist  | to monitor<br>monthly<br>compliance<br>as per the<br>MFMA                           | issue as previ-<br>ously raiseed<br>by the Auditor<br>General  | Cumu-<br>lative -<br>Number       | Simple count<br>of report<br>compiled<br>and sub-<br>mitted                 | N/A       | 11 x monthly MFMA<br>Legislative com-<br>pliance checklist<br>reports for the 23/24<br>FY produced and<br>submitted to SMC<br>for onwards trans-<br>mission to EXCO &<br>Full Council |  | 100% com-<br>pliance<br>with MFMA<br>calen-<br>dar of<br>reporting  | pliance<br>with MFMA<br>calendar of<br>reporting  |  |                  | N/A               | N/A              | tive compliance<br>checklist reports<br>for the 23/24 FY<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 15th<br>October 2024 | MFMA<br>Legislative<br>compliance<br>checklist reports<br>for the 23/24 FY<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 15th<br>January 2024                        | MFMA Legisla-<br>tive compliance<br>checklist reports<br>for the 23/24 FY<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 15th<br>April 2024  | submitted to SMC by<br>the 15th July 2024   | SMC Report   | Finance<br>Govern-<br>ance                                |
| D     | D3                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | NKPA 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABIL-<br>ITY &<br>FINANCIAL<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting | 4.4.1Conform<br>to all MFMA<br>and MFMA<br>regulations | IDP/Budget<br>process<br>plan | Implemen-<br>tation of<br>process<br>plan  | Date of final<br>Draft budget<br>for 2024/25<br>FY & two<br>outer years<br>prepared | To table draft<br>budget as<br>per legislated<br>timeframes  | Non-cu-<br>mulaive                | Date of of<br>submission<br>of the<br>budget as<br>per planned<br>deadlines | N/A       | Final Draft budget<br>for 2024/25 FY &<br>two outer years pre-<br>pared & submitted<br>to SMC   | Final Draft budget submitted to SMC by the 28th of February 2019 due to the National Elections and unavailability of Councillors during the Months of April and May 2019 | Date Final Draft budget for 2020/21 FY & two outer years prepared & submitted to SMC  | Draft budget<br>prepared &<br>submitted<br>to Council<br>Annually   | Date Final<br>Draft budget<br>for 2024/25<br>FY & two<br>outer years<br>prepared &<br>submitted to<br>SMC    | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A   | N/A  | Final Draft<br>budget for<br>2024/25 FY &<br>two outer years<br>prepared &<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 31st<br>of March 2024  | Final Draft budget<br>for 2024/15 Fi two<br>outer years prepared<br>& submitted to SMC<br>by the 31st of March<br>2024  | SMC<br>Resolution<br>& Final Draft<br>Budget   | Budget<br>Planning<br>& Imple-<br>mentation<br>Monitoring |
| D     | D3                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | NKPA 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABIL-<br>ITY &<br>FINANCIAL<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT |                                   | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting | 4.4.1Conform<br>to all MFMA<br>and MFMA<br>regulations | IDP/Budget<br>process<br>plan | tation of process  | budget and<br>approved<br>tariffs   |  | Non-cu-<br>mulaive                | Date<br>summary of<br>approved<br>budget<br>submitted<br>as per             | N/A       | approved budget   | Summary of<br>the approved<br>budget<br>and tariff of<br>charges for<br>the 2019/2020<br>FY advertised<br>by the 30th of<br>June 2019                                    | mary of the<br>approved<br>budget<br>and tariff<br>of charges   | of the<br>approved<br>budget<br>and tariff<br>of charges  | Date<br>Summary of<br>the approved<br>budget<br>and tariff of<br>charges for<br>the 2024/25 FY<br>advertised | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A   | N/A  | N/A   | approved budget<br>and tariff of charges  | iff charges  | Planning  |
| D     | D3                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | NKPA 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABIL-<br>ITY &<br>FINANCIAL<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting | 4.4.1Conform<br>to all MFMA<br>and MFMA<br>regulations | IDP/Budget<br>process<br>plan |  | Number<br>of reports<br>submitted as<br>per planned<br>activity                     | To comply with a legislative requirement   | Cumu-<br>lative -<br>Number       | Implemen-<br>tation of<br>process<br>plan                                   | Cumulaive | Number of reports<br>submitted as per<br>planned activity   | 7 x S71<br>reports pro-<br>duced and<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the<br>30th of June<br>2020   | Number of<br>S71 reports<br>produced<br>and<br>submitted  | 100% Com-<br>pliance with<br>Financial<br>Reporting<br>Annually   | Number   | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 3 x S71 reports<br>produced and<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 30th<br>of September<br>2024                  | 6 x S71 reports<br>produced and<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 30th<br>of December<br>2024  | 9 x S71 reports<br>produced and<br>submitted to<br>SMC by the 30th<br>of March 2024   | 11 x S71 reports pro-<br>duced and submitted<br>to SMC by the 30th of<br>May 2024   | 11 x Monthly<br>S71 Reports,<br>11 x SMC<br>Resolutions  | Budget<br>Planning<br>& Imple-<br>mentation<br>Monitoring |
| D     | D3                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | VIABIL-<br>ITY &<br>FINANCIAL<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT                          | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | reporting                                  | to all MFMA<br>and MFMA<br>regulations                 | Governance                    | compli-<br>ance to<br>MFMA and<br>Treasury<br>regula-<br>tions   | Budget &<br>Treasury<br>policies<br>reviewed and<br>submitted to<br>SMC             | Treasury<br>policies<br>reviewed and<br>submitted  | Cumula-<br>tive - per-<br>centage | of policies<br>reviewed as<br>per planned<br>activity                       | N/A       | Treasury policies reviewed and submitted to SMC along with standard operating procedures  | in February<br>2019  | and<br>submitted<br>to SMC<br>along with<br>standard<br>operating<br>proce-<br>dures  | 100% of<br>Budget &<br>Treasury<br>policies<br>reviewed<br>Annually   | Percentage   | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              |   | N/A  | N/A   | Treasury policies re-<br>viewed and submitted to SMC along with<br>standard operating<br>procedures by the<br>31st of May 2024  | Treasury pol-<br>icies along<br>with standard<br>operating<br>procedures,<br>SMC Reso-<br>lution | Budget<br>Planning<br>& Imple-<br>mentation<br>Monitoring |
| D     | D3                    | 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY | NKPA 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABIL-<br>ITY &<br>FINANCIAL<br>MANAGE-<br>MENT | Goal 4:<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY | 4.4 Improved<br>Budgeting and<br>reporting |  | Financial<br>reporting        | mentation  | 12 x monthly<br>data strings<br>reports<br>produced &<br>uploaded                   | data strings<br>reports<br>produced &<br>uploaded  | Cumulaive                         | Number<br>of reports<br>submitted as<br>per planned<br>activity             | N/A       | 11 x monthly data<br>strings reports pro-<br>duced & uploaded<br>for the 23/24 FY onto<br>the LG Data Base  | Quarterly<br>reports<br>uploaded<br>into LG Data<br>Base in pipe<br>delimited<br>format<br>directly from<br>SAP system in<br>the 18/19 FY                                | Number<br>of monthly<br>data strings<br>reports<br>produced<br>& upload-<br>ed for the<br>19/20 FY<br>onto the<br>LG Data<br>Base     | number of<br>data strings<br>reports<br>produced &<br>uploaded<br>onto the LG<br>DataBase<br>Annually   | Number   | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              |   | 5 x monthly<br>data strings re-<br>ports produced<br>& uploaded<br>for the 23/24<br>FY onto the LG<br>Data Base by<br>the 30th of No-<br>vember 2024 | 8 x monthly data<br>strings reports<br>produced &<br>uploaded for<br>the 23/24 FY<br>onto the LG<br>Data Base by<br>the 30th of<br>February 2024  | 11 x monthly data strings reports produced & uploaded for the 23/24 FY onto the LG Data Base by the 30th of May 2024  | 11 x monthly<br>data strings<br>reports, 11 x<br>NT confirma-<br>tions of the<br>upload          | Budget<br>Planning<br>& Imple-<br>mentation<br>Monitoring |

|    |                          |  |   |                                     |  |  |                  |                                      |   |  |                          |   |   | BUDGET & TREASURY   | HIGH LEVEL                           |  |   |                    |                  |                   |                  |  |   |  |  |                          |   |
|----|--------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|---|--|--|--------------------------|---|
| II | IDP<br>DEX REFER<br>ENCE | CDS REF-<br>ERENCE   | NATION-<br>AL KEY<br>PERFOR-<br>MANCE<br>AREA           | GOAL                                | STARTEGIC<br>OBJECTIVE                                       | STRATEGY                                       | PRO-<br>GRAMME   | PROJECT                              | DEFINITION  | PURPOSE  | CALCU-<br>LATION<br>TYPE | METHOD OF<br>CALCULA-<br>TION   | WARD  | MEASURABLE<br>OBJECTIVES  | BASELINE<br>/ STATUS<br>QUO          | INDICATOR  | ANNUAL<br>TARGET  | UNIT OF<br>MEASURE | ANNUAL<br>BUDGET | FUNDING<br>SOURCE | WBS/GL<br>NUMBER | QUARTER 1  | QUARTER 2   | QUARTER 3  | ANNUAL   | PORTFOLIO<br>OF EVIDENCE |   |
| D  | D2                       |  | NKPA 4 -<br>FINANCIAL<br>VIABILITY<br>& MAN-<br>AGEMENT | FINANCIAL                           | 4.3 Improved expenditure management                          | 4.3 Improved expenditure manage-ment           | Expenditure      | Capital<br>Expend-<br>iture          | Capital<br>Expenditure<br>monitored<br>for improved<br>expenditure<br>manage-<br>ment               | To ensure that<br>budgets are<br>spent accord-<br>ing to planned<br>expenditure            |                          | % of Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs Cap-<br>ital Budget<br>received                     | N/A   | 100% of Capital<br>Expenditure spent<br>for the Budget &<br>Treasury BU by the<br>30th of June 2024<br>(Capital Expenditure<br>spent vs original<br>budget)         | % of Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent | 100% of<br>Capital Ex-<br>penditure<br>spent for<br>the Budget<br>& Treasury<br>BU |   | N/A                | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | 5% of Capital<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Budget &<br>Treasury BU by<br>the 30th of Sep-<br>tember 2024<br>(Capital Ex-<br>penditure spent<br>vs Original<br>budget per<br>quarter)           | Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Budget &<br>Treasury BU by  | ury by the 31st of<br>March 2024<br>(Capital Expend-<br>iture spent vs   | Expenditure spent<br>for the Budget &<br>Treasury by the 30th of   | Expenditure documents    | Budget<br>Planning<br>& Imple-<br>mentation<br>Monitoring |
| D  | D2                       | 4 -<br>BUILDING<br>FINANCIAL<br>SUSTAINA-<br>BILITY                          |   | FINANCIAL                           | 4.3 Improved<br>expenditure<br>management                    | 4.3 Improved<br>expenditure<br>manage-<br>ment | Expenditure      | Opera-<br>tional<br>Expend-<br>iture | Operational<br>Expenditure<br>monitored<br>for<br>expenditure<br>manage-<br>ment                    | To ensure that<br>budgets are<br>spent accord-<br>ing to planned<br>expenditure            |                          |   | 100% of<br>Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent for the<br>Corporate<br>Services | 100% of Operational<br>Expenditure spent<br>for the Budget &<br>Treasury Bu by the<br>30th of June 2024<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure spent vs<br>Original budget) |                                      | 100% of<br>Capital Ex-<br>penditure<br>spent for<br>the Budget<br>& Treasury<br>BU | Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent for<br>the Budget   | N/A                | N/A              | N/A               |                  | 5% of Opera-<br>tional Expend-<br>iture spent for<br>the Budget &<br>Treasury BU by<br>the 30th of Sep-<br>tember 2024<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs<br>Original budget<br>per quarter) | cember 2024<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs  | tional Expend-<br>iture spent for<br>the Budget &<br>Treasury BU<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024<br>(Operational<br>Expenditure<br>spent vs Original | 100% of Operational<br>Expenditure spent for<br>the Budget & Treasury<br>BU by the 30th of<br>June 2024<br>(Operational Expend-<br>ture spent vs Original<br>budget) |                          | Budget<br>Planning<br>& Imple-<br>mentation<br>Monitoring |
| A  | A1                       | 14 - BUILD-<br>ING A<br>CAPABLE &<br>DEVELOP-<br>MENTAL<br>MUNICI-<br>PALITY | - MU-<br>NICIPAL  | Goal 1;<br>Governance<br>and policy | 1.4 Human<br>Resources<br>Management<br>and Develop-<br>ment |  | Filling of posts | Critical<br>Posts<br>Filled          | Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>to increase<br>Human<br>Resources<br>Management<br>and Develop-<br>ment | To ensure<br>that Critical<br>posts are<br>filled in order<br>to increase<br>functionality | Cumu-<br>lative          | % of Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>vs post<br>identified as<br>critical posts<br>to be filled | 50 % of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled   | 50 % of Critical Posts<br>Filled Sustainable<br>Development &<br>City Enterprises<br>unit by the 30th of<br>June 2024   | % of Critical<br>Posts Filled        | Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>for the  | 75 % of<br>Critical Posts<br>Filled Budget<br>& Treasury<br>BU by the<br>30th of June<br>2024 | N/A                | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A  | 39% of Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>by Budget &<br>Treasury unit<br>by the 31st of<br>December<br>2024<br>(Number of<br>posts filled vs<br>Advertised) | 67% of Critical<br>Posts Filled<br>Budget &<br>Treasury BU unit<br>by the 31st of<br>March 2024<br>(Number of<br>posts filled vs<br>Advertised)      | Posts Filled Budget &<br>Treasury BU unit by the   |                          | Budget &<br>Treasury<br>Unit                              |



#### H.7.1. ORGANISATION PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM IN THE MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY

The Msunduzi Municipality has an approved Organizational Performance Management System (OPMS) Framework and Individual Performance Management System (IPMS) policy, which serve as the guideline documents for the implementation of the Performance Management System (PMS) within the Municipality. The implementation of performance management is guided by various legislative prescripts and requirements. The OPMS Framework is inclusive of the following interrelated processes:

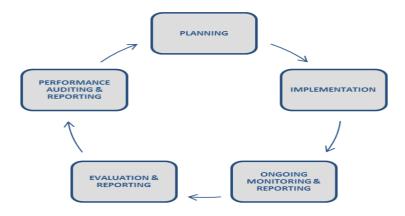
- Planning;
- Implementation;
- Monitoring;
- Evaluation.

The Msunduzi Municipality's PMS is the primary mechanism to monitor, review, and improve the implementation of its IDP and to gauge the progress made in achieving the objectives set out in the IDP. In addition, the Municipality's PMS facilitates increased accountability, learning, improvement, as well as providing early warning signals to facilitate decision-making.

The PMS monitors actual performance against set targets and contractual obligations. Effective service delivery relies upon the IDP, efficient utilization of all resources and the PMS being closely integrated across all functions at an organizational and individual level. The most valuable reason for measuring performance is that what gets measured gets done.

Once performance planning and the IDP have been completed and departmental SDBIP's are in place, they need to be implemented by executing the work in accordance with these plans. As the work is executed, it needs to be continuously monitored and periodically measured and reported on. Reporting requires that the Municipality takes the priorities of the organization, its performance objectives, indicators, targets, measurements, and analysis, and present this information in a simple and accessible format, relevant and useful to the specific target group, whilst meeting the legal prescripts for reporting. The PMS Cycle can be illustrated as follows:

FIGURE 26: PMS Cycle



#### H.7.2. ORGANISATION KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS LINKED TO DEPARTMENTAL INDICATORS

Whilst the organisational key performance indicators are presented in the SDBIP at an annual and quarterly level, the departmental indicators are broken down into monthly indicators, which are monitored and reported on a monthly basis at meetings of the operational management committee.

#### H.7.3. DEPARTMENTAL INDICATORS LINKED TO OUTPUTS IN THE PERFORMANCE AGREEMENTS.

According to the approved Individual Performance Management System policy, all Deputy Municipal Managers, Process Managers, and other Level three (3) managers must enter into a performance agreement annually. These performance agreements are directly linked to the approved SDBIP and departmental indicators, through the development of individual work plans. Indicators in the work plans also include indicators that are not necessarily included in the SDBIP and/or departmental indicators, but are relevant to the operational functionality of any particular post. The indicators contained within the work plan are agreed upon and signed off by both the supervisor and the incumbent.

# H.7.4. LINKING OF OUTPUTS IN PERFORMANCE AGREEMENTS WITH ACTIVITIES IN THE OPERATIONAL PLANS AND INDICATORS

The work plans referred to above form the basis of the quarterly performance assessments that are conducted. Assessments that take place during the first and third quarter are conducted on an informal basis between the supervisor and the incumbent, and are more informal, as opposed to the mid-year and annual assessments, which are formal in nature and documented accordingly. As mentioned above, the work plan is the document that links to the operational plans and indicators.

# H.7.5. LINKING THE OPMS (DEPARTMENTAL AND INDIVIDUAL INDICATORS) WITH THE GOALS, OBJECTIVES, AND MUNICIPAL BUDGET

The diagram below is indicative of the linkages between the PMS and the overall strategic planning process of the Municipality, starting with the vision and translated down to the level of individual performance agreements:

FIGURE 27: Performance Management in the Msunduzi Municipality



#### H.7.6. THE SERVICE DELIVERY AND BUDGET IMPLEMENTATION PLAN (SDBIP)

#### H.7.6.1. INTRODUCTION

The SDBIP is a key management, implementation, and monitoring tool, which provides operational content to the end-of-year service delivery targets set in the budget and IDP. It determines the Performance agreements for the municipal manager and all top managers, whose performance can then be monitored through section 71 monthly reports, and evaluated through the annual report process. The biggest challenge is to develop meaningful non-financial service delivery targets and indicators, in addition to the budget indicators. However, this will remain a work in progress for the Municipality.

The development of the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plans (SDBIPs) is a requirement under the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) and gives effect to the Municipality's Integrated Development Plan (IDP) and annual budget.

The SDBIP is an expression of the objectives of the Municipality, in quantifiable outcomes, that will be implemented by the administration for the municipal financial year. The SDBIP includes the service delivery targets and performance indicators for each quarter that should be linked to the performance agreements of senior management.

These are integral to the implementation and entrenchment of our performance management system. The SDBIP facilitates accountability and transparency of municipal administration and managers to the Council, and of Councillors to the community. It also fosters the management, implementation, and monitoring of the budget, the performance of top management, and the achievement of the strategic objectives as laid out in the IDP.

The SDBIP enables the Municipal Manager to monitor the performance of senior managers, the mayor to monitor the performance of the municipal manager, and for the community to monitor the performance of the Municipality, as each activity contains outputs, outcomes, and timeframes. The SDBIP is compiled on an annual basis, and is linked to the 5 year and 1 year organizational scorecards that are contained in the approved SDBIP. The SDBIP is yet another step forward to increasing the principle of democratic and accountable government at local level.

Development objectives are measured through key performance indicators at every level, and continuously monitored throughout the year. The SDBIP is in essence the management and implementation tool which sets in-year information such as quarterly service delivery and monthly budget targets, and links each service delivery output to the budget of the Municipality. It further indicates the responsibilities and outputs for each of the senior managers and the top management team, the resources to be used, and the deadlines set for the relevant activities.

#### H.7.6.2. REPORTING ON THE SDBIP

Various reporting requirements are outlined in the MFMA, and both the mayor and the accounting officer have clear roles to play in preparing and presenting these reports. The SDBIP provides an excellent basis for generating the reports which the MFMA requires. The report then allows the Council to monitor the implementation of service delivery programs and initiatives across the Municipality.

#### (i) MONTHLY REPORTING

Section 71 of the MFMA stipulates that reporting on actual revenue targets and spending against the budget should occur on a monthly basis. This reporting must be conducted by the accounting officer of a Municipality, no later than 10 working days after the end of each month.

Reporting must include the following:

- (i) Actual revenue, per source;
- (ii) Actual borrowings;
- (iii) Actual expenditure, per vote;
- (iv) Actual capital expenditure, per vote;
- (iv) The amount of any allocations received.



- (a) Any material variances from the Municipality's projected revenue by source, and from the Municipality's expenditure projections per vote
- (b) Any material variances from the service delivery and budget implementation plan and;
- (c) Any remedial or corrective steps taken or to be taken to ensure that the projected revenue and expenditure remain within the municipality's approved budget

#### (ii) QUARTERLY REPORTING

Section 52 (d) of the MFMA compels the Mayor to submit a report to the Council on the implementation of the budget and the financial state of affairs of the Municipality, within 30 days of the end of each quarter. The quarterly performance projections captured in the SDBIP form the basis for the Mayor's quarterly report.

#### (iii) MID-YEAR REPORTING

Section 72 (1) (a) of the MFMA outlines the requirements for mid-year reporting. The Accounting Officer is required, by the 25th January of each year, to assess the performance of the Municipality during the first half of the year, taking into account:

- (i) The monthly statements referred to in section 71 of the first half of the year
- (ii) The municipality's service delivery performance during the first half of the financial year, and the service delivery targets and performance indicators set in the service delivery and budget implementation plan;
- (iii) The past year's annual report, and progress on resolving problems identified in the annual report; and,
- (iv) The performance of every municipal entity under the sole or shared control of the Municipality, taking into account reports in terms of section 88 from any such entities.

Based on the outcomes of the mid-year budget and performance assessment report, an adjusted budget may be tabled if actual revenue or expenditure amounts are materially different from the projections contained in the budget or the SDBIP.

The SDBIP is also a living document, and may be modified based on the mid-year performance review. Thus the SDBIP remains a kind of contract that holds the Msunduzi Local Municipality accountable to the community.

All the municipal Business units have revised scorecards for this financial year and the information below relates to Corporate Business unit being used as an example. Ps these could not be included here to volume of spreadsheets.

#### H.7.7. BACK TO BASICS

### **SECTION I CHAPTER 8: ANNEXURES**

#### I.8.1 SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK

See Part 2 of the Document for a full copy of the SDF.

#### 1.8.2 DISASTER MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (PLAN)

A provisional programme is in place to mitigate threats and acts of disasters as they occur. The Municipality, in the past, has reacted and responded accordingly and effectively to disasters and threats. The Municipality has identified flashpoints, and analysis has been conducted to prepare a comprehensive disaster management plan.

#### I.8.2.1 DISASTER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM OF THE MSUNDUZI MUNICIPALITY

Disaster Management Legislation (Disaster Management Act {Act 57 of 2002}) requires that a hazard/risk analysis for the area under consideration must be undertaken. Section 26g of the Municipal Systems Act states that Disaster Management Plans must be part of the Integrated Development Plan. The term "Disaster Management Plan" refers to those remedial plans aimed at preventing or mitigating an identified risk.

The schedule of natural and manmade hazards (and attendant problems) below is by no means an exhaustive list of occurrences/hazards/threats, but rather an overview of things that have happened, or have the potential to happen, because these events occur frequently within the Msunduzi Municipality.

**TABLE 127: NATURAL HAZARDS** 

|               | NATURAL HAZAI  | RDS  |
|---------------|--|--|
|               | VULNERABILITY  | CONSEQUENCE  |
| Flooding and  | Jika Joe Informal Settlement   | Loss Of Life/Property Damage/Personal Assets   |
| Rivers        | Msunduzi Low-Level Bridge  | Loss Of Life   |
|               | Lower Section Ashdown. Houses  | Loss Of Life/Property Damage/Personal Assets   |
|               | Slangspruit. Houses  | Loss Of Life/Property Damage/Personal Assets   |
|               | Smero Bridge. Vehicles/Pedestrians   | Loss Of Life   |
|               | Kwapata Bridge. Vehicles/Pedestrians   | Loss Of Life   |
|               | Dark City/Sobantu Houses   | Loss Of Life/Property Damage/Personal Assets   |
|               | Baines Spruit. Khan Rd Informal<br>Settlement  | Loss Of Life/Property Damage/Personal Assets   |
|               | Low-Level Bridges  | Damage To Infrastructure, Sewers, Water, Electricity   |
| Wind and Rain | Maswazini, Mafakatini, Sweetwaters,  | Structural Failure/Loss Of Life/Property Damage/   |
|               | Pypini, Shayamoya, Copesville,   | Personal Assets / Damage To Electricity &  |
|               | Tamboville / Houses  | Communications   |
|               | Damage To Informal And Sub-standard Houses   | Loss Of Life/Property Damage/Personal Assets / Accommodation , Re-Establishment Cost                             |
| Fire          | All Informal Settlements   | Structural Failure/Loss Of Life/Property Damage/<br>Personal Assets /Re-Establishment Cost/Poor<br>Accessibility |
|               | Rural Areas/Grass Fires  | Loss Of Life/Property Damage/Personal Assets/<br>Re-Establishment Cost /Poor Accessibility                       |
|               | Open Flame Heating And Lighting 1<br>Informal Settlements 2 Formal Houses /<br>Cannot Afford Electricity | Loss Of Life/Property Damage/Poor Accessibility  |

|  | NATURAL HAZAF   | RDS  |
|--|---|--|
|  | VULNERABILITY   | CONSEQUENCE  |
| Transport                                    | N3 Freeway  | Accidents/N3 Road Closure/Main Line Closure /Hazmat Spills/Fires / Loss Of Life / Property Damage / Environmental Damage / Pollution                       |
|  | Railway Line  | Accidents/N3 Road Closure/Main Line Closure/<br>Hazmat Spills/Fires / Loss Of Life/Property<br>Damage/Environmental Damage/Pollution                       |
| Disease                                      | Vector Borne Cholera/HIV Aids                             | Loss Of Life   |
|  | Crop Damage   | Loss Income, Food Shortages  |
|  | Animal Diseases   | Loss Income/Food Shortages   |
| Civil Unrest                                 | Rallies, Political Meetings, Pickets, Strikes,<br>Marches | Work Stoppages/Power Failures, Water Failure,<br>Economic Losses, Serious Disruption, Loss Of Life,<br>Property Damage                                     |
| Housing                                      | Informal And Sub-standard Structures                      | On Going Maintenance/Support   |
| Infrastructure                               | Poor Maintenance  | Infrastructure Failure, High Rehabilitation Costs,<br>Work Stoppages / Power Failures, Water Failure,<br>Economic Losses, Serious Disruption, Loss Of Life |
| Sport Recreation<br>Rallies Fairs /<br>Shows | Public Safety, Security, Fire, Health                     | Structural Failure, Loss Of Life, Economic Losses,<br>Serious Disruption, Credibility  |

See Part 2 of the Document for a full copy of the uMgungundlovu Disaster Management Plan.

TABLE 128: ANNUAL REPORT PROVINCE 1 APRIL 2020 - 31 MARCH 2021

|       | Incidents | Cost   | Nr. of people | Nr. of houses | Nr. families |
|-------|-----------|--------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| April | 13        | 19413  | 57            | 13            | 14           |
| May   | 14        | 35354  | 80            | 27            | 27           |
| June  | 28        | 23565  | 106           | 34            | 32           |
| July  | 15        | 35354  | 121           | 64            | 64           |
| Aug   | 39        | 31908  | 785           | 164           | 164          |
| Sept  | 21        | 57225  | 335           | 83            | 83           |
| Oct   | 18        | 26227  | 370           | 83            | 127          |
| Nov   | 15        | 31172  | 141           | 35            | 35           |
| Dec   | 15        | 12915  | 305           | 64            | 77           |
| Jan   | 10        | 43471  | 13695         | 2960          | 2960         |
| Feb   | 12        | 10879  | 107           | 27            | 22           |
| March | 2         | 1385   | 3             | 2             | 2            |
|       | 202       | 328868 | 16105         | 3556          | 3607         |



|       | Incidents | Cost   | Nr. of people | Nr. of houses | Nr. families |
|-------|-----------|--------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| March | 4         | 19538  | 92            | 42            | 42           |
| April | 8         | 14399  | 53            | 19            | 14           |
| May   | 10        | 19371  | 68            | 26            | 34           |
| June  | 14        | 16858  | 60            | 21            | 24           |
| July  | 10        | 8402   | 41            | 10            | 10           |
| Aug   | 23        | 42916  | 211           | 50            | 69           |
| Sept  | 10        | 114596 | 447           | 312           | 169          |
| Oct   | 22        | 132900 | 313           | 233           | 232          |
| Nov   | 12        | 43368  | 587           | 143           | 143          |
| Dec   | 14        | 58714  | 330           | 98            | 99           |
| Jan   | 13        | 26298  | 104           | 31            | 32           |
| Feb   | 14        | 343617 | 2140          | 568           | 568          |
|       | 154       | 840977 | 4446          | 1553          | 1436         |

- I.8.3 LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SECTOR PLAN (SUPPLIED IN SEPARATE DOCUMENT)
- I.8.4 INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN (SUPPLIED IN SEPARATE DOCUMENT)
- 1.8.5 COMPREHENSIVE INTEGRATED TRANSPORT PLAN (SUPPLIED IN SEPARATE DOCUMENT)
- I.8.6 DRAFT HUMAN SETTLEMENTS SECTOR PLAN (SUPPLIED IN SEPARATE DOCUMENT)
- 1.8.7 EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME (SOP) (SUPPLIED IN SEPARATE DOCUMENT)
- I.8.8 GREATER EDENDALE VULINDLELA DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE REFERENCES (SUPPLIED IN SEPARATE DOCUMENT)



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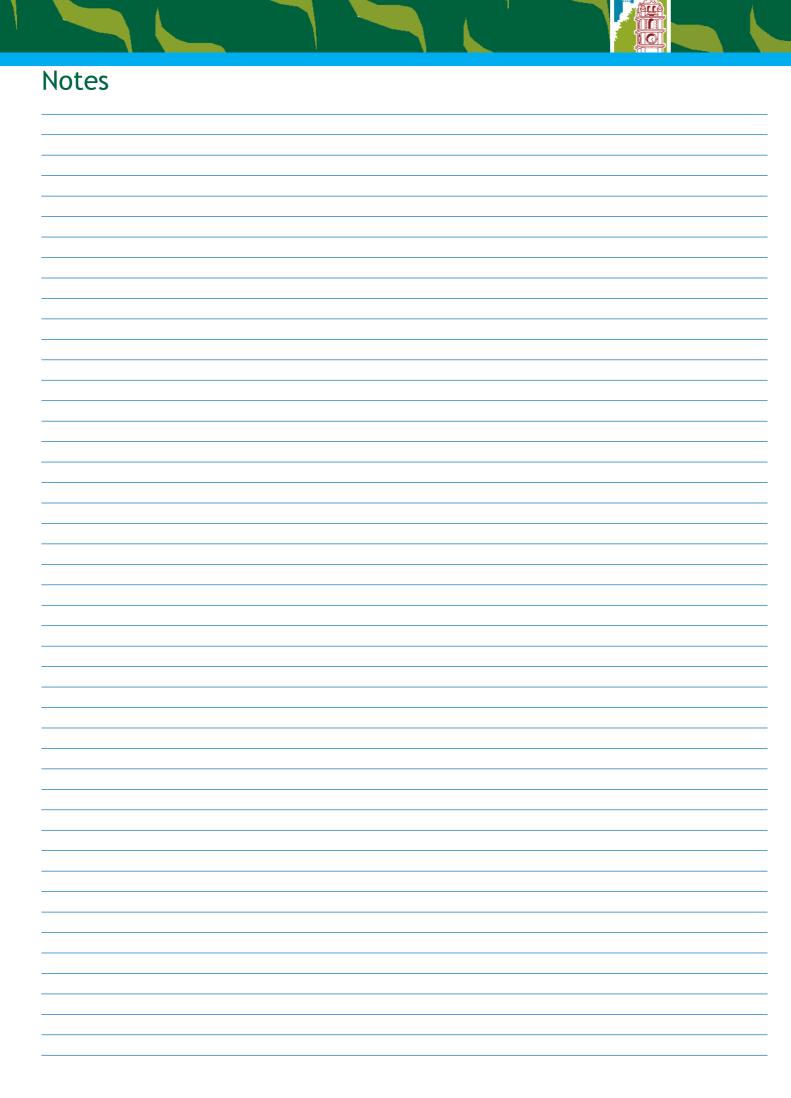
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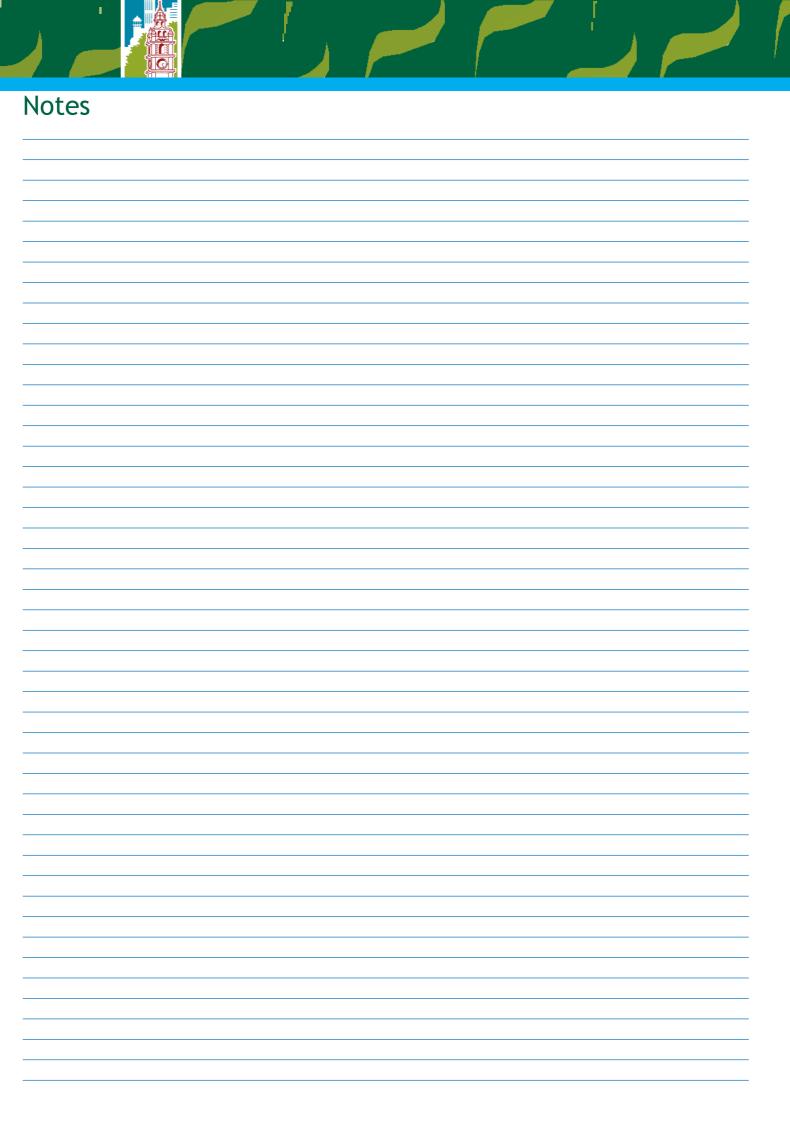
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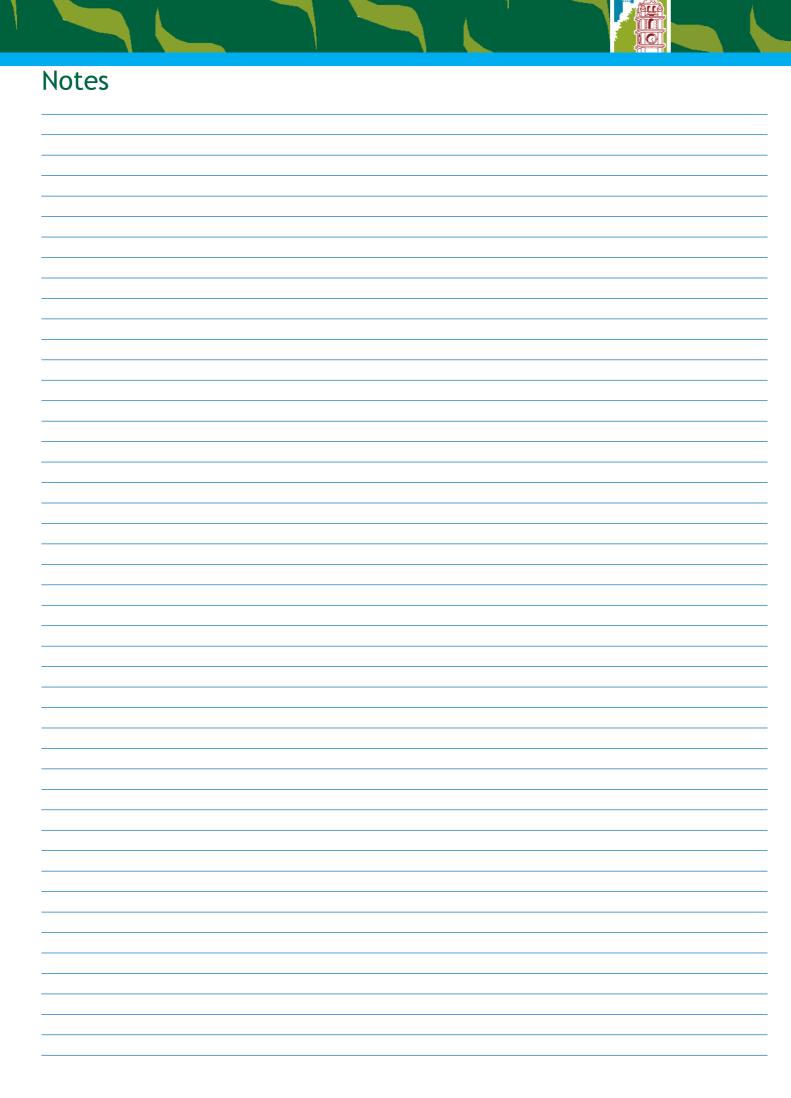
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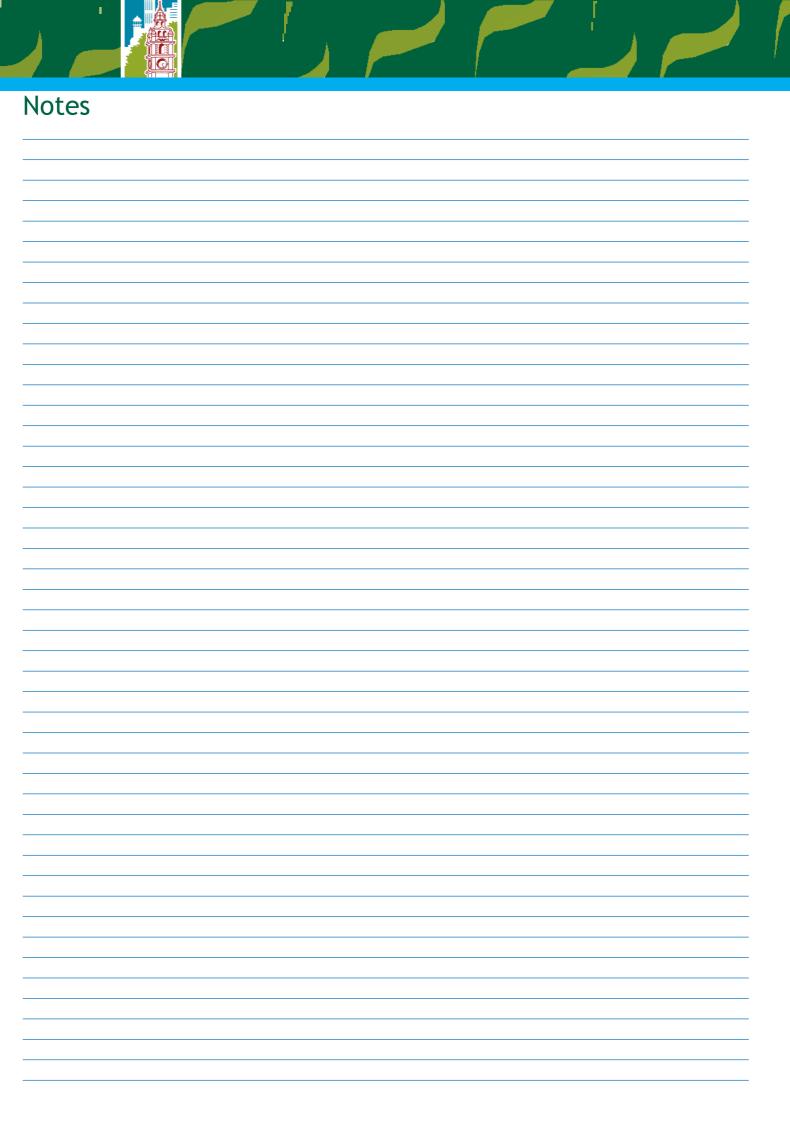
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# FINAL INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW 2023-2024



| Notes |  |
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